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# Technical Reference

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# Technical Reference

## **Revised Edition (March, 1986)**

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## **CAUTION**

**This product described herein is equipped with a grounded plug for the user's safety. It is to be used in conjunction with a properly grounded receptacle to avoid electrical shock.**

# Notes:

# Preface

This manual describes the various units of the IBM PERSONAL COMPUTER AT® and how they interact. It also has information about the basic input/output system (BIOS) and about programming support. Where timing considerations between 6- and 8-MHz are different, the 8-MHz time is shown in parentheses.

The information in this publication is for reference, and is intended for hardware and program designers, programmers, engineers, and anyone else who needs to understand the design and operation of the IBM PERSONAL COMPUTER AT.

This manual consists of nine sections:

- The first three sections describe the IBM PERSONAL COMPUTER AT including hardware, charts, and register information
- Section 4 describes keyboard operation, the commands to and from the system, and the various keyboard layouts
- Section 5 contains information about the usage of BIOS and a system BIOS listing
- Section 6 contains instruction sets for the 80286 microprocessor and the 80287 math coprocessor
- Section 7 provides information about characters, keystrokes, and colors
- Section 8 has general communications information
- Section 9 contains information about the compatibility of the IBM PERSONAL COMPUTER AT and the rest of the IBM Personal Computer family.

A glossary and a bibliography are included.

## **Prerequisite Publications**

*Guide to Operations* for the IBM PERSONAL COMPUTER AT

## **Suggested Reading**

- *BASIC* for the IBM Personal Computer
- *Disk Operating System (DOS)*
- *Macro Assembler* for the IBM Personal Computer

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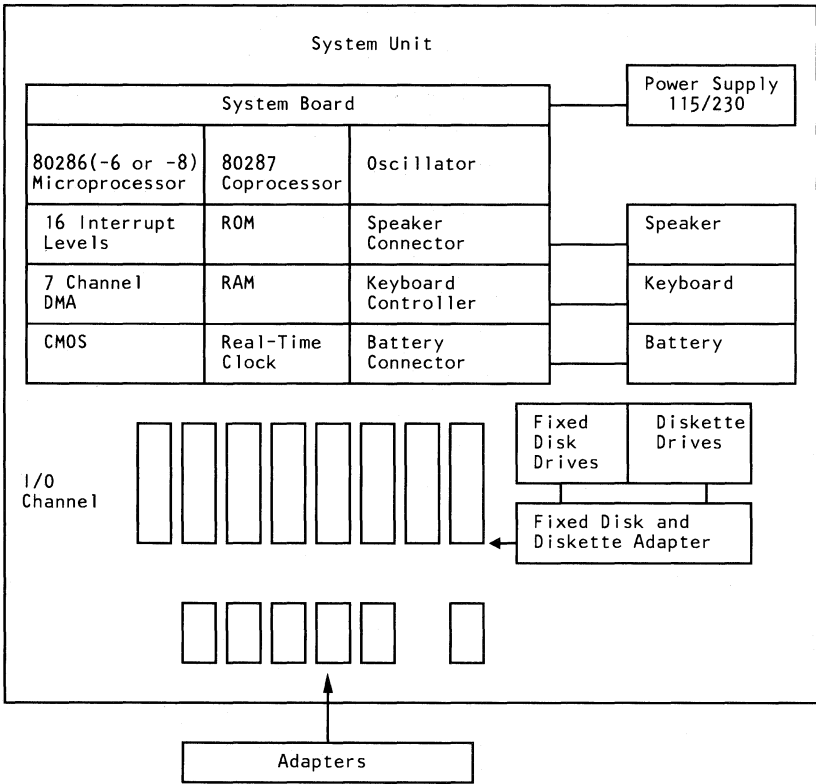
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The type 1 system board is approximately 30.5 by 35 centimeters (12 by 13.8 inches). The type 2 system board is approximately 23.8 by 35 centimeters (9.3 by 13.8 inches). Both types of system boards use very large scale integration (VLSI) technology and have the following components:

- Intel 80286 Microprocessor
- System support function:
  - Seven-Channel Direct Memory Access (DMA)
  - Sixteen-level interrupt
  - Three programmable timers
  - System clock
- 64K read-only memory (ROM) subsystem, expandable to 128K
- A 512K random-access memory (RAM) Subsystem
- Eight input/output (I/O) slots:
  - Six with a 36-pin and a 62-pin card-edge socket
  - Two with only the 62-pin card-edge socket
- Speaker attachment
- Keyboard attachment
- Complementary metal oxide semiconductor (CMOS) memory RAM to maintain system configuration
- Real-Time Clock
- Battery backup for CMOS configuration table and Real-Time Clock

# Memory

The type 1 system board has four banks of memory sockets, each supporting 9 128K-by-1-bit modules for a total memory size of 512K, with parity checking.

The type 2 system board has two banks of memory sockets, each supporting 9 256K-by-1-bit modules for a total memory size of 512K, with parity checking.

# Microprocessor

The Intel 80286 microprocessor has a 24-bit address, 16-bit memory interface<sup>1</sup>, an extensive instruction set, DMA and interrupt support capabilities, a hardware fixed-point multiply and divide, integrated memory management, four-level memory protection, 1G (1,073,741,824 bytes) of virtual address space for each task, and two operating modes: the 8086-compatible real address mode and the protected or virtual address mode. More detailed descriptions of the microprocessor may be found in the publications listed in the Bibliography of this manual.

## Real Address Mode

In the real address mode, the microprocessor's physical memory is a contiguous array of up to one megabyte. The microprocessor addresses memory by generating 20-bit physical addresses.

The selector portion of the pointer is interpreted as the upper 16 bits of a 20-bit segment address. The lower 4 bits of the 20-bit segment address are always zero. Therefore, segment addresses begin on multiples of 16 bytes.

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<sup>1</sup> In this manual, the term interface refers to a device that carries signals between functional units.

All segments in the real address mode are 64K in size and may be read, written, or executed. An exception or interrupt can occur if data operands or instructions attempt to wrap around the end of a segment. For example, a word with its low-order byte at offset FFFF and its high-order byte at 0000. If, in the real address mode, the information contained in the segment does not use the full 64K, the unused end of the segment may be overlaid by another segment to reduce physical memory requirements.

## Protected (Virtual Address) Mode

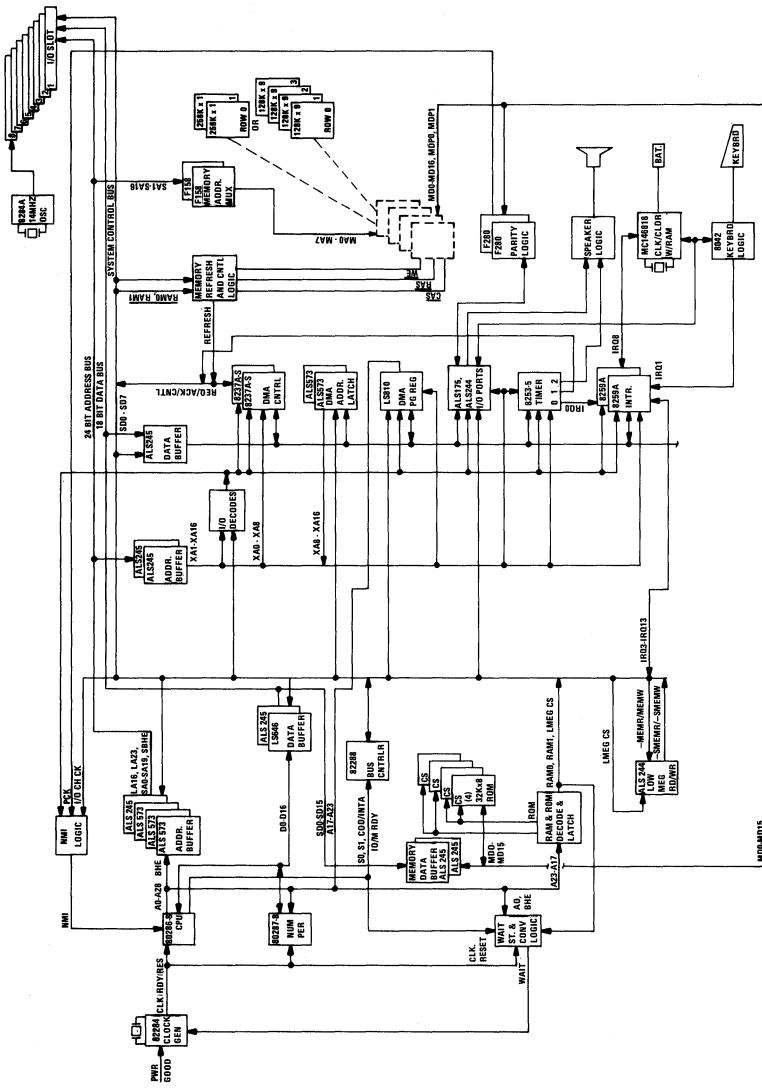
The protected mode offers extended physical and virtual memory address space, memory protection mechanisms, and new operations to support operating systems and virtual memory.

**Note:** See "BIOS Programming Hints" in Section 5 for special cautions while operating in the protected mode.

The protected mode provides a 1G virtual address space for each task mapped into a 16M physical address space. The virtual address space may be larger than the physical address space, because any use of an address that does not map to a physical memory location will cause a restartable exception.

As in the real address mode, the protected mode uses 32-bit pointers, consisting of 16-bit selector and offset components. The selector, however, specifies an index into a memory resident table rather than the upper 16 bits of a real memory address. The 24-bit base address of the desired segment is obtained from the tables in memory. The 16-bit offset is added to the segment base address to form the physical address. The microprocessor automatically refers to the tables whenever a segment register is loaded with a selector. All instructions that load a segment register will refer to the memory-based tables without additional program support. The memory-based tables contain 8-byte values called *descriptors*.

Following is a block diagram of the system board.



1-6 System Board

# System Performance

**Note:** Where timing considerations between 6- and 8-MHz are different, the 8-MHz time is shown in parentheses.

The 80286 microprocessor operates at 6 MHz (8 MHz), resulting in a clock cycle time of 167 nanoseconds (125 nanoseconds).

A bus cycle requires 3 clock cycles (which includes 1 wait state) so that a 500-nanosecond (375-nanosecond), 16-bit, microprocessor cycle time is achieved. Eight-bit bus operations to 8-bit devices take 6 clock cycles (which include 4 wait states), resulting in a 1000-nanosecond (750-nanosecond) microprocessor cycle. Sixteen-bit bus operations to 8-bit devices take 12 clock cycles (which include 10 wait states) resulting in a 2-microsecond (1.5-microsecond) microprocessor cycle.

The refresh controller steps one refresh address every 15 microseconds. Each refresh cycle requires 8 clock cycles to refresh all of the system's dynamic memory; 256 refresh cycles are required every 4 milliseconds but the system hardware refreshes every 3.89ms. The following formula determines the percentage of bandwidth used for refresh for the 6 MHz clock.

$$\begin{array}{l} \% \text{ Bandwidth used} \\ \text{for Refresh} \end{array} = \frac{8 \text{ cycles} \times 256}{3.89\text{ms}/167\text{ns}} = \frac{2048}{23293} = 8.7\%$$

The following formula determines the percentage of bandwidth used for refresh for the 8 MHz clock.

$$\begin{array}{l} \% \text{ Bandwidth used} \\ \text{for Refresh} \end{array} = \frac{8 \text{ cycles} \times 256}{3.89\text{ms}/125\text{ns}} = \frac{2048}{31120} = 6.5\%$$

The DMA controller operates at 3 MHz (4 MHz), which results in a clock cycle time of 333 nanoseconds (250 nanoseconds). All DMA data-transfer bus cycles are 5 clock cycles or 1.66 microseconds (1.25 microseconds). Cycles spent in the transfer of bus control are not included.

DMA channels 0, 1, 2, and 3 are used for 8-bit data transfers, and channels 5, 6, and 7 process 16-bit transfers. Channel 4 is used to cascade channels 0 through 3 to the microprocessor.

The following figure is a system memory map.

Address	Name	Function
000000 to 07FFFF	512K system board	System board memory
080000 to 09FFFF	128K	I/O channel memory - IBM Personal Computer AT 128K Memory Expansion Option or 128/640K Memory Card
0A0000 to 0BFFFF	128K video RAM	Reserved for graphics display buffer
0C0000 to 0DFFFF	128K I/O expansion ROM	Reserved for ROM on I/O adapters
0E0000 to 0EFFFF	64K reserved on system board	Duplicated code assignment at address FE0000
0F0000 to 0FFFFF	64K ROM on the system board	Duplicated code assignment at address FF0000
100000 to FFFFFFFF	Maximum memory 15M	I/O channel memory - 512K to 15M installed on memory expansion options
FE0000 to FEFFFF	64K reserved on system board	Duplicated code assignment at address 0E0000
FF0000 to FFFFFFFF	64K ROM on the system board	Duplicated code assignment at address 0F0000

### System Memory Map

# Direct Memory Access

The system supports seven direct memory access (DMA) channels. Two Intel 8237A-5 DMA Controller chips are used, with four channels for each chip. The DMA channels are assigned as follows:

Controller 1	Controller 2
Ch 0 - Reserved	Ch 4 - Cascade for Ctlr 1
Ch 1 - SDLC	Ch 5 - Reserved
Ch 2 - Diskette (IBM Personal Computer)	Ch 6 - Reserved
Ch 3 - Reserved	Ch 7 - Reserved

## DMA Channels

DMA controller 1 contains channels 0 through 3. These channels support 8-bit data transfers between 8-bit I/O adapters and 8- or 16-bit system memory. Each channel can transfer data throughout the 16M system-address space in 64K blocks.

The following figures show address generation for the DMA channels.

Source	DMA Page Registers	Controller
Address	A23<----->A16	A15<----->A0

## Address Generation for DMA Channels 0 through 3

**Note:** The addressing signal, 'byte high enable' (BHE), is generated by inverting address line A0.



DMA controller 2 contains channels 4 through 7. Channel 4 is used to cascade channels 0 through 3 to the microprocessor. Channels 5, 6, and 7 support 16-bit data transfers between 16-bit I/O adapters and 16-bit system memory. These DMA channels can transfer data throughout the 16M system-address space in 128K blocks. Channels 5, 6, and 7 cannot transfer data on odd-byte boundaries.

Source	DMA Page Registers	Controller
Address	A23<----->A17	A16<----->A1

### Address Generation for DMA Channels 5 through 7

**Note:** The addressing signals, BHE and A0, are forced to a logical 0.

The following figure shows the addresses for the page register.

Page Register	I/O Hex Address
DMA Channel 0	0087
DMA Channel 1	0083
DMA Channel 2	0081
DMA Channel 3	0082
DMA Channel 5	008B
DMA Channel 6	0089
DMA Channel 7	008A
Refresh	008F

### Page Register Addresses

Addresses for all DMA channels do not increase or decrease through page boundaries (64K for channels 0 through 3, and 128K for channels 5 through 7).

DMA channels 5 through 7 perform 16-bit data transfers. Access can be gained only to 16-bit devices (I/O or memory) during the DMA cycles of channels 5 through 7. Access to the DMA controller, which controls these channels, is through I/O addresses hex 0C0 through 0DF.

The DMA controller command code addresses follow.

Hex Address	Register Function
0C0	CH0 base and current address
0C2	CH0 base and current word count
0C4	CH1 base and current address
0C6	CH1 base and current word count
0C8	CH2 base and current address
0CA	CH2 base and current word count
0CC	CH3 base and current address
0CE	CH3 base and current word count
OD0	Read Status Register/Write Command Register
OD2	Write Request Register
OD4	Write Single Mask Register Bit
OD6	Write Mode Register
OD8	Clear Byte Pointer Flip-Flop
ODA	Read Temporary Register/Write Master Clear
ODC	Clear Mask Register
ODE	Write All Mask Register Bits

### DMA Controller

All DMA memory transfers made with channels 5 through 7 must occur on even-byte boundaries. When the base address for these channels is programmed, the real address divided by 2 is the data written to the base address register. Also, when the base word count for channels 5 through 7 is programmed, the count is the number of 16-bit words to be transferred. Therefore, DMA channels 5 through 7 can transfer 65,536 words, or 128Kb maximum, for any selected page of memory. These DMA channels divide the 16M memory space into 128K pages. When the DMA page registers for channels 5 through 7 are programmed, data bits D7 through D1 contain the high-order seven address bits (A23 through A17) of the desired memory space. Data bit D0 of the page registers for channels 5 through 7 is not used in the generation of the DMA memory address.

At power-on time, all internal locations, especially the mode registers, should be loaded with some valid value. This is done even if some channels are unused.

# System Interrupts

The 80286 microprocessor's non-maskable interrupt (NMI) and two 8259A Controller chips provide 16 levels of system interrupts.

**Note:** Any or all interrupts may be masked (including the microprocessor's NMI).

# Hardware Interrupt Listing

The following shows the interrupt-level assignments in decreasing priority.

Level	Function
Microprocessor NMI	Parity or I/O Channel Check
Interrupt Controllers CTRL 1      CTRL 2	
IRQ 0	Timer Output 0
IRQ 1	Keyboard (Output Buffer Full)
IRQ 2	Interrupt from CTRL 2
<div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;">           IRQ 8            IRQ 9              IRQ 10            IRQ 11            IRQ 12            IRQ 13            IRQ 14            IRQ 15         </div>	Realtime Clock Interrupt Software Redirected to INT 0AH PC Network * PC Network(Alt.) * Reserved Reserved Reserved Coprocessor Fixed Disk Controller Reserved
IRQ 3	Serial Port 2 BSC BSC (Alt.) Cluster (Primary) PC Network * PC Network (Alt.) * SDLC
IRQ 4	Serial Port 1 BSC BSC (Alt.) SDLC
IRQ 5	Parallel Port 2
IRQ 6	Diskette Controller
IRQ 7	Fixed Disk and Diskette Drive Parallel Port 1 Data Acquisition and Control *** GPIB ** Cluster (Secondary)
* The PC Network is jumper selectable. ** The GPIB Adapter can be set to interrupts 2 through 7. *** The Data Acquisition Adapter can be set to interrupts 3 through 7. The default interrupt is 7.	

## Hardware Interrupt Listing

# Interrupt Sharing

A definition for standardized hardware design has been established that enables multiple adapters to share an interrupt level. This section describes this design and discusses the programming support required.

**Note:** Since interrupt routines do not exist in ROM for protected mode operations, this design is intended to run only in the microprocessor's real address mode.

## Design Overview

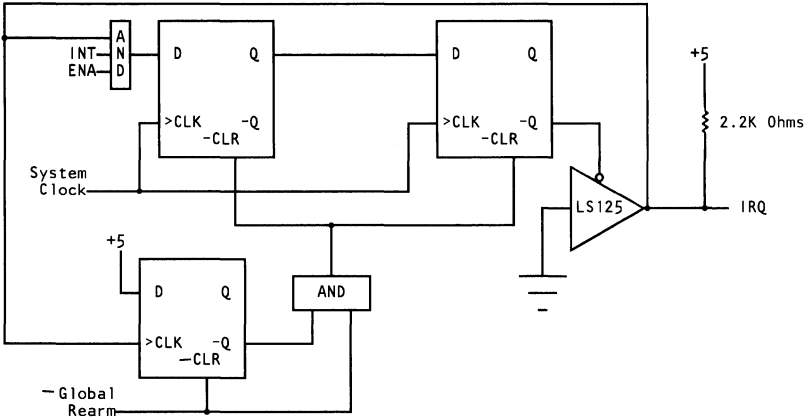
Most interrupt-supporting adapters hold the 'interrupt request' line (IRQ) at a low level and then drive the line high to cause an interrupt. In contrast, the shared-interrupt hardware design allows IRQ to float high through pull-up resistors on each adapter. Each adapter on the line may cause an interrupt by pulsing the line to a low level. The leading edge of the pulse arms the 8259A Interrupt Controller; the trailing edge signals the interrupt controller to cause the interrupt. The duration of this pulse must be between 125 and 1,000 nanoseconds.

The adapters must have an 'interrupt' status bit (INT) and a 'interrupt enable' bit (ENA) that can be controlled and monitored by its software.

Each adapter sharing an interrupt level must monitor the IRQ line. When any adapter drives the line low, all other adapters on that line must be prevented from issuing an interrupt request until they are rearmed.

If an adapter's INT status bit is at a high level when the interrupt sharing logic is rearmed, the adapter must reissue the interrupt. This prevents lost interrupts if two adapters issue an interrupt at the same time and an interrupt handler issues a Global Rearm after servicing one of the adapters.

The following diagram is an example of the shared interrupt hardware logic.



**Shared Interrupt Logic Diagram**

## Program Support

During multitasking, tasks are constantly being activated and deactivated in no particular order. The interrupt-sharing program support described in this section provides for an orderly means to:

- Link a task's interrupt handler to a chain of interrupt handlers
- Share the interrupt level while the task is active
- Unlink the interrupt handler from the chain when the task is deactivated.

## Linking to a Chain

Each newly activated task replaces the interrupt vector in low memory with a pointer to its own interrupt handler. The old interrupt vector is used as a forward pointer (FPTR) and is stored at a fixed offset from the new task's interrupt handler.

## **Sharing the Interrupt Level**

When the new task's handler gains control as a result of an interrupt, the handler reads the contents of the adapter's interrupt status register to determine if its adapter caused the interrupt. If it did, the handler services the interrupt, disables the interrupts (CLI), issues a non-specific End of Interrupt (EOI), and then, to rearm the interrupt hardware, writes to address 02FX, where X corresponds to interrupt levels 3 through 7, and 9 (IRQ9 is 02F2). A write to address 06FX, where X may be 2 through 7, is required for interrupt levels 10 through 15, respectively. Each adapter in the chain decodes the address which results in a Global Rearm. An adapter is required to decode the least significant 11 bits for this Global Rearm command. The handler then issues a Return From Interrupt (IRET).

If its adapter did not cause the interrupt, the handler passes control to the next interrupt handler in the chain.

## **Unlinking from the Chain**

To unlink from the chain, a task must first locate its handler's position within the chain. By starting at the interrupt vector in low memory, and using the offset of each handler's FPTR to find the entry point of each handler, the chain can be methodically searched until the task finds its own handler. The FPTR of the previous handler in the chain is replaced by the task's FPTR, thus removing the handler from the chain.

## **Error Recovery**

Should the unlinking routine discover that the interrupt chain has been corrupted (an interrupt handler is linked but does not have a valid SIGNATURE), an unlinking error-recovery procedure must be in place. Each application can incorporate its own unlinking error procedure into the unlinking routine. One application may choose to display an error message requiring the operator to either correct the situation or power down the system. Another application may choose an error recovery procedure that restores the original interrupt vector in low memory, and bypasses the corrupt portion of the interrupt chain. This error recovery

procedure may not be suitable when adapters that are being serviced by the corrupt handler are actively generating interrupts, since unserviced interrupts lock up that interrupt level.

## ROS Considerations

Adapters with their handlers residing in ROS may choose to implement chaining by storing the 4 byte FPTR (plus the FIRST flag if it is sharing interrupt 7 or 15) in on-adapter latches or ports. Adapter ROS without this feature must first test to see that it is the first in the chain. If it is the first in the chain, the adapter can complete the link; if not, the adapter must exit its routine without linking.

## Precautions

The following precautions must be taken when designing hardware or programs using shared interrupts:

- Hardware designers should ensure the adapters:
  - Do not power up with the ENA line active or an interrupt pending.
  - Do not generate interrupts that are not serviced by a handler. Generating interrupts when a handler is not active to service the adapter causes the interrupt level to lock up. The design relies on the handler to clear its adapter's interrupt and issue the Global Rearm.
  - Can be disabled so that they do not remain active after their application has terminated.
- Programmers should:
  - Ensure that their programs have a short routine that can be executed with the AUTOEXEC.BAT to disable their adapter's interrupts. This precaution ensures that the adapters are deactivated if the user reboots the system.



- Treat words as words, not bytes. Remember that data is stored in memory using the Intel format (word 424B is stored as 4B42).

## Interrupt Chaining Structure

```

ENTRY:  JMP      SHORT PAST      ; Jump around structure
        FPTR    DD      0        ; Forward Pointer
        SIGNATURE DW    424BH    ; Used when unlinking to identify
                                           ; compatible interrupt handlers
        FLAGS   DB
        FIRST   EQU    80H      ; Flag for being first in chain
        JMP     SHORT RESET     ;
        RES_BYTES DB    DUP 7 (0) ; Future expansion
PAST:   ...                    ; Actual start of code

```

The interrupt chaining structure is a 16-byte format containing FPTR, SIGNATURE, and RES\_\_BYTES. It begins at the third byte from the interrupt handler's entry point. The first instruction of every handler is a short jump around the structure to the start of the routine. Since the position of each interrupt handler's chaining structure is known (except for the handlers on adapter ROS), the FPTRs can be updated when unlinking.

The FIRST flag is used to determine the handler's position in the chain when unlinking when sharing interrupts 7 and 15. The RESET routine, an entry point for the operating system, must disable the adapter's interrupt and RETURN FAR to the operating system.

**Note:** All handlers designed for interrupt sharing must use 424B as the signature to avoid corrupting the chain.

## Examples

In the following examples, notice that interrupts are disabled before control is passed to the next handler on the chain. The next handler receives control as if a hardware interrupt had caused it to receive control. Also, notice that the interrupts are disabled before the non-specific EOI is issued, and not reenabled in the interrupt handler. This ensures that the IRET is executed (at which point the flags are restored and the interrupts

reenabled) before another interrupt is serviced, protecting the stack from excessive build up.

## Example of an Interrupt Handler

```

YOUR_CARD EQU      xxxx                ; Location of your card's interrupt
                                           ; control/status register
ISB       EQU      xx                  ; Interrupt bit in your card's interrupt
                                           ; control status register
REARM     EQU      2F7H                ; Global Rearm location for interrupt
                                           ; level 7
SPC_E01   EQU      67H                ; Specific E01 for 8259's interrupt
                                           ; level 7
E01       EQU      20H                ; Non-specific E01
OCR       EQU      20H                ; Location of 8259 operational control
                                           ; register
IMR       EQU      21H                ; Location of 8259 interrupt mask
                                           ; register

MYCSEG    SEGMENT PARA
          ASSUME  CS:MYCSEG,DS:DSEG
ENTRY     PROC FAR
          JMP     SHORT PAST           ; Entry point of handler
FPTR      DD      0                    ; Forward Pointer
SIGNATURE DW      424BH                ; Used when unlinking to identify
                                           ; compatible interrupt handlers
          FLAGS   DB      0            ; Flags
          FIRST  EQU      80H
          JMP     SHORT RESET

RES_BYTES DB      DUP 7 (0)           ; Future expansion
PAST:     STI     ...                  ; Actual start of handler code
          PUSH   ...                  ; Save needed registers
          MOV    DX,YOUR_CARD          ; Select your status register
          IN     AL,DX                 ; Read the status register
          TEST   AL,ISB                 ; Your card caused the interrupt?
          JNZ   SERVICE                ; Yes, branch to service logic
          TEST   CS:FLAGS,FIRST        ; Are we the first ones in?
          JNZ   SERVICE                ; If yes, branch for E01 and Rearm
          POP    ...                   ; Restore registers
          CLI    ...                   ; Disable interrupts
          JMP    DWORD PTR CS:FPTR     ; Pass control to next guy on chain

SERVICE: ...                          ; Service the interrupt
EXIT:     CLI    ...                  ; Disable the interrupts
          MOV    AL,E01
          OUT   OCR,AL                 ; Issue non-specific E01 to 8259
          MOV    DX,REARM              ; Rearm the cards
          OUT   DX,AL
          POP    ...                   ; Restore registers
          IRET

RESET:    ...                          ; Disable your card
          RET     ...                  ; Return FAR to operating system
ENTRY     ENDP
          MYCSEG ENDS
          END   ENTRY

```

## Linking Code Example

```
        PUSH     ES
        CLI                      ; Disable interrupts
; Set forward pointer to value of interrupt vector in low memory
        ASSUME  CS:CODESEG,DS:CODESEG
        PUSH   ES
        MOV    AX,350FH          ; DOS get interrupt vector
        INT   21H
        MOV    SI,OFFSET CS:FPTR ; Get offset of your forward pointer
                                   ; in an indexable register
        MOV    CS:[SI],BX       ; Store the old interrupt vector
        MOV    CS:[SI+2],ES     ; in your forward pointer for chaining
        CMP    ES:BYTE PTR[BX],CFH ; Test for IRET
        JNZ   SETVECTR
        MOV    CS:FLAGS,FIRST   ; Set up first in chain flag
SETVECTR: POP    ES
        PUSH   DS
; Make interrupt vector in low memory point to your handler
        MOV    DX,OFFSET ENTRY  ; Make interrupt vector point to your handler
        MOV    AX,SEG ENTRY     ; If DS not = CS, get it
        MOV    DS,AX           ; and put it in DS
        MOV    AX,250FH        ; DOS set interrupt vector
        INT   21H
        POP    DS
; Unmask (enable) interrupts for your level
        IN     AL,IMR           ; Read interrupt mask register
        JMP   $+2              ; 10 delay
        AND   AL,07FH          ; Unmask interrupt level 7
        OUT   IMR,AL           ; Write new interrupt mask
        MOV   AL,SPC_E01       ; Issue specific E01 for level 7
        JMP   $+2              ; to allow pending level 7 interrupts
OUT     OCR,AL                 ; (if any) to be serviced
        STI                      ; Enable interrupts
        POP    ES
        ;
```

## Unlinking Code Example

```

PUSH    DS
PUSH    ES
CLI                    ; Disable interrupts
MOV     AX,350FH       ; DOS get interrupt vector
INT     21H            ; ES:BX points to first of chain
MOV     CX,ES          ; Pickup segment part of interrupt vector
; Are we the first handler in the chain?
MOV     AX,CS          ; Get code seg into comparable register
CMP     BX,OFFSET ENTRY ; Interrupt vector in low memory
                                ; pointing to your handler's offset?

JNE     UNCHAIN_A      ; No, branch
CMP     AX,CX          ; Vector pointing to your
                                ; handler's segment?

JNE     UNCHAIN_A      ; No, branch
; Set interrupt vector in low memory to point to the handler
; pointed to by your pointer

PUSH    DS
MOV     DX,WORD PTR CS:FPTR
MOV     DS,WORD PTR CS:FPTR[2]
MOV     AX,250FH       ; DOS set interrupt vector
INT     21H
POP     DS

JMP     UNCHAIN_X

UNCHAIN_A: ; BX = FPTR offset, ES = FPTR segment, CX = CS
CMP     ES:[BX+6],4B42H ; Is handler using the appropriate
                                ; conventions (is SIGNATURE present in
                                ; the interrupt chaining structure)?
JNE     exception      ; No, invoke error exception handler
LDS     SI,ES:[BX+2]    ; Get FPTR's segment and offset
CMP     SI,OFFSET ENTRY ; Is this forward pointer pointing to
                                ; your handler's offset?

JNE     UNCHAIN_B      ; No, branch
MOV     CX,DS           ; Move to compare
CMP     AX,CX          ; Is this forward pointer pointing to
                                ; your handler's segment?

JNE     UNCHAIN_B      ; No, branch
; Located your handler in the chain
MOV     AX,WORD PTR CS:FPTR ; Get your FPTR's offset
MOV     ES:[BX+2],AX      ; Replace offset of FPTR of handler
                                ; that points to you
MOV     AX,WORD PTR CS:FPTR[2] ; Get your FPTR's segment
MOV     ES:[BX+4],AX      ; Replace segment of FPTR of handler
                                ; that points to you
MOV     AL,CS:FLAGS      ; Get your flags
AND     AL,FIRST         ; Isolate FIRST flag
OR      ES:[BX + 6],AL    ; Set your first flag into prior routine

JMP     UNCHAIN_X

UNCHAIN_B: MOV     BX,SI ; Move new offset to BX
PUSH    DS
PUSH    ES
JMP     UNCHAIN_A      ; Examine next handler in chain

UNCHAIN_X: STI         ; Enable interrupts
POP     ES
POP     DS

```

# System Timers

The system has three programmable timer/counters, Channels 0 through 2. They are controlled by an Intel 8254-2 Timer/Counter chip, and are defined as follows:

## **Channel 0            System Timer**

GATE 0	Tied on
CLK IN 0	1.193182 MHz OSC
CLK OUT 0	8259A IRQ 0

## **Channel 1            Refresh Request Generator**

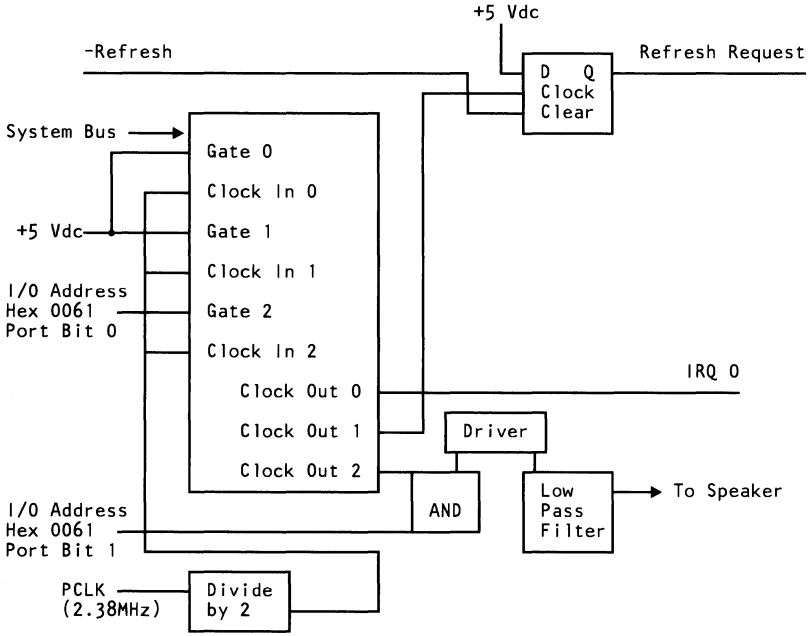
GATE 1	Tied on
CLK IN 1	1.193182 MHz OSC
CLK OUT 1	Request refresh cycle

**Note:** Channel 1 is programmed as a rate generator to produce a 15-microsecond period signal.

## **Channel 2            Tone Generation for Speaker**

GATE 2	Controlled by bit 0 of port hex 61, PPI bit
CLK IN 2	1.193182 MHz OSC
CLK OUT 2	Used to drive the speaker

The 8254-2 Timer/Counter is a programmable interval timer/counter that system programs treat as an arrangement of four external I/O ports. Three ports are treated as counters; the fourth is a control register for mode programming. The following is a system-timer block diagram.



**System-Timer Block Diagram**

## System Clock

The 82284 System Clock Generator is driven by either a 12-MHz or 16-MHz crystal. Its output 'clock' signal (CLK) is the input to the system microprocessor, the coprocessor, and I/O channel.

## ROM Subsystem

The system board's ROM subsystem consists of two 32K by 8-bit ROM/EPROM modules in a 32K-by-16-bit arrangement. The code for odd and even addresses resides in separate modules. ROM is assigned at the top of the first and last 1M address space (0F0000 and FF0000). ROM is not parity-checked. Its maximum access time is 260 nanoseconds (190ns) and its maximum cycle time is 480ns (360ns).

# RAM Subsystem

The system board's RAM subsystem starts at address 000000 of the 16M address space. It is 256K or 512K of 128K-by-1-bit RAM modules (type 1 system board) or 512K of 256K-by-1-bit RAM modules (type 2 system board). Memory access time is 150 nanoseconds and the cycle time is 275 nanoseconds.

Memory refresh requests one memory cycle every 15 microseconds through the timer/counter (channel 1). The RAM initialization program performs the following functions:

- Initializes channel 1 of the timer/counter to the rate generation mode, with a period of 15 microseconds
- Performs a memory write operation to any memory location.

**Note:** The memory must be accessed or refreshed eight times before it can be used.

## I/O Channel

The I/O channel supports:

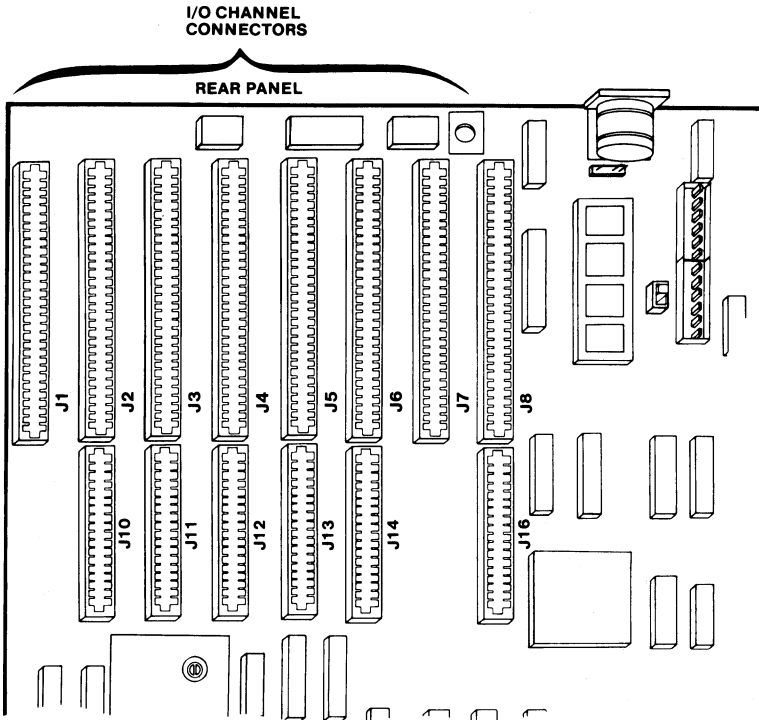
- I/O address space hex 100 to hex 3FF
- 24-bit memory addresses (16M)
- Selection of data accesses (either 8- or 16-bit)
- Interrupts
- DMA channels
- I/O wait-state generation

- Open-bus structure (allowing multiple microprocessors to share the system's resources, including memory)
- Refresh of system memory from channel microprocessors.

## Connectors

The following figure shows the location and the numbering of the I/O channel connectors. These connectors consist of six 36-pin and eight 62-pin edge connector sockets.

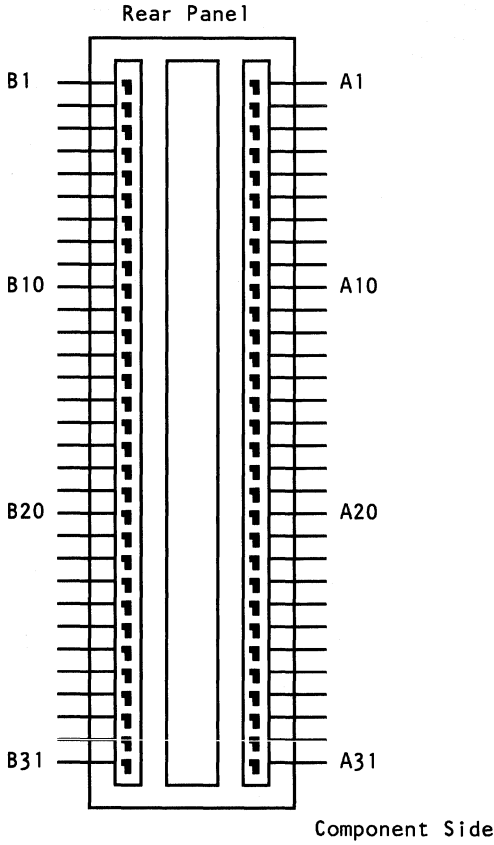
**Note:** The 36-pin connector is not present in two positions on the I/O channel. These positions can support only 62-pin I/O bus adapters.



**I/O Channel Connector Location**

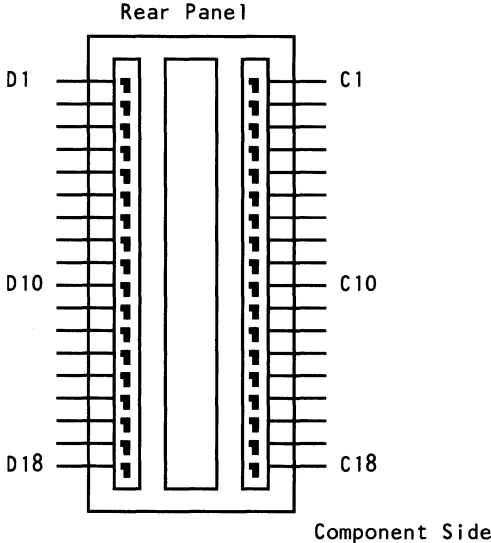


The following figure shows the pin numbering for I/O channel connectors J1 through J8.



**I/O Channel Pin Numbering (J1-J8)**

The following figure shows the pin numbering for I/O channel connectors J10 through J14 and J16.



**I/O Channel Pin Numbering (J10-J14 and J16)**

The following figures summarize pin assignments for the I/O channel connectors.

I/O Pin	Signal Name	I/O
A1	-I/O CH CK	I
A2	SD7	I/O
A3	SD6	I/O
A4	SD5	I/O
A5	SD4	I/O
A6	SD3	I/O
A7	SD2	I/O
A8	SD1	I/O
A9	SD0	I/O
A10	-I/O CH RDY	I
A11	AEN	0
A12	SA19	I/O
A13	SA18	I/O
A14	SA17	I/O
A15	SA16	I/O
A16	SA15	I/O
A17	SA14	I/O
A18	SA13	I/O
A19	SA12	I/O
A20	SA11	I/O
A21	SA10	I/O
A22	SA9	I/O
A23	SA8	I/O
A24	SA7	I/O
A25	SA6	I/O
A26	SA5	I/O
A27	SA4	I/O
A28	SA3	I/O
A29	SA2	I/O
A30	SA1	I/O
A31	SA0	I/O

**I/O Channel (A-Side, J1 through J8)**

I/O Pin	Signal Name	I/O
B1	GND	Ground
B2	RESET DRV	0
B3	+5 Vdc	Power
B4	IRQ 9	I
B5	-5 Vdc	Power
B6	DRQ2	I
B7	-12 Vdc	Power
B8	OWS	I
B9	+12 Vdc	Power
B10	GND	Ground
B11	-SMEMW	0
B12	-SMEMR	0
B13	-IOW	I/O
B14	-IOR	I/O
B15	-DACK3	0
B16	DRQ3	I
B17	-DACK1	0
B18	DRQ1	I
B19	-REFRESH	I/O
B20	CLK	0
B21	IRQ7	I
B22	IRQ6	I
B23	IRQ5	I
B24	IRQ4	I
B25	IRQ3	I
B26	-DACK2	0
B27	T/C	0
B28	BALE	0
B29	+5Vdc	Power
B30	OSC	0
B31	GND	Ground

**I/O Channel (B-Side, J1 through J8)**

I/O Pin	Signal Name	I/O
C1	SBHE	I/O
C2	LA23	I/O
C3	LA22	I/O
C4	LA21	I/O
C5	LA20	I/O
C6	LA19	I/O
C7	LA18	I/O
C8	LA17	I/O
C9	-MEMR	I/O
C10	-MEMW	I/O
C11	SD08	I/O
C12	SD09	I/O
C13	SD10	I/O
C14	SD11	I/O
C15	SD12	I/O
C16	SD13	I/O
C17	SD14	I/O
C18	SD15	I/O

**I/O Channel (C-Side, J10 through J14 and 16)**

I/O Pin	Signal Name	I/O
D1	-MEM CS16	I
D2	-I/O CS16	I
D3	IRQ10	I
D4	IRQ11	I
D5	IRQ12	I
D6	IRQ15	I
D7	IRQ14	I
D8	-DACK0	O
D9	DRQ0	I
D10	-DACK5	O
D11	DRQ5	I
D12	-DACK6	O
D13	DRQ6	I
D14	-DACK7	O
D15	DRQ7	I
D16	+5 Vdc	POWER
D17	-MASTER	I
D18	GND	GROUND

**I/O Channel (D-Side, J10 through J14 and 16)**

# I/O Channel Signal Description

The following is a description of the system board's I/O channel signals. All signal lines are TTL compatible. I/O adapters should be designed with a maximum of two low-power Shottky (LS) loads per line.

## SA0 through SA19 (I/O)

Address signals 0 through 19 are used to address memory and I/O devices within the system. These 20 address lines, in addition to LA17 through LA23, allow access of up to 16M of memory. SA0 through SA19 are gated on the system bus when 'buffered address latch enable' signal (BALE) is high and are latched on the falling edge of BALE. These signals are generated by the microprocessor or DMA Controller. They also may be driven by other microprocessors or DMA controllers that reside on the I/O channel.

## LA17 through LA23 (I/O)

These signals (unlatched) are used to address memory and I/O devices within the system. They give the system up to 16M of addressability. These signals are valid when BALE is high. LA17 through LA23 are not latched during microprocessor cycles and therefore do not stay valid for the whole cycle. Their purpose is to generate memory decodes for 16-bit, 1 wait-state, memory cycles. These decodes should be latched by I/O adapters on the falling edge of BALE.

These signals also may be driven by other microprocessors or DMA controllers that reside on the I/O channel.

## CLK (O)

This is the 6- or 8-MHz system 'clock' signal. It is a synchronous microprocessor cycle clock with a cycle time of 167 nanoseconds (125 nanoseconds). The clock has a 50% duty cycle. This signal should be used only

for synchronization. It is not intended for uses requiring a fixed frequency.

## **RESET DRV (O)**

The 'reset drive' signal is used to reset or initialize system logic at power-up time or during a low voltage condition. This signal is active high.

## **SD0 through SD15 (I/O)**

These signals provide bus bits 0 through 15 for the microprocessor, memory, and I/O devices. D0 is the least-significant bit and D15 is the most-significant bit. All 8-bit devices on the I/O channel should use D0 through D7 for communications to the microprocessor. The 16-bit devices will use D0 through D15. To support 8-bit devices, the data on D8 through D15 will be gated to D0 through D7 during 8-bit transfers to these devices; 16-bit microprocessor transfers to 8-bit devices will be converted to two 8-bit transfers.

## **BALE (O) (buffered)**

The 'buffered address latch enable' signal is provided by the 82288 Bus Controller and is used on the system board to latch valid addresses and memory decodes from the microprocessor. It is available to the I/O channel as an indicator of a valid microprocessor or DMA address (when used with 'address enable' signal, AEN). Microprocessor addresses SA0 through SA19 are latched with the falling edge of BALE. BALE is forced high (active) during DMA cycles.

## **-I/O CH CK (I)**

The '-I/O channel check' signal provides the system board with parity (error) information about memory or devices on the I/O channel. When this signal is active (low), it indicates a non-correctable system error.

## I/O CH RDY (I)

The 'I/O channel ready' signal is pulled low (not ready) by a memory or I/O device to lengthen I/O or memory cycles. Any slow device using this line should drive it low immediately upon detecting its valid address and a Read or Write command. Machine cycles are extended by an integral number of clock cycles (167 nanoseconds). This signal should be held low for no more than 2.5 microseconds.

## IRQ3-IRQ7, IRQ9-IRQ12, IRQ14, and IRQ15 (I)

Interrupt requests 3 through 7, 9 through 12, 14, and 15 are used to signal the microprocessor that an I/O device needs attention. The interrupt requests are prioritized, with IRQ9 through IRQ12, IRQ14, and IRQ15 having the highest priority (IRQ9 is the highest), and IRQ3 through IRQ7 having the lowest priority (IRQ7 is the lowest). An interrupt request is generated when an IRQ line is raised from low to high. The line is high until the microprocessor acknowledges the interrupt request (Interrupt Service routine).

**Note:** Interrupt 13 is used on the system board and is not available on the I/O channel. IRQ 8 is used for the real-time clock.

## -IOR (I/O)

The '-I/O read' signal instructs an I/O device to drive its data onto the data bus. This signal may be driven by the system microprocessor or DMA controller, or by a microprocessor or DMA controller resident on the I/O channel. This signal is active low.

## -IOW (I/O)

The '-I/O write' signal instructs an I/O device to read the data off the data bus. It may be driven by any microprocessor or DMA controller in the system. This signal is active low.



## **-SMEMR (O) -MEMR (I/O)**

These signals instruct the memory devices to drive data onto the data bus. -SMEMR is active only when the memory decode is within the low 1M of memory space. -MEMR is active on all memory read cycles. -MEMR may be driven by any microprocessor or DMA controller in the system. -SMEMR is derived from -MEMR and the decode of the low 1M of memory. When a microprocessor on the I/O channel wishes to drive -MEMR, it must have the address lines valid on the bus for one clock cycle before driving -MEMR active. Both signals are active low.

## **-SMEMW (O) -MEMW (I/O)**

These signals instruct the memory devices to store the data present on the data bus. -SMEMW is active only when the memory decode is within the low 1M of the memory space. -MEMW is active on all memory write cycles. -MEMW may be driven by any microprocessor or DMA controller in the system. -SMEMW is derived from -MEMW and the decode of the low 1M of memory. When a microprocessor on the I/O channel wishes to drive -MEMW, it must have the address lines valid on the bus for one clock cycle before driving -MEMW active. Both signals are active low.

## **DRQ0-DRQ3 and DRQ5-DRQ7 (I)**

The 'DMA request' signals 0 through 3 and 5 through 7 are asynchronous channel requests used by peripheral devices and a microprocessor to gain DMA service (or control of the system). They are prioritized, with DRQ0 having the highest priority and DRQ7 the lowest. A request is generated by bringing a DRQ line to an active (high) level. A DRQ line is held high until the corresponding 'DMA acknowledge' (DACK) line goes active. DRQ0 through DRQ3 perform 8-bit DMA transfers; DRQ5 through DRQ7 perform 16-bit transfers. DRQ4 is used on the system board and is not available on the I/O channel.

## **-DACK0 to -DACK3 and -DACK5 to -DACK7 (O)**

-DMA acknowledge 0 through 3 and 5 through 7 are used to acknowledge DMA requests. These signals are active low.

## **AEN (O)**

The 'address enable' signal is used to degate the microprocessor and other devices from the I/O channel to allow DMA transfers to take place. When this line is active, the DMA controller has control of the address bus, the data-bus Read command lines (memory and I/O), and the Write command lines (memory and I/O). This signal is active high.

## **-REFRESH (I/O)**

This signal is used to indicate a refresh cycle and can be driven by a microprocessor on the I/O channel. This signal is active low.

## **T/C (O)**

The 'terminal count' signal provides a high pulse when the terminal count for any DMA channel is reached.

## **SBHE (I/O)**

The 'system bus high enable' signal indicates a transfer of data on the upper byte of the data bus, SD8 through SD15. Sixteen-bit devices use SBHE to condition data bus buffers tied to SD8 through SD15. This signal is active high.

## **-MASTER (I)**

This signal is used with a DRQ line to gain control of the system. A processor or DMA controller on the I/O channel may issue a DRQ to a DMA channel in cascade mode and receive a -DACK. Upon receiving the -DACK, a microprocessor may pull

**-MASTER active (low)**, which will allow it to control the system address, data, and control lines (a condition known as *tri-state*). After **-MASTER** is low, the microprocessor must wait one clock cycle before driving the address and data lines, and two clock cycles before issuing a Read or Write command. If this signal is held low for more than 15 microseconds, the system memory may be lost because of a lack of refresh.

### **-MEM CS16 (I)**

The '**-memory 16-bit chip select**' signal indicates to the system that the present data transfer is a 1 wait-state, 16-bit, memory cycle. It must be derived from the decode of LA17 through LA23. **-MEM CS16** is active low and should be driven with an open collector or tri-state driver capable of sinking 20 mA.

### **-I/O CS16 (I)**

The '**-I/O 16-bit chip select**' signal indicates to the system that the present data transfer is a 16-bit, 1 wait-state, I/O cycle. It is derived from an address decode. **-I/O CS16** is active low and should be driven with an open collector or tri-state driver capable of sinking 20 mA.

### **OSC (O)**

The '**oscillator**' signal is a high-speed clock with a 70-nanosecond period (14.31818 MHz). This signal is not synchronous with the system clock. It has a 50% duty cycle.

### **OWS (I)**

The '**zero wait state**' signal tells the microprocessor that it can complete the present bus cycle without inserting any additional wait cycles. In order to run a memory cycle to a 16-bit device without wait cycles, **OWS** is derived from an address decode gated with a Read or Write command. In order to run a memory cycle to an 8-bit device with a minimum of two wait states, **OWS** should

be driven active one clock cycle after the Read or Write command is active, and gated with the address decode for the device. Memory Read and Write commands to an 8-bit device are active on the falling edge of CLK. OWS is active low and should be driven with an open collector or tri-state driver capable of sinking 20 mA.

The following figure is an I/O address map.

Hex Range	Device
000-01F	DMA controller 1, 8237A-5
020-03F	Interrupt controller 1, 8259A, Master
040-05F	Timer, 8254-2
060-06F	8042 (Keyboard)
070-07F	Real-time clock, NMI (non-maskable interrupt) mask
080-09F	DMA page register, 74LS612
0A0-0BF	Interrupt Controller 2, 8259A
0C0-0DF	DMA controller 2, 8237A-5
0F0	Clear Math Coprocessor Busy
0F1	Reset Math Coprocessor
0F8-0FF	Math Coprocessor

Note: I/O Addresses, hex 000 to 0FF, are reserved for the system board I/O. Hex 100 to 3FF are available on the I/O channel.

### I/O Address Map (Part 1 of 2)

Hex Range	Device
1F0-1F8	Fixed Disk
200-207	Game I/O
20C-20D	Reserved
21F	Reserved
278-27F	Parallel printer port 2
2B0-2DF	Alternate Enhanced Graphics Adapter
2E1	GPiB (Adapter 0)
2E2 & 2E3	Data Acquisition (Adapter 0)
2F8-2FF	Serial port 2
300-31F	Prototype card
360-363	PC Network (low address)
364-367	Reserved
368-36B	PC Network (high address)
36C-36F	Reserved
378-37F	Parallel printer port 1
380-38F	SDLC, bisynchronous 2
390-393	Cluster
3A0-3AF	Bisynchronous 1
3B0-3BF	Monochrome Display and Printer Adapter
3C0-3CF	Enhanced Graphics Adapter
3D0-3DF	Color/Graphics Monitor Adapter
3F0-3F7	Diskette controller
3F8-3FF	Serial port 1
6E2 & 6E3	Data Acquisition (Adapter 1)
790-793	Cluster (Adapter 1)
AE2 & AE3	Data Acquisition (Adapter 2)
B90-B93	Cluster (Adapter 2)
EE2 & EE3	Data Acquisition (Adapter 3)
1390-1393	Cluster (Adapter 3)
22E1	GPiB (Adapter 1)
2390-2393	Cluster (Adapter 4)
42E1	GPiB (Adapter 2)
62E1	GPiB (Adapter 3)
82E1	GPiB (Adapter 4)
A2E1	GPiB (Adapter 5)
C2E1	GPiB (Adapter 6)
E2E1	GPiB (Adapter 7)

Note: I/O Addresses, hex 000 to 0FF, are reserved for the system board I/O. Hex 100 to 3FF are available on the I/O channel.

## I/O Address Map (Part 2 of 2)

## NMI and Coprocessor Controls

At power-on time, the non-maskable interrupt (NMI) into the 80286 is masked off. The mask bit can be set and reset with system programs as follows:

- Mask On** Write to I/O address hex 070, with data bit 7 equal to a logic 0.
- Mask Off** Write to I/O address hex 070, with data bit 7 equal to a logic 1.

**Note:** At the end of POST, the system sets the NMI mask on (NMI enabled).

The following is a description of the Math Coprocessor controls.

- 0F0** An 8-bit Out command to port F0 will clear the latched Math Coprocessor '-busy' signal. The '-busy' signal will be latched if the coprocessor asserts its '-error' signal while it is busy. The data output should be zero.
- 0F1** An 8-bit Out command to port F1 will reset the Math Coprocessor. The data output should be zero.

I/O address hex 080 is used as a diagnostic-checkpoint port or register. This port corresponds to a read/write register in the DMA page register (74LS612).

The '-I/O channel check' signal (-I/O CH CK) is used to report non-correctable errors on RAM adapters on the I/O channel. This check will create an NMI if the NMI is enabled. At power-on time, the NMI is masked off and -I/O CH CK is disabled. Follow these steps when enabling -I/O CH CK and the NMI.

1. Write data in all I/O RAM-adapter memory locations; this will establish good parity at all locations.
2. Enable -I/O CH CK.
3. Enable the NMI.

**Note:** All three of these functions are performed by POST.

When a check occurs, an interrupt (NMI) will result. Read the status bits to determine the source of the NMI (see the figure, "I/O Address Map", on page 1-37). To determine the location of the failing adapter, write to any memory location within a given

adapter. If the parity check was from that adapter, -I/O CH CK will be reset to inactive.

## Other Circuits

### Speaker

The system unit has a 2-1/4 inch permanent-magnet speaker, which can be driven from:

- The I/O-port output bit
- The timer/counter's CLK OUT 2
- Both of the above

### RAM Jumpers

The system board has a 3-pin, Berg-strip connector (J18). Starting at the front of the system, the pins are numbered 1 through 3. Jumper placement across these pins determines how much system board RAM is enabled. Pin assignments follow.

Pin	Assignments
1	No Connection
2	- RAM SEL
3	Ground

#### RAM Jumper Connector (J18)

The following shows how the jumpers affect RAM.

Jumper Positions	Function
1 and 2	Enable 2nd 256K of system board RAM
2 and 3	Disable 2nd 256K of system board RAM

### RAM Jumper

**Note:** The normal mode is the enable mode. The other mode permits the additional RAM to reside on adapters plugged into the I/O bus.

## Display Switch

Set the slide switch on the system board to select the primary display adapter. Its positions are assigned as follows:

**On (toward the front of the system unit):** The primary display is attached to the Color/Graphics Monitor Adapter or Professional Graphics Controller.

**Off (toward the rear of the system unit):** The primary display is attached to the Monochrome Display and Printer Adapter.

The switch may be set to either position if the primary display is attached to an Enhanced Graphics Adapter.

**Note:** The primary display is activated when the system is powered on.

## Variable Capacitor

The system board has a variable capacitor. Its purpose is to adjust the 14.31818 MHz oscillator signal (OSC), used to obtain the color-burst signal required for color televisions.



# Keyboard Controller

The keyboard controller is a single-chip microcomputer (Intel 8042) that is programmed to support the keyboard serial interface. The keyboard controller receives serial data from the keyboard, checks the parity of the data, translates scan codes, and presents the data to the system as a byte of data in its output buffer. The controller can interrupt the system when data is placed in its output buffer, or wait for the system to poll its status register to determine when data is available.

Data is sent to either keyboard by first polling the controller's status register to determine when the input buffer is ready to accept data and then writing to the input buffer. Each byte of data is sent to the keyboard serially with an odd parity bit automatically inserted. Since both keyboards are required to acknowledge all data transmissions, another byte of data should not be sent to the keyboard until acknowledgement is received for the previous byte sent. The output-buffer-full interrupt may be used for both send and receive routines.

## Keyboard Controller Initialization

At power-on, the keyboard controller sets the system flag bit to 0. After a power-on reset or the execution of the Self Test command, the keyboard controller disables the keyboard interface by forcing the 'keyboard clock' line low. The keyboard interface parameters are specified at this time by writing to locations within the 8042 RAM. The keyboard-inhibit function is then disabled by setting the inhibit-override bit in the command byte. A hex 55 is then placed in the output buffer if no errors are detected during the self test. Any value other than hex 55 indicates that the 8042 is defective. The keyboard interface is now enabled by lifting the 'keyboard data' and 'keyboard clock' signal lines, and the system flag is set to 1. The keyboard controller is then ready to accept commands from the system unit microprocessor or receive keyboard data.

The initialization sequence causes the 101/102-Key Keyboard to establish Mode 2 protocol (see "Data Stream" on page 4-61).

## Receiving Data from the Keyboard

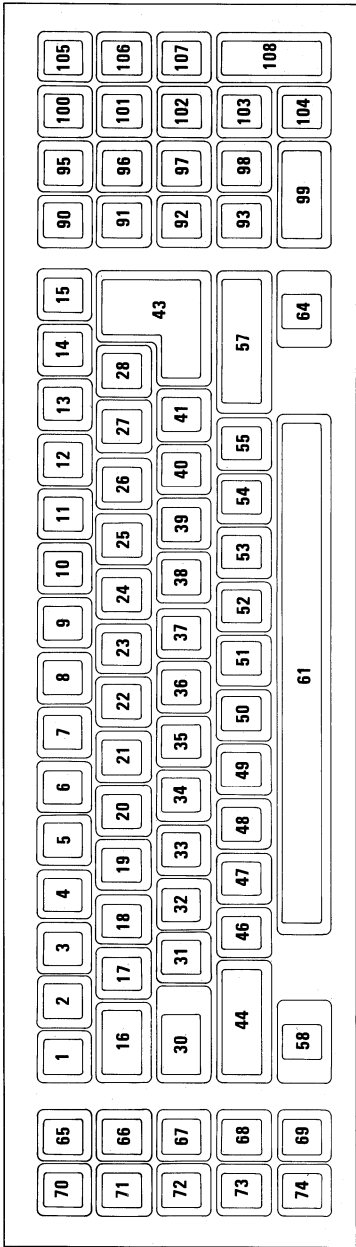
The keyboard sends data in a serial format using an 11-bit frame. The first bit is a start bit, and is followed by eight data bits, an odd parity bit, and a stop bit. Data sent is synchronized by a clock supplied by the keyboard. At the end of a transmission, the keyboard controller disables the interface until the system accepts the byte. If the byte of data is received with a parity error, a Resend command is automatically sent to the keyboard. If the keyboard controller is unable to receive the data correctly after a set number of retries, a hex FF is placed in its output buffer, and the parity bit in the status register is set to 1, indicating a receive parity error. The keyboard controller will also time a byte of data from the keyboard. If a keyboard transmission does not end within 2 milliseconds, a hex FF is placed in the keyboard controller's output buffer, and the receive time-out bit in the status register is set. No retries will be attempted on a receive time-out error.

**Note:** When a receive error occurs in the default mode (bits 5, 6, and 7 of the command byte set to 0), hex 00 is placed in the output buffer instead of hex FF. See “Commands (I/O Address Hex 64)” on page 1-51 for a detailed description of the command byte.

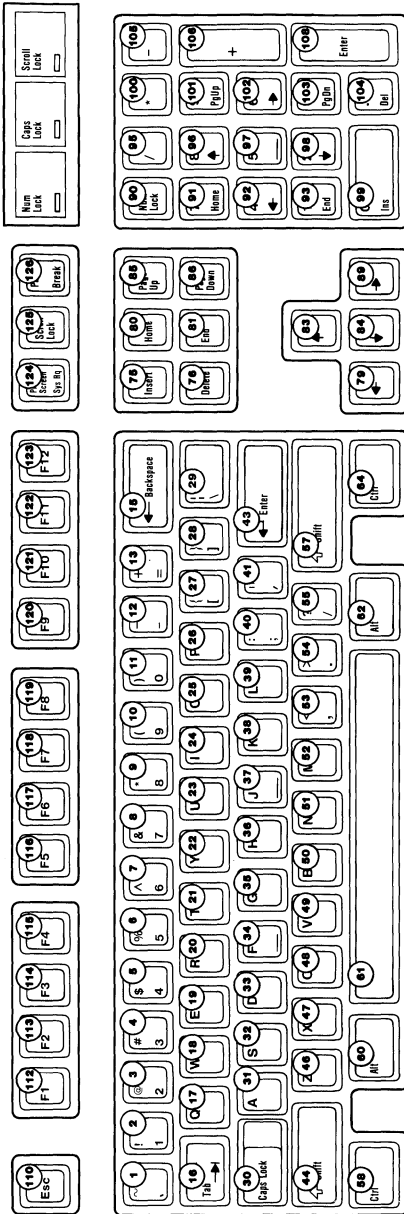
## Scan Code Translation

Scan codes received from the keyboard are converted by the keyboard controller before being placed into the controller's output buffer. The following figures show the 84-key and the 101/102-key keyboard layouts. Each key position is numbered for reference.

# 84-Key Keyboard



# 101-Key Keyboard





The following figure is the scan-code translation table.

System Scan Code	Keyboard Scan Code	Key (101/102-key)	Key (84-key)
01	76	110	90
02	16	2	2
03	1E	3	3
04	26	4	4
05	25	5	5
06	2E	6	6
07	36	7	7
08	3D	8	8
09	3E	9	9
0A	46	10	10
0B	45	11	11
0C	4E	12	12
0D	55	13	13
0E	66	15	15
0F	0D	16	16
10	15	17	17
11	1D	18	18
12	24	19	19
13	2D	20	20
14	2C	21	21
15	35	22	22
16	3C	23	23
17	43	24	24
18	44	25	25
19	4D	26	26
1A	54	27	27
1B	5B	28	28
1C	5A	43	43
1D	14	58	30
1E	1C	31	31
1F	1B	32	32
20	23	33	33
21	2B	34	34
22	34	35	35
23	33	36	36
24	3B	37	37
25	42	38	38
26	4B	39	39
27	4C	40	40
28	52	41	41
29	0E	1	1
2A	12	44	44
2B	5D	29 (U.S. only) 42 (except U.S.)	14
2C	1A	46	46
2D	22	47	47
2E	21	48	48
2F	2A	49	49

Scan-Code Translation Table (Part 1 of 3)

System Scan Code	Keyboard Scan Code	Key (101/102-key)	Key (84-key)
30	32	50	50
31	31	51	51
32	3A	52	52
33	41	53	53
34	49	54	54
35	4A	55	55
36	59	57	57
38	11	60	58
39	29	61	61
3A	58	30	64
3B	05	112	70
3C	06	113	65
3D	04	114	71
3E	0C	115	66
3F	03	116	72
40	0B	117	67
41	02 or 83	118	73
42	0A	119	68
43	01	120	74
44	09	121	69
45	77	-	95
46	7E	125	100
47	6C	91	91
48	75	96	96
49	7D	101	101
4A	7B	105	107
4B	6B	92	92
4C	73	97	97
4D	74	102	102
4E	79	106	108
4F	69	93	93
50	72	98	98
51	7A	103	103
52	70	99	99
53	71	104	104
54	7F or 84	-	105
D5	F0 60	45 (except U.S.)	-
D9	F0 0F	122	-
DA	F0 17	123	-
FF	00	-	-
2A 37	12 7C	124	-
45 C5	77 F0 77	90	-
E0 1C	F0 47 5A	108	-
E0 1D	F0 47 14	64	-
E0 35	F0 47 4A	95	-
E0 37	F0 47 7C	100	-
E0 38	F0 47 11	62	-
E0 47	F0 47 6C	80	-

**Scan-Code Translation Table (Part 2 of 3)**

System Scan Code	Keyboard Scan Code	Key (101/102-key)	Key (84-key)
E0 48	F0 47 75	83	-
E0 49	F0 47 7D	85	-
E0 4B	F0 47 6B	79	-
E0 4D	F0 47 74	89	-
E0 4F	F0 47 69	81	-
E0 50	F0 47 72	84	-
E0 51	F0 47 7A	86	-
E0 52	F0 47 70	75	-
E0 53	F0 47 71	76	-
1D E0 45 E0 C5 9D	14 F0 47 77 F0 47 F0 77 F0 14	126	-

**Scan-Code Translation Table (Part 3 of 3)**



# Notes:

The following scan codes are reserved.

Key	Keyboard Scan Code	System Scan Code
Reserved	60	55
Reserved	61	56
Reserved	78	57
Reserved	07	58
Reserved	0F	59
Reserved	17	5A
Reserved	1F	5B
Reserved	27	5C
Reserved	2F	5D
Reserved	37	5E
Reserved	3F	5F
Reserved	47	60
Reserved	4F	61
Reserved	56	62
Reserved	5E	63
Reserved	08	64
Reserved	10	65
Reserved	18	66
Reserved	20	67
Reserved	28	68
Reserved	30	69
Reserved	38	6A
Reserved	40	6B
Reserved	48	6C
Reserved	50	6D
Reserved	57	6E
Reserved	6F	6F
Reserved	13	70
Reserved	19	71
Reserved	39	72
Reserved	51	73
Reserved	53	74
Reserved	5C	75
Reserved	5F	76
Reserved	62	77
Reserved	63	78
Reserved	64	79
Reserved	65	7A
Reserved	67	7B
Reserved	68	7C
Reserved	6A	7D
Reserved	6D	7E
Reserved	6E	7F

**Reserved Scan-Code Translation Table**

## **Sending Data to the Keyboard**

The keyboard sends data in the same serial format used to receive data from the keyboard. A parity bit is automatically inserted by the keyboard controller. If the keyboard does not start clocking the data from the keyboard controller within 15 milliseconds, or complete that clocking within 2 milliseconds, a hex FE is placed in the keyboard controller's output buffer, and the transmit time-out error bit is set in the status register.

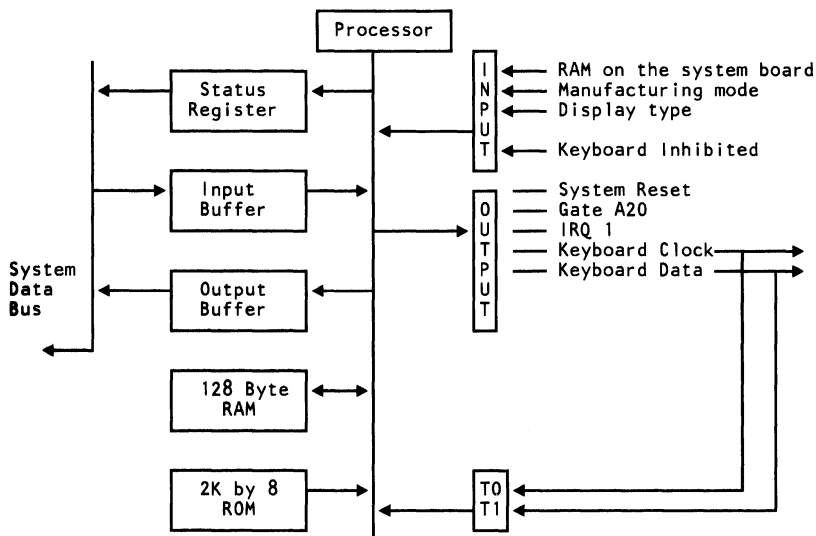
The keyboard is required to respond to all transmissions. The keyboard responds to any valid command and parameter, other than Echo and Resend, with an Acknowledge (ACK) response, hex FA. If the response contains a parity error, the keyboard controller places a hex FE in its output buffer, and the transmit time-out and parity error bits are set in the status register. The keyboard controller is programmed to set a 25-millisecond time limit for the keyboard to respond. If this time limit is exceeded, the keyboard controller places a hex FE in its output buffer and sets the transmit time-out and receive time-out error bits in the status register. No retries are attempted by the keyboard controller for any transmission error.

## **Inhibit**

The keyboard interface may be inhibited by setting input port bit 7 (keyboard inhibit switch) to 0. All transmissions to the keyboard will be allowed regardless of the state of this bit. The keyboard controller tests data received from the keyboard to determine if the byte received is a command response or a scan code. If the byte is a command response, it is placed in the keyboard controller's output buffer. If the byte is a scan code, it is ignored.

## **Keyboard Controller System Interface**

The keyboard controller communicates with the system through a status register, an output buffer, and an input buffer. The following figure is a block diagram of the keyboard interface.



**Keyboard Controller Interface Block Diagram**

## Status Register

The status register is an 8-bit read-only register at I/O address hex 64. It has information about the state of the keyboard controller (8042) and interface. It may be read at any time.

### Status-Register Bit Definition

- Bit 7** Parity Error—A 0 indicates the last byte of data received from the keyboard had odd parity. A 1 indicates the last byte had even parity. The keyboard should send data with odd parity.
- Bit 6** Receive Time-Out—A 1 indicates that a transmission was started by the keyboard but did not finish within the programmed receive time-out delay.
- Bit 5** Transmit Time-Out—A 1 indicates that a transmission started by the keyboard controller was not properly completed. If the transmit byte was not clocked out within the specified time limit, this will be the only error.

If the transmit byte was clocked out but a response was not received within the programmed time limit, the transmit time-out and receive time-out error bits are set to 1. If the transmit byte was clocked out but the response was received with a parity error, the transmit time-out and parity error bits are set to 1.

- Bit 4** Inhibit Switch—This bit is updated whenever data is placed in the keyboard controller's output buffer. It reflects the state of the keyboard-inhibit switch. A 0 indicates the keyboard is inhibited.
- Bit 3** Command/Data—The keyboard controller's input buffer may be addressed as either I/O address hex 60 or 64. Address hex 60 is defined as the data port, and address hex 64 is defined as the command port. Writing to address hex 64 sets this bit to 1; writing to address hex 60 sets this bit to 0. The controller uses this bit to determine if the byte in its input buffer should be interpreted as a command byte or a data byte.
- Bit 2** System Flag—This bit is monitored by the system during the reset routine. If it is a 0, the reset was caused by a power on. The controller sets this bit to 0 at power on and it is set to 1 after a successful self test. This bit can be changed by writing to the system flag bit in the command byte (hex 64).
- Bit 1** Input Buffer Full—A 0 indicates that the keyboard controller's input buffer (I/O address hex 60 or 64) is empty. A 1 indicates that data has been written into the buffer but the controller has not read the data. When the controller reads the input buffer, this bit will return to 0.
- Bit 0** Output Buffer Full—A 0 indicates that the keyboard controller's output buffer has no data. A 1 indicates that the controller has placed data into its output buffer but the system has not yet read the data. When the system reads the output buffer (I/O address hex 60), this bit will return to a 0.

## Output Buffer

The output buffer is an 8-bit read-only register at I/O address hex 60. The keyboard controller uses the output buffer to send scan codes received from the keyboard, and data bytes requested by command, to the system. The output buffer should be read only when the output-buffer-full bit in the status register is 1.

## Input Buffer

The input buffer is an 8-bit write-only register at I/O address hex 60 or 64. Writing to address hex 60 sets a flag, which indicates a data write; writing to address hex 64 sets a flag, indicating a command write. Data written to I/O address hex 60 is sent to the keyboard, unless the keyboard controller is expecting a data byte following a controller command. Data should be written to the controller's input buffer only if the input buffer's full bit in the status register is 0. The following are valid keyboard controller commands.

### Commands (I/O Address Hex 64)

- 20**    Read Keyboard Controller's Command Byte—The controller sends its current command byte to its output buffer.
  
- 60**    Write Keyboard Controller's Command Byte—The next byte of data written to I/O address hex 60 is placed in the controller's command byte. Bit definitions of the command byte are as follows:
  - Bit 7**    Reserved—Should be written as a 0.
  
  - Bit 6**    IBM Personal Computer Compatibility Mode—Writing a 1 to this bit causes the controller to convert the scan codes received from the keyboard to those used by the IBM Personal Computer. This includes converting a 2-byte break sequence to the 1-byte IBM Personal Computer format.

**Bit 5** IBM Personal Computer Mode—Writing a 1 to this bit programs the keyboard to support the IBM Personal Computer keyboard interface. In this mode the controller does not check parity or convert scan codes.

**Bit 4** Disable Keyboard—Writing a 1 to this bit disables the keyboard interface by driving the 'clock' line low. Data is not sent or received.

**Bit 3** Inhibit Override—Writing a 1 to this bit disables the keyboard inhibit function.

**Bit 2** System Flag—The value written to this bit is placed in the system flag bit of the controller's status register.

**Bit 1** Reserved—Should be written as a 0.

**Bit 0** Enable Output-Buffer-Full Interrupt—Writing a 1 to this bit causes the controller to generate an interrupt when it places data into its output buffer.

**AA** Self-Test—This commands the controller to perform internal diagnostic tests. A hex 55 is placed in the output buffer if no errors are detected.

**AB** Interface Test—This commands the controller to test the 'keyboard clock' and 'keyboard data' lines. The test result is placed in the output buffer as follows:

- 00** No error detected.
- 01** The 'keyboard clock' line is stuck low.
- 02** The 'keyboard clock' line is stuck high.
- 03** The 'keyboard data' line is stuck low.
- 04** The 'keyboard data' line is stuck high.

- AC** Diagnostic Dump—Sends 16 bytes of the controller's RAM, the current state of the input port, the current state of the output port, and the controller's program status word to the system. All items are sent in scan-code format.
- AD** Disable Keyboard Feature—This command sets bit 4 of the controller's command byte. This disables the keyboard interface by driving the clock line low. Data will not be sent or received.
- AE** Enable Keyboard Interface—This command clears bit 4 of the command byte, which releases the keyboard interface.
- C0** Read Input Port—This commands the controller to read its input port and place the data in its output buffer. This command should be used only if the output buffer is empty.
- D0** Read Output Port—This command causes the controller to read its output port and place the data in its output buffer. This command should be issued only if the output buffer is empty.
- D1** Write Output Port—The next byte of data written to I/O address hex 60 is placed in the controller's output port.
- Note:** Bit 0 of the controller's output port is connected to System Reset. This bit should not be written low as it will reset the microprocessor.
- E0** Read Test Inputs—This command causes the controller to read its T0 and T1 inputs. This data is placed in the output buffer. Data bit 0 represents T0, and data bit 1 represents T1.



**F0–FF** Pulse Output Port—Bits 0 through 3 of the controller's output port may be pulsed low for approximately 6 microseconds. Bits 0 through 3 of this command indicate which bits are to be pulsed. A 0 indicates that the bit should be pulsed, and a 1 indicates the bit should not be modified.

**Note:** Bit 0 of the controller's output port is connected to System Reset. Pulsing this bit resets the microprocessor.

## **I/O Ports**

The keyboard controller has two I/O ports, one assigned for input and the other for output. Two test inputs are used by the controller to read the state of the keyboard's 'clock' (T0) and 'data' (T1) lines.

The following figures show bit definitions for the input and output ports, and the test-inputs.

Bit 7	Keyboard inhibit switch 0 = Keyboard inhibited 1 = Keyboard not inhibited
Bit 6	Display switch - Primary display attached to: 0 = Color/Graphics adapter 1 = Monochrome adapter
Bit 5	Manufacturing Jumper 0 = Manufacturing jumper installed 1 = Jumper not installed
Bit 4	RAM on the system board 0 = Enable 512K of system board RAM 1 = Enable 256K of system board RAM
Bit 3	Reserved
Bit 2	Reserved
Bit 1	Reserved
Bit 0	Reserved

### Input-Port Bit Definitions

Bit 7	Keyboard data (output)
Bit 6	Keyboard clock (output)
Bit 5	Input buffer empty
Bit 4	Output buffer full
Bit 3	Reserved
Bit 2	Reserved
Bit 1	Gate A20
Bit 0	System reset

### Output-Port Bit Definitions

T1	Keyboard data (input)
T0	Keyboard clock (input)

### Test-Input Bit Definitions

# Real-Time Clock/CMOS RAM Information

The RT/CMOS RAM chip (Motorola MC146818) contains the real-time clock and 64 bytes of CMOS RAM. The internal clock circuitry uses 14 bytes of this RAM, and the rest is allocated to configuration information. The following figure shows the CMOS RAM addresses.

Addresses	Description
00 - 0D	* Real-time clock information
0E	* Diagnostic status byte
0F	* Shutdown status byte
10	Diskette drive type byte - drives A and B
11	Reserved
12	Fixed disk type byte - types 1-14
13	Reserved
14	Equipment byte
15	Low base memory byte
16	High base memory byte
17	Low expansion memory byte
18	High expansion memory byte
19	Disk C extended byte
1A	Disk D extended byte
1B - 2D	Reserved
2E - 2F	2-byte CMOS checksum
30	* Low expansion memory byte
31	* High expansion memory byte
32	* Date century byte
33	* Information flags (set during power on)
34 - 3F	Reserved

## CMOS RAM Address Map

\* These bytes are not included in the checksum calculation and are not part of the configuration record.

## Real-Time Clock Information

The following figure describes real-time clock bytes and specifies their addresses.

Byte	Function	Address
0	Seconds	00
1	Second Alarm	01
2	Minutes	02
3	Minute Alarm	03
4	Hours	04
5	Hour Alarm	05
6	Day of Week	06
7	Date of Month	07
8	Month	08
9	Year	09
10	Status Register A	0A
11	Status Register B	0B
12	Status Register C	0C
13	Status Register D	0D

### Real-Time Clock Information (Addresses 00 - 0D)

**Note:** The setup program initializes registers A, B, C, and D when the time and date are set. Also Interrupt 1A is the BIOS interface to read/set the time and date. It initializes the status bytes the same as the Setup program.

### Status Register A

- Bit 7** Update in Progress (UIP)—A 1 indicates the time update cycle is in progress. A 0 indicates the current date and time are available to read.
- Bit 6–Bit 4** 22-Stage Divider (DV2 through DV0)—These three divider-selection bits identify which time-base frequency is being used. The system initializes the stage divider to 010, which selects a 32.768-kHz time base.

**Bit 3–Bit 0** Rate Selection Bits (RS3 through RS0)—These bits allow the selection of a divider output frequency. The system initializes the rate selection bits to 0110, which selects a 1.024-kHz square wave output frequency and a 976.562-microsecond periodic interrupt rate.

## **Status Register B**

- Bit 7** Set—A 0 updates the cycle normally by advancing the counts at one-per-second. A 1 aborts any update cycle in progress and the program can initialize the 14 time-bytes without any further updates occurring until a 0 is written to this bit.
- Bit 6** Periodic Interrupt Enable (PIE)—This bit is a read/write bit that allows an interrupt to occur at a rate specified by the rate and divider bits in register A. A 1 enables an interrupt, and a 0 disables it. The system initializes this bit to 0.
- Bit 5** Alarm Interrupt Enable (AIE)—A 1 enables the alarm interrupt, and a 0 disables it. The system initializes this bit to 0.
- Bit 4** Update-Ended Interrupt Enabled (UIE)—A 1 enables the update-ended interrupt, and a 0 disables it. The system initializes this bit to 0.
- Bit 3** Square Wave Enabled (SQWE)—A 1 enables the the square-wave frequency as set by the rate selection bits in register A, and a 0 disables the square wave. The system initializes this bit to 0.
- Bit 2** Date Mode (DM)—This bit indicates whether the time and date calendar updates are to use binary or binary coded decimal (BCD) formats. A 1 indicates binary, and a 0 indicates BCD. The system initializes this bit to 0.

- Bit 1** 24/12—This bit indicates whether the hours byte is in the 24-hour or 12-hour mode. A 1 indicates the 24-hour mode and a 0 indicates the 12-hour mode. The system initializes this bit to 1.
- Bit 0** Daylight Savings Enabled (DSE)—A 1 enables daylight savings and a 0 disables daylight savings (standard time). The system initializes this bit to 0.

### Status Register C

- Bit 7–Bit 4** IRQF, PF, AF, UF—These flag bits are read-only and are affected when the AIE, PIE, and UIE bits in register B are set to 1.
- Bit 3–Bit 0** Reserved—Should be written as a 0.

### Status Register D

- Bit 7** Valid RAM Bit (VRB)—This bit is read-only and indicates the status of the power-sense pin (battery level). A 1 indicates battery power to the real-time clock is good. A 0 indicates the battery is dead, so RAM is not valid.
- Bits 6–Bit 0** Reserved—Should be written as a 0.

## CMOS RAM Configuration Information

The following lists show bit definitions for the CMOS configuration bytes (addresses hex 0E – 3F).

### Diagnostic Status Byte (Hex 0E)

- Bit 7** Power status of the real-time clock chip—A 0 indicates that the chip has not lost power, and a 1 indicates that the chip lost power.

- Bit 6** Configuration Record (Checksum Status Indicator)—A 0 indicates that checksum is good, and a 1 indicates it is bad.
- Bit 5** Incorrect Configuration Information—This is a check, at power-on time, of the equipment byte of the configuration record. A 0 indicates that the configuration information is valid, and a 1 indicates it is invalid. Power-on checks require:
- At least one diskette drive to be installed (bit 0 of the equipment byte set to 1).
  - The primary display adapter setting in configuration matches the system board's display switch setting and the actual display adapter hardware in the system.
- Bit 4** Memory Size Comparison—A 0 indicates that the power-on check determined the same memory size as in the configuration record, and a 1 indicates the memory size is different.
- Bit 3** Fixed Disk Adapter/Drive C Initialization Status—A 0 indicates that the adapter and drive are functioning properly and the system can attempt "boot up." A 1 indicates that the adapter and/or drive C failed initialization, which prevents the system from attempting to "boot up."
- Bit 2** Time Status Indicator (POST validity check)— A 0 indicates that the time is valid, and a 1 indicates that it is invalid.
- Bit 1–Bit 0** Reserved

## Shutdown Status Byte (Hex 0F)

The bits in this byte are defined by the power on diagnostics. For more information about this byte, refer to "System BIOS".

## Diskette Drive Type Byte (Hex 10)

**Bit 7–Bit 4** Type of first diskette drive installed:

- 0000** No drive is present.
- 0001** Double Sided Diskette Drive (48 TPI).
- 0010** High Capacity Diskette Drive (96 TPI).

**Note:** 0100 through 1111 are reserved.

**Bit 3–Bit 0** Type of second diskette drive installed:

- 0000** No drive is present.
- 0001** Double Sided Diskette Drive (48 TPI).
- 0010** High Capacity Diskette Drive (96 TPI).

**Note:** 0100 through 1111 are reserved.

**Hex address 11 contains a reserved byte.**



## Fixed Disk Type Byte (Hex 12)

**Bit 7–Bit 4** Defines the type of first fixed disk drive installed (drive C):

**0000** No fixed disk drive is present.

**0001** Define type 1 through type 14 as shown  
**to** in the following table (also see BIOS  
**1110** listing at label FD\_TBL)

**1111** Type 16 through 255. See “Drive C  
Extended Byte (Hex 19)” on page 1-65.

**Bit 3–Bit 0** Defines the type of second fixed disk drive installed (drive D):

**0000** No fixed disk drive is present.

**0001** Define type 1 through type 14 as shown  
**to** in the following table (also see BIOS  
**1110** listing at label FD\_TBL)

**1111** Type 16 through 255. See “Drive D  
Extended Byte (Hex 1A)” on page 1-65.

The following table shows the BIOS fixed disk parameters.

Type	Cylinders	Heads	Write Pre-Comp	Landing Zone
1	306	4	128	305
2	615	4	300	615
3	615	6	300	615
4	940	8	512	940
5	940	6	512	940
6	615	4	None	615
7	462	8	256	511
8	733	5	None	733
9	900	15	None	901
10	820	3	None	820
11	855	5	None	855
12	855	7	None	855
13	306	8	128	319
14	733	7	None	733
15	Extended Parameters (hex 19 and 1A)			

### BIOS Fixed Disk Parameters

**Hex address 13 contains a reserved byte.**

### Equipment Byte (Hex 14)

**Bit 7–Bit 6** Indicates the number of diskette drives installed:

- 00** 1 drive
- 01** 2 drives
- 10** Reserved
- 11** Reserved

**Bit 5–Bit 4** Primary display

**00** Primary display is attached to an adapter that has its own BIOS, such as one of the following:

- the Enhanced Graphics Adapter
- the Professional Graphics Controller.

- 01** Primary display is in the 40-column mode and attached to the Color/Graphics Monitor Adapter.
- 10** Primary display is in the 80-column mode and attached to the Color/Graphics Monitor Adapter.
- 11** Primary display is attached to the Monochrome Display and Printer Adapter.

**Bit 3–Bit 2** Not used.

**Bit 1** Math Coprocessor presence bit:

- 0** Math Coprocessor not installed
- 1** Math Coprocessor installed

**Bit 0** Diskette drive presence bit:

- 0** Diskette drive not installed
- 1** Diskette drive installed

**Note:** The equipment byte defines basic equipment in the system for power-on diagnostics.

### **Low and High Base Memory Bytes (Hex 15 and 16)**

**Bit 7–Bit 0** Address hex 15—Low-byte base size

**Bit 7–Bit 0** Address hex 16—High-byte base size

Valid Sizes:

- 0100H** 256K—system board RAM
- 0200H** 512K—system board RAM
- 0280H** 640K–512K system board RAM, the IBM Personal Computer AT 128KB Memory Expansion Option, or the 128/640KB Memory Expansion Option

## Low and High Expansion Memory Bytes (Hex 17 and 18)

**Bit 7–Bit 0** Address hex 17—Low-byte expansion size

**Bit 7–Bit 0** Address hex 18—High-byte expansion size

Valid Sizes:

**0200H** 512K—Expansion Memory

**0400H** 1024K—Expansion Memory

**0600H** 1536K—Expansion Memory

**through**

**3C00H** 15360K—Expansion Memory (15M maximum).

## Drive C Extended Byte (Hex 19)

**Bit 7–Bit 0** Defines the type of first fixed disk drive installed (drive C):

00000000 through 00001111 are reserved.

00010000 to 11111111 define type 16 through 255 as shown in the following table (see BIOS listing at label FD\_TBL).

## Drive D Extended Byte (Hex 1A)

**Bit 7–Bit 0** Defines the type of second fixed disk drive installed (drive D):

00000000 through 00001111 are reserved.

00010000 to 11111111 define type 16 through 255 as shown in the following table (see BIOS listing at label FD\_TBL).

The following table shows the BIOS fixed disk parameters for fixed disk drive types 16 through 23.

**Note:** Types 24 through 255 are reserved.

Type	Cylinders	Heads	Write Pre-Comp	Landing Zone
16	612	4	All Cyl	663
17	977	5	300	977
18	977	7	None	977
19	1024	7	512	1023
20	733	5	300	732
21	733	7	300	732
22	733	5	300	733
23	306	4	None	336
24	Reserved			
.	.			
255	Reserved			

**BIOS Fixed Disk Parameters (Extended)**

Hex addresses 1B through 2D are reserved.

**Checksum (Hex 2E and 2F)**

**Bit 7–Bit 0** Address hex 2E—High byte of checksum

**Bit 7–Bit 0** Address hex 2F—Low byte of checksum

**Note:** Checksum is calculated on addresses hex 10-2D.

## Low and High Expansion Memory Bytes (Hex 30 and 31)

**Bit 7–Bit 0** Address hex 30—Low-byte expansion size

**Bit 7–Bit 0** Address hex 31—High-byte expansion size

Valid Sizes:

**0200H** 512K—Expansion Memory

**0400H** 1024K—Expansion Memory

**0600H** 1536K—Expansion Memory

**through**

**3C00H** 15360K—Expansion Memory (15M maximum).

**Note:** These bytes reflect the total expansion memory above the 1M address space as determined at power-on time. This expansion memory size can be determined through system interrupt 15 (see the BIOS listing). The base memory at power-on time is determined through the system memory-size-determine interrupt (hex 12).

## Date Century Byte (Hex 32)

**Bit 7–Bit 0** BCD value for the century (BIOS interface to read and set).

## Information Flag (Hex 33)

**Bit 7** When set, this bit indicates that the top 128K of base memory is installed.

**Bit 6** This bit is set to instruct the Setup utility to put out a first user message after initial setup.

**Bit 5–Bit 0** Reserved

**Hex addresses 34 through 3F are reserved.**

## **I/O Operations**

Writing to CMOS RAM involves two steps:

1. OUT to port hex 70 with the CMOS address that will be written to.
2. OUT to port hex 71 with the data to be written.

Reading CMOS RAM also requires two steps:

1. OUT to port hex 70 with the CMOS address that is to be read from.
2. IN from port hex 71, and the data read is returned in the AL register.

# Specifications

## System Unit

### Size

- Length: 538 millimeters (21.2 inches)
- Depth: 429 millimeters (16.9 inches)
- Height: 142 millimeters (5.6 inches)

### Weight

- 19.5 kilograms (43 pounds)

### Power Cables

- Length: 1.8 meters (6 feet)

### Environment

- Air Temperature
  - System On: 15.6 to 32.2 degrees C (60 to 90 degrees F)
  - System Off: 10 to 43 degrees C (50 to 110 degrees F)
- Wet Bulb Temperature
  - System On: 22.8 degrees C (73 degrees F)
  - System Off: 26.7 degrees C (80 degrees F)



- Humidity
  - System On: 8% to 80%
  - System Off: 20% to 80%
- Altitude
  - Maximum altitude: 2133.6 meters (7000 feet)

## **Heat Output**

- 1229 British Thermal Units (BTU) per hour

## **Noise Level**

- 42 decibels average-noise rating (without printer)

## **Electrical**

- Power: 450 VA
- Range 1
  - Nominal: 115 Vac
  - Minimum: 100 Vac
  - Maximum: 125 Vac
- Range 2
  - Nominal: 230 Vac
  - Minimum: 200 Vac
  - Maximum: 240 Vac

## Connectors

The system board has the following additional connectors:

- Two power-supply connectors (PS8 and PS9)
- Speaker connector (J19)
- Power LED and key lock connector (J20)
- Battery connector (J21)
- Keyboard connector (J22)

The pin assignments for the power-supply connectors, PS8 and PS9, are as follows. The pins are numbered 1 through 6 from the rear of the system.

Connector	Pin	Assignments
PS8	1	Power Good
	2	+5 Vdc
	3	+12 Vdc
	4	-12 Vdc
	5	Ground
	6	Ground
PS9	1	Ground
	2	Ground
	3	-5 Vdc
	4	+5 Vdc
	5	+5 Vdc
	6	+5 Vdc

### Power Supply Connectors (PS8, PS9)

The speaker connector, J19, is a 4-pin, keyed, Berg strip. The pins are numbered 1 through 4 from the front of the system. The pin assignments are as follows:

Pin	Function
1	Data out
2	Key
3	Ground
4	+5 Vdc

### Speaker Connector (J19)

The power LED and key lock connector, J20, is a 5-pin Berg strip. The pins are numbered 1 through 5 from the front of the system. The pin assignments are as follows:

Pin	Assignments
1	LED Power
2	Key
3	Ground
4	Keyboard Inhibit
5	Ground

### Power LED and Key Lock Connector (J20)

The battery connector, J21, is a 4-pin, keyed, Berg strip. The pins are numbered 1 through 4 from the right of the system. The pin assignments are as follows:

Pin	Assignments
1	Ground
2	Not Used
3	Key
4	6 Vdc

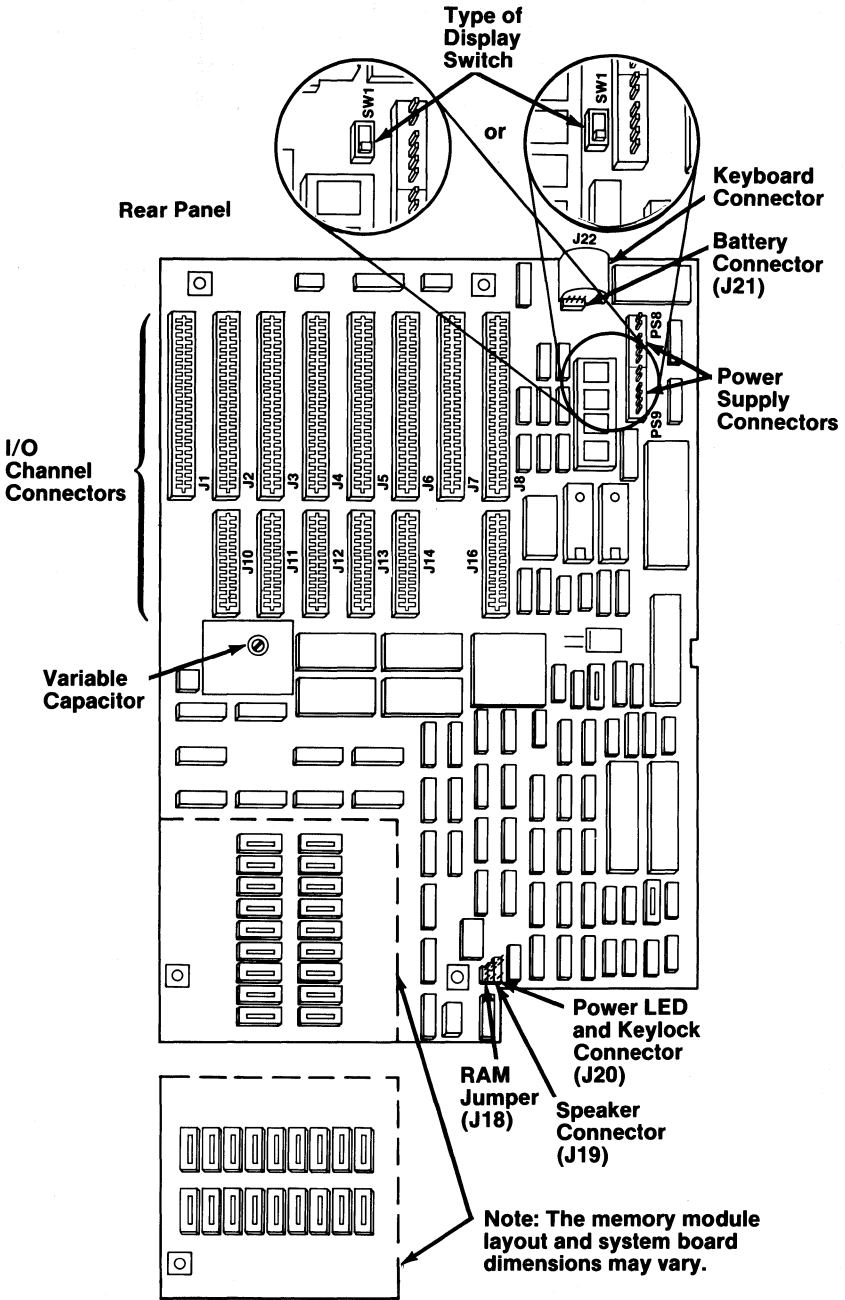
### Battery Connector (J21)

The keyboard connector, J22, is a 5-pin, 90-degree Printed Circuit Board (PCB) mounting, DIN connector. For pin numbering, see the “Keyboard” Section. The pin assignments are as follows:

Pin	Assignments
1	Keyboard Clock
2	Keyboard Data
3	Reserved
4	Ground
5	+5 Vdc

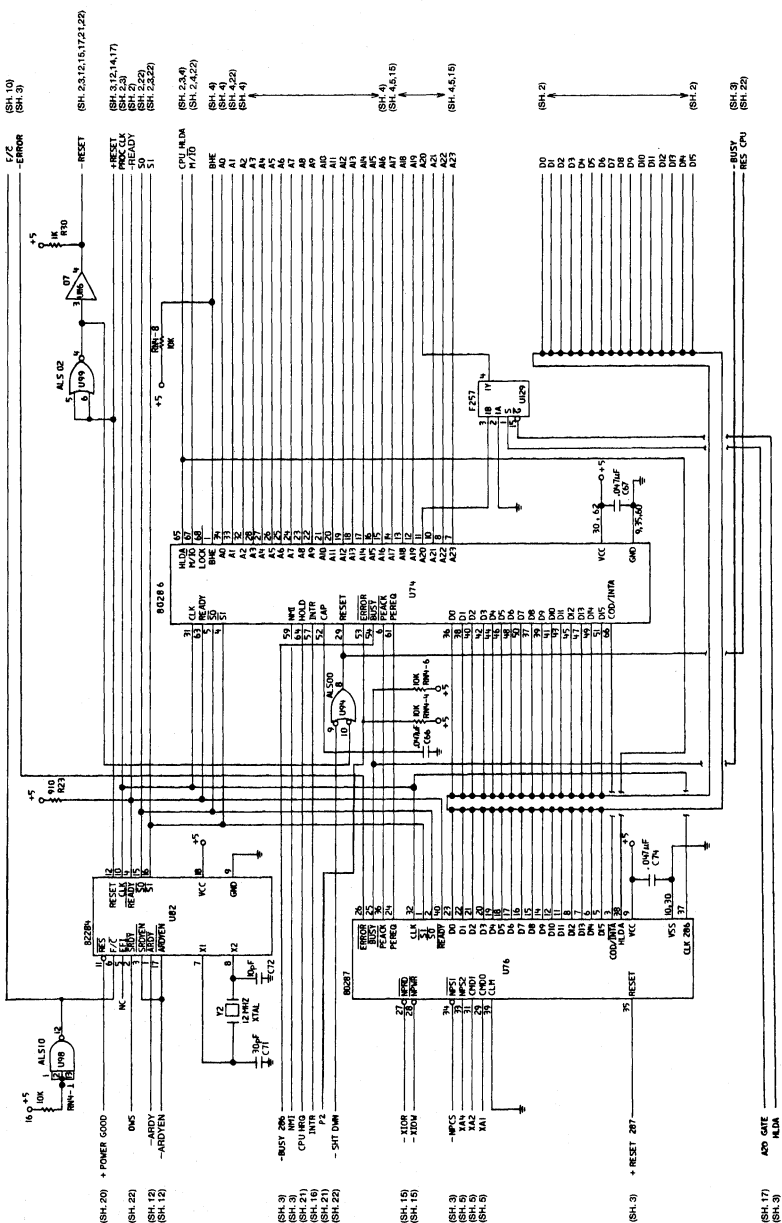
### **Keyboard Connector (J22)**

The following figure shows the layout of the system board.

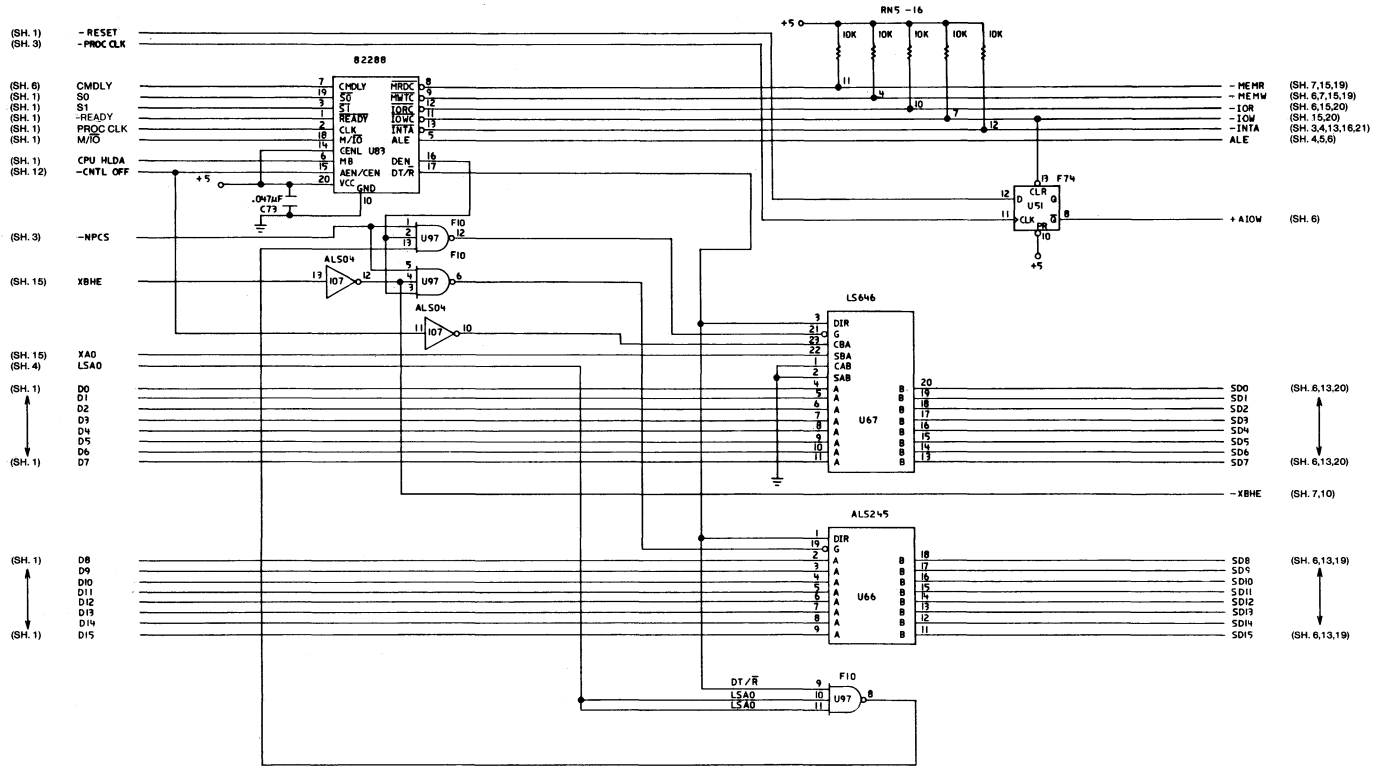


**Notes:**

# Logic Diagrams - Type 1



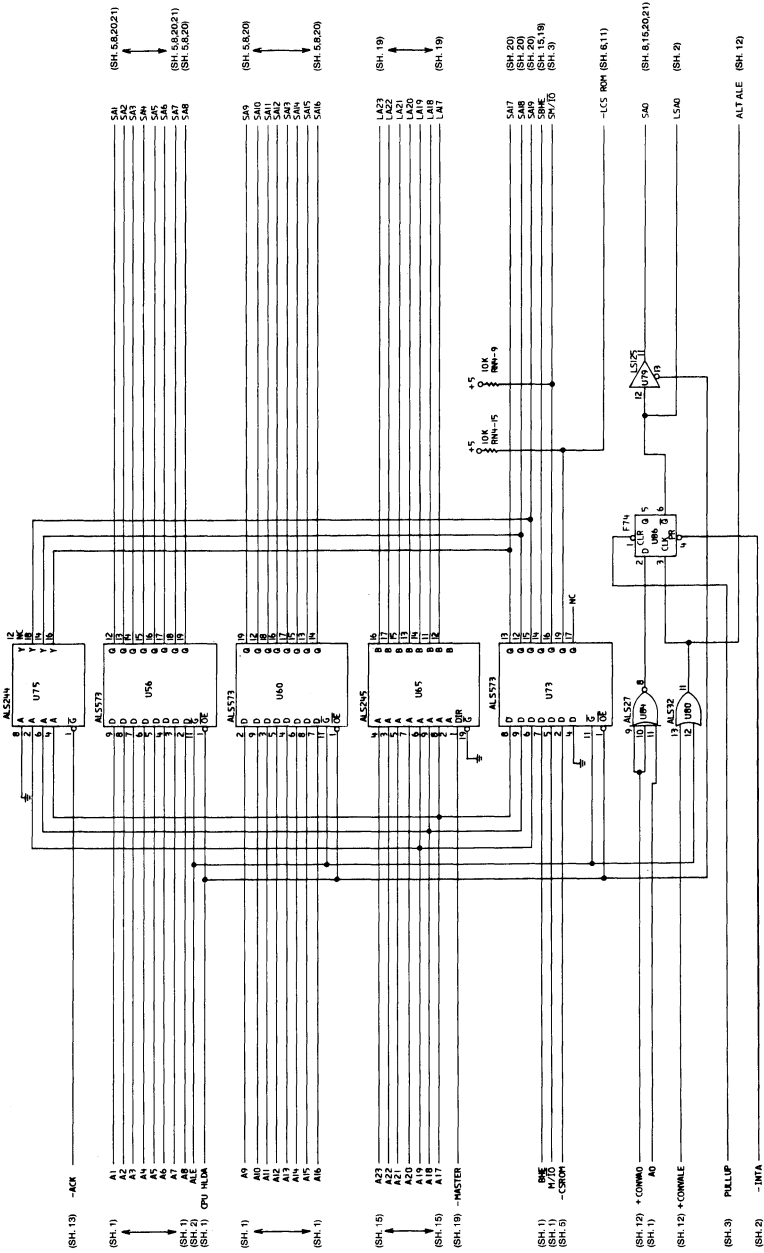
Type 1 512KB Planar (Sheet 1 of 22)



Type 1 512KB Planar (Sheet 2 of 22)

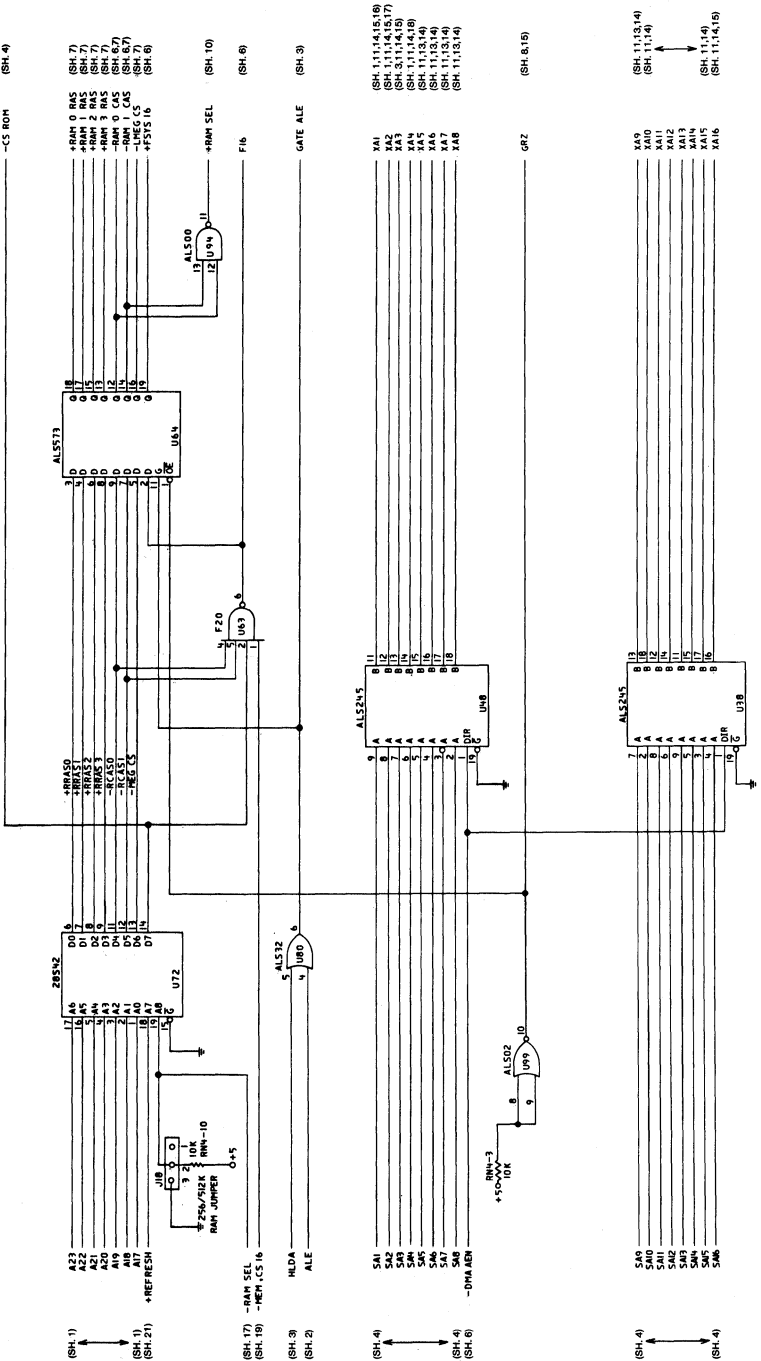




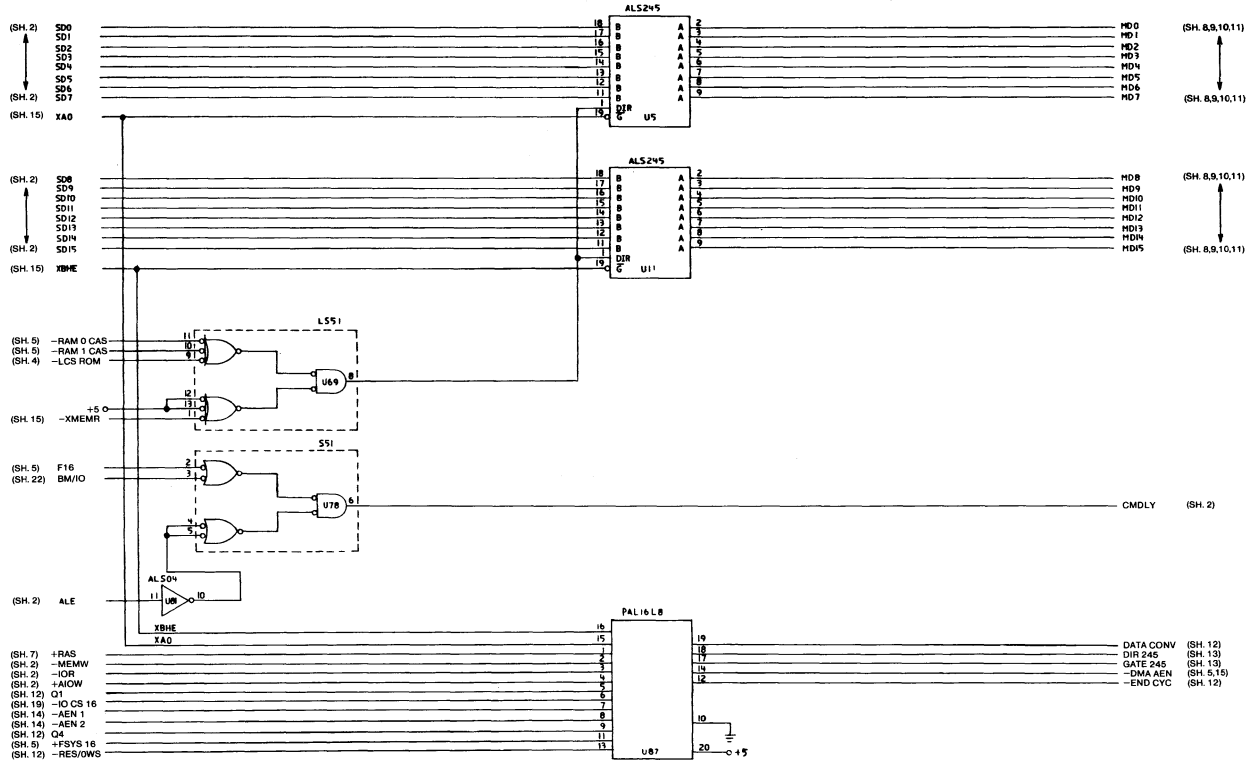


Type 1512KB Planar (Sheet 4 of 22)

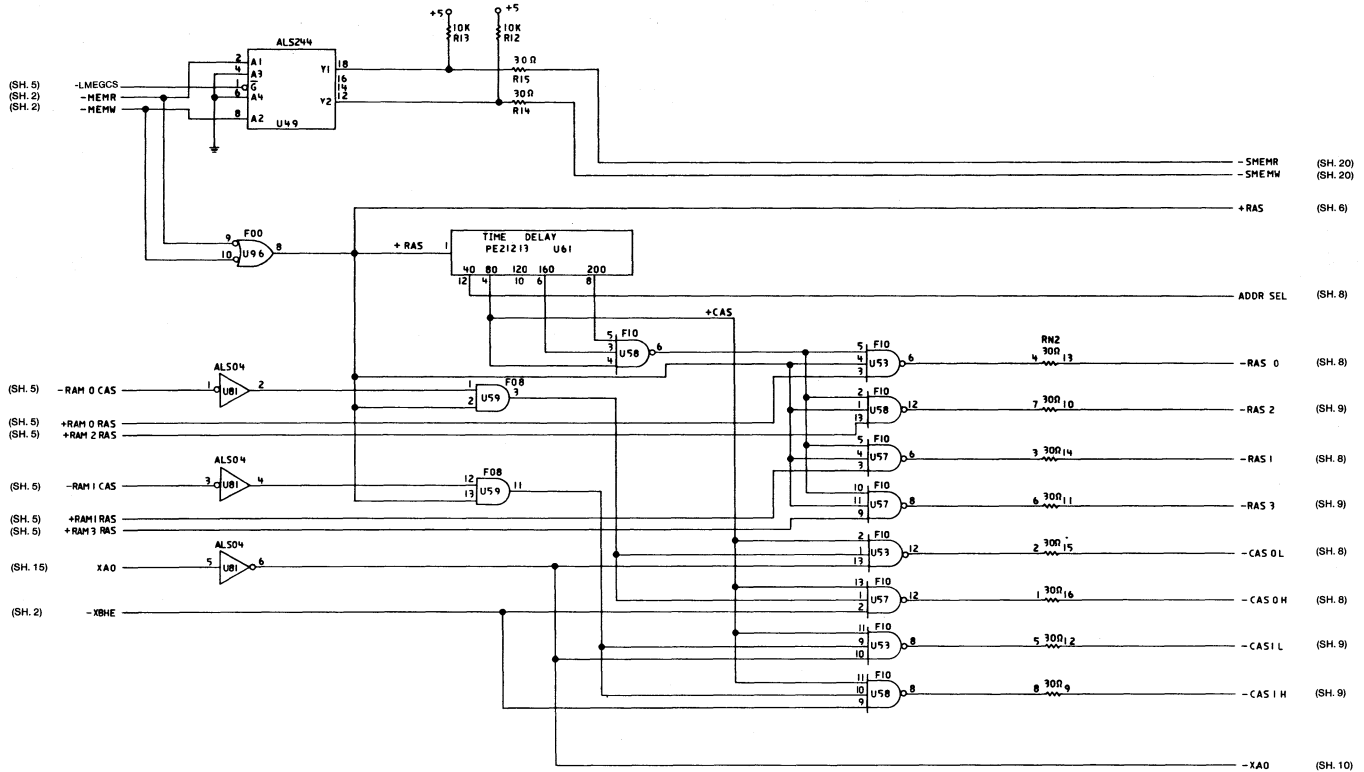
-CS ROM (SH. 4)



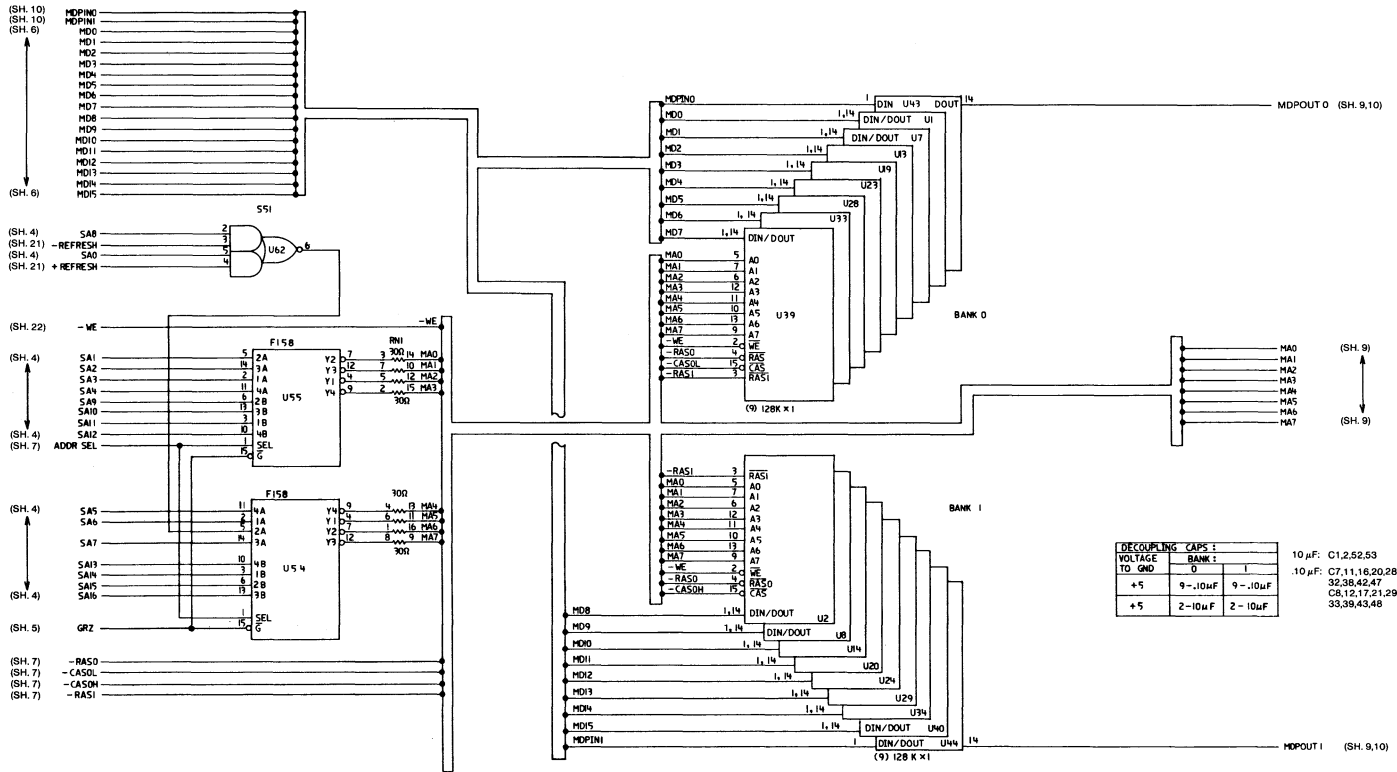
Type 1 512KB Planar (Sheet 5 of 22)



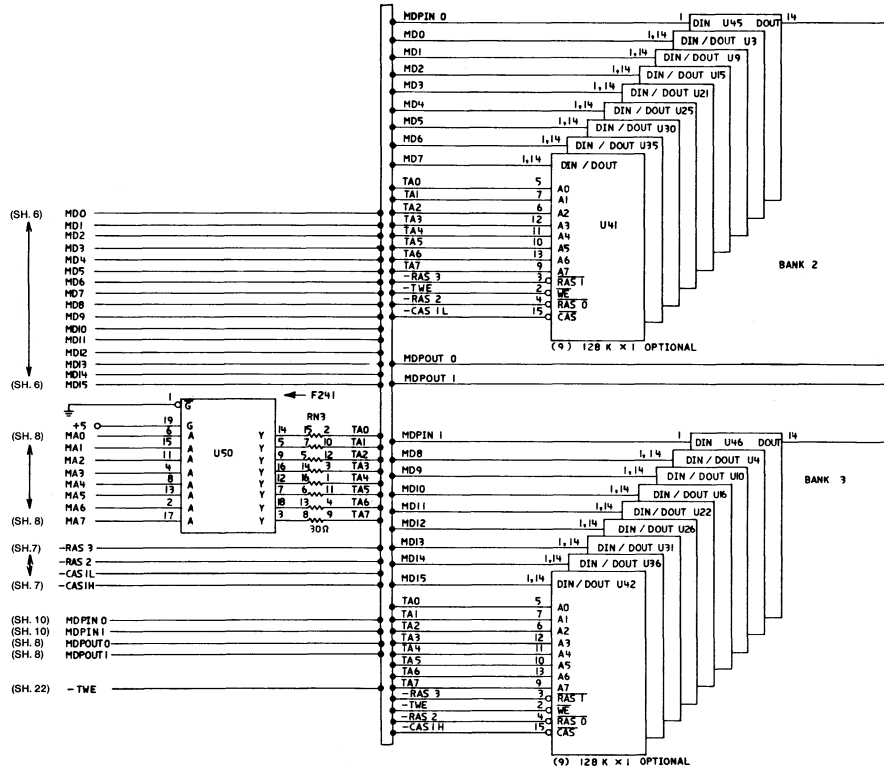
Type 1 512KB Planar (Sheet 6 of 22)



Type 1 512KB Planar (Sheet 7 of 22)



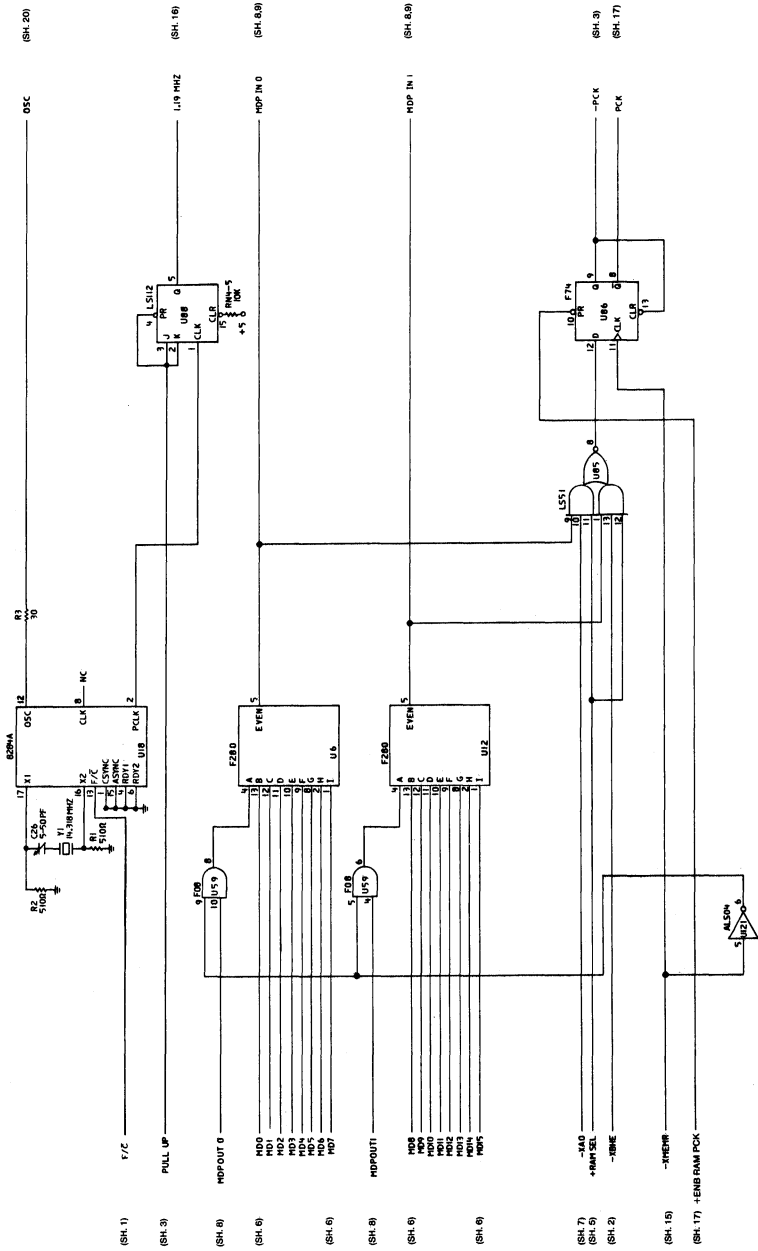
Type 1 512KB Planar (Sheet 8 of 22)



DECOUPLING CAP:			
VOLTAGE TO GND	BANK		
	2	3	
+ 5	9-10µF	9-10µF	
+ 5	2-10µF	2-10µF	

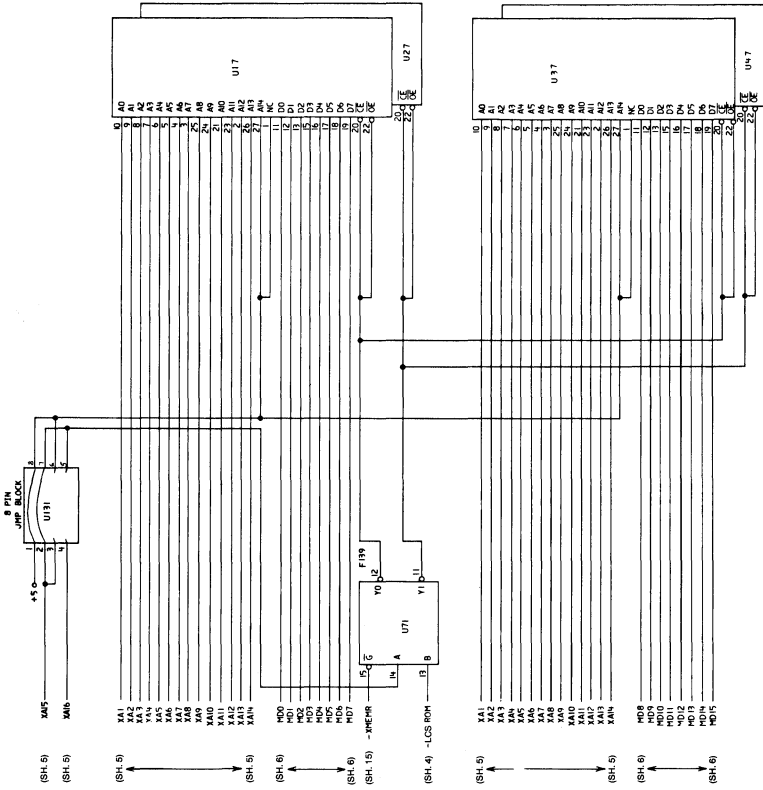
- 10µF: C3,4,5,45,5
- 10µF: C8,13,18,22,30, 34,40,44,48
- C10,14,19,23,31, 35,41,45,50

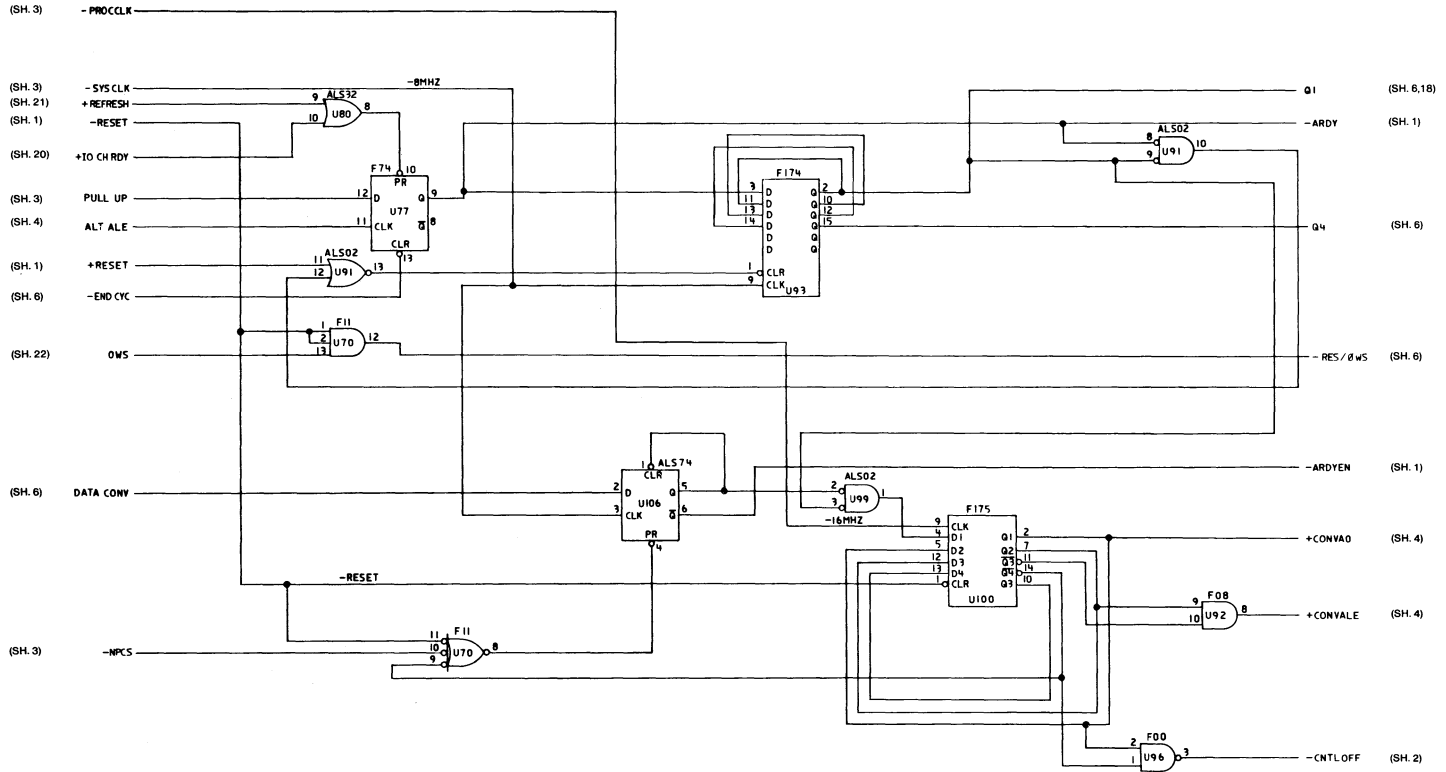
Type 1 512KB Planar (Sheet 9 of 22)



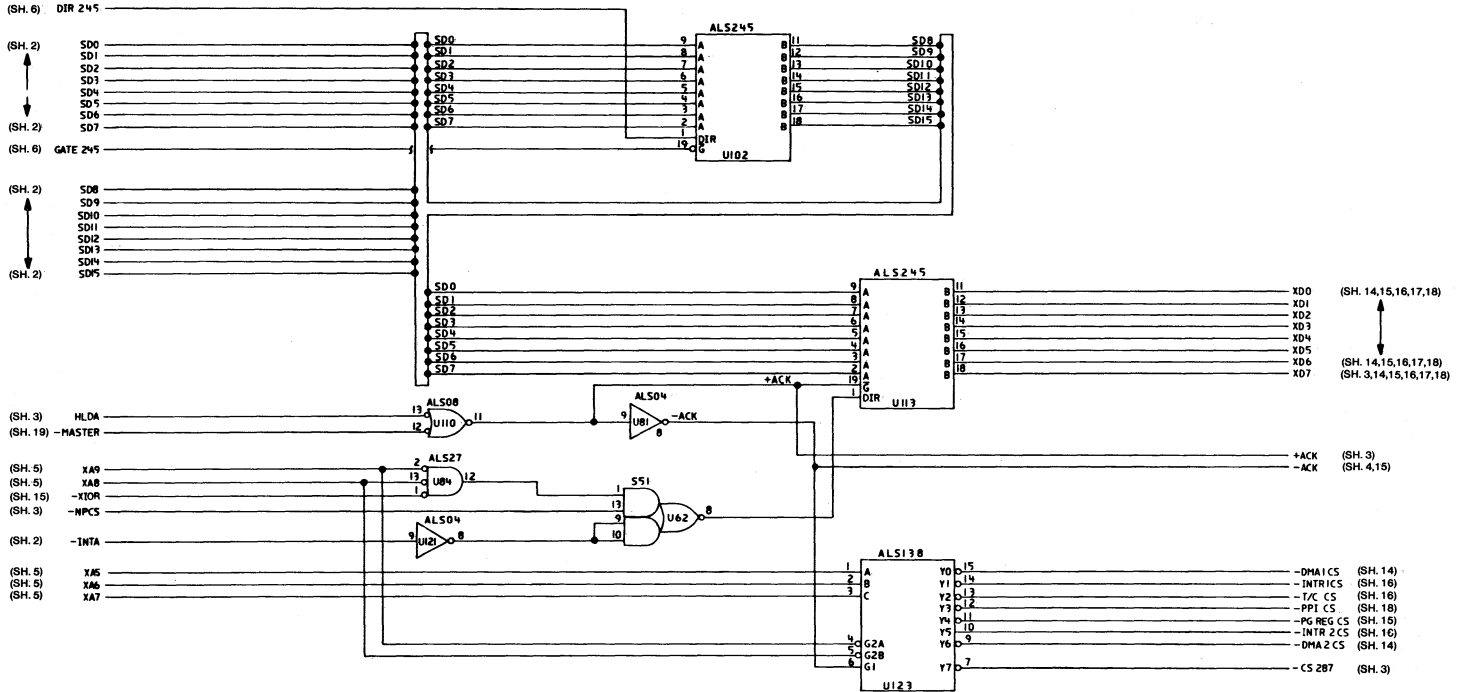
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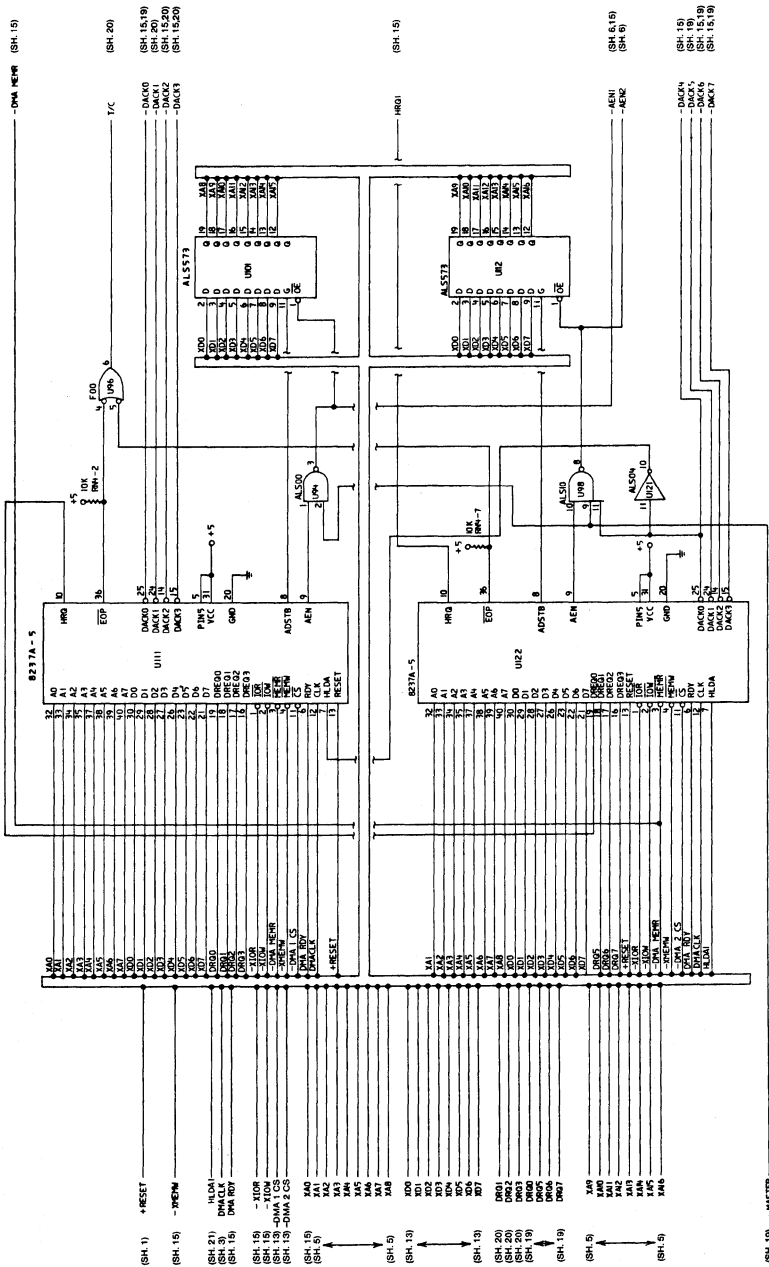




Type 1 512KB Planar (Sheet 12 of 22)

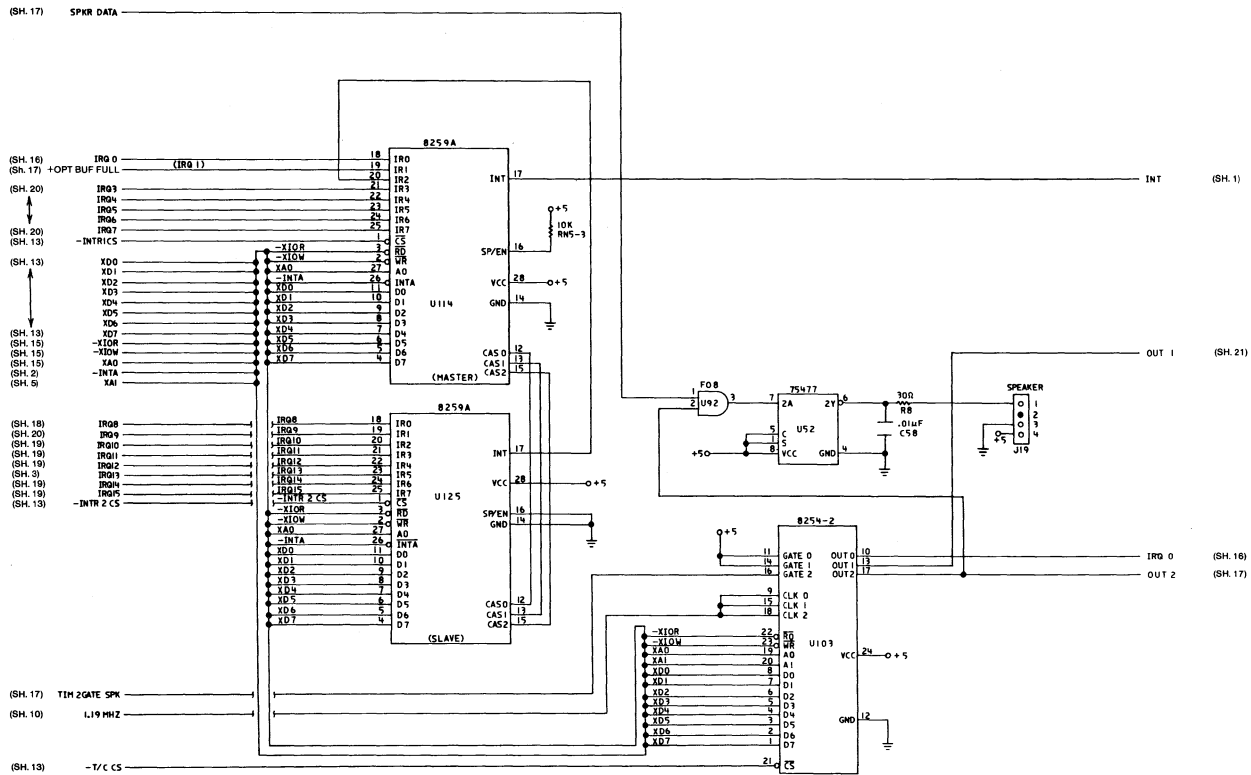


Type 1 512KB Planar (Sheet 13 of 22)

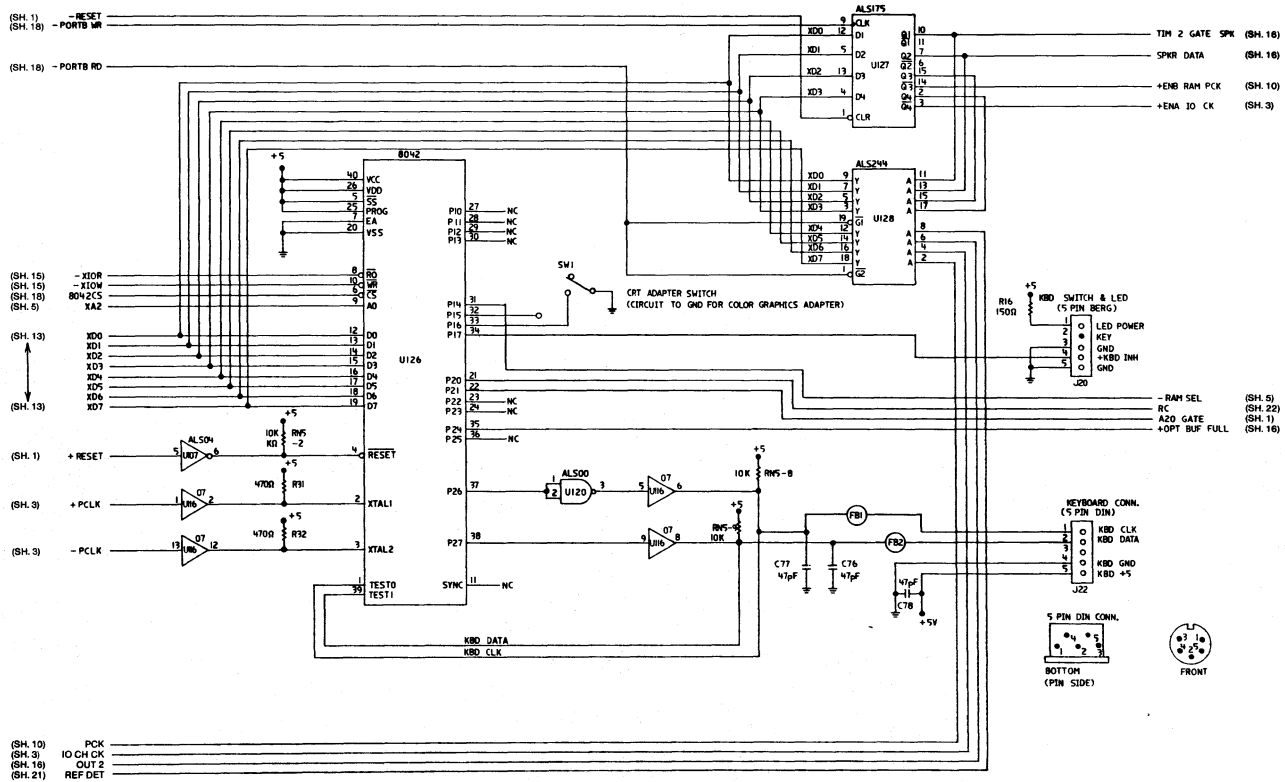


Type 1 512KB Planar (Sheet 14 of 22)

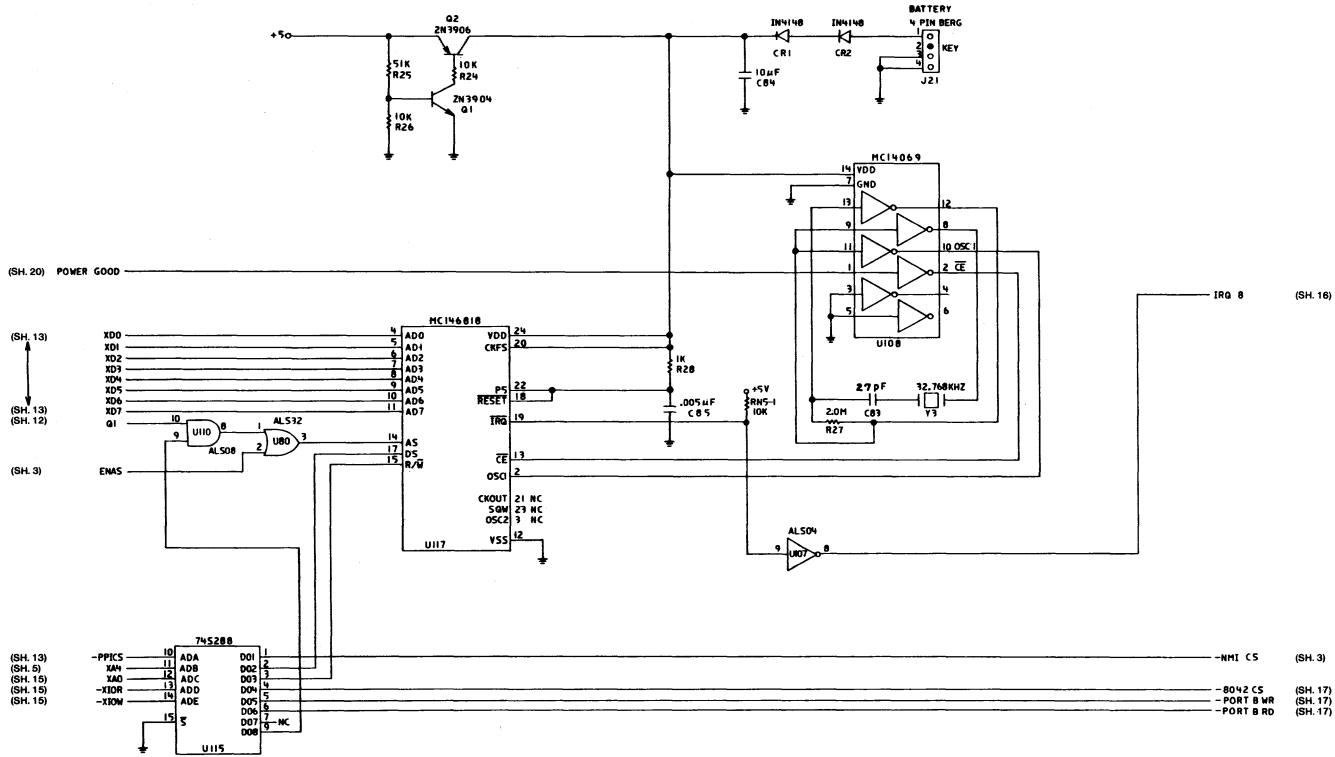




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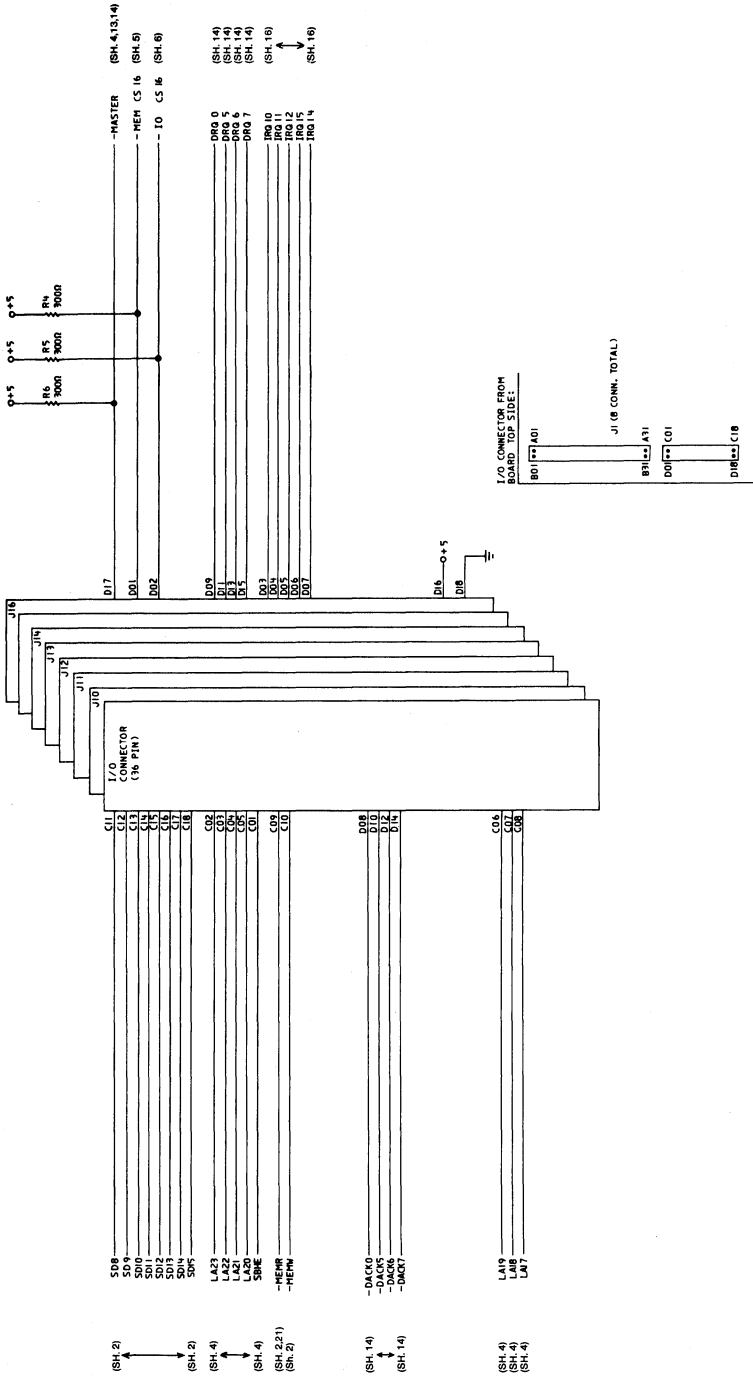


Type 1 512KB Planar (Sheet 17 of 22)



Type 1 512KB Planar (Sheet 18 of 22)

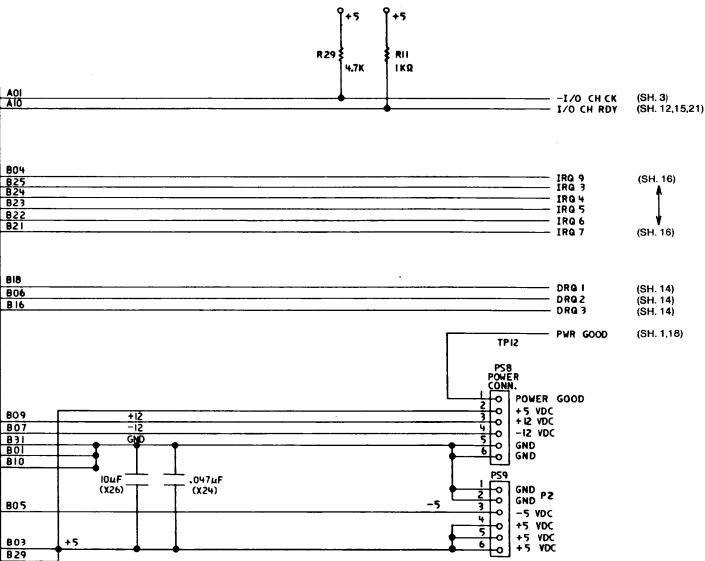
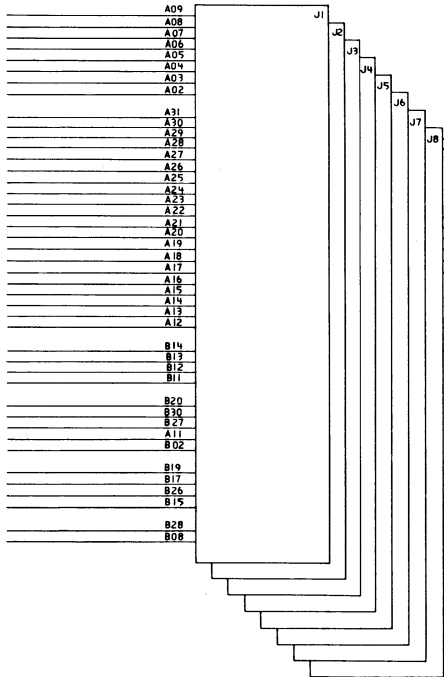




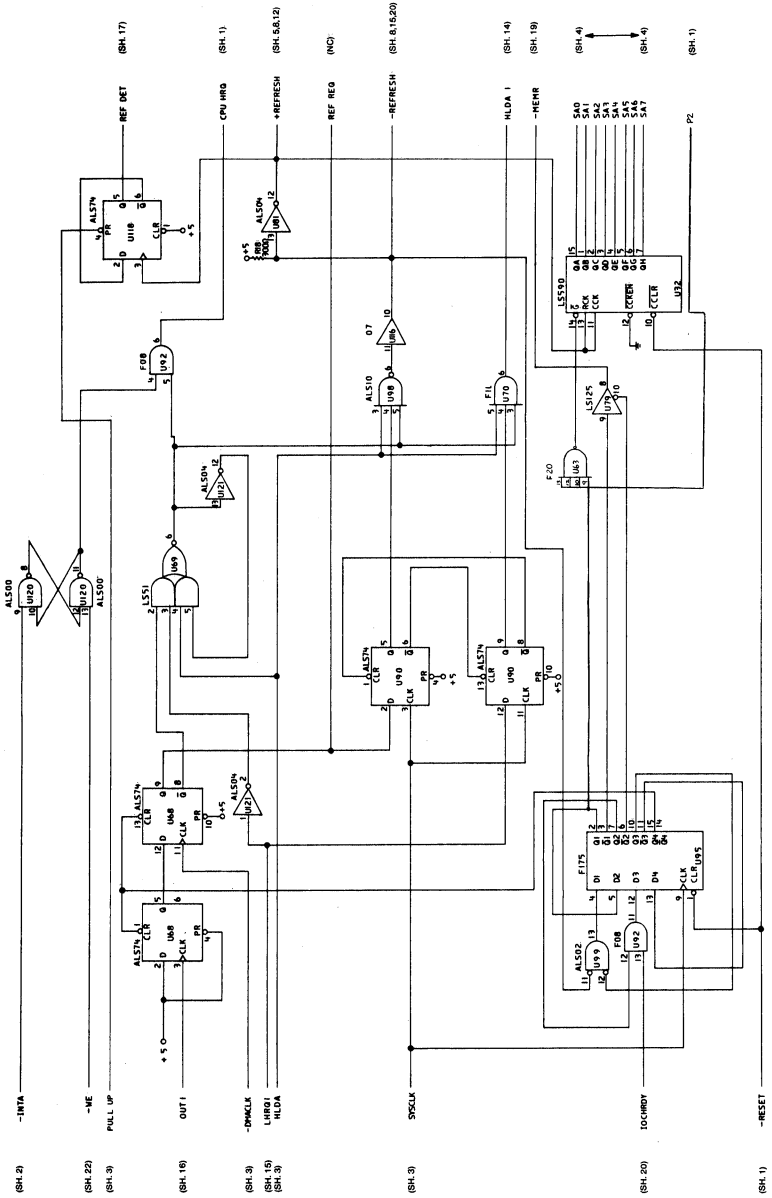
Type 1 512KB Planar (Sheet 19 of 22)

(SH. 2) ↔  
 (SH. 2) ↔  
 (SH. 4) ↔  
 (SH. 4) ↔  
 (SH. 2) ↔  
 (SH. 2) ↔  
 (SH. 7) ↔  
 (SH. 7) ↔  
 (SH. 3) ↔  
 (SH. 10) ↔  
 (SH. 14) ↔  
 (SH. 3) ↔  
 (SH. 3) ↔  
 (SH. 21) ↔  
 (SH. 14) ↔  
 (SH. 14) ↔  
 (SH. 14) ↔  
 (SH. 3) ↔  
 (SH. 22) ↔

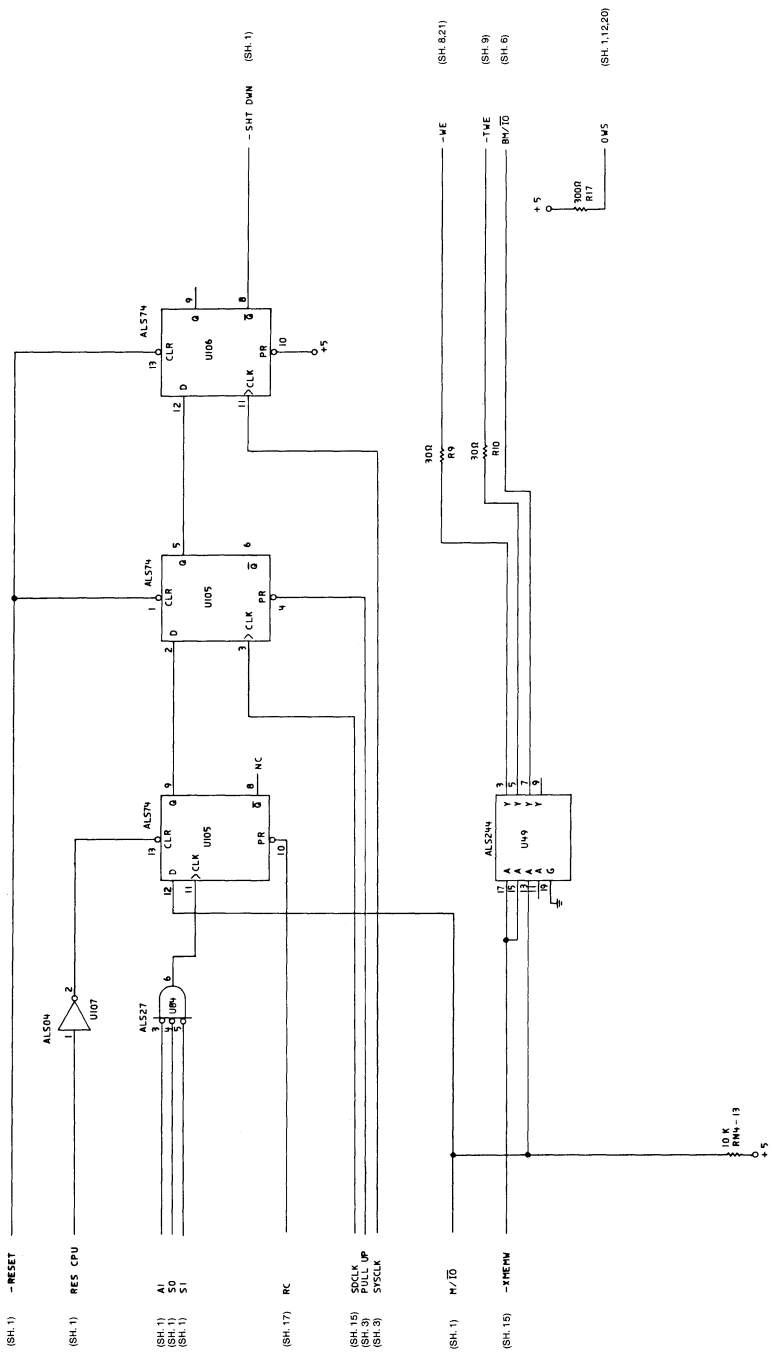
SD0  
SD1  
SD2  
SD3  
SD4  
SD5  
SD6  
SD7  
  
SA0  
SA1  
SA2  
SA3  
SA4  
SA5  
SA6  
SA7  
SA8  
SA9  
SA10  
SA11  
SA12  
SA13  
SA14  
SA15  
SA16  
SA17  
SA18  
SA19  
  
-IOR  
-IOW  
-S MEMR  
-S MEMW  
  
SYSCLK  
OSC  
T/C  
AEW  
RESET DRV  
  
-REFRESH  
-DACK 1  
-DACK 2  
-DACK 3  
  
BALE  
OWS



Type 1 512KB Planar (Sheet 20 of 22)

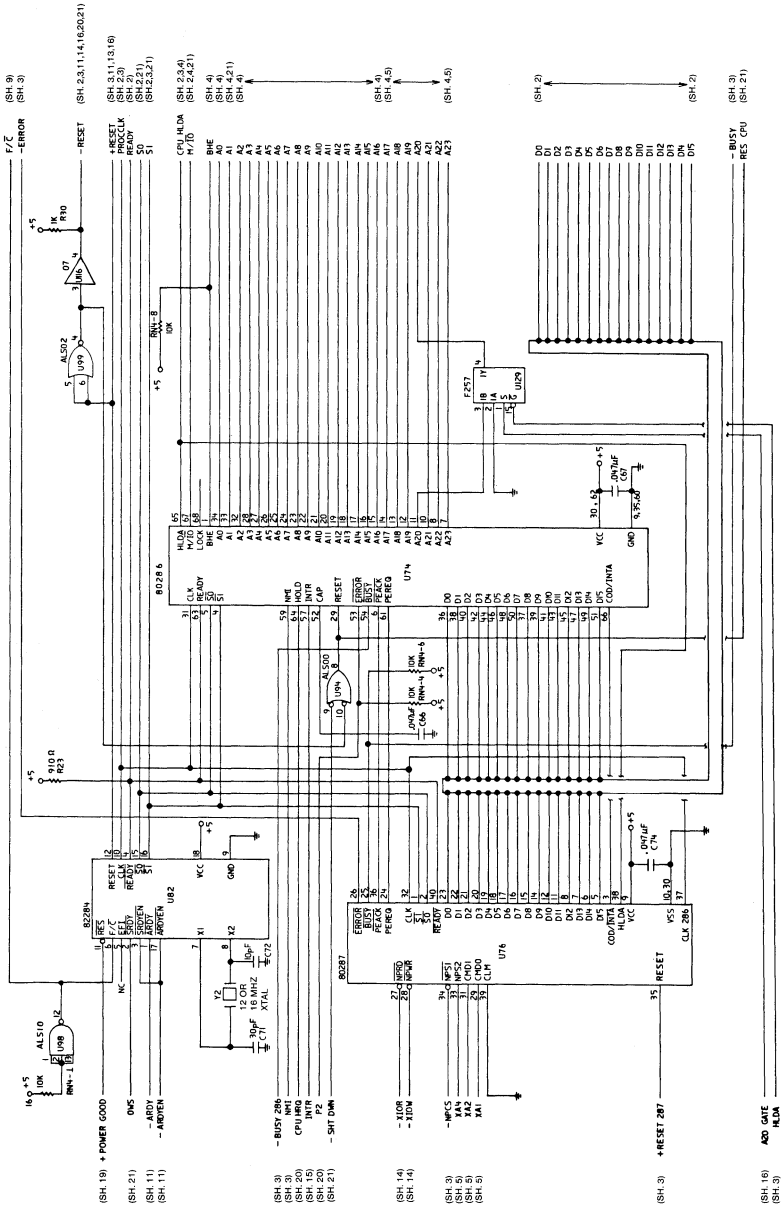


Type 1 512KB Planar (Sheet 21 of 22)

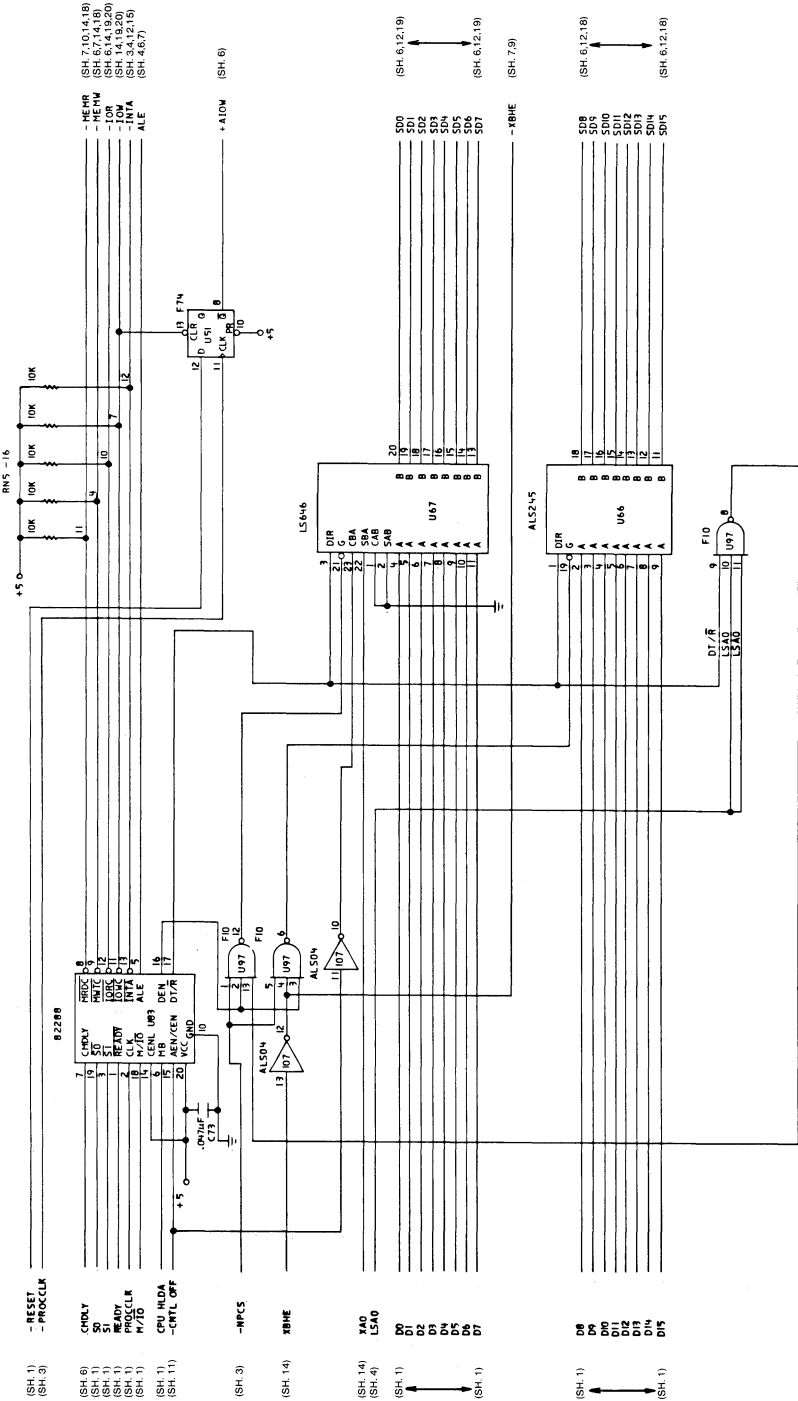


Type 1 512KB Planar (Sheet 22 of 22)

# Logic Diagrams - Type 2



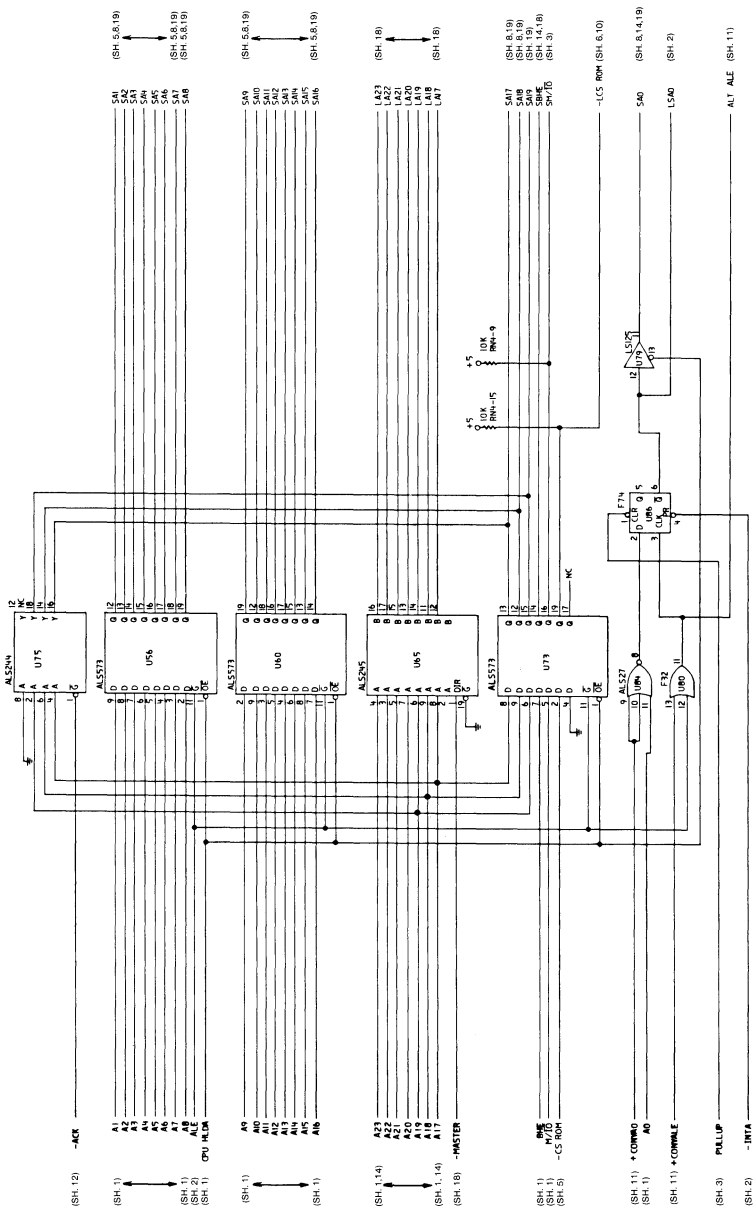
Type 2 512KB System Board (Sheet 1 of 21)



- (SH. 1) -RESET
- (SH. 3) -PROGCLK
- (SH. 8) -CHOLK
- (SH. 1) S0
- (SH. 1) S1
- (SH. 1) S2
- (SH. 1) S3
- (SH. 1) S4
- (SH. 1) S5
- (SH. 1) S6
- (SH. 1) S7
- (SH. 1) S8
- (SH. 1) S9
- (SH. 1) S10
- (SH. 1) S11
- (SH. 3) -MPCS
- (SH. 14) -MBE
- (SH. 14) -A10M
- (SH. 14) -A10W
- (SH. 1) D0
- (SH. 1) D1
- (SH. 1) D2
- (SH. 1) D3
- (SH. 1) D4
- (SH. 1) D5
- (SH. 1) D6
- (SH. 1) D7
- (SH. 1) D8
- (SH. 1) D9
- (SH. 1) D10
- (SH. 1) D11
- (SH. 1) D12
- (SH. 1) D13
- (SH. 1) D14
- (SH. 1) D15

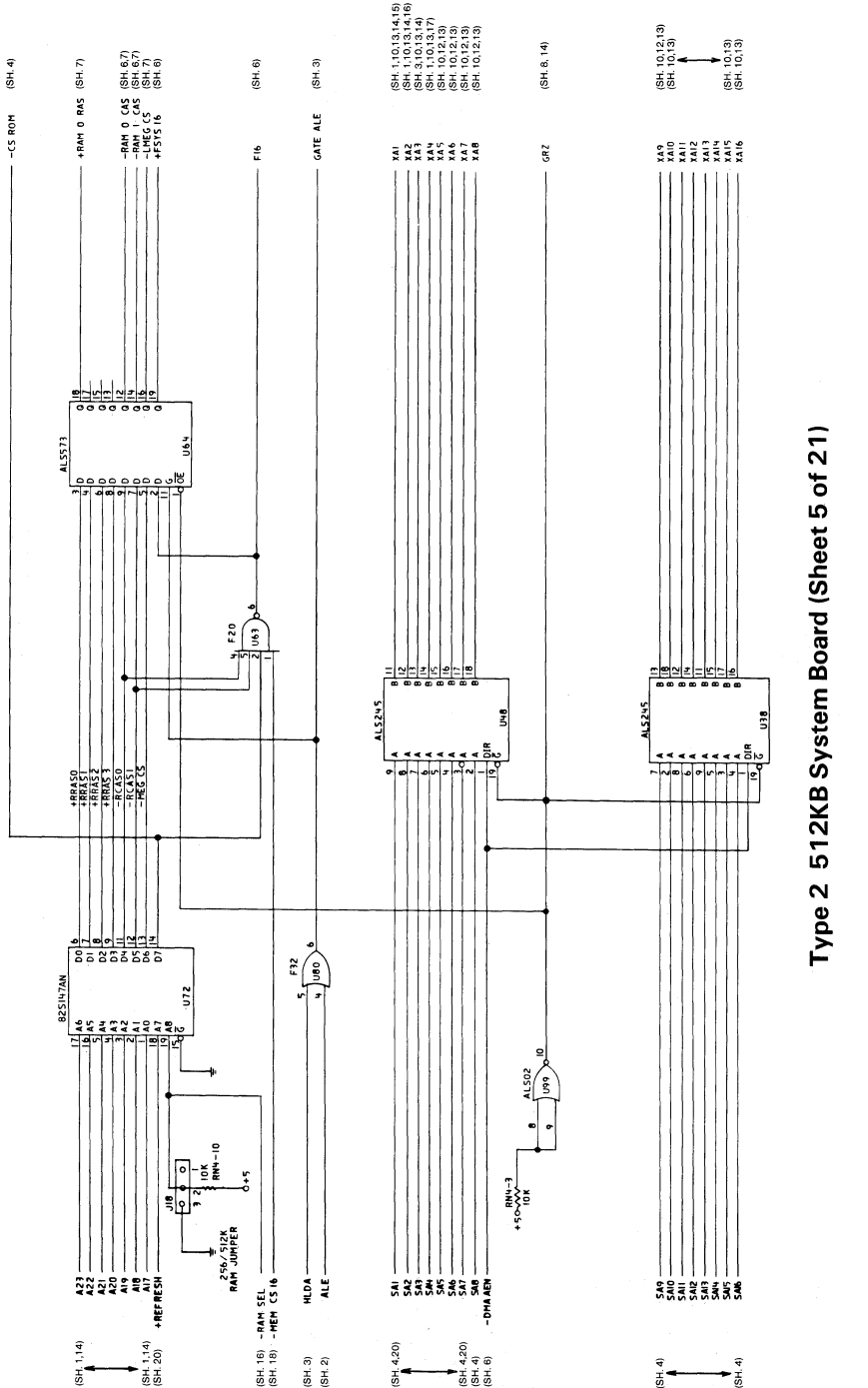
Type 2 512KB System Board (Sheet 2 of 21)



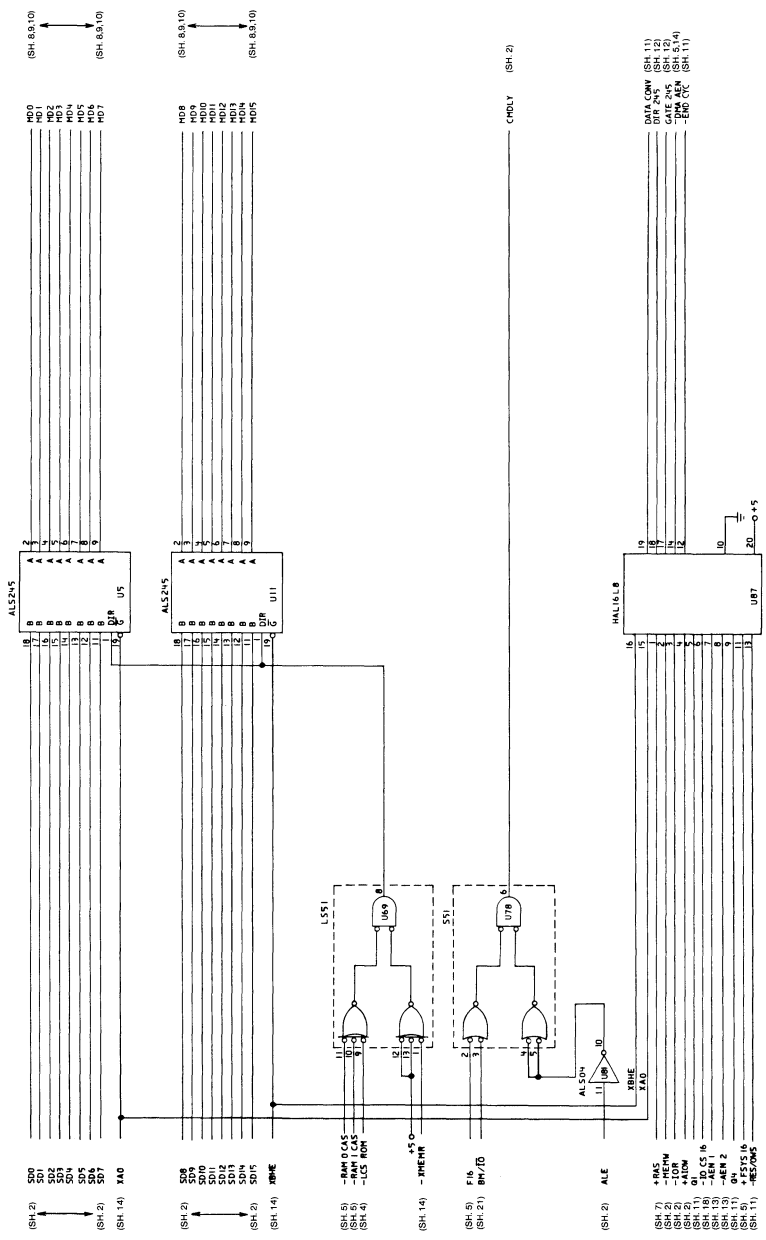


Type 2 512KB System Board (Sheet 4 of 21)

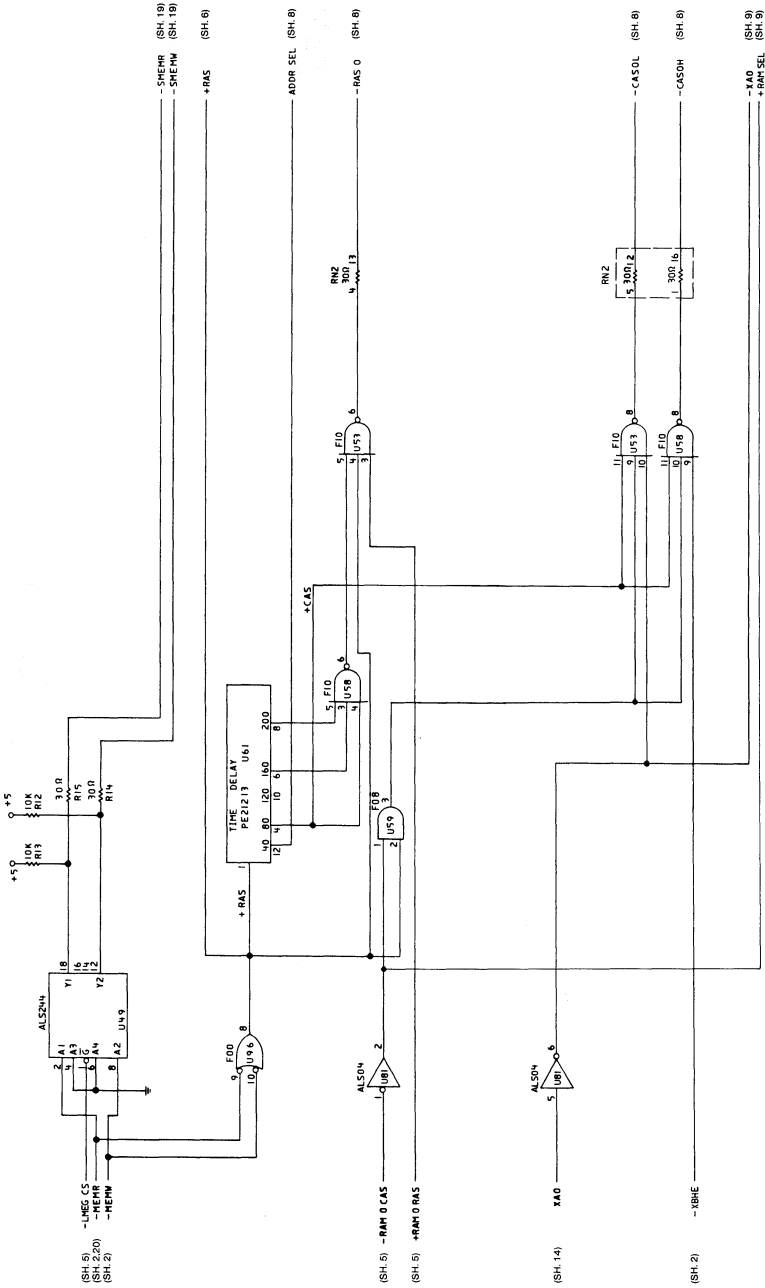




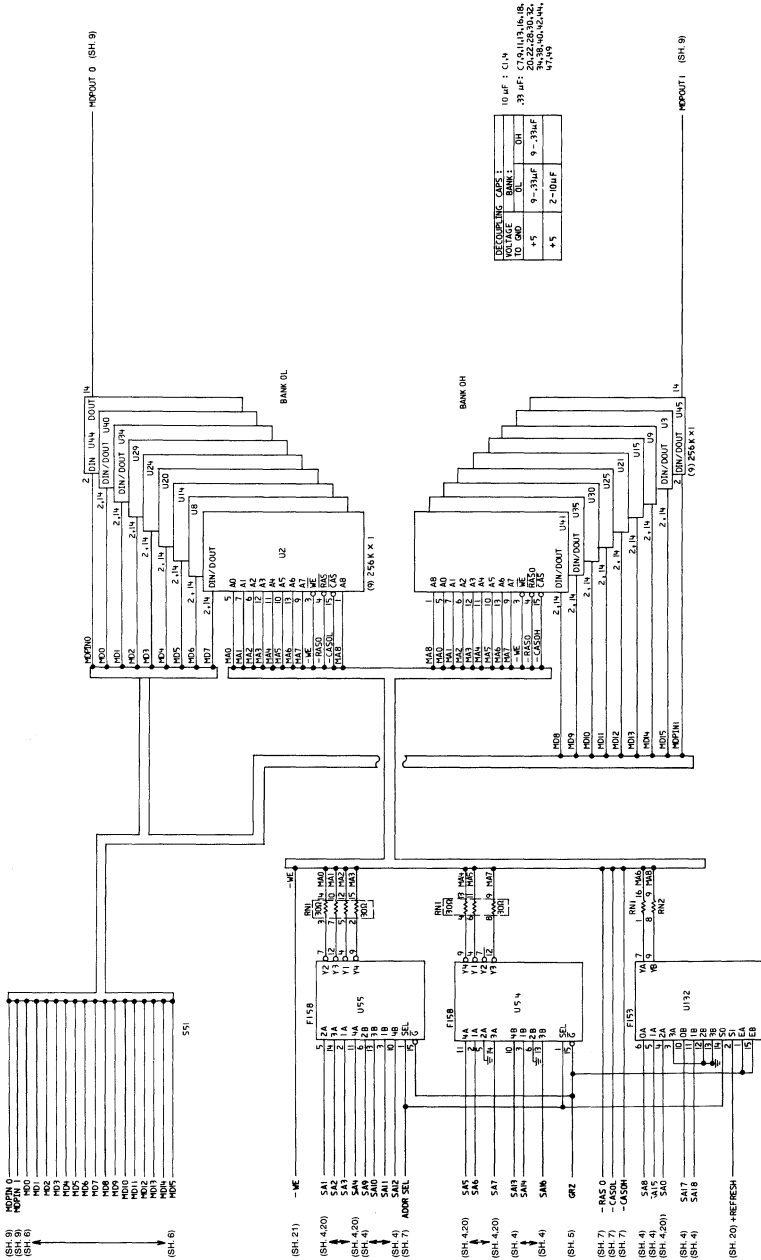
Type 2 512KB System Board (Sheet 5 of 21)



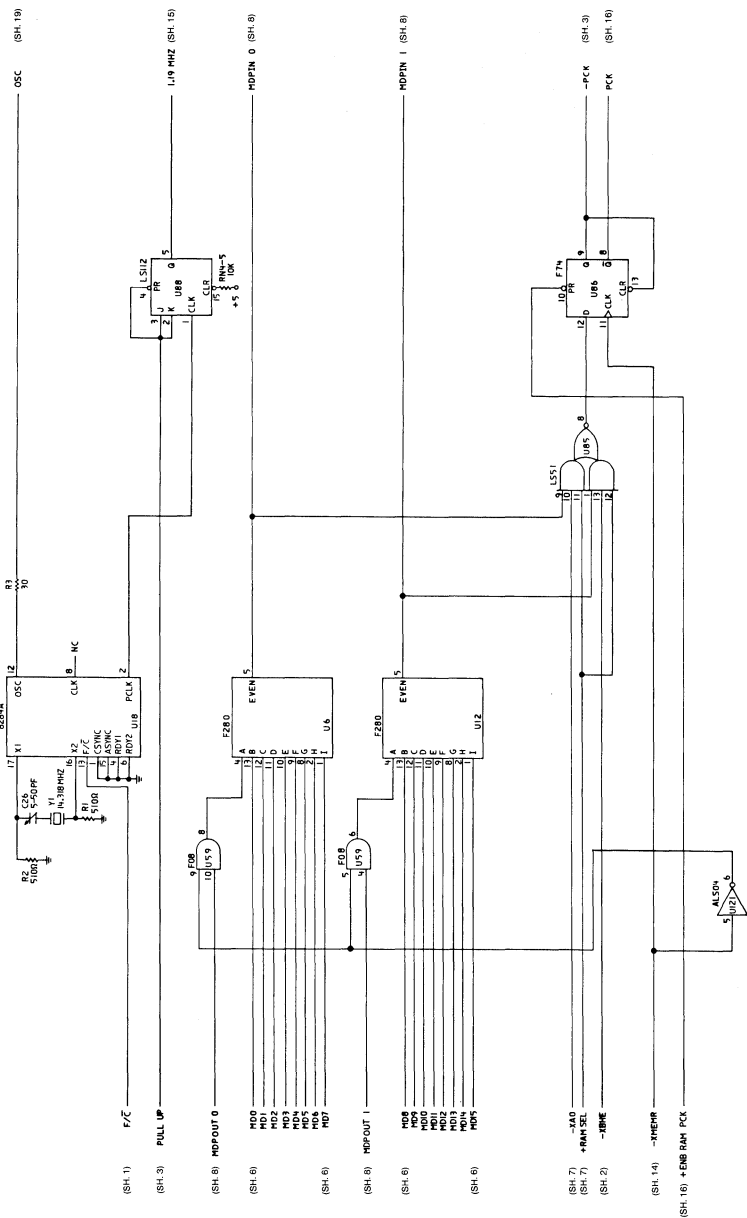
Type 2 512KB System Board (Sheet 6 of 21)



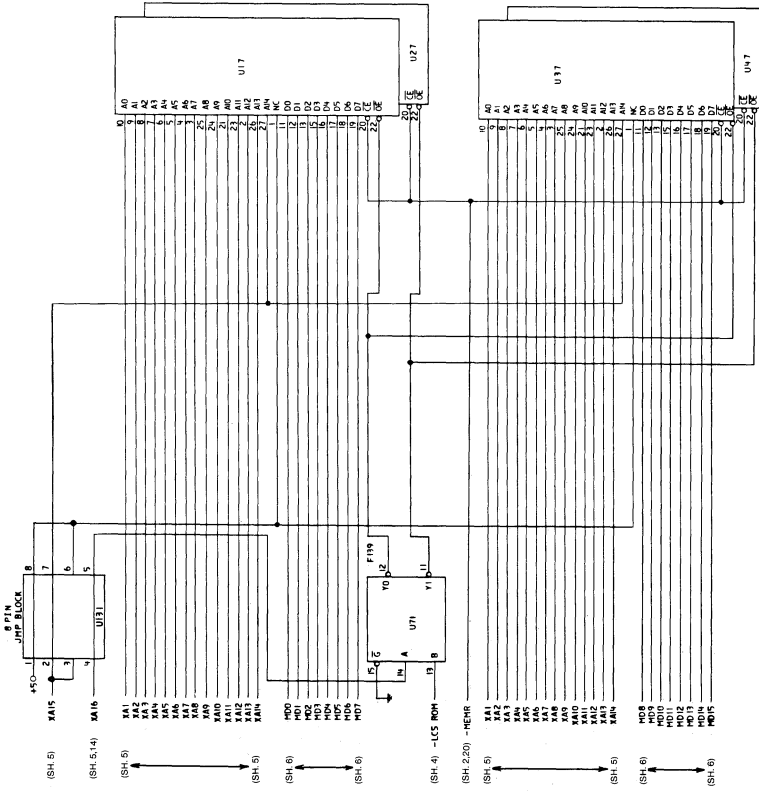
Type 2 512KB System Board (Sheet 7 of 21)



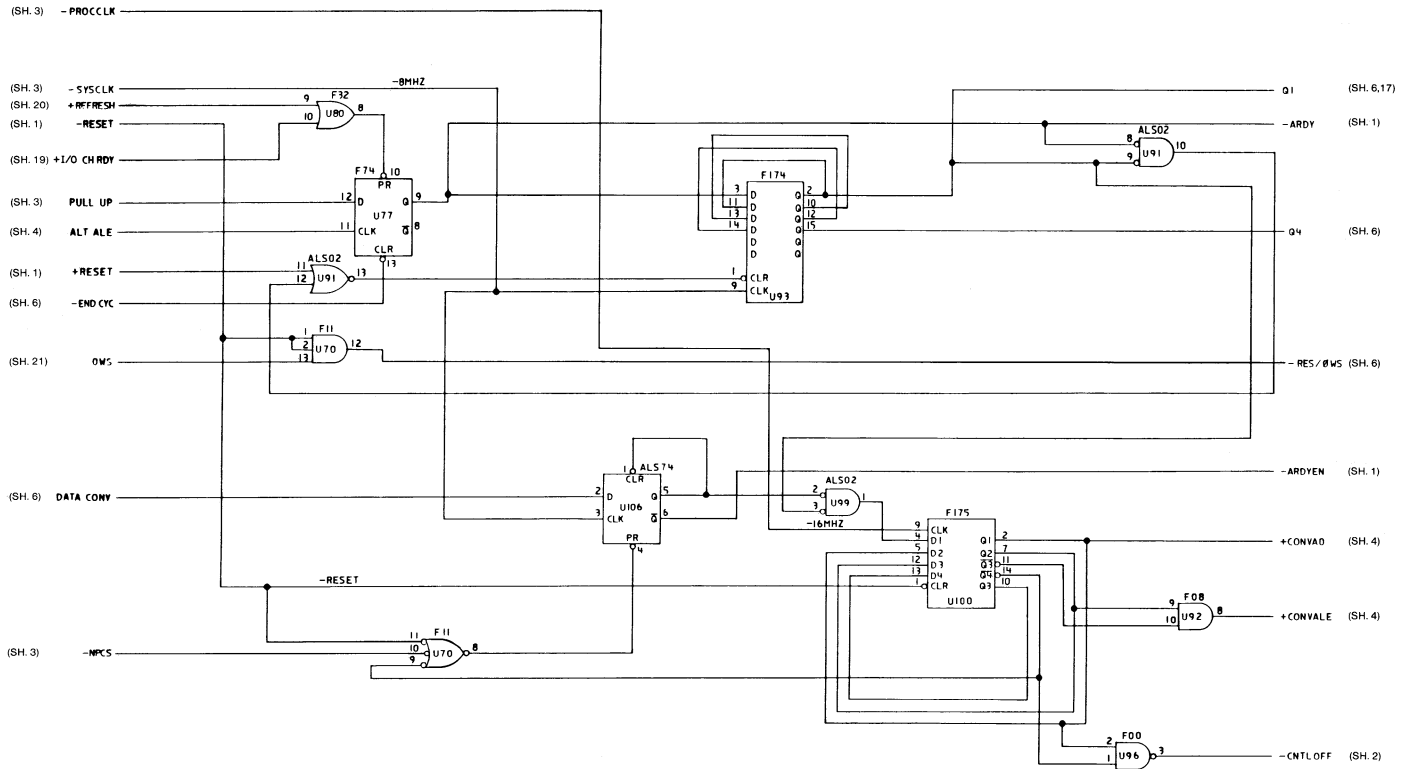
Type 2 512KB System Board (Sheet 8 of 21)



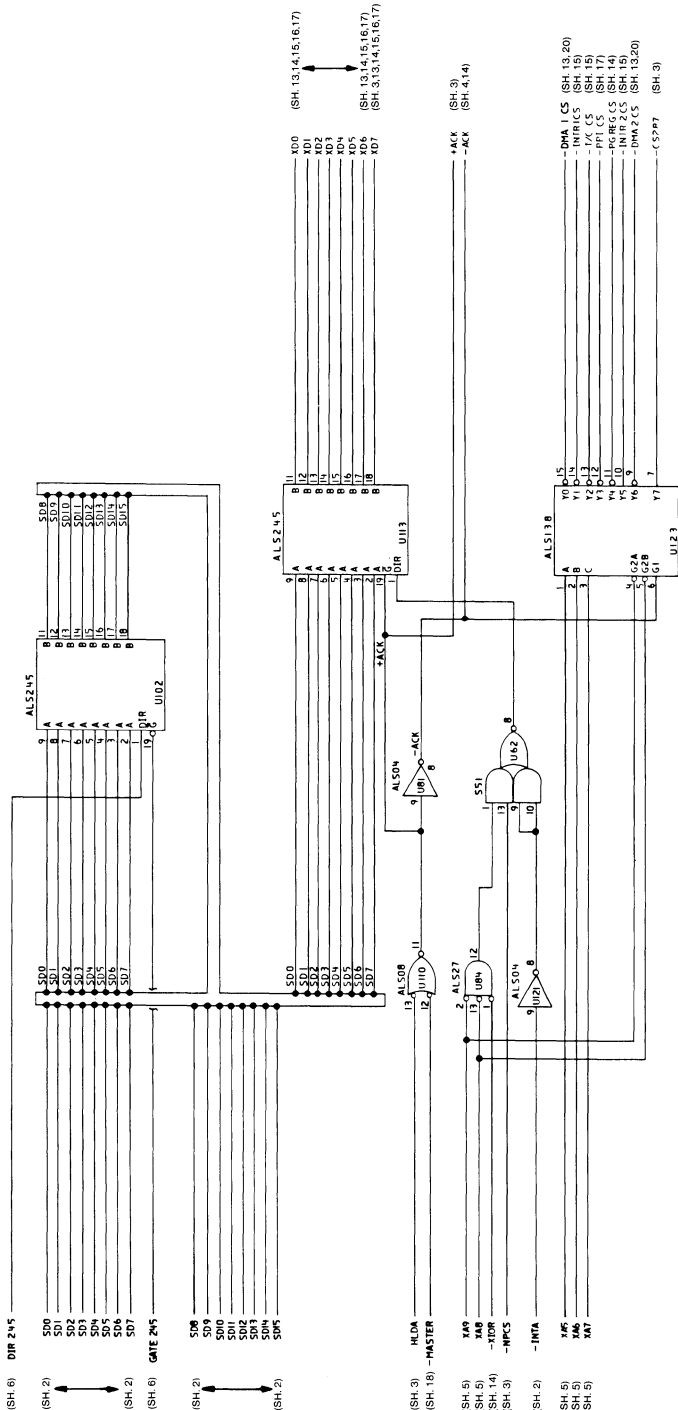
Type 2 512KB System Board (Sheet 9 of 21)



Type 2 512KB System Board (Sheet 10 of 21)

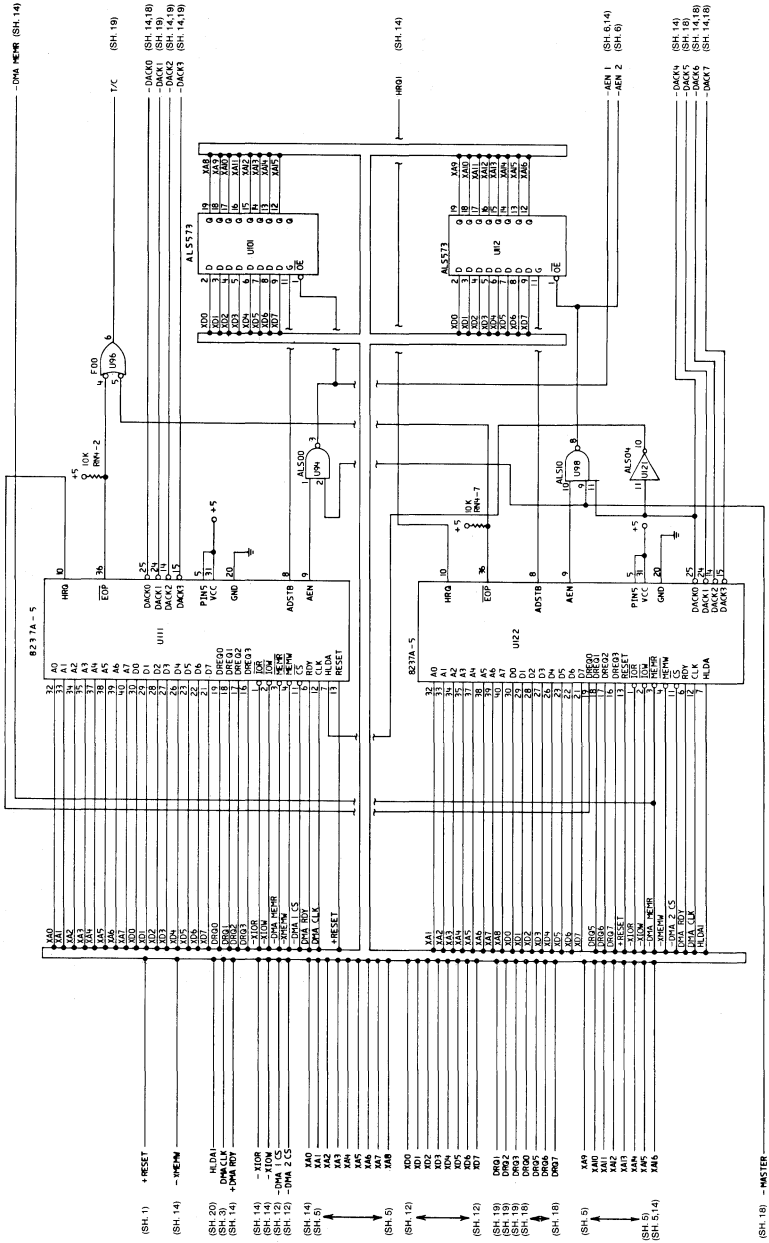


Type 2 512KB System Board (Sheet 11 of 21)

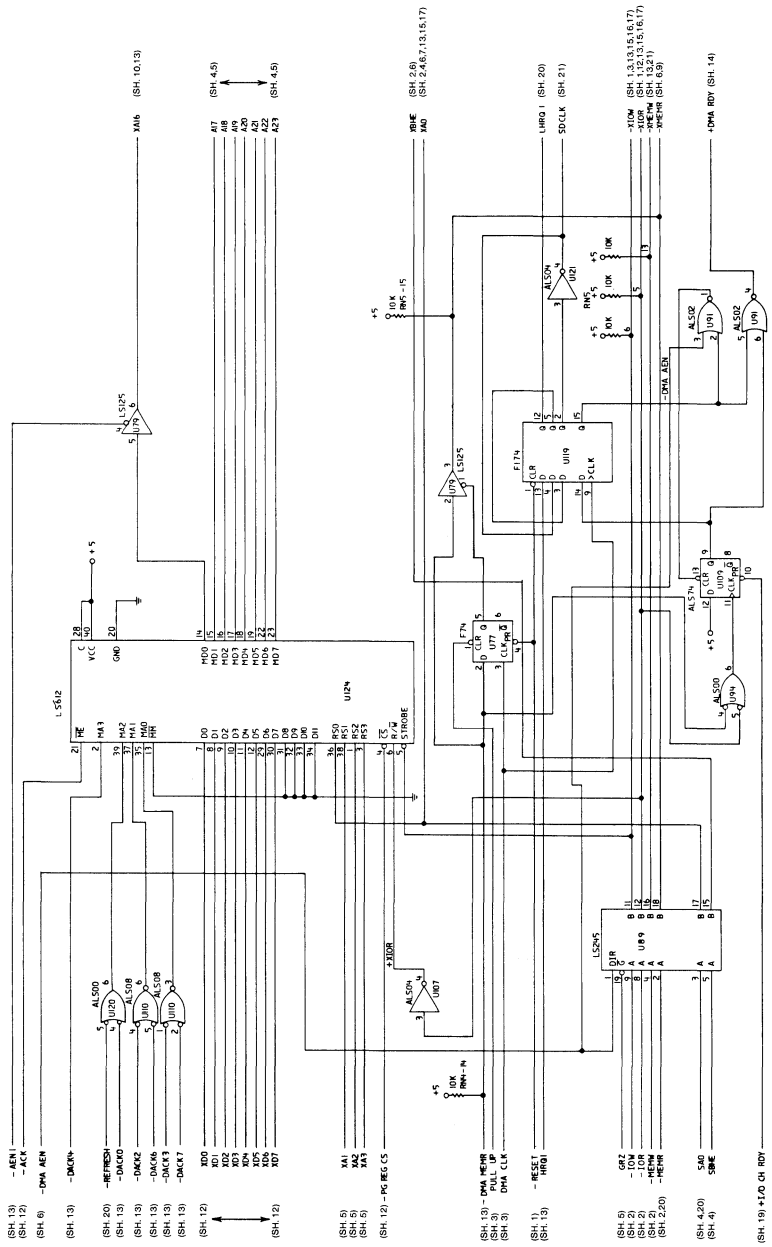


Type 2 512KB System Board (Sheet 12 of 21)



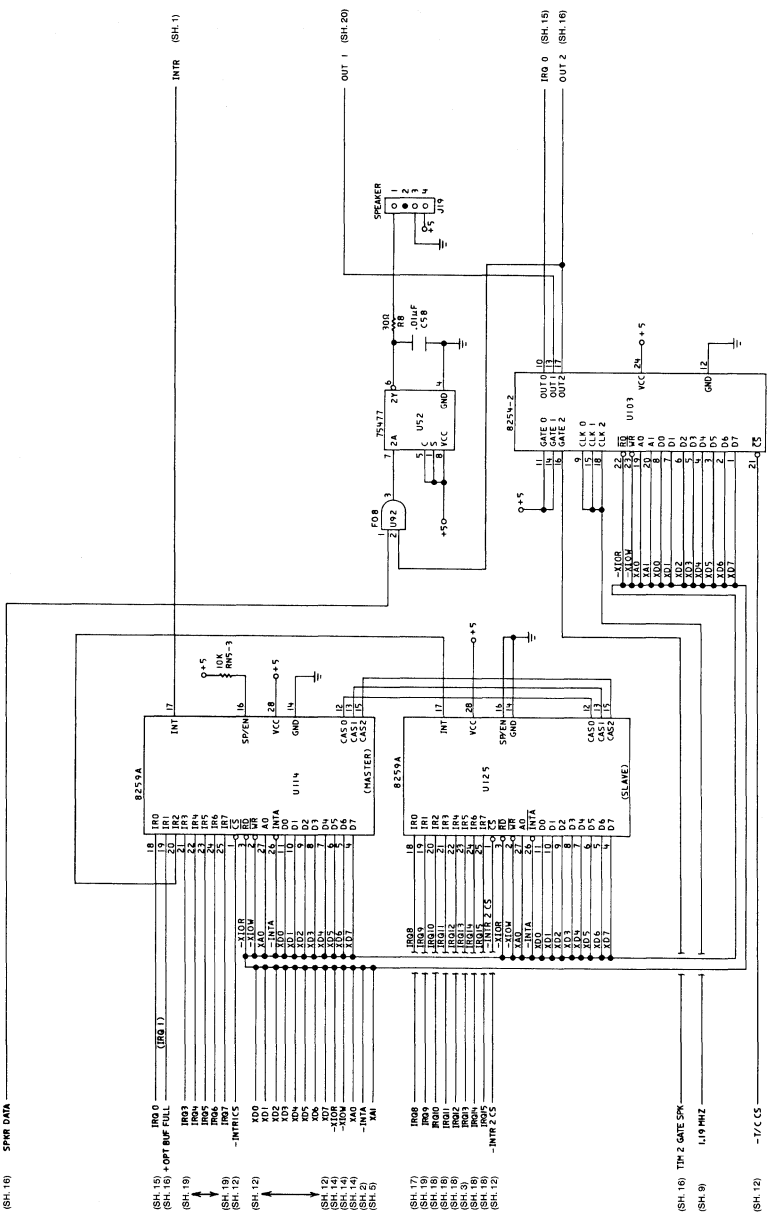


Type 2 512KB System Board (Sheet 13 of 21)



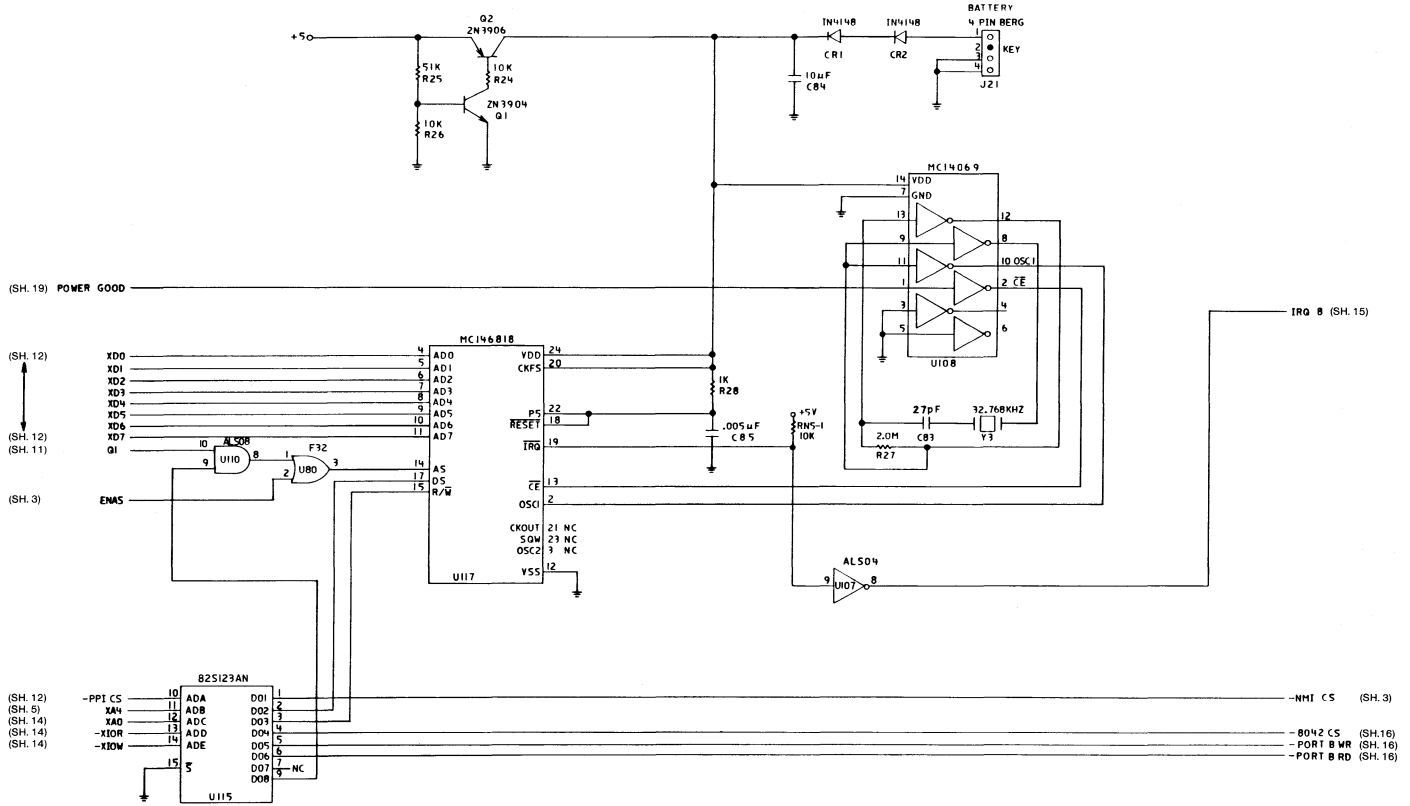
Type 2 512KB System Board (Sheet 14 of 21)

(SH. 16) SPKR DATA

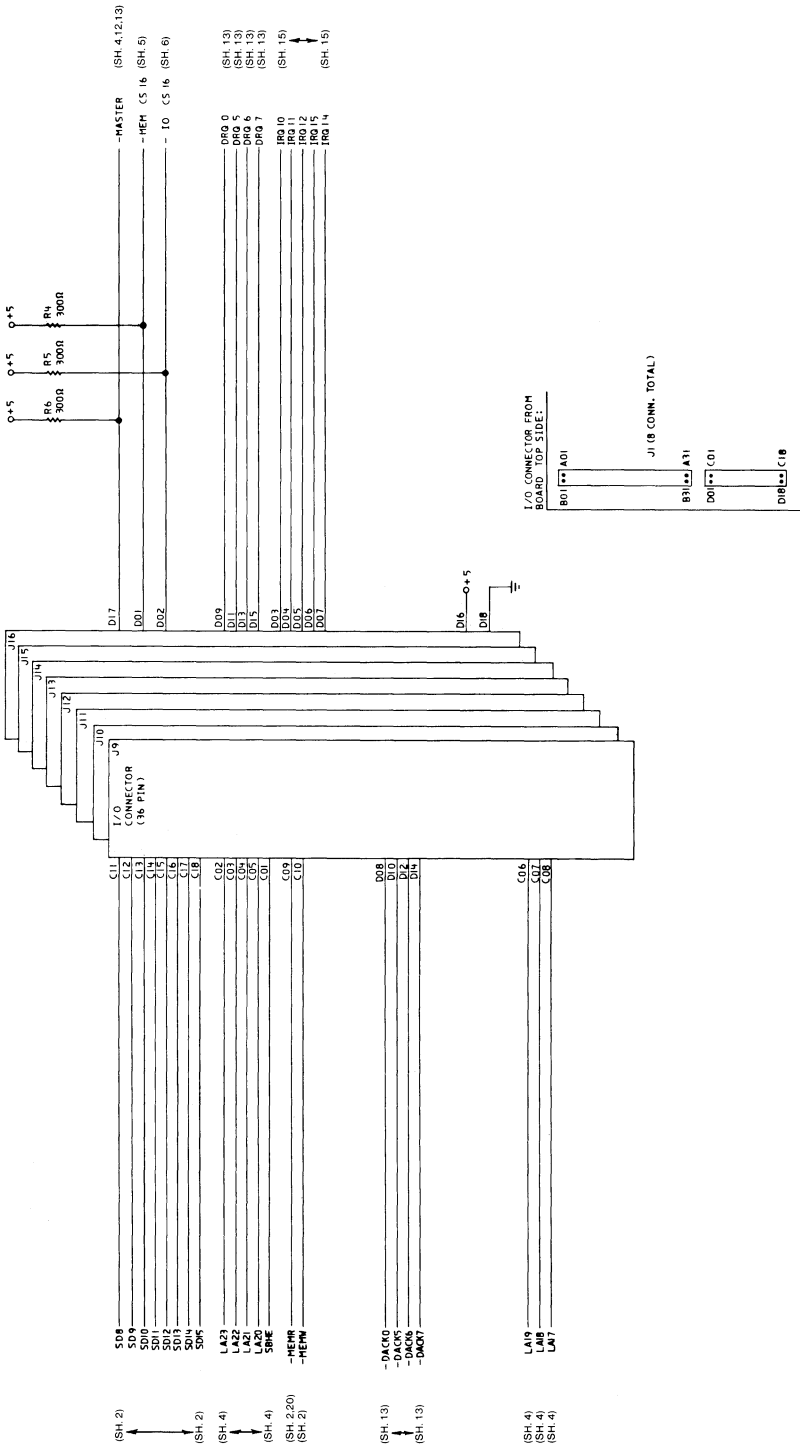


Type 2 512KB System Board (Sheet 15 of 21)



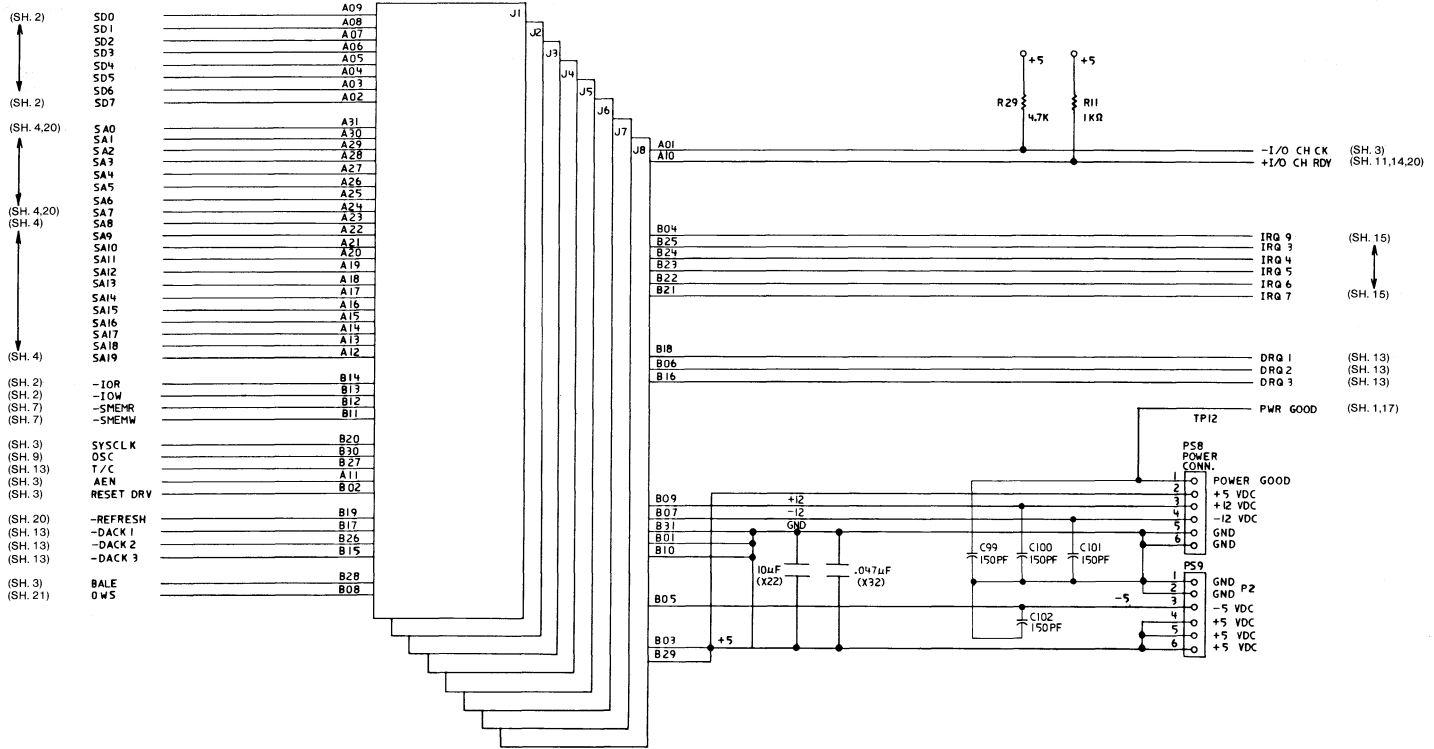


Type 2 512KB System Board (Sheet 17 of 21)

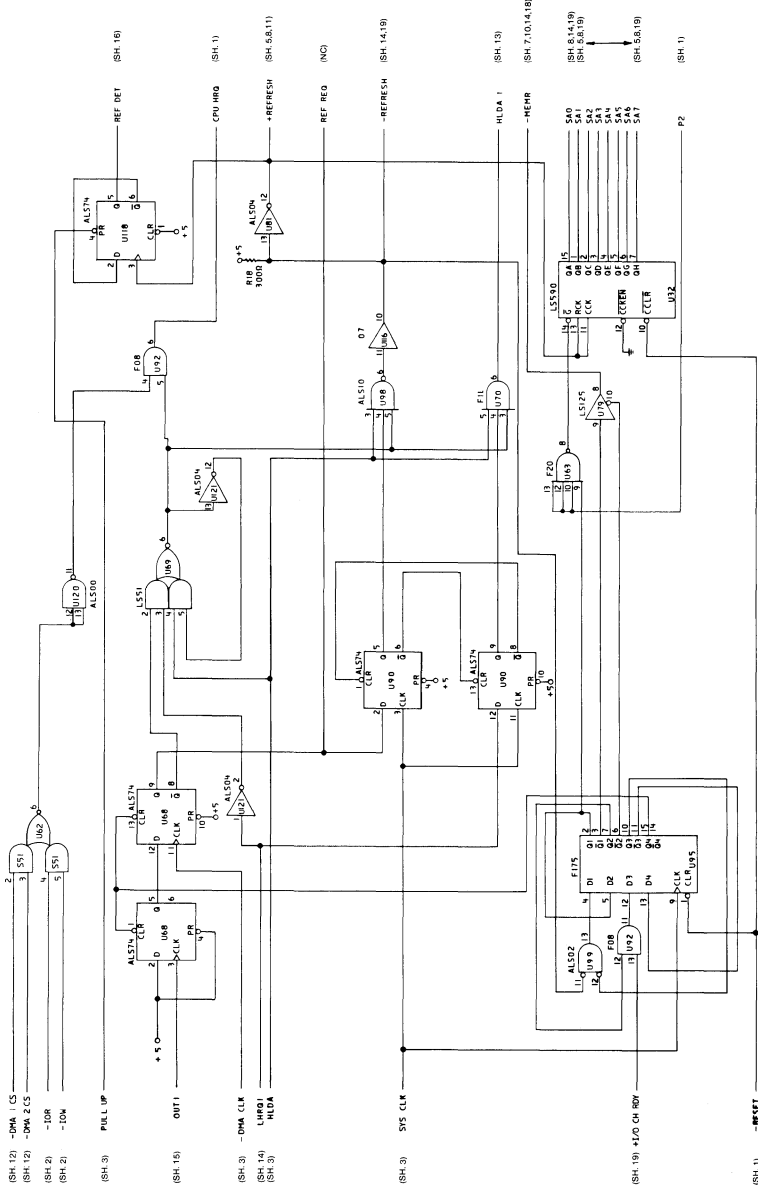


Type 2 512KB System Board (Sheet 18 of 21)

# 1-116 System Board

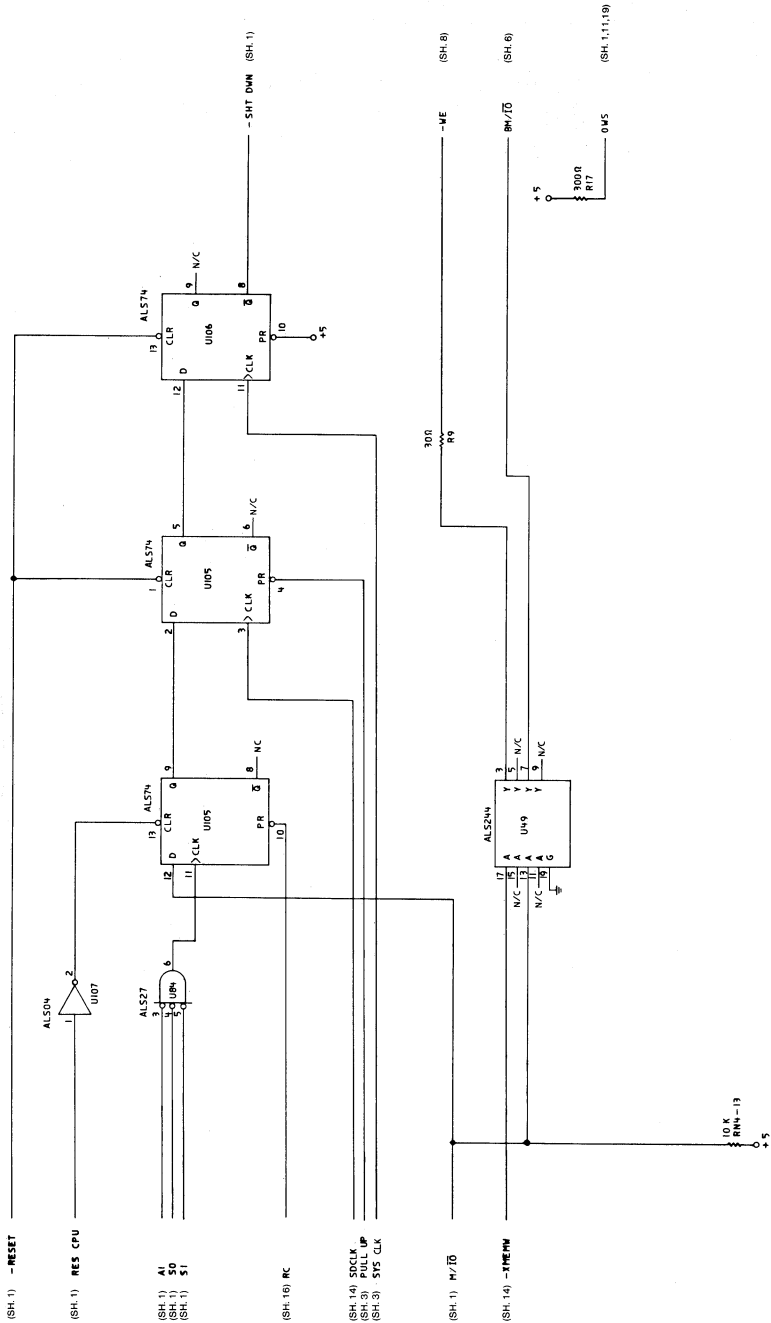


Type 2 512KB System Board (Sheet 19 of 21)



Type 2 512KB System Board (Sheet 20 of 21)





# SECTION 2. COPROCESSOR

## Contents

<b>Description</b> .....	<b>2-3</b>
<b>Programming Interface</b> .....	<b>2-3</b>
<b>Hardware Interface</b> .....	<b>2-4</b>

# Notes:

# Description

The IBM Personal Computer AT Math Coprocessor enables the IBM PERSONAL COMPUTER AT to perform high-speed arithmetic, logarithmic functions, and trigonometric operations.

The coprocessor works in parallel with the microprocessor. The parallel operation decreases operating time by allowing the coprocessor to do mathematical calculations while the microprocessor continues to do other functions.

The coprocessor works with seven numeric data types, which are divided into the following three classes:

- Binary integers (3 types)
- Decimal integers (1 type)
- Real numbers (3 types).

# Programming Interface

The coprocessor offers extended data types, registers, and instructions to the microprocessor.

The coprocessor has eight 80-bit registers, which provides the equivalent capacity of forty 16-bit registers. This register space allows constants and temporary results to be held in registers during calculations, thus reducing memory access and improving speed as well as bus availability. The register space can be used as a stack or as a fixed register set. When used as a stack, only the top two stack elements are operated on.

The following figure shows representations of large and small numbers in each data type.

Data Type	Bits	Significant Digits (Decimal)	Approximate Range (Decimal)
Word Integer	16	4	$-32,768 \leq X \leq +32,767$
Short Integer	32	9	$-2 \times 10^9 \leq X \leq +2 \times 10^9$
Long Integer	64	18	$-9 \times 10^{18} \leq X \leq +9 \times 10^{18}$
Packed Decimal	80	18	$-9.99 \leq X \leq +9.99$ (18 digits)
Short Real *	32	6-7	$8.43 \times 10^{-37} \leq  X  \leq 3.37 \times 10^{38}$
Long Real *	64	15-16	$4.19 \times 10^{-307} \leq  X  \leq 1.67 \times 10^{308}$
Temporary Real	80	19	$3.4 \times 10^{-4932} \leq  X  \leq 1.2 \times 10^{4932}$

### Data Types

\* The Short Real and Long Real data types correspond to the single and double precision data types.

## Hardware Interface

The coprocessor uses the same clock generator as the microprocessor. It works at one-third the frequency of the system microprocessor. The coprocessor is wired so that it functions as an I/O device through I/O port addresses hex 00F8, 00FA, and 00FC. The microprocessor sends OP codes and operands through these I/O ports. The microprocessor also receives and stores results through the same I/O ports. The coprocessor's 'busy' signal informs the microprocessor that it is executing; the microprocessor's Wait instruction forces the microprocessor to wait until the coprocessor is finished executing.

The coprocessor detects six different exception conditions that can occur during instruction execution. If the appropriate exception mask within the coprocessor is not set, the coprocessor sets its error signal. This error signal generates a hardware interrupt (interrupt 13) and causes the 'busy' signal to the coprocessor to be held in the busy state. The 'busy' signal may

be cleared by an 8-bit I/O Write command to address hex F0 with D0 through D7 equal to 0.

The power-on self-test code in the system ROM enables IRQ 13 and sets up its vector to point to a routine in ROM. The ROM routine clears the 'busy' signal's latch and then transfers control to the address pointed to by the NMI interrupt vector. This allows code written for any IBM Personal Computer to work on an IBM Personal Computer AT. The NMI interrupt handler should read the coprocessor's status to determine if the NMI was caused by the coprocessor. If the interrupt was not generated by the coprocessor, control should be passed to the original NMI interrupt handler.

The coprocessor has two operating modes similar to the two modes of the microprocessor. When reset by a power-on reset, system reset, or an I/O write operation to port hex 00F1, the coprocessor is in the real address mode. This mode is compatible with the 8087 Math Coprocessor used in other IBM Personal Computers. The coprocessor can be placed in the protected mode by executing the SETPM ESC instruction. It can be placed back in the real mode by an I/O write operation to port hex 00F1, with D7 through D0 equal to 0.

The coprocessor instruction extensions to the microprocessor can be found in Section 6 of this manual.

Detailed information for the internal functions of the Intel 80287 Coprocessor can be found in books listed in the bibliography.

**Notes:**

# SECTION 3. POWER SUPPLY

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**Notes:**

The system power supply is contained *inside* of the system unit and provides power for the system board, the adapters, the diskette drives, the fixed disk drives, the keyboard, and the IBM Monochrome Display.

## Inputs

The power supply can operate at a frequency of either  $60 \pm 3$  Hz or  $50 \pm 3$  Hz and it can operate at 110 Vac, 5 A or 220/240 Vac, 2.5 A. The voltage is selected with the switch above the power-cord plug at the rear of the power supply. The following figure shows the input requirements.

Range	Voltage (Vac)	Current (Amperes)
115 Vac	Minimum 100 Maximum 125	Maximum 5
230 Vac	Minimum 200 Maximum 240	Maximum 3.0

### Input Requirements

**Note:** The maximum in-rush current is 100 A.

# Outputs

The power supply provides +5, -5, +12, and -12 Vdc. The following figure shows the load current and regulation tolerance for these voltages. The power supply also supplies either 115 Vac or 230 Vac for the IBM Monochrome Display.

Nominal Output	Load Current (A)		Regulation Tolerance
	Min	Max	
+5 Vdc	7.0	19.8	+5% to -4%
-5 Vdc	0.0	0.3	+10% to -8%
+12 Vdc	2.5	7.3	+5% to -4%
-12 Vdc	0.0	0.3	+10% to -9%

## DC Load Requirements

## DC Output Protection

If any output becomes overloaded, the power supply will switch off within 20 milliseconds. An overcurrent condition will not damage the power supply.

## Output Voltage Sequencing

Under normal conditions, the output voltage levels track within 300 milliseconds of each other when power is applied to, or removed from the power supply, provided at least minimum loading is present.

# No-Load Operation

No damage or hazardous conditions occur when primary power is applied with no load on any output level. In such cases, the power supply may switch off, and a power-on reset will be required. The power supply requires a minimum load for proper operation.

# Power-Good Signal

The power supply provides a 'power-good' signal to indicate proper operation of the power supply.

When the supply is switched off for a minimum of one second and then switched on, the 'power-good' signal is generated, assuming there are no problems. This signal is a logical AND of the dc output-voltage sense signal and the ac input-voltage sense signal. The 'power-good' signal is also a TTL-compatible high level for normal operation, or a low level for fault conditions. The ac fail signal causes 'power-good' to go to a low level at least one millisecond before any output voltage falls below the regulation limits. The operating point used as a reference for measuring the one millisecond is normal operation at minimum line voltage and maximum load.

# Load Resistor

If no fixed disk drive is connected to the power supply, the load resistor must be connected to P10. The load resistor is a 5 ohm, 50 watt resistor.

The dc output-voltage sense signal holds the 'power-good' signal at a low level when power is switched on until all output voltages have reached their minimum sense levels. The 'power-good' signal has a turn-on delay of at least 100 milliseconds but not longer than 500 milliseconds and can drive six standard TTL loads.

The following figure shows the minimum sense levels for the output voltages.

Level (Vdc)	Minimum (Vdc)
+5	+4.5
-5	-3.75
+12	+10.8
-12	-10.4

**Sense Level**

# Connectors

The following figure shows the pin assignments for the power-supply output connectors.

Load Point	Voltage (Vdc)	Max. Current (A)
PS8-1	Power Good	See Note
PS8-2	+5	3.8
PS8-3	+12	0.7
PS8-4	-12	0.3
PS8-5	Ground	0.0
PS8-6	Ground	0.0
PS9-1	Ground	0.0
PS9-2	Ground	0.0
PS9-3	-5	0.3
PS9-4	+5	3.8
PS9-5	+5	3.8
PS9-6	+5	3.8
P10-1	+12	2.8
P10-2	Ground	0.0
P10-3	Ground	0.0
P10-4	+5	1.8
P11-1	+12	2.8
P11-2	Ground	0.0
P11-3	Ground	0.0
P11-4	+5	1.8
P12-1	+12	1.0
P12-2	Ground	0.0
P12-3	Ground	0.0
P12-4	+5	0.6

## DC Load Distribution

**Note:** For more details, see "Power-Good Signal".

**Notes:**

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# Notes:

# Introduction

The 84-Key Keyboard information starts below. Information about the Enhanced Personal Computer Keyboard, hereafter referred to as the 101/102-Key Keyboard, begins on page 4-36.

## 84-Key Keyboard Description

The keyboard is a low-profile, 84-key, detachable unit. A bidirectional serial interface in the keyboard is used to carry signals between the keyboard and system unit.

### Cabling

The keyboard cable connects to the system board through a 5-pin DIN connector. The following table lists the connector pins and their signals.

DIN Connector Pins	Signal Name
1	+KBD CLK
2	+KBD DATA
3	Reserved
4	Ground
5	+5.0 Vdc

### Sequencing Key Code Scanning

The keyboard is able to detect all keys that are pressed, and their scan codes will be sent to the interface in correct sequence, regardless of the number of keys held down. Keystrokes entered while the interface is inhibited (when the key lock is on) will be lost. Keystrokes are stored only when the keyboard is not serviced by the system.

## Keyboard Buffer

The keyboard has a 16-character first-in-first-out (FIFO) buffer where data is stored until the interface is ready to receive it.

A buffer-overflow condition will occur if more than 16 codes are placed in the buffer before the first keyed data is sent. The 17th code will be replaced with the overflow code, hex 00. (The 17th position is reserved for overflow codes). If more keys are pressed before the system allows a keyboard output, the data will be lost. When the keyboard is allowed to send data, the characters in the buffer will be sent as in normal operation, and new data entered will be detected and sent.

## Keys

All keys are classified as *make/break*, which means when a key is pressed, the keyboard sends a make code for that key to the keyboard controller. When the key is released, its break code is sent (the break code for a key is its make code preceded by hex F0).

All keys are *typematic*. When a key is pressed and held down, the keyboard continues to send the make code for that key until the key is released. The rate at which the make code is sent is known as the *typematic rate* (The typematic rate is described under "Set Typematic Rate/Delay"). When two or more keys are held down, only the last key pressed repeats at the typematic rate. Typematic operation stops when the last key pressed is released, even if other keys are still held down. When a key is pressed and held down while the interface is inhibited, only the first make code is stored in the buffer. This prevents buffer overflow as a result of typematic action.

# Power-On Routine

## Power-On Reset

The keyboard logic generates a POR when power is applied to the keyboard. The POR lasts a minimum of 300 milliseconds and a maximum of 9 seconds.

**Note:** The keyboard may issue a false return during the first 200 milliseconds after the +5 Vdc is established at the 90% level. Therefore, the keyboard interface is disabled for this period.

## Basic Assurance Test

Immediately following the POR, the keyboard executes a basic assurance test (BAT). This test consists of a checksum of all read-only memory (ROM), and a stuck-bit and addressing test of all random-access memory (RAM) in the keyboard's microprocessor. The mode indicators—three light emitting diodes (LEDs) on the upper right-hand corner of the keyboard—are turned on then off, and must be observed to ensure they are operational.

Execution of the BAT will take from 600 to 900 milliseconds. (This is in addition to the time required for the POR.)

The BAT can also be started by a Reset command.

After the BAT, and when the interface is enabled ('clock' and 'data' lines are set high), the keyboard sends a completion code to the interface—either hex AA for satisfactory completion or hex FC (or any other code) for a failure. If the system issues a Resend command, the keyboard sends the BAT completion code again. Otherwise, the keyboard sets the keys to typematic and make/break.

## Commands from the System

The commands described below may be sent to the keyboard at any time. The keyboard will respond within 20 milliseconds.

**Note:** The following commands are those sent by the system. They have a different meaning when issued by the keyboard.

### **Default Disable (Hex F5)**

This command is similar to Set Default, except the keyboard stops scanning and awaits further instructions.

### **Echo (Hex EE)**

Echo is a diagnostic aid. When the keyboard receives this command, it issues a hex EE response and continues scanning if the keyboard was previously enabled.

### **Enable (Hex F4)**

Upon receipt of this command, the keyboard responds with ACK, clears its output buffer, and starts scanning.

### **No-Operation (NOP) (Hex FD through F7)**

These commands are reserved and are effectively no-operation or NOP. The system does not use these codes. If sent, the keyboard will acknowledge the command and continue in its prior scanning state. No other operation will occur.

### **No-Operation (NOP) (Hex F2 through EF)**

These commands are reserved and are effectively no-operation (NOP). The system does not use these codes. If sent, the keyboard acknowledges the command and continues in its prior scanning state. No other operation will occur.

## Resend (Hex FE)

The system can send this command when it detects an error in any transmission from the keyboard. It can be sent only after a keyboard transmission and before the system enables the interface to allow the next keyboard output. Upon receipt of Resend, the keyboard sends the previous output again unless the previous output was Resend. In this case, the keyboard will resend the last byte before the Resend command.

## Reset (Hex FF)

The system issues a Reset command to start a program reset and a keyboard internal self-test. The keyboard acknowledges the command with an 'acknowledge' signal (ACK) and ensures the system accepts the ACK before executing the command. The system signals acceptance of the ACK by raising the clock and data for a minimum of 500 microseconds. The keyboard is disabled from the time it receives the Reset command until the ACK is accepted or until another command overrides the previous one. Following acceptance of the ACK, the keyboard begins the reset operation, which is similar to a power-on reset. The keyboard clears the output buffer and sets up default values for typematic and delay rates.

## Set Default (Hex F6)

The Set Default command resets all conditions to the power-on default state. The keyboard responds with ACK, clears its output buffer, sets default conditions, and continues scanning (only if the keyboard was previously enabled).

## Set Typematic Rate/Delay (Hex F3)

The system issues this command, followed by a parameter, to change the typematic rate and delay. The typematic rate and delay parameters are determined by the value of the byte following the command. Bits 6 and 5 serve as the delay parameter and bits 4, 3, 2, 1, and 0 (the least-significant bit) are the rate parameter. Bit 7, the most-significant bit, is always 0. The delay is equal to 1 plus the binary value of bits 6 and 5



multipled by 250 milliseconds  $\pm 20\%$ . The period (interval from one typematic output to the next) is determined by the following equation:

$$\text{Period} = (8 + A) \times (2^B) \times 0.00417 \text{ seconds.}$$

where:

A = binary value of bits 2, 1, and 0.

B = binary value of bits 4 and 3.

The typematic rate (make code per second) is 1 per period. The period is determined by the first equation above. The following table results.

Bit 4 - 0	Typematic Rate $\pm 20\%$	Bit 4 - 0	Typematic Rate $\pm 20\%$
00000	30.0	10000	7.5
00001	26.7	10001	6.7
00010	24.0	10010	6.0
00011	21.8	10011	5.5
00100	20.0	10100	5.0
00101	18.5	10101	4.6
00110	17.1	10110	4.3
00111	16.0	10111	4.0
01000	15.0	11000	3.7
01001	13.3	11001	3.3
01010	12.0	11010	3.0
01011	10.9	11011	2.7
01100	10.0	11100	2.5
01101	9.2	11101	2.3
01110	8.0	11110	2.1
01111	8.0	11111	2.0

The keyboard responds to the Set Typematic Rate/Delay command with an ACK, stops scanning, and waits for the rate parameter. The keyboard responds to the rate parameter with another ACK, sets the rate and delay, and continues scanning (if the keyboard was previously enabled). If a command is received instead of the rate parameter, the set-typematic-rate function ends with no change to the existing rate, and the new command is processed. However, the keyboard will not resume scanning unless instructed to do so by an Enable command.

The default rate for the system keyboard is as follows:

Typematic rate = 10 characters per second  $\pm 20\%$

Delay = 500 ms  $\pm 20\%$ .

# Set/Reset Mode Indicators (Hex ED)

Three mode indicators on the keyboard are accessible to the system. The keyboard activates or deactivates these indicators when it receives a valid command from the system. They can be activated or deactivated in any combination.

The system remembers the previous state of an indicator so that its setting does not change when a command sequence is issued to change the state of another indicator.

A Set/Reset Mode Indicators command consists of 2 bytes. The first is the command byte and has the following bit setup:

11101101 – hex ED

The second byte is an option byte. It has a list of the indicators to be acted upon. The bit assignments for this option byte are as follows:

Bit	Indicator
0	Scroll Lock Indicator
1	Num Lock Indicator
2	Caps Lock Indicator
3-7	Reserved (must be 0's)

**Note:** Bit 7 is the most-significant bit; bit 0 is the least-significant.

The keyboard will respond to the Set/Reset Mode Indicators command with an ACK, discontinue scanning, and wait for the option byte. The keyboard will respond to the option byte with an ACK, set the indicators, and continue scanning if the keyboard was previously enabled. If another command is received in place of the option byte, execution of the function of the Set/Reset Mode Indicators command is stopped with no change to the indicator states, and the new command is processed. Then scanning is resumed.

# Commands to the System

The commands described here are those sent by the keyboard. They have a different meaning when issued by the system.

## **ACK (Hex FA)**

The keyboard issues an ACK response to any valid input other than an Echo or Resend command. If the keyboard is interrupted while sending ACK, it will discard ACK and accept and respond to the new command.

## **BAT Completion Code (Hex AA)**

Following satisfactory completion of the BAT, the keyboard sends hex AA. Hex FC (or any other code) means the keyboard microprocessor check failed.

## **Break Code Prefix (Hex F0)**

This code is sent as the first byte of a 2-byte sequence to indicate the release of a key.

## **Diagnostic Failure (Hex FD)**

The keyboard periodically tests the sense amplifier and sends a diagnostic failure code if it detects any problems. If a failure occurs during BAT, the keyboard stops scanning and waits for a system command or power-down to restart. If a failure is reported after scanning is enabled, scanning continues.

## **ECHO Response (Hex EE)**

This is sent in response to an Echo command from the system.

## **Overrun (Hex 00)**

An overrun character is placed in position 17 of the keyboard buffer, overlaying the last code if the buffer becomes full. The code is sent to the system as an overrun when it reaches the top of the buffer.

## **Resend (Hex FE)**

The keyboard issues a Resend command following receipt of an invalid input, or any input with incorrect parity. If the system sends nothing to the keyboard, no response is required.

## **Keyboard Scan-Code Outputs**

Each key is assigned a unique 8-bit make scan code, which is sent when the key is pressed. Each key also sends a break code when the key is released. The break code consists of 2 bytes, the first of which is the break code prefix, hex F0; the second byte is the same as the make scan code for that key.

The typematic scan code for a key is the same as the key's make code. Refer to "Keyboard Layouts" beginning on page 4-27 to determine the character associated with each key number.

The following table lists the positions of the keys and their make scan codes.

Key Number	Make Code	Key Number	Make Code	Key Number	Make Code
1	0E	31	1C	67	0B
2	16	32	1B	68	0A
3	1E	33	23	69	09
4	26	34	2B	70	05
5	25	35	34	71	04
6	2E	36	33	72	03
7	36	37	3B	73	83
8	3D	38	42	74	01
9	3E	39	4B	90	76
10	46	40	4C	91	6C
11	45	41	52	92	6B
12	4E	43	5A	93	69
13	55	44	12	95	77
14	5D	46	1A	96	75
15	66	47	22	97	73
16	0D	48	21	98	72
17	15	49	2A	99	70
18	1D	50	32	100	7E
19	24	51	31	101	7D
20	2D	52	3A	102	74
21	2C	53	3C	103	7A
22	35	54	49	104	71
23	3C	55	4A	105	84
24	43	57	59	106	7C
25	44	58	11	107	7B
26	4D	61	29	108	79
27	54	64	58		
28	5B	65	06		
30	14	66	0C		

**Note:** Break code consists of 2 bytes; the first is hex F0, the second is the make scan code for that key.

## Clock and Data Signals

The keyboard and system communicate over the 'clock' and 'data' lines. The source of each of these lines is an open-collector device on the keyboard that allows either the keyboard or the system to force a line to a negative level. When no communication is occurring, both the 'clock' and 'data' lines are at a positive level.

Data transmissions to and from the keyboard consist of 11-bit data streams that are sent serially over the 'data' line. The following table shows the structure of the data stream.

Bit	Function
1	Start bit (always 1)
2	Data bit 0 (least-significant)
3	Data bit 1
4	Data bit 2
5	Data bit 3
6	Data bit 4
7	Data bit 5
8	Data bit 6
9	Data bit 7 (most-significant)
10	Parity bit (odd parity)
11	Stop bit (always 1)

The parity bit is either 1 or 0, and the eight data bits plus the parity bit always equals an odd number.

When the system sends data to the keyboard, it forces the 'data' line to a negative level and allows the 'clock' line to go to a positive level.

When the keyboard sends data to, or receives data from the system, it generates the 'clock' signal to time the data. The system can prevent the keyboard from sending data by forcing the 'clock' line to a negative level; the 'data' line may go high or low during this time.

During the BAT, the keyboard allows the 'clock' and 'data' lines to go to a positive level.

## Keyboard Data Output

When the keyboard is ready to send data, it first checks for a keyboard-inhibit or system request-to-send status on the 'clock' and 'data' lines. If the 'clock' line is low (inhibit status), data is stored in the keyboard buffer. If the 'clock' line is high and 'data' is low (request-to-send), data is stored in the keyboard buffer, and the keyboard receives system data.

If 'clock' and 'data' are both high, the keyboard sends the 0 start bit, 8 data bits, the parity bit and the stop bit. Data will be valid after the rising edge and before the falling edge of the 'clock' line. During transmission, the keyboard checks the 'clock' line for a positive level at least every 60 milliseconds. If

the system lowers the 'clock' line from a positive level after the keyboard starts sending data, a condition known as *line contention* occurs, and the keyboard stops sending data. If line contention occurs before the rising edge of the 10th clock (parity bit), the keyboard buffer returns the 'data' and 'clock' lines to a positive level. If contention does not occur by the tenth clock, the keyboard completes the transmission.

Following a transmission, the system can inhibit the keyboard until the system processes the input or until it requests that a response be sent.

## **Keyboard Data Input**

When the system is ready to send data to the keyboard, it first checks if the keyboard is sending data. If the keyboard is sending but has not reached the tenth clock, the system can override the keyboard output by forcing the 'clock' line to a negative level. If the keyboard transmission is beyond the tenth clock, the system must receive the transmission.

If the keyboard is not sending, or if the system elects to override the keyboard's output, the system forces the 'clock' line to a negative level for more than 60 microseconds while preparing to send. When the system is ready to send the start bit ('data' line will be low), it allows the 'clock' line to go to a positive level.

The keyboard checks the state of the 'clock' line at intervals of no less than 60 milliseconds. If a request-to-send is detected, the keyboard counts 11 bits. After the tenth bit, the keyboard forces the 'data' line low and counts one more (the stop bit). This action signals the system that the keyboard has received its data. Upon receipt of this signal, the system returns to a ready state, in which it can accept keyboard output, or goes to the inhibited state until it is ready.

Each system command or data transmission to the keyboard requires a response from the keyboard before the system can send its next output. The keyboard will respond within 20 milliseconds unless the system prevents keyboard output. If the keyboard response is invalid or has a parity error, the system sends the command or data again. A Resend command should not be sent in this case.

# Keyboard Encoding and Usage

The keyboard routine, provided by IBM in the ROM BIOS, is responsible for converting the keyboard scan codes into what will be termed *Extended ASCII*. The extended ASCII codes returned by the ROM routine are mapped to the U.S. English keyboard layout. Some operating systems may make provisions for alternate keyboard layouts by providing an interrupt replacer, which resides in the read/write memory. This section discusses only the ROM routine.

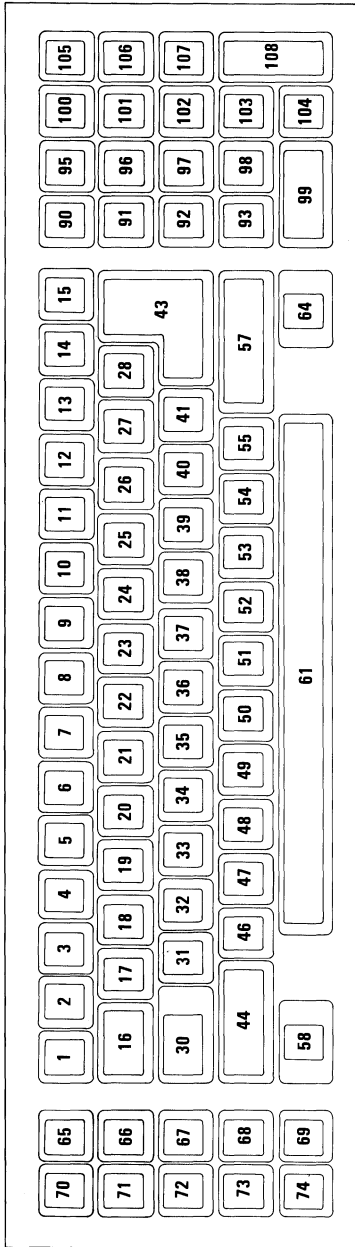
Extended ASCII encompasses 1-byte character codes, with possible values of 0 to 255, an extended code for certain extended keyboard functions, and functions handled within the keyboard routine or through interrupts.

## Character Codes

The character codes described later are passed through the BIOS keyboard routine to the system or application program. A "-1" means the combination is suppressed in the keyboard routine. The codes are returned in the AL register. See "Characters, Keystrokes, and Color" later in this manual for the exact codes.



The following table shows the keyboard layout and key positions.



Key	Base Case	Uppercase	Ctrl	Alt
1	'	~	-1	-1
2	1	!	-1	(*)
3	2	@	Nu1(000) (*)	(*)
4	3	#	-1	(*)
5	4	\$	-1	(*)
6	5	%	-1	(*)
7	6	^	RS(030)	(*)
8	7	&	-1	(*)
9	8	*	-1	(*)
10	9	(	-1	(*)
11	0	)	-1	(*)
12	-	_	US(031)	(*)
13	=	+`	-1	(*)
14	\		FS(028)	-1
15	Backspace (008)	Backspace (008)	Del(127)	-1
16	→  (009)	← (*)	-1	-1
17	q	Q	DC1(017)	(*)
18	w	W	ETB(023)	(*)
19	e	E	ENQ(005)	(*)
20	r	R	DC2(018)	(*)
21	t	T	DC4(020)	(*)
22	y	Y	EM(025)	(*)
23	u	U	NAK(021)	(*)
24	i	I	HT(009)	(*)
25	o	O	SI(015)	(*)
26	p	P	DLE(016)	(*)
27	{	{	Esc(027)	(*)
28	}	}	GS(029)	-1
30 Ctrl	-1	-1	-1	-1
31	a	A	SOH(001)	(*)
32	s	S	DC3(019)	(*)
33	d	D	EOT(004)	(*)
34	f	F	ACK(006)	(*)
35	g	G	BEL(007)	(*)
36	h	H	BS(008)	(*)
37	j	J	LF(010)	(*)
38	k	K	VT(011)	(*)
39	l	L	FF(012)	(*)
40	;	;	-1	-1
41	,	,"	-1	-1
43	CR	CR	LF(010)	-1
44 Shift (Left)	-1	-1	-1	-1
46	z	Z	SUB(026)	(*)
47	x	X	CAN(024)	(*)
48	c	C	ETX(003)	(*)

Notes:  
 (\*) Refer to "Extended Functions" in this section.  
 (\*\*) Refer to "Special Handling" in this section.

**Character Codes (Part 1 of 2)**

**SECTION 4**

Key	Base Case	Uppercase	Ctrl	Alt
49	v	V	SYN(022)	(*)
50	b	B	STX(002)	(*)
51	n	N	S0(014)	(*)
52	m	M	CR(013)	(*)
53	,	<	-1	-1
54	.	>	-1	-1
55	/	?	-1	-1
57 Shift (Right)	-1	-1	-1	-1
58 Alt	-1	-1	-1	-1
61	Space	Space	Space	Space
64 Caps Lock	-1	-1	-1	-1
90	Esc	Esc	Esc	-1
95 Num Lock	-1	-1 (*)	Pause (**)	-1
100 Scroll Lock	-1	-1	Break (**)	-1
107	-	-	(*)	(*)
108	Enter	Enter	LF(010)	-1
112	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)
113	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)
114	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)
115	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)
116	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)
117	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)
118	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)

Notes:  
 (\*) Refer to "Extended Functions" in this section.  
 (\*\*) Refer to "Special Handling" in this section.

## Character Codes (Part 2 of 2)

The following table lists keys that have meaning only in Num Lock, Shift, or Ctrl states. The Shift key temporarily reverses the current Num Lock state.

Key	Num Lock	Base Case	Alt	Ctrl
91	7	Home (*)	-1	Clear Screen
92	4	← (*)	-1	Reverse Word (*)
93	1	End (*)	-1	Erase to EOL (*)
96	8	↑ (*)	-1	-1
97	5	-1	-1	-1
98	2	↓ (*)	-1	-1
99	0	Ins	-1	-1
101	9	Page Up (*)	-1	Top of Text and Home
102	6	→ (*)	-1	Advance Word (*)
103	3	Page Down (*)	-1	Erase to EOS (*)
104	.	Delete (*, **)	(**)	(**)
105	-	Sys Request	-1	-1
106	+	+ (*)	-1	-1

Notes:  
 (\*) Refer to "Extended Functions" in this section.  
 (\*\*) Refer to "Special Handling" in this section.

**Special Character Codes**

**Extended Functions**

For certain functions that cannot be represented by a standard ASCII code, an extended code is used. A character code of 000 (null) is returned in AL. This indicates that the system or application program should examine a second code, which will indicate the actual function. Usually, but not always, this second code is the scan code of the primary key that was pressed. This code is returned in AH.

The following table is a list of the extended codes and their functions.

Second Code	Function
3	Nul Character
15	← (Back-tab)
16-25	Alt Q, W, E, R, T, Y, U, I, O, P
30-38	Alt A, S, D, F, G, H, J, K, L
44-50	Alt Z, X, C, V, B, N, M
59-68	F1 to F10 Function Keys (Base Case)
71	Home
72	↑ (Cursor Up)
73	Page Up and Home Cursor
75	← (Cursor Left)
77	→ (Cursor Right)
79	End
80	↓ (Cursor Down)
81	Page Down and Home Cursor
82	Ins (Insert)
83	Del (Delete)
84-93	F11 to F20 (Shift-F1 through Shift-F10)
94-103	F21 to F30 (Ctrl-F1 through Ctrl-F10)
104-113	F31 to F40 (Alt-F1 through Alt-F10)
114	Ctrl PrtSc (Start/Stop Echo to Printer)
115	Ctrl ← (Reverse Word)
116	Ctrl → (Advance Word)
117	Ctrl End (Erase to End of Line-EOL)
118	Ctrl PgDn (Erase to End of Screen-EOS)
119	Ctrl Home (Clear Screen and Home)
120-131	Alt 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 0, -, = keys 2-13
132	Ctrl PgUp (Top 25 Lines of Text and Cursor Home)

## Keyboard Extended Functions

## Shift States

Most shift states are handled within the keyboard routine, and are not apparent to the system or application program. In any case, the current status of active shift states is available by calling an entry point in the BIOS keyboard routine. The following keys result in altered shift states:

**Shift:** This key temporarily shifts keys 1 through 14, 16 through 28, 31 through 41, and 46 through 55, to uppercase (base case if in Caps Lock state). Also, the Shift temporarily reverses the Num Lock or non-Num Lock state of keys 91 through 93, 96, 98, 99, and 101 through 104.

**Ctrl:** This key temporarily shifts keys 3, 7, 12, 15, 17 through 28, 31 through 39, 43, 46 through 52, 91 through 93, and 101 through 103 to the Ctrl state. The Ctrl key is also used with the Alt and Del keys to cause the system-reset function; with the Scroll Lock key to cause the break function; and with the Num Lock key to cause the pause function. The system-reset, break, and pause functions are described under "Special Handling" later in this section.

**Alt:** This key temporarily shifts keys 1 through 13, 17 through 26, 31 through 39, and 46 through 52 to the Alt state. The Alt key is also used with the Ctrl and Del keys to cause a system reset.

The Alt key also allows the user to enter any character code from 1 to 255.

**Note:** Character codes 97-122 will display uppercase with Caps Lock activated. The user holds down the Alt key and types the decimal value of the characters desired on the numeric keypad (keys 91 through 93, 96 through 99, and 101 through 103). The Alt key is then released. If the number is greater than 255, a modulo-256 value is used. This value is interpreted as a character code and is sent through the keyboard routine to the system or application program. Alt is handled internal to the keyboard routine.

**Caps Lock:** This key shifts keys 17 through 26, 31 through 39, and 46 through 52 to uppercase. When Caps Lock is pressed again, it reverses the action. Caps Lock is handled internal to the keyboard routine. When Caps Lock is pressed, it changes the Caps Lock Mode indicator. If the indicator was on, it will go off; and if it was off, it will go on.

**Scroll Lock:** When interpreted by appropriate application programs, this key indicates that the cursor-control keys will cause windowing over the text rather than moving the cursor. When the Scroll Lock key is pressed again, it reverses the action. The keyboard routine simply records the current shift state of the Scroll Lock key. It is the responsibility of the application program to perform the function. When Scroll Lock is pressed, it changes the Scroll Lock Mode indicator. If the indicator was on, it will go off; and if it was off, it will go on.

**Num Lock:** This key shifts keys 91 through 93, 96 through 99, and 101 through 104 to uppercase. When Num Lock is pressed again, it reverses the action. Num Lock is handled internal to the keyboard routine. When Num Lock is pressed, it changes the Num Lock Mode indicator. If the indicator was on, it will go off; if it was off, it will go on.

If the keyboard Num Lock Mode indicator and the system get out of synchronization, pressing the key combination of Shift and Num Lock will synchronize them. This key combination changes the Num Lock bit in the keyboard memory, but sends only the scan code for the Shift key to the system.

**Shift Key Priorities and Combinations:** If combinations of the Alt, Ctrl, and Shift keys are pressed and only one is valid, the priority is as follows: the Alt key is first, the Ctrl key is second, and the Shift key is third. The only valid combination is Alt and Ctrl, which is used in the system-reset function.

## Special Handling

### System Reset

The combination of the Alt, Ctrl, and Del keys results in the keyboard routine that starts a system reset or restart. System reset is handled by BIOS.

### Break

The combination of the Ctrl and Break keys results in the keyboard routine signaling interrupt hex 1B. The extended characters AL=hex 00, and AH=hex 00 are also returned.

### Pause

The Pause key (Ctrl and Num Lock) causes the keyboard interrupt routine to loop, waiting for any key except Num Lock to be pressed. This provides a method of temporarily suspending an operation, such as listing or printing, and then resuming the

operation. The method is not apparent to either the system or the application program. The key stroke used to resume operation is discarded. Pause is handled internal to the keyboard routine.

## **Print Screen**

The PrtSc key results in an interrupt invoking the print-screen routine. This routine works in the alphameric or graphics mode, with unrecognizable characters printing as blanks.

## **System Request**

When the System Request (SysReq) key is pressed, a hex 8500 is placed in AX, and an interrupt hex 15 is executed. When the SysReq key is released, a hex 8501 is placed in AX, and another interrupt hex 15 is executed. If an application is to use System Request, the following rules must be observed:

Save the previous address.

Overlay interrupt vector hex 15.

Check AH for a value of hex 85:

If yes, process may begin.

If no, go to previous address.

The application program must preserve the value in all registers, except AX, upon return. System Request is handled internal to the keyboard routine.

## **Other Characteristics**

The keyboard routine does its own buffering, and the keyboard buffer is large enough to support entries by a fast typist. However, if a key is pressed when the buffer is full, the key will be ignored and the "alarm" will sound.



The keyboard routine also suppresses the typematic action of the following keys: Ctrl, Shift, Alt, Num Lock, Scroll Lock, Caps Lock, and Ins.

During each interrupt 09H from the keyboard, an interrupt 15H, function (AH)=4FH is generated by the BIOS after the scan code is read from the keyboard adapter. The scan code is passed in the (AL) register with the carry flag set. This is to allow an operating system to intercept each scan code prior to its being handled by the interrupt 09H routine, and have a chance to change or act on the scan code. If the carry flag is changed to 0 on return from interrupt 15H, the scan code will be ignored by the interrupt handler.

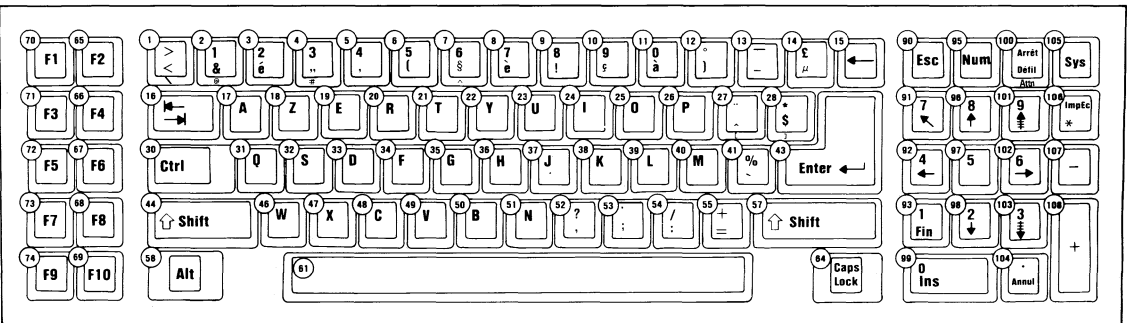
# Keyboard Layouts

The keyboard has six different layouts:

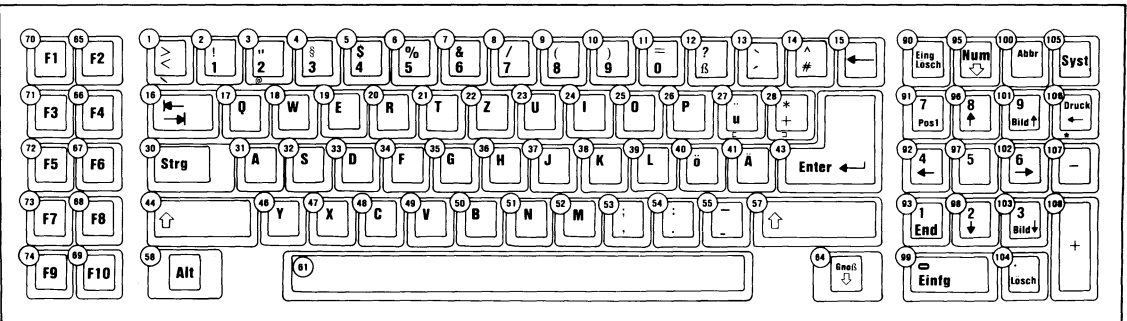
- French
- German
- Italian
- Spanish
- U.K. English
- U.S. English

The following pages show the six keyboard layouts.

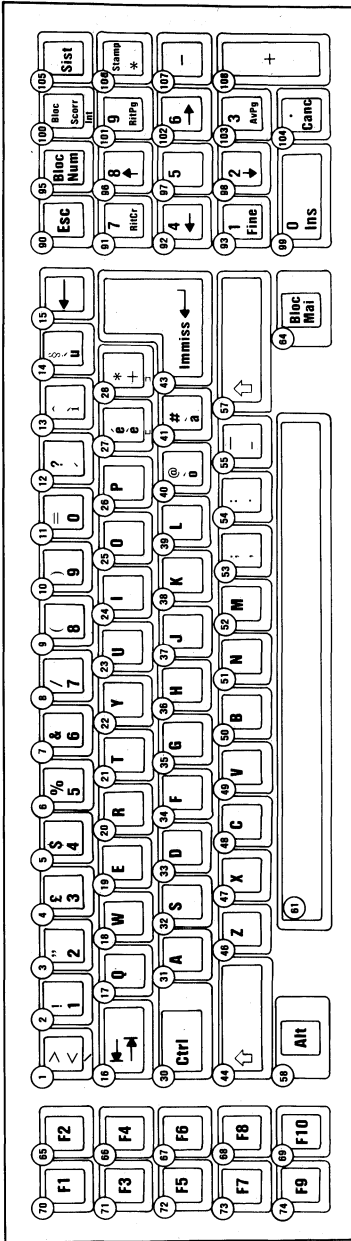
# French Keyboard



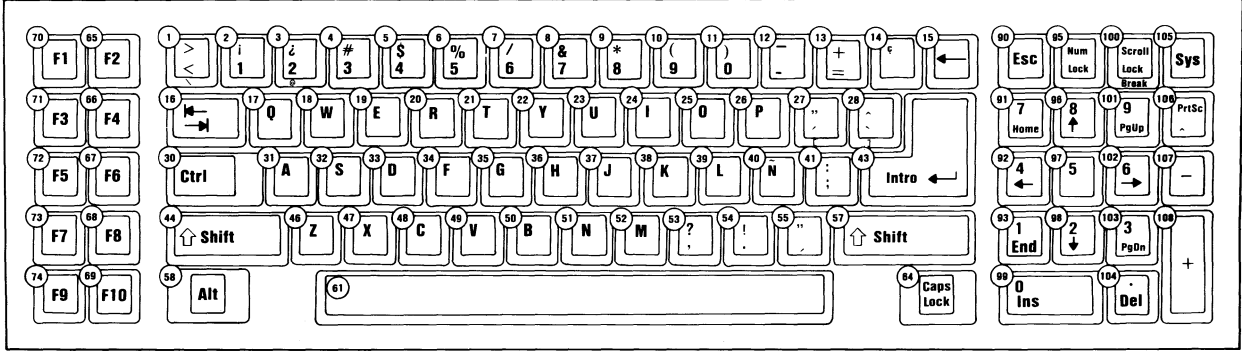
# German Keyboard



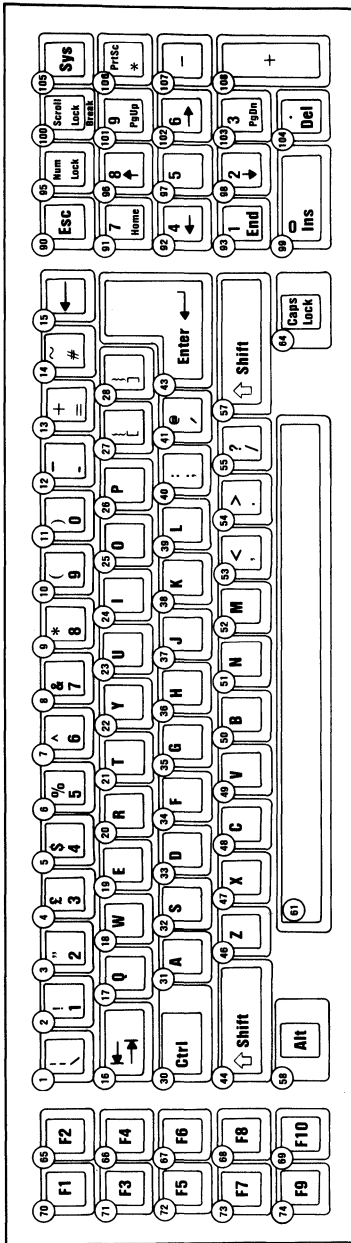
# Italian Keyboard

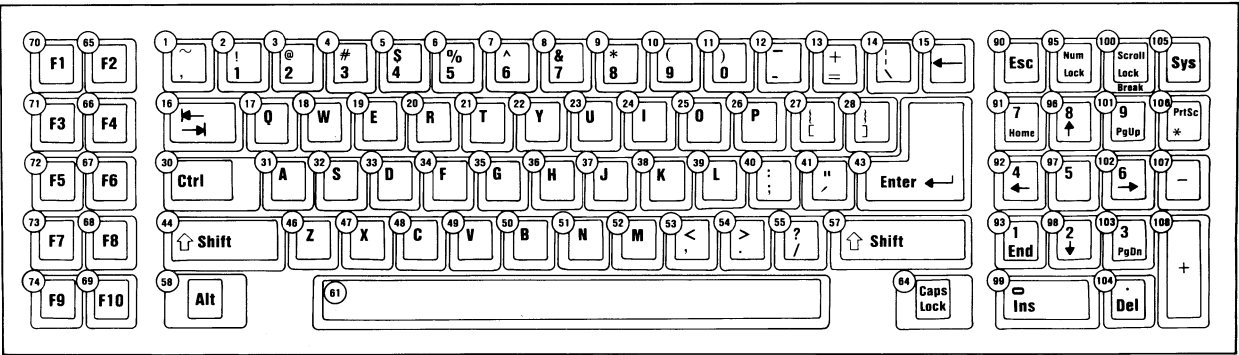


# Spanish Keyboard



# U.K. English Keyboard







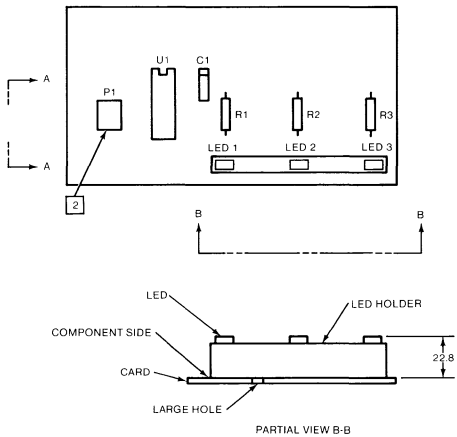
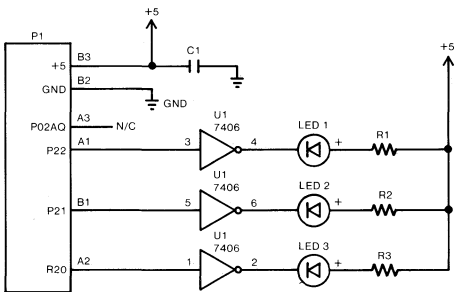
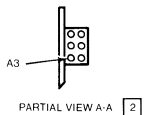
# Specifications

## Size

- Length: 503 millimeters (19.8 inches)
- Depth: 213 millimeters (8.4 inches)
- Height: 58 millimeters (2.3 inches)

## Weight

- 2.8 kilograms (6.2 pounds)



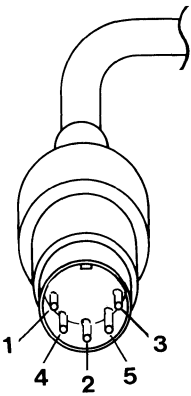
Enhancement Logic Card Assembly

# 101/102-Key Keyboard Description

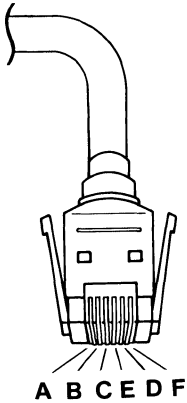
The keyboard has 101 keys (102 in countries outside the U. S.). At system power-on, the keyboard monitors the signals on the 'clock' and 'data' lines and establishes its line protocol. A bidirectional serial interface in the keyboard converts the 'clock' and 'data' signals and sends this information to and from the keyboard through the keyboard cable.

# Cabling

The keyboard cable connects to the system with a 5-pin DIN connector, and to the keyboard with a 6-position SDL connector. The following table shows the pin configuration and signal assignments.



**DIN Connector**



**SDL Connector**

DIN Connector Pins	SDL Connector Pins	Signal Name	Signal Type
1	D	+KBD CLK	Input/Output
2	B	+KBD DATA	Input/Output
3	F	Reserved	
4	C	Ground	Power
5	E	+5.0 Vdc	Power
Shield	A	Not used	
	Shield	Frame Ground	

**SECTION 4**

## Sequencing Key-Code Scanning

The keyboard detects all keys pressed, and sends each scan code in the correct sequence. When not serviced by the system, the keyboard stores the scan codes in its buffer.

## Keyboard Buffer

A 16-byte first-in-first-out (FIFO) buffer in the keyboard stores the scan codes until the system is ready to receive them.

A buffer-overflow condition occurs when more than 16 bytes are placed in the keyboard buffer. An overflow code replaces the 17th byte. If more keys are pressed before the system allows keyboard output, the additional data is lost.

When the keyboard is allowed to send data, the bytes in the buffer will be sent as in normal operation, and new data entered is detected and sent. Response codes do not occupy a buffer position.

If keystrokes generate a multiple-byte sequence, the entire sequence must fit into the available buffer space or the keystroke is discarded and a buffer-overflow condition occurs.

## Keys

With the exception of the Pause key, all keys are *make/break*. The make scan code of a key is sent to the keyboard controller when the key is pressed. When the key is released, its break scan code is sent.

Additionally, except for the Pause key, all keys are *typematic*. When a key is pressed and held down, the keyboard sends the make code for that key, delays 500 milliseconds  $\pm$  20%, and begins sending a make code for that key at a rate of 10.9 characters per second  $\pm$  20%. The typematic rate and delay can be modified (see “Set Typematic Rate/Delay (Hex F3)” on page 4-45).

If two or more keys are held down, only the last key pressed repeats at the typematic rate. Typematic operation stops when the last key pressed is released, even if other keys are still held down. If a key is pressed and held down while keyboard transmission is inhibited, only the first make code is stored in the buffer. This prevents buffer overflow as a result of typematic action.

**Note:** Scan code set 3 allows key types to be changed by the system. See “Scan Code Tables (Set 3)” on page 4-58 for the default settings. Commands to change the default settings are listed in “Commands from the System” on page 4-40.

## **Power-On Routine**

The following activities take place when power is first applied to the keyboard.

### **Power-On Reset**

The keyboard logic generates a 'power-on reset' signal (POR) when power is first applied to the keyboard. POR occurs a minimum of 150 milliseconds and a maximum of 2.0 seconds from the time power is first applied to the keyboard.

### **Basic Assurance Test**

The basic assurance test (BAT) consists of a keyboard processor test, a checksum of the read-only memory (ROM), and a random-access memory (RAM) test. During the BAT, activity on the 'clock' and 'data' lines is ignored. The LEDs are turned on at the beginning and off at the end of the BAT. The BAT takes a minimum of 300 milliseconds and a maximum of 500 milliseconds. This is in addition to the time required by the POR.

Upon satisfactory completion of the BAT, a completion code (hex AA) is sent to the system, and keyboard scanning begins. If a BAT failure occurs, the keyboard sends an error code to the system. The keyboard is then disabled pending command input. Completion codes are sent between 450 milliseconds and 2.5 seconds after POR, and between 300 and 500 milliseconds after a Reset command is acknowledged.

Immediately following POR, the keyboard monitors the signals on the keyboard 'clock' and 'data' lines and sets the line protocol.

# Commands from the System

The following table shows the commands that the system may send and their hexadecimal values.

Command	Hex Value
Set/Reset Status Indicators	ED
Echo	EE
Invalid Command	EF
Select Alternate Scan Codes	F0
Invalid Command	F1
Read ID	F2
Set Typematic Rate/Delay	F3
Enable	F4
Default Disable	F5
Set Default	F6
Set All Keys - Typematic	F7
- Make/Break	F8
- Make	F9
- Typematic/Make/Break	FA
Set Key Type - Typematic	FB
- Make/Break	FC
- Make	FD
Resend	FE
Reset	FF

The commands may be sent to the keyboard at any time. The keyboard will respond within 20 milliseconds, except when performing the basic assurance test (BAT), or executing a Reset command.

**Note:** Mode 1 will accept only the 'reset' command.

The commands are described below, in alphabetic order. They have different meanings when issued by the keyboard (see "Commands to the System" on page 4-47).

## Default Disable (Hex F5)

The Default Disable command resets all conditions to the power-on default state. The keyboard responds with ACK, clears its output buffer, sets the default key types (scan code set 3 operation only) and typematic rate/delay, and clears the last typematic key. The keyboard stops scanning, and awaits further instructions.

## **Echo (Hex EE)**

Echo is a diagnostic aid. When the keyboard receives this command, it issues a hex EE response and, if the keyboard was previously enabled, continues scanning.

## **Enable (Hex F4)**

Upon receipt of this command, the keyboard responds with ACK, clears its output buffer, clears the last typematic key, and starts scanning.

## **Invalid Command (Hex EF and F1)**

Hex EF and hex F1 are invalid commands and are not supported. If one of these is sent, the keyboard does not acknowledge the command, but returns a Resend command and continues in its prior scanning state. No other activities occur.

## **Read ID (Hex F2)**

This command requests identification information from the keyboard. The keyboard responds with ACK, discontinues scanning, and sends the two keyboard ID bytes. The second byte must follow completion of the first by no more than 500 microseconds. After the output of the second ID byte, the keyboard resumes scanning.

## **Resend (Hex FE)**

The system sends this command when it detects an error in any transmission from the keyboard. It is sent only after a keyboard transmission and before the system allows the next keyboard output. When a Resend is received, the keyboard sends the previous output again (unless the previous output was Resend, in which case the keyboard sends the last byte before the Resend command).



## **Reset (Hex FF)**

The system issues a Reset command to start a program reset and a keyboard internal self test. The keyboard acknowledges the command with an ACK and ensures the system accepts ACK before executing the command. The system signals acceptance of ACK by raising the 'clock' and 'data' lines for a minimum of 500 microseconds. The keyboard is disabled from the time it receives the Reset command until ACK is accepted, or until another command is sent that overrides the previous command.

Following acceptance of ACK, the keyboard is re-initialized and performs the BAT. After returning the completion code, the keyboard defaults to scan code set 2.

## **Select Alternate Scan Codes (Hex F0)**

This command instructs the keyboard to select one of three sets of scan codes. The keyboard acknowledges receipt of this command with ACK, clears both the output buffer and the typematic key (if one is active). The system then sends the option byte and the keyboard responds with another ACK. An option byte value of hex 01 selects scan code set 1, hex 02 selects set 2, and hex 03 selects set 3.

An option byte value of hex 00 causes the keyboard to acknowledge with ACK and send a byte telling the system which scan code set is currently in use.

After establishing the new scan code set, the keyboard returns to the scanning state it was in before receiving the Select Alternate Scan Codes command.

## Set All Keys (Hex F7, F8, F9, FA)

These commands instruct the keyboard to set all keys to the type listed below:

Hex Value	Command
F7	Set All Keys - Typematic
F8	Set All Keys - Make/Break
F9	Set All Keys - Make
FA	Set All Keys - Typematic/Make/Break

The keyboard responds with ACK, clears its output buffer, sets all keys to the type indicated by the command, and continues scanning (if it was previously enabled). Although these commands can be sent using any scan code set, they affect only scan code set 3 operation.

## Set Default (Hex F6)

The Set Default command resets all conditions to the power-on default state. The keyboard responds with ACK, clears its output buffer, sets the default key types (scan code set 3 operation only) and typematic rate/delay, clears the last typematic key, and continues scanning.

## Set Key Type (Hex FB, FC, FD)

These commands instruct the keyboard to set individual keys to the type listed below:

Hex Value	Command
FB	Set Key Type - Typematic
FC	Set Key Type - Make/Break
FD	Set Key Type - Make

The keyboard responds with ACK, clears its output buffer, and prepares to receive key identification. Key identification is accomplished by the system identifying each key by its scan code value as defined in scan code set 3. Only scan code set 3 values are valid for key identification. The type of each identified key is set to the value indicated by the command.

These commands can be sent using any scan code set, but affect only scan code set 3 operation.

## Set/Reset Status Indicators (Hex ED)

Three status indicators on the keyboard— Num Lock, Caps Lock, and Scroll Lock—are accessible by the system. The keyboard activates or deactivates these indicators when it receives a valid command-code sequence from the system. The command sequence begins with the command byte (hex ED). The keyboard responds to the command byte with ACK, discontinues scanning, and waits for the option byte from the system. The bit assignments for this option byte are as follows:

Bit	Indicator
0	Scroll Lock Indicator
1	Num Lock Indicator
2	Caps Lock Indicator
3-7	Reserved (must be 0s)

If a bit for an indicator is set to 1, the indicator is turned on. If a bit is set to 0, the indicator is turned off.

The keyboard responds to the option byte with ACK, sets the indicators and, if the keyboard was previously enabled, continues scanning. The state of the indicators will reflect the bits in the option byte and can be activated or deactivated in any combination. If another command is received in place of the option byte, execution of the Set/Reset Mode Indicators command is stopped, with no change to the indicator states, and the new command is processed.

Immediately after power-on, the lights default to the Off state. If the Set Default and Default Disable commands are received, the lamps remain in the state they were in before the command was received.

## Set Typematic Rate/Delay (Hex F3)

The system issues the Set Typematic Rate/Delay command to change the typematic rate and delay. The keyboard responds to the command with ACK, stops scanning, and waits for the system to issue the rate/delay value byte. The keyboard responds to the rate/delay value byte with another ACK, sets the rate and delay to the values indicated, and continues scanning (if it was previously enabled). Bits 6 and 5 indicate the delay, and bits 4, 3, 2, 1, and 0 (the least-significant bit) the rate. Bit 7, the most-significant bit, is always 0. The delay is equal to 1 plus the binary value of bits 6 and 5, multiplied by 250 milliseconds  $\pm$  20%.

The period (interval from one typematic output to the next) is determined by the following equation:

$$\text{Period} = (8 + A) \times (2^B) \times 0.00417 \text{ seconds.}$$

where:

A = binary value of bits 2, 1, and 0.

B = binary value of bits 4 and 3.

The typematic rate (make codes per second) is 1 for each period and are listed in the following table.

Bit	Typematic Rate $\pm$ 20%	Bit	Typematic Rate $\pm$ 20%
00000	30.0	10000	7.5
00001	26.7	10001	6.7
00010	24.0	10010	6.0
00011	21.8	10011	5.5
00100	20.0	10100	5.0
00101	18.5	10101	4.6
00110	17.1	10110	4.3
00111	16.0	10111	4.0
01000	15.0	11000	3.7
01001	13.3	11001	3.3
01010	12.0	11010	3.0
01011	10.9	11011	2.7
01100	10.0	11100	2.5
01101	9.2	11101	2.3
01110	8.0	11110	2.1
01111	8.0	11111	2.0

The default values for the system keyboard are as follows:

Typematic rate = 10.9 characters per second  $\pm$  20%.

Delay = 500 milliseconds  $\pm$  20%.

The execution of this command stops without change to the existing rate if another command is received instead of the rate/delay value byte.

# Commands to the System

The following table shows the commands that the keyboard may send to the system, and their hexadecimal values.

Command	Hex Value
Key Detection Error/Overrun	00 (Code Sets 2 and 3)
Keyboard ID	83AB
BAT Completion Code	AA
BAT Failure Code	FC
Echo	EE
Acknowledge (ACK)	FA
Resend	FE
Key Detection Error/Overrun	FF (Code Set 1)

The commands the keyboard sends to the system are described below, in alphabetic order. They have different meanings when issued by the system (see “Commands from the System” on page 4-40).

## Acknowledge (Hex FA)

The keyboard issues Acknowledge (ACK) to any valid input other than an Echo or Resend command. If the keyboard is interrupted while sending ACK, it discards ACK and accepts and responds to the new command.

## BAT Completion Code (Hex AA)

Following satisfactory completion of the BAT, the keyboard sends hex AA. Any other code indicates a failure of the keyboard.

## BAT Failure Code (Hex FC)

If a BAT failure occurs, the keyboard sends this code, discontinues scanning, and waits for a system response or reset.

## Echo (Hex EE)

The keyboard sends this code in response to an Echo command.

## **Keyboard ID (Hex 83AB)**

The Keyboard ID consists of 2 bytes, hex 83AB. The keyboard responds to the Read ID with ACK, discontinues scanning, and sends the 2 ID bytes. The low byte is sent first followed by the high byte. Following output of Keyboard ID, the keyboard begins scanning.

## **Key Detection Error (Hex 00 or FF)**

The keyboard sends a key detection error character if conditions in the keyboard make it impossible to identify a switch closure. If the keyboard is using scan code set 1, the code is hex FF. For sets 2 and 3, the code is hex 00.

## **Overrun (Hex 00 or FF)**

An overrun character is placed in the keyboard buffer and replaces the last code when the buffer capacity has been exceeded. The code is sent to the system when it reaches the top of the buffer queue. If the keyboard is using scan code set 1, the code is hex FF. For sets 2 and 3, the code is hex 00.

## **Resend (Hex FE)**

The keyboard issues a Resend command following receipt of an invalid input or any input with incorrect parity. If the system sends nothing to the keyboard, no response is required.

# Keyboard Scan Codes

The following tables list the key numbers of the three scan code sets and their hexadecimal values. The system defaults to scan set 2, but can be switched to set 1 or set 3 (see “Select Alternate Scan Codes (Hex F0)” on page 4-42).

## Scan Code Set 1

In scan code set 1, each key is assigned a base scan code and, in some cases, extra codes to generate artificial shift states in the system. The typematic scan codes are identical to the base scan code for each key.



## Scan Code Tables (Set 1)

The following keys send the codes as shown, regardless of any shift states in the keyboard or the system. Refer to “Keyboard Layouts” beginning on page 4-74 to determine the character associated with each key number.

Key Number	Make Code	Break Code
1	29	A9
2	02	82
3	03	83
4	04	84
5	05	85
6	06	86
7	07	87
8	08	88
9	09	89
10	0A	8A
11	0B	8B
12	0C	8C
13	0D	8D
15	0E	8E
16	0F	8F
17	10	90
18	11	91
19	12	92
20	13	93
21	14	94
22	15	95
23	16	96
24	17	97
25	18	98
26	19	99
27	1A	9A
28	1B	9B
29 *	2B	AB
30	3A	BA
31	1E	9E
32	1F	9F
33	20	A0

\* 101-key keyboard only.

Key Number	Make Code	Break Code
34	21	A1
35	22	A2
36	23	A3
37	24	A4
38	25	A5
39	26	A6
40	27	A7
41	28	A8
42 **	2B	AB
43	1C	9C
44	2A	AA
45 **	56	D6
46	2C	AC
47	2D	AD
48	2E	AE
49	2F	AF
50	30	B0
51	31	B1
52	32	B2
53	33	B3
54	34	B4
55	35	B5
57	36	B6
58	1D	9D
60	38	B8
61	39	B9
62	E0 38	E0 B8
64	E0 1D	E0 9D
90	45	C5
91	47	C7
92	4B	CB
93	4F	CF
96	48	C8
97	4C	CC
98	50	D0
99	52	D2
100	37	B7
101	49	C9
102	4D	CD
103	51	D1
104	53	D3
105	4A	CA
106	4E	CE
108	E0 1C	E0 9C
110	01	81
112	3B	BB
113	3C	BC
114	3D	BD
115	3E	BE
116	3F	BF
117	40	CO
118	41	C1
119	42	C2

\*\* 102-key keyboard only.

Key Number	Make Code	Break Code
120	43	C3
121	44	C4
122	57	D7
123	58	D8
125	46	C6

The remaining keys send a series of codes dependent on the state of the various shift keys (Ctrl, Alt, and Shift), and the state of Num Lock (On or Off). Because the base scan code is identical to that of another key, an extra code (hex E0) has been added to the base code to make it unique.

Key No.	Base Case, or Shift+Num Lock Make/Break	Shift Case Make/Break *	Num Lock on Make/Break
75	E0 52 /E0 D2	E0 AA E0 52 /E0 D2 E0 2A	E0 2A E0 52 /E0 D2 E0 AA
76	E0 53 /E0 D3	E0 AA E0 53 /E0 D3 E0 2A	E0 2A E0 53 /E0 D3 E0 AA
79	E0 4B /E0 CB	E0 AA E0 4B /E0 CB E0 2A	E0 2A E0 4B /E0 CB E0 AA
80	E0 47 /E0 C7	E0 AA E0 47 /E0 C7 E0 2A	E0 2A E0 47 /E0 C7 E0 AA
81	E0 4F /E0 CF	E0 AA E0 4F /E0 CF E0 2A	E0 2A E0 4F /E0 CF E0 AA
83	E0 48 /E0 C8	E0 AA E0 48 /E0 C8 E0 2A	E0 2A E0 48 /E0 C8 E0 AA
84	E0 50 /E0 D0	E0 AA E0 50 /E0 D0 E0 2A	E0 2A E0 50 /E0 D0 E0 AA
85	E0 49 /E0 C9	E0 AA E0 49 /E0 C9 E0 2A	E0 2A E0 49 /E0 C9 E0 AA
86	E0 51 /E0 D1	E0 AA E0 51 /E0 D1 E0 2A	E0 2A E0 51 /E0 D1 E0 AA
89	E0 4D /E0 CD	E0 AA E0 4D /E0 CD E0 2A	E0 2A E0 4D /E0 CD E0 AA

\* If the left Shift key is held down, the AA/2A shift make and break is sent with the other scan codes. If the right Shift key is held down, B6/36 is sent. If both Shift keys are down, both sets of codes are sent with the other scan code.

Key No.	Scan Code Make/Break	Shift Case Make/Break *
95	E0 35/E0 B5	E0 AA E0 35/E0 B5 E0 2A
* If the left Shift key is held down, the AA/2A shift make and break is sent with the other scan codes. If the right Shift key is held down, B6/36 is sent. If both Shift keys are down, both sets of codes are sent with the other scan code.		

Key No.	Scan Code Make/Break	Ctrl Case, Shift Case Make/Break	Alt Case Make/Break
124	E0 2A E0 37 /E0 B7 E0 AA	E0 37/E0 B7	54/D4

Key No.	Make Code	Ctrl Key Pressed
126 *	E1 1D 45 E1 9D C5	E0 46 E0 C6
* This key is not typematic. All associated scan codes occur on the make of the key.		

## Scan Code Set 2

In scan code set 2, each key is assigned a unique 8-bit make scan code, which is sent when the key is pressed. Each key also sends a break code when the key is released. The break code consists of 2 bytes, the first of which is the break code prefix, hex F0; the second byte is the same as the make scan code for that key. The typematic scan code for a key is the same as the key's make code.

### Scan Code Tables (Set 2)

The following keys send the codes shown, regardless of any shift states in the keyboard or system. Refer to "Keyboard Layouts" beginning on page 4-74 to determine the character associated with each key number.

Key Number	Make Code	Break Code
1	0E	F0 0E
2	16	F0 16
3	1E	F0 1E
4	26	F0 26
5	25	F0 25
6	2E	F0 2E
7	36	F0 36
8	3D	F0 3D
9	3E	F0 3E
10	46	F0 46
11	45	F0 45
12	4E	F0 4E
13	55	F0 55
15	66	F0 66
16	0D	F0 0D
17	15	F0 15
18	1D	F0 1D
19	24	F0 24
20	2D	F0 2D
21	2C	F0 2C
22	35	F0 35
23	3C	F0 3C
24	43	F0 43
25	44	F0 44
26	4D	F0 4D
27	54	F0 54
28	5B	F0 5B
29 *	5D	F0 5D
30	58	F0 58
31	1C	F0 1C

\* 101-key keyboard only.

Key Number	Make Code	Break Code
32	1B	FO 1B
33	23	FO 23
34	2B	FO 2B
35	34	FO 34
36	33	FO 33
37	3B	FO 3B
38	42	FO 42
39	4B	FO 4B
40	4C	FO 4C
41	52	FO 52
42 **	5D	FO 5D
43	5A	FO 5A
44	12	FO 12
45 **	61	FO 61
46	1A	FO 1A
47	22	FO 22
48	21	FO 21
49	2A	FO 2A
50	32	FO 32
51	31	FO 31
52	3A	FO 3A
53	41	FO 41
54	49	FO 49
55	4A	FO 4A
57	59	FO 59
58	14	FO 14
60	11	FO 11
61	29	FO 29
62	EO 11	EO FO 11
64	EO 14	EO FO 14
90	77	FO 77
91	6C	FO 6C
92	6B	FO 6B
93	69	FO 69
96	75	FO 75
97	73	FO 73
98	72	FO 72
99	70	FO 70
100	7C	FO 7C
101	7D	FO 7D
102	74	FO 74
103	7A	FO 7A
104	71	FO 71
105	7B	FO 7B
106	79	FO 79
108	EO 5A	EO FO 5A
110	76	FO 76
112	05	FO 05
113	06	FO 06
114	04	FO 04
115	0C	FO 0C
116	03	FO 03
117	0B	FO 0B
118	83	FO 83
119	0A	FO 0A

\*\* 102-key keyboard only.

**SECTION 4**

Key Number	Make Code	Break Code
120	01	F0 01
121	09	F0 09
122	78	F0 78
123	07	F0 07
125	7E	F0 7E

The remaining keys send a series of codes dependent on the state of the various shift keys (Ctrl, Alt, and Shift), and the state of Num Lock (On or Off). Because the base scan code is identical to that of another key, an extra code (hex E0) has been added to the base code to make it unique.

Key No.	Base Case, or Shift+Num Lock Make/Break	Shift Case Make/Break *	Num Lock on Make/Break
75	E0 70 /E0 F0 70	E0 F0 12 E0 70 /E0 F0 70 E0 12	E0 12 E0 70 /E0 F0 70 E0 F0 12
76	E0 71 /E0 F0 71	E0 F0 12 E0 71 /E0 F0 71 E0 12	E0 12 E0 71 /E0 F0 71 E0 F0 12
79	E0 6B /E0 F0 6B	E0 F0 12 E0 6B /E0 F0 6B E0 12	E0 12 E0 6B /E0 F0 6B E0 F0 12
80	E0 6C /E0 F0 6C	E0 F0 12 E0 6C /E0 F0 6C E0 12	E0 12 E0 6C /E0 F0 6C E0 F0 12
81	E0 69 /E0 F0 69	E0 F0 12 E0 69 /E0 F0 69 E0 12	E0 12 E0 69 /E0 F0 69 E0 F0 12
83	E0 75 /E0 F0 75	E0 F0 12 E0 75 /E0 F0 75 E0 12	E0 12 E0 75 /E0 F0 75 E0 F0 12
84	E0 72 /E0 F0 72	E0 F0 12 E0 72 /E0 F0 72 E0 12	E0 12 E0 72 /E0 F0 72 E0 F0 12
85	E0 7D /E0 F0 7D	E0 F0 12 E0 7D /E0 F0 7D E0 12	E0 12 E0 7D /E0 F0 7D E0 F0 12
86	E0 7A /E0 F0 7A	E0 F0 12 E0 7A /E0 F0 7A E0 12	E0 12 E0 7A /E0 F0 7A E0 F0 12
89	E0 74 /E0 F0 74	E0 F0 12 E0 74 /E0 F0 74 E0 12	E0 12 E0 74 /E0 F0 74 E0 F0 12
* If the left Shift key is held down, the F0 12/12 shift make and break is sent with the other scan codes. If the right Shift key is held down, F0 59/59 is sent. If both Shift keys are down, both sets of codes are sent with the other scan code.			

Key No.	Scan Code Make/Break	Shift Case Make/Break *
95	E0 4A/E0 F0 4A	E0 F0 12 4A/E0 12 F0 4A
* If the left Shift key is held down, the F0 12/12 shift make and break is sent with the other scan codes. If the right Shift key is held down, F0 59/59 is sent. If both Shift keys are down, both sets of codes are sent with the other scan code.		

Key No.	Scan Code Make/Break	Ctrl Case, Shift Case Make/Break	Alt Case Make/Break
124	E0 12 E0 7C /E0 F0 7C E0 F0 12	E0 7C/E0 F0 7C	84/F0 84

Key No.	Make Code	Ctrl Key Pressed
126 *	E1 14 77 E1 F0 14 F0 77	E0 7E E0 F0 7E
* This key is not typematic. All associated scan codes occur on the make of the key.		



## Scan Code Set 3

In scan code set 3, each key is assigned a unique 8-bit make scan code, which is sent when the key is pressed. Each key also sends a break code when the key is released. The break code consists of 2 bytes, the first of which is the break-code prefix, hex F0; the second byte is the same as the make scan code for that key. The typematic scan code for a key is the same as the key's make code. With this scan code set, each key sends only one scan code, and no keys are affected by the state of any other keys.

### Scan Code Tables (Set 3)

The following keys send the codes shown, regardless of any shift states in the keyboard or system. Refer to "Keyboard Layouts" beginning on page 4-74 to determine the character associated with each key number.

Key Number	Make Code	Break Code	Default Key State
1	0E	F0 0E	Typematic
2	16	F0 16	Typematic
3	1E	F0 1E	Typematic
4	26	F0 26	Typematic
5	25	F0 25	Typematic
6	2E	F0 2E	Typematic
7	36	F0 36	Typematic
8	3D	F0 3D	Typematic
9	3E	F0 3E	Typematic
10	46	F0 46	Typematic
11	45	F0 45	Typematic
12	4E	F0 4E	Typematic
13	55	F0 55	Typematic
15	66	F0 66	Typematic
16	0D	F0 0D	Typematic
17	15	F0 15	Typematic
18	1D	F0 1D	Typematic
19	24	F0 24	Typematic
20	2D	F0 2D	Typematic
21	2C	F0 2C	Typematic
22	35	F0 35	Typematic
23	3C	F0 3C	Typematic
24	43	F0 43	Typematic
25	44	F0 44	Typematic
26	4D	F0 4D	Typematic
27	54	F0 54	Typematic
28	5B	F0 5B	Typematic

Key Number	Make Code	Break Code	Default Key State
29 *	5C	F0 5C	Typematic
30	14	F0 14	Make/Break
31	1C	F0 1C	Typematic
32	1B	F0 1B	Typematic
33	23	F0 23	Typematic
34	2B	F0 2B	Typematic
35	34	F0 34	Typematic
36	33	F0 33	Typematic
37	3B	F0 3B	Typematic
38	42	F0 42	Typematic
39	4B	F0 4B	Typematic
40	4C	F0 4C	Typematic
41	52	F0 52	Typematic
42 **	53	F0 53	Typematic
43	5A	F0 5A	Typematic
44	12	F0 12	Make/Break
45 **	13	F0 13	Typematic
46	1A	F0 1A	Typematic
47	22	F0 22	Typematic
48	21	F0 21	Typematic
49	2A	F0 2A	Typematic
50	32	F0 32	Typematic
51	31	F0 31	Typematic
52	3A	F0 3A	Typematic
53	41	F0 41	Typematic
54	49	F0 49	Typematic
55	4A	F0 4A	Typematic
57	59	F0 59	Make/Break
58	11	F0 11	Make/Break
60	19	F0 19	Make/Break
61	29	F0 29	Typematic
62	39	F0 39	Make only
64	58	F0 58	Make only
75	67	F0 67	Make only
76	64	F0 64	Typematic
79	61	F0 61	Typematic
80	6E	F0 6E	Make only
81	65	F0 65	Make only
83	63	F0 63	Typematic
84	60	F0 60	Typematic
85	6F	F0 6F	Make only
86	6D	F0 6D	Make only
89	6A	F0 6A	Typematic
90	76	F0 76	Make only
91	6C	F0 6C	Make only
92	68	F0 68	Make only
93	69	F0 69	Make only
95	77	F0 77	Make only
96	75	F0 75	Make only
97	73	F0 73	Make only
98	72	F0 72	Make only

\* 101-key keyboard only.  
\*\* 102-key keyboard only.

Key Number	Make Code	Break Code	Default Key State
99	70	FO 70	Make only
100	7E	FO 7E	Make only
101	7D	FO 7D	Make only
102	74	FO 74	Make only
103	7A	FO 7A	Make only
104	71	FO 71	Make only
105	84	FO 84	Make only
106	7C	FO 7C	Typematic
108	79	FO 79	Make only
110	08	FO 08	Make only
112	07	FO 07	Make only
113	0F	FO 0F	Make only
114	17	FO 17	Make only
115	1F	FO 1F	Make only
116	27	FO 27	Make only
117	2F	FO 2F	Make only
118	37	FO 37	Make only
119	3F	FO 3F	Make only
120	47	FO 47	Make only
121	4F	FO 4F	Make only
122	56	FO 56	Make only
123	5E	FO 5E	Make only
124	57	FO 57	Make only
125	5F	FO 5F	Make only
126	62	FO 62	Make only

# Clock and Data Signals

The keyboard and system communicate over the 'clock' and 'data' lines. The source of each of these lines is an open-collector device on the keyboard that allows either the keyboard or the system to force a line to an inactive (low) level. When no communication is occurring, the 'clock' line is at an active (high) level. The state of the 'data' line is held active (high) by the keyboard.

When the system sends data to the keyboard, it forces the 'data' line to an inactive level and allows the 'clock' line to go to an active level.

An inactive signal will have a value of at least 0, but not greater than +0.7 volts. A signal at the inactive level is a logical 0. An active signal will have a value of at least +2.4, but not greater than +5.5 volts. A signal at the active level is a logical 1. Voltages are measured between a signal source and the dc network ground.

The keyboard 'clock' line provides the clocking signals used to clock serial data to and from the keyboard. If the host system forces the 'clock' line to an inactive level, keyboard transmission is inhibited.

When the keyboard sends data to, or receives data from the system, it generates the 'clock' signal to time the data. The system can prevent the keyboard from sending data by forcing the 'clock' line to an inactive level; the 'data' line may be active or inactive during this time.

During the BAT, the keyboard allows the 'clock' and 'data' lines to go to an active level.

## Data Stream

Data transmissions to and from the keyboard consist of an 11-bit data stream (Mode 2) sent serially over the 'data' line. A logical 1 is sent at an active (high) level. The following table shows the functions of the bits.

Bit	Function
1	Start bit (always 0)
2	Data bit 0 (least-significant)
3	Data bit 1
4	Data bit 2
5	Data bit 3
6	Data bit 4
7	Data bit 5
8	Data bit 6
9	Data bit 7 (most-significant)
10	Parity bit (odd parity)
11	Stop bit (always 1)

The parity bit is either 1 or 0, and the 8 data bits, plus the parity bit, always have an odd number of 1's.

**Note:** Mode 1 is a 9-bit data stream that does not have a parity bit or stop bit and the start bit is always 1.

## Keyboard Data Output

When the keyboard is ready to send data, it first checks for a keyboard-inhibit or system request-to-send status on the 'clock' and 'data' lines. If the 'clock' line is inactive (low), data is stored in the keyboard buffer. If the 'clock' line is active (high) and the 'data' line is inactive (request-to-send), data is stored in the keyboard buffer, and the keyboard receives system data.

If the 'clock' and 'data' lines are both active, the keyboard sends the 0 start bit, 8 data bits, the parity bit, and the stop bit. Data will be valid before the trailing edge and beyond the leading edge of the clock pulse. During transmission, the keyboard checks the 'clock' line for an active level at least every 60 milliseconds. If the system lowers the 'clock' line from an active level after the keyboard starts sending data, a condition known as *line contention* occurs, and the keyboard stops sending data. If line contention occurs before the leading edge of the 10th clock signal (parity bit), the keyboard buffer returns the 'clock' and 'data' lines to an active level. If contention does not occur by the 10th clock signal, the keyboard completes the transmission. Following line contention, the system may or may not request the keyboard to resend the data.

Following a transmission, the system can inhibit the keyboard until the system processes the input, or until it requests that a response be sent.

## Keyboard Data Input

When the system is ready to send data to the keyboard, it first checks to see if the keyboard is sending data. If the keyboard is sending, but has not reached the 10th 'clock' signal, the system can override the keyboard output by forcing the keyboard 'clock' line to an inactive (low) level. If the keyboard transmission is beyond the 10th 'clock' signal, the system must receive the transmission.

If the keyboard is not sending, or if the system elects to override the keyboard's output, the system forces the keyboard 'clock' line to an inactive level for more than 60 microseconds while preparing to send data. When the system is ready to send the start bit (the 'data' line will be inactive), it allows the 'clock' line to go to an active (high) level.

The keyboard checks the state of the 'clock' line at intervals of no more than 10 milliseconds. If a system request-to-send (RTS) is detected, the keyboard counts 11 bits. After the 10th bit, the keyboard checks for an active level on the 'data' line, and if the line is active, forces it inactive, and counts one more bit. This action signals the system that the keyboard has received its data. Upon receipt of this signal, the system returns to a ready state, in which it can accept keyboard output, or goes to the inhibited state until it is ready.

If the keyboard 'data' line is found at an inactive level following the 10th bit, a framing error has occurred, and the keyboard continues to count until the 'data' line becomes active. The keyboard then makes the 'data' line inactive and sends a Resend.

Each system command or data transmission to the keyboard requires a response from the keyboard before the system can send its next output. The keyboard will respond within 20 milliseconds unless the system prevents keyboard output. If the keyboard response is invalid or has a parity error, the system sends the command or data again. However, the two byte commands require special handling. If hex F3 (Set Typematic Rate/Delay),

hex F0 (Select Alternate Scan Codes), or hex ED (Set/Reset Mode Indicators) have been sent and acknowledged, and the value byte has been sent but the response is invalid or has a parity error, the system will resend both the command and the value byte.

## Keyboard Encoding and Usage

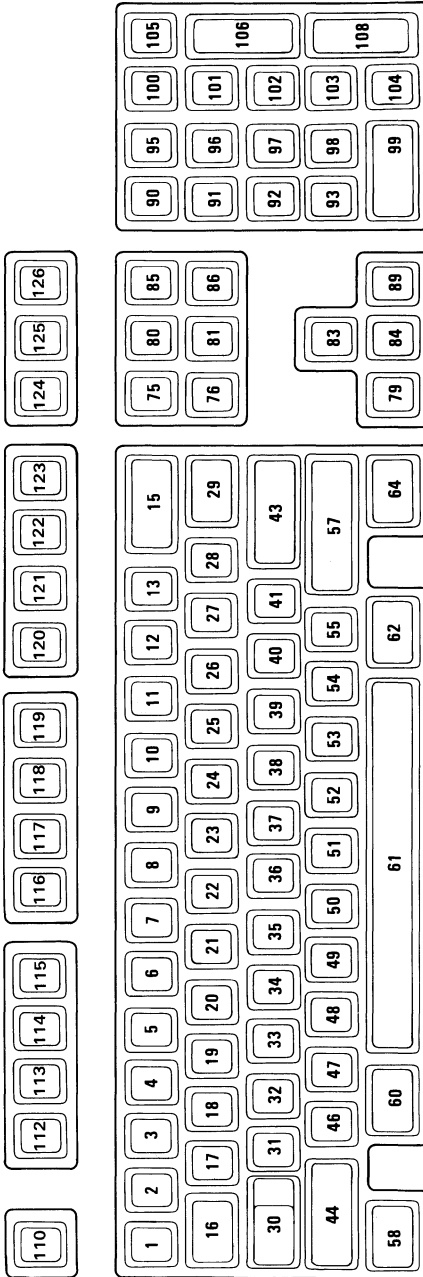
The keyboard routine, provided by IBM in the ROM BIOS, is responsible for converting the keyboard scan codes into what will be termed *Extended ASCII*. The extended ASCII codes returned by the ROM routine are mapped to the U.S. English keyboard layout. Some operating systems may make provisions for alternate keyboard layouts by providing an interrupt replacer, which resides in the read/write memory. This section discusses only the ROM routine.

Extended ASCII encompasses 1-byte character codes, with possible values of 0 to 255, an extended code for certain extended keyboard functions, and functions handled within the keyboard routine or through interrupts.

### Character Codes

The character codes described later are passed through the BIOS keyboard routine to the system or application program. A "-1" means the combination is suppressed in the keyboard routine. The codes are returned in the AL register. See "Characters, Keystrokes, and Color" later in this manual for the exact codes.

The following figure shows the keyboard layout and key positions.





Key	Base Case	Uppercase	Ctrl	Alt
1	`	~	-1	(*)
2	1	!	-1	(*)
3	2	@	Num(000) (*)	(*)
4	3	#	-1	(*)
5	4	\$	-1	(*)
6	5	%	-1	(*)
7	6	^	RS(030)	(*)
8	7	&	-1	(*)
9	8	*	-1	(*)
10	9	(	-1	(*)
11	0	)	-1	(*)
12	-		US(031)	(*)
13	=	+	-1	(*)
15	Backspace (008)	Backspace (008)	Del(127)	(*)
16	→  (009)	← (*)	(*)	(*)
17	q	Q	DC1(017)	(*)
18	w	W	ETB(023)	(*)
19	e	E	ENQ(005)	(*)
20	r	R	DC2(018)	(*)
21	t	T	DC4(020)	(*)
22	y	Y	EM(025)	(*)
23	u	U	NAK(021)	(*)
24	i	I	HT(009)	(*)
25	o	O	SI(015)	(*)
26	p	P	DLE(016)	(*)
27	{	{	Esc(027)	(*)
28	}	}	GS(029)	(*)
29	\		FS(028)	(*)
30 Caps Lock	-1	-1	-1	-1
31	a	A	SOH(001)	(*)
32	s	S	DC3(019)	(*)
33	d	D	EOT(004)	(*)
34	f	F	ACK(006)	(*)
35	g	G	BEL(007)	(*)
36	h	H	BS(008)	(*)
37	j	J	LF(010)	(*)
38	k	K	VT(011)	(*)
39	l	L	FF(012)	(*)
40	;	:	-1	(*)
41	'	"	-1	(*)
43	CR(013)	CR(013)	LF(010)	(*)
44 Shift (Left)	-1	-1	-1	-1
46	z	Z	SUB(026)	(*)
47	x	X	CAN(024)	(*)
48	c	C	ETX(003)	(*)

Notes:  
 (\*) Refer to "Extended Functions" in this section.  
 (\*\*\*) Refer to "Special Handling" in this section.

### Character Codes (Part 1 of 2)

Key	Base Case	Uppercase	Ctrl	Alt
49	v	V	SYN(022)	(*)
50	b	B	STX(002)	(*)
51	n	N	SO(014)	(*)
52	m	M	CR(013)	(*)
53	,	<	-1	(*)
54	.	>	-1	(*)
55	/	?	-1	(*)
57 Shift (Right)	-1	-1	-1	-1
58 Ctrl (Left)	-1	-1	-1	-1
60 Alt (Left)	-1	-1	-1	-1
61	Space	Space	Space	Space
62 Alt (Right)	-1	-1	-1	-1
64 Ctrl (Right)	-1	-1	-1	-1
90 Num Lock	-1	-1	-1	-1
95	/	/	(*)	(*)
100	*	*	(*)	(*)
105	-	-	(*)	(*)
106	+	+	(*)	(*)
108	Enter	Enter	LF(010)	(*)
110	Esc	Esc	Esc	(*)
112	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)
113	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)
114	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)
115	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)
116	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)
117	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)
118	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)
119	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)
120	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)
121	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)
122	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)
123	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)	Null (*)
125 Scroll Lock	-1	-1	-1	-1
126	Pause(**)	Pause(**)	Break(**)	Pause(**)

Notes:  
 (\*) Refer to "Extended Functions" in this section.  
 (\*\*) Refer to "Special Handling" in this section.

**Character Codes (Part 2 of 2)**

The following table lists keys that have meaning only in Num Lock, Shift, or Ctrl states. The Shift key temporarily reverses the current Num Lock state.

Key	Num Lock	Base Case	Alt	Ctrl
91	7	Home (*)	-1	Clear Screen
92	4	← (*)	-1	Reverse Word(*)
93	1	End (*)	-1	Erase to EOL(*)
96	8	↑ (*)	-1	(*)
97	5	(*)	-1	(*)
98	2	↓ (*)	-1	(*)
99	0	Ins	-1	(*)
101	9	Page Up (*)	-1	Top of Text and Home
102	6	→ (*)	-1	Advance Word (*)
103	3	Page Down (*)	-1	Erase to EOS (*)
104	.	Delete (*, **)	(**)	(**)

Notes:  
 (\*) Refer to "Extended Functions" in this section.  
 (\*\*) Refer to "Special Handling" in this section.

## Special Character Codes

## Extended Functions

For certain functions that cannot be represented by a standard ASCII code, an extended code is used. A character code of 000 (null) is returned in AL. This indicates that the system or application program should examine a second code, which will indicate the actual function. Usually, but not always, this second code is the scan code of the primary key that was pressed. This code is returned in AH.

The following table is a list of the extended codes and their functions.

Second Code	Function
1	Alt Esc
3	Nul Character
14	Alt Backspace
15	← (Back-tab)
16-25	Alt Q, W, E, R, T, Y, U, I, O, P
26-28	Alt [ ] ←
30-38	Alt A, S, D, F, G, H, J, K, L
39-41	Alt ;
43	Alt \
44-50	Alt Z, X, C, V, B, N, M
51-53	Alt , . /
55	Alt Keypad *
59-68	F1 to F10 Function Keys (Base Case)
71	Home
72	↑ (Cursor Up)
73	Page Up
74	Alt Keypad -
75	← (Cursor Left)
76	Center Cursor
77	→ (Cursor Right)
78	Alt Keypad +
79	End
80	↓ (Cursor Down)
81	Page Down
82	Ins (Insert)
83	Del (Delete)
84-93	Shift F1 to F10
94-103	Ctrl F1 to F10
104-113	Alt F1 to F10
114	Ctrl PrtSc (Start/Stop Echo to Printer)
115	Ctrl ← (Reverse Word)
116	Ctrl → (Advance Word)
117	Ctrl End (Erase to End of Line-EOL)
118	Ctrl PgDn (Erase to End of Screen-EOS)
119	Ctrl Home (Clear Screen and Home)
120-131	Alt 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 0, -, = keys 2-13
132	Ctrl PgUp (Top 25 Lines of Text and Cursor Home)
133-134	F11, F12
135-136	Shift F11, F12
137-138	Ctrl F11, F12
139-140	Alt F11, F12
141	Ctrl Up/8
142	Ctrl Keypad -
143	Ctrl Keypad 5
144	Ctrl Keypad +
145	Ctrl Down/2
146	Ctrl Ins/0
147	Ctrl Del/.
148	Ctrl Tab
149	Ctrl Keypad /
150	Ctrl Keypad *

**Keyboard Extended Functions (Part 1 of 2)**

Second Code	Function
151	Alt Home
152	Alt Up
153	Alt Page Up
155	Alt Left
157	Alt Right
159	Alt End
160	Alt Down
161	Alt Page Down
162	Alt Insert
163	Alt Delete
164	Alt Keypad /
165	Alt Tab
166	Alt Enter

## Keyboard Extended Functions (Part 2 of 2)

### Shift States

Most shift states are handled within the keyboard routine, and are not apparent to the system or application program. In any case, the current status of active shift states is available by calling an entry point in the BIOS keyboard routine. The following keys result in altered shift states:

**Shift:** This key temporarily shifts keys 1 through 13, 16 through 29, 31 through 41, and 46 through 55, to uppercase (base case if in Caps Lock state). Also, the Shift temporarily reverses the Num Lock or non-Num Lock state of keys 91 through 93, 96, 98, 99, and 101 through 104.

**Ctrl:** This key temporarily shifts keys 3, 7, 12, 15 through 29, 31 through 39, 43, 46 through 52, 75 through 89, 91 through 93, 95 through 108, 112 through 124 and 126 to the Ctrl state. The Ctrl key is also used with the Alt and Del keys to cause the system-reset function; with the Scroll Lock key to cause the break function; and with the Num Lock key to cause the pause function. The system-reset, break, and pause functions are described under "Special Handling" later in this section.

**Alt:** This key temporarily shifts keys 1 through 29, 31 through 43, 46 through 55, 75 through 89, 95, 100, and 105 through 124 to the Alt state. The Alt key is also used with the Ctrl and Del keys to cause a system reset.

The Alt key also allows the user to enter any character code from 1 to 255. The user holds down the Alt key and types the decimal value of the characters desired on the numeric keypad (keys 91 through 93, 96 through 99, and 101 through 103). The Alt key is then released. If the number is greater than 255, a modulo-256 value is used. This value is interpreted as a character code and is sent through the keyboard routine to the system or application program. Alt is handled internal to the keyboard routine.

**Caps Lock:** This key shifts keys 17 through 26, 31 through 39, and 46 through 52 to uppercase. When Caps Lock is pressed again, it reverses the action. Caps Lock is handled internal to the keyboard routine. When Caps Lock is pressed, it changes the Caps Lock Mode indicator. If the indicator was on, it will go off; and if it was off, it will go on.

**Scroll Lock:** When interpreted by appropriate application programs, this key indicates that the cursor-control keys will cause windowing over the text rather than moving the cursor. When the Scroll Lock key is pressed again, it reverses the action. The keyboard routine simply records the current shift state of the Scroll Lock key. It is the responsibility of the application program to perform the function. When Scroll Lock is pressed, it changes the Scroll Lock Mode indicator. If the indicator was on, it will go off; and if it was off, it will go on.

**Num Lock:** This key shifts keys 91 through 93, 96 through 99, and 101 through 104 to uppercase. When Num Lock is pressed again, it reverses the action. Num Lock is handled internal to the keyboard routine. When Num Lock is pressed, it changes the Num Lock Mode indicator. If the indicator was on, it will go off; if it was off, it will go on.

**Shift Key Priorities and Combinations:** If combinations of the Alt, Ctrl, and Shift keys are pressed and only one is valid, the priority is as follows: the Alt key is first, the Ctrl key is second, and the Shift key is third. The only valid combination is Alt and Ctrl, which is used in the system-reset function.

# Special Handling

## System Reset

The combination of any Alt, Ctrl, and Del keys results in the keyboard routine that starts a system reset or restart. System reset is handled by BIOS.

## Break

The combination of the Ctrl and Pause/Break keys results in the keyboard routine signaling interrupt hex 1B. The extended characters AL=hex 00, and AH=hex 00 are also returned.

## Pause

The Pause key causes the keyboard interrupt routine to loop, waiting for any character or function key to be pressed. This provides a method of temporarily suspending an operation, such as listing or printing, and then resuming the operation. The method is not apparent to either the system or the application program. The key stroke used to resume operation is discarded. Pause is handled internal to the keyboard routine.

## Print Screen

The Print Screen key results in an interrupt invoking the print-screen routine. This routine works in the alphameric or graphics mode, with unrecognizable characters printing as blanks.

## System Request

When the System Request (Alt and Print Screen) key is pressed, a hex 8500 is placed in AX, and an interrupt hex 15 is executed. When the SysRq key is released, a hex 8501 is placed in AX, and another interrupt hex 15 is executed. If an application is to use System Request, the following rules must be observed:

Save the previous address.

Overlay interrupt vector hex 15.

Check AH for a value of hex 85:

If yes, process may begin.

If no, go to previous address.

The application program must preserve the value in all registers, except AX, upon return. System Request is handled internal to the keyboard routine.

### **Other Characteristics**

The keyboard routine does its own buffering, and the keyboard buffer is large enough to support entries by a fast typist. However, if a key is pressed when the buffer is full, the key will be ignored and the "alarm" will sound.

The keyboard routine also suppresses the typematic action of the following keys: Ctrl, Shift, Alt, Num Lock, Scroll Lock, Caps Lock, and Ins.

During each interrupt hex 09 from the keyboard, an interrupt hex 15, function (AH)=hex 4F is generated by the BIOS after the scan code is read from the keyboard adapter. The scan code is passed in the (AL) register with the carry flag set. This is to allow an operating system to intercept each scan code prior to its being handled by the interrupt hex 09 routine, and have a chance to change or act on the scan code. If the carry flag is changed to 0 on return from interrupt hex 15, the scan code will be ignored by the interrupt handler.



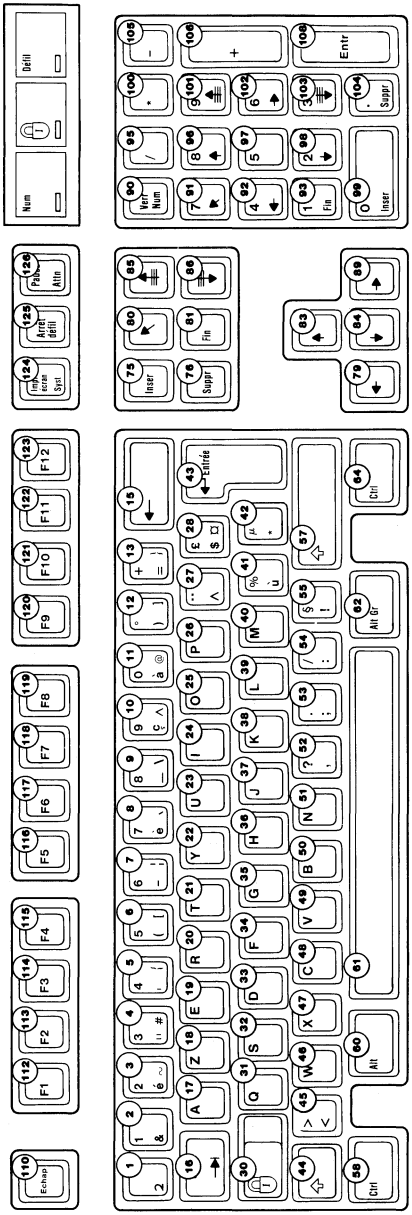
# Keyboard Layouts

The keyboard is available in six layouts:

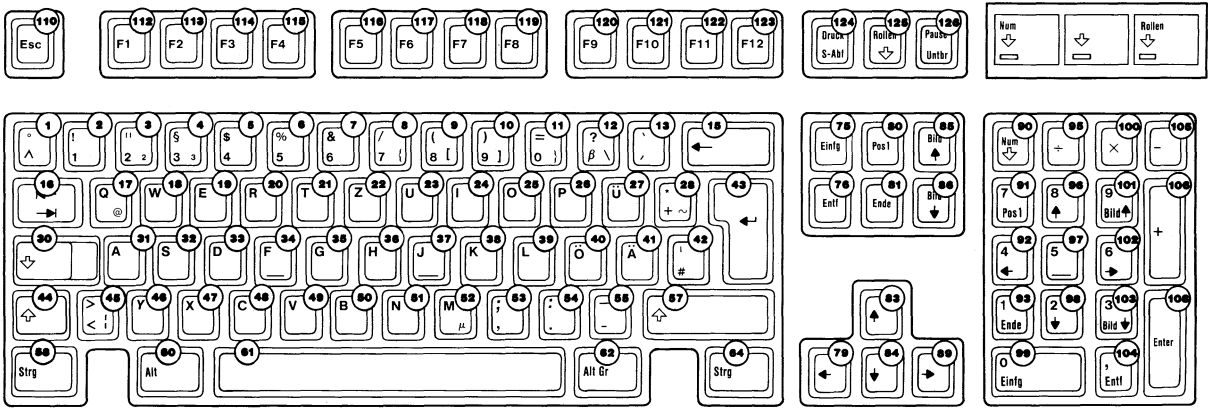
- French
- German
- Italian
- Spanish
- U.K. English
- U.S. English

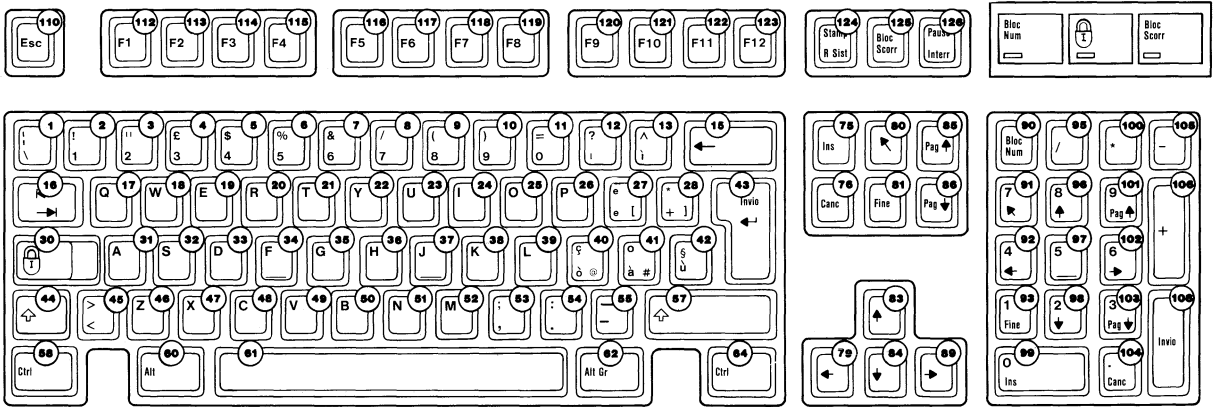
The various layouts are shown in alphabetic order on the following pages. Nomenclature is on both the top and front face of the keybuttons. The number to the upper right designates the keybutton position.

# French Keyboard

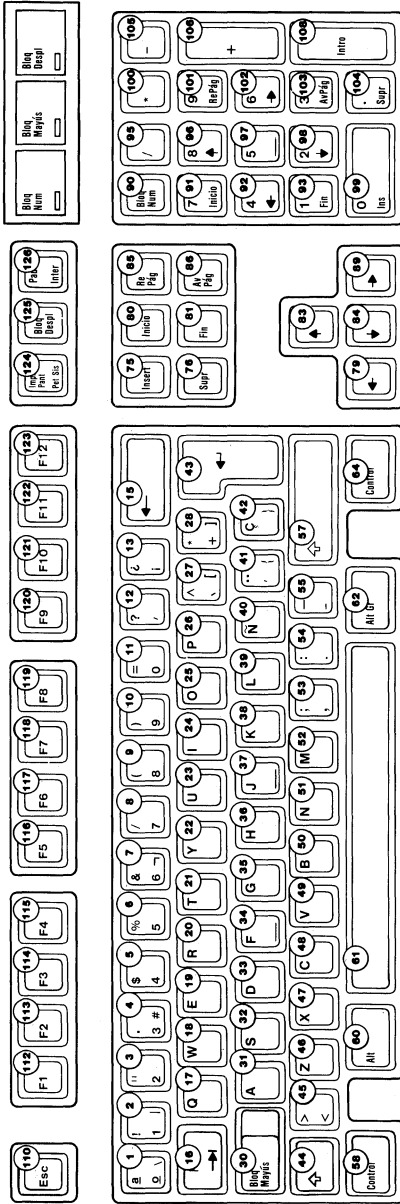


**SECTION 4**

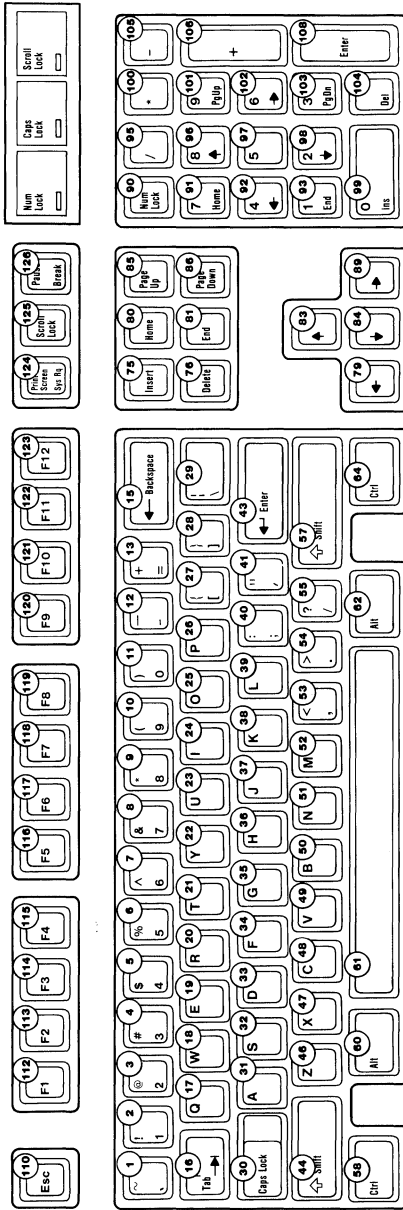




# Spanish Keyboard

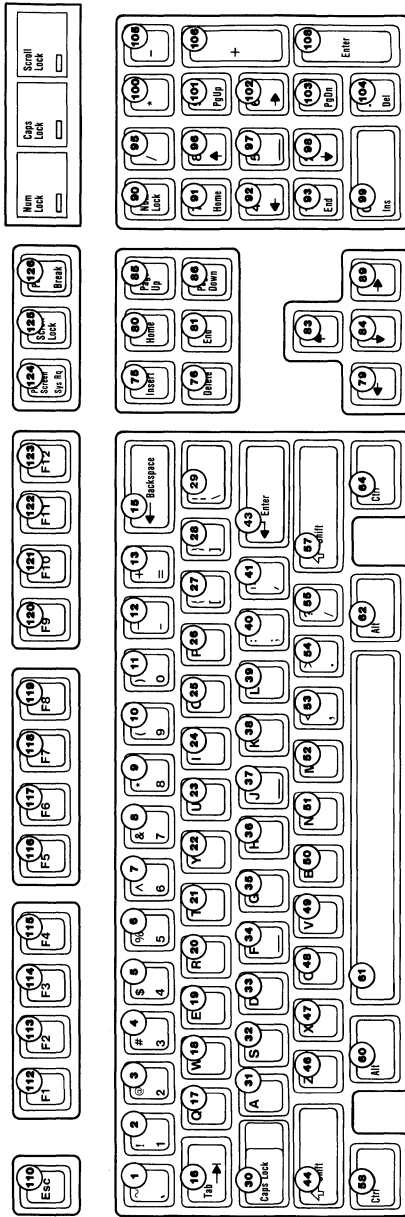


# U.K. English Keyboard



SECTION 4

# U.S. English Keyboard



# Specifications

The specifications for the keyboard follow.

## Power Requirements

- +5 Vdc  $\pm$  10%
- Current cannot exceed 275 mA

## Size

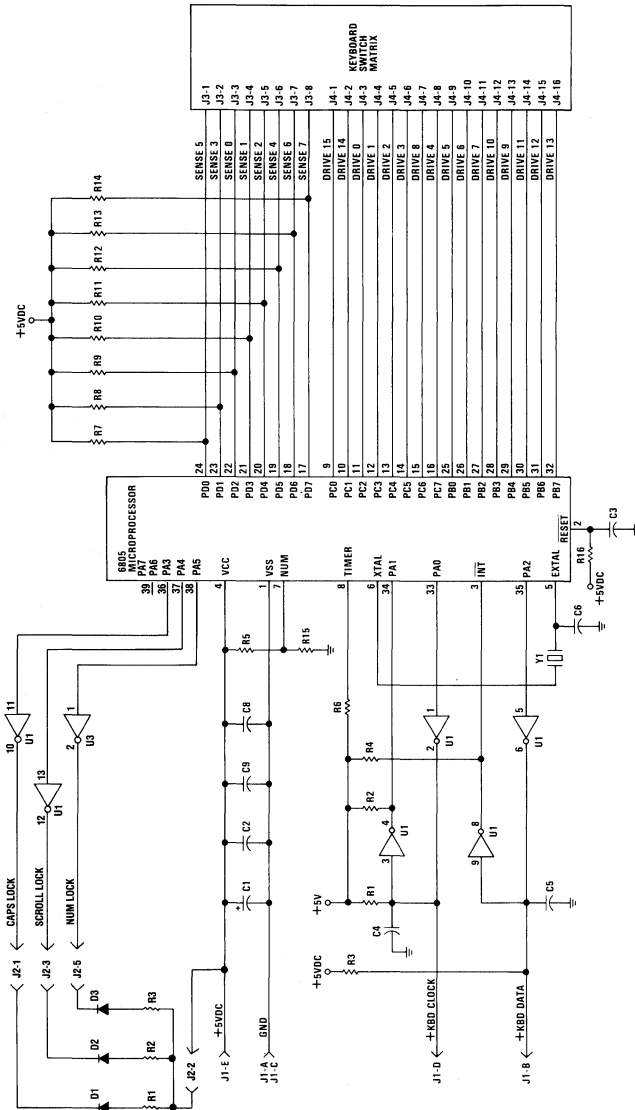
- Length: 492 millimeters (19.4 inches)
- Depth: 210 millimeters (8.3 inches)
- Height: 58 millimeters (2.3 inches), legs extended

## Weight

2.25 kilograms (5.0 pounds)



# Logic Diagram



101/102-KEY KEYBOARD

# SECTION 5. SYSTEM BIOS

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# Notes:

# System BIOS Usage

The basic input/output system (BIOS) resides in ROM on the system board and provides low level control for the major I/O devices in the system and provides system services, such as time-of-day and memory size determination. Additional ROM modules may be placed on option adapters to provide device-level control for that option adapter. BIOS routines enable the assembly language programmer to perform block (disk or diskette) or character-level I/O operations without concern for device address and characteristics.

If the sockets labeled U17 and U37 on the system board are empty, additional ROM modules may be installed in these sockets. During POST, a test is made for valid code at this location, starting at address hex E0000 and ending at hex EFFFF. More information about these sockets may be found under "Additional System Board ROM Modules" on page 5-13.

The goal of the BIOS is to provide an operational interface to the system and relieve the programmer of concern about the characteristics of hardware devices. The BIOS interface isolates the user from the hardware, allowing new devices to be added to the system, yet retaining the BIOS level interface to the device. In this manner, hardware modifications and enhancements are not apparent to user programs.

The IBM Personal Computer *Macro Assembler* manual and the IBM Personal Computer *Disk Operating System (DOS)* manual provide useful programming information related to this section. A complete listing of the BIOS is given later in this section.

Access to the BIOS is through program interrupts of the microprocessor in the real mode. Each BIOS entry point is available through its own interrupt. For example, to determine the amount of base RAM available in the system with the microprocessor in the real mode, INT 12H invokes the BIOS routine for determining the memory size and returns the value to the caller.

## Parameter Passing

All parameters passed to and from the BIOS routines go through the 80286 registers. The prolog of each BIOS function indicates the registers used on the call and return. For the memory size example, no parameters are passed. The memory size, in 1K increments, is returned in the AX register.

If a BIOS function has several possible operations, the AH register is used at input to indicate the desired operation. For example, to set the time of day, the following code is required:

```
MOV  AH,1           ; function is to set time-of-day
MOV  CX,HIGH_COUNT ; establish the current time
MOV  DX,LOW_COUNT  ;
INT  1AH           ; set the time
```

To read the time of day:

```
MOV  AH,0           ; function is to read time-of-day
INT  1AH           ; read the timer
```

The BIOS routines save all registers except for AX and the flags. Other registers are modified on return only if they are returning a value to the caller. The exact register usage can be seen in the prolog of each BIOS function.

The following figure shows the interrupts with their addresses and functions.

Int	Address	Name	BIOS Entry
0	0-3	Divide by Zero	D11
1	4-7	Single Step	D11
2	8-B	Nonmaskable	NMI_INT
3	C-F	Breakpoint	D11
4	10-13	Overflow	D11
5	14-17	Print Screen	PRINT_SCREEN
6	18-1B	Reserved	D11
7	1C-1F	Reserved	D11
8	20-23	Time of Day	TIMER_INT
9	24-27	Keyboard	KB_INT
A	28-2B	Reserved	D11
B	2C-2F	Communications	D11
C	30-33	Communications	D11
D	34-37	Alternate Printer	D11
E	38-3B	Diskette	DISK_INT
F	3C-3F	Printer	D11
10	40-43	Video	VIDEO_IO
11	44-47	Equipment Check	EQUIPMENT
12	48-4B	Memory	MEMORY_SIZE_
13	4C-4F	Diskette/Disk	DETERMINE_
14	50-53	Communications	DISKETTE_IO
15	54-57	Cassette	RS232_IO_
			CASSETTE
			IO/System
			Extensions
16	58-5B	Keyboard	KEYBOARD_IO
17	5C-5F	Printer	PRINTER_TO
18	60-63	Resident BASIC	F600:0000
19	64-67	Bootstrap	BOOTSTRAP
1A	68-6B	Time of Day	TIME_OF_DAY
1B	6C-6F	Keyboard Break	DUMMY_RETURN
1C	70-73	Timer Tick	DUMMY_RETURN
1D	74-77	Video Initialization	VIDEO_PARMS
1E	78-7B	Diskette Parameters	DISK_BASE
1F	7C-7F	Video Graphics Chars	0

### 80286-2 Program Interrupt Listing (Real Mode Only)

**Note:** For BIOS index, see the BIOS Quick Reference on page 5-14.

The following figure shows hardware, BASIC, and DOS reserved interrupts.

Interrupt	Address	Function
20	80-83	DOS program terminate
21	84-87	DOS function call
22	88-8B	DOS terminate address
23	8C-8F	DOS Ctrl Break exit address
24	90-93	DOS fatal error vector
25	94-97	DOS absolute disk read
26	98-9B	DOS absolute disk write
27	9C-9F	DOS terminate, fix in storage
28-3F	A0-FF	Reserved for DOS
40-5F	100-17F	Reserved for BIOS
60-67	180-19F	Reserved for user program interrupts
68-6F	1A0-1BF	Not used
70	1C0-1C3	IRQ 8 Realtime clock INT (BIOS entry RTC INT)
71	1C4-1C7	IRQ 9 (BIOS entry RE DIRECT)
72	1C8-1CB	IRQ 10 (BIOS entry DT1)
73	1CC-1CF	IRQ 11 (BIOS entry D11)
74	1D0-1D3	IRQ 12 (BIOS entry D11)
75	1D4-1D7	IRQ 13 BIOS Redirect to NMI interrupt (BIOS entry INT_287)
76	1D8-1DB	IRQ 14 (BIOS entry D11)
77	1DC-1DF	IRQ 15 (BIOS entry D11)
78-7F	1E0-1FF	Not used
80-85	200-217	Reserved for BASIC
86-F0	218-3C3	Used by BASIC interpreter while BASIC is running
F1-FF	3C4-3FF	Not used

### Hardware, Basic, and DOS Interrupts

## Vectors with Special Meanings

**Interrupt 15—Cassette I/O:** This vector points to the following functions:

- Device open
- Device closed
- Program termination
- Event wait
- Joystick support
- System Request key pressed

- Wait
- Move block
- Extended memory size determination
- Processor to protected mode

Additional information about these functions may be found in the BIOS listing.

**Interrupt 1B—Keyboard Break Address:** This vector points to the code that is executed when the Ctrl and Break keys are pressed. The vector is invoked while responding to a keyboard interrupt, and control should be returned through an IRET instruction. The power-on routines initialize this vector to point to an IRET instruction so that nothing will occur when the Ctrl and Break keys are pressed unless the application program sets a different value.

This routine may retain control with the following considerations:

- The Break may have occurred during interrupt processing, so that one or more End of Interrupt commands must be sent to the 8259 controller.
- All I/O devices should be reset in case an operation was underway at the same time.

**Interrupt 1C—Timer Tick:** This vector points to the code that will be executed at every system-clock tick. This vector is invoked while responding to the timer interrupt, and control should be returned through an IRET instruction. The power-on routines initialize this vector to point to an IRET instruction, so that nothing will occur unless the application modifies the pointer. The application must save and restore all registers that will be modified. When control is passed to an application with this interrupt, all hardware interrupts from the 8259 interrupt controller are disabled.



**Interrupt 1D—Video Parameters:** This vector points to a data region containing the parameters required for the initialization of the 6845 on the video adapter. Notice that there are four separate tables, and all four must be reproduced if all modes of operation are to be supported. The power-on routines initialize this vector to point to the parameters contained in the ROM video routines.

**Interrupt 1E—Diskette Parameters:** This vector points to a data region containing the parameters required for the diskette drive. The power-on routines initialize this vector to point to the parameters contained in the ROM diskette routine. These default parameters represent the specified values for any IBM drives attached to the system. Changing this parameter block may be necessary to reflect the specifications of other drives attached.

**Interrupt 1F—Graphics Character Extensions:** When operating in graphics modes 320 x 200 or 640 x 200, the read/write character interface will form a character from the ASCII code point, using a set of dot patterns. ROM contains the dot patterns for the first 128 code points. For access to the second 128 code points, this vector must be established to point at a table of up to 1K, where each code point is represented by 8 bytes of graphic information. At power-on time, this vector is initialized to 000:0, and the user must change this vector if the additional code points are required.

**Interrupt 40—Reserved:** When a Fixed Disk and Diskette Drive Adapter is installed, the BIOS routines use interrupt 40 to revector the diskette pointer.

**Interrupt 41 and 46—Fixed Disk Parameters:** These vectors point to the parameters for the fixed disk drives, 41 for the first drive and 46 for the second. The power-on routines initialize the vectors to point to the appropriate parameters in the ROM disk routine if CMOS is valid. The drive type codes in CMOS are used to select which parameter set each vector is pointed to. Changing this parameter hook may be necessary to reflect the specifications of other fixed drives attached.

## Other Read/Write Memory Usage

The IBM BIOS routines use 256 bytes of memory from absolute hex 400 to hex 4FF. Locations hex 400 to 407 contain the base addresses of any RS-232C adapters installed in the system. Locations hex 408 to 40F contain the base addresses of any printer adapters.

Memory locations hex 300 to hex 3FF are used as a stack area during the power-on initialization and bootstrap, when control is passed to it from power-on. If the user desires the stack to be in a different area, that area must be set by the application.

The following figure shows the reserved memory locations.

Address	Mode	Function
400-4A1	ROM BIOS	See BIOS listing
4A2-4EF		Reserved
4F0-4FF		Reserved as intra-application communication area for any application
500-5FF	DOS	Reserved for DOS and BASIC
500		Print screen status flag store 0=Print screen not active or successful print screen operation 1=Print screen in progress 255=Error encountered during print screen operation
504	DOS	Single drive mode status byte
510-511	BASIC	BASIC's segment address store
512-515	BASIC	Clock interrupt vector segment:offset store
516-519	BASIC	Break key interrupt vector segment:offset store
51A-51D	BASIC	Disk error interrupt vector segment:offset store

### Reserved Memory Locations

The following is the BASIC workspace for DEF SEG (default workspace).

Offset	Length	
2E	2	Line number of current line being executed
347	2	Line number of last error
30	2	Offset into segment of start of program text
358	2	Offset into segment of start of variables (end of program text 1-1)
6A	1	Keyboard buffer contents 0=No characters in buffer 1=Characters in buffer
4E	1	Character color in graphics mode*

\*Set to 1, 2, or 3 to get text in colors 1-3.  
Do not set to 0. The default is 3.

### Basic Workspace Variables

#### Example

```
100 PRINT PEEK (&H2E) + 256 x PEEK (&H2F)
```

L	H
Hex 64	Hex 00

The following is a BIOS memory map.

Starting Address	
00000	BIOS interrupt vectors
001E0	Available interrupt vectors
00400	BIOS data area
00500	User read/write memory
E0000	Read only memory
F0000	BIOS program area

### BIOS Memory Map

## BIOS Programming Hints

The BIOS code is invoked through program interrupts. The programmer should not "hard code" BIOS addresses into applications. The internal workings and absolute addresses within BIOS are subject to change without notice.

If an error is reported by the disk or diskette code, reset the drive adapter and retry the operation. A specified number of retries

should be required for diskette reads to ensure the problem is not due to motor startup.

When altering I/O-port bit values, the programmer should change only those bits necessary to the current task. Upon completion, the original environment should be restored. Failure to adhere to this practice may cause incompatibility with present and future applications.

Additional information for BIOS programming can be found in Section 9 of this manual.

## Move Block BIOS

The Move Block BIOS was designed to make use of the memory above the 1M address boundary while operating with IBM DOS. The Block Move is done with the Intel 80286 Microprocessor operating in the protected mode.

Because the interrupts are disabled in the protected mode, Move Block BIOS may demonstrate a data overrun or lost interrupt situation in certain environments.

Communication devices, while receiving data, are sensitive to these interrupt routines; therefore, the timing of communication and the Block Move should be considered. The following table shows the interrupt servicing requirements for communication devices.

Baud Rate	11 Bit (ms)	9 bit (ms)
300	33.33	30.00
1200	8.33	7.50
2400	4.16	7.50
4800	2.08	1.87
9600	1.04	0.93

Times are approximate

### Communication Interrupt Intervals

The following table shows the time required to complete a Block Move.

Block Size	Buffer Addresses	Time in ms
Normal 512 Byte	Both even	0.98
	Even and odd	1.04
	Both odd	1.13
Maximum 64K	Both even	37.0
	Even and odd	55.0
	Both odd	72.0
Time is approximate		

### Move Block BIOS Timing

Following are some ways to avoid data overrun errors and loss of interrupts:

- Do not use the Block Move while communicating, or
- Restrict the block size to 512 bytes or less while communicating, or
- Use even address buffers for both the source and the destination to keep the time for a Block Move to a minimum.

### Adapters with System-Accessible ROM Modules

The ROM BIOS provides a way to integrate adapters with on-board ROM code into the system. During POST, interrupt vectors are established for the BIOS calls. After the default vectors are in place, a scan for additional ROM modules occurs. At this point, a ROM routine on an adapter may gain control and establish or intercept interrupt vectors to hook themselves into the system.

The absolute addresses hex C8000 through E0000 are scanned in 2K blocks in search of a valid adapter ROM. A valid ROM is defined as follows:

**Byte 0** Hex 55  
**Byte 1** Hex AA

**Byte 2** A length indicator representing the number of 512-byte blocks in the ROM

**Byte 3** Entry by a CALL FAR

A checksum is also done to test the integrity of the ROM module. Each byte in the defined ROM module is summed modulo hex 100. This sum must be 0 for the module to be valid.

When the POST identifies a valid ROM, it does a CALL FAR to byte 3 of the ROM, which should be executable code. The adapter can now perform its power-on initialization tasks. The adapter's ROM should then return control to the BIOS routines by executing a RETURN FAR.

## **Additional System Board ROM Modules**

The POST provides a way to integrate the code for additional ROM modules into the system. These modules are placed in the sockets marked U17 and U37. A test for additional ROM modules on the system board occurs. At this point, the additional ROM, if valid, will gain control.

The absolute addresses, E0000 through EFFFF, are scanned in 64K blocks for a valid checksum. Valid ROM is defined as follows:

**Byte 0** Hex 55

**Byte 1** Hex AA

**Byte 2** Not used

**Byte 3** Entry by a CALL FAR

A checksum is done to test the integrity of the ROM modules. Each byte in the ROM modules is summed modulo hex 100. This sum must be 0 for the modules to be valid. This checksum is located at address EFFFF.

When the POST identifies a valid ROM at this segment, it does a CALL FAR to byte 3 of the ROM, which should be executable code.

# Quick Reference

<b>BIOS MAP</b> .....	<b>5-16</b>
<b>Test1</b> .....	<b>5-18</b>
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Warning: No STACK segment

Start	Stop	Length	Name	Class
00000H	0FFFEH	FFFFH	CODE	
Origin	Group			
Address	Publics by Name	Address	Publics by Value	
F000:E729	A1	F000:0000	POST1	
F000:3BEA	ACT_DISP_PAGE	F000:0008	K6L	Abs
F000:6000	BASIC	F000:0010	M4	Abs
F000:19F0	BEEP	F000:0050	START_1	
F000:1B1A	BLINK_INT	F000:0396	C8042	
F000:2022	BOOT_STRAP_I	F000:03A2	OBF_42	
F000:0C96	C2	F000:0C96	POST2	
F000:0396	C8042	F000:0C96	C2	
F000:42FC	CASSETTE_IO_I	F000:1052	SHUT3	
F000:1941	CMOS_READ	F000:1086	SHUT2	
F000:195B	CMOS_WRITE	F000:1089	SHUT7	
F000:1A45	CONFTG_BAD	F000:10DA	SHUT6	
F000:E6F5	CONF_TBL	F000:1613	SHUT4	
F000:FA6E	CRT_CHAR_GEN	F000:1671	POST3	
F000:E020	D1	F000:1941	CMOS_READ	
F000:1BCA	D11	F000:1941	POST4	
F000:E030	D2	F000:195B	CMOS_WRITE	
F000:E040	D2A	F000:1975	DDS	
F000:1975	DDS	F000:197D	E_MSG	
F000:2143	DISKETTE_IO_I	F000:19A4	P_MSG	
F000:EF07	DISK_BASE	F000:19B2	ERR_BEEP	
F000:2BDE	DISK_INT_I	F000:19F0	BEEP	
F000:2DF2	DISK_IO	F000:1A36	WAITF	
F000:2C49	DISK_SETUP	F000:1A45	CONFIG_BAD	
F000:2BF5	DISKETTE_SETUP	F000:1A59	XPC_BYTE	
F000:FF53	DUMMY_RETURN	F000:1A69	PRT_HEX	
F000:1C18	DUMMY_RETURN_I	F000:1A70	PRT_SEG	
F000:E05E	E101	F000:1A85	PROT_PRT_HEX	
F000:E077	E102	F000:1AB1	ROM_CHECKSUM	
F000:E090	E103	F000:1ABD	ROM_CHECK	
F000:EOA9	E104	F000:1AEF	KBD_RESET	
F000:E0C2	E105	F000:1B1A	BLINK_INT	
F000:E0DB	E106	F000:1B28	SET_TOD	
F000:E0F4	E107	F000:1BCA	D1	
F000:E10D	E108	F000:1C18	DUMMY_RETURN_I	
F000:E126	E109	F000:1C19	RE_DIRECT	
F000:E18F	E161	F000:1C22	INT_287	
F000:E168	E162	F000:1C31	PROC_SHUTDOWN	
F000:E191	E163	F000:1C38	POST5	
F000:EB7	E164	F000:1D2A	SYSDINIT1	
F000:10DB	E201	F000:1EB5	POST6	
F000:EEC	E202	F000:1EB5	STGTST_CNT	
F000:E209	E203	F000:1FB5	ROM_ERR	
F000:E224	E301	F000:1FE1	XMIT_8042	
F000:E239	E302	F000:2022	BOOT_STRAP_I	
F000:E2C6	E303	F000:2143	DISKETTE_IO_I	
F000:E2EA	E304	F000:2A88	SEEK	
F000:E30E	E401	F000:2BDE	DISK_INT_I	
F000:E31E	E501	F000:2BF5	DISKETTE_SETUP	
F000:E32E	E601	F000:2C49	DISK_SETUP	
F000:E343	E602	F000:2DF2	DISK_IO	
F000:42AF	EQUIPMENT_I	F000:3316	HD_INT	
F000:19B2	ERR_BEEP	F000:3339	KEYBOARD_IO_I	
F000:197D	E_MSG	F000:33C5	KB_INT_I_1	
F000:E364	F1780	F000:342E	K16	
F000:E379	F1781	F000:3833	SND_DATA	
F000:E38E	F1782	F000:38DD	PRINTER_IO_I	
F000:E3AC	F1790	F000:3967	RS232_IO_I	
F000:E3BF	F1791	F000:3A77	VIDEO_IO_I	
F000:E3D2	F3A	F000:3B86	SET_MODE	
F000:E25D	F3D	F000:3B86	SET_CTYPE	
F000:E3DF	F3D1	F000:3BAB	SET_CPOS	
F000:E401	FD_TBL	F000:3B03	READ_CURSOR	
F000:44AF	FILL	F000:3BEA	ACT_DISP_PAGE	
F000:FF5E	FLOPPY	F000:3C0E	SET_COLOR	
F000:46C8	GATE_A20	F000:3C34	VIDEO_STATE	
F000:3316	HD_INT	F000:3C57	SCROLL_UP	
F000:FF5A	HRD	F000:3CF6	SCROLL_DOWN	
F000:1C22	INT_287	F000:3D48	READ_AC_CURRENT	
F000:EBE1	K10	F000:3DA2	WRITE_AC_CURRENT	
F000:E91B	K11	F000:3D04	WRITE_C_CURRENT	
F000:E955	K12	F000:3E64	READ_DOT	
F000:E95F	K13	F000:3E95	WRITE_DOT	
F000:E969	K14	F000:4139	WRITE_TTY	
F000:E976	K15	F000:41C0	READ_LINEN	
F000:342E	K16	F000:4265	MEMORY_SIZE_DET_I	
F000:EB7E	K6	F000:426F	EQUIPMENT_I	
F000:0008	K6L	F000:4279	NMI_INT_I	
F000:E886	K7	F000:42FC	CASSETTE_IO_I	
F000:E88E	K8	F000:4586	SHUT9	
F000:E8C8	K9	F000:46C8	GATE_A20	
F000:1AEF	KBD_RESET	F000:4784	TIME_OUT_DAY_I	
F000:33C5	KB_INT_I	F000:4906	RTC_INT	
F000:3339	KEYBOARD_IO_I	F000:4970	PRINT_SCREEN_I	
F000:0010	M4	F000:4A06	TIMER_INT_I	
F000:F0E4	M5	F000:44AF	FILL	
F000:F0EC	M6	F000:6000	BASIC	
F000:F0F4	M7	F000:E020	D1	
F000:4265	MEMORY_SIZE_DET_I	F000:E030	D2	
F000:E2C3	NMI_INT_I	F000:E040	D2A	
F000:4279	NMI_INT_I	F000:E05E	E101	
F000:03A2	OBF_42	F000:E077	E102	
F000:0000	POST1	F000:E090	E103	
F000:0C96	POST2	F000:EOA9	E104	
F000:1671	POST3	F000:E0C2	E105	
F000:1941	POST4	F000:E0DB	E106	
F000:1C38	POST5	F000:E0F4	E107	
F000:1EB5	POST6	F000:EI0D	E108	
F000:38DD	PRINTER_IO_I	F000:E126	E109	
F000:FF54	PRINT_SCREEN	F000:EI3F	E161	
F000:4970	PRINT_SCREEN_I	F000:E168	E162	
F000:1C31	PROC_SHUTDOWN	F000:E191	E163	
F000:1A85	PROT_PRT_HEX	F000:E1B7	E164	
F000:1A69	PRT_HEX	F000:EI0B	E201	
F000:1A70	PRT_SEG	F000:EEC	E202	
F000:19A4	P_MSG	F000:E209	E203	
F000:FFF0	P_TO_R	F000:E224	E301	
F000:3D48	READ_AC_CURRENT	F000:E239	E302	
F000:3B03	READ_CURSOR	F000:E28D	F3D	

F000:3E84	READ_DOT	F000:E2C3	NMI_INT
F000:41C0	READ_LPEN	F000:E2C6	E303
F000:1C19	RE_DIRECT	F000:E2EA	E304
F000:1ABD	ROM_CHECK	F000:E30E	E401
F000:1AB1	ROM_CHECKSUM	F000:E31E	E501
F000:1FB5	ROM_ERR	F000:E32E	E601
F000:3967	RS232_IO_1	F000:E343	E602
F000:4906	RTC_INT	F000:E364	F1780
F000:3CF6	SCROLL_DOWN	F000:E379	F1781
F000:3C57	SCROLL_UP	F000:E38E	F1782
F000:2A08	SEEK	F000:E3AC	F1790
F000:FF62	SEEKS_1	F000:E3BF	F1791
F000:3C0E	SET_COLOR	F000:E3D2	F3A
F000:3BAB	SET_CPOS	F000:E3DF	F3D1
F000:3B86	SET_CTYPE	F000:E401	FD_TBL
F000:3AB6	SET_MODE	F000:E6F5	CONF_TBL
F000:1B28	SET_TOD	F000:E729	A1
F000:10B6	SHUT2	F000:E87E	K6
F000:1052	SHUT3	F000:E886	K7
F000:1613	SHUT4	F000:E88E	K8
F000:10DA	SHUT6	F000:EB83	K9
F000:10B9	SHUT7	F000:EBE1	K10
F000:4586	SHUT9	F000:E91B	K11
F000:FF23	SLAVE_VECTOR_TABLE	F000:E955	K12
F000:3B33	SND_DATA	F000:E95F	K13
F000:0050	START_1	F000:E969	K14
F000:1EB5	STGTST_CNT	F000:E976	K15
F000:102A	SYSINIT1	F000:EF07	DISK_BASE
F000:4A06	TIMER_INT_1	F000:F0A4	VIDEO_PARMS
F000:4784	TIME_OF_DAY_1	F000:F0E4	M5
F000:FF66	TUTOR	F000:F0EC	M6
F000:FF63	VECTOR_TABLE	F000:F0F4	MT
F000:3A77	VIDEO_IO_1	F000:FA6E	CRT_CHAR_GEN
F000:F0A4	VIDEO_PARMS	F000:FEF3	VECTOR_TABLE
F000:3C34	VIDEO_STATE	F000:FF23	SLAVE_VECTOR_TABLE
F000:1A36	WAITP	F000:FF53	DUMMY_RETURN
F000:3DA2	WRITE_AC_CURRENT	F000:FF54	PRINT_SCREEN
F000:3DD4	WRITE_C_CURRENT	F000:FF5A	HRD
F000:3E95	WRITE_DOT	F000:FF5E	FLOPPY
F000:4139	WRITE_TTY	F000:FF62	SEEKS_1
F000:1FE1	XMIT_8042	F000:FF66	TUTOR
F000:1A59	XPC_BYTE	F000:FFFF	P_0_R

```

1      PAGE 118,121
2      TITLE TEST1 ---- 11/15/85 POWER ON SELF TEST (POST)
3      .286C
4
5      ;-----;
6      ; BIOS I/O INTERFACE
7      ;
8      ; THESE LISTINGS PROVIDE INTERFACE INFORMATION FOR ACCESSING
9      ; THE BIOS ROUTINES. THE POWER ON SELF TEST IS INCLUDED.
10     ;
11     ;
12     ; THE BIOS ROUTINES ARE MEANT TO BE ACCESSED THROUGH
13     ; SOFTWARE INTERRUPTS ONLY. ANY ADDRESSES PRESENT IN
14     ; THESE LISTINGS ARE INCLUDED ONLY FOR COMPLETENESS,
15     ; NOT FOR REFERENCE. APPLICATIONS WHICH REFERRECE ANY
16     ; ABSOLUTE ADDRESSES WITHIN THE CODE SEGMENTS OF BIOS
17     ; VIOLATE THE STRUCTURE AND DESIGN OF BIOS.
18     ;-----;
19
20
21
22
23
24     ;-----;
25     ; MODULE REFERENCE
26     ;
27     ; TEST1.ASM --> POST AND MANUFACTURING TEST ROUTINES
28     ; DSEG.INC --> DATA SEGMENTS LOCATIONS
29     ; POSTEQU.INC --> COMMON EQUATES FOR POST AND BIOS
30     ; SYSDATA.INC --> POWER ON SELF TEST EQUATES FOR PROTECTED MODE
31     ;
32     ; TEST2.ASM --> POST TEST 01 THROUGH TEST.16
33     ; POST TEST.17 THROUGH TEST.22
34     ; TEST3.ASM --> POST EXCEPTION INTERRUPT TESTS
35     ; TEST4.ASM --> POST AND BIOS UTILITY ROUTINES
36     ; CMOS_READ - READ CMOS LOCATION ROUTINE
37     ; CMOS_WRITE - WRITE CMOS LOCATION ROUTINE
38     ; DDS - LOAD (DS1) WITH DATA SEGMENT
39     ; E_MSG - POST ERROR MESSAGE HANDLER
40     ; MFG HALT - MANUFACTURING ERROR TRAP
41     ; P_MSG - POST STRING DISPLAY ROUTINE
42     ; ERR_BEEP - POST ERROR BEEP PROCEDURE
43     ; BEEP - SPEAKER BEEP CONTROL ROUTINE
44     ; WAITF - FIXED TIME WAIT ROUTINE
45     ; CONFIG_BAD - SET BAD_CONFIG IN CMOS_DIAG
46     ; XFC_BYTE - DISPLAY HEX BYTE AS 00 - FF
47     ; PRT_HEX - DISPLAY CHARACTER
48     ; PRT_SEG - DISPLAY SEGMENT FORMAT ADDRESS
49     ; PROT_PRT_HEX - POST PROTECTED MODE DISPLAY
50     ; ROM_CHECKSUM - CHECK ROM MODULES FOR CHECKSUM
51     ; ROM_SCAN - ROM SCAN AND INITIALIZE
52     ; KBD_RESET - POST KEYBOARD RESET ROUTINE
53     ; BLINK_INT - MANUFACTURING TOGGLE BIT ROUTINE
54     ; SET_TOD - SET TIMER FROM CMOS RTC
55     ; D11 - DUMMY INTERRUPT HANDLER ->INT ?7H
56     ; RE_DIRECT - HARDWARE INT 9 REDIRECT (L 2)
57     ; INT_287 - HARDWARE INT 13 REDIRECT (287)
58     ; PROC_SHUTDOWN - 80286 RESET ROUTINE
59     ; TEST5.ASM --> EXCEPTION INTERRUPT TEST HANDLERS FOR POST TESTS
60     ; SYSINT1 - BUILD PROTECTED MODE POINTERS
61     ; GDT_BLD - BUILD THE GDT FOR POST
62     ; SIDT_BLD - BUILD THE IDT FOR POST
63     ; TEST6.ASM --> POST TESTS AND SYSTEM BOOT STRAP
64     ; STGTST_CNT - SEGMENT STORAGE TEST
65     ; ROM_ERR - ROM ERROR DISPLAY ROUTINE
66     ; XMIT_8042 - KEYBOARD DIAGNOSTIC OUTPUT
67     ; BOOT_STRAP - BOOT STRAP LOADER -INT 19H
68     ;
69     ; DSKETTE.ASM --> DISKETTE BIOS
70     ; DISKETTE_IO_I - INT 13H BIOS ENTRY (40H) -INT 13H
71     ; DISK_INT_1 - HARDWARE INTERRUPT HANDLER -INT 0EH
72     ; DSKETTE_SETUP - POST SETUP DRIVE TYPES
73     ; DISK.ASM --> FIXED DISK BIOS
74     ; DISK_SETUP - SETUP DISK VECTORS AND TEST
75     ; DISK_IO - INT 13H BIOS ENTRY -INT 13H
76     ; HD_INT - HARDWARE INTERRUPT HANDLER -INT 76H
77     ; KYBD.ASM --> KEYBOARD BIOS
78     ; KEYBOARD_IO_I - INT 16H BIOS ENTRY -INT 16H
79     ; KB_INT_1 - HARDWARE INTERRUPT -INT 09H
80     ; SMD_DATA - KEYBOARD TRANSMISSION
81     ; PRT.ASM --> PRINTER ADAPTER BIOS
82     ; RS232.ASM --> COMMUNICATIONS BIOS FOR RS232 -INT 14H
83     ; VIDEO1.ASM --> VIDEO BIOS -INT 10H
84     ; BIOS.ASM --> BIOS ROUTINES
85     ; MEMORY_SIZE_DET_1 - REAL MODE SIZE -INT 12H
86     ; EQUIPMENT_I - EQUIPMENT DETERMINATION -INT 11H
87     ; NMI_INT_1 - NMI HANDLER -INT 02H
88     ; BIOS1.ASM --> INTERRUPT 15H BIOS ROUTINES
89     ; INT 15H
90     ; DEV_OPEN - NULL DEVICE OPEN HANDLER
91     ; DEV_CLOSE - NULL DEVICE CLOSE HANDLER
92     ; PROC_TERM - NULL PROGRAM TERMINATION
93     ; EVENT_WAIT - RTC EVENT WAIT/TIMEOUT ROUTINE
94     ; JOY_STICK - JOYSTICK PORT HANDLER
95     ; SYS_REQ - NULL SYSTEM REQUEST KEY
96     ; BLOCKMOVE - EXTENDED MEMORY MOVE INTERFACE
97     ; GATE_A20 - ADDRESS BIT 20 CONTROL
98     ; EXT_MEMORY - EXTENDED MEMORY SIZE DETERMINE
99     ; SET_VMODE - SWITCH PROCESSOR TO VIRTUAL MODE
100    ; DEVICE_BUSY - NULL DEVICE BUSY HANDLER
101    ; INT_COMPLETE - NULL INTERRUPT COMPLETE HANDLER
102    ; BIOS2.ASM --> BIOS INTERRUPT ROUTINES
103    ; TIME OF DAY_I - TIME OF DAY ROUTINES -INT 1AH
104    ; RTC_INT - IRQ LEVEL 8 ALARM HANDLER -INT 70H
105    ; PRINT_SCREEN1 - PRINT SCREEN ROUTINE -INT 05H
106    ; TIMER_INT_1 - TIMER1 INTERRUPT HANDLER ->INT 1CH
107    ; ORGS.ASM --> COMPATIBILITY MODULE
108    ; POST ERROR MESSAGES
109    ; DISKETTE - DISK - VIDEO DATA TABLES
110    ;-----;
111    .LIST

```

```

111
112
113
114
115
116
117
118 0000
119
120 0000 ??
121
122 0008
123 0008 ????????
124
125 0014
126 0014 ????????
127
128 0020
129 0020 ????????
130
131 0040
132 0040 ????????
133
134 004C
135 004C ????????
136
137 0060
138 0060 ????????
139
140 0074
141 0074 ????????
142
143 0078
144 0078 ????????
145
146 007C
147 007C ????????
148
149 0100
150 0100 ????????
151
152 0104
153 0104 ????????
154
155 0118
156 0118 ????????
157
158 01C0
159 01C0 ????????
160
161 01D8
162 01D8 ????????
163
164 0400
165 0400 ????
166
167
168 0500
169 0500
170
171 7C00
172 7C00
173
174 7C00

```

```

PAGE
C INCLUDE DSEG.INC
C ;-----
C ; 80286 INTERRUPT LOCATIONS ;
C ; REFERENCED BY POST & BIOS ;
C ;-----
C
C ABS0 SEGMENT AT 0 ; ADDRESS= 0000:0000
C
C *STG_LOC0 DB ? ; START OF INTERRUPT VECTOR TABLE
C
C *NMI_PTR ORG 4*002H ;
C DD ? ; NON-MASKABLE INTERRUPT VECTOR
C
C *INT5_PTR ORG 4*005H ;
C DD ? ; PRINT SCREEN INTERRUPT VECTOR
C
C *INT_PTR ORG 4*008H ;
C DD ? ; HARDWARE INTERRUPT POINTER (8-F)
C
C *VIDEO_INT ORG 4*010H ;
C DD ? ; VIDEO I/O INTERRUPT VECTOR
C
C *ORG_VECTOR ORG 4*013H ;
C DD ? ; DISKETTE/DISK INTERRUPT VECTOR
C
C *BASIC_PTR ORG 4*018H ;
C DD ? ; POINTER TO CASSETTE BASIC
C
C *PARAM_PTR ORG 4*01DH ;
C DD ? ; POINTER TO VIDEO PARAMETERS
C
C *DISK_POINTER ORG 4*01EH ;
C DD ? ; POINTER TO DISKETTE PARAMETER TABLE
C
C *EXT_PTR ORG 4*01FH ;
C DD ? ; POINTER TO GRAPHIC CHARACTERS 128-255
C
C *DISK_VECTOR ORG 4*040H ;
C DD ? ; POINTER TO DISKETTE INTERRUPT CODE
C
C *HF_TBL_VEC ORG 4*041H ;
C DD ? ; POINTER TO FIRST DISK PARAMETER TABLE
C
C *HF1_TBL_VEC ORG 4*046H ;
C DD ? ; POINTER TO SECOND DISK PARAMETER TABLE
C
C *SLAVE_INT_PTR ORG 4*070H ;
C DD ? ; POINTER TO SLAVE INTERRUPT HANDLER
C
C *HDISK_INT ORG 4*076H ;
C DD ? ; POINTER TO FIXED DISK INTERRUPT CODE
C
C *TOS ORG 0400H ;
C DW ? ; STACK -- USED DURING POST ONLY
C ; USE WILL OVERLAY INTERRUPTS VECTORS
C
C *MFG_TEST_RTN ORG 0500H ;
C LABEL FAR ; LOAD LOCATION FOR MANUFACTURING TESTS
C
C *BOOT_LOCN ORG 7C00H ;
C LABEL FAR ; BOOT STRAP CODE LOAD LOCATION
C
C ABS0 ENDS

```

```

175 C PAGE
176 C -----
177 C | ROM BIOS DATA AREAS |
178 C -----
179
180 0000 C DATA SEGMENT AT 40H | ADDRESS= 0040:0000
181
182 0000 ???? C @RS232_BASE DW ? | BASE ADDRESSES OF RS232 ADAPTERS
183 0002 ???? C DW ? | SECOND LOGICAL RS232 ADAPTER
184 0004 ???? C DW ? | RESERVED
185 0006 ???? C DW ? | RESERVED
186 0008 ???? C @PRINTER_BASE DW ? | BASE ADDRESSES OF PRINTER ADAPTERS
187 000A ???? C DW ? | SECOND LOGICAL PRINTER ADAPTER
188 000C ???? C DW ? | THIRD LOGICAL PRINTER ADAPTER
189 000E ???? C DW ? | RESERVED
190 0010 ???? C @EQUIP_FLAG DW ? | INSTALLED HARDWARE FLAGS
191 0012 ?? C @MFG_TST DB ? | INITIALIZATION FLAGS
192 0013 ???? C @MEMORY_SIZE DW ? | BASE MEMORY SIZE IN K BYTES (X 1024)
193 0015 ?? C @MFG_ERR_FLAG DB ? | SCRATCHPAD FOR MANUFACTURING
194 0016 ?? C DB ? | ERROR CODES
195
196 C -----
197 C | KEYBOARD DATA AREAS |
198 C -----
199
200 0017 ?? C @KB_FLAG DB ? | KEYBOARD SHIFT STATE AND STATUS FLAGS
201 0018 ?? C @KB_FLAG_1 DB ? | SECOND BYTE OF KEYBOARD STATUS
202 0019 ?? C @ALT_INPUT DB ? | STORAGE FOR ALTERNATE KEY PAD ENTRY
203 001A ???? C @BUFFER_HEAD DW ? | POINTER TO HEAD OF KEYBOARD BUFFER
204 001C ???? C @BUFFER_TAIL DW ? | POINTER TO TAIL OF KEYBOARD BUFFER
205
206 C |----- HEAD = TAIL INDICATES THAT THE BUFFER IS EMPTY
207
208 001E 10 [ ???? ] C @KB_BUFFER DW 16 DUP(?) | ROOM FOR 15 SCAN CODE ENTRIES
209
210 C -----
211 C | DISKETTE DATA AREAS |
212 C -----
213
214
215 003E ?? C @SEEK_STATUS DB ? | DRIVE RECALIBRATION STATUS
216 C | BIT 3-0 = DRIVE 3-0 RECALIBRATION
217 C | BEFORE NEXT SEEK IF BIT 15 = 0
218 C @MOTOR_STATUS DB ? | MOTOR STATUS
219 003F ?? C | BIT 3-0 = DRIVE 3-0 CURRENTLY RUNNING
220 C | BIT 7 = CURRENT OPERATION IS A WRITE
221 C @MOTOR_COUNT DB ? | TIME OUT COUNTER FOR MOTOR(S) TURN OFF
222 0040 ?? C @DISKETTE_STATUS DB ? | RETURN CODE STATUS BYTE
223 0041 ?? C | CMD_BLOCK IN STACK FOR DISK OPERATION
224 C @NEC_STATUS DB 7 DUP(?) | STATUS BYTES FROM DISKETTE OPERATION
225 0042 07 [ ?? ]
226
227 C -----
228 C | VIDEO DISPLAY DATA AREA |
229 C -----
230
231
232
233 0049 ?? C @CRT_MODE DB ? | CURRENT DISPLAY MODE (TYPE)
234 004A ???? C @CRT_COLS DW ? | NUMBER OF COLUMNS ON SCREEN
235 004C ???? C @CRT_LEN DW ? | LENGTH OF REGEN BUFFER IN BYTES
236 004E ???? C @CRT_START DW ? | STARTING ADDRESS IN REGEN BUFFER
237 0050 08 [ ???? ] C @CURSOR_POSN DW 8 DUP(?) | CURSOR FOR EACH OF UP TO 8 PAGES
238
239
240
241
242 0060 ???? C @CURSOR_MODE DW ? | CURRENT CURSOR MODE SETTING
243 0062 ?? C @ACTIVE_PAGE DB ? | CURRENT PAGE BEING DISPLAYED
244 0063 ???? C @ADDR_6B45 DW ? | BASE ADDRESS FOR ACTIVE DISPLAY CARD
245 0065 ?? C @CRT_MODE_SET DB ? | CURRENT SETTING OF THE 3X8 REGISTER
246 0066 ?? C @CRT_PALETTE DB ? | CURRENT PALETTE SETTING - COLOR CARD
247
248 C -----
249 C | POST AND BIOS WORK DATA AREA |
250 C -----
251
252
253 0067 ???? C @IO_ROM_INIT DW ? | STACK SAVE, etc.
254 0069 ???? C @IO_ROM_SEG DW ? | POINTER TO ROM INITIALIZATION ROUTINE
255 006B ?? C @INTR_FLAG DB ? | POINTER TO I/O ROM SEGMENT
256 C | FLAG INDICATING AN INTERRUPT HAPPENED
257
258 C -----
259 C | TIMER DATA AREA |
260 C -----
261
262 006C ???? C @TIMER_LOW DW ? | LOW WORD OF TIMER COUNT
263 0070 ?? C @TIMER_HIGH DW ? | HIGH WORD OF TIMER COUNT
264 C @TIMER_OFL DB ? | TIMER HAS ROLLED OVER SINCE LAST READ
265
266 C -----
267 C | SYSTEM DATA AREA |
268 C -----
269
270 0071 ?? C @BIOS_BREAK DB ? | BIT 7=1 IF BREAK KEY HAS BEEN PRESSED
271 0072 ???? C @RESET_FLAG DW ? | WORD=1234H IF KEYBOARD RESET UNDERWAY
272
273 C -----
274 C | FIXED DISK DATA AREAS |
275 C -----
276
277 0074 ?? C @DISK_STATUS1 DB ? | FIXED DISK STATUS
278 0075 ?? C @HF_NUM DB ? | COUNT OF FIXED DISK DRIVES
279 0076 ?? C @CONTROL_BYTE DB ? | HEAD CONTROL BYTE
280 0077 ?? C @PORT_OFF DB ? | RESERVED (PORT OFFSET)

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280
281 C PAGE
282 C ;-----
283 C ; TIME-OUT VARIABLES ;
284 C ;-----
285 0078 ?? C *PRINT_TIM_OUT DB ? ; TIME OUT COUNTERS FOR PRINTER RESPONSE
286 0079 ?? C DB ? ; SECOND LOGICAL PRINTER ADAPTER
287 007A ?? C DB ? ; THIRD LOGICAL PRINTER ADAPTER
288 007B ?? C DB ? ; RESERVED
289 007C ?? C *RS232_TIM_OUT DB ? ; TIME OUT COUNTERS FOR RS232 RESPONSE
290 007D ?? C DB ? ; SECOND LOGICAL RS232 ADAPTER
291 007E ?? C DB ? ; RESERVED
292 007F ?? C DB ? ; RESERVED
293 C
294 C ;-----
295 C ; ADDITIONAL KEYBOARD DATA AREA ;
296 C ;-----
297 C
298 C ; BUFFER LOCATION WITHIN SEGMENT 40H
299 0080 ???? C *BUFFER_START DW ? ; OFFSET OF KEYBOARD BUFFER START
300 0082 ???? C *BUFFER_END DW ? ; OFFSET OF END OF BUFFER
301 C
302 C ;-----
303 C ; EGA/PGA DISPLAY WORK AREA ;
304 C ;-----
305 C
306 0084 ?? C *ROWS DB ? ; ROWS ON THE ACTIVE SCREEN (LESS 1)
307 0085 ???? C *POINTS DW ? ; BYTES PER CHARACTER
308 0087 ?? C *INFO DB ? ; MODE OPTIONS
309 0088 ?? C *INFO_3 DB ? ; FEATURE BIT SWITCHES
310 0089 ?? C DB ? ; RESERVED FOR DISPLAY ADAPTERS
311 008A ?? C DB ? ; RESERVED FOR DISPLAY ADAPTERS
312 C
313 C ;-----
314 C ; ADDITIONAL MEDIA DATA ;
315 C ;-----
316 C
317 008B ?? C *LASTRATE DB ? ; LAST DISKETTE DATA RATE SELECTED
318 008C ?? C *HF_STATUS DB ? ; STATUS REGISTER
319 008D ?? C *HF_ERROR DB ? ; ERROR REGISTER
320 008E ?? C *HF_INT_FLAG DB ? ; FIXED DISK INTERRUPT FLAG
321 008F ?? C *HF_CNTRL DB ? ; COMBO FIXED DISK/DISKETTE CARD BIT 0=1
322 0090 ?? C *DSK_STATE DB ? ; DRIVE 0 MEDIA STATE
323 0091 ?? C DB ? ; DRIVE 1 MEDIA STATE
324 0092 ?? C DB ? ; DRIVE 0 OPERATION START STATE
325 0093 ?? C DB ? ; DRIVE 1 OPERATION START STATE
326 0094 ?? C *DSK_TRK DB ? ; DRIVE 0 PRESENT CYLINDER
327 0095 ?? C DB ? ; DRIVE 1 PRESENT CYLINDER
328 C
329 C ;-----
330 C ; ADDITIONAL KEYBOARD FLAGS ;
331 C ;-----
332 C
333 0096 ?? C *KB_FLAG_3 DB ? ; KEYBOARD MODE STATE AND TYPE FLAGS
334 0097 ?? C *KB_FLAG_2 DB ? ; KEYBOARD LED FLAGS
335 C
336 C ;-----
337 C ; REAL TIME CLOCK DATA AREA ;
338 C ;-----
339 C
340 0098 ???? C *USER_FLAG DW ? ; OFFSET ADDRESS OF USERS WAIT FLAG
341 009A ???? C *USER_FLAG_SEG DW ? ; SEGMENT ADDRESS OF USER WAIT FLAG
342 009C ???? C *RTC_LOW DW ? ; LOW WORD OF USER WAIT FLAG
343 009E ???? C *RTC_HIGH DW ? ; HIGH WORD OF USER WAIT FLAG
344 00A0 ?? C *RTC_WAIT_FLAG DB ? ; WAIT ACTIVE FLAG (01=BUSY, 80=POSTED)
345 C ; (00=POST ACKNOWLEDGED)
346 C
347 C ;-----
348 C ; AREA FOR NETWORK ADAPTER ;
349 C ;-----
350 00A1 07 [ C *NET DB 7 DUP(?) ; RESERVED FOR NETWORK ADAPTERS
351 ]
352 C
353 C ;-----
354 C ; EGA/PGA PALETTE POINTER ;
355 C ;-----
356 C
357 C
358 00A8 ???????? C *SAVE_PTR DD ? ; POINTER TO EGA PARAMETER CONTROL BLOCK
359 C ; RESERVED
360 C
361 C ;-----
362 C ; DATA AREA - PRINT SCREEN ;
363 C ;-----
364 C
365 0100 C ORG 100H ; ADDRESS= 0040:0100 (REF 0050:0000)
366 C
367 0100 ?? C *STATUS_BYTE DB ? ; PRINT SCREEN STATUS BYTE
368 C ; 00=READY/OK, 01=BUSY, FF=ERROR
369 C
370 0101 C DATA ENDS ; END OF BIOS DATA SEGMENT
371
372 .LIST
    
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373 PAGE
374 C INCLUDE POSTEQU,INC
375 C ;
376 C ;----- EQUATES USED BY POST AND BIOS :
377 C ;-----
378 C
379 = 00FC C MODEL_BYTE EQU 00FC ; SYSTEM MODEL_BYTE
380 = 0001 C SUB_MODEL_BYTE EQU 001H ; SYSTEM SUB-MODEL_TYPE
381 = 0000 C BIOS_LEVEL EQU 000H ; BIOS REVISION LEVEL
382 = F600 C RATE_UPPER EQU 0F60H ; UPPER LIMIT + 5X
383 = F9FD C RATE_LOWER EQU 0F9FDH ; LOWER LIMIT - 10X
384 C
385 C ;----- 8042 KEYBOARD INTERFACE AND DIAGNOSTIC CONTROL REGISTERS -----
386 = 0060 C PORT_A EQU 060H ; 8042 KEYBOARD SCAN CODE/CONTROL PORT
387 = 0061 C PORT_B EQU 061H ; PORT B READ/WRITE DIAGNOSTIC REGISTER
388 = 00F3 C RAM_PAR_ON EQU 1110011B ; AND MASK FOR PARITY CHECKING ENABLE ON
389 = 000C C RAM_PAR_OFF EQU 00001100B ; OR MASK FOR PARITY CHECKING ENABLE OFF
390 = 00C0 C PARITY_ERR EQU 11000000B ; R/W MEMORY - I/O CHANNEL PARITY ERROR
391 = 0001 C GATE2 EQU 00000001B ; TIMER 2 INPUT GATE CLOCK BIT
392 = 0002 C SPK2 EQU 00000010B ; SPEAKER OUTPUT DATA ENABLE BIT
393 = 0010 C REFRESH_BIT EQU 00010000B ; REFRESH TEST BIT
394 = 0020 C OUT2 EQU 00100000B ; SPEAKER TIMER OUT2 INPUT BIT
395 = 0040 C IO_CHECK EQU 01000000B ; I/O (MEMORY) CHECK OCCURRED BIT MASK
396 = 0080 C PARITY_CHECK EQU 10000000B ; MEMORY PARITY CHECK OCCURRED BIT MASK
397 = 0064 C STATUS_PORT EQU 064H ; 8042 STATUS PORT
398 = 0001 C OUT_BUF_FULL EQU 00000001B ; 0 = +OUTPUT BUFFER FULL
399 = 0002 C INPT_BUF_FULL EQU 00000010B ; 1 = +INPUT BUFFER FULL
400 = 0004 C SYS_FLAG EQU 00000100B ; 2 = -SYSTEM FLAG -POST/-SELF TEST
401 = 0008 C CMD_DATA EQU 00001000B ; 3 = -COMMAND/+DATA
402 = 0010 C KYBD_INH EQU 00010000B ; 4 = +KEYBOARD INHIBITED
403 = 0020 C TRANS_TMOUT EQU 00100000B ; 5 = +TRANSMIT TIMEOUT
404 = 0040 C RCV_TMOUT EQU 01000000B ; 6 = +RECEIVE TIME OUT
405 = 0080 C PARITY_EVEN EQU 10000000B ; 7 = +PARITY IS EVEN
406 C
407 C ;----- 8042 INPUT PORT BIT DEFINITION SAVED IN 06FG.TST -----
408 = 0008 C BASE_MEMB EQU 00001000B ; BASE PLANAR R/W MEMORY EXTENSION 640/X
409 = 0010 C BASE_MEM EQU 00010000B ; BASE PLANAR R/W MEMORY SIZE 256/512
410 = 0020 C WFG_LOOP EQU 00100000B ; LOOP POST JUMPER BIT FOR MANUFACTURING
411 = 0040 C DSP_JMP EQU 01000000B ; DISPLAY TYPE SWITCH JUMPER BIT
412 = 0080 C KEY_BD_INHIB EQU 10000000B ; KEYBOARD INHIBIT SWITCH BIT
413 C
414 C ;----- 8042 COMMANDS -----
415 = 0060 C WRITE_8042_LOC EQU 060H ; WRITE 8042 COMMAND BYTE
416 = 00AA C SELF_TEST EQU 0AAH ; 8042 SELF TEST
417 = 00AB C INTRFACE_CHK EQU 0ABH ; CHECK 8042 INTERFACE COMMAND
418 = 00AD C DIS_KBD EQU 0ADH ; DISABLE KEYBOARD COMMAND
419 = 00AE C ENA_KBD EQU 0AEH ; ENABLE KEYBOARD COMMAND
420 = 00C0 C READ_8042_INPUT EQU 0C0H ; READ 8042 INPUT PORT
421 = 00D4 C DISABLE_BIT20 EQU 0D4H ; DISABLE ADDRESS LINE BIT 20
422 = 00DF C ENABLE_BIT20 EQU 0DFH ; ENABLE ADDRESS LINE BIT 20
423 = 00E0 C KYBD_CLK_DATA EQU 0E0H ; GET KEYBOARD CLOCK AND DATA COMMAND
424 = 00FE C SHUT_CMD EQU 0FEH ; CAUSE A SHUTDOWN COMMAND
425 = 0001 C KYBD_CLK EQU 001H ; KEYBOARD CLOCK BIT 0
426 C
427 C ;----- KEYBOARD/LED COMMANDS -----
428 = 00FF C KB_RESET EQU 0FFH ; SELF DIAGNOSTIC COMMAND
429 = 00FE C KB_RESEND EQU 0FEH ; RESEND COMMAND
430 = 00FA C KB_MAKE_BREAK EQU 0FAH ; TYPAMATIC COMMAND
431 = 00F4 C KB_ENABLE EQU 0F4H ; KEYBOARD ENABLE
432 = 00F3 C KB_TYPA_RD EQU 0F3H ; TYPAMATIC RATE/DELAY COMMAND
433 = 00F2 C KB_READ_ID EQU 0F2H ; READ KEYBOARD ID COMMAND
434 = 00EE C KB_ECHO EQU 0EEH ; ECHO COMMAND
435 = 00ED C LED_CMD EQU 0EDH ; LED WRITE COMMAND
436 C
437 C ;----- 8042 KEYBOARD RESPONSE -----
438 = 00FF C KB_OVER_RUN EQU 0FFH ; OVER RUN SCAN CODE
439 = 00FE C KB_RESEND EQU 0FEH ; RESEND REQUEST
440 = 00FA C KB_ACK EQU 0FAH ; ACKNOWLEDGE FROM TRANSMISSION
441 = 00F0 C KB_BREAK EQU 0F0H ; KEYBOARD BREAK CODE
442 = 00AA C KB_OK EQU 0AAH ; RESPONSE FROM SELF DIAGNOSTIC
443 C
444 C ;----- FLAG EQUATES WITHIN *KB_FLAG -----
445 = 0001 C RIGHT_SHIFT EQU 00000001B ; RIGHT SHIFT KEY DEPRESSED
446 = 0002 C LEFT_SHIFT EQU 00000010B ; LEFT SHIFT KEY DEPRESSED
447 = 0004 C CTL_SHIFT EQU 00000100B ; CONTROL SHIFT KEY DEPRESSED
448 = 0008 C ALT_SHIFT EQU 00001000B ; ALTERNATE SHIFT KEY DEPRESSED
449 = 0010 C SCROLL_STATE EQU 00010000B ; SCROLL LOCK STATE IS ACTIVE
450 = 0020 C NUM_STATE EQU 00100000B ; NUM LOCK STATE IS ACTIVE
451 = 0040 C CAPS_STATE EQU 01000000B ; CAPS LOCK STATE IS ACTIVE
452 = 0080 C INS_STATE EQU 10000000B ; INSERT STATE IS ACTIVE
453 C
454 C ;----- FLAG EQUATES WITHIN *KB_FLAG_1 -----
455 = 0001 C CTL_SHIFT EQU 00000001B ; LEFT CTL KEY DOWN
456 = 0002 C L_ALT_SHIFT EQU 00000010B ; LEFT ALT KEY DOWN
457 = 0004 C SYS_SHIFT EQU 00000100B ; SYSTEM KEY DEPRESSED AND HELD
458 = 0008 C HOLD_STATE EQU 00001000B ; SUSPEND KEY HAS BEEN TOGGLED
459 = 0010 C SCROLL_SHIFT EQU 00010000B ; SCROLL LOCK KEY IS DEPRESSED
460 = 0020 C NUM_SHIFT EQU 00100000B ; NUM LOCK KEY IS DEPRESSED
461 = 0040 C CAPS_SHIFT EQU 01000000B ; CAPS LOCK KEY IS DEPRESSED
462 = 0080 C INS_SHIFT EQU 10000000B ; INSERT KEY IS DEPRESSED
463 C
464 C ;----- FLAG EQUATES WITHIN *KB_FLAG_2 -----
465 = 0001 C KB_LEDS EQU 00000111B ; KEYBOARD LED STATE BITS
466 = 0004 C L_LOCK EQU 00000010B ; SCROLL LOCK INDICATOR
467 = 0008 C N_LOCK EQU 00000100B ; NUM LOCK INDICATOR
468 = 0001 C C_LOCK EQU 00000100B ; CAPS LOCK INDICATOR
469 = 0001 C R_LOCK EQU 00001000B ; RESERVED (MUST BE ZERO)
470 = 0010 C KB_FA EQU 00010000B ; ACKNOWLEDGMENT RECEIVED
471 = 0020 C KB_FE EQU 00100000B ; RESEND RECEIVED FLAG
472 = 0040 C KB_PR_LED EQU 01000000B ; MODE INDICATOR UPDATE
473 = 0080 C KB_ERR EQU 10000000B ; KEYBOARD TRANSMIT ERROR FLAG
474 C
475 C ;----- FLAG EQUATES WITHIN *KB_FLAG_3 -----
476 = 0001 C LC_E1 EQU 00000001B ; LAST CODE WAS THE E1 HIDDEN CODE
477 = 0002 C LC_E0 EQU 00000010B ; LAST CODE WAS THE E0 HIDDEN CODE

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478 = 0004      C R_CTL_SHIFT      EQU 0000100B      ; RIGHT CTL KEY DOWN
479 = 0008      C R_ALT_SHIFT      EQU 0000100B      ; RIGHT ALT KEY DOWN
480 = 0008      C GRAPH_ON       EQU 0000100B      ; ALT GRAPHICS KEY DOWN (WT ONLY)
481 = 0010      C KBX           EQU 00010000B      ; ENHANCED KEYBOARD INSTALLED
482 = 0020      C SET_NUM_LK     EQU 00100000B      ; FORCE NUM LOCK IF READ ID AND KBX
483 = 0040      C LC_AB         EQU 01000000B      ; LAST CHARACTER WAS FIRST ID CHARACTER
484 = 0080      C RD_ID         EQU 10000000B      ; DOING A READ ID (MUST BE BIT0)
485 =           C
486 =           C ;----- KEYBOARD SCAN CODES -----
487 = 0045      C NUM_KEY        EQU 69          ; SCAN CODE FOR NUMBER LOCK KEY
488 = 0046      C SCROLL_KEY     EQU 70          ; SCAN CODE FOR SCROLL LOCK KEY
489 = 0038      C ALT_KEY         EQU 56          ; SCAN CODE FOR ALTERNATE SHIFT KEY
490 = 001D      C CTL_KEY         EQU 29          ; SCAN CODE FOR CONTROL KEY
491 = 003A      C CAPS_KEY        EQU 58          ; SCAN CODE FOR SHIFT LOCK KEY
492 = 0053      C DEL_KEY         EQU 83          ; SCAN CODE FOR DELETE KEY
493 = 0052      C INS_KEY         EQU 82          ; SCAN CODE FOR INSERT KEY
494 = 002A      C LEFT_KEY        EQU 42          ; SCAN CODE FOR LEFT SHIFT
495 = 0036      C RIGHT_KEY       EQU 54          ; SCAN CODE FOR RIGHT SHIFT
496 = 0054      C SYS_KEY         EQU 84          ; SCAN CODE FOR SYSTEM KEY
497 =           C
498 =           C ;----- ENHANCED KEYBOARD SCAN CODES -----
499 = 00AB      C ID_1           EQU 0ABH         ; 1ST ID CHARACTER FOR KBX
500 = 0041      C ID_2           EQU 041H         ; 2ND ID CHARACTER FOR KBX
501 = 0085      C ID_2A          EQU 085H         ; ALTERNATE 2ND ID CHAR FOR KBX
502 = 0057      C F11_M          EQU 87          ; F11 KEY MAKE
503 = 0058      C F12_M          EQU 88          ; F12 KEY MAKE
504 = 00E0      C MC_E0          EQU 224         ; GENERAL MARKER CODE
505 = 00E1      C MC_E1          EQU 225         ; PAUSE KEY MARKER CODE

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506 C PAGE
507 C |-----
508 C |          CMOS EQUATES FOR THIS SYSTEM          |
509 C |-----
510 C CMOS_PORT EQU 0704H          | I/O ADDRESS OF CMOS ADDRESS PORT
511 C CMOS_DATA EQU 0710H          | I/O ADDRESS OF CMOS DATA PORT
512 C NMI_ EQU 1000000B          | DISABLE NMI INTERRUPTS MASK
513 C |          HIGH BIT OF CMOS LOCATION ADDRESS
514 C
515 C |----- CMOS TABLE LOCATION ADDRESSES |-----
516 C CMOS_SECONDS EQU 000H          | SECONDS
517 C CMOS_SEC_ALARM EQU 001H          | SECONDS ALARM ## NOTE: ALL LOCATIONS
518 C CMOS_MINUTES EQU 002H          | MINUTES IN THE CMOS AREA
519 C CMOS_MIN_ALARM EQU 003H          | MINUTES ALARM ARE IBM USE ONLY
520 C CMOS_HOURS EQU 004H          | HOURS AND SUBJECT TO
521 C CMOS_HR_ALARM EQU 005H          | HOURS ALARM CHANGE, ONLY THE
522 C CMOS_DAY_WEEK EQU 006H          | DAY OF THE WEEK POST & BIOS CODE
523 C CMOS_DAY_MONTH EQU 007H          | DAY OF THE MONTH SHOULD DIRECTLY
524 C CMOS_MONTH EQU 008H          | MONTH ACCESS LOCATIONS
525 C CMOS_YEAR EQU 009H          | YEAR (TWO DIGITS) IN CMOS STORAGE,
526 C CMOS_REG_A EQU 00AH          | STATUS REGISTER A
527 C CMOS_REG_B EQU 00BH          | STATUS REGISTER B ALARM
528 C CMOS_REG_C EQU 00CH          | STATUS REGISTER C FLAGS
529 C CMOS_REG_D EQU 00DH          | STATUS REGISTER D BATTERY
530 C CMOS_DIAG EQU 00EH          | POST DIAGNOSTIC STATUS RESULTS BYTE
531 C CMOS_SHUT_DOWN EQU 00FH          | SHUTDOWN STATUS COMMAND BYTE
532 C CMOS_DISKETTE EQU 010H          | DISKETTE DRIVE TYPE BYTE
533 C |          RESERVED
534 C CMOS_DISK EQU 012H          | FIXED DISK TYPE BYTE
535 C |          - RESERVED
536 C CMOS_EQUIP EQU 014H          | EQUIPMENT WORD LOW BYTE
537 C CMOS_B_M_S_LO EQU 015H          | BASE MEMORY SIZE - LOW BYTE (X1024)
538 C CMOS_B_M_S_HI EQU 016H          | BASE MEMORY SIZE - HIGH BYTE
539 C CMOS_E_M_S_LO EQU 017H          | EXPANSION MEMORY SIZE - LOW BYTE
540 C CMOS_E_M_S_HI EQU 018H          | EXPANSION MEMORY SIZE - HIGH BYTE
541 C CMOS_DTSK_1 EQU 019H          | FIXED DISK TYPE - DRIVE C EXTENSION
542 C CMOS_DTSK_2 EQU 01AH          | FIXED DISK TYPE - DRIVE D EXTENSION
543 C |          - 1BH THROUGH 2DH - RESERVED
544 C CMOS_CKSUM_HI EQU 02EH          | CMOS CHECKSUM - HIGH BYTE
545 C CMOS_CKSUM_LO EQU 02FH          | CMOS CHECKSUM - LOW BYTE
546 C CMOS_U_M_S_HI EQU 030H          | USABLE MEMORY ABOVE 1 MEG - LOW BYTE
547 C CMOS_U_M_S_LO EQU 031H          | USABLE MEMORY ABOVE 1 MEG - HIGH BYTE
548 C CMOS_CENTURY EQU 032H          | DATE CENTURY BYTE (BCD)
549 C CMOS_INFO128 EQU 033H          | 128KB INFORMATION STATUS FLAG BYTE
550 C |          - 34H THROUGH 3FH - RESERVED
551 C
552 C |----- CMOS DIAGNOSTIC STATUS ERROR FLAGS WITHIN CMOS DIAG |-----
553 C CMOS_CLK_FAIL EQU 00000100B          | CMOS CLOCK NOT UPDATING OR NOT VALID
554 C HF_FAIL EQU 00001000B          | FIXED DISK FAILURE ON INITIALIZATION
555 C MEM_SIZE EQU 00010000B          | MEMORY SIZE NOT EQUAL TO CONFIGURATION
556 C BAD_CONFIG EQU 00100000B          | MINIMUM CONFIG USED INSTEAD OF CMOS
557 C BAD_CKSUM EQU 01000000B          | CHECKSUM ERROR
558 C BAD_BAT EQU 10000000B          | DEAD BATTERY - CMOS LOST POWER
559 C
560 C |----- CMOS INFORMATION FLAGS |-----
561 C M640K EQU 10000000B          | 512K -> 640K OPTION INSTALLED (128K)
562 C |          FLAG USED BY CMOS SETUP UTILITY
563 C
564 C |----- DISKETTE EQUATES |-----
565 C
566 C DJVAL EQU 00000010B          | MASK FOR COMBO/DSP ADAPTER
567 C INT_FLAG EQU 10000000B          | INTERRUPT OCCURRENCE FLAG
568 C DSK_CHG EQU 10000000B          | DISKETTE CHANGE FLAG MASK BIT
569 C DETERMINED EQU 00010000B          | SET STATE DETERMINED IN STATE BITS
570 C HOME EQU 00010000B          | TRACK 0 MASK
571 C SENSE_DRV_ST EQU 00000100B          | SENSE DRIVE STATUS COMMAND
572 C TRK_SLAP EQU 030H          | CRASH STOP (48 TPI DRIVES)
573 C QUIET_SEEK EQU 00AH          | SEEK TO TRACK 10
574 C MAX_DRV EQU 2          | MAX NUMBER OF DRIVES
575 C HD12_SETTLE EQU 15          | 1.2 M HEAD SETTLE TIME
576 C HD320_SETTLE EQU 20          | 320 K HEAD SETTLE TIME
577 C MOTOR_WAIT EQU 37          | 2 SECONDS OF COUNTS FOR MOTOR TURN OFF
578 C
579 C |----- DISKETTE ERRORS |-----
580 C TIME_OUT EQU 080H          | ATTACHMENT FAILED TO RESPOND
581 C BAD_SEEK EQU 040H          | SEEK OPERATION FAILED TO CONFIGURATION
582 C BAD_NEG EQU 020H          | DISKETTE CONTROLLER HAS FAILED
583 C BAD_CRC EQU 010H          | BAD CRC ON DISKETTE READ
584 C MED_NOT_FND EQU 00CH          | MEDIA TYPE NOT FOUND
585 C DMA_BOUNDARY EQU 009H          | ATTEMPT TO DMA ACROSS 64K BOUNDARY
586 C BAD_DMA EQU 008H          | DMA OVERRUN ON OPERATION
587 C MEDIA_CHANGE EQU 006H          | MEDIA REMOVED ON DUAL ATTACH CARD
588 C RECORD_NOT_FND EQU 004H          | REQUESTED SECTOR NOT FOUND
589 C WRITE_PROTECT EQU 003H          | WRITE ATTEMPTED ON WRITE PROTECT DISK
590 C BAD_ADDR_MARK EQU 002H          | ADDRESS MARK NOT FOUND
591 C BAD_CMD EQU 001H          | BAD COMMAND PASSED TO DISKETTE I/O
592 C
593 C |----- DISK CHANGE LINE EQUATES |-----
594 C NOCHGLN EQU 001H          | NO DISK CHANGE LINE AVAILABLE
595 C CHGLN EQU 002H          | DISK CHANGE LINE AVAILABLE
596 C
597 C |----- MEDIA/DRIVE STATE INDICATORS |-----
598 C TRK_CAPA EQU 00000010B          | 80 TRACK CAPABILITY
599 C FMT_CAPA EQU 00000010B          | MULTIPLE FORMAT CAPABILITY (1,2M)
600 C DRV_DET EQU 00001000B          | MEDIA DETERMINED
601 C MED_DET EQU 00010000B          | MEDIA DETERMINED BIT
602 C DBL_STEP EQU 00100000B          | DOUBLE STEP BIT
603 C RATE_500 EQU 11000000B          | MASK FOR CLEARING ALL BUT RATE
604 C RATE_500 EQU 00000000B          | 500 KBS DATA RATE
605 C RATE_300 EQU 01000000B          | 300 KBS DATA RATE
606 C RATE_250 EQU 10000000B          | 250 KBS DATA RATE
607 C STRT_MSK EQU 00001100B          | OPERATION START RATE MASK
608 C SEND_MSK EQU 11000000B          | MASK FOR SEND RATE BITS
609 C
610 C |----- MEDIA/DRIVE STATE INDICATORS COMPATIBILITY |-----
611 C |          360 MEDIA/DRIVE NOT ESTABLISHED
612 C MID1U EQU 00000010B          | 360 MEDIA, 1.2DRIVE NOT ESTABLISHED
613 C MID1D EQU 00000010B          | 1.2 MEDIA/DRIVE NOT ESTABLISHED
614 C MED_UNK EQU 00000111B          | NONE OF THE ABOVE
    
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615 C PAGE
616 C |----- INTERRUPT EQUATES -----
617 = 0020 C EQI EQU 020H ; END OF INTERRUPT COMMAND TO 8259
618 = 0020 C INTA00 EQU 020H ; 8259 PORT
619 = 0021 C INTA01 EQU 021H ; 8259 PORT
620 = 00A0 C INTB00 EQU 0A0H ;
621 = 00A1 C INTB01 EQU 0A1H ;
622 = 0070 C INT_TYPE EQU 070H ; START OF 8259 INTERRUPT TABLE LOCATION
623 = 0010 C INT_VIDEO EQU 010H ; VIDEO VECTOR
624 C |-----
625 = 0008 C DMA08 EQU 008H ; DMA STATUS REGISTER PORT ADDRESS
626 = 0000 C DMA EQU 000H ; DMA CH.0 ADDRESS REGISTER PORT ADDRESS
627 = 00D0 C DMA18 EQU 0D0H ; 2ND DMA STATUS PORT ADDRESS
628 = 00C0 C DMA1 EQU 0C0H ; 2ND DMA CH.0 ADDRESS REGISTER ADDRESS
629 C |-----
630 = 0040 C TIMER EQU 040H ; 8254 TIMER - BASE ADDRESS
631 C |-----
632 C |----- MANUFACTURING PORT -----
633 = 0080 C MFG_PORT EQU 80H ; MANUFACTURING AND POST CHECKPOINT PORT
634 C |-----
635 C |----- MANUFACTURING BIT DEFINITION FOR 0MFG ERR FLAG+1 -----
636 C |-----
637 = 0001 C MEM_FAIL EQU 00000001B ; STORAGE TEST FAILED (ERROR 20X)
638 = 0002 C PRO_FAIL EQU 00000100B ; VIRTUAL MODE TEST FAILED (ERROR 104)
639 = 0004 C LMCS_FAIL EQU 00000100B ; LOW MEG CHIP SELECT FAILED (ERROR 109)
640 = 0008 C KYCLK_FAIL EQU 00001000B ; KEYBOARD CLOCK TEST FAILED (ERROR 304)
641 = 0010 C KY_SYS_FAIL EQU 00010000B ; KEYBOARD OR SYSTEM FAILED (ERROR 303)
642 = 0020 C KYBD_FAIL EQU 00100000B ; KEYBOARD FAILED (ERROR 301)
643 = 0040 C DSK_FAIL EQU 01000000B ; DISKETTE TEST FAILED (ERROR 601)
644 = 0080 C KEY_FAIL EQU 10000000B ; KEYBOARD LOCKED (ERROR 302)
645 C |-----
646 C |-----
647 = 0081 C DMA_PAGE EQU 081H ; START OF DMA PAGE REGISTERS
648 = 008F C LAST_DMA_PAGE EQU 08FH ; LAST DMA PAGE REGISTER
649 C |-----
650 C |-----
651 = 00F0 C X287 EQU 0F0H ; MATH COPROCESSOR CONTROL PORT
652 C |-----
653 C |-----
654 = 0000 C POST_SS EQU 00000H ; POST STACK SEGMENT
655 = 8000 C POST_SP EQU 80000H ; POST STACK POINTER
656 C |-----
657 C |-----
658 = 000D C CR EQU 000DH ; CARRIAGE RETURN CHARACTER
659 = 000A C LF EQU 000AH ; LINE FEED CHARACTER
660 = 000B C RVRT EQU 00001000B ; VIDEO VERTICAL RETRACE BIT
661 = 0001 C RHRZ EQU 00000001B ; VIDEO HORIZONTAL RETRACE BIT
662 = 0100 C H EQU 266 ; HIGH BYTE FACTOR (X 100H)
663 = 0101 C X EQU H+1 ; HIGH AND LOW BYTE FACTOR (X 101H)
664
665 .LIST
    
```

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666 C PAGE
667 C INCLUDE SYSDATA.INC
668 C -----
669 C ; PROTECTED MODE EQUATES FOR POST TESTS AND BIOS ROUTINES ;
670 C -----
671 C
672 C ;----- LENGTH EQUATES FOR PROTECTED MODE TESTS
673 C
674 = 0300 C SDA_LEN EQU 00300H ; SYSTEM DATA AREA LENGTH
675 = 0800 C SYS_IDT_LEN EQU 256*8 ; 256 SYSTEM IDT ENTRIES, 8 BYTES EACH
676 = 0088 C GDT_LEN EQU TYPE_GDT_DEF ; GDT STRUCTURE LENGTH
677 = 0008 C DESC_LEN EQU TYPE_DATA_DESC ; LENGTH OF A DESCRIPTOR
678 = 1000 C MCRT_SIZE EQU 4*1024 ; MONOCHROME CRT SIZE
679 = 4000 C CRT_SIZE EQU 16*1024 ; COMPATIBLE COLOR CRT SIZE
680 = FFFF C ECRT_SIZE EQU 0FFFFH ; SIZE OF EACH PORTION OF THE ENHANCED
681 = FFFF C MAX_SEG_LEN EQU 0FFFFH ; MAXIMUM SEGMENT LENGTH = 64K
682 = 0000 C NULL_SEG_LEN EQU 00000H ; NULL SEGMENT LENGTH = 0
683 C
684 C ;----- LOCATION EQUATES FOR PROTECTED MODE TESTS
685 C
686 = D0A0 C SYS_IDT_LOC EQU 0D0A0H ; THE SYSTEM IDT IS AT THE BOTTOM
687 = 0400 C SDA_LOC EQU 00400H ; SAME AS REAL
688 = D8A0 C GDT_LOC EQU (SYS_IDT_LOC + SYS_IDT_LEN)
689 = 0000 C MCRT_LO EQU 00000H ; MONOCHROME CRT ADDRESS
690 = 0008 C MCRT_HI EQU 08H ; (080000H)
691 = 8000 C CRT_LO EQU 8000H ; COMPATIBLE COLOR CRT ADDRESS
692 = 0008 C CRT_HI EQU 08H ; (088000H)
693 = 0000 C ECRT_LO EQU 0000H ;
694 = 00A C ECRT_HI EQU 0AH ; (0A0000H)
695 = 0000 C ECRT_HI_LO EQU 0000H ;
696 = 0008 C ECRT_HI_HI EQU 08H ; (088000H)
697 = 0000 C CSEG_LO EQU 0000H ; CODE SEGMENT POST/BIOS
698 = 000F C CSEG_HI EQU 0FH ; (0F0000H) FOR TESTS
699 = 0000 C NSEG_LO EQU 0000H ; ABS0
700 = 0000 C NSEG_HI EQU 00H
701 C
702 C ;----- DEFINITIONS FOR ACCESS RIGHTS BYTES
703 C
704 = 00F3 C CPL3_DATA_ACCESS EQU 11110011B ; PRESENT
705 C ; DPL = 3
706 C ; CODE/DATA SEGMENT
707 C ; NOT EXECUTABLE
708 C ; GROW-UP (OFFSET <= LIMIT)
709 C ; WRITABLE
710 C ; ACCESSED
711 = 0093 C CPL0_DATA_ACCESS EQU 10010011B ; DPL = 0
712 = 009B C CPL1_CODE_ACCESS EQU 10011011B ; CPL 0 - NON-CONFORMING
713 = 00E2 C LDT_DESC EQU 11100010B
714 = 0081 C FREE_TSS EQU 10000001B
715 = 0086 C INT_GATE EQU 10000110B
716 = 0087 C TRAP_GATE EQU 10000111B
717 C
718 = 0001 C VIRTUAL_ENABLE EQU 0000000000000010B ; PROTECTED MODE ENABLE
719 C
720 C ;----- THE GLOBAL DESCRIPTOR TABLE DEFINITION FOR POWER ON SELF TESTS
721 C
722 C GDT_DEF STRUC
723 C GDT_PTR DQ ? ; UNUSED ENTRY
724 C 0000 ?????????????????? DQ ? ; THIS ENTRY POINTS TO THIS TABLE
725 C 0008 ?????????????????? DQ ? ; POST INTERRUPT DESCRIPTOR TABLE
726 C 0010 ?????????????????? DQ ? ; THE REAL SYSTEM DATA AREA FOR POST
727 C 0018 ?????????????????? DQ ? ; COMPATIBLE BW CRT FOR POST
728 C 0020 ?????????????????? C_BWCRT_PTR DQ ? ; COMPATIBLE COLOR CRT FOR POST
729 C 0028 ?????????????????? C_CCRT_PTR DQ ? ; ENHANCED COLOR GRAPHICS CRT (16 BYTES)
730 C 0030 ?????????????????? E_CCRT_PTR DQ ?
731 C 0038 ?????????????????? E_C_CRT2_PTR DQ ?
732 C 0040 ?????????????????? SYS_ROW_CS DQ ? ; CS - POST IDT, ROM RESIDENT
733 C 0048 ?????????????????? ES_TEMP DQ ? ; DYNAMIC POINTER FOR ES
734 C 0050 ?????????????????? CS_TEMP DQ ? ; DYNAMIC POINTER FOR CS
735 C 0058 ?????????????????? SS_TEMP DQ ? ; DYNAMIC POINTER FOR SS
736 C 0060 ?????????????????? DS_TEMP DQ ? ; DYNAMIC POINTER FOR DS
737 C 0068 ?????????????????? POST_TR DQ ? ; TR VALUE FOR THIS MACHINE'S TSS
738 C 0070 ?????????????????? POST_TSS_PTR DQ ?
739 C 0078 ?????????????????? POST_LDR DQ ? ; LDR VALUE FOR THIS MACHINE'S LDT
740 C 0080 ?????????????????? POST_LDT_PTR DQ ?
741 C 0088 ENDS
742 C
743 C ;----- SEGMENT DESCRIPTOR TABLE ENTRY STRUCTURE
744 C
745 C DATA_DESC STRUC
746 C 0000 ???? SEG_LIMIT DW ? ; SEGMENT LIMIT (1 - 65535 BYTES)
747 C 0002 ???? BASE_LO_WORD DW ? ; 24 BIT SEGMENT PHYSICAL
748 C 0004 ?? ? ? BASE_HI_BYTE DB ? ; ADDRESS (0 - (16M-1))
749 C 0005 ?? ? ? DATA_ACC_RIGHTS DB ? ; ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
750 C 0006 ???? DATA_RESERVED DW ? ; RESERVED - MUST BE 0000 FOR THE 80286
751 C 0008 DATA_DESC ENDS
752 C
753 C ;----- GATE DESCRIPTOR TABLE ENTRY STRUCTURE
754 C
755 C GATE_DESC STRUC
756 C 0000 ???? ENTRY_POINT DW ? ; DESTINATION ROUTINE ENTRY POINT
757 C 0002 ???? CS_SELECTOR DW ? ; SELECTOR FOR DESTINATION SEGMENT
758 C 0004 ?? ? ? WORD_COUNT DB ? ; NUMBER OF WORDS TO COPY FROM STACK
759 C 0005 ?? ? ? GATE_ACC_RIGHTS DB ? ; ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
760 C 0006 ???? GATE_RESERVED DW ? ; RESERVED - MUST BE 0000 FOR THE 80286
761 C 0008 GATE_DESC ENDS
762 C
763 C .LIST
    
```

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764                                     PAGE
765 0000                                CODE   SEGMENT WORD PUBLIC
766
767                                     PUBLIC C0042
768                                     PUBLIC OBF_42
769                                     PUBLIC POST1
770                                     PUBLIC START_1
771
772                                     EXTRN  CMOS_READ;NEAR
773                                     EXTRN  CMOS_WRITE;NEAR
774                                     EXTRN  CONFIG_BAD;NEAR
775                                     EXTRN  D11;NEAR
776                                     EXTRN  DDS;NEAR
777                                     EXTRN  DUMMY_RETURN;NEAR
778                                     EXTRN  ERR_BEEP;NEAR
779                                     EXTRN  GATE_A20;NEAR
780                                     EXTRN  KBD_RESET;NEAR
781                                     EXTRN  NMI_INT;NEAR
782                                     EXTRN  POST2;NEAR
783                                     EXTRN  PRINT_SCREEN;NEAR
784                                     EXTRN  PROC_SHUTDOWN;NEAR
785                                     EXTRN  ROM_CHECK;NEAR
786                                     EXTRN  SHUT2;NEAR
787                                     EXTRN  SHUT3;NEAR
788                                     EXTRN  SHUT4;NEAR
789                                     EXTRN  SHUT6;NEAR
790                                     EXTRN  SHUT7;NEAR
791                                     EXTRN  SHUT9;NEAR
792                                     EXTRN  SLAVE_VECTOR_TABLE;NEAR
793                                     EXTRN  STG1ST_CNT;NEAR
794                                     EXTRN  SYS_INIT;NEAR
795                                     EXTRN  VECTOR_TABLE;NEAR
796                                     EXTRN  VIDEO_PARMS;BYTE
797
798                                     ASSUME CS:CODE,DS:NOTHING,ES:NOTHING,SS:NOTHING
799
800 0000                                POST1  PROC   NEAR
801
802                                     ;
803                                     ;
804                                     ;
805                                     ;
806                                     ;
807                                     ;
808                                     ;
809                                     ;
810                                     ;
811                                     ;
812                                     ;
813 = 0000                                BEGIN  EQU   $
814 0000 36 31 58 39 32 36                DB     '62X0820COPR. IBM CORP. 1981,1985 ' ;COPYRIGHT NOTICE
815                                     36 43 4F 50 52 2E
816                                     20 49 42 4D 20 43
817                                     4F 52 50 2E 20 31
818                                     39 38 31 2C 31 39
819                                     38 35 20 20
820
821                                     EVEN
822                                     ; 6 2 X 0 8 2 0 C O P R . I B M 1 9 8 5 ;EVEN BOUNDARY
823 0022 36 36 31 31 58 58                DB     '6 2 X 0 2 8 1 C O P R . . I B M 1 9 8 5 ;ODD MODULE
824                                     39 39 32 32 36 36                ;'6622X08082201 CC0OPRPR. . 11BMM 11998855' ;COPYRIGHT NOTICE
825                                     36 35 20 20 43 43
826                                     4F 4F 50 50 52 52
827                                     2E 2E 20 20 49 49
828                                     42 42 4D 4D 20 20
829                                     31 31 39 39 38 38
830                                     35 35
831 004E 20 20                                DB     ' ' ;PAD
832
833                                     ;-----
834                                     ; INITIAL RELIABILITY TESTS --- (POST1) ;
835                                     ;-----
836
837                                     ;
838                                     ; TEST_01 ;
839                                     ; 80286 PROCESSOR TEST (REAL MODE) ;
840                                     ; DESCRIPTION ;
841                                     ; VERIFY FLAGS, REGISTERS ;
842                                     ; AND CONDITIONAL JUMPS. ;
843                                     ;-----
844
845                                     ASSUME DS:DATA
846
847 0050                                START_1:
848 0050 FA                                CLI
849 0051 B8 D58D                            MOV     AX,0D50H;CMOS_REG_D;NMI
850 0054 E6 70                                OUT    CMOS_PORT,AL
851 0056 9E                                SAHF
852 0057 73 27                                JNC    ERR02
853 0059 75 25                                JNZ    ERR02
854 005B 7B 23                                JNP    ERR02
855 005D 79 21                                JNS    ERR02
856 005F 9F                                LAHF
857 0060 B1 05                                MOV     CL,5
858 0062 D2 EC                                SHR     AH,CL
859 0064 73 1A                                JNC    ERR02
860 0066 B0 40                                MOV     AL,40H
861 0068 D0 E0                                SHL     JNO
862 006A 71 14                                JNO    ERR02
863 006C 32 E4                                XOR     AH,AH
864 006E 9E                                SAHF
865 006F 76 0F                                JBE    ERR02
866
867 0071 78 0D                                JS     ERR02
868 0073 7A 0B                                JP     ERR02
869 0075 9F                                LAHF
870 0076 D2 EC                                SHR     AH,CL
871 0078 72 06                                JC     ERR02
872 007A D0 E4                                SHL     AH,1
873 007C 70 02                                JO     ERR02
874 007E 74 03                                JZ     CTA
875 0080
876 0080 F4                                ERR02: HLT ; ERROR HALT
877 0081 EB FD                                JMP    ERR02 ; ERROR LOOP TRAP

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SECTION 5

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878
879 0083
880 0083 B8 ---- R
881 0086 8E D8
882
883
884
885 0088 E4 64
886 008A A8 04
887 008C 75 03
888 008E E9 0123 R

CTA:
      MOV     AX,DATA           ; SET DATA SEGMENT
      MOV     DS,AX           ; INTO THE (DS) SEGMENT REGISTER

;----- CHECK FOR PROCESSOR SHUTDOWN

      IN      AL,STATUS_PORT   ; READ CURRENT KEYBOARD PROCESSOR STATUS
      TEST   AL,SYS_FLAG      ; CHECK FOR SHUTDOWN IN PROCESS FLAG
      JNZ    CTB              ; GO IF YES
      JMP     SHUTO           ; ELSE CONTINUE NORMAL POWER ON CODE
```

```

889                                     PAGE
890                                     CTB1: CHECK FOR SHUTDOWN 09
891
892 0091 B0 8F      MOV     AL,CMOS_SHUT_DOWN+NMI ; CMOS ADDRESS FOR SHUTDOWN BYTE
893 0093 E6 70      OUT     CMOS_PORT,AL
894 0095 EB 00      JMP     $+2 ; I/O DELAY
895 0097 E4 71      IN     AL,CMOS_DATA ; GET REQUEST NUMBER
896 0099 3C 09      CMP     AL,09H ; WAS IT SHUTDOWN REQUEST 9?
897 009B 86 C4      XCHG  AL,AH ; SAVE THE SHUTDOWN REQUEST
898 009D 74 41      JC     CTC ; BYPASS INITIALIZING INTERRUPT CHIPS
899
900                                     ;----- CHECK FOR SHUTDOWN 0A
901
902 009F B0 FC 0A   CMP     AH,0AH ; WAS IT SHUTDOWN REQUEST A?
903 00A2 74 3C      JE     CTC ; BYPASS INITIALIZING INTERRUPT CHIPS
904
905 00A4 2A C0      SUB     AL,AL ; INSURE MATH PROCESSOR RESET
906 00A6 E6 F1      OUT     X287+1,AL
907
908                                     ;-----
909                                     ; RE-INITIALIZE THE 8259 INTERRUPT # CONTROLLER CHIP :
910
911 00AB B0 11      MOV     AL,11H ; ICW1 - EDGE, MASTER, ICW4
912 00AA E6 20      OUT     INTA00,AL
913 00AC EB 00      JMP     $+2 ; WAIT STATE FOR I/O
914 00AE B0 08      MOV     AL,08H ; SETUP ICW2 - INTERRUPT TYPE 8H (8-F)
915 00B0 E6 21      OUT     INTA01,AL
916 00B2 EB 00      JMP     $+2 ; WAIT STATE FOR I/O
917 00B4 B0 04      MOV     AL,04H ; SETUP ICW3 - MASTER LEVEL 2
918 00B6 E6 21      OUT     INTA01,AL
919 00B8 EB 00      JMP     $+2 ; I/O WAIT STATE
920 00BA B0 01      MOV     AL,01H ; SETUP ICW4 - MASTER,8086 MODE
921 00BC E6 21      OUT     INTA01,AL
922 00BE EB 00      JMP     $+2 ; WAIT STATE FOR I/O
923 00C0 B0 FF      MOV     AL,0FFH ; MASK ALL INTERRUPTS OFF
924 00C2 E6 21      OUT     INTA01,AL ; (VIDEO ROUTINE ENABLES INTERRUPTS)
925
926                                     ;-----
927                                     ; RE-INITIALIZE THE 8259 INTERRUPT # CONTROLLER CHIP :
928
929 00C4 B0 11      MOV     AL,11H ; ICW1 - EDGE, SLAVE ICW4
930 00C6 E6 A0      OUT     INTB00,AL
931 00C8 EB 00      JMP     $+2 ; WAIT STATE FOR I/O
932 00CA B0 70      MOV     AL,INT_TYPE ; SETUP ICW2 - INTERRUPT TYPE 70 (70-7F)
933 00CC E6 A1      OUT     INTB01,AL
934 00CE B0 02      MOV     AL,02H ; SETUP ICW3 - SLAVE LEVEL 2
935 00D0 EB 00      JMP     $+2
936 00D2 E6 A1      OUT     INTB01,AL ; I/O DELAY
937 00D4 EB 00      JMP     $+2 ; SETUP ICW4 - 8086 MODE, SLAVE
938 00D6 B0 01      MOV     AL,01H
939 00D8 E6 A1      OUT     INTB01,AL
940 00DA EB 00      JMP     $+2 ; WAIT STATE FOR I/O
941 00DC B0 FF      MOV     AL,0FFH ; MASK ALL INTERRUPTS OFF
942 00DE E6 A1      OUT     INTB01,AL
943
944                                     ;-----
945                                     ; SHUTDOWN - RESTART
946                                     ; DESCRIPTION
947                                     ; A TEST IS MADE FOR THE SYSTEM FLAG BEING SET. IF THE SYSTEM FLAG IS
948                                     ; SET, THE SHUTDOWN BYTE IN CMOS IS USED TO DETERMINE WHERE CONTROL IS
949                                     ; RETURNED.
950                                     ;
951                                     ; CMOS = 0 SOFT RESET OR UNEXPECTED SHUTDOWN
952                                     ; CMOS = 1 SHUT DOWN AFTER MEMORY SIZE
953                                     ; CMOS = 2 SHUT DOWN AFTER MEMORY TEST
954                                     ; CMOS = 3 SHUT DOWN WITH MEMORY ERROR
955                                     ; CMOS = 4 SHUT DOWN WITH BOOT LOADER REQUEST
956                                     ; CMOS = 5 JUMP DWORD REQUEST - (INTERRUPT CHIPS & 287 ARE INITIALIZED)
957                                     ; CMOS = 6 PROTECTED MODE TEST3 PASSED
958                                     ; CMOS = 7 PROTECTED MODE TEST3 FAILED
959                                     ; CMOS = 8 PROTECTED MODE TEST1 FAILED
960                                     ; CMOS = 9 BLOCK MOVE SHUTDOWN REQUEST
961                                     ; CMOS = A JMP DWORD REQUEST - (I/O INTERRUPT CHIPS INITIALIZED)
962
963                                     ; NOTES: RETURNS ARE MADE WITH INTERRUPTS AND NMI DISABLED.
964                                     ; USER MUST RESTORE SS:SP (POST DEFAULT SET = 0000:0400),
965                                     ; ENABLE NON-MASKABLE INTERRUPTS (NMI) WITH AN OUT TO
966                                     ; PORT 70H WITH HIGH ORDER BIT OFF, AND THEN ISSUE A
967                                     ; STI TO ENABLE INTERRUPTS. FOR SHUTDOWN (5) THE USER
968                                     ; MUST ALSO RESTORE THE INTERRUPT MASK REGISTERS.
969
970                                     ;-----
971                                     ; CHECK FROM WHERE
972                                     ; CTC:
973 00E0 B0 8F      MOV     AL,CMOS_SHUT_DOWN+NMI ; CLEAR CMOS BYTE
974 00E2 E6 70      OUT     CMOS_PORT,AL
975 00E4 90          NOP ; I/O DELAY
976 00E5 2A C0      SUB     AL,AL ; SET BYTE TO 0
977 00E7 E6 71      OUT     CMOS_DATA,AL
978 00E9 86 E0      XCHG  AH,AL
979 00EB 3C 0A      CMP     AL,0AH ; COMPARE WITH MAXIMUM TABLE ENTRIES
980 00ED 77 34      JA     SHUTO ; SKIP TO POST IF GREATER THAN MAXIMUM
981 00EF BE 0103 R  MOV     SI,OFFSET BRANCH ; POINT TO THE START OF THE BRANCH TABLE
982 00F1 03 F0      ADD     SI,AX
983 00F4 03 F0      ADD     SI,AX ; POINT TO BRANCH ADDRESS
984 00F6 2E 8B IC   MOV     BX,CS:[SI] ; MOVE BRANCH TO ADDRESS TO BX REGISTER
985
986                                     ;----- SET TEMPORARY STACK FOR POST
987 00F9 B8 ---- R  MOV     AX,ABSO ; SET STACK SEGMENT TO ABSO SEGMENT
988 00FB 8E D0      MOV     SS,AX
989 00FD BC 0400 R  MOV     SP,OFFSET 0TOS ; SET STACK POINTER TO END OF VECTORS
990 0101 FF E3      JMP     BX ; JUMP BACK TO RETURN ROUTINE
991
992 0103 0123 R    BRANCH: DW SHUTO ; NORMAL POWER UP/UNEXPECTED SHUTDOWN
993 0105 098E R    DW SHUT1 ; SHUT DOWN AFTER MEMORY SIZE
994 0107 0000 E    DW SHUT2 ; SHUT DOWN AFTER MEMORY TEST
995 0109 0000 E    DW SHUT3 ; SHUT DOWN WITH MEMORY ERROR
996 010B 0000 E    DW SHUT4 ; SHUT DOWN WITH BOOT LOADER REQUEST
997 010D 0119 R    DW SHUT5 ; JMP DWORD REQUEST WITH INTERRUPT INIT
998 010F 0000 E    DW SHUT6 ; PROTECTED MODE TEST7 PASSED
999 0111 0000 E    DW SHUT7 ; PROTECTED MODE TEST7 FAILED
1000 0113 0791 R  DW SHUT8 ; PROTECTED MODE TEST1 FAILED
1001 0115 0000 E  DW SHUT9 ; BLOCK MOVE SHUTDOWN REQUEST
1002 0117 011F R  DW SHUTA ; JMP DWORD REQUEST (I/O INTERRUPT INIT)

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SECTION 5













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1573 03C6 2B F6          SUB     S1,S1
1574 03C8 2B C0          SUB     AX,AX
1575 03CA 8E D8          MOV     DS,AX
1576 03CC 8E C0          MOV     ES,AX
1577 03CE 81 FB 1234      CMP     BX,1234H           ; WARM START?
1578 03D0 75 03          JNZ     E30A_0           ; GO IF NOT
1579 03DA E9 0582 R      JMP     CLR_STG
1580
1581 ;----- GET THE INPUT BUFFER (SWITCH SETTINGS)
1582
1583 03D7 B0 0F          E30A_0: MOV     AL,0FH           ; <<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<<
1584 03D9 E6 80          OUT     MFG_PORT,AL      ; <<<< CHECKPOINT 0F <<<<
1585
1586 03DB B0 80          MOV     AL,PARITY_CHECK  ; SET BASE MEMORY PARITY
1587 03DD E6 87          OUT     DMA_PAGE+6,AL    ; USE AS TEMPORARY SAVE
1588 03DF BC 03EC R      MOV     SP,OFFSET C2     ; SET RETURN ADDRESS
1589 03E2 E9 0000 E      JMP     STGTST_CNT
1590 03E5 8B D8          C30:  MOV     BX,AX
1591 03E7 75 0F          JNZ     C31              ; SAVE FAILING BIT PATTERN
1592 03E9 E9 058D R      JMP     C33              ; STORAGE OK, CONTINUE
1593
1594 ;----- TEMPORARY STACK FOR POST ROUTINES
1595
1596 03EC 03E5 R          C2     DW     C30
1597 03EE 035D R          C8042A DW  TST4_B
1598 03F0 0368 R          C8042A DW  TST4_C
1599 03F2 0389 R          C8042B DW  TST4_D
1600 03F4 0379 R          C8042C DW  E30B
1601 03F6 037E R          C8042B DW  E30C
1602
1603 ;-----
1604 ; BASE 64K STORAGE FAILURE
1605 ; DISPLAY THE CHECKPOINT (MFG CHECKPOINT)
1606 ; AND XOR EXPECTED WITH READ IN MFG_PORT
1607 ; DISPLAY CHECKPOINT IN MFG_PORT+3
1608 ; DISPLAY XOR'D DATA HIGH BYTE MFG_PORT+1
1609 ; LOW BYTE IN MFG_PORT+2
1610 ; A READ/WRITE SCOPE LOOP OF THE FIRST
1611 ; WORD FOR POSSIBLE ADDRESS LINE FAILURES
1612
1613
1614 03F8
1615 03F8 BA C7          C31:  MOV     AL,BH              ; SAVE HIGH BYTE
1616 03FA E6 81          OUT     MFG_PORT+1,AL
1617 03FC BA C3          MOV     AL,BL              ; SAVE LOW BYTE
1618 03FE E6 82          OUT     MFG_PORT+2,AL
1619
1620 ;----- CHECK FOR VIDE0 ROM
1621
1622 0400 B9 C000        M1:  MOV     CX,0C00H           ; START OF I/O ROM
1623 0403 8E D9          MOV     DS,CX              ; POINT TO SEGMENT
1624 0405 2B D8          SUB     BX,BX              ; GET THE FIRST 2 LOCATIONS
1625 0407 8B 07          MOV     AX,[BX]
1626 0409 EB 00          JMP     $-2                ; BUS SETTLE
1627 040B 3D AA55        CMP     AX,0AA55H          ; IS THE VIDEO ROM PRESENT?
1628 040E 6A 00          POP
1629 0410 74 0C          JZ     Z5                  ; GO IF YES
1630 0412 81 C1 0080     ADD     CX,080H            ; POINT TO NEXT 2K BLOCK
1631 0416 81 F9 C800     CMP     CX,0C800H          ; TOP OF VIDEO ROM AREA YET?
1632 041A 7C E7          JL     M1                  ; TRY AGAIN
1633 041C 23 C9          AND     CX,CX              ; SET NON ZERO FLAG
1634 041E
1635 041E 75 03          Z5:   JNZ     C32               ; GO IF NOT
1636 0420 E9 050F R      JMP     C31_0             ; BYPASS ERROR DISPLAY IF VIDEO ROM
1637
1638 ;-----
1639 ; SET VIDEO MODE TO DISPLAY MEMORY ERROR
1640 ; THIS ROUTINE INITIALIZES THE ATTACHMENT TO
1641 ; TO DISPLAY FIRST 64K STORAGE ERRORS.
1642 ; BOTH COLOR AND MONOCHROME ATTACHMENTS ARE INITIALIZED.
1643
1644 ;----- INITIALIZE COLOR/MONOCHROME
1645
1646
1647 0423 BA 03D8        C32:  MOV     DX,3D8H           ; CONTROL REGISTER ADDRESS OF COLOR CARD
1648 0426 2A C0          SUB     AL,AL              ; MODE SET
1649 0428 EE          OUT     DX,AL
1650
1651 0429 BA 03B8        MOV     DX,03B8H           ; CONTROL REGISTER ADDRESS OF B/W CARD
1652 042C B0 01          MOV     AL,1              ; MODE SET FOR CARD
1653 042E EE          OUT     DX,AL              ; RESET VIDEO
1654 042F 83 EA 04          SUB     DX,4              ; BACK TO BASE REGISTER
1655
1656 = 0010
1657
1658 0432 BB 0030 E      M4   MOV     BX,OFFSET VIDEO_PARS+M4*3 ; POINT TO VIDEO PARAMETERS
1659          ASSUME DS:CODE
1660 0435 B9 0010        MOV     CX,M4              ; COUNT OF MONOCHROME VIDEO PARAMETERS
1661
1662 ;----- BX POINTS TO CORRECT ROW OF INITIALIZATION TABLE
1663
1664 0438 32 E4          XOR     AH,AH              ; AH IS REGISTER NUMBER DURING LOOP
1665
1666 ;----- LOOP THROUGH TABLE, OUTPUTTING REGISTER ADDRESS, THEN VALUE FROM TABLE
1667
1668 043A 8A C4          M10: MOV     AL,AH              ; GET 6845 REGISTER NUMBER
1669 043C EE          OUT     DX,AL
1670 043D 42          INC     DX                  ; POINT TO DATA PORT
1671 043F FE C4          INC     AH                  ; NEXT REGISTER VALUE
1672 0440 2E 8A 07      MOV     AL,CS:[BX]         ; GET TABLE VALUE
1673 0443 EE          OUT     DX,AL              ; OUT TO CHIP
1674 0444 43          INC     BX                  ; NEXT IN TABLE
1675 0445 4A          DEC     DX                  ; BACK TO POINTER REGISTER
1676 0446 E2 F2          LOOP  M10                  ; DO THE WHOLE TABLE
1677 0448 BA E2          MOV     AH,DL              ; CHECK IF COLOR CARD DONE
1678 044A 80 E4 F0      AND     AH,0FH             ; STRIP UNWANTED BITS
1679 044D 80 FC D0      CMP     AH,0D0H            ; IS IT THE COLOR CARD?
1680 0450 74 08          JZ     Z3                  ; CONTINUE IF COLOR
1681 0452 BB 0000 E      MOV     BX,OFFSET VIDEO_PARS ; POINT TO VIDEO PARAMETERS
1682 0455 BA 03D4        MOV     DX,3D4H            ; COLOR BASE
1683 0458 EB D8          JMP     Z_2                ; CONTINUE
1684
1685 ;----- FILL REGEN AREA WITH BLANK
1686

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SECTION 5

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1687 045A 33 FF          Z_3:  XOR    DI,D1          ; SET UP POINTER FOR REGEN
1688 045C B8 B000        MOV    AX,0B000H      ; SET UP ES TO VIDEO REGEN
1689 045F BE C0          MOV    ES,AX
1690
1691 0461 B9 0800        MOV    CX,2048        ; NUMBER OF WORDS IN MONOCHROME CARD
1692 0464 B6 0720        MOV    AX,' '*7*H    ; FILL CHARACTER FOR ALPHA + ATTRIBUTE
1693 0467 F3/ AB        REP    STOSW          ; FILL THE REGEN BUFFER WITH BLANKS
1694
1695 0469 33 FF          XOR    DI,D1          ; CLEAR COLOR VIDEO BUFFER MEMORY
1696 046B B8 B800        MOV    BX,0B800H     ; SET UP ES TO COLOR VIDEO MEMORY
1697 046E 8E C3          MOV    ES,BX
1698 0470 B9 2000        MOV    CX,8192
1699 0473 F3/ AB        REP    STOSW          ; FILL WITH BLANKS
1700
1701
1702
1703 0475 BA 03B8          ;----- ENABLE VIDEO AND CORRECT PORT SETTING
1704 0478 B0 29          MOV    DX,3B8H
1705 047A EE              MOV    AL,29H
1706                      OUT    DX,AL          ; SET VIDEO ENABLE PORT
1707
1708
1709 047B 42              ;----- SET UP OVERSCAN REGISTER
1710 047C B0 30          INC    DX              ; SET OVERSCAN PORT TO A DEFAULT
1711 047E EE              MOV    AL,30H          ; VALUE 30H FOR ALL MODES EXCEPT 640X200
1712                      OUT    DX,AL          ; OUTPUT THE CORRECT VALUE TO 3D9P20
1713
1714
1715 047F BA 03DB          ;----- ENABLE COLOR VIDEO AND CORRECT PORT SETTING
1716 0482 B0 28          MOV    DX,3DBH
1717 0484 EE              MOV    AL,28H
1718                      OUT    DX,AL          ; SET VIDEO ENABLE PORT
1719
1720
1721 0485 42              ;----- SET UP OVERSCAN REGISTER
1722 0486 B0 30          INC    DX              ; SET OVERSCAN PORT TO A DEFAULT
1723 0488 EE              MOV    AL,30H          ; VALUE 30H FOR ALL MODES EXCEPT 640X200
1724                      OUT    DX,AL          ; OUTPUT THE CORRECT VALUE TO 3D9P20
1725
1726
1727 0489 8C C8          ;----- DISPLAY FAILING CHECKPOINT AND
1728 048B BE D0          MOV    AX,CS          ; SET STACK SEGMENT TO CODE SEGMENT
1729                      MOV    SS,AX
1730 048D BB B000        MOV    BX,0B000H
1731 0490 8E DB          MOV    DS,BX          ; SET DS TO B/W DISPLAY BUFFER
1732
1733 0492 B0 30          Z_01: MOV    AL,'0'         ; DISPLAY BLANK 000000
1734 0494 B9 0006        MOV    CX,6           ; DISPLAY BLANK 000000
1735 0497 2B FF          SUB    DI,D1          ; START AT 0
1736 0499 88 05          Z:    MOV    [DI],AL     ; WRITE TO DISPLAY REGEN BUFFER
1737 049B 47              INC    DI              ; POINT TO NEXT POSITION
1738 049C 47              INC    DI
1739 049D E2 FA          LOOP  Z
1740
1741 049F 80 FF B8        CMP    BH,0BBH        ; CHECK THAT COLOR BUFFER WRITTEN
1742 04A2 74 0C          JZ     Z_1            ; POINT TO START OF BUFFER
1743 04A4 2B FF          SUB    DI,D1
1744
1745 04A6 B7 B0          MOV    BH,0B0H
1746 04A8 8E C3          MOV    ES,BX          ; ES = MONOCHROME
1747 04AA B7 B8          MOV    BH,0BBH        ; SET SEGMENT TO COLOR
1748 04AC 8E DB          MOV    DS,BX          ; DS = COLOR
1749 04AE EB E2          JMP    Z_0
1750
1751
1752
1753 04B0 B0 20          ;----- PRINT FAILING BIT PATTERN
1754 04B2 88 05          Z_1:  MOV    AL,' '         ; DISPLAY A BLANK
1755 04B4 26; 88 05      MOV    [DI],AL        ; WRITE TO COLOR BUFFER
1756 04B7 47              MOV    ES:[DI],AL     ; WRITE TO MONOCHROME REGEN BUFFER
1757 04B8 47              INC    DI              ; POINT TO NEXT POSITION
1758 04B9 E4 81          IN    AL,MFG_PORT+1  ; GET THE HIGH BYTE OF FAILING PATTERN
1759 04BB B1 04          MOV    CL,4           ; SHIFT COUNT
1760 04BD D2 E8          SHR   AL,CL           ; NIBBLE SWAP
1761 04BF BC 057A R      MOV    SP,OFFSET Z1_0
1762 04C2 EB 1B          JMP    SHORT PR
1763
1764 04C4 E4 81          Z1:   IN    AL,MFG_PORT+1  ; ISOLATE TO LOW NIBBLE
1765 04C6 24 0F          AND   AL,0FH
1766 04C8 BC 057C R      MOV    SP,OFFSET Z2_0
1767 04CB EB 12          JMP    SHORT PR
1768 04CD E4 82          Z2:   IN    AL,MFG_PORT+2  ; GET THE HIGH BYTE OF FAILING PATTERN
1769 04CF B1 04          MOV    CL,4           ; SHIFT COUNT
1770 04D1 D2 E8          SHR   AL,CL           ; NIBBLE SWAP
1771 04D3 BC 057E R      MOV    SP,OFFSET Z3_0
1772 04D6 EB 07          JMP    SHORT PR
1773 04D8 E4 82          Z3:   IN    AL,MFG_PORT+2  ; ISOLATE TO LOW NIBBLE
1774 04DA 24 0F          AND   AL,0FH
1775 04DC BC 0580 R      MOV    SP,OFFSET Z4_0 ; RETURN TO Z4:
1776
1777
1778
1779 04DF 04 90          ;----- CONVERT AND PRINT
1780 04E1 27          PR:   ADD    AL,090H        ; CONVERT 00-0F TO ASCII CHARACTER
1781 04E2 14 40          DAA                    ; ADD FIRST CONVERSION FACTOR
1782 04E4 27          DAA                    ; ADJUST FOR NUMERIC AND ALPHA RANGE
1783                      ADC    AL,040H        ; ADD CONVERSION AND ADJUST LOW NIBBLE
1784                      DAA                    ; ADJUST HIGH NIBBLE TO ASCII RANGE
1785 04E5 88 05          MOV    [DI],AL        ; WRITE TO COLOR BUFFER
1786 04E8 47              MOV    ES:[DI],AL     ; WRITE TO MONOCHROME BUFFER
1787 04EB 47              INC    DI              ; POINT TO NEXT POSITION
1788 04EC C3          RET
1789
1790
1791
1792 04ED B0 20          ;----- DISPLAY 201 ERROR
1793 04EF 88 05          Z4:   MOV    AL,' '         ; DISPLAY A BLANK
1794 04F1 26; 88 05      MOV    [DI],AL        ; WRITE TO DISPLAY REGEN BUFFER
1795 04F4 47              MOV    ES:[DI],AL     ; WRITE TO MONOCHROME BUFFER
1796 04F5 47              INC    DI              ; POINT TO NEXT POSITION
1797 04F6 47              INC    DI
1798 04F8 B0 32          MOV    AL,'2'         ; DISPLAY 201 ERROR
1799 04FA 26; 88 05      MOV    [DI],AL        ; WRITE TO DISPLAY REGEN BUFFER
1800 04FD 47              MOV    ES:[DI],AL     ; WRITE TO MONOCHROME BUFFER
1801                      INC    DI              ; POINT TO NEXT POSITION
    
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2143
2144 06A7 BF 0040 R      MOV    DI,OFFSET @VIDEO_INT      ; SET VIDEO INTERRUPT AREA
2145 06AA 0E             PUSH   CS                        ;
2146 06AB 1F             POP    DS                        ; SET UP ADDRESS OF VECTOR TABLE
2147                 ; MOV    AX,DS                    ; SET AX=SEGMENT
2148 06AC BE 0010 E      MOV    SI,OFFSET VECTOR_TABLE+16 ; START WITH VIDEO ENTRY
2149 06AF B9 0010       MOV
2150
2151 06B2 A5             D3A:  MOVSW                       ; MOVE VECTOR TABLE TO LOW MEMORY
2152 06B3 47             INC    DI                        ;
2153 06B4 47             INC    DI                        ;
2154 06B5 E2 FB         LOOP   D3A                       ; SKIP SEGMENT POINTER
2155
2156
2157 ;-----
2158 ; TEST.12
2159 ; VERIFY CMOS CHECKSUM/BATTERY OK ;
2160 ; DESCRIPTION
2161 ; DETERMINE IF CONFIG RECORD
2162 ; CAN BE USED FOR INITIALIZATION. ;
2163 ;-----
2164 06B7 E8 0000 E      ASSUME DS:DATA
2165                 CALL   DDS                        ; SET THE DATA SEGMENT
2166
2167 06BA B0 16          MOV    AL,16H                    ;
2168 06BC E6 80          OUT    MFG_PORT,AL              ;
2169                 ;
2170                 ;
2171 ;----- IS THE BATTERY LOW THIS POWER UP?
2172
2171 06BE B0 8D          MOV    AL,CMOS_REG_D+NM1        ; CHECK BATTERY CONDITION
2172 06C0 E8 0000 E      CALL   CMOS_READ                ; READ THE BATTERY STATUS
2173 06C3 A8 80          TEST   AL,1000000B             ; IS THE BATTERY LOW?
2174 06C5 74 0B          JZ     CMOS1A                   ; ERROR IF YES
2175
2176 06C7 B0 8E          MOV    AL,CMOS_DIAG+NM1        ; GET THE OLD STATUS
2177 06C9 E8 0000 E      CALL   CMOS_READ                ; FROM DIAGNOSTIC STATUS BYTE
2178 06CC A8 80          TEST   AL,BAD_BAT              ; HAS CUSTOMER SETUP BEEN EXECUTED?
2179 06CE 74 15          JZ     CMOS1                     ; GO CHECK CHECKSUM IF YES
2180
2181 06D0 EB 64          JMP    SHORT CMOS4              ; CONTINUE WITHOUT CONFIGURATION
2182
2183 ;----- SET DEFECTIVE BATTERY FLAG
2184
2185 06D2 B0 17          CMOS1A: MOV   AL,17H                    ;
2186 06D4 E6 80          OUT    MFG_PORT,AL              ;
2187                 ;
2188 06D6 B8 BE8E       MOV    AX,X*(CMOS_DIAG+NM1)    ; CMOS DIAGNOSTIC STATUS BYTE
2189 06D9 E8 0000 E      CALL   CMOS_READ                ; GET THE CURRENT STATUS
2190 06DC 0C 80          OR     AL,BAD_BAT              ; SET THE DEAD BATTERY FLAG
2191 06DE 86 C4          XCHG  AL,AH                     ; SAVE
2192 06E0 E8 0000 E      CALL   CMOS_WRITE               ; OUTPUT THE STATUS
2193 06E3 EB 51          JMP    SHORT CMOS4              ; GO TO MINIMUM CONFIGURATION
2194
2195 ;----- VERIFY CHECKSUM
2196
2197 06E5 B8 BE8E       CMOS1: MOV   AX,X*(CMOS_DIAG+NM1) ; CLEAR OLD STATUS
2198 06E8 E8 0000 E      CALL   CMOS_READ                ; GET THE CURRENT STATUS
2199 06EB 81 3E 0072 R 1234 CMP    #RESET_FLAG,1234H       ; IS THIS A SOFT RESET
2200 06F1 75 04          JNZ   CMOS1_A                   ; GO IF NOT
2201
2202 06F3 24 10          AND    AL,W_MEM_SIZE            ; CLEAR ALL BUT THE CMOS/POR MEMORY SIZE
2203 06F5 EB 02          JMP
2204 06F7
2205 06F7 2A C0          CMOS1_A: SUB   AL,AL                ; CLEAR STATUS IF POWER ON RESET
2206 06F9
2207 06F9 86 C4          CMOS1_B: XCHG  AL,AH                     ; SAVE THE CURRENT STATUS
2208 06FB E8 0000 E      CALL   CMOS_WRITE               ;
2209
2210 06FE 2B DB         SUB    BX,BX
2211 0700 2B C9         SUB    CX,CX
2212 0702 B1 90          MOV    CL,CMOS_DISKETTE+NM1    ; SET START OF CMOS CHECKSUMED AREA
2213 0704 B5 AE          MOV    CH,CMOS_CKSUM_HI+NM1    ; SET END OF CMOS CHECKSUMED AREA + I
2214                 ; (FIRST BYTE OF CHECKSUM)
2215 0706 8A C1          CMOS2: MOV   AL,CL                ; ADDRESS THE BEGINNING
2216 0708 E8 0000 E      CALL   CMOS_READ                ; INSURE AH=0
2217 070B 2A E4          SUB    AH,AH                    ; ADD TO CURRENT VALUE
2218 070D 03 08          ADD    BX,AX                    ; POINT TO NEXT BYTE ADDRESS IN CMOS
2219 070F FE C1          INC    CL                        ; FINISHED? (AT CHECKSUM BYTE HIGH)
2220 0711 3A E9          CMP    CMOS2                    ; GO IF NOT
2221 0713 75 F1          JNZ   BX,BX                     ; BX MUST NOT BE 0
2222 0715 0B 0B          OR     JZ,CMOS3                 ; CMOS BAD IF CHECKSUM=0
2223 0717 74 10          JZ
2224 0719 B0 AE          MOV    AL,CMOS_CKSUM_HI+NM1    ; GET THE CHECK SUM HIGH BYTE
2225 071B E8 0000 E      CALL   CMOS_READ                ; FIRST BYTE OF CHECKSUM
2226 071E 8A E0          MOV    AH,AL                    ; SAVE IT
2227 0720 B0 AF          MOV    AL,CMOS_CKSUM_LO+NM1    ; SECOND BYTE OF CHECKSUM
2228 0722 E8 0000 E      CALL   CMOS_READ                ;
2229 0725 3B C3          CMP    AX,BX                    ; IS THE CHECKSUM OK
2230 0727 74 0D          JZ     CMOS4                     ; GO IF YES
2231
2232 ;----- SET CMOS CHECKSUM ERROR
2233
2234 0729 B8 BE8E       CMOS3: MOV   AX,X*(CMOS_DIAG+NM1) ; ADDRESS DIAGNOSTIC STATUS
2235 072C E8 0000 E      CALL   CMOS_READ                ; GET THE CURRENT STATUS
2236 072F 0C 40          OR     AL,BAD_CKSUM            ; SET BAD CHECKSUM FLAG
2237 0731 86 C4          XCHG  AL,AH                     ; SAVE IT
2238 0733 E8 0000 E      CALL   CMOS_WRITE               ; SET FLAG
2239
2240 ;----- INSURE CMOS DIVIDERS SET
2241
2242 0736
2243 0736 B8 BA8A       CMOS4: MOV   AX,X*(CMOS_REG_A+NM1) ; ADDRESS CMOS REGISTER A
2244 0739 E8 0000 E      CALL   CMOS_READ                ; GET CURRENT DIVISORS
2245 073C 24 0F          AND    AL,00FH                 ; LOOK AT PERIODIC RATE BITS
2246 073E 75 07          JNZ   CMOS9                     ; EXIT IF SET TO SOMETHING USEFUL
2247
2248 0740 B0 26          MOV    AL,26H                   ; ELSE SET THE STANDARD DEFAULT USED BY
2249 0742 86 C4          XCHG  AL,AH                     ; BIOS FOR THE 976.56 US RATE
2250 0744 E8 0000 E      CALL   CMOS_WRITE               ; FOR THE PERIODIC CLOCK
2251 0747
2252 0747 B0 18          CMOS9: MOV   AL,18H                ;
2253 0749 E6 80          OUT    MFG_PORT,AL              ;
2254                 ;
2255 ;----- ENABLE PROTECTED MODE
2256

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2371
2372 07E6 IE          PUSH  DS          ;
2373 07E7 6A 18      PUSH  BYTE PTR RSDA_PTR ; POINT TO SYSTEM DATA AREA
2374 07E9 1F          POP    DS          ; GET (DS:);
2375
2376                ;----- IS THIS A SOFT RESET
2377
2378 07EA 81 3E 0072 R 1234  CMP    @RESET_FLAG,1234H    ; SOFT RESET
2379 07FD 1F          POP    DS          ; RESTORE DS
2380 07F1 75 36      JNZ   HOW_BIG_2          ; GO IF NOT SOFT RESET
2381
2382                ;----- INSURE NO PARITY WITH PARITY BITS OFF
2383
2384 07F3 26: C7 05 0101  MOV    WORD PTR ES:[D1],0101H ; TURN OFF BOTH PARITY BITS
2385
2386 07F8 E4 61      IN    AL,PORT_B          ;
2387 07FA 0C 0C      OR    AL,RAM_PAR_OFF    ; TOGGLE PARITY CHECK ENABLES
2388 07FC E6 61      OUT   PORT_B,AL         ;
2389 07FE 24 F3      AND   AL,RAM_PAR_ON     ;
2390 0800 E6 61      OUT   PORT_B,AL         ;
2391 0802 6A FF      PUSH  BYTE PTR OFFH     ; PLACE OFFFFF IN STACK (BUS BITS ON)
2392 0804 58          POP    AX                ; DELAY - CAUSING BUS BITS ON
2393 0805 26: 8B 05  MOV    AX,ES:[D1]       ; CHECK PARITY
2394
2395 0808 E4 61      IN    AL,PORT_B          ; CHECK FOR PLANAR OR I/O PARITY CHECK
2396 080A 24 C0      AND   AL,PARITY_ERR     ;
2397 080C 26: 89 05  MOV    ES:[D1],AX       ; CLEAR POSSIBLE PARITY ERROR
2398 080F 75 3A      JNZ   HOW_BIG_END      ; GO IF PLANAR OR I/O PARITY CHECK
2399
2400                ;----- CHECK ALL BITS WRITE OK
2401
2402 0811 26: C7 05 FFFF  MOV    WORD PTR ES:[D1],0FFFFH ; TURN ON ALL BITS
2403 0816 26: 8B 05  MOV    AX,ES:[D1]       ; CHECK FOR FFFFH
2404 0819 50          PUSH  AX                ; SAVE RESULTS
2405 081A E4 61      IN    AL,PORT_B          ; CHECK FOR PLANAR OR I/O PARITY CHECK
2406 081C 24 C0      AND   AL,PARITY_ERR     ;
2407 081E 26: 89 05  MOV    ES:[D1],AX       ; CLEAR POSSIBLE PARITY ERROR
2408 0821 58          POP    AX                ; GET RESULTS
2409 0822 75 27      JNZ   HOW_BIG_END      ; GO IF PARITY CHECK
2410 0824 3D FFFF  CMP    AX,0FFFFH        ;
2411 0827 75 22      JNZ   HOW_BIG_END      ;
2412
2413                ;----- CHECK 64K BLOCK FOR PARITY CHECK
2414
2415 0829
2416 0829 2B C0      SUB    AX,AX             ; WRITE ZEROS
2417 082B B9 8000  MOV    CX,2000H*4       ; SET COUNT FOR 32K WORDS
2418 082E F3/ AB    REP    STOSW            ; FILL 32K WORDS
2419
2420 0830 1E          PUSH  DS
2421 0831 06          PUSH  ES
2422 0832 06          PUSH  ES                ; GET ES TO DS
2423 0833 1F          POP    DS
2424 0834 B9 8000  MOV    CX,2000H*4       ; SET COUNT FOR 32K WORDS
2425 0837 2B F6    SUB    SI,SI
2426 0839 F3/ AD    REP    LODSW           ; SET TO BEGINNING OF BLOCK
2427 083B 2B FF    SUB    DI,DI            ; CHECK FOR PLANAR OR I/O PARITY CHECK
2428 083D E4 61      IN    AL,PORT_B          ;
2429 083F 24 C0      AND   AL,PARITY_ERR     ;
2430 0841 26: C7 05 0000  MOV    WORD PTR ES:[D1],0 ; CLEAR POSSIBLE PARITY ERROR
2431 0846 0F          POP    ES                ; RESTORE SEGMENTS
2432 0847 1F          POP    DS
2433 0848 75 01      JNZ   HOW_BIG_END      ; GO IF PLANAR OR I/O PARITY CHECK
2434
2435 084A C3          RET
2436
2437 084B
2438 084B 9C          PUSHF ; SAVE THE CURRENT FLAGS
2439 084C B0 1C      MOV    AL,1CH           ;
2440 084E E6 80      OUT   MFG_PORT,AL      ; <<<<>> CHECKPOINT IC <<<<>>
2441
2442                ;----- SET OR RESET 512 TO 640 INSTALLED FLAG
2443
2444 0850 B8 B3B3  MOV    AX,X*(CMOS_INFO[28+NM1]) ; SET/RESET 640K STATUS FLAG
2445 0853 E8 0000 E  CALL   CMOS_READ        ; GET THE DIAGNOSTIC STATUS
2446 0856 0C 80      OR    AL,M640K         ;
2447 0858 81 FB 0200  CMP    BX,512          ; CHECK MEMORY SIZE
2448 085C 77 02      JA    K640              ; SET FLAG FOR 512 -> 640 INSTALLED
2449 085E 24 7F      AND   AL,NOT M640K     ;
2450 0860
2451 0860 86 C4      XCHG  AL,AH            ; SAVE THE STATUS
2452 0862 E8 0000 E  CALL   CMOS_WRITE       ; RESTORE THE STATUS
2453
2454 0865 6A 18      PUSH  BYTE PTR RSDA_PTR ; RESTORE THE DATA SEGMENT
2455 0867 1F          POP    DS
2456 0868 89 1E 0013 R  MOV    @MEMORY_SIZE,BX ; SAVE MEMORY SIZE
2457 086C 9D          POPF ; RESTORE THE FLAG REGISTER
2458 086D C3          RET
2459
2460                ;-----
2461                ; TEST_13A
2462                ; PROTECTED MODE TEST AND MEMORY SIZE DETERMINE ( ABOVE 1024K )
2463                ;
2464                ; DESCRIPTION:
2465                ; THIS ROUTINE RUNS IN PROTECTED MODE IN ORDER TO ADDRESS ABOVE 1 MEG.
2466                ; THE MEMORY SIZE IS DETERMINED AND SAVED IN CMOS.
2467                ; DURING A POWER UP SEQUENCE THE MEMORY SIZE DETERMINE IS DONE WITH
2468                ; PLANAR AND I/O PARITY CHECKS DISABLED. DURING A SOFT RESET THE MEMORY
2469                ; SIZE DETERMINE WILL CHECK FOR PARITY ERRORS.
2470                ;-----
2471
2472 086E
2473 086E 6A 08      PUSH  DS                ; POINT DS TO THE DESCRIPTOR TABLE
2474 0870 1F          POP    DS
2475
2476                ;----- START WITH SEGMENT ADDRESS 10-0000 (ONE MEG AND ABOVE)
2477
2478 0871 C6 06 004C 10  MOV    BYTE PTR DS:(ES_TEMP_BASE_HI_BYTE),10H
2479 0876 C7 06 004A 0000  MOV    DS:ES_TEMP_BASE_LO_WORD,0H
2480
2481 087C B0 1D      MOV    AL,1DH           ;
2482 087E E6 80      OUT   MFG_PORT,AL      ; <<<<>> CHECKPOINT ID <<<<>>
2483
2484 0880 2B DB      SUB    BX,BX           ; START WITH COUNT 0

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2599
2600 0928 B0 1F          DONE1:  MOV     AL,1FH          ;
2601 092A E6 80          OUT     MFG_PORT,AL      ;
2602 092C C6 06 004C 00 MOV     BYTE PTR DS:(ES_TEMP.BASE_HI_BYTE),00H ;
2603 0931 2B FF          SUB     DI,D1           ; SET LOCATION POINTER TO ZERO
2604 0933 BA FFFF       MOV     DX,OFFFHH      ; WRITE FFFF AT ADDRESS 0
2605 0936 EB 0965 R     CALL    SDO            ;
2606 0939 2B D2         SUB     DX,DX          ; WRITE 0
2607
2608 093B C6 06 004C 08 MOV     BYTE PTR DS:(ES_TEMP.BASE_HI_BYTE),08H ;
2609 0940 EB 0965 R     CALL    SDO            ;
2610 0943 C6 06 004C 10 MOV     BYTE PTR DS:(ES_TEMP.BASE_HI_BYTE),10H ;
2611 0948 EB 0965 R     CALL    SDO            ;
2612 094B C6 06 004C 20 MOV     BYTE PTR DS:(ES_TEMP.BASE_HI_BYTE),20H ;
2613 0950 EB 0965 R     CALL    SDO            ;
2614 0953 C6 06 004C 40 MOV     BYTE PTR DS:(ES_TEMP.BASE_HI_BYTE),40H ;
2615 0958 EB 0965 R     CALL    SDO            ;
2616 095B C6 06 004C 80 MOV     BYTE PTR DS:(ES_TEMP.BASE_HI_BYTE),80H ;
2617 0960 EB 0965 R     CALL    SDO            ;
2618
2619 0963 EB 18          JMP     SHORT SD2      ; TEST PASSED CONTINUE
2620
2621 0965                SD0:
2622 0968 6A 48          PUSH   BYTE PTR ES_TEMP ; POINT ES TO DATA
2623 0967 07           POP     ES             ; POINT TO SEGMENT TO TEST
2624 0968 26: 89 15     MOV     ES:[DI],DX    ; WRITE THE PATTERN
2625
2626 096B C6 06 004C 00 MOV     BYTE PTR DS:(ES_TEMP.BASE_HI_BYTE),00H ;
2627
2628 0970 6A 48          PUSH   BYTE PTR ES_TEMP ; POINT ES TO DATA
2629 0972 07           POP     ES             ; POINT TO SEGMENT TO TEST
2630 0973 26: 83 3D FF  CMP     WORD PTR ES:[DI],OFFFHH ; DID LOCATION 0 CHANGE?
2631 0977 74 03        JZ     SD1             ; CONTINUE IF NOT
2632 0979 E9 0788 R     JMP     SHUT_8        ; GO HALT IF YES
2633 097C                SD1:
2634 097C C3           RET
2635
2636                ;----- CAUSE A SHUTDOWN
2637
2638 097D B0 20          SD2:  MOV     AL,20H        ;
2639 097F E6 80          OUT     MFG_PORT,AL    ;
2640 0981 E4 61          IN     AL,PORT_B       ;
2641 0983 0C 00          OR     AL,RAM_PAR_OFF ; TOGGLE PARITY CHECK ENABLES
2642 0985 E6 61          OUT     PORT_B,AL      ;
2643 0987 24 F3        AND    AL,RAM_PAR_ON  ;
2644 0989 E4 61          OUT     PORT_B,AL      ;
2645 098B E9 0000 E     JMP     PROC_SHUTDOWN ; CAUSE A SHUTDOWN (RETURN VIA JUMP)
2646
2647                ;-----
2648                ; RETURN 1 FROM SHUTDOWN
2649                ;-----
2650
2651 098E B0 21          SHUT1: MOV     AL,21H        ;
2652 0990 E4 80          OUT     MFG_PORT,AL    ;
2653 0992 BC ---- R     MOV     SP,ABS0       ; SET REAL MODE STACK
2654 0995 8E D4         MOV     SS,SP         ;
2655 0997 BC 0400 R     MOV     SP,OFFSET @TOS ;
2656
2657                ;----- SET DIVIDE 0 VECTOR OFFSET
2658
2659 099A 2B FF          SUB     DI,D1         ; POINT TO FIRST INTERRUPT LOCATION
2660 099C 8E C7         MOV     ES,D1         ; SET ES TO ABS0 SEGMENT
2661 099E BB 0000 E     MOV     AX,OFFSET D11 ; GET ADDRESS OF INTERRUPT OFFSET
2662 09A1 AB           STOSW ; PLACE OFFSET IF NULL HANDLER IN VECTOR
2663
2664 09A2 EB 0000 E     CALL    DDS           ; SET UP THE REAL DATA AREA
2665
2666                ;----- GET THE CONFIGURATION FROM CMOS
2667
2668 09A5 B8 8E8E       MOV     AX,X*(CMOS_DIAG+NM1) ; CHECK CMOS GOOD
2669 09AB EB 0000 E     CALL    CMOS_READ     ; GET THE STATUS
2670 09AD AB C0         TEST   AL,BAD_BAT+BAD_CKSUM ; VAL_ID CMOS ?
2671 09AF 74 03        JZ     M_OK           ; GO IF YES
2672 09AF E9 0A38 R     JMP     BAD_MOS       ; GO IF NOT
2673 09B2
2674 09B2 24 DF        M_OK:  AND    AL,ODFH       ; CLEAR THE MINIMUM CONFIG BIT
2675 09B4 86 C4        XCHG  AL,AH          ; SAVE THE STATUS BYTE
2676 09B6 EB 0000 E     CALL    CMOS_WRITE    ; BACK INTO CMOS
2677
2678                ;----- CHECK FOR CMOS RUN IN MODE
2679
2680 09B9 81 3E 0072 R 1234 CMP     0RESET_FLAG,1234H ; CHECK FOR SOFT RESET
2681 09BF 74 10        JE     M_OK_64        ; BYPASS IF SOFT RESET
2682
2683 09C1 B0 96        MOV     AL,CMOS_B_M_S_HI+NM1 ; GET THE BASE MEMORY SIZE HIGH BYTE
2684 09C3 EB 0000 E     CALL    CMOS_READ     ;
2685 09C5 24 C0        AND    AL,00FH       ;
2686 09C8 3C C0        CMP     AL,000H       ; MASK FOR MANUFACTURING TEST BITS
2687 09CA 75 05        JNE    M_OK_64       ; CHECK FOR MANUFACTURING TEST MODE SET
2688
2689 09CC C6 06 0072 R 64 MOV     BYTE PTR 0RESET_FLAG,64H ; ELSE SET THE MFG TEST FLAG
2690
2691                ;----- INSURE CONFIGURATION HAS CORRECT VIDEO TYPE
2692
2693 09D1                M_OK_64:
2694 09D1 B0 94        MOV     AL,CMOS_EQUIP+NM1 ; GET THE EQUIPMENT BYTE
2695 09D3 EB 0000 E     CALL    CMOS_READ     ;
2696 09D5 8A E0        MOV     AH,4E         ; SAVE VIDEO TYPE
2697 09D8 A8 30        TEST   AL,030H       ; ANY VIDEO?
2698 09DA 75 31        JNZ    MOS_OK_1       ;
2699 09DC EB 09EA R     CALL    CHK_VIDEO     ; INSURE VIDEO ROM PRESENT
2700 09DF 74 4C        JZ     MOS_OK         ; CONTINUE
2701
2702 09E1 F6 06 0012 R 20 TEST   0MFG_TST,MFG_LOOP ; EXCEPT IF MFG JUMPER IS INSTALLED
2703 09E6 74 6F        JZ     NORMAL_CONFIG ; GO IF INSTALLED
2704
2705 09E8 EB 4E        JMP     SHORT BAD_MOS ; GO DEFAULT
2706
2707                ;----- ROUTINE CHECK FOR VIDEO FEATURE ROM PRESENT
2708
2709 09EA                CHK_VIDEO:
2710 09EA B9 C000       MOV     CX,0C000H     ; START OF FEATURE I/O ROM
2711 09ED                CHK_VIDEO1:
2712 09ED 50          PUSH   AX             ; SAVE THE CONFIGURATION

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2713 09EE 1E          PUSH    DS          ; SAVE THE DATA SEGMENT
2714 09EF 57          PUSH    DI          ; SAVE COMPARE REGISTER
2715 09F0 8E D9       MOV     DS,CX       ; GET ROM SEGMENT
2716 09F2 BF AA55     MOV     DI,0AA55H  ; GET THE PRESENCE SIGNATURE
2717 09F5 2B DB       SUB     BX,BX       ; CLEAR INDEX POINTER
2718 09F7 8B 0F       MOV     AX,[BX]    ; GET THE FIRST 2 LOCATIONS
2719 09F9 3B C7       CMP     AX,DI       ; IS THE VIDEO FEATURE ROM PRESENT?
2720 09FB 5F          POP     DI          ; RESTORE WORK REGISTER
2721 09FC 1F          POP     DS          ; RESTORE DATA SEGMENT
2722 09FD 58          POP     AX          ; GET THE CONFIGURATION
2723 09FE 14 0C       JZ     CHK_VIDEO2  ; GO IF VIDEO ROM INSTALLED
2724
2725 0A00 81 C1 0080   ADD     CX,080H    ; POINT TO NEXT 2K BLOCK
2726 0A04 81 F9 C800   CMP     CX,0C800H ; TOP OF VIDEO ROM AREA YET?
2727 0A08 7C E3       JLE    CHK_VIDEO1 ; TRY AGAIN
2728 0A0A 23 C9       AND     CX,CX      ; SET NON ZERO FLAG
2729 0A0C              CHK_VIDEO2:
2730 0A0C C3         RET                ; RETURN TO CALLER
2731
2732
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2734
2735 0A0D              ;----- CMOS VIDEO BITS NON ZERO (CHECK FOR PRIMARY DISPLAY AND NO VIDEO ROM)
2736 0A10 74 26       JMS    MOS_OK_1:
2737
2738 0A12 8A C4       MOV     AL,AH      ; IS THE VIDEO ROM INSTALLED?
2739 0A14 F6 06 0012 R 40  TEST    %MFG_TST,DSP_JMP ; CHECK FOR DISPLAY JUMPER
2740 0A19 74 0A       JZ     MOS_OK_2    ; GO IF COLOR CARD IS PRIMARY DISPLAY
2741
2742
2743
2744 0A1B 24 30       AND     AL,30H     ; INSURE MONOCHROME IS PRIMARY
2745 0A1D 3C 30       CMP     AL,30H     ; CONFIGURATION OK?
2746 0A1F 75 17       JNZ    BAD_MOS     ; GO IF NOT
2747 0A21 8A C4       MOV     AL,AH      ; RESTORE CONFIGURATION
2748 0A23 EB 08       JMP     SHORT MOS_OK ; USE THE CONFIGURATION BYTE FOR DISPLAY
2749
2750
2751
2752 0A25              ;----- MONOCHROME CARD IS PRIMARY DISPLAY (NO JUMPER INSTALLED)
2753 0A25 24 30       AND     AL,30H     ; STRIP UNWANTED BITS
2754 0A27 3C 30       CMP     AL,30H     ; MUST NOT BE MONO WITH JUMPER INSTALLED
2755 0A29 8A C4       MOV     AL,AH      ; RESTORE CONFIGURATION
2756 0A2B 74 0B       JZ     BAD_MOS     ; GO IF YES
2757
2758
2759
2760 0A2D AB 01       TEST    AL,01H     ; CONFIGURATION MUST HAVE AT LEAST ONE DISKETTE
2761 0A2F 75 26       JNZ    MOS_OK:     ; MUST HAVE AT LEAST ONE DISKETTE
2762 0A31 F6 06 0012 R 20  TEST    %MFG_TST,MFG_LOOP ; GO SET CONFIGURATION IF OK
2763 0A36 74 1F       JZ     MOS_OK:     ; EXCEPT IF MFG JUMPER IS INSTALLED
2764
2765
2766
2767 0A38              ;----- MINIMUM CONFIGURATION WITH BAD CMOS OR NON VALID VIDEO
2768 0A38 B8 008E     MOV     AX,CMOS_DIAG+NM1 ; GET THE DIAGNOSTIC STATUS
2769 0A3B EB 0000 E    CALL    CMOS_READ   ; GET THE DIAGNOSTIC STATUS
2770 0A3E AB C0       TEST    AL,BAD_BAT+BAD_CKSUM ; WAS BATTERY DEFECTIVE OR BAD CHECKSUM
2771 0A40 75 03       JNZ    BAD_MOS1:   ; GO IF YES
2772
2773 0A42 EB 0000 E    CALL    CONFIG_BAD  ; SET THE MINIMUM CONFIGURATION FLAG
2774 0A45 11         TEST    AL,1       ; CHECK FOR VIDEO ROM
2775 0A48 EB 09EA R   CALL    CHK_VIDEO   ; CHECK FOR VIDEO ROM
2776 0A4B 80 01       MOV     AL,01H     ; DISKETTE ONLY
2777 0A4A 74 0B       JZ     NORMAL_CONFIG ; GO IF VIDEO ROM PRESENT
2778
2779 0A4C F6 06 0012 R 40  TEST    %MFG_TST,DSP_JMP ; CHECK FOR DISPLAY JUMPER
2780 0A51 80 11       MOV     AL,1TH     ; DEFAULT TO 40X25 COLOR
2781 0A53 74 02       JZ     NORMAL_CONFIG ; GO IF JUMPER IS INSTALLED
2782
2783 0A55 B0 31       MOV     AL,31H     ; DISKETTE / B/W DISPLAY 80X25
2784
2785
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2788
2789 0A57              ;----- CONFIGURATION AND MFG MODE
2790 0A57 F6 06 0012 R 20  TEST    %MFG_TST,MFG_LOOP ; IS THE MANUFACTURING JUMPER INSTALLED
2791 0A5C 75 02       JNZ    NORMI:      ; NORMI
2792 0A5E 24 3E       AND     AL,03EH    ; STRIP DISKETTE FOR MFG TEST
2793
2794 0A60 2A E4       NORMI:  SUB     AH,AH      ; SAVE SWITCH INFORMATION
2795 0A62 A3 0010 R    MOV     %EQUIP_FLAG,AX ; BYPASS IF SOFT RESET
2796 0A65 81 3E 0072 R 1234  CMP     %RESET_FLAG,1234H
2797 0A6B 74 2C       JZ     E6          ;
2798
2799
2800
2801 0A6D B0 60       ;----- GET THE FIRST SELF TEST RESULTS FROM KEYBOARD
2802 0A6F EB 0396 R   MOV     AL,WRITE_8042_LOC ; ENABLE KEYBOARD
2803 0A72 B0 4D       CALL    C8042      ; ISSUE WRITE BYTE COMMAND
2804
2805 0A74 E6 60       MOV     AL,4DH     ; ENABLE OUTPUT BUFFER FULL INTERRUPT,
2806
2807 0A76 2B C9       OUT    PORT_A,AL  ; SET SYSTEM FLAG, PC 1 COMPATIBILITY,
2808 0A78 EB 039B R   ; INHIBIT OVERRIDE, ENABLE KEYBOARD
2809
2810 0A7B B9 7FFF     SUB     CX,CX      ; WAIT FOR COMMAND ACCEPTED
2811 0A7D 24 11       CALL    C42_1     ;
2812
2813 0A7F 74 04       MOV     CX,07FFFFH ; SET LOOP COUNT FOR APPROXIMATELY 100MS
2814
2815
2816 0A82 E4 64       ; TO RESPOND
2817 0A84 B0 61       CALL    C8042      ; WAIT FOR OUTPUT BUFFER FULL
2818 0A86 A8 01       TEST    AL,STATUS_PORT ; TRY AGAIN IF NOT
2819 0A88 74 04       JZ     TST6:      ;
2820 0A8A E1 FA       LOOPZ  TST6:      ;
2821
2822
2823 0A84 9C          PUSHF             ; SAVE FLAGS
2824 0A85 B0 AD       MOV     AL,DIS_KBD ; DISABLE KEYBOARD
2825 0A87 EB 039E R   CALL    C8042      ; DISABLE KEYBOARD
2826 0A8A 9D          POPF             ; ISSUE THE COMMAND
2827 0A8B 74 0C       JZ     E6          ; RESTORE FLAGS
2828
2829 0A8D E4 60       MOV     AL,PORT_A  ; CONTINUE WITHOUT RESULTS
2830 0A8F A2 0072 R   MOV     BYTE PTR %RESET_FLAG,AL ; GET INPUT FROM KEYBOARD
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SECTION 5



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2941 0B2E                E13:
2942 0B2E EC             IN AL,DX             ; READ CRT STATUS PORT
2943 0B2F 22 C4          AND AL,AH            ; CHECK VIDEO/HORIZONTAL LINE
2944 0B31 75 04          JNZ E14              ; ITS ON - CHECK IF IT GOES OFF
2945 0B33 E2 F9          LOOP E13              ; LOOP UNTIL ON OR TIMEOUT
2946 0B35 EB 42          JMP SHORT E17         ; GO PRINT ERROR MESSAGE
2947 0B37
2948 0B37 2B C9          E14:                 SUB CX,CX
2949 0B39
2950 0B39 EC             E15:                 IN AL,DX             ; READ CRT STATUS PORT
2951 0B3A 22 C4          AND AL,AH            ; CHECK VIDEO/HORIZONTAL LINE
2952 0B3C 74 04          JZ E16                ; ITS ON - CHECK NEXT LINE
2953 0B3E E2 F9          LOOP E15              ; LOOP IF ON UNTIL IT GOES OFF
2954 0B40 EB 37          JMP SHORT E17         ; GO ERROR BEEP
2955
2956
2957
2958 0B42 B1 03          E16:                 MOV CL,3             ; GET NEXT BIT TO CHECK
2959 0B44 D2 EC          SHR AH,CL             ;
2960 0B46 75 E4          JNZ E18                ; CONTINUE
2961 0B48
2962 0B48 58             E18:                 POP AX               ; GET VIDEO SENSE SWITCHES (AH)
2963 0B49 B4 00          MOV AH,0              ; SET MODE AND DISPLAY CURSOR
2964 0B4B CD 10          INT INT_VIDEO         ; CALL VIDEO I/O PROCEDURE
2965
2966
2967
2968 0B4D BA C000         E18 1:               MOV DX,0C000H        ; SET THE LOW SEGMENT VALUE
2969 0B50
2970 0B50 B0 23          E18A:                MOV AL,23H           ;
2971 0B52 E6 80          OUT MFG_PORT,AL      ;
2972 0B54 8E DA          MOV DS,DX             ;
2973 0B56 57             PUSH DI              ;
2974 0B57 BF AA55        MOV DI,0AA55H        ; SAVE WORK REGISTER
2975 0B5A 2B 0B          SUB BX,BX             ; PRESENCE SIGNATURE
2976 0B5C 8B 07          MOV AX,[BX]           ; CLEAR POINTER
2977 0B5E 3B C7          CMP AX,DI             ; GET FIRST 2 LOCATIONS
2978 0B60 5F          POP DI                ; PRESENT?
2979 0B61 75 05          JNZ E18B              ; RECOVER REGISTER
2980
2981 0B63 E8 0000 E       CALL ROM_CHECK        ; NO? GO LOOK FOR OTHER MODULES
2982 0B66 EB 04          JMP SHORT E18C        ; GO SCAN MODULE
2983 0B68
2984 0B68 81 C2 0080     E18B:                ADD DX,0080H         ; POINT TO NEXT 2K BLOCK
2985 0B6C
2986 0B6C 81 FA C800     E18C:                CMP DX,0C800H       ; TOP OF VIDEO ROM AREA YET?
2987 0B70 7C DE          JL E18A                ; GO SCAN FOR ANOTHER MODULE
2988
2989 0B72 B0 24          MOV AL,24H           ;
2990 0B74 E6 80          OUT MFG_PORT,AL      ;
2991
2992 0B76 E9 0000 E       JMP POST2             ;
2993
2994
2995
2996
2997 0B79 E8 0000 E       E17:                 CALL DDS              ; POINT TO DATA
2998
2999
3000
3001 0B7C C6 06 0015 R   E17:                 E17:                 ;
3002 0B81 80 3E 0072 R   ;
3003 0B86 74 0D          ;
3004 0B88 F6 06 0012 R ;
3005 0B8D 74 06          ;
3006 0B8F BA 0102       ;
3007 0B92 E8 0000 E     ;
3008 0B95
3009 0B95 1E             E19:                 PUSH DS              ;
3010 0B96 A1 0010 R      MOV AX,EQUIP_FLAG    ; GET THE CURRENT VIDEO
3011 0B98 24 30          AND AL,30H           ; STRIP OTHER BITS
3012 0B9B 3C 30          CMP AL,30H           ; IS IT MONOCHROME ?
3013 0B9D 74 30          JZ TRY_COLOR         ; GO IF YES
3014
3015
3016
3017 0B9F C6 06 0015 R   E17:                 E17:                 ;
3018
3019 0BA4 BA 0388        MOV DX,3B8H          ;
3020 0BA7 B0 01          MOV AL,1              ; DISABLE B/W
3021 0BA9 EE             OUT DX,AL            ; OUTPUT THE DISABLE
3022 0BAA BB B000        MOV BX,0B000H        ; CHECK FOR MONOCHROME VIDEO MEMORY
3023 0BAD 8E DB          MOV DS,BX             ;
3024 0BAF B8 AA55        MOV AX,0AA55H        ; WRITE AN AA55
3025 0BB2 2B DB          SUB BX,BX             ; TO THE FIRST LOCATION
3026 0BB4 89 07          MOV [BX],AX          ;
3027 0BB6 EB 00          JMP $+2               ; ALLOW BUS TO SETTLE
3028 0BB8 8B 07          MOV AX,[BX]           ; READ THE FIRST LOCATION
3029 0BBA 3D AA55        CMP AX,0AA55H        ; IS THE MONOCHROME VIDEO CARD THERE?
3030 0BBD 1F             POP DS                ; RESTORE THE DATA SEGMENT
3031 0BBE 75 55          JNZ E17_3             ; GO IF NOT
3032 0BC0 81 0E 0010 R   OR AX,EQUIP_FLAG,30H ; TURN ON MONOCHROME BITS IN EQUIP FLAG
3033 0BC6 A1 0010 R      MOV AX,EQUIP_FLAG    ; ENABLE VIDEO
3034 0BC9 2A E4          SUB AH,AH             ;
3035 0BCB CD 10          INT INT_VIDEO         ;
3036 0BCD EB 34          JMP SHORT E17_1       ; CONTINUE
3037
3038
3039
3040 0BCF
3041 0BCF B0 01          TRY_COLOR:           MOV AL,01H           ; SET MODE COLOR 40X25
3042 0BD1 2A E4          SUB AH,AH             ;
3043 0BD3 CD 10          INT INT_VIDEO         ;
3044 0BD5 BA 0308        MOV DX,308H          ;
3045 0BD8 B0 00          MOV AL,0              ; DISABLE COLOR
3046 0BDA EE             OUT DX,AL            ; OUTPUT THE DISABLE
3047 0BDB BB B800        MOV BX,0B800H        ; CHECK FOR COLOR VIDEO MEMORY
3048 0BDE 8E DB          MOV DS,BX             ;
3049 0BE0 B8 AA55        MOV AX,0AA55H        ; WRITE AN AA55
3050 0BE3 2B DB          SUB BX,BX             ; TO THE FIRST LOCATION
3051 0BE5 89 07          MOV [BX],AX          ;
3052 0BE7 EB 00          JMP $+2               ; ALLOW BUS TO SETTLE
3053 0BE9 8B 07          MOV AX,[BX]           ; READ THE FIRST LOCATION
3054 0BED 3D AA55        CMP AX,0AA55H        ; IS THE COLOR VIDEO CARD THERE?

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SECTION 5



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3055 0BEE 1F                POP     DS                ; RESTORE THE DATA SEGMENT
3056 0BEF 75 24            JNZ     E17_3            ; GO IF NOT
3057 0BF1 81 26 0010 R FFCF AND     @EQUIP_FLAG,OFFCFH ; TURN OFF VIDEO BITS
3058 0BF7 81 0E 0010 R 0010 OR      @EQUIP_FLAG,10H    ; SET COLOR 40X24
3059 0BFD B0 01            MOV     AL,01H
3060 0BFF 2A E4            SUB     AH,AH
3061 0C01 CD 10            INT     INT_VIDEO
3062 0C03
3063 0C03 58                POP     AX                ; SET NEW VIDEO TYPE ON STACK
3064 0C04 A1 0010 R        MOV     AX,@EQUIP_FLAG
3065 0C07 24 30            AND     AL,30H
3066 0C09 3C 30            CMP     AL,30H            ; IS IT THE B/W?
3067 0C0B 2A C0            SUB     AL,AL
3068 0C0D 74 02            JZ      E17_2            ; GO IF YES
3069 0C0F FE C0            INC     AL                ; INITIALIZE FOR 40X25
3070 0C11
3071 0C11 50                PUSH    AX
3072 0C12
3073 0C12 E9 0B48 R        JMP     E18
3074
3075 ;----- BOTH VIDEO CARDS FAILED SET DUMMY RETURN IF RETRACE FAILURE
3076
3077 0C15
3078 0C15 1E                E17_3: PUSH    DS
3079 0C16 2B C0            SUB     AX,AX            ; SET DS SEGMENT TO 0
3080 0C18 8E D8            MOV     DS,AX
3081 0C1A BF 0040 R        MOV     DI,OFFSET @VIDEO_INT ; SET INTERRUPT 10H TO DUMMY
3082 0C1D C7 05 0000 E    MOV     WORD PTR [DI],OFFSET DUMMY_RETURN ; RETURN IF NO VIDEO CARD
3083 0C21 1F                POP     DS
3084 0C22 E9 0B4D R        JMP     E18_1            ; BYPASS REST OF VIDEO TEST
    
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3085                                     PAGE
3086 -----
3087 ; MANUFACTURING BOOT TEST CODE ROUTINE
3088 ; LOAD A BLOCK OF TEST CODE THROUGH THE KEYBOARD PORT FOR MANUFACTURING
3089 ; TESTS.
3090 ; THIS ROUTINE WILL LOAD A TEST (MAX LENGTH=FAFFH) THROUGH THE KEYBOARD
3091 ; PORT. CODE WILL BE LOADED AT LOCATION 0000:0500. AFTER LOADING,
3092 ; CONTROL WILL BE TRANSFERRED TO LOCATION 0000:0500. THE STACK WILL
3093 ; BE LOCATED AT 0000:0400. THIS ROUTINE ASSUMES THAT THE FIRST 2 BYTES
3094 ; TRANSFERRED CONTAIN THE COUNT OF BYTES TO BE LOADED
3095 ; (BYTE 1=COUNT LOW, BYTE 2=COUNT HI.)
3096 -----
3097
3098 ;----- DEGATE ADDRESS LINE 20
3099
MFG_BOOT:
3100 OC25                                     MOV     AH,DISABLE_BIT20      ; DEGATE COMMAND FOR ADDRESS LINE 20
3101 OC25 B4 DD                               CALL    GATE_A20             ; ISSUE TO KEYBOARD ADAPTER AND CLI
3102 OC27 E8 0000 E
3103
3104 ;----- SETUP HARDWARE INTERRUPT VECTOR TABLE LEVEL 0-7 AND SOFTWARE INTERRUPTS
3105
3106 OC2A 68 ---- R                           PUSH   ABS0                 ; SET ES SEGMENT REGISTER TO ABS0
3107 OC2D 07                                   POP    ES                   ;
3108 OC2E B9 0018                               MOV    CX,24                ; GET VECTOR COUNT
3109 OC31 8C C8                               MOV    AX,CS                 ; GET THE CURRENT CODE SEGMENT VALUE
3110 OC33 8E D8                               MOV    DS,AX                ; SETUP DS SEGMENT REGISTER TO
3111 OC35 BE 0000 E                           MOV    SI,OFFSET VECTOR_TABLE ; POINT TO THE ROUTINE ADDRESS TABLE
3112 OC38 BF 0020 R                           MOV    DI,OFFSET @INT_PTR   ; SET DESTINATION TO FIRST USED VECTOR
3113 OC3B
MFG_B1:
3114 OC3B A5                                 MOVS#  ; MOVE ONE ROUTINE OFFSET ADDRESS
3115 OC3C AB                                 STOS#  ; INSERT CODE SEGMENT VALUE
3116 OC3D E2 FC                               LOOP   MFG_B1              ; MOVE THE NUMBER OF ENTRIES REQUIRED
3117
3118 ;----- SETUP HARDWARE INTERRUPT VECTORS LEVEL 8-15 (VECTORS START AT INT 70 H)
3119
3120 OC3F B9 0008                               MOV    CX,08                ; GET VECTOR COUNT
3121 OC42 BE 0000 E                           MOV    SI,OFFSET SLAVE_VECTOR_TABLE
3122 OC45 BF 01C0 R                           MOV    DI,OFFSET @SLAVE_INT_PTR
3123 OC48
MFG_B2:
3124 OC48 A5                                 MOVS#  ; MOVE ONE ROUTINE OFFSET ADDRESS
3125 OC49 AB                                 STOS#  ; INSERT CODE SEGMENT VALUE
3126 OC4A E2 FC                               LOOP   MFG_B2
3127
3128 ;----- SET UP OTHER INTERRUPTS AS NECESSARY
3129
3130 ASSUME DS:ABS0,ES:ABS0
3131 OC4C 06                                   PUSH   ES                   ; ES= ABS0
3132 OC4D IF                                   POP    DS                   ; SET DS TO ABS0
3133 OC4E C7 06 0008 R 0000 E                 MOV    WORD PTR @NMI_PTR,OFFSET NMI_INT ; NMI INTERRUPT
3134 OC54 C7 06 0014 R 0000 E                 MOV    WORD PTR @INT5_PTR,OFFSET PRINT_SCREEN ; PRINT SCREEN
3135 OC5A C7 06 0062 R F600                   MOV    WORD PTR @BASIC_PTR+2,0F600H    ; CASSETTE BASIC SEGMENT
3136
3137 ;----- ENABLE KEYBOARD PORT
3138
3139 OC60 B0 60                               MOV    AL,60H               ; WRITE 8042 MEMORY LOCATION 0
3140 OC62 E8 0396 R                           CALL   C8042                ; ISSUE THE COMMAND
3141 OC65 B0 09                               MOV    AL,00001001B         ; SET INHIBIT OVERRIDE/ENABLE OBF
3142 OC67 E6 60                               OUT    PORT_A,AL            ; INTERRUPT AND NOT PC COMPATIBLE
3143
3144 OC69 EB 0C8B R                           CALL   MFG_B4               ; GET COUNT LOW
3145 OC6C BA F8                               MOV    BH,AL                ; SAVE IT
3146 OC6E EB 0C8B R                           CALL   MFG_B4               ; GET COUNT HI
3147 OC71 BA E8                               MOV    CH,AL                ;
3148 OC73 BA CF                               MOV    CL,BH                ; CX NOW HAS COUNT
3149 OC75 FC                                   CLD                          ; SET DIRECTION FLAG TO INCREMENT
3150 OC76 BF 0500 R                           MOV    DI,OFFSET @MFG_TEST_RTN ; SET TARGET OFFSET (DS=0000)
3151 OC79
MFG_B3:
3152 OC79 E4 64                               IN     AL,STATUS_PORT       ; GET 8042 STATUS PORT
3153 OC7B A8 01                               TEST  AL,OUT_BUF_FULL      ; KEYBOARD REQUEST PENDING?
3154 OC7D 74 FA                               JZ     MFG_B3               ; LOOP TILL DATA PRESENT
3155 OC7F E4 60                               IN     AL,PORT_A            ; GET DATA
3156 OC81 AA                                   STOSB                          ; STORE IT
3157 OC82 E6 80                               OUT    MFG_PORT,AL         ; DISPLAY CHARACTER AT MFG PORT
3158 OC84 E2 F3                               LOOP  MFG_B3                ; LOOP TILL ALL BYTES READ
3159
3160 OC86 EA 0500 ---- R                       JMP    @MFG_TEST_RTN        ; FAR JUMP TO CODE THAT WAS JUST LOADED
3161
MFG_B4:
3162 OC8B
3163 OC8B E4 64                               IN     AL,STATUS_PORT       ; CHECK FOR OUTPUT BUFFER FULL
3164 OC8D A8 01                               TEST  AL,OUT_BUF_FULL      ; HANG HERE IF NO DATA AVAILABLE
3165 OC8F E1 FA                               LOOPZ MFG_B4
3166
3167 OC91 E4 60                               IN     AL,PORT_A            ; GET THE COUNT
3168 OC93 C3                                   RET
3169
3170 OC94                                     POST1  ENDP
3171 OC94                                     CODE  ENDS
3172                                     END

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2407tes free

WarnSevere  
 ErrroErrors  
 0 0







```

343 0170 07 POP ES
344 0171 26: C7 06 005A 0000 MOV ES:SS TEMP.BASE_LO_WORD,0
345 0178 26: C6 06 005C 00 MOV BYTE PTR ES:(SS_TEMP.BASE_HI_BYTE),0
346 017E BE 0058 MOV SI,SS_TEMP
347 0181 8E D6 MOV SS,SI
348 0183 BC FFFD MOV SP,MAX_SEG_LEN-2
349
350 ;----- DATA SEGMENT TO SYSTEM DATA AREA
351
352 0186 6A 18 PUSH BYTE PTR RSDA_PTR ; POINT TO DATA AREA
353 0188 1F POP DS
354
355 0189 B0 80 MOV AL,PARITY_CHECK ; SET CHECK PARITY
356 018B E6 87 OUT DMA_PAGE-6,AL ; SAVE WHICH CHECK TO USE
357
358 ;----- PRINT 64 K BYTES OK
359
360 018D B8 0040 MOV AX,64 ; STARTING AMOUNT OF MEMORY OK
361 0190 E8 09A5 R CALL PRT_OK ; PRT 65K OK MESSAGE
362
363 ;----- GET THE MEMORY SIZE DETERMINED (PREPARE BX AND DX FOR BAD CMOS)
364
365 0193 B8 B0B1 MOV AX,(CMOS_U_M_S_LO+NMI)*H+CMOS_U_M_S_HI+NMI
366 0196 E8 0000 E CALL CMOS_READ ; HIGH BYTE
367 0199 86 E0 XCHG AH,AL ; SAVE HIGH BYTE
368 019B E8 0000 E CALL CMOS_READ ; LOW BYTE
369 019E 8B 1E 0013 R MOV BX,0MEMORY_SIZE ; LOAD THE BASE MEMORY SIZE
370 01A2 8B D3 MOV DX,BX ; SAVE BASE MEMORY SIZE
371 01A4 03 D8 ADD BX,AX ; SET TOTAL MEMORY SIZE
372
373 ;----- IS CMOS GOOD?
374
375 01A6 B0 8E MOV AL,CMOS_DIAG+NMI ; DETERMINE THE CONDITION OF CMOS
376 01A8 E8 0000 E CALL CMOS_READ ; GET THE CMOS STATUS
377
378 01AB A8 C0 TEST AL,BAD_BAT+BAD_CKSUM ; CMOS OK?
379 01AD 74 02 JZ E20B0 ; GO IF YES
380 01AF EB 5B JMP SHORT E20C ; DEFAULT IF NOT
381
382 ;----- GET THE BASE 0->640K MEMORY SIZE FROM CONFIGURATION IN CMOS
383 E20B0:
384 01B1 8B 5966 MOV AX,(CMOS_B_M_S_LO+NMI)*H+CMOS_B_M_S_HI+NMI
385 01B4 E8 0000 E CALL CMOS_READ ; HIGH BYTE
386 01B7 24 0F AND AL,0BFH ; MASK OFF THE MANUFACTURING TEST BITS
387 01B9 86 E0 XCHG AH,AL ; SAVE HIGH BYTE
388 01BB E8 0000 E CALL CMOS_READ ; LOW BYTE OF BASE MEMORY SIZE
389 01BE 3B D0 CMP DX,AX ; IS MEMORY SIZE GREATER THAN CONFIG?
390 01C0 74 13 JZ E20B1 ; GO IF EQUAL
391
392 ;----- SET MEMORY SIZE DETERMINE NOT EQUAL TO CONFIGURATION
393
394 01C2 50 PUSH AX ; SAVE AX
395 01C3 B8 8E8E MOV AX,X*(CMOS_DIAG+NMI) ; ADDRESS THE STATUS BYTE
396 01C6 E8 0000 E CALL CMOS_READ ; GET THE STATUS
397 01C9 0C 10 OR AL,W_MEM_SIZE ; SET CMOS FLAG
398 01CB 86 C4 XCHG AL,AH ; SAVE AL AND GET ADDRESS
399 01CD E8 0000 E CALL CMOS_WRITE ; WRITE UPDATED STATUS
400 01D0 5D POP AX ; RESTORE AX
401 01D1 3B D0 CMP DX,AX ; IS MEMORY SIZE GREATER THAN CONFIG ?
402 01D3 77 37 JJA E20C ; DEFAULT TO MEMORY SIZE DETERMINED ?
403 01D5 MOV E20B1:
404 01D5 8B D8 MOV BX,AX ; SET BASE MEMORY SIZE IN TOTAL REGISTER
405 01D7 8B D0 MOV DX,AX ; SAVE IN BASE SIZE REGISTER
406
407 ;----- CHECK MEMORY SIZE ABOVE 640K FROM CONFIGURATION
408
409 01D9 B8 9798 MOV AX,(CMOS_E_M_S_LO+NMI)*H+(CMOS_E_M_S_HI+NMI)
410 01DC E8 0000 E CALL CMOS_READ ; HIGH BYTE
411 01DF 86 E0 XCHG AH,AL ; SAVE HIGH BYTE
412 01E1 E8 0000 E CALL CMOS_READ ; LOW BYTE
413 01E4 8B C8 MOV CX,AX ; SAVE THE ABOVE 640K MEMORY SIZE
414
415 ;----- ABOVE 640K SIZE FROM MEMORY SIZE DETERMINE
416 ;----- CX=CONFIG AX=MEMORY SIZE DETERMINE
417 01E6 B8 B0B1 MOV AX,(CMOS_U_M_S_LO+NMI)*H+(CMOS_U_M_S_HI+NMI)
418 01E9 E8 0000 E CALL CMOS_READ ; HIGH BYTE
419 01EB 86 E0 XCHG AH,AL ; SAVE HIGH BYTE
420 01ED E8 0000 E CALL CMOS_READ ; LOW BYTE
421 ;----- WHICH IS GREATER - AX = MEMORY SIZE DETERMINE
422 ;----- CX = CONFIGURATION (ABOVE 640) BX = SIZE (BELOW 640)
423 01F1 3B C8 CMP CX,AX ; IS CONFIGURATION EQUAL TO DETERMINED?
424 01F3 74 0F JZ SET_MEM1 ; GO IF EQUAL
425
426 ;----- SET MEMORY SIZE DETERMINE NOT EQUAL TO CONFIGURATION
427
428 01F5 50 PUSH AX ; SAVE AX
429 01F6 B8 8E8E MOV AX,X*(CMOS_DIAG+NMI) ; ADDRESS THE STATUS BYTE
430 01F9 E8 0000 E CALL CMOS_READ ; GET THE STATUS
431 01FC 0C 10 OR AL,W_MEM_SIZE ; SET CMOS FLAG
432 01FE 86 C4 XCHG AL,AH ; SAVE AL
433 0200 E8 0000 E CALL CMOS_WRITE ; UPDATE STATUS BYTE
434 0203 58 POP AX ; RESTORE AX
435
436 0204 SET_MEM1:
437 0204 3B C8 CMP CX,AX ; IS CONFIG GREATER THAN DETERMINED?
438 0206 74 02 JZ SET_MEM2 ; GO IF YES
439 0208 8B C8 MOV E20C:
440 020A SET_MEM1:
441 020A 03 D9 ADD BX,CX ; SET TOTAL MEMORY SIZE
442 020C E20C:
443 020C 81 FA 0201 CMP DX,513 ; CHECK IF BASE MEMORY LESS 512K
444 0210 72 0D JB NO_640 ; GO IF YES
445
446 0212 B8 B3B3 MOV AX,X*(CMOS_INFO128+NMI) ; SET 640K BASE MEMORY BIT
447 0215 E8 0000 E CALL CMOS_READ ; GET THE CURRENT STATUS
448 0218 0C 80 OR AL,ME40K ; TURN ON 640K BIT IF NOT ALREADY ON
449 021A 86 C4 XCHG AL,AH ; SAVE THE CURRENT DIAGNOSTIC STATUS
450 021C E8 0000 E CALL CMOS_WRITE ; RESTORE THE STATUS
451 021F NO_640:
452 021F 89 1E 0017 R MOV WORD PTR *KB_FLAG,BX ; SAVE TOTAL SIZE FOR LATER TESTING
453 0223 C1 EB 06 SHR BX,6 ; DIVIDE BY 64
454 0226 4B DEC BX ; 1ST 64K ALREADY DONE
455 0227 C1 EA 06 SHR DX,6 ; DIVIDE BY 64 FOR BASE
456

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SECTION 5



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571 02D4 59          POP      CX           ; RECOVER 64K BLOCK COUNT
572 02D5 49          DEC      CX           ; DECREMENT BLOCK COUNT FOR LOOP
573 02D6 E3 03      JCXZ    KB_LOOP3     ; CONTINUE TO NEXT TEST IF DONE
574
575 02D8 51          PUSH     CX           ; SAVE LOOP COUNT
576 02D9 EB 98      JMP     E21          ; LOOP TILL ALL MEMORY CHECKED
577
578 02DB             KB_LOOP3:          ; END MAIN TEST LOOP
579 02DB 58          POP      AX           ; CLEAR MAXIMUM BLOCK COUNT
580 02DC 58          POP      AX           ; CLEAR BASE SIZE COUNT FROM STACK
581                 ; ADDRESS TEST VALUES ARE IN STACK
582
583                 ;----- ADDRESS LINE 16-23 TEST
584 02DD B9 40BB     MOV     CX,16571      ; LET FIRST PASS BE SEEN
585 02DE E8 0000 E   CALL    WAITF        ; COUNT FOR 250 MS FIXED TIME DELAY
586                 ; ALLOW SIX DISPLAY REFRESH CYCLES
587
588                 ;----- INITIALIZE DS DESCRIPTOR
589 02E3 6A 08      PUSH    BYTE PTR GDТ_PTR
590 02E5 07          POP     ES           ;
591 02E6 26: C6 06 0064 00 MOV     BYTE PTR ES:(DS_TEMP.BASE_HI_BYTE),0
592 02EC 26: C7 06 0062 0000 MOV     ES:DS_TEMP.BASE_LO_WORD,0
593
594                 ;----- TEMPORARY SEGMENT SAVE IN DMA PAGE REGISTER
595
596 02F3 2A C0      SUB     AL,AL        ;
597 02F5 E6 85      OUT    DMA_PAGE+4,AL ; HIGH BYTE OF LOW WORD OF SEGMENT
598 02F7 E6 86      OUT    DMA_PAGE+5,AL ; LOW BYTE OF LOW WORD OF SEGMENT
599 02F9 B0 01      MOV     AL,01H       ; SET HIGH BYTE OF SEGMENT WORD
600 02FB E6 84      OUT    DMA_PAGE+3,AL ; HIGH BYTE OF SEGMENT
601
602                 ;----- POINT TO NEXT BLOCK OF 64K
603
604 02FD             E21_A:
605 02FD B0 33      MOV     AL,33H       ;
606 02FF E6 80      OUT    MFG_PORT,AL  ;
607 0301 26: 80 06 0064 01 ADD     BYTE PTR ES:(DS_TEMP.BASE_HI_BYTE),01
608
609                 ;----- CHECK FOR END OF BASE MEMORY TO BE TESTED
610
611 0307 26: 80 3E 0064 0A CMP     BYTE PTR ES:(DS_TEMP.BASE_HI_BYTE),0AH
612 030D 77 13      JA     NEXT_A        ; CONTINUE IF ABOVE 1 MEG
613
614 030F 59          POP     CX           ; GET COUNT
615 0310 58          POP     BX           ; GET COUNT
616 0311 58          POP     AX           ; RECOVER COUNT OF BASE MEMORY BLOCKS
617 0312 50          PUSH    AX           ; SAVE BASE COUNT
618 0313 53          PUSH    BX           ; SAVE TESTED COUNT
619 0314 51          PUSH    CX           ; SAVE TOTAL COUNT
620 0315 26: 38 06 0064 CMP     BYTE PTR ES:(DS_TEMP.BASE_HI_BYTE),AL ; MAX BASE COUNT
621 031A 72 06      JB     NEXT_A        ; CONTINUE IF NOT DONE WITH BASE MEMORY
622
623                 ;----- DO ADDITIONAL STORAGE ABOVE 1 MEG
624
625 031C             NEXT_A2:
626 031C 26: C6 06 0064 10 MOV     BYTE PTR ES:(DS_TEMP.BASE_HI_BYTE),10H
627 0322             NEXT_A:
628 0322 26: A0 0064      MOV     AL,BYTE PTR ES:(DS_TEMP.BASE_HI_BYTE)
629
630                 ;----- DMA PAGE REGISTERS 3
631 0326 E6 84      OUT    DMA_PAGE+3,AL ; SAVE THE HIGH BYTE OF SEGMENT
632                 ; FOR POSSIBLE ERROR
633
634                 ;----- CHECK FOR TOP OF MEMORY (FE0000) 16 MEG
635
636 0328 3C FE      CMP     AL,0FEH     ; TOP OF MEMORY?
637 032A 74 34      JZ     KB_LOOP_3    ; GO NEXT TEST IF IT IS
638
639                 ;----- SET DS REGISTER
640
641 032C 6A 60      PUSH    BYTE PTR DS_TEMP
642 032E 1F          POP     DS           ;
643 032F 2B FF      SUB     DI,DI        ; POINT TO START OF BLOCK
644 0331 8B 15      MOV     DX,DS:[DI]   ; GET THE VALUE OF THIS BLOCK
645 0333 8B F7      MOV     SI,DI        ; SET SI FOR POSSIBLE ERROR
646 0336 2B C0      SUB     AX,AX        ; CLEAR MEMORY LOCATION
647 0337 89 05      MOV     [DI],AX
648
649                 ;----- ALLOW DISPLAY TIME TO DISPLAY MESSAGE AND REFRESH TO RUN
650
651 0339 B9 1A69     MOV     CX,6761      ; COUNT FOR 102 MS FIXED TIME DELAY
652 033C E8 0000 E   CALL    WAITF        ; ALLOW FIVE DISPLAY REFRESH CYCLES
653 033F 59          POP     CX           ; GET THE LOOP COUNT
654 0340 58          POP     AX           ; RECOVER TESTED MEMORY
655 0341 50          PUSH    AX           ; SAVE TESTED MEMORY
656 0342 51          PUSH    CX           ; SAVE LOOP COUNT
657 0343 3B C2      CMP     AX,DX        ; DOES THE BLOCK ID MATCH
658 0345 8B C2      MOV     AX,DX        ; GET THE BLOCK ID FOR POSSIBLE ERROR
659 0347 75 1E      JNZ    E21A         ; GO PRINT ERROR
660
661                 ;----- CHECK FOR CHECK PARITY
662
663 0349 E4 61      IN     AL,PORT_B     ; CHECK FOR I/O OR PARITY CHECK
664 034B 24 C0      AND    AL,PARITY_ERR ; STRIP UNWANTED BITS
665 034D 75 18      JNZ    E21A         ; EXIT IF PARITY ERROR
666
667 034F 59          POP     CX           ; POP CX TO GET AX
668 0350 58          POP     AX           ; RECOVER TESTED MEMORY
669 0351 05 0040     ADD     AX,64        ; 64K INCREMENTS
670 0354 50          PUSH    AX           ; SAVE TESTED MEMORY
671 0355 51          PUSH    CX           ; SAVE LOOP COUNT
672 0356 E8 09A5 R   CALL    PRTT_OK      ; DISPLAY OK MESSAGE
673 0359 59          POP     CX           ; RECOVER 64K BLOCK COUNT
674 035A 49          DEC     CX           ; LOOP TILL ALL MEMORY CHECKED
675 035B E3 03      JCXZ   KB_LOOP_3    ; CONTINUE
676
677 035D 51          PUSH    CX           ; SAVE LOOP COUNT
678 035E EB 9D      JMP     E21_A        ; CONTINUE TILL DONE
679
680                 ;----- BACK TO REAL MODE - MEMORY TESTS DONE
681
682 0360             KB_LOOP_3:
683 0360 B0 34      MOV     AL,34H       ;
684 0362 E6 80      OUT    MFG_PORT,AL  ;

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685                                     ; BACK TO REAL MODE
686 0364 E9 0000 E                       JMP     PROC_SHUTDOWN          ; NEXT TEST VIA JUMP TABLE (SHUT2)
687
688
689                                     ;----- PRINT FAILING ADDRESS AND XOR'ED PATTERN IF DATA COMPARE ERROR
690                                     ;----- USE DMA PAGE REGISTERS AS TEMPORARY SAVE AREA FOR ERROR
691                                     ;
692
693 E21A: OUT     DMA_PAGE+1,AL             ; SAVE FAILING BIT PATTERN (LOW BYTE)
694 0369 8A C4                             ; SAVE HIGH BYTE
695 036B E6 83                             ; GET THE FAILING OFFSET
696 036D 8B C6                             ;
697 036F E6 86                             ;
698 0371 86 E0                             ;
699 0373 E6 85                             ;
700
701                                     ;----- CLEAR I/O CHANNEL CHECK OR R/W PARITY CHECK
702
703 0375 2B F6                             SUB     SI,SI                 ; WRITE TO FAILING BLOCK
704 0377 AB                                 STOSW
705 0378 E4 61                             IN     AL,PORT_B             ; GET PARITY CHECK LATCHES
706 037A E6 88                             OUT    DMA_PAGE+7,AL        ; SAVE FOR ERROR HANDLER
707 037C 0C 00                             OR     AL,RAM_PAR_OFF       ; TOGGLE I/O-PARITY CHECK ENABLE
708 037E E6 61                             OUT    PORT_5,AL            ; TO RESET CHECKS
709 0380 24 F3                             AND    AL,RAM_PAR_ON
710 0382 E6 61                             OUT    PORT_B,AL
711
712                                     ;----- GET THE LAST OF GOOD MEMORY
713
714 0384 58                                 POP     AX                   ; CLEAR BLOCK COUNT
715 0385 58                                 POP     AX                   ; GET THE LAST OF GOOD MEMORY
716 0386 5B                                 POP     BX                   ; GET BASE MEMORY COUNTER
717 0387 C1 E3 06                          SHL     BX,6                 ; CONVERT TO MEMORY SIZE COUNTS
718 038A 2B C3                             SUB     AX,BX                ; COMPARE LAST GOOD MEMORY WITH BASE
719 038C 73 17                             JAE    E211                  ; IF ABOVE OR EQUAL, USE REMAINDER IN
720                                     ; CMOS_U_M_S_(H/L)
721
722                                     ;----- ELSE SET BASE MEMORY SIZE
723
724 038E 6A 18                             PUSH   BYTE PTR RSDA_PTR    ; SET THE DATA SEGMENT
725 0390 1F                                 POP     DS                   ; IN PROTECTED MODE
726
727 0391 03 C3                             ADD     AX,BX                ; CONVERT BACK TO LAST WORKING MEMORY
728 0393 A3 0013 R                          MOV     @MEMORY_SIZE,AX     ; TO INDICATE HOW MUCH MEMORY WORKING
729
730                                     ;----- RESET 512K --> 640K OPTION IF SET
731
732 0396 B8 B3B3                            MOV     AX,X*(CMOS_INFO128+NMI) ; ADDRESS OPTIONS INFORMATION BYTE
733 0399 E8 0000 E                          CALL    CMOS_READ            ; READ THE MEMORY INFORMATION FLAG
734 039C 24 7F                             AND    AL,NOT M640K         ; SET 640K OPTION OFF
735 039E 86 C4                             XCHG   AL,AH                ; MOVE TO WORK REGISTER
736 03A0 E8 0000 E                          CALL    CMOS_WRITE           ; UPDATE STATUS IF IT WAS ON
737 03A3 33 C0                             XOR     AX,AX                ; CLEAR VALUE FOR EXTENSION MEMORY
738 03A5
739 03A5 8B C8                             MOV     CX,AX                ; SAVE ADJUSTED MEMORY SIZE
740 03A7 B0 B1                             MOV     AL,CMOS_U_M_S_HI+NMI ; SAVE THE HIGH BYTE MEMORY SIZE
741 03A9 E8 0000 E                          CALL    CMOS_WRITE           ; GET THE LOW BYTE
742 03AC 8A E1                             MOV     AH,CL                ; GET THE LOW BYTE
743 03AE B0 B0                             MOV     AL,CMOS_U_M_S_LO+NMI ; DO THE LOW BYTE
744 03B0 E8 0000 E                          CALL    CMOS_WRITE           ; WRITE IT
745
746                                     ;----- SET SHUTDOWN 3
747 03B3 B8 03BF                            MOV     AX,3*H+CMOS_SHUT_DOWN+NMI ; ADDRESS FOR SHUTDOWN RETURN
748 03B6 E8 0000 E                          CALL    CMOS_WRITE           ; SET RETURN 3
749
750                                     ;----- SHUTDOWN
751
752 03B9 E9 0000 E                       JMP     PROC_SHUTDOWN
    
```

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PAGE
-----
; MEMORY ERROR REPORTING (R/W/ MEMORY OR PARITY ERRORS)
;
; DESCRIPTION FOR ERRORS 201 (CMP ERROR OR PARITY)
; OR 202 (ADDRESS LINE 0-15 ERROR)
;
; "AABCC DDEE 201" (OR 202)
; AA=HIGH BYTE OF 24 BIT ADDRESS
; BB=MIDDLE BYTE OF 24 BIT ADDRESS
; CC=LOW BYTE OF 24 BIT ADDRESS
; DD=HIGH BYTE OF XOR FAILING BIT PATTERN
; EE=LOW BYTE OF XOR FAILING BIT PATTERN
;
; DESCRIPTION FOR ERROR 202 (ADDRESS LINE 00-15)
; A WORD OF FFFF IS WRITTEN AT THE FIRST WORD AND LAST WORD
; OF EACH 64K BLOCK WITH ZEROS AT ALL OTHER LOCATIONS OF THE
; BLOCK. A SCAN OF THE BLOCK IS MADE TO INSURE ADDRESS LINE
; 0-15 ARE FUNCTIONING.
;
; DESCRIPTION FOR ERROR 203 (ADDRESS LINE 16-23)
; AT THE LAST PASS OF THE STORAGE TEST, FOR EACH BLOCK OF
; 64K, THE CURRENT STORAGE SIZE (ID) IS WRITTEN AT THE FIRST
; WORD OF EACH BLOCK. IT IS USED TO FIND ADDRESSING FAILURES.
;
; "AABCC DDEE 203"
; SAME AS ABOVE EXCEPT FOR DDEE
;
; GENERAL DESCRIPTION FOR BLOCK ID (DDEE WILL NOW CONTAINED THE ID)
; DD=HIGH BYTE OF BLOCK ID
; EE=LOW BYTE OF BLOCK ID
;
; BLOCK ID ADDRESS RANGE
; 0000 000000 --> 00FFFF
; 0040 010000 --> 01FFFF
; //
; 0200 090000 --> 09FFFF (512->576K) IF 640K BASE
; 100000 --> 10FFFF (1024->1088K) IF 512K BASE
;
; EXAMPLE (640K BASE MEMORY + 512K I/O MEMORY = 1152K TOTAL)
; NOTE: THE CORRECT BLOCK ID FOR THIS FAILURE IS 0280 HEX.
; DUE TO AN ADDRESS FAILURE THE BLOCK ID+128K OVERLAYED
; THE CORRECT BLOCK ID.
;
; 00640K OK <-- LAST OK MEMORY
; 10000 0300 202 <-- ERROR DUE TO ADDRESS FAILURE
;
; IF A PARITY LATCH WAS SET THE CORRESPONDING MESSAGE WILL DISPLAY.
;
; "PARITY CHECK 1" (OR 2)
;
; DMA PAGE REGISTERS ARE USED AS TEMPORARY SAVE AREAS FOR SEGMENT
; DESCRIPTOR VALUES.
-----
SHUT3: CALL DDS ; ENTRY FROM PROCESSOR SHUTDOWN 3
; SET REAL MODE DATA SEGMENT
;
; <<< MEMORY FAILED >>>
; CLEAR AND SET MANUFACTURING ERROR FLAG
; CARRIAGE RETURN
; LINE FEED
; GET THE HIGH BYTE OF 24 BIT ADDRESS
; CONVERT AND PRINT CODE
; GET THE MIDDLE BYTE OF 24 BIT ADDRESS
; GET THE LOW BYTE OF 24 BIT ADDRESS
; SPACE TO MESSAGE
; GET HIGH BYTE FAILING BIT PATTERN
; CONVERT AND PRINT CODE
; GET LOW BYTE FAILING BIT PATTERN
; CONVERT AND PRINT CODE
;
;----- CHECK FOR ADDRESS ERROR
;
; GET THE CHECKPOINT
; IS IT AN ADDRESS FAILURE?
; LOAD ADDRESS ERROR 16->23
; GO IF YES
;
; LOAD ADDRESS ERROR 00->15
; GO IF YES
;
; SETUP ADDRESS OF ERROR MESSAGE
; PRINT ERROR MESSAGE
; GET THE PORT_B VALUE
;
;----- DISPLAY "PARITY CHECK ?" ERROR MESSAGES
;
; CHECK FOR PLANAR ERROR
; SKIP IF NOT
;
; SAVE STATUS
; INSERT BLANKS
; PLANAR ERROR, ADDRESS "PARITY CHECK 1" MESSAGE
; AND RECOVER STATUS
;
; I/O PARITY CHECK ?
; SKIP IF CORRECT ERROR DISPLAYED
;
; INSERT BLANKS
; ADDRESS OF "PARITY CHECK 2" MESSAGE
; DISPLAY "PARITY CHECK 2" ERROR
;
; CONTINUE TESTING SYSTEM ....
    
```

SECTION 5





```
1093 054A BE 0000 E      MOV     SI,OFFSET SLAVE_VECTOR_TABLE
1094 054D BF 01C0 R      MOV     DI,OFFSET @SLAVE_INT_PTR
095 0550 A5             FTAI:  MOVSW
1096 0551 47             INC     DI ; SKIP OVER SEGMENT
1097 0552 47             INC     DI
1098 0553 E2 FB         LOOP   FTAI
1099
1100 ;----- SET UP OTHER INTERRUPTS AS NECESSARY
1101
1102
1103 0555 2B C0             ASSUME DS:ABS0 ; DS=0
1104 0557 8E DB             SUB     AX,AX
1105 0559 C7 06 0008 R 0000 E MOV     WORD PTR @NM1_PTR,OFFSET NM1_INT ; NM1 INTERRUPT
1106 055F C7 06 0014 R 0000 E MOV     WORD PTR @INT5_PTR,OFFSET PR1NT_SCRN ; PRINT SCREEN
1107 0565 C7 06 0062 R F600 E MOV     WORD PTR @BASIC_PTR+2,0FF60H ; SEGMENT FOR CASSETTE BASIC
1108 056B C7 06 007E R 0000 E MOV     WORD PTR @EXT_PTR+2,0 ; SEGMENT FOR GRAPHIC CHARS 128 - 255
1109
1110 ;----- ZERO RESERVED VECTORS
1111
1112 0571 BF 0180             MOV     DI,60H*4 ; FILL INTERRUPT 60 THRU 67 WITH ZERO
1113 0574 B9 0010             MOV     CX,16 ; CLEAR 16 WORDS
1114 0577 C7 05 0000 FTAI: MOV     WORD PTR DS:[DI],0
1115 057B 83 C7 02             ADD     DI,2 ; POINT TO NEXT LOCATION
1116 057E E2 F7             LOOP   FTAI
1117
1118 ;----- SETUP TIMER 0 TO BLINK LED IF MANUFACTURING TEST MODE
1119
1120
1121 0580 E8 0000 E             ASSUME DS:DATA
1122 CALL     D05 ; ESTABLISH DATA SEGMENT
1123 0583 F6 06 0012 R 20 TEST   @MFG_TST,MFG_LOOP ; MFG. TEST MODE?
1124 058B 75 00 JNZ     F9 ; JNZ
1125 058A 26 C7 06 0020 R 0000 E MOV     WORD PTR ES:@INT_PTR,OFFSET BLINK_INT ; SETUP TIMER TO BLINK LED
1126 0591 B0 FE             MOV     AL,0FEH ; ENABLE TIMER INTERRUPT
1127 0593 E6 21             OUT     INTA01,AL
1128 0595 FB             F9: STI ; ALLOW INTERRUPTS
1129
1130 ;----- ISSUE A RESET TO THE HARD FILE IF SOFT RESET
1131
1132 0596 81 3E 0072 R 1234 CMP     @RESET_FLAG,1234H ; SOFT RESET?
1133 059C 75 0E JNZ     F9A ; CONTINUE IF NOT
1134 059E B9 00FF             MOV     CX,OFFH
1135 05A1 BA 03F6             MOV     DX,03F6H
1136 05A4 B0 04             MOV     AL,04H ; RESET
1137 05A6 EE             OUT     DX,AL
1138 05A7 E2 FE             LOOP   F9_A ; HOLD RESET
1139 05A9 2A C0             SUB     AL,AL
1140 05AB EE             OUT     DX,AL ; REMOVE RESET
1141
1142 ;-----
1143 ; TEST.23
1144 ; DISKETTE ATTACHMENT TEST
1145 ; DESCRIPTION
1146 ; CHECK IF IPL DISKETTE DRIVE IS ATTACHED TO SYSTEM. IF
1147 ; ATTACHED VERIFY STATUS OF NEC FDC AFTER A RESET. ISSUE
1148 ; A RECALIBRATE AND SEEK COMMAND TO FDC AND CHECK STATUS.
1149 ; COMPLETE SYSTEM INITIALIZATION THEN PASS CONTROL TO THE
1150 ; BOOT LOADER PROGRAM.
1151 ;-----
1152
1153 05AC B0 3C             F9A: MOV     AL,3CH ;
1154 05AE E6 80             OUT     MFG_PORT,AL ; <<<< CHECKPOINT 3C <<<<
1155
1156 05B0 B0 02             MOV     AL,02H ; SET DATA RATE TO 250 K BITS PER SECOND
1157 05B2 BA 03F7             MOV     DX,3F7H
1158 05B5 EE             OUT     DX,AL
1159 05B6 F6 06 0010 R 01 TEST   BYTE PTR @EQUIP_FLAG,1H ; DISKETTE PRESENT?
1160 05BB 74 55 JZ      F15
1161 05BD F6 06 0012 R 20 TEST   @MFG_TST,MFG_LOOP ; MFG JUMPER INSTALLED?
1162 05C2 74 4E JZ      F15 ; GO IF YES
1163 05C4 F10: JZ      F15 ; DISK_TEST:
1164 05C4 E4 21 IN      AL,INTA01
1165 05C6 EB 00 JMP     $+2 ; I/O DELAY
1166 05C8 24 BF AND     AL,0BFH ; ENABLE DISKETTE INTERRUPTS
1167 05CA E6 21 OUT     INTA01,AL
1168 05CC B4 00 MOV     AH,0 ; RESET NEC FDC
1169 05CE 8A D4 MOV     DL,AH ; SET FOR DRIVE 0
1170 05D0 CD 13 INT     13H ; VERIFY STATUS AFTER RESET
1171 05D2 F6 C4 FF TEST   AH,OFFH ; STATUS OK?
1172 05D5 75 25 JNZ    F13 ; NO - FDC FAILED
1173
1174 ;----- TURN DRIVE 0 MOTOR ON
1175
1176 05D7 BA 03F2             MOV     DX,03F2H ; GET ADDRESS OF FDC CARD
1177 05DA B0 1C             MOV     AL,1CH ; TURN MOTOR ON, ENABLE DMA, INTERRUPTS
1178 05DC EE             OUT     DX,AL ; WRITE FDC CONTROL REGISTER
1179 05DD 2B C9 SUB     CX,CX ; WAITF COUNT FOR 0.988 SECONDS
1180 05DF E8 0000 E             CALL    WAITF ; WAIT 1 SECOND FOR MOTOR
1181
1182 05E2 33 FF XOR     D1,D1 ; SELECT DRIVE 0
1183 05E4 B5 01 MOV     CH,1 ; SELECT TRACK 1
1184 05E6 C6 06 003E R 00 MOV     @SEEK_STATUS,0 ; INSURE RECALIBRATE
1185 05EB B0 0E 00A0 R 01 OR      @RTC_WAIT_FLAG,01 ; NO REAL TIME CLOCK, USE WAIT LOOP
1186 05F0 E8 0000 E             CALL    SEEK ; RECALIBRATE DISKETTE
1187 05F3 72 07 JNC     F13 ; GO TO ERR SUBROUTINE IF ERR
1188 05F5 B5 22 MOV     CH,24 ; SELECT TRACK 34
1189 05F7 E8 0000 E             CALL    SEEK ; SEEK TO TRACK 34
1190 05FA 73 0B JNC     F14 ; OK, TURN MOTOR OFF
1191 05FC F13: OR      @MFG_ERR_FLAG+1,DSK_FAIL ; DSK_ERR:
1192 05FC 80 0E 0016 R 40 OR      <<<< DISKETTE FAILED <<<<
1193
1194 0601 BE 0000 E             MOV     SI,OFFSET E601 ; GET ADDRESS OF MESSAGE
1195 0604 E8 0000 E             CALL    E_MSG ; GO PRINT ERROR MESSAGE
1196
1197 ;----- TURN DRIVE 0 MOTOR OFF
1198
1199 0607 F14: AND     @RTC_WAIT_FLAG,0FEH ; DRO OFF:
1200 0607 B0 0C             MOV     AL,0CH ; ALLOW FOR RTC WAIT
1201 060C B0 0C             MOV     AL,0CH ; TURN DRIVE 0 MOTOR OFF
1202 060E BA 03F2             MOV     DX,03F2H ; FDC CONTROLLER ADDRESS
1203 0611 EE             OUT     DX,AL
1204
1205 ;----- SETUP KEYBOARD PARAMETERS
1206
```

```

1207 0612 C6 06 006B R 00 F15: MOV      @INTR_FLAG,00H      ; SET STRAY INTERRUPT FLAG = 00
1208 0617 BE 001E R      MOV      SI,OFFSET @KB_BUFFER  ; SETUP KEYBOARD PARAMETERS
1209 061A 89 36 001A R      MOV      @BUFFER_HEAD,S1
1210 061E 89 36 001C R      MOV      @BUFFER_TAIL,S1
1211 0622 89 36 0080 R      MOV      @BUFFER_START,S1
1212 0626 83 C6 20      ADD      SI,32                ; DEFAULT BUFFER OF 32 BYTES
1213 0629 89 36 0082 R      MOV      @BUFFER_END,S1
1214
1215 ;----- SET PRINTER TIMEOUT DEFAULT
1216
1217 062D BF 0078 R      MOV      DI,OFFSET @PRINT_TIM_OUT; SET DEFAULT PRINTER TIMEOUT
1218 0630 1E          PUSH     DS
1219 0631 07          POP      ES
1220 0632 B8 1414      MOV      AX,1414H            ; DEFAULT=20
1221 0635 AB          STOSW
1222 0636 AB          STOSW
1223
1224 ;----- SET RS232 DEFAULT
1225
1226 0637 B8 0101      MOV      AX,0101H          ; RS232 DEFAULT=01
1227 063A AB          STOSW
1228 063B AB          STOSW
1229
1230 ;----- ENABLE TIMER INTERRUPTS
1231
1232 063C E4 21          IN       AL,INTA01
1233 063E 24 FE          AND      AL,0FEH           ; ENABLE TIMER INTERRUPTS
1234 0640 EB 00          JMP      $+2                ; I/O DELAY
1235 0642 E6 21          OUT      INTA01,AL
1236
1237 ;----- CHECK CMOS BATTERY AND CHECKSUM
1238
1239 0644 F6 06 0012 R 20 TEST     @MFG_TST,MFG_LOOP  ; MFG JUMPER?
1240 0649 75 03          JNZ     BI_OK              ; GO IF NOT
1241 064B E9 0734 R      JMP      B15C              ; BYPASS IF YES
1242 064E
1243 064E B0 8E          MOV     BI_OK,AL           ; ADDRESS DIAGNOSTIC STATUS BYTE
1244 0650 EB 0000 E      CALL    CMOS_READ         ; READ IT FROM CMOS
1245
1246 0653 BE 0000 E      MOV     SI,OFFSET E161     ; LOAD BAD BATTERY MESSAGE 161
1247 0656 A8 80          TEST    AL,BAD_BAT        ; BATTERY BAD?
1248 0658 75 07          JNZ     BI_ER              ; DISPLAY ERROR IF BAD
1249
1250 065A BE 0000 E      MOV     SI,OFFSET E162     ; LOAD CHECKSUM BAD MESSAGE 162
1251 065D A8 60          TEST    AL,BAD_CKSUM+BAD_CONFIG ; CHECK FOR CHECKSUM OR NO DISKETTE
1252 065F 74 09          JZ      C_OK               ; CHECK AND CONTINUE TESTING CMOS LOCK
1253 0661
1254 0661 E8 0000 E      CALL    E_MSG              ; ELSE DISPLAY ERROR MESSAGE
1255 0664 81 CD 8000    OR      BF,08000H          ; FLAG "SET SYSTEM OPTIONS" DISPLAYED
1256 0668 EB 45          JMP     SHORT H_OK1A       ; SKIP CLOCK TESTING IF ERROR
1257
1258 ;----- TEST CLOCK UPDATING
1259
1260 066A B3 04          MOV     BL,04H             ; OUTER LOOP COUNT
1261 066C 2B C9          SUB     CX,CX              ; INNER LOOP COUNT
1262 066E B0 8A          MOV     E_OK,AL           ; GET THE CLOCK UPDATE BYTE
1263 0670 EB 0000 E      CALL    CMOS_READ         ; LOAD CMOS_READ
1264 0673 A8 80          TEST    AL,80H            ; CHECK FOR UPDATE IN PROGRESS
1265 0675 75 1B          JNZ     G_OK               ; GO IF YES
1266 0677 E2 F5          LOOP   E_OK                ; TRY AGAIN
1267 0679 FE CB          DEC     BL                 ; DEC OUTER LOOP
1268 067B 75 EF          JNZ     D_OK                ; TRY AGAIN
1269 067D BE 0000 E      MOV     SI,OFFSET E163     ; PRINT MESSAGE
1270 0680 EB 0000 E      CALL    E_MSG
1271
1272 ;----- SET CMOS DIAGNOSTIC STATUS TO 04 (CLOCK ERROR)
1273
1274 0683 B8 0E8E      MOV     AX,X*CMOS_DIAG+NMI ; SET CLOCK ERROR
1275 0686 EB 0000 E      CALL    CMOS_READ         ; GET THE CURRENT STATUS
1276 0689 0C 04          OR      AL,CMOS_CLK_FAIL  ; SET NEW STATUS
1277 068B B6 C4          XCHG   AH                  ; GET STATUS ADDRESS AND SAVE NEW STATUS
1278 068D EB 0000 E      CALL    CMOS_WRITE        ; MOVE NEW DIAGNOSTIC STATUS TO CMOS
1279 0690 EB 0E          JMP     SHORT H_OK         ; CONTINUE
1280
1281 ;----- CHECK CLOCK UPDATE
1282
1283 0692 B9 0320      MOV     CX,800             ; LOOP COUNT
1284 0695 B0 8A          MOV     AL,CMOS_REG_A+NMI ; CHECK FOR OPPOSITE STATE
1285 0697 EB 0000 E      CALL    CMOS_READ         ; LOAD CMOS_READ
1286 069A A8 80          TEST    AL,80H            ; TRY AGAIN
1287 069C ED F7          LOOPNZ J_OK                ; PRINT ERROR IF TIMEOUT
1288 069E E3 DD          JCXZ   F_OK
1289
1290 ;----- CHECK MEMORY SIZE DETERMINED = CONFIGURATION
1291
1292 06A0
1293 06A0 B0 8E          MOV     AL,CMOS_DIAG+NMI  ; GET THE STATUS BYTE
1294 06A2 EB 0000 E      CALL    CMOS_READ         ; LOAD CMOS_READ
1295 06A5 A8 10          TEST    AL,MEM_SIZE       ; WAS THE CONFIG= MEM_SIZE_DETERMINED?
1296 06A7 74 06          JZ      H_OK1A            ; GO IF YES
1297
1298 ;----- MEMORY SIZE ERROR
1299
1300 06A9 BE 0000 E      MOV     SI,OFFSET E164     ; PRINT SIZE ERROR
1301 06AC EB 0000 E      CALL    E_MSG              ; DISPLAY ERROR
1302
1303 ;----- CHECK FOR CRT ADAPTER ERROR
1304
1305 06AF B0 3E 0015 R 0C H_OK1A: CMP      @MFG_ERR_FLAG,0CH  ; CHECK FOR MONOCHROME CRT ERROR
1306 06B4 BE 0000 E      MOV     SI,OFFSET E401     ; LOAD MONOCHROME CRT ERROR
1307 06B7 74 0A          JZ      H_OK1B            ; GO IF YES
1308
1309 06B9 B0 3E 0015 R 0D CMP      @MFG_ERR_FLAG,0DH  ; CHECK FOR COLOR CRT ADAPTER ERROR
1310 06BE 75 06          JOK     J_OK               ; CONTINUE IF NOT
1311 06C0 BE 0000 E      MOV     SI,OFFSET E501     ; CRT ADAPTER ERROR MESSAGE
1312 06C3
1313 06C3 E8 0000 E      CALL    E_MSG
1314
1315 ;----- CHECK FOR MULTIPLE DATA RATE CAPABILITY
1316
1317 06C6
1318 06C6 BA 03F1      MOV     DX,03F1H           ; D/S/P DIAGNOSTIC REGISTER
1319 06C9 EC          IN      AL,DX              ; READ D/S/P TYPE CODE
1320 06CA 24 F8          AND     AL,11111000B       ; KEEP ONLY UNIQUE CODE FOR D/S/P

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1435 0777 8E DA      MOV      DS,DX
1436 0779 57         PUSH     D1
1437 077A BF AA55    MOV      D1,0AA55H      ; SAVE WORK REGISTER
1438 077D 2B DB     SUB      BX,BX          ; GET TEST PATTERN
1439 077F 8B 07     MOV      AX,[BX]       ; SET BX=0000
1440 0781 3B C7     CMP      AX,D1         ; GET 1ST WORD FROM MODULE
1441 0783 5F         POP      D1            ; = TO 10 WORD?
1442 0784 75 05     JNZ     NEXT_ROM      ; RECOVER WORK REGISTER
1443 0786 EB 0000 E  CALL    ROM_CHECK     ; PROCEED TO NEXT ROM IF NOT
1444 0789 EB 04     JMP     NEXT_ROM      ; GO CHECK OUT MODULE
1445 078B           NEXT_ROM:             ; CHECK FOR END OF ROM SPACE
1446 078B 81 C2 0080 ADD      DX,0080H      ; POINT TO NEXT 2K ADDRESS
1447 078F 8B 07     MOV      AX,[BX]
1448 078F 81 FA E000 ARE_WE_DONE:          ; POINT TO NEXT 2K ADDRESS
1449 0793 7C E2     JLE     ARE_WE_DONE   ; TO E0000 YET?
1450                                     ; GO CHECK ANOTHER ADD. IF NOT
1451                                     ;
1452                                     ;
1453 0795 E8 0000 E  CALL    DDS            ; SET DATA SEGMENT
1454 0798 E4 64     IN      AL,STATUS_PORT ; IS KEYBOARD UNLOCKED?
1455 079A 24 10     AND     AL,KYBD_INH   ; IS KEYBOARD UNLOCKED?
1456 079C 74 02     JZ      KEY1          ; NO - SET ERROR FLAGS AND PRINT MESSAGE
1457 079E EB 00     JMP     JRF           ; GO IF OFF
1458 07A0           KEY1:              ;
1459 07A0 80 0E 0016 R 80 ORP     JRF,0          ;
1460                                     ;
1461                                     ;
1462 07A5 BE 0000 E  ASSUME   DS:DATA      ;
1463 07A8 E8 0000 E  MOV      SI,OFFSET E302 ; PRINT LOCKED MESSAGE (302)
1464 07AB           CALL    E_MSG         ;
1465                                     ;
1466                                     ;
1467                                     ;
1468                                     ;
1469 07AB BF 09DB R  MOV      D1,OFFSET F4  ; OFFSET OF PRINTER ADDRESS TABLE
1470 07AE BE 0000  MOV      SI,0
1471 07B1           F16:              ;
1472 07B1 2E: 8B 15  MOV      DX,CS:[D1]   ; GET PRINTER BASE ADDRESS
1473 07B4 BD AA     MOV      AL,0AAH      ; WRITE DATA TO PORT A
1474 07B6 EE       OUT      DX,AL
1475 07B7 EB 00     JMP     $+2           ; I/O DELAY
1476 07B9 1E       PUSH    DS            ; BUS SETTLING
1477 07BA EC       IN      AL,DX        ; READ PORT A
1478 07BB 1F       POP     DS
1479 07BC 3C AA     CMP     AL,0AAH      ; DATA PATTERN SAME
1480 07BE 75 06     JNE     F17          ; NO - CHECK NEXT PRINTER CARD
1481 07C0 89 94 0008 R MOV     YPRINTER_BASE[SI],DX ; YES - STORE PRINTER BASE ADDRESS
1482 07C4 46       INC     SI            ; INCREMENT TO NEXT WORD
1483 07C5 46       INC     SI
1484 07C6           F17:              ;
1485 07C6 47       INC     D1           ; POINT TO NEXT BASE ADDRESS
1486 07C7 47       INC     D1
1487 07C8 81 FF 09E1 R JNE     D1,OFFSET F4E ; ALL POSSIBLE ADDRESSES CHECKED?
1488 07CC 75 E3     JMP     F16          ; PRNT_BASE
1489                                     ;
1490                                     ;
1491                                     ;
1492 07CE BB 0000  MOV      BX,0         ;
1493 07D1 BA 03FA  MOV      DX,3FAH      ; POINTER TO RS232 TABLE
1494 07D4 EC       IN      AL,DX        ; CHECK IF RS232 CARD 1 ATTACHED ?
1495 07D5 AB F8     TEST   F18,AL,0F8H   ; READ INTERRUPT ID REGISTER
1496 07D7 75 08     JNB     F18          ;
1497 07D9 C7 87 0000 R 03F8 OR      YRS232_BASE[BX],3F8H ; SETUP RS232 CARD #1 ADDRESS
1498 07DF 43       INC     BX
1499 07E0 43       INC     BX
1500 07E1 BA 02FA  MOV      DX,2FAH      ; CHECK IF RS232 CARD 2 ATTACHED
1501 07E4 EC       IN      AL,DX        ; READ INTERRUPT ID REGISTER
1502 07E5 AB F8     TEST   F18,AL,0F8H   ;
1503 07E7 75 08     JNB     F19          ;
1504 07E9 C7 87 0000 R 02F8 OR      YRS232_BASE[BX],2F8H ; SETUP RS232 CARD #2
1505 07EF 43       INC     BX
1506 07F0 43       INC     BX
1507                                     ;
1508                                     ;
1509                                     ;
1510 07F1           F19:              ;
1511 07F1 8B C6     MOV      AX,S1        ; BASE END:
1512 07F3 B1 03     MOV      CL,3         ; S1 HAS 2* NUMBER OF RS232
1513 07F5 D2 C8     ROR     AL,CL        ; SHIFT COUNT
1514 07F7 0A C3     OR      AL,BL        ; ROTATE RIGHT 3 POSITIONS
1515 07F9 A2 0011 R  MOV     BYTE PTR @EQUIP_FLAG+1,AL ; OR IN THE PRINTER COUNT
1516                                     ; STORE AS SECOND BYTE
1517                                     ;
1518                                     ;
1519 07FC E8 0000 E  CALL    SET_TOD       ; INSURE CMOS CLOCK IS VALID
1520                                     ;
1521                                     ;
1522                                     ;
1523 07FF B0 40     MOV      AL,40H       ;
1524 0801 E6 80     OUT     MFG_PORT,AL   ;
1525                                     ;
1526 0803 BF 0667 R  MOV      D1,OFFSET @IO_ROM_INIT ; ADDRESS WORK STORAGE LOCATION
1527 0806 33 C0     XOR     AX,AX         ; CLEAR WORK REGISTER (AH) = 0 (NO 287)
1528 0808 89 05     MOV     WORD PTR [D1],AX ; CLEAR THE WORK LOCATION
1529 080A DB E3     FINIT   JNP           ; INITIALIZE THE 80287 WITH NO WAIT
1530 080C EB 00     JMP     $+2           ; DELAY
1531 080E D9 3D     FNSTCW WORD PTR [D1] ; WRITE THE CURRENT 80287 CONTROL WORD
1532 0810 60     POPA   PUSHA         ; TIME FOR 80287 TO RESPOND
1533 0811 61     POPA   PUSHA
1534 0812 81 25 1F3F AND     WORD PTR [D1],01F3FH ; CLEAR UNUSED 80287 BITS
1535 0816 81 3D 033F AND     WORD PTR [D1],0033FH ; IS THE 80287 INSTALLED?
1536 081A 75 13     JNE     NO_287       ; GO IF MATH PROCESSOR IS NOT INSTALLED
1537                                     ;
1538 081C 9B DD 3D  FSTSW  WORD PTR [D1] ; STORE THE STATUS WORD (WITH WAIT)
1539 081F 60     PUSHA   PUSHA         ; TIME FOR 80287 TO RESPOND
1540 0820 61     POPA   PUSHA
1541 0821 FT 05 B8BF MOV     WORD PTR [D1],0B8BFH ; ALL BITS SHOULD BE OFF (OR ERROR)
1542 0825 75 08     JNZ     NO_287       ; GO IF NOT INSTALLED
1543                                     ;
1544 0827 E4 A1     IN      AL,INTB01    ; GET THE SLAVE INTERRUPT MASK
1545 0829 24 DF     AND     AL,0DFH      ; ENABLE 80287 INTERRUPTS
1546 082B B4 02     MOV     AH,002H      ; SET WORK REGISTER FOR 80287 FOUND
1547 082D E6 A1     OUT     INTB01,AL
1548 082F           NO_287:          ;
    
```

SECTION 5













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229 00CE E9 02CD R          JMP      ERROR_EXIT          ; GO IF NOT
230
231
232 -----
233 ; VERIFY 286 BOUND INSTRUCTION ;
234 ; DESCRIPTION ;
235 ; CREATE A SIGNED ARRAY INDEX ;
236 ; WITHIN AND OUTSIDE THE LIMITS ;
237 ; (EXPECT INT 5) ;
238 -----
239 00D1                    TT_6:
240 00D1 B0 F4              MOV     AL,0F4H              ;
241 00D3 E6 80              OUT    MFG_PORT,AL         ;
242 00D5 44 4B              PUSH   BYTE PTR ES,TEMP    ;
243 00D7 07                POP    ES                   ;
244
245 ;----- CHECK BOUND FUNCTIONS CORRECTLY
246
247 00D8 2B FF              SUB    DI,DI                ;
248 00DA 26: CT 05 0000    MOV    WORD PTR ES:[DI],0  ; POINT BEGINNING OF THE BLOCK
249 00DF 26: CT 45 02 7FFF MOV    WORD PTR ES:[DI+2],07FFFH ; SET SECOND TO 07FFFH
250 00E5 B0 95              MOV    AL,095H             ;
251 00E7 E6 8B              OUT    DMA_PAGE+0AH,AL     ;
252 00E9 B8 1000            MOV    AX,1000H            ; SET AX WITHIN BOUNDS
253 00EC 26: 62 05         BOUND AX,DWORD PTR ES:[DI] ; USE THE ES SEGMENT POINTER
254 00EF 2B C9              SUB    CX,CX                ;
255 00F1 E2 FE              LOOPA LOOPA                ; WAIT FOR POSSIBLE INTERRUPT
256 00F3 E4 8B              IN     AL,DMA_PAGE+0AH     ; GET THE RESULTS
257 00F5 3C 00              CMP    AL,0H               ; DID AN INTERRUPT OCCUR?
258 00F7 75 03              JNZ   TT_7                 ; CONTINUE IF NOT
259 00F9 E9 02CD R          JMP    ERROR_EXIT          ; GO IF YES
260
261 ;----- CHECK LOW BOUND WORD CAUSES INTERRUPT 5
262 00FC                    TT_7:
263 00FC 2B FF              SUB    DI,DI                ;
264 00FE 26: 3F 05 3FF0    MOV    WORD PTR ES:[DI],03FF0H ; POINT BEGINNING OF THE BLOCK
265 0103 B8 1000            MOV    AX,1000H            ; SET FIRST WORD TO 03FF0H
266 0106 26: 62 05         BOUND AX,DWORD PTR ES:[DI] ; SET AX OUT OF BOUNDS
267 0109 2B C9              SUB    CX,CX                ;
268 010B 01 0B              WAIT   FOR POSSIBLE INTERRUPT
269 010D E4 8B              IN     AL,DMA_PAGE+0AH     ; GET THE RESULTS
270 010F 3C 00              CMP    AL,0H               ; DID AN INTERRUPT OCCUR?
271 0110 0F EA              LOOPNZ LOOPB               ; TRY AGAIN
272 0111 74 03              JZ     TT_8                 ; CONTINUE IF INTERRUPT
273 0113 E9 02CD R          JMP    ERROR_EXIT          ; GO IF NO INTERRUPT
274
275 ;----- CHECK HIGH BOUND WORD CAUSES INTERRUPT 5
276
277 0116 B0 95              TT_8: MOV    AL,95H             ; SET FLAG FOR INTERRUPT
278 0118 E6 8B              OUT    DMA_PAGE+0AH,AL     ;
279
280 011A 2B FF              SUB    DI,DI                ;
281 011C 26: CT 05 0000    MOV    WORD PTR ES:[DI],0  ; POINT BEGINNING OF THE BLOCK
282 0121 26: CT 45 02 0FFF MOV    WORD PTR ES:[DI+2],0FFFH ; SET SECOND TO 0FFFH
283 0127 B0 95              MOV    AL,095H             ;
284 012A 26: 62 05         BOUND AX,DWORD PTR ES:[DI] ; SET AX OUT OF BOUNDS
285 012D 2B C9              SUB    CX,CX                ;
286 012F 01 0B              WAIT   FOR POSSIBLE INTERRUPT
287 0131 E4 8B              IN     AL,DMA_PAGE+0AH     ; GET THE RESULTS
288 0133 3C 00              CMP    AL,0H               ; DID AN INTERRUPT OCCUR?
289 0135 0F EA              LOOPNZ LOOPC               ; TRY AGAIN
290 0137 74 03              JZ     TT_9                 ; CONTINUE IF INTERRUPT
291 0137 E9 02CD R          JMP    ERROR_EXIT          ; GO IF NO INTERRUPT
292
293 ;-----
294 ; VERIFY PUSH ALL AND POP ALL INSTRUCTIONS:
295 ; DESCRIPTION
296 ; SET REGISTERS TO A KNOWN VALUE AND
297 ; PUSH ALL. RESET THE REGISTERS, POP ALL ;
298 ; AND VERIFY
299 ;-----
300
301 013A                    TT_9:
302 013A B0 F5              MOV    AL,0F5H              ;
303 013C E6 80              OUT    MFG_PORT,AL         ;
304 013E B8 0001            MOV    AX,01                ;
305 0141 8B D8              MOV    BX,AX                ;
306 0143 43                INC    BX                    ;
307 0144 8B CB              MOV    CX,BX                ;
308 0146 41                INC    CX                    ;
309 0147 8B D1              MOV    DX,AX                ;
310 0149 42                INC    DX                    ;
311 014A 8B FA              MOV    DI,DX                ;
312 014C 47                INC    DI                    ;
313 014D 8B F7              MOV    SI,DI                ;
314 014F 46                INC    SI                    ;
315 0150 55                PUSH   BP                    ;
316 0151 8B EE              MOV    BP,S1                ;
317 0153 45                INC    BP                    ;
318 0154 60                PUSHA                          ;
319 0155 2B C0              SUB    AX,AX                ;
320 0157 8B D8              MOV    BX,AX                ;
321 0159 8B CB              MOV    CX,AX                ;
322 015B 8B D0              MOV    DX,AX                ;
323 015D 8B F8              MOV    DI,AX                ;
324 015F 8B F0              MOV    SI,AX                ;
325 0161 8B E8              MOV    BP,AX                ;
326 0163 61                POPA                          ;
327 0164 83 FD 07            CMP    BP,07                ;
328 0167 5D                POP    BP                    ;
329 0168 75 1E              JNZ   ERROR_EXIT1          ;
330 016A 3D 0001            CMP    AX,01                ;
331 016D 75 19              JNZ   ERROR_EXIT1          ;
332 016F 83 FB 02            CMP    BX,02                ;
333 0172 75 14              JNZ   ERROR_EXIT1          ;
334 0174 83 F9 03            CMP    CX,03                ;
335 0177 75 13              JNZ   ERROR_EXIT1          ;
336 0179 83 FA 04            CMP    DX,04                ;
337 017C 75 0A              JNZ   ERROR_EXIT1          ;
338 017E 83 FF 05            CMP    DI,05                ;
339 0181 75 05              JNZ   ERROR_EXIT1          ;
340 0183 83 FE 06            CMP    SI,06                ;
341 0186 74 03              JZ     TT_10                ;
342
; GET THE REGISTERS BACK
; BP SHOULD BE 7
; RESTORE (BP) ERROR FLAG REGISTER
; GO IF NOT
; AX SHOULD BE 1
; GO IF NOT
; BX SHOULD BE 2
; GO IF NOT
; CX SHOULD BE 3
; GO IF NOT
; DX SHOULD BE 4
; GO IF NOT
; DI SHOULD BE 5
; GO IF NOT
; SI SHOULD BE 6
; CONTINUE IF IT IS

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SECTION 5









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1          PAGE 118,121
2          TITLE TEST4 ---- 11/15/85 POST AND BIOS UTILITY ROUTINES
3          .286C
4          .LIST
5          0000          SEGMENT BYTE PUBLIC
6
7          PUBLIC BEEP
8          PUBLIC BLINK_INT
9          PUBLIC CMOS_READ
10         PUBLIC CMOS_WRITE
11         PUBLIC CONFTG_BAD
12         PUBLIC D11
13         PUBLIC DDS
14         PUBLIC DUMMY_RETURN_1
15         PUBLIC ERR_BEEP
16         PUBLIC E_MSG
17         PUBLIC INT_287
18         PUBLIC KBD_RESET
19         PUBLIC POST4
20         PUBLIC PROT_PRT_HEX
21         PUBLIC PROC_SHUTDOWN
22         PUBLIC PRT_HEX
23         PUBLIC PRT_MSG
24         PUBLIC P_MSG
25         PUBLIC RE_DIRECT
26         PUBLIC ROW_CHECK
27         PUBLIC ROW_CHECKSUM
28         PUBLIC SET_TOD
29         PUBLIC WAITF
30         PUBLIC XPC_BYTE
31
32         EXTRN E163:NEAR
33         EXTRN OBf_42:NEAR
34         EXTRN ROW_ERR:NEAR
35         EXTRN XMIT_8042:NEAR
36
37         ASSUME CS:CODE,DS:DATA
38
39         0000          POST4:
40         ;--- CMOS_READ
41         ;-----
42         ; READ BYTE FROM CMOS SYSTEM CLOCK CONFIGURATION TABLE
43         ;
44         ; INPUT: (AL) = CMOS TABLE ADDRESS TO BE READ
45         ; BIT 7 = 0 FOR NMI ENABLED AND 1 FOR NMI DISABLED ON EXIT
46         ; BITS 6-0 = ADDRESS OF TABLE LOCATION TO READ
47         ;
48         ; OUTPUT: (AL) VALUE AT LOCATION (AL) MOVED INTO (AL). IF BIT 7 OF (AL) WAS
49         ; ON THEN NMI LEFT DISABLED. DURING THE CMOS READ BOTH NMI AND
50         ; NORMAL INTERRUPTS ARE DISABLED TO PROTECT CMOS DATA INTEGRITY.
51         ; THE CMOS ADDRESS REGISTER IS POINTED TO A DEFAULT VALUE AND
52         ; THE INTERRUPT FLAG RESTORED TO THE ENTRY STATE ON RETURN.
53         ; ONLY THE (AL) REGISTER AND THE NMI STATE IS CHANGED.
54         ;-----
55         0000          CMOS_READ PROC NEAR
56         ; READ LOCATION (AL) INTO (AL)
57         ; SAVE INTERRUPT ENABLE STATUS AND FLAGS
58         ; MOVE NMI BIT TO LOW POSITION
59         ; GET ADDRESS OF DEFAULT LOCATION
60         ; HIGH BIT ON TO DISABLE NMI - OLD IN CY
61         ; DISABLE INTERRUPTS
62         ; ADDRESS LOCATION AND DISABLE NMI
63         ; I/O DELAY
64         ; READ THE REQUESTED CMOS LOCATION
65         ; SAVE (AH) REGISTER VALUE AND CMOS BYTE
66         ; GET ADDRESS OF DEFAULT LOCATION
67         ; PUT ORIGINAL NMI MASK BIT INTO ADDRESS
68         ; SET DEFAULT TO READ ONLY REGISTER
69         ; RESTORE (AH) AND (AL) = CMOS BYTE
70         ; *PLACE CODE SEGMENT IN STACK AND
71         ; *HANDLE POPF FOR B-LEVEL 80286
72         ; RETURN WITH FLAGS RESTORED
73
74         0019          CMOS_READ ENDP
75
76         0019          CMOS_POPF PROC NEAR
77         ; POPF FOR LEVEL B- PARTS
78         ; RETURN FAR AND RESTORE FLAGS
79
80         001A          CMOS_POPF ENDP
81
82         ;--- CMOS_WRITE
83         ;-----
84         ; WRITE BYTE TO CMOS SYSTEM CLOCK CONFIGURATION TABLE
85         ;
86         ; INPUT: (AL) = CMOS TABLE ADDRESS TO BE WRITTEN TO
87         ; BIT 7 = 0 FOR NMI ENABLED AND 1 FOR NMI DISABLED ON EXIT
88         ; BITS 6-0 = ADDRESS OF TABLE LOCATION TO WRITE
89         ; (AH) = NEW VALUE TO BE PLACED IN THE ADDRESSED TABLE LOCATION
90         ;
91         ; OUTPUT: VALUE IN (AH) PLACED IN LOCATION (AL) WITH NMI LEFT DISABLED
92         ; IF BIT 7 OF (AL) IS ON. DURING THE CMOS UPDATE BOTH NMI AND
93         ; NORMAL INTERRUPTS ARE DISABLED TO PROTECT CMOS DATA INTEGRITY.
94         ; THE CMOS ADDRESS REGISTER IS POINTED TO A DEFAULT VALUE AND
95         ; THE INTERRUPT FLAG RESTORED TO THE ENTRY STATE ON RETURN.
96         ; ONLY THE CMOS LOCATION AND THE NMI STATE IS CHANGED.
97         ;-----
98         001A          CMOS_WRITE PROC NEAR
99         ; WRITE (AH) TO LOCATION (AL)
100        ; SAVE INTERRUPT ENABLE STATUS AND FLAGS
101        ; SAVE WORK REGISTER VALUES
102        ; MOVE NMI BIT TO LOW POSITION
103        ; FORCE NMI BIT ON IN CARRY FLAG
104        ; HIGH BIT ON TO DISABLE NMI - OLD IN CY
105        ; DISABLE INTERRUPTS
106        ; ADDRESS LOCATION AND DISABLE NMI
107        ; GET THE DATA BYTE TO WRITE
108        ; PLACE IN REQUESTED CMOS LOCATION
109        ; GET ADDRESS OF DEFAULT LOCATION
110        ; PUT ORIGINAL NMI MASK BIT INTO ADDRESS
111        ; SET DEFAULT TO READ ONLY REGISTER
112        ; RESTORE WORK REGISTERS
113        ; *PLACE CODE SEGMENT IN STACK AND
114        ; *HANDLE POPF FOR B-LEVEL 80286
115
116        001A          CMOS_WRITE PROC NEAR
117        ; WRITE (AH) TO LOCATION (AL)
118        ; SAVE INTERRUPT ENABLE STATUS AND FLAGS
119        ; SAVE WORK REGISTER VALUES
120        ; MOVE NMI BIT TO LOW POSITION
121        ; FORCE NMI BIT ON IN CARRY FLAG
122        ; HIGH BIT ON TO DISABLE NMI - OLD IN CY
123        ; DISABLE INTERRUPTS
124        ; ADDRESS LOCATION AND DISABLE NMI
125        ; GET THE DATA BYTE TO WRITE
126        ; PLACE IN REQUESTED CMOS LOCATION
127        ; GET ADDRESS OF DEFAULT LOCATION
128        ; PUT ORIGINAL NMI MASK BIT INTO ADDRESS
129        ; SET DEFAULT TO READ ONLY REGISTER
130        ; RESTORE WORK REGISTERS
131        ; *PLACE CODE SEGMENT IN STACK AND
132        ; *HANDLE POPF FOR B-LEVEL 80286
133
134        0034          CMOS_WRITE ENDP

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SECTION 5

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114
115 0034      PAGE
116 0034 2E: 8E 1E 003A R  DDS      PROC      NEAR      ;      LOAD (DS) TO DATA AREA
117 0039 C3      RET      DS,CS:DDSDATA ;      PUT SEGMENT VALUE OF DATA AREA INTO DS
118
119 003A ---- R      DDSDATA DW      DATA      ;      RETURN TO USER WITH (DS)= DATA
120
121 003C      DDS      ENDP
122
123 ----- E_MSG -- P_MSG -----
124 ;      THIS SUBROUTINE WILL PRINT A MESSAGE ON THE DISPLAY      ;
125 ;      ;      ;
126 ;      ENTRY REQUIREMENTS:      ;
127 ;      SI = OFFSET (ADDRESS) OF MESSAGE BUFFER      ;
128 ;      CX = MESSAGE BYTE COUNT      ;
129 ;      MAXIMUM MESSAGE LENGTH IS 36 CHARACTERS      ;
130 ;      BP = BIT 0=E161/E162, BIT 1=CONFIG_BAD, 2-15= FIRST MSG OFFSET ;
131 ;      -----
132
133 003C      E_MSG  PROC      NEAR
134 003C F7 C5 3FFF  TEST      BP,03FFFF ;      CHECK FOR NOT FIRST ERROR MESSAGE
135 0040 75 08      JNZ      E_MSG1 ;      SKIP IF NOT FIRST ERROR MESSAGE
136
137 0042 56      PUSH     SI      ;      SAVE MESSAGE POINTER
138 0043 81 E6 3FFF AND      SI,03FFFF ;      USE LOW 14 BITS OF MESSAGE OFFSET
139 0047 09 EE      OR      BP,SI      ;      AS FIRST ERROR MESSAGE FLAG
140 0049 5E      POP      SI      ;      (BIT 0 = E161/E162, BIT 1 = BAD_CONFIG
141 004A      E_MSG1: CALL     P_MSG      ;      PRINT MESSAGE
142 004A E8 0063 R  PUSH     DS      ;      SAVE CALLERS (DS)
143 004D 1E      CALL     DDS      ;      POINT TO POST/BIOS DATA SEGMENT
144 004E E8 0034 R  CALL     BYTE PTR @EQUIP_FLAG,01H ;      LOOP/HALT ON ERROR SWITCH ON ?
145 0051 F6 06 0010 R 01 TEST     JZ      MFG_HALT ;      YES = THEN GO TO MANUFACTURING HALT
146 0056 74 02      JZ      MFG_HALT
147
148 0058 1F      POP      DS      ;      RESTORE CALLERS (DS)
149 0059 C3      RET
150
151 005A      MFG_HALT: CLT ;      MANUFACTURING LOOP MODE ERROR TRAP
152 005A FA      CLT ;      DISABLE INTERRUPTS
153 005B AD 0015 R  MOV      AL,@MFG_ERR_FLAG ;      RECOVER ERROR INDICATOR
154 005E E6 80      OUT     MFG_PORT,AL ;      SET INTO MANUFACTURING PORT
155 0060 F4      HLT ;      HALT SYSTEM
156 0061 EB F7      JMP     MFG_HALT ;      HOT NMI TRAP
157
158 0063      E_MSG  ENDP
159
160
161 0063      P_MSG  PROC      NEAR
162 0063 2E: 8A 04  MOV      AL,CS:[SI] ;      DISPLAY STRING FROM (CS:)
163 0066 46      INC     SI      ;      PUT CHARACTER IN (AL)
164 0067 50      PUSH     AX      ;      POINT TO NEXT CHARACTER
165 0068 E8 0128 R  CALL     CRT_HEX ;      SAVE PRINT CHARACTER
166 006B 58      POP      AX      ;      CALL VIDEO I/O
167 006C 3C 0A      CMP     AL,LF ;      RECOVER PRINT CHARACTER
168 006E 75 F3      JNE     P_MSG ;      WAS IT LINE FEED?
169 0070 C3      RET ;      NO, KEEP PRINTING STRING
170
171 0071      P_MSG  ENDP
172
173 ----- ERR_BEEP -----
174 ;      THIS PROCEDURE WILL ISSUE LONG TONES (1-3/4 SECONDS) AND ONE OR ;
175 ;      MORE SHORT TONES (9/32 SECOND) TO INDICATE A FAILURE ON THE ;
176 ;      PLANAR BOARD, A BAD MEMORY MODULE, OR A PROBLEM WITH THE CRT. ;
177 ;      ENTRY PARAMETERS:      ;
178 ;      DH = NUMBER OF LONG TONES TO BEEP.      ;
179 ;      DL = NUMBER OF SHORT TONES TO BEEP.      ;
180 ;      -----
181
182 0071      ERR_BEEP PROC      NEAR
183 0071 9C      PUSHF ;      SAVE FLAGS
184 0072 FA      CLT ;      DISABLE SYSTEM INTERRUPTS
185 0073 0A F6      OR      DH,DH ;      ANY LONG ONES TO BEEP
186 0075 74 1E      JZ      G3 ;      NO, DO THE SHORT ONES
187
188 0077 B3 70      MOV     BL,112 ;      LONG BEEPS
189 0079 B9 0500   MOV     CX,1280 ;      COUNTER FOR LONG BEEPS (1-3/4 SECONDS)
190 007C E8 00AF R  CALL     BEEP ;      DIVISOR FOR 932 HZ
191 007F B9 C233   MOV     CX,49715 ;      DD THE BEEP
192 0082 E8 00F5 R  CALL     WAITF ;      2/9 SECOND DELAY AFTER LONG BEEP
193 0085 FE CE      DEC     DH ;      DELAY BETWEEN BEEPS
194 0087 75 EE      JNZ     G1 ;      ANY MORE LONG BEEPS TO DD
195 ;      LOOP TILL DONE
196
197 0089 1E      PUSH     DS ;      SAVE DS REGISTER CONTENTS
198 008A E8 0034 R  CALL     @MFG_TST,01H ;      MANUFACTURING TEST MODE?
199 0092 1F      POP      DS ;      RESTORE ORIGINAL CONTENTS OF (DS)
200 0093 74 C5      JE      MFG_HALT ;      YES = STOP BLINKING LED
201
202 0095      G3: ;      SHORT BEEPS
203 0095 B3 12      MOV     BL,18 ;      COUNTER FOR A SHORT BEEP (9/32)
204 0097 B9 048B   MOV     CX,1208 ;      DIVISOR FOR 987 HZ
205 009A E8 00AF R  CALL     BEEP ;      DD THE SOUND
206 009D B9 6178   MOV     CX,33144 ;      1/2 SECOND DELAY AFTER SHORT BEEP
207 00A0 E8 00F5 R  CALL     WAITF ;      DELAY BETWEEN BEEPS
208 00A3 FE CA      DEC     DL ;      DONE WITH SHORT BEEPS COUNT
209 00A5 75 EE      JNZ     G3 ;      LOOP TILL DONE
210
211 00A7 B9 8178   MOV     CX,33144 ;      1/2 SECOND DELAY AFTER LAST BEEP
212 00AA E8 00F5 R  CALL     WAITF ;      MAKE IT ONE SECOND DELAY BEFORE RETURN
213 00AD 9D      POPF ;      RESTORE FLAGS TO ORIGINAL SETTINGS
214 00AE C3      RET ;      RETURN TO CALLER
215
216 00AF      ERR_BEEP ENDP

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217 PAGE
218 ;--- BEEP -----
219 ; ROUTINE TO SOUND THE BEEPER USING TIMER 2 FOR TONE ;
220 ; ENTRY: ;
221 ; (BL) = DURATION COUNTER ( 1 FOR 1/64 SECOND ) ;
222 ; (CX) = FREQUENCY DIVISOR (1193180/FREQUENCY) (1331 FOR 886 HZ) ;
223 ; EXIT: ;
224 ; (AX), (BL), (CX) MODIFIED. ;
225 -----
226
227 00AF PROC NEAR ; SETUP TIMER 2
228 00AF 9C PUSHF ; SAVE INTERRUPT STATUS
229 00B0 FA CLI ; BLOCK INTERRUPTS DURING UPDATE
230 00B1 B0 B6 MOV AL,10110110B ; SELECT TIMER 2,LSB,MSB,BINARY
231 00B3 E6 43 OUT TIMER+3,AL ; WRITE THE TIMER MODE REGISTER
232 00B5 EB 00 JMP $+2 ; I/O DELAY
233 00B7 8A C1 MOV AL,CL ; DIVISOR FOR HZ (LOW)
234 00B9 E6 42 OUT TIMER+2,AL ; WRITE TIMER 2 COUNT - LSB
235 00BB EB 00 JMP $+2 ; I/O DELAY
236 00BD 8A C5 MOV AL,CH ; DIVISOR FOR HZ (HIGH)
237 00BF E6 42 OUT TIMER+2,AL ; WRITE TIMER 2 COUNT - MSB
238 00C1 E4 61 IN AL,PORT_B ; GET CURRENT SETTING OF PORT
239 00C3 8A CB MOV AH,AL ; SAVE THAT SETTING
240 00C5 OC 03 OR AL,GATE2+SPK2 ; GATE TIMER 2 AND TURN SPEAKER ON
241 00C7 E6 61 OUT PORT_B,AL ; AND RESTORE INTERRUPT STATUS
242 00C9 9D POPF
243 00CA G7: MOV CX,1035 ; 1/64 SECOND PER COUNT (BL)
244 00CA B9 040B CALL WAITF ; DELAY COUNT FOR 1/64 OF A SECOND
245 00CD EB 00F5 R DEC ; GO TO BEEP DELAY 1/64 COUNT
246 00DD FE CB DEC ; (BL) LENGTH COUNT EXPIRED?
247 00D2 75 F6 JNZ ; NO - CONTINUE BEEPING SPEAKER
248
249 00D4 9C PUSHF ; SAVE INTERRUPT STATUS
250 00D5 FA CLI ; BLOCK INTERRUPTS DURING UPDATE
251 00D6 E4 61 IN AL,PORT_B ; GET CURRENT PORT VALUE
252 00D8 0C FC OR AL,NOT (GATE2+SPK2) ; ISOLATE CURRENT SPEAKER BITS IN CASE
253 00DA 22 E0 AND AH,AL ; SOMEONE TURNED THEM OFF DURING BEEP
254 00DC 8A C4 MOV MOV AL,AH ; RECOVER VALUE OF PORT
255 00DE 24 FC AND AL,NOT (GATE2+SPK2) ; FORCE SPEAKER DATA OFF
256 00E0 E6 61 OUT PORT_B,AL ; AND STOP SPEAKER TIMER
257 00E2 9D POPF ; RESTORE INTERRUPT FLAG STATE
258 00E3 B9 040B MOV CX,1035 ; FORCE 1/64 SECOND DELAY (SHORT)
259 00E6 EB 00F5 R CALL WAITF ; MINIMUM DELAY BETWEEN ALL BEEPS
260 00E9 9C PUSHF ; SAVE INTERRUPT STATUS
261 00EA FA CLI ; BLOCK INTERRUPTS DURING UPDATE
262 00EB E4 61 IN AL,PORT_B ; GET CURRENT PORT VALUE IN CASE
263 00ED 24 03 AND AL,GATE2+SPK2 ; SOMEONE TURNED THEM ON
264 00EF 0A C4 OR AL,AH ; RECOVER VALUE OF PORT B
265 00F1 E6 61 OUT PORT_B,AL ; RESTORE SPEAKER STATUS
266 00F3 9D POPF ; RESTORE INTERRUPT FLAG STATE
267 00F4 C3 RET
268
269 00F5 BEEP ENDP
270
271 ;--- WAITF -----
272 ; FIXED TIME WAIT ROUTINE (HARDWARE CONTROLLED - NOT PROCESSOR) ;
273 ; ;
274 ; ENTRY: ;
275 ; (CX) = COUNT OF 15.085737 MICROSECOND INTERVALS TO WAIT ;
276 ; MEMORY REFRESH TIMER I OUTPUT USED AS REFERENCE ;
277 ; EXIT: ;
278 ; AFTER (CX) TIME COUNT (PLUS OR MINUS 16 MICROSECONDS) ;
279 ; (CX) = 0 ;
280 -----
281
282 00F5 WAITF PROC NEAR ; DELAY FOR (CX)*15.085737 US
283 00F5 50 PUSH AX ; SAVE WORK REGISTER (AH)
284
285 00F6 WAITF1: ; USE TIMER I OUTPUT BITS
286 00F6 E4 61 IN AL,PORT_B ; READ CURRENT COUNTER OUTPUT STATUS
287 00F8 24 10 AND AL,REFRESH_BIT ; MASK FOR REFRESH DETERMINE BIT
288 00FA 3A C4 CMP AL,AH ; DID IT JUST CHANGE
289 00FC 74 F8 JE WAITF1 ; WAIT FOR A CHANGE IN OUTPUT LINE
290
291 00FE 8A E0 MOV AH,AL ; SAVE NEW FLAG STATE
292 0100 E2 F4 LOOP WAITF1 ; DECREMENT HALF CYCLES TILL COUNT END
293
294 0102 58 POP AX ; RESTORE (AH)
295 0103 C3 RET ; RETURN (CX)= 0
296
297 0104 WAITF ENDP
298
299 ;--- CONFIG_BAD -----
300 ; SET CMOS_DIAG WITH CONFIG ERROR BIT (WITH NMI DISABLED) ;
301 ; (BP) BIT 14 SET ON TO INDICATE CONFIGURATION ERROR ;
302 -----
303
304 0104 CONFIG_BAD PROC NEAR
305 0104 50 PUSH AX
306 0105 B8 8E8E MOV AX,* (CMOS_DIAG+NMI) ; ADDRESS CMOS DIAGNOSTIC STATUS BYTE
307 0108 E8 0000 R CALL CMOS_READ ; GET CURRENT VALUE
308 010B 0C 20 OR AL,BAD_CONFIG ; SET BAD CONFIGURATION BIT
309 010D B6 E3 XCHG AH,AL ; SETUP FOR WRITE
310 010F E8 001A R CALL CMOS_WRITE ; UPDATE CMOS WITH BAD CONFIGURATION
311 0112 58 POP AX
312 0113 B1 CD 0400 OR BP,04000H ; SET CONFIGURATION BAD FLAG IN (BP)
313 0117 C3 RET
314
315 0118 CONFIG_BAD ENDP

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SECTION 5

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316 PAGE
317 ;--- XPC_BYTE -- XLATE_PR -- PRT_HEX -----
318 ;
319 ; CONVERT AND PRINT ASCII CODE CHARACTERS ;
320 ;
321 ; AL CONTAINS NUMBER TO BE CONVERTED. ;
322 ; AX AND BX DESTROYED. ;
323 -----
324
325 0118 XPC_BYTE PROC NEAR ; DISPLAY TWO HEX DIGITS
326 0118 50 PUSH AX ; SAVE FOR LOW NIBBLE DISPLAY
327 0119 C0 E8 04 SHR AL,4 ; NIBBLE SWAP
328 011C E8 0122 R CALL XLATE_PR ; DO THE HIGH NIBBLE DISPLAY
329 011F 58 POP AX ; RECOVER THE NIBBLE
330 0120 24 0F AND AL,0FH ; ISOLATE TO LOW NIBBLE
331 ; FALL INTO LOW NIBBLE CONVERSION
332
333 0122 XLATE_PR PROC NEAR ; CONVERT 00-0F TO ASCII CHARACTER
334 0122 04 90 ADD AL,090H ; ADD FIRST CONVERSION FACTOR
335 0124 27 DAA ; ADJUST FOR NUMERIC AND ALPHA RANGE
336 0125 14 40 ADC AL,040H ; ADD CONVERSION AND ADJUST LOW NIBBLE
337 0127 27 DAA ; ADJUST HIGH NIBBLE TO ASCII RANGE
338
339 0128 PRT_HEX PROC NEAR
340 0128 B4 0E MOV AH,0EH ; DISPLAY CHARACTER IN (AL) COMMAND
341 012A B7 00 MOV BH,0
342 012C CD 10 INT 10H ; CALL VIDEO_IO
343 012E C3 RET
344
345 012F PRT_HEX ENDP
346 012F XLATE_PR ENDP
347 012F XPC_BYTE ENDP
348
349 ;--- PRT_SEG -----
350 ; PRINT A SEGMENT VALUE TO LOOK LIKE A 21 BIT ADDRESS ;
351 ; DX MUST CONTAIN SEGMENT VALUE TO BE PRINTED ;
352 -----
353
354 012F PRT_SEG PROC NEAR
355 012F 8A C6 MOV AL,DH ; GET MSB
356 0131 E8 0118 R CALL XPC_BYTE ; DISPLAY SEGMENT HIGH BYTE
357 0134 8A C2 MOV AL,DL ; LSB
358 0136 E8 0118 R CALL XPC_BYTE ; DISPLAY SEGMENT LOW BYTE
359 0139 B0 30 MOV AL,'0' ; PRINT A '0'
360 013B E8 0128 R CALL PRT_HEX ; TO MAKE LOOK LIKE ADDRESS
361 013E B0 20 MOV AL,' ' ; ADD ENDING SPACE
362 0140 E8 0128 R CALL PRT_HEX
363 0143 C3 RET
364
365 0144 PRT_SEG ENDP
366
367 ;--- PROT_PRT_HEX -----
368 ;
369 ; PUT A CHARACTER TO THE DISPLAY BUFFERS WHEN IN PROTECTED MODE ;
370 ;
371 ; (AL) = ASCII CHARACTER ;
372 ; (DI) = DISPLAY REGEN BUFFER POSITION ;
373 -----
374
375 0144 PROT_PRT_HEX PROC NEAR
376 0144 06 PUSH ES ; SAVE CURRENT SEGMENT REGISTERS
377 0145 57 PUSH DI
378 0146 D1 E7 SAL DI,1 ; MULTIPLY OFFSET BY TWO
379
380 ;----- MONOCHROME VIDEO CARD
381
382 0148 6A 20 PUSH BYTE PTR E_BWCRT_PTR ; GET MONOCHROME BUFFER SEGMENT SELECTOR
383 014A 07 POP ES ; SET (ES) TO B/W DISPLAY BUFFER
384 014B AA STOSB ; PLACE CHARACTER IN BUFFER
385 014C 4F DEC DI ; ADJUST POINTER BACK
386
387 ;----- ENHANCED GRAPHICS ADAPTER
388
389 014D 6A 30 PUSH BYTE PTR E_CCRT_PTR ; ENHANCED COLOR DISPLAY POINTER LOW 64K
390 014F 07 POP ES ; LOAD SEGMENT SELECTOR
391 0150 AA STOSB ; PLACE CHARACTER IN BUFFER
392 0151 4F DEC DI ; ADJUST POINTER BACK
393 0152 6A 38 PUSH BYTE PTR E_CCRT_PTR2 ; ENHANCED COLOR DISPLAY POINTER HI 64K
394 0154 07 POP ES ; LOAD SEGMENT SELECTOR
395 0155 AA STOSB ; PLACE CHARACTER IN BUFFER
396 0156 4F DEC DI ; ADJUST POINTER BACK
397
398 ;----- COMPATIBLE COLOR
399
400 0157 6A 28 PUSH BYTE PTR C_CCRT_PTR ; SET (DS) TO COMPATIBLE COLOR MEMORY
401 0159 07 POP ES
402 015A 53 PUSH BX ; SAVE WORK REGISTERS
403 015B 52 PUSH DX
404 015C 51 PUSH CX
405 015D 33 C9 XOR CX,CX ; TIMEDOUT LOOP FOR "BAD" HARDWARE
406 015F BA 03DA MOV DX,03DAH ; STATUS ADDRESS OF COLOR CARD
407 0162 93 XCHG AX,BX ; SAVE IN (BX) REGISTER
408 0163
409 0163 EC IN AL,DX ; GET COLOR CARD STATUS
410 0164 A8 09 TEST AL,RVRT+RHRZ ; CHECK FOR VERTICAL TRACE (OR HORZ)
411 0166 E1 FB LOOPZ PROT_S ; TIMEDOUT LOOP TILL FOUND
412 0168 93 XCHG AX,BX ; RECOVER CHARACTERS
413 0169 AA STOSB ; PLACE CHARACTER IN BUFFER
414
415 016A 59 POP CX ; RESTORE REGISTERS
416 016B 5A POP DX
417 016C 5B POP BX
418 016D 5F POP DI
419 016E 07 POP ES
420 016F C3 RET
421
422 0170 PROT_PRT_HEX ENDP

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423 PAGE
424 ;-----
425 ; ROM CHECKSUM SUBROUTINE ;
426 ;-----
427
428 0170 ROM_CHECKSUM PROC NEAR
429 0170 2B C9 SUB CX,CX ; NUMBER OF BYTES TO ADD IS 64K
430
431 0172 ROM_CHECKSUM_CNT: ; ENTRY FOR OPTIONAL ROM TEST
432 0172 32 C0 XOR AL,AL
433 0174
434 0174 02 07 ROM_L: ADD AL,[BX] ; GET (DS:BX)
435 0176 43 INC BX ; POINT TO NEXT BYTE
436 0177 E2 FB LOOP ROM_L ; ADD ALL BYTES IN ROM MODULE
437
438 0179 0A C0 OR AL,AL ; SUM = 0?
439 017B C3 RET
440
441 017C ROM_CHECKSUM ENDP
442
443 ;-----
444 ; THIS ROUTINE CHECKSUMS OPTIONAL ROM MODULES AND ;
445 ; IF CHECKSUM IS OK, CALLS INITIALIZATION/TEST CODE IN MODULE ;
446 ;-----
447
448 017C ROM_CHECK PROC NEAR
449 017C BB ---- R MOV AX,DATA ; POINT ES TO DATA AREA
450 017F BE C0 MOV ES,AX
451 0181 2A E4 SUB AH,AH ; ZERO OUT AH
452 0183 8A 47 02 MOV AL,[BX+2] ; GET LENGTH INDICATOR
453 0186 C1 E0 09 SHL AX,5 ; MULTIPLY BY 512
454 0189 BB C8 MOV CX,AX ; SET COUNT
455 018B C1 E8 04 SHR AX,4 ; SET POINTER TO NEXT MODULE
456 018E 03 D0 ADD DX,AX ; DO CHECKSUM
457 0190 E8 0172 R CALL ROM_CHECKSUM_CNT
458 0193 74 05 JZ ROM_CHECK_I
459
460 0195 E8 0000 E CALL ROM_ERR ; POST CHECKSUM ERROR
461 0198 EB 13 JMP SHORT ROM_CHECK_END ; AND EXIT
462
463 019A ROM_CHECK_I:
464 019A 52 PUSH DX ; SAVE POINTER
465 019B 26: C7 06 0067 R 0003 MOV ES:010_ROM_INIT,0003H ; LOAD OFFSET
466 01A2 26: 8C 1E 0069 R MOV ES:010_ROM_SEG,DS ; LOAD SEGMENT
467 01A7 26: FF 1E 0067 R CALL DWORD PTR ES:010_ROM_INIT; CALL INITIALIZE/TEST ROUTINE
468 01AC 5A POP DX
469
470 01AD ROM_CHECK_END:
471 01AD C3 RET ; RETURN TO CALLER
472
473 01AE ROM_CHECK ENDP
474
475 ;--- KBD RESET ---
476 ; THIS PROCEDURE WILL SEND A SOFTWARE RESET TO THE KEYBOARD. ;
477 ; SCAN CODE 0AAH SHOULD BE RETURNED TO THE PROCESSOR. ;
478 ; SCAN CODE 065H IS DEFINED FOR MANUFACTURING TEST. ;
479 ;-----
480
481 01AE KBD_RESET PROC NEAR
482 01AE B0 FF MOV AL,OFFH ; SET KEYBOARD RESET COMMAND
483 01B0 E8 0000 E CALL XMIT_8042 ; GO ISSUE THE COMMAND
484 01B3 E3 23 JCXZ G13 ; EXIT IF ERROR
485
486 01B5 3C FA CMP AL,KB_ACK
487 01B7 75 1F JNZ G13
488
489 01B9 B0 FD MOV AL,0FDH ; ENABLE KEYBOARD INTERRUPTS
490 01BB E6 21 OUT INTA0,AL ; WRITE 8259 INTERRUPT MASK REGISTER
491 01BD C6 06 006B R 00 MOV IBV_C6,006B ; RESET INTERRUPT INDICATOR
492 01C2 FB STI ; ENABLE INTERRUPTS
493 01C3 B3 0A MOV BL,10 ; TRY FOR 400 MILLISECONDS
494 01C5 2B C9 SUB CX,CX ; SETUP INTERRUPT TIMEOUT COUNT
495 01C7
496 01C7 F6 06 006B R 02 G11: TEST 01INTR_FLAG,02H ; DID A KEYBOARD INTERRUPT OCCUR ?
497 01CC 75 06 JNZ G12 ; YES - READ SCAN CODE RETURNED
498 01CE E2 F7 LOOP G11 ; NO - LOOP TILL TIMEOUT
499
500 01D0 FE C3 BL DEC G11 ; TRY AGAIN
501 01D2 75 F3 JNZ G11
502 01D4
503 01D4 E4 60 G12: IN AL,PORT_A ; READ KEYBOARD SCAN CODE
504 01D6 8A D8 MOV BL,AL ; SAVE SCAN CODE JUST READ
505 01D8
506 01D8 C3 G13: RET ; RETURN TO CALLER
507
508 01D9 KBD_RESET ENDP
509
510 ;-----
511 ; BLINK LED PROCEDURE FOR MFG RUN-IN TESTS ;
512 ; IF LED IS ON, TURN IT OFF. IF OFF, TURN ON. ;
513 ;-----
514
515 01D9 BLINK_INT PROC NEAR
516 01D9 FB STI
517 01DA 50 PUSH AX ; SAVE AX REGISTER CONTENTS
518 01DB E4 80 IN AL,MFG_PORT ; READ CURRENT VALUE OF MFG_PORT
519 01DD 34 40 XOR AL,01000000B ; FLIP CONTROL BIT
520 01DF E6 80 OUT MFG_PORT,AL
521 01E1 B0 20 MOV AL,001 ;
522 01E3 E6 20 OUT INTA00,AL
523 01E5 58 POP AX ; RESTORE AX REGISTER
524 01E6 CF IRET
525
526 01E7 BLINK_INT ENDP

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527                                     PAGE
528 -----
529 ; THIS ROUTINE INITIALIZES THE TIMER DATA AREA IN THE ROM BIOS ;
530 ; DATA AREA. IT IS CALLED BY THE POWER ON ROUTINES. IT CONVERTS ;
531 ; HR:MIN:SEC FROM CMOS TO TIMER TICS. IF CMOS IS INVALID, TIMER ;
532 ; IS SET TO ZERO. ;
533 ; ;
534 ; INPUT NONE PASSED TO ROUTINE BY CALLER ;
535 ; CMOS LOCATIONS USED FOR TIME ;
536 ; ;
537 ; OUTPUT @TIMER_LOW ;
538 ; @TIMER_HIGH ;
539 ; @TIMER_OFL ;
540 ; ALL REGISTERS UNCHANGED ;
541 -----
542 = 0012 COUNTS_SEC EQU 18 ; TIMER DATA CONVERSION EQUATES
543 = 0444 COUNTS_MIN EQU 1092
544 = 0007 COUNTS_HOUR EQU 7 ; 65543 - 65536
545 = 0080 UPDATE_TIMER EQU 1000000B ; RTC UPDATE IN PROCESS BIT MASK
546
547 01E7 SET_TOD PROC NEAR
548 01E7 60 PUSHA
549 01E8 IE PUSHA
550 01E9 E8 0034 R CALL DDS ; ESTABLISH SEGMENT
551 01EC 2B C0 SUB AX,AX
552 01EE A2 0010 R MOV @TIMER_OFL,AL ; RESET TIMER ROLL OVER INDICATOR
553 01F1 A3 006C R MOV @TIMER_LOW,AX ; AND TIMER COUNT
554 01F4 A3 006E R MOV @TIMER_HIGH,AX
555 01F7 B0 8E MOV AL,CMOS_DIAG+NM1 ; CHECK CMOS VALIDITY
556 01F9 E8 0000 R CALL READ_DIAGNOSTIC_LOCATION_IN_CMOS ; READ DIAGNOSTIC LOCATION IN CMOS
557 01FC 24 C4 AND AL,BAD_BAT+BAD_CKSUM+CMOS_CLK_FAIL ; BAD BATTERY, CKSUM ERROR, CLOCK ERROR
558 01FE 75 58 JNZ POD_DONE ; CMOS NOT VALID -- TIMER SET TO ZERO
559 0200 2B C9 SUB CX,EX
560
561 UIP: 0202 MOV AL,CMOS_REG_A+NM1 ; ACCESS REGISTER A
562 0206 B0 8A CALL CMOS_READ ; READ CMOS CLOCK REGISTER A
563 0208 80 80 TEST AL,UPDATE_TIMER ; AND TIMER COUNT
564 0209 E1 F7 LOOPZ UIP ; WAIT TILL UPDATE BIT IS ON
565
566 020B E3 5B JCXZ POD_DONE ; CMOS CLOCK STUCK IF TIMEOUT
567 020D 2B C9 SUB CX,EX
568
569 UIPOFF: 020F B0 8A MOV AL,CMOS_REG_A+NM1 ; ACCESS REGISTER A
570 0211 E8 0000 R CALL CMOS_READ ; READ CMOS CLOCK REGISTER A
571 0214 A8 80 TEST AL,UPDATE_TIMER ; AND TIMER COUNT
572 0216 E0 F7 LOOPNZ UIPOFF ; NEXT WAIT TILL END OF UPDATE
573
574 0218 E3 4E JCXZ POD_DONE ; CMOS CLOCK STUCK IF TIMEOUT
575
576 021A B0 80 MOV AL,CMOS_SECONDS+NM1 ; TIME JUST UPDATED
577 021C E8 0000 R CALL CMOS_READ ; ACCESS SECONDS VALUE IN CMOS
578 021F 3C 59 CMP AL,59H ; ARE THE SECONDS WITHIN LIMITS?
579 0221 77 48 JA TOD_ERROR ; GO IF NOT
580
581 0223 E8 0281 R CALL CVT_BINARY ; CONVERT IT TO BINARY
582 0226 8B C8 MOV CX,AX ; MOVE COUNT TO ACCUMULATION REGISTER
583 0228 C1 E9 02 SHR CX,2 ; ADJUST FOR SYSTEMATIC SECONDS ERROR
584 022B B3 12 MOV BL,COUNTS_SEC
585 022D F6 E3 MUL BL ; COUNT FOR SECONDS
586 022F 03 C8 ADD CX,AX
587 0231 B0 82 MOV AL,CMOS_MINUTES+NM1
588 0233 E8 0000 R CALL CMOS_READ ; ACCESS MINUTES VALUE IN CMOS
589 0236 3C 59 CMP AL,59H ; ARE THE MINUTES WITHIN LIMITS?
590 0238 77 31 JA GO_IF_NOT ; GO IF NOT
591 023A E8 0281 R CALL CVT_BINARY ; CONVERT IT TO BINARY
592 023D 50 FUSH AX ; SAVE MINUTES COUNT
593 023E D1 E8 SHR AX,1 ; ADJUST FOR SYSTEMATIC MINUTES ERROR
594 0240 03 C8 ADD CX,AX ; ADD ADJUSTMENT TO COUNT
595 0242 58 POP AX ; RECOVER BCD MINUTES VALUE
596 0243 8B 0444 MOV BX,COUNTS_MIN
597 0246 FT E3 MUL BX ; COUNT FOR MINUTES
598 0248 03 C8 ADD CX,AX ; ADD TO ACCUMULATED VALUE
599 024A B0 84 MOV AL,CMOS_HOURS+NM1
600 024C E8 0000 R CALL CMOS_READ ; ACCESS HOURS VALUE IN CMOS
601 024F 3C 23 CMP AL,23H ; ARE THE HOURS WITHIN LIMITS?
602 0251 77 18 JA TOD_ERROR ; GO IF NOT
603
604 0253 E8 0281 R CALL CVT_BINARY ; CONVERT IT TO BINARY
605 0256 8B D0 MOV DX,AX
606 0258 B3 07 MOV BL,COUNTS_HOUR
607 025A F6 E3 MUL BL ; COUNT FOR HOURS
608 025C 03 C1 ADD AX,CX
609 025E 83 D2 00 ADC DX,0000H
610 0261 89 16 006E R MOV @TIMER_HIGH,DX
611 0263 A3 006C R MOV @TIMER_LOW,AX
612
613 0268 POD_DONE: POP DS
614 026B 1F POPA
615 0269 63 RET
616 026A C3
617
618 026B TOD_ERROR: POP DS ; RESTORE SEGMENT
619 026C 61 POPA ; RESTORE REGISTERS
620 026D BE 0000 E MOV SI,OFFSET E163 ; DISPLAY CLOCK ERROR
621 0270 E8 003C R CALL E_MSG
622 0273 B9 8E8E MOV AX,*(CMOS_DIAG+NM1) ; SET CLOCK ERROR IN STATUS
623 0276 E8 0000 R CALL CMOS_READ ; READ DIAGNOSTIC CMOS LOCATION
624 0279 0C 04 OR AL,CMOS_CLK_FAIL ; SET NEW STATUS WITH CMOS CLOCK ERROR
625 027B 86 C4 XCHG AL,AH ; MOVE NEW STATUS TO WORK REGISTER
626 027D E8 001A R CALL CMOS_WRITE ; UPDATE STATUS LOCATION
627 0280 C3 RET
628
629 SET_TOD ENDP
630 0281
631
632 0281 CVT_BINARY PROC NEAR
633 0281 8A E0 MOV AH,AL ; UNPACK 2 BCD DIGITS IN AL
634 0283 C9 EC 04 SHR AH,4
635 0286 24 0F AND AL,0FH ; RESULT IS IN AX
636 0288 D5 0A AAD ; CONVERT UNPACKED BCD TO BINARY
637 028A C3 RET
638
639 028B CVT_BINARY ENDP
    
```

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640 PAGE
641 ;--- D11 -- INT 77 H -- ( IRQ LEVEL ?? )-----
642 ; TEMPORARY INTERRUPT SERVICE ROUTINE FOR POST ;
643 ; ;
644 ; THIS ROUTINE IS ALSO LEFT IN PLACE AFTER THE POWER ON DIAGNOSTICS ;
645 ; TO SERVICE UNUSED INTERRUPT VECTORS. LOCATION *@INTR_FLAG* WILL ;
646 ; CONTAIN EITHER: ;
647 ; 1) LEVEL OF HARDWARE INTERRUPT THAT CAUSED CODE TO BE EXECUTED, OR ;
648 ; 2) "FF" FOR A NON-HARDWARE INTERRUPT THAT WAS EXECUTED ACCIDENTALLY. ;
649 ;-----
650
651 028B PROC NEAR
652 028C 50 ; SAVE REGISTER AX CONTENTS
653 028D 53 ; BX
654 028D B0 0B ; READ IN-SERVICE REGISTER
655 028F E6 20 ; (FIND OUT WHAT LEVEL BEING
656 0291 E6 00 ; $+2 SERVICED)
657 0293 E4 20 ; GET LEVEL
658 0295 BA E0 ; MOVE IT
659 0297 0A C4 ; SAVE IT
660 0299 75 04 ; 007 (NO HARDWARE ISR ACTIVE)
661
662 029B B4 FF
663 029D EB 2F
664 029F
665 029F B0 0B
666 02A1 E6 0A ; READ IN-SERVICE REGISTER FROM
667 02A3 EB 00 ; INTERRUPT CHIP #2
668 02A5 E4 0A ; I/O DELAY
669 02A7 BA F8 ; CHECK THE SECOND INTERRUPT CHIP
670 02A9 0A FF ; SAVE IT
671 02AB 74 10 ;
672
673 02AD E4 A1 ; IN AL,INTB01 ; GET SECOND INTERRUPT MASK
674 02AF 0A C7 ; OR AL,BH ; MASK OFF LEVEL BEING SERVICED
675 02B1 EB 00 ; JMP $+2 ; I/O DELAY
676 02B3 E6 A1 ; OUT INTB01,AL
677 02B5 B0 20 ; MOV AL,E01 ; SEND E01 TO SECOND CHIP
678 02B7 EB 00 ; JMP $+2 ; I/O DELAY
679 02B9 E6 A0 ; OUT INTB00,AL
680 02BB EB 0D ; JMP SHORT IS_SEC
681 02BD
682 02BD E4 21 ; IN AL,INTA01 ; GET CURRENT MASK VALUE
683 02BF EB 00 ; JMP $+2 ; I/O DELAY
684 02C1 B0 E4 FB ; AND AH,0FBH ; DO NOT DISABLE SECOND CONTROLLER
685 02C4 0A C4 ; OR AL,AH ; MASK OFF LEVEL BEING SERVICED
686 02C6 E6 21 ; OUT INTA01,AL ; SET NEW INTERRUPT MASK
687 02C8 EB 00 ; JMP $+2 ; I/O DELAY
688 02CA
689 02CA B0 20 ; MOV AL,E01
690 02CC E6 20 ; OUT INTA00,AL
691 02CE
692 02CE 5B ; POP BX ; RESTORE (BX) FROM STACK
693 02CF IE ; PUSH DS ; SAVE ACTIVE (DS)
694 02D0 E8 0034 R ; CALL DDS ; SET DATA SEGMENT
695 02D3 88 26 006B R ; MOV @INTR_FLAG,AH ; SET FLAG
696 02D7 IF ; POP DS
697 02D8 58 ; POP AX ; RESTORE REGISTER AX CONTENTS
698 02D9 ; IRET ; NEED IRET FOR VECTOR TABLE
699 02D9 CF
700
701 02DA
702
703
704 ;--- HARDWARE INT 71 H -- ( IRQ LEVEL 9 ) -- TO INT 0A H -----
705 ; REDIRECT SLAVE INTERRUPT 9 TO INTERRUPT LEVEL 2 ;
706 ; THIS ROUTINE FIELDS LEVEL 9 INTERRUPTS AND ;
707 ; CONTROL IS PASSED TO MASTER INTERRUPT LEVEL 2 ;
708 ;-----
709 02DA PROC NEAR
710 02DA 50 ; PUSH AX ; SAVE (AX)
711 02DB B0 20 ; MOV AL,E01
712 02DD E6 A0 ; OUT INTB00,AL ; E01 TO SLAVE INTERRUPT CONTROLLER
713 02DF 58 ; POP AX ; RESTORE (AX)
714 02E0 CD 0A ; INT 0AH ; GIVE CONTROL TO HARDWARE LEVEL 2
715
716 02E2 CF ; IRET ; RETURN
717
718 02E3
719
720 RE_DIRECT ENDP
721
722 ;--- HARDWARE INT 75 H -- ( IRQ LEVEL 13 ) -----
723 ; SERVICE X287 INTERRUPTS ;
724 ; THIS ROUTINE FIELDS X287 INTERRUPTS AND CONTROL ;
725 ; IS PASSED TO THE NMI INTERRUPT HANDLER FOR ;
726 ; COMPATIBILITY. ;
727 ;-----
728 02E3 PROC NEAR
729 02E4 32 C0 ; XOR AL,AL ; SAVE (AX)
730 02E6 E6 F0 ; OUT X287,AL ; REMOVE THE INTERRUPT REQUEST
731
732 02E8 B0 20 ; MOV AL,E01 ; ENABLE THE INTERRUPT
733 02EA E6 A0 ; OUT INTB00,AL ; THE SLAVE
734 02EC E6 20 ; OUT INTA00,AL ; THE MASTER
735 02EE 58 ; POP AX ; RESTORE (AX)
736 02EF CD 02 ; INT 02H ; GIVE CONTROL TO NMI
737
738 02F1 CF ; IRET ; RETURN
739
740 02F2
741
742 02F2 PROC SHUTDOWN PROC ; COMMON 80286 SHUTDOWN WAIT
743
744 02F2 B0 FE ; MOV AL,SHUT_CMD ; SHUTDOWN COMMAND
745 02F4 E6 64 ; OUT STATUS_PORT,AL ; SEND TO KEYBOARD CONTROL PORT
746 02F6
747 02F6 F4 ; HLT ; WAIT FOR 80286 RESET
748 02F7 EB FD ; JMP PROC_S ; INSURE HALT
749
750 02F9
751 02F9 PROC_SHUTDOWN ENDP
752 CODE ENDS
  
```

SECTION 5



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1 PAGE 118,121
2 TITLE TEST5 ---- 11/15/85 EXCEPTION INTERRUPT TEST HANDLERS
3 .286C
4 .LIST
5 0000 CODE SEGMENT BYTE PUBLIC
6
7 PUBLIC POST5
8 PUBLIC SYSINIT1
9
10 ;-----
11 ; EXCEPTION INTERRUPT ROUTINE ;
12 ;-----
13
14 ASSUME CS:CODE,DS:ABS0
15
16 POST5:
17 EXC_00: MOV AL,90H ; <<<> SET CHECKPOINT <<<>
18 0002 E9 00B2 R JMP TEST_EXC ; GO TEST IF EXCEPTION WAS EXPECTED
19 0005
20 EXC_01: MOV AL,91H ; <<<> SET CHECKPOINT <<<>
21 0007 E9 00B2 R JMP TEST_EXC ; GO TEST IF EXCEPTION WAS EXPECTED
22 000A
23 EXC_02: MOV AL,92H ; <<<> SET CHECKPOINT <<<>
24 000C E9 00B2 R JMP TEST_EXC ; GO TEST IF EXCEPTION WAS EXPECTED
25 000F
26 EXC_03: MOV AL,93H ; <<<> SET CHECKPOINT <<<>
27 0011 E9 00B2 R JMP TEST_EXC ; GO TEST IF EXCEPTION WAS EXPECTED
28 0014
29 EXC_04: MOV AL,94H ; <<<> SET CHECKPOINT <<<>
30 0016 E9 00B2 R JMP TEST_EXC ; GO TEST IF EXCEPTION WAS EXPECTED
31 0019
32 EXC_05: PUSH ES ;
33 0019 06 PUSH BYTE PTR ES,TEMP ; LOAD ES REGISTER WITH SELECTOR
34 001C 07 POP ES
35
36 ;----- FIX BOUND PARAMETERS -----
37
38 001D 2B FF SUB DI,CI ; POINT BEGINNING OF THE BLOCK
39 001F 26 C7 05 0000 MOV WORD PTR ES:[DI],0 ; SET FIRST WORD TO ZERO
40 0024 26 C7 45 02 7FFF MOV WORD PTR ES:[DI+2],07FFF ; SET SECOND TO 07FFF
41 002A 07 POP ES
42 002B 80 9B MOV AL,95H ; <<<> SET CHECKPOINT <<<>
43 002D E9 00B2 R JMP TEST_EXC ; GO TEST IF EXCEPTION WAS EXPECTED
44
45 EXC_06: MOV AL,96H ; <<<> SET CHECKPOINT <<<>
46 0030 B0 96 JMP SHORT TEST_EXC ; GO TEST IF EXCEPTION WAS EXPECTED
47 0032 EB 7E
48 EXC_07: MOV AL,97H ; <<<> SET CHECKPOINT <<<>
49 0034 B0 97 JMP SHORT TEST_EXC ; GO TEST IF EXCEPTION WAS EXPECTED
50 0036 EB 7A
51 EXC_08: MOV AL,98H ; <<<> SET CHECKPOINT <<<>
52 0038 B0 98 JMP SHORT TEST_EXC ; GO TEST IF EXCEPTION WAS EXPECTED
53 003A EB 78
54 EXC_09: MOV AL,99H ; <<<> SET CHECKPOINT <<<>
55 003C B0 99 JMP SHORT TEST_EXC ; GO TEST IF EXCEPTION WAS EXPECTED
56 003E EB 72
57 EXC_10: MOV AL,9AH ; <<<> SET CHECKPOINT <<<>
58 0040 B0 9A JMP SHORT TEST_EXC ; GO TEST IF EXCEPTION WAS EXPECTED
59 0042 EB 6E
60 EXC_11: MOV AL,9BH ; <<<> SET CHECKPOINT <<<>
61 0044 B0 9B JMP SHORT TEST_EXC ; GO TEST IF EXCEPTION WAS EXPECTED
62 0046 EB 6A
63 EXC_12: MOV AL,9CH ; <<<> SET CHECKPOINT <<<>
64 0048 B0 9C JMP SHORT TEST_EXC ; GO TEST IF EXCEPTION WAS EXPECTED
65 004A EB 66
66 EXC_13: MOV AL,9DH ; <<<> SET CHECKPOINT <<<>
67 004C B0 9D JMP SHORT TEST_EXC ; GO TEST IF EXCEPTION WAS EXPECTED
68 004E EB 62
69 EXC_14: MOV AL,9EH ; <<<> SET CHECKPOINT <<<>
70 0050 B0 9E JMP SHORT TEST_EXC ; GO TEST IF EXCEPTION WAS EXPECTED
71 0052 EB 5E
72 EXC_15: MOV AL,9FH ; <<<> SET CHECKPOINT <<<>
73 0054 B0 9F JMP SHORT TEST_EXC ; GO TEST IF EXCEPTION WAS EXPECTED
74 0056 EB 5A
75 EXC_16: MOV AL,0A0H ; <<<> SET CHECKPOINT <<<>
76 0058 B0 A0 JMP SHORT TEST_EXC ; GO TEST IF EXCEPTION WAS EXPECTED
77 005A EB 56
78 EXC_17: MOV AL,0A1H ; <<<> SET CHECKPOINT <<<>
79 005C B0 A1 JMP SHORT TEST_EXC ; GO TEST IF EXCEPTION WAS EXPECTED
80 005E EB 52
81 EXC_18: MOV AL,0A2H ; <<<> SET CHECKPOINT <<<>
82 0060 B0 A2 JMP SHORT TEST_EXC ; GO TEST IF EXCEPTION WAS EXPECTED
83 0062 EB 4E
84 EXC_19: MOV AL,0A3H ; <<<> SET CHECKPOINT <<<>
85 0064 B0 A3 JMP SHORT TEST_EXC ; GO TEST IF EXCEPTION WAS EXPECTED
86 0066 EB 4A
87 EXC_20: MOV AL,0A4H ; <<<> SET CHECKPOINT <<<>
88 0068 B0 A4 JMP SHORT TEST_EXC ; GO TEST IF EXCEPTION WAS EXPECTED
89 006A EB 46
90 EXC_21: MOV AL,0A5H ; <<<> SET CHECKPOINT <<<>
91 006C B0 A5 JMP SHORT TEST_EXC ; GO TEST IF EXCEPTION WAS EXPECTED
92 006E EB 42
93 EXC_22: MOV AL,0A6H ; <<<> SET CHECKPOINT <<<>
94 0070 B0 A6 JMP SHORT TEST_EXC ; GO TEST IF EXCEPTION WAS EXPECTED
95 0072 EB 3E
96 EXC_23: MOV AL,0A7H ; <<<> SET CHECKPOINT <<<>
97 0074 B0 A7 JMP SHORT TEST_EXC ; GO TEST IF EXCEPTION WAS EXPECTED
98 0076 EB 3A
99 EXC_24: MOV AL,0A8H ; <<<> SET CHECKPOINT <<<>
100 0078 B0 A8 JMP SHORT TEST_EXC ; GO TEST IF EXCEPTION WAS EXPECTED
101 007A EB 36
102 EXC_25: MOV AL,0A9H ; <<<> SET CHECKPOINT <<<>
103 007C B0 A9 JMP SHORT TEST_EXC ; GO TEST IF EXCEPTION WAS EXPECTED
104 007E EB 32
105 EXC_26: MOV AL,0AAH ; <<<> SET CHECKPOINT <<<>
106 0080 B0 AA JMP SHORT TEST_EXC ; GO TEST IF EXCEPTION WAS EXPECTED
107 0082 EB 2E
108 EXC_27: MOV AL,0ABH ; <<<> SET CHECKPOINT <<<>
109 0084 B0 AB JMP SHORT TEST_EXC ; GO TEST IF EXCEPTION WAS EXPECTED
110 0086 EB 2A
111 EXC_28: MOV AL,0ACH ; <<<> SET CHECKPOINT <<<>
112 0088 B0 AC JMP SHORT TEST_EXC ; GO TEST IF EXCEPTION WAS EXPECTED
113 008A EB 26
114 008C EXC_29: MOV AL,0ADH ; <<<> SET CHECKPOINT <<<>

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115 008C B0 AD      MOV     AL,0ADH
116 008E EB 22      JMP     SHORT TEST_EXC
117 0090 B0 AE      EXC_30: MOV     AL,0AEH
118 0092 EB 1E      JMP     SHORT TEST_EXC
119 0094 B0 AE      MOV     AL,0AEH
120 0096      EXC_31: JMP     SHORT TEST_EXC
121 0098 B0 AF      MOV     AL,0AFH
122 009A EB 1A      JMP     SHORT TEST_EXC
123 009B      SYS_32:
124 009B B0 B0      MOV     AL,0B0H
125 009A EB 16      JMP     SHORT TEST_EXC
126 009C      SYS_33:
127 009C B0 B1      MOV     AL,0B1H
128 009E EB 12      JMP     SHORT TEST_EXC
129 00A0      SYS_34:
130 00A0 B0 B2      MOV     AL,0B2H
131 00A2 EB 0E      JMP     SHORT TEST_EXC
132 00A4      SYS_35:
133 00A4 B0 B3      MOV     AL,0B3H
134 00A6 EB 0A      JMP     SHORT TEST_EXC
135 00A8      SYS_36:
136 00A8 B0 B4      MOV     AL,0B4H
137 00AA EB 06      JMP     SHORT TEST_EXC
138 00AC      SYS_37:
139 00AC B0 B5      MOV     AL,0B5H
140 00AE EB 02      JMP     SHORT TEST_EXC
141 00B0      SYS_38:
142 00B0 B0 B6      MOV     AL,0B6H
143
144
145 00B2      TEST_EXC:
146 00B2 E6 80      OUT    MFG_PORT,AL
147 00B4 3C AF      CMP    MFG_PORT,AF
148 00B6 77 1C      JA     TEST_EXC0
149
150 00BB 1E         PUSH   DS
151 00B9 6A 08      PUSH  PTR GDT_PTR
152 00BB 1F         POP    DS
153 00BC C7 06 0048 FFFF DS:ES TEMP,SEG_LIMIT,MAX_SEG_LEN
154 00C2 C6 06 004D 93 MOV    BYTE PTR DS:[ES_TEMP,DATA_ACC_RIGHTS],CPL0_DATA_ACCESS
155 00C7 6A 48      PUSH  PTR ES_TEMP
156 00C9 07         POP    ES
157 00CA 1F         POP    DS
158 00CB 5A         POP    DX
159 00CC 59         POP    CX
160 00CD 51         PUSH   CX
161 00CE 83 F9 40   CMP    CX,SYS_ROM_CS
162 00D1 75 01      JNZ    TEST_EXC0
163
164 00D3 52         PUSH   DX
165 00D4      TEST_EXC0:
166 00D4 86 E0      XCHG  AH,AL
167 00D6 E4 BB     IN    AL,DMA_PAGE+0AH
168 00D8 3A C4     CMP   AL,AH
169 00DA 74 0E     JZ    TEST_EXC3
170 00DC      TEST_EXC1:
171 00DC E4 80      IN    AL,MFG_PORT
172 00DE 3C 3B     CMP   AL,03BH
173 00E0 72 01     JB    TEST_EXC2
174 00E2 CF       IRET
175
176 00E3      TEST_EXC2:
177 00E3 86 E0      XCHG  AH,AL
178 00E5 E6 80     OUT   MFG_PORT,AL
179 00E7 F4       HLT
180 00E8 EB F9     JMP   TEST_EXC2
181
182 00EA      TEST_EXC3:
183 00EA 2A C0     SUB   AL,AL
184 00EC E6 8B     OUT   DMA_PAGE+0AH,AL
185 00EE BB 0100   MOV   MOW,0100H
186 00F1 CF       IRET
187
188
189
190
191
192
193
194 00F2      SYSINIT1:
195 00F2 FA       PROC  NEAR
196 00F3 55       CLT
197 00F4 B0 81   BP
198 00F6 E6 80   MOV   AL,81H
199 00F8 EB 0149 R OUT   MFG_PORT,AL
200 00FB 8B EF   CALL S1DT_BLD
201          BP,DI
202
203
204 00FD B8 0800  MOV   AX,SYS_IDT_LEN
205 0100 AB      STOSW
206 0101 B8 080A MOV   AX,SYS_IDT_LOC
207 0104 AB      STOSW
208 0105 B8 0000 MOV   AX,0
209 0108 AB      STOSW
210
211 0109 26      SEGOV
212          DB    026H
213 010A 0F      LIDT [BP]
214 010B         DB    00FH
215 010B 8B 5E 00 LABEL BYTE
216 010E         MOV   BX,WORD PTR [BP]
217 010B         LABEL BYTE
218 010B 01     ORG  OFFSET CS:??0001
219 010E         DB    001H
220 010E 8B FD   ORG  OFFSET CS:??0002
221          DI,BP
222
223
224 0110 BF DBA0  ;----- BUILD THE GDT.
225 0113 E8 0140 R MOV   DI,GDT_LOC
226 0116 8B EF   CALL GDT_BLD
227 0118 B8 0088 MOV   MOW,AX
228 011B AB      STOSW

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SECTION 5



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324                                     PAGE
325                                     ; THE FOLLOWING DATA DEFINES THE PRE-INITIALIZED GDT FOR POST TESTS.
326                                     ; THESE MUST BE INITIALIZED IN THE ORDER IN WHICH THEY APPEAR IN THE
327                                     ; GDT_DEF STRUCTURE DEFINITION AS IT IS IN "SYSDATA.INC".
328
329 = 01AF
330 GDT_DATA_START EQU $
331 ;----- FIRST ENTRY UNUSABLE - (UNUSED_ENTRY)
332
333 01AF 0000 DW 0 ; SEGMENT LIMIT
334 01B1 0000 DW 0 ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - LOW WORD
335 01B3 00 DB 0 ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - HIGH BYTE
336 01B4 00 DB 0 ; ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
337 01B5 0000 DW 0 ; RESERVED - MUST BE ZERO
338
339 ;----- THE GDT ITSELF - (GDT_PTR)
340
341 01B7 0088 DW GDT_LEN ; SEGMENT LIMIT
342 01B9 D8A0 DW GDT_LOC ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - LOW WORD
343 01BB 00 DB 0 ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - HIGH BYTE
344 01BC 93 DB CPLD_DATA_ACCESS ; ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
345 01BD 0000 DW 0 ; RESERVED - MUST BE ZERO
346
347 ;----- THE SYSTEM IDT DESCRIPTOR - (SYS_IDT_PTR)
348
349 01BF 0800 DW SYS_IDT_LEN ; SEGMENT LIMIT
350 01C1 D0A0 DW SYS_IDT_LOC ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - LOW WORD
351 01C3 00 DB 0 ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - HIGH BYTE
352 01C4 93 DB CPLD_DATA_ACCESS ; ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
353 01C5 0000 DW 0 ; RESERVED - MUST BE ZERO
354
355 ;----- THE SYSTEM DATA AREA DESCRIPTOR - (RSDA_PTR)
356
357 01C7 0300 DW SDA_LEN ; SEGMENT LIMIT
358 01C9 0400 DW SDA_LOC ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - LOW WORD
359 01CB 00 DB 0 ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - HIGH BYTE
360 01CC 93 DB CPLD_DATA_ACCESS ; ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
361 01CD 0000 DW 0 ; RESERVED - MUST BE ZERO
362
363 ;----- COMPATIBLE MONOCHROME DISPLAY REGEN BUFFER - (C_BWCRPT_PTR)
364
365 01CF 1000 DW MCRT_SIZE ; SEGMENT LIMIT
366 01D1 0000 DW MCRT*LO ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - LOW WORD
367 01D3 0B DB MCRT*HI ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - HIGH BYTE
368 01D4 93 DB CPLD_DATA_ACCESS ; ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
369 01D5 0000 DW 0 ; RESERVED - MUST BE ZERO
370
371 ;----- COMPATIBLE COLOR DISPLAY REGEN BUFFER - (C_CCRT_PTR)
372
373 01D7 4000 DW CCRT_SIZE ; SEGMENT LIMIT
374 01D9 8000 DW CCRT*LO ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - LOW WORD
375 01DB 0B DB CCRT*HI ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - HIGH BYTE
376 01DC 93 DB CPLD_DATA_ACCESS ; ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
377 01DD 0000 DW 0 ; RESERVED - MUST BE ZERO
378
379 ;----- ENHANCED GRAPHIC ADAPTER REGEN BUFFER - (E_CCRT_PTR)
380
381 01DF FFFF DW ECRT_SIZE ; SEGMENT LIMIT
382 01E1 0000 DW ECRT*LO_LO ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - LOW WORD
383 01E3 0A DB ECRT*LO_HI ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - HIGH BYTE
384 01E4 93 DB CPLD_DATA_ACCESS ; ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
385 01E5 0000 DW 0 ; RESERVED - MUST BE ZERO
386
387 ;----- SECOND PART OF EGA - (E_CCRT_PTR)
388
389 01EF FFFF DW ECRT_SIZE ; SEGMENT LIMIT
390 01F9 0000 DW ECRT*HI_LO ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - LOW WORD
391 01EB 0B DB ECRT*HI_HI ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - HIGH BYTE
392 01EC 93 DB CPLD_DATA_ACCESS ; ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
393 01ED 0000 DW 0 ; RESERVED - MUST BE ZERO
394
395 ;----- CODE SEGMENT FOR POST CODE, SYSTEM IDT - (SYS_ROM_CS)
396
397 01EF FFFF DW MAX_SEG_LEN ; SEGMENT LIMIT
398 01F1 0000 DW CSEG*LO ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - LOW WORD
399 01F3 0F DB CSEG*HI ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - HIGH BYTE
400 01F4 9B DB CPLD_CODE_ACCESS ; ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
401 01F5 0000 DW 0 ; RESERVED - MUST BE ZERO
402
403 ;----- TEMPORARY DESCRIPTOR FOR ES - (ES_TEMP)
404
405 01F7 FFFF DW MAX_SEG_LEN ; SEGMENT LIMIT
406 01F9 0000 DW NSEG*LO ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - LOW WORD
407 01FB 00 DB NSEG*HI ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - HIGH BYTE
408 01FC 93 DB CPLD_DATA_ACCESS ; ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
409 01FD 0000 DW 0 ; RESERVED - MUST BE ZERO
410
411 ;----- TEMPORARY DESCRIPTOR FOR CS AS A DATA SEGMENT - (CS_TEMP)
412
413 01FF FFFF DW MAX_SEG_LEN ; SEGMENT LIMIT
414 0201 0000 DW NSEG*LO ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - LOW WORD
415 0203 00 DB NSEG*HI ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - HIGH BYTE
416 0204 93 DB CPLD_DATA_ACCESS ; ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
417 0205 0000 DW 0 ; RESERVED - MUST BE ZERO
418
419 ;----- TEMPORARY DESCRIPTOR FOR SS - (SS_TEMP)
420
421 0207 FFFF DW MAX_SEG_LEN ; SEGMENT LIMIT
422 0209 0000 DW NSEG*LO ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - LOW WORD
423 020B 00 DB NSEG*HI ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - HIGH BYTE
424 020C 93 DB CPLD_DATA_ACCESS ; ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
425 020D 0000 DW 0 ; RESERVED - MUST BE ZERO
426
427 ;----- TEMPORARY DESCRIPTOR FOR DS - (DS_TEMP)
428
429 020F FFFF DW MAX_SEG_LEN ; SEGMENT LIMIT
430 0211 0000 DW NSEG*LO ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - LOW WORD
431 0213 00 DB NSEG*HI ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - HIGH BYTE
432 0214 93 DB CPLD_DATA_ACCESS ; ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
433 0215 0000 DW 0 ; RESERVED - MUST BE ZERO

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SECTION 5

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434 PAGE
435 |----- (POST_TR)
436 TR_LOC:
437 DW 00800H ; SEGMENT LIMIT
438 DW 0C000H ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - LOW WORD
439 DB 0 ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - HIGH BYTE
440 DB FREE_TSS ; ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
441 DW 0 ; RESERVED - MUST BE ZERO
442
443 |----- (POST_TSS_PTR)
444
445 DW 00800H ; SEGMENT LIMIT
446 DW TR_LOC ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - LOW WORD
447 DB 0 ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - HIGH BYTE
448 DB CPL0_DATA_ACCESS ; ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
449 DW 0 ; RESERVED - MUST BE ZERO
450
451 |----- (POST_LDTR)
452 LDT_LOC:
453 DW GDT_LEN ; SEGMENT LIMIT
454 DW 0D000H ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - LOW WORD
455 DB 0 ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - HIGH BYTE
456 DB LDT_DESC ; ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
457 DW 0 ; RESERVED - MUST BE ZERO
458
459 |----- (POST_LDT_PTR)
460
461 DW GDT_LEN ; SEGMENT LIMIT
462 DW LDT_LOC ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - LOW WORD
463 DB 0 ; SEGMENT BASE ADDRESS - HIGH BYTE
464 DB CPL0_DATA_ACCESS ; ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
465 DW 0 ; RESERVED - MUST BE ZERO
466
467 = 0237 GDT_DATA_END EQU $
468
469 |----- END OF PRE-ALLOCATED GDT
470
471 |----- ENTRY POINTS FOR THE FIRST 32 SYSTEM INTERRUPTS
472
473 SYS_IDT_OFFSETS LABEL WORD
474
475 ; INTERRUPTS AS DEFINED
476 DW OFFSET EXC_00 ; EXCPT 00 - DIVIDE ERROR
477 DW OFFSET EXC_01 ; EXCPT 01 - SINGLE STEP
478 DW OFFSET EXC_02 ; EXCPT 02 - NMI, SYSTEM REQUEST FOR DI
479 DW OFFSET EXC_03 ; EXCPT 03 - BREAKPOINT
480 DW OFFSET EXC_04 ; EXCPT 04 - INTO DETECT
481 DW OFFSET EXC_05 ; EXCPT 05 - BOUND
482 DW OFFSET EXC_06 ; EXCPT 06 - INVALID OPCODE
483 DW OFFSET EXC_07 ; EXCPT 07 - PROCESSOR EXT NOT AVAIL
484 DW OFFSET EXC_08 ; EXCPT 08 - DOUBLE EXCEPTION
485 DW OFFSET EXC_09 ; EXCPT 09 - PROCESSOR EXT SEGMENT ERR
486 DW OFFSET EXC_10 ; EXCPT 10 - TSS BAD IN GATE TRANSFER
487 DW OFFSET EXC_11 ; EXCPT 11 - SEGMENT NOT PRESENT
488 DW OFFSET EXC_12 ; EXCPT 12 - STACK SEGMENT NOT PRESENT
489 DW OFFSET EXC_13 ; EXCPT 13 - GENERAL PROTECTION
490 DW OFFSET EXC_14
491 DW OFFSET EXC_15
492 DW OFFSET EXC_16 ; EXCPT 16 - PROCESSOR EXTENSION ERROR
493 DW OFFSET EXC_17
494 DW OFFSET EXC_18
495 DW OFFSET EXC_19
496 DW OFFSET EXC_20
497 DW OFFSET EXC_21
498 DW OFFSET EXC_22
499 DW OFFSET EXC_23
500 DW OFFSET EXC_24
501 DW OFFSET EXC_25
502 DW OFFSET EXC_26
503 DW OFFSET EXC_27
504 DW OFFSET EXC_28
505 DW OFFSET EXC_29
506 DW OFFSET EXC_30
507 DW OFFSET EXC_31
508
509 |----- FORMAT INTERRUPT DESCRIPTORS (GATES) 32 - 255
510
511 FREE_INTS DW OFFSET IRET_ADDR ; DESTINATION OFFSET
512 DW SYS_ROM_CS ; DESTINATION SEGMENT
513 DB 0,INT_GATE ; UNUSED AND ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
514 DB 0,INT_GATE
515
516 CODE END
517 END

```

```

1
2 PAGE 118,121
3 TITLE TEST6 ---- 11/15/85 POST TESTS AND SYSTEM BOOT STRAP
4 .286C
5 .LIST
6 CODE SEGMENT BYTE PUBLIC
7
8 PUBLIC BOOT_STRAP_1
9 PUBLIC POST6
10 PUBLIC STGTST_CNT
11 PUBLIC ROM_ERR
12 PUBLIC XMIT_8042
13
14 EXTRN CMOS_READ:NEAR
15 EXTRN DDS:NEAR
16 EXTRN DISK_BASE:NEAR
17 EXTRN E602:NEAR
18 EXTRN ERR_BEEP:NEAR
19 EXTRN E_MSG:NEAR
20 EXTRN FSA:NEAR
21 EXTRN PRT_SEG:NEAR
22
23 ASSUME CS:CODE,DS:DATA
24
25 0000 PROC NEAR
26
27 ; THIS SUBROUTINE PERFORMS A READ/WRITE STORAGE TEST ON A BLOCK ;
28 ; OF STORAGE. ;
29 ; ENTRY REQUIREMENTS: ;
30 ; ES = ADDRESS OF STORAGE SEGMENT BEING TESTED ;
31 ; DS = ADDRESS OF STORAGE SEGMENT BEING TESTED ;
32 ; CX = WORD COUNT OF STORAGE BLOCK TO BE TESTED ;
33 ; EXIT PARAMETERS: ;
34 ; ZERO FLAG = 0 IF STORAGE ERROR (DATA COMPARE OR PARITY ;
35 ; CHECK) - AL=0 DENOTES A PARITY CHECK. ELSE AL=XOR'ED ;
36 ; BIT PATTERN OF THE EXPECTED DATA PATTERN VS THE ACTUAL ;
37 ; DATA READ. ;
38 ; AX,BX,CX,DX,DI, AND SI ARE ALL DESTROYED. ;
39
40 0000 STGTST_CNT PROC NEAR
41 0000 MOV BX,CX ; SAVE WORD COUNT OF BLOCK TO TEST
42 0002 E4 61 IN AL,PORT_B
43 0004 0C 0C OR AL,RAM_PAR_OFF ; TOGGLE PARITY CHECK LATCHES
44 0006 E6 61 OUT PORT_B,AL ; TO RESET ANY PENDING ERROR
45 0008 24 F3 AND AL,RAM_PAR_ON
46 000A E6 61 OUT PORT_B,AL
47
48 ;----- ROLL A BIT THROUGH THE FIRST WORD
49
50 000C 33 D2 XOR DX,DX ; CLEAR THE INITIAL DATA PATTERN
51 000E B9 0010 MOV CX,16 ; ROLL 16 BIT POSITIONS
52 0011 2B FF SUB DI,DI ; START AT BEGINNING OF BLOCK
53 0013 2B F6 SUB SI,SI ; INITIALIZE DESTINATION POINTER
54 0016 STC ; SET CARRY FLAG ON FOR FIRST BIT
55
56 C1: RCL DX,1 ; MOVE BIT OVER LEFT TO NEXT POSITION
57 [DI],DX ; STORE DATA PATTERN
58 MOV AX,[DI],DH ; GET THE DATA WRITTEN
59 XOR AX,DX ; INSURE DATA AS EXPECTED (CLEAR CARRY)
60 LOOPZ C1 ; LOOP TILL DONE OR ERROR
61
62 0020 75 66 JNZ C13 ; EXIT IF ERROR
63
64 ;----- CHECK CAS LINES FOR HIGH BYTE LOW BYTE
65
66 0022 BA FF00 MOV DX,0FF00H ; TEST DATA - AX= 0000H
67 0025 89 05 MOV [DI],AX ; STORE DATA PATTERN = 0000H
68 0027 8B 75 01 MOV [DI+1],DH ; WRITE A BYTE OF FFH AT ODD LOCATION
69 002A 8B 05 MOV AX,[DI] ; GET THE DATA - SHOULD BE 0F00H
70 002C 33 C2 XOR AX,DX ; CHECK THE FIRST WRITTEN
71 002E 75 58 JNZ C13 ; ERROR EXIT IF NOT ZERO
72
73 0030 89 05 MOV [DI],AX ; STORE DATA PATTERN OF 0000H
74 0032 8B 35 MOV [DI],DH ; WRITE A BYTE OF FFH AT EVEN LOCATION
75 0034 86 F2 XCHG DH,DL ; SET DX= 00FFH AND BUS SETTLE
76 0036 8B 05 MOV AX,[DI] ; GET THE DATA
77 0038 33 C2 XOR AX,DX ; CHECK THE FIRST WRITTEN
78 003A 75 4C JNZ C13 ; EXIT IF NOT
79
80 ;----- CHECK FOR I/O OR BASE MEMORY ERROR
81
82 003C E4 61 IN AL,PORT_B ; CHECK FOR I/O - PARITY CHECK
83 003E 86 C4 XCHG AL,AH ; SAVE ERROR PATTERN
84 0040 E4 87 IN AL,DMA_PAGE+6 ; CHECK FOR R/W OR I/O ERROR
85 0042 22 E0 AND AH,AL ; MASK FOR ERROR EXPECTED
86
87 ;----- PARITY ERROR EXIT
88
89 0044 B8 0000 MOV AX,0 ; RESTORE AX TO 0000
90 0047 75 3F JNZ C13 ; EXIT IF PARITY ERROR
91
92 0049 BA AA55 MOV DX,0AA55H ; WRITE THE INITIAL DATA PATTERN
93
94 C3: SUB DI,DI ; START AT BEGINNING OF BLOCK
95 004C 2B FF SUB SI,SI ; INITIALIZE DESTINATION POINTER
96 004E 2B F6 SUB CX,BX ; SETUP BYTE COUNT FOR LOOP
97 0050 8B CB MOV AX,BX ; GET THE PATTERN
98 0052 8B C2 MOV AX,DX ; STORE 64K BYTES (32K WORDS)
99 0054 F3 AB REP STOSW ; SET COUNT
100 0056 8B CB MOV CX,BX ; START AT BEGINNING
101 0058 2B F6 SUB SI,SI
102 005A AD ; GET THE FIRST WRITTEN
103 005B 33 C2 XOR AX,DX ; INSURE DATA AS EXPECTED
104 005D E1 FB LOOPZ C6 ; LOOP TILL DONE OR ERROR
105
106 005F 75 27 JNZ C13 ; EXIT IF NOT EXPECTED (ERROR BITS ON)
107
108 ;----- CHECK FOR I/O OR BASE MEMORY ERROR
109
110 0061 E4 61 IN AL,PORT_B ; CHECK FOR I/O -PARITY CHECK
111 0063 86 C4 XCHG AL,AH ; SAVE ERROR
112 0065 E4 87 IN AL,DMA_PAGE+6 ; CHECK FOR R/W OR I/O ERROR
113 0067 22 E0 AND AH,AL
114

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1 PAGE 118,123
2 TITLE DISKETTE ----- 11/15/85 DISKETTE BIOS
3 .286C
4 .LIST
5 SUBTTTL (DSK1.ASM)
6 .LIST
7
8 ;-----INT 13-----
9 DISKETTE I/O
10 ; THIS INTERFACE PROVIDES DISK ACCESS TO THE 5.25 INCH 360 KB,
11 ; 1.2 MB, 720 KB, AND 1.44 MB DISKETTE DRIVES.
12
13 INPUT
14 ; (AH)=0 RESET DISKETTE SYSTEM
15 ; HARD RESET TO NEC, PREPARE COMMAND, RECALIBRATE REQUIRED
16 ; ON ALL DRIVES
17 ;-----
18 ; (AH)=1 READ THE STATUS OF THE SYSTEM INTO (AH)
19 ; ØDISKETTE_STATUS FROM LAST OPERATION IS USED
20 ;-----
21 REGISTERS FOR READ/WRITE/VERIFY/FORMAT
22 ; (DL) - DRIVE NUMBER (0-1 ALLOWED, VALUE CHECKED)
23 ; (DH) - HEAD NUMBER (0-1 ALLOWED, NOT VALUE CHECKED)
24 ; (CH) - TRACK NUMBER (NOT VALUE CHECKED)
25 ; MEDIA DRIVE TRACK NUMBER
26 ; 320/360 320/360 0-39
27 ; 320/360 1.2M 0-39
28 ; 1.2M 1.2M 0-79
29 ; 720K 720K 0-79
30 ; 1.44M 1.44M 0-79
31 ; (CL) - SECTOR NUMBER (NOT VALUE CHECKED, NOT USED FOR FORMAT)
32 ; MEDIA DRIVE SECTOR NUMBER
33 ; 320/360 320/360 1-8/9
34 ; 320/360 1.2M 1-8/9
35 ; 1.2M 1.2M 1-15
36 ; 720K 720K 1-9
37 ; 1.44M 1.44M 1-18
38 ; (AL) - NUMBER OF SECTORS (NOT VALUE CHECKED)
39 ; MEDIA DRIVE MAX NUMBER OF SECTORS
40 ; 320/360 320/360 8/9
41 ; 320/360 1.2M 8/9
42 ; 1.2M 1.2M 15
43 ; 720K 720K 9
44 ; 1.44M 1.44M 18
45 ; (ES:BX) - ADDRESS OF BUFFER (NOT REQUIRED FOR VERIFY)
46 ;-----
47 ; (AH)=2 READ THE DESIRED SECTORS INTO MEMORY
48 ;-----
49 ; (AH)=3 WRITE THE DESIRED SECTORS FROM MEMORY
50 ;-----
51 ; (AH)=4 VERIFY THE DESIRED SECTORS
52 ;-----
53 ; (AH)=5 FORMAT THE DESIRED TRACK
54 ; (ES:BX) MUST POINT TO THE COLLECTION OF DESIRED ADDRESS FIELDS
55 ; FOR THE TRACK. EACH FIELD IS COMPOSED OF 4 BYTES, (C,H,R,N),
56 ; WHERE C = TRACK NUMBER, H=HEAD NUMBER, R = SECTOR NUMBER,
57 ; N= NUMBER OF BYTES PER SECTOR (00=128, 01=256, 02=512, 03=1024).
58 ; THERE MUST BE ONE ENTRY FOR EVERY SECTOR ON THE TRACK.
59 ; THIS INFORMATION IS USED TO FIND THE REQUESTED SECTOR DURING
60 ; READ/WRITE ACCESS.
61
62 PRIOR TO FORMATTING A DISKETTE, IF THERE EXISTS MORE THAN
63 ONE SUPPORTED MEDIA FORMAT TYPE WITHIN THE DRIVE IN QUESTION,
64 THEN "SET DASD TYPE" (INT 13H, AH = 17H) OR "SET MEDIA TYPE"
65 (INT 13H, AH = 18H) MUST BE CALLED TO SET THE DISKETTE TYPE
66 THAT IS TO BE FORMATED. IF "SET DASD TYPE" OR "SET MEDIA TYPE"
67 IS NOT CALLED, THE FORMAT ROUTINE WILL ASSUME THE MEDIA FORMAT
68 TO BE THE MAXIMUM CAPACITY OF THE DRIVE.
69
70 THESE PARAMETERS OF DISK BASE MUST BE CHANGED IN ORDER TO
71 FORMAT THE FOLLOWING MEDIAS:
72 ;-----
73 ; MEDIA : DRIVE : PARM 1 : PARM 2 :
74 ;-----
75 ; 320K : 320K/360K/1.2M : 50H : 8 :
76 ; 360K : 320K/360K/1.2M : 50H : 9 :
77 ; 1.2M : 1.2M : 54H : 15 :
78 ; 720K : 720K/1.44M : 50H : 9 :
79 ; 1.44M : 1.44M : 6CH : 18 :
80 ;-----
81 NOTES: - PARM 1 = GAP LENGTH FOR FORMAT
82 ; - PARM 2 = EOT (LAST SECTOR ON TRACK)
83 ; - DISK BASE IS POINTED TO BY DISK POINTER LOCATED
84 ; AT ABSOLUTE ADDRESS 0:78.
85 ; - WHEN FORMAT OPERATIONS ARE COMPLETE, THE PARAMETERS
86 ; SHOULD BE RESTORED TO THEIR RESPECTIVE INITIAL VALUES.
87 ;-----
88 ; (AH)=8 READ DRIVE PARAMETERS
89 ; REGISTERS
90 INPUT
91 ; (DL) - DRIVE NUMBER (0-1 ALLOWED, VALUE CHECKED)
92 ;-----
93 OUTPUT
94 ; (ES:DI) POINTS TO DRIVE PARAMETERS TABLE
95 ; (CH) - LOW ORDER 8 OF 10 BITS MAXIMUM NUMBER OF TRACKS
96 ; (CL) - BITS 7 & 6 - HIGH ORDER TWO BITS OF MAXIMUM TRACKS
97 ; - BITS 5 THRU 0 - MAXIMUM SECTORS PER TRACK
98 ; (DH) - MAXIMUM HEAD NUMBER
99 ; (DL) - NUMBER OF DISKETTE DRIVES INSTALLED
100 ; (BH) - 0
101 ; (BL) - BITS 7 THRU 4 0
102 ; - BITS 3 THRU 0 - VALID DRIVE TYPE VALUE IN CMOS
103 ; (AX) - 0
104 ; UNDER THE FOLLOWING CIRCUMSTANCES:
105 ; (1) THE DRIVE NUMBER IS INVALID.
106 ; (2) THE DRIVE TYPE IS UNKNOWN AND CMOS IS NOT PRESENT,
107 ; (3) THE DRIVE TYPE IS UNKNOWN AND CMOS IS BAD,
108 ; (4) OR THE DRIVE TYPE IS UNKNOWN AND THE CMOS DRIVE TYPE IS INVALID
109 THEN ES,AX,RX,CX,DH,DI = 0 ; DL=NUMBER OF DRIVES.
110 IF NO DRIVES ARE PRESENT THEN: ES,AX,BX,CX,DX,DI=0.
111 ØDISKETTE_STATUS = 0 AND CY IS RESET.
112 ;-----
113 ; (AH)=15 READ DASD TYPE
114 ; OUTPUT REGISTERS

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SECTION 5

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115 ; (AH) - ON RETURN IF CARRY FLAG NOT SET, OTHERWISE ERROR
116 ; 00 - DRIVE NOT PRESENT
117 ; 01 - DISKETTE, NO CHANGE LINE AVAILABLE
118 ; 02 - DISKETTE, CHANGE LINE AVAILABLE
119 ; 03 - RESERVED
120 ; (DL) - DRIVE NUMBER (0-1 ALLOWED, VALUE CHECKED)
121 ;
122 ; -----
123 ; (AH)=16 DISK CHANGE LINE STATUS
124 ; OUTPUT REGISTERS
125 ; (AH) - 00 - DISK CHANGE LINE NOT ACTIVE
126 ; 01 - DISK CHANGE LINE ACTIVE & CARRY BIT ON
127 ; (DL) - DRIVE NUMBER (0-1 ALLOWED, VALUE CHECKED)
128 ;
129 ; -----
130 ; (AH)=17 SET DASH TYPE FOR FORMAT
131 ; INPUT REGISTERS
132 ; (AL) - 00 - NOT USED
133 ; 01 DISKETTE 320/360K IN 360K DRIVE
134 ; 02 - DISKETTE 360K IN 1.2M DRIVE
135 ; 03 - DISKETTE 1.2M IN 1.2M DRIVE
136 ; 04 DISKETTE 720K IN 720K DRIVE
137 ; (DL) - DRIVE NUMBER (0-1 ALLOWED, VALUE CHECKED;
138 ; DO NOT USE WHEN DISKETTE ATTACH CARD USED)
139 ; -----
140 ; (AH)=18 SET MEDIA TYPE FOR FORMAT
141 ; INPUT REGISTERS
142 ; (CH) - LOW ORDER 8 OF 10 BITS MAXIMUM NUMBER OF TRACKS
143 ; (CL) - BITS 7 & 6 - HIGH ORDER TWO BITS OF MAXIMUM TRACKS
144 ; - BITS 5 THRU 0 - MAXIMUM SECTORS PER TRACK
145 ; (DL) - DRIVE NUMBER (0-1 ALLOWED, VALUE CHECKED)
146 ; OUTPUT REGISTERS
147 ; (ES:DI) - POINTER TO DRIVE PARAMETERS TABLE FOR THIS MEDIA TYPE,
148 ; UNCHANGED IF (AH) IS NON-ZERO
149 ; (AH) - 00H, CY = 0, TRACK AND SECTORS/TRACK COMBINATION IS SUPPORTED
150 ; 01H, CY = 1, FUNCTION IS NOT AVAILABLE
151 ; 02H, CY = 1, TRACK AND SECTORS/TRACK COMBINATION IS NOT SUPPORTED
152 ;
153 ; DISK CHANGE STATUS IS ONLY CHECKED WHEN A MEDIA SPECIFIED IS OTHER
154 ; THAN 360 KB DRIVE. IF THE DISK CHANGE LINE IS FOUND TO BE
155 ; ACTIVE THE FOLLOWING ACTIONS TAKE PLACE:
156 ; 1. ATTEMPT TO RESET DISK CHANGE LINE TO INACTIVE STATE.
157 ; 2. IF ATTEMPT SUCCEEDS SET DASH TYPE FOR FORMAT AND RETURN DISK
158 ; CHANGE ERROR CODE
159 ; 3. IF ATTEMPT FAILS RETURN TIMEOUT ERROR CODE AND SET DASH TYPE
160 ; TO A PREDETERMINED STATE INDICATING MEDIA TYPE UNKNOWN.
161 ; 4. IF THE DISK CHANGE LINE IN INACTIVE PERFORM SET DASH TYPE FOR FORMAT.
162 ;
163 ; DATA VARIABLE -- #DISK POINTER
164 ; DOUBLE WORD POINTER TO THE CURRENT SET OF DISKETTE PARAMETERS
165 ; -----
166 ; OUTPUT FOR ALL FUNCTIONS
167 ; AH = STATUS OF OPERATION
168 ; STATUS BITS ARE DEFINED IN THE EQUATES FOR #DISKETTE_STATUS
169 ; VARIABLE IN THE DATA SEGMENT OF THIS MODULE
170 ; CY = 0 SUCCESSFUL OPERATION (AH=0 ON RETURN, EXCEPT FOR READ DASH
171 ; TYPE AH=(15))
172 ; CY = 1 FAILED OPERATION (AH HAS ERROR REASON)
173 ; FOR READ/WRITE/VERIFY
174 ; DS,BX,DX,CX RESERVED
175 ; NOTE: IF AN ERROR IS REPORTED BY THE DISKETTE CODE, THE APPROPRIATE
176 ; ACTION IS TO RESET THE DISKETTE, THEN RETRY THE OPERATION.
177 ; ON READ ACCESSES, NO MOTOR START DELAY IS TAKEN, SO THAT
178 ; THREE RETRIES ARE REQUIRED ON READS TO ENSURE THAT THE
179 ; PROBLEM IS NOT DUE TO MOTOR START-UP.
180 ; -----
181 ;:::XLIST
182 ; DATA TRANSFER RATE SAVE AREA - 40:8B
183 ;
184 ; | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
185 ; |---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
186 ; | | | | | | | |
187 ; | | | | | | | |
188 ; | | | | | | | |
189 ; | | | | | | | |
190 ; | | | | | | | |
191 ; | | | | | | | |
192 ; | | | | | | | |
193 ; | | | | | | | |
194 ; LAST DATA TRANSFER RATE DATA TRANSFER RATE THAT ADAPTER IS
195 ; SENT TO CONTROLLER OPERATION STARTED IN DSP OR COMBO
196 ; (DUAL)
197 ; 00: 500 KBS 00: 500 KBS
198 ; 01: 300 KBS 01: 300 KBS
199 ; 10: 250 KBS 10: 250 KBS
200 ; 11: RESERVED 11: RESERVED
201 ; -----
202 ; DRIVE INDICATORS - 40:8F, DRIVE A - LOW NIBBLE, DRIVE B - HIGH NIBBLE
203 ; - BEFORE RETURNING, DRIVE INFORMATION IS COPIED FROM STATE MACHINE
204 ; LOCATION TO DRIVE INDICATORS PRIOR TO TRANSLATING STATE MACHINE TO
205 ; COMPATIBILITY MODE.
206 ;
207 ;
208 ;
209 ; DRIVE B | 7 | 6 | 5 | 4 |
210 ; |---|---|---|---|
211 ; | | | | |
212 ; | | | | |
213 ; DRIVE A | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
214 ; |---|---|---|---|
215 ; | | | | |
216 ; | | | | |
217 ; | | | | |
218 ; | | | | |
219 ; | | | | |
220 ; | | | | |
221 ; | | | | |
222 ; | | | | |
223 ; | | | | |
224 ; | | | | |
225 ; | | | | |
226 ; | | | | |
227 ; | | | | |
228 ; | | | | |
    
```

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229      ;                                -> RESERVED
230      ;
231      ;-----
232      ;
233      ;.LIST
234      ; DISKETTE STATE MACHINE - ABSOLUTE ADDRESS 40:90 (DRIVE A) & 91 (DRIVE B)
235      ; ::::: ::::: ::::: ::::: ::::: ::::: ::::: ::::: ::::: :::::
236      ;-----
237      ; DURING EXECUTION OF ANY DISKETTE BIOS FUNCTION THE STATE MACHINE WILL
238      ; CONTAIN THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:
239      ;
240      ;
241      ;           MEDIA                                DRIVE
242      ;-----
243      ; | 7 | | 6 | | 5 | | 4 | | 3 | | 2 | | 1 | | 0 |
244      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
245      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
246      ;-----
247      ; | 80 TRACK CAPABILITY
248      ; | (INDEPENDENT OF
249      ; | DRIVE DETERMINED;
250      ; | ALWAYS VALID)
251      ; |
252      ; | -> MULTI DATA RATE FORMAT
253      ; | CAPABILITY (VALID WHEN DRIVE
254      ; | DETERMINED)
255      ; |
256      ; | -> MULTI DATA RATE CAPABILITY
257      ; | DETERMINED (DRIVE DETERMINED)
258      ; |
259      ; | -> RESERVED
260      ; |
261      ; |
262      ; |
263      ; | -> MEDIA DETERMINED/ESTABLISHED
264      ; |
265      ; | -> MEDIA DOUBLE STEPPING REQUIRED (VALID WHEN MEDIA DET.)
266      ; |
267      ; | -> DATA TRANSFER RATE (VALID WHEN MEDIA DETERMINED)
268      ; |
269      ; | 00: 500 KBS
270      ; | 01: 300 KBS
271      ; | 10: 250 KBS
272      ; | 11: RESERVED
273      ; |
274      ; FOR THE SAKE OF COMPATIBILITY WITH PREVIOUS PC SYSTEMS, UPON RETURNING TO
275      ; THE CALLER OF THE DISKETTE BIOS FUNCTION, THE STATE MACHINE WILL CONTAIN
276      ; THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION:
277      ;
278      ;.LIST
279      ;-----
280      ; | 7 | | 6 | | 5 | | 4 | | 3 | | 2 | | 1 | | 0 |
281      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
282      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
283      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
284      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
285      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
286      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
287      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
288      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
289      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
290      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
291      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
292      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
293      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
294      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
295      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
296      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
297      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
298      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
299      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
300      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
301      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
302      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
303      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
304      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
305      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
306      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
307      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
308      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
309      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
310      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
311      ; |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---| |---|
312      ;.LIST
313      ; STATE OPERATION STARTED - ABSOLUTE ADDRESS 40:92 (DRIVE A) & 93 (DRIVE B)
314      ; -----
315      ; PRESENT CYLINDER NUMBER - ABSOLUTE ADDRESS 40:94 (DRIVE A) & 95 (DRIVE B)
316      ; -----
317      SUBTTL (DSK2.ASM)

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SECTION 5

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318                                     PAGE
319
320 MD_STRUC STRUC
321 0000 ?? MD_SPEC1 DB ? ; SRT=D, HD UNLOAD=0F - 1ST SPECIFY BYTE
322 0001 ?? MD_SPEC2 DB ? ; HD LOAD=1, MODE=DMA - 2ND SPECIFY BYTE
323 0002 ?? MD_OFF_TIM DB ? ; WAIT TIME AFTER OPERATION TILL MOTOR OFF
324 0003 ?? MD_BYT_SEC DB ? ; 512 BYTES/SECTOR
325 0004 ?? MD_SEC_TRK DB ? ; EOT ( LAST SECTOR ON TRACK)
326 0005 ?? MD_GAP DB ? ; GAP LENGTH
327 0006 ?? MD_DTL DB ? ; DTL
328 0007 ?? MD_GAP3 DB ? ; GAP LENGTH FOR FORMAT
329 0008 ?? MD_FIL_BYT DB ? ; FILL BYTE FOR FORMAT
330 0009 ?? MD_HD_TIM DB ? ; HEAD SETTLE TIME (MILLISECONDS)
331 000A ?? MD_STR_TIM DB ? ; MOTOR START TIME (1/8 SECONDS)
332 000B ?? MD_MAX_TRK DB ? ; MAX. TRACK NUMBER
333 000C ?? MD_RATE DB ? ; DATA TRANSFER RATE
334 000D MD_STRUC ENDS
335
336 = 007F BITTOFF EQU 7FH
337 = 0080 BITTON EQU 80H
338
339 PUBLIC DISK_INT_1
340 PUBLIC SEEK
341 PUBLIC DSKETTE_SETUP
342 PUBLIC DISKETTE_IO_1
343
344 EXTRN CMOS_READ:NEAR
345 EXTRN DDS:NEAR
346 EXTRN DISK_BASE:NEAR
347 EXTRN WAITF:NEAR
348
349
350 0000 CODE SEGMENT BYTE PUBLIC
351
352 ASSUME CS:CODE,DS:DATA,ES:DATA
353
354 ;-----
355 ; DRIVE TYPE TABLE
356 ;-----
357 0000 01 DR_TYPE DB 01 ; DRIVE TYPE, MEDIA TABLE
358 0001 0012 R DW OFFSET MD_TBL1
359 0003 82 DW 02+BITTON
360 0004 001F R DW OFFSET MD_TBL2
361 0006 02 DR_DEFAULT DB 02
362 0007 002C R DW OFFSET MD_TBL3
363 0009 03 DW 03
364 000A 0039 R DW OFFSET MD_TBL4
365 000C 84 DW 04+BITTON
366 000D 0046 R DW OFFSET MD_TBL5
367 000F 04 DW 04
368 0010 0053 R DW OFFSET MD_TBL6
369 = 0012 DR_TYPE_E = $ ; END OF TABLE
370 = 0006 DR_CNT EQU (DR_TYPE_E-DR_TYPE)/3
371
372 ;-----
373 ; MEDIA/DRIVE PARAMETER TABLES
374 ;-----
375
376 ;-----
377 ; 360 KB MEDIA IN 360 KB DRIVE
378 ;-----
379
380 0012 MD_TBL1 LABEL BYTE
381 0012 0F DB 1101111B ; SRT=D, HD UNLOAD=0F - 1ST SPECIFY BYTE
382 0013 02 DB 2 ; HD LOAD=1, MODE=DMA - 2ND SPECIFY BYTE
383 0014 25 DB MOTOR_WAIT ; WAIT TIME AFTER OPERATION TILL MOTOR OFF
384 0015 02 DB 2 ; 512 BYTES/SECTOR
385 0016 09 DB 09 ; EOT ( LAST SECTOR ON TRACK)
386 0017 2A DB 02AH ; GAP LENGTH
387 0018 FF DB OFFH ; DTL
388 0019 50 DB 050H ; GAP LENGTH FOR FORMAT
389 001A F6 DB 0F6H ; FILL BYTE FOR FORMAT
390 001B 0F DB 15 ; HEAD SETTLE TIME (MILLISECONDS)
391 001C 08 DB 8 ; MOTOR START TIME (1/8 SECONDS)
392 001D 27 DB 39 ; MAX. TRACK NUMBER
393 001E 80 DB RATE_250 ; DATA TRANSFER RATE
394
395 ;-----
396 ; 360 KB MEDIA IN 1.2 MB DRIVE
397 ;-----
398
399 001F MD_TBL2 LABEL BYTE
400 001F 0F DB 1101111B ; SRT=D, HD UNLOAD=0F - 1ST SPECIFY BYTE
401 0020 02 DB 2 ; HD LOAD=1, MODE=DMA - 2ND SPECIFY BYTE
402 0021 25 DB MOTOR_WAIT ; WAIT TIME AFTER OPERATION TILL MOTOR OFF
403 0022 02 DB 2 ; 512 BYTES/SECTOR
404 0023 09 DB 09 ; EOT ( LAST SECTOR ON TRACK)
405 0024 2A DB 02AH ; GAP LENGTH
406 0025 FF DB OFFH ; DTL
407 0026 50 DB 050H ; GAP LENGTH FOR FORMAT
408 0027 F6 DB 0F6H ; FILL BYTE FOR FORMAT
409 0028 0F DB 15 ; HEAD SETTLE TIME (MILLISECONDS)
410 0029 08 DB 8 ; MOTOR START TIME (1/8 SECONDS)
411 002A 27 DB 39 ; MAX. TRACK NUMBER
412 002B 40 DB RATE_300 ; DATA TRANSFER RATE
413
414 ;-----
415 ; 1.2 MB MEDIA IN 1.2 MB DRIVE
416 ;-----
417
418 002C MD_TBL3 LABEL BYTE
419 002C 0F DB 1101111B ; SRT=D, HD UNLOAD=0F - 1ST SPECIFY BYTE
420 002D 02 DB 2 ; HD LOAD=1, MODE=DMA - 2ND SPECIFY BYTE
421 002E 25 DB MOTOR_WAIT ; WAIT TIME AFTER OPERATION TILL MOTOR OFF
422 002F 02 DB 2 ; 512 BYTES/SECTOR
423 0030 0F DB 15 ; EOT ( LAST SECTOR ON TRACK)
424 0031 1B DB 01BH ; GAP LENGTH
425 0032 FF DB OFFH ; DTL
426 0033 54 DB 054H ; GAP LENGTH FOR FORMAT
427 0034 F6 DB 0F6H ; FILL BYTE FOR FORMAT
428 0035 0F DB 15 ; HEAD SETTLE TIME (MILLISECONDS)
429 0036 08 DB 8 ; MOTOR START TIME (1/8 SECONDS)
430 0037 4F DB 79 ; MAX. TRACK NUMBER
431 0038 00 DB RATE_500 ; DATA TRANSFER RATE

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432
433
434
435
436
437 0039
438 0039 DF
439 003A 02
440 003B 25
441 003C 02
442 003D 09
443 003E 2A
444 003F FF
445 0040 50
446 0041 F6
447 0042 0F
448 0043 08
449 0044 4F
450 0045 80
451
452
453
454
455
456 0046
457 0046 DF
458 0047 02
459 0048 25
460 0049 02
461 004A 09
462 004B 2A
463 004C FF
464 004D 50
465 004E F6
466 004F 0F
467 0050 08
468 0051 4F
469 0052 80
470
471
472
473
474
475 0053
476 0053 AF
477 0054 02
478 0055 25
479 0056 02
480 0057 12
481 0058 1B
482 0059 FF
483 005A 6C
484 005B F6
485 005C 0F
486 005D 08
487 005E 4F
488 005F 00
489
490
491 0060
492 0060 FB
493 0061 55
494 0062 57
495 0063 52
496 0064 53
497 0065 51
498 0066 8B EC
499
500
501
502
503
504
505
506
507
508
509
510
511
512 0068 1E
513 0069 56
514 006A E8 0000 E
515 006B 80 FC 19
516 0070 72 02
517 0072 B4 14
518 0074
519 0074 80 FC 01
520 0077 76 0C
521 0079 80 FC 0B
522 007C 74 01
523 007E 80 FA 01
524 0081 76 02
525 0083 B4 14
526 0085
527 0085 8A CC
528 0087 32 ED
529 0089 D0 E1
530 008B BB 00B5 R
531 008E 03 D9
532 0090 8A E6
533 0092 32 F6
534 0094 8B F0
535 0096 8B FA
536 0098 8A 26 0041 R
537 009C C6 06 0041 R 00
538
539
540
541
542
543
544
545

```

```

-----
: 720 KB MEDIA IN 720 KB DRIVE
-----
MD_TBL4 LABEL BYTE
DB 1101111B ; SRT=D, HD UNLOAD=0F - 1ST SPECIFY BYTE
DB 2 ; HD LOAD=1, MODE=DMA - 2ND SPECIFY BYTE
DB MOTOR_WAIT ; WAIT TIME AFTER OPERATION TILL MOTOR OFF
DB 2 ; 512 BYTES/SECTOR
DB 09 ; EOT ( LAST SECTOR ON TRACK)
DB 02AH ; GAP LENGTH
DB 0FFH ; DTL
DB 050H ; GAP LENGTH FOR FORMAT
DB 0F6H ; FILL BYTE FOR FORMAT
DB 15 ; HEAD SETTLE TIME (MILLISECONDS)
DB 8 ; MOTOR START TIME (1/8 SECONDS)
DB 79 ; MAX. TRACK NUMBER
DB RATE_250 ; DATA TRANSFER RATE
-----
: 720 KB MEDIA IN 1.44 MB DRIVE
-----
MD_TBL5 LABEL BYTE
DB 1101111B ; SRT=D, HD UNLOAD=0F - 1ST SPECIFY BYTE
DB 2 ; HD LOAD=1, MODE=DMA - 2ND SPECIFY BYTE
DB MOTOR_WAIT ; WAIT TIME AFTER OPERATION TILL MOTOR OFF
DB 2 ; 512 BYTES/SECTOR
DB 09 ; EOT ( LAST SECTOR ON TRACK)
DB 02AH ; GAP LENGTH
DB 0FFH ; DTL
DB 050H ; GAP LENGTH FOR FORMAT
DB 0F6H ; FILL BYTE FOR FORMAT
DB 15 ; HEAD SETTLE TIME (MILLISECONDS)
DB 8 ; MOTOR START TIME (1/8 SECONDS)
DB 79 ; MAX. TRACK NUMBER
DB RATE_250 ; DATA TRANSFER RATE
-----
: 1.44 MB MEDIA IN 1.44 MB DRIVE
-----
MD_TBL6 LABEL BYTE
DB 1010111B ; SRT=A, HD UNLOAD=0F - 1ST SPECIFY BYTE
DB 2 ; HD LOAD=1, MODE=DMA - 2ND SPECIFY BYTE
DB MOTOR_WAIT ; WAIT TIME AFTER OPERATION TILL MOTOR OFF
DB 2 ; 512 BYTES/SECTOR
DB 18 ; EOT ( LAST SECTOR ON TRACK)
DB 01BH ; GAP LENGTH
DB 0FFH ; DTL
DB 06CH ; GAP LENGTH FOR FORMAT
DB 0F6H ; FILL BYTE FOR FORMAT
DB 15 ; HEAD SETTLE TIME (MILLISECONDS)
DB 8 ; MOTOR START TIME (1/8 SECONDS)
DB 79 ; MAX. TRACK NUMBER
DB RATE_500 ; DATA TRANSFER RATE
-----
DISKETTE_IO_1 PROC FAR ;>>> ENTRY POINT FOR ORG 0EC59H
; INTERRUPTS BACK ON
; USER REGISTER
; USER REGISTER
; HEAD #, DRIVE # OR USER REGISTER
; BUFFER OFFSET PARAMETER OR REGISTER
; TRACK #-SECTOR # OR USER REGISTER
; BP => PARAMETER LIST DEP. ON AH
; [BP] = SECTOR #
; [BP+1] = TRACK #
; [BP+2] = BUFFER OFFSET
; FOR RETURN OF DRIVE PARAMETERS:
; CL/[BP] = BITS 7&6 HI BITS OF MAX CYL
; DI/[BP+5] = MAX HEAD #
; DI/[BP+6] = OFFSET TO DISK BASE
; CH/[BP+1] = LOW 8 BITS OF MAX CYL.
; BL/[BP+2] = BITS 7-4 = 0
; ; BH/[BP+3] = 0
; ; DL/[BP+4] = # DRIVES INSTALLED
; ; DH/[BP+5] = MAX HEAD #
; ; DI/[BP+6] = OFFSET TO DISK BASE
; ; BUFFER SEGMENT PARAM OR USER REGISTER
; ; USER REGISTERS
; ; SEGMENT OF BIOS DATA AREA TO DS
; ; CHECK FOR LARGEST FUNCTION
; ; FUNCTION OK
; ; REPLACE WITH KNOWN INVALID FUNCTION
; ; RESET OR STATUS ?
; ; IF RESET OR STATUS DRIVE ALWAYS OK
; ; READ DRIVE PARAMS ?
; ; IF SO DRIVE CHECKED LATER
; ; DRIVES 0 AND 1 OK
; ; IF 0 OR 1 THEN JUMP
; ; REPLACE WITH KNOWN INVALID FUNCTION
; ; CL = FUNCTION
; ; CX = FUNCTION
; ; FUNCTION TIMES 2
; ; LOAD START OF FUNCTION TABLE
; ; ADD OFFSET INTO TABLE => ROUTINE
; ; AX = HEAD #, # OF SECTORS OR DASD TYPE
; ; DX = DRIVE #
; ; SI = HEAD # # OF SECTORS OR DASD TYPE
; ; DI = DRIVE #
; ; LOAD STATUS TO AH FOR STATUS FUNCTION
; ; INITIALIZE TO ALL OTHERS
; ;
; ; THROUGHOUT THE DISKETTE BIOS, THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION IS CONTAINED IN
; ; THE FOLLOWING MEMORY LOCATIONS AND REGISTERS. NOT ALL DISKETTE BIOS
; ; FUNCTIONS REQUIRE ALL OF THESE PARAMETERS.
; ;
; ; DI : DRIVE #
; ; SI-HI : HEAD #
; ; SI-LOW : # OF SECTORS OR DASD TYPE FOR FORMAT

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SECTION 5

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546 ;
547 ; [BP] ; BUFFER SEGMENT
548 ; [BP+1] ; SECTOR #
549 ; [BP+2] ; TRACK #
550 ; [BP+2] ; BUFFER OFFSET
551 ;
552 ACROSS CALLS TO SUBROUTINES THE CARRY FLAG (CY=1), WHERE INDICATED IN
553 SUBROUTINE PROLOGUES, REPRESENTS AN EXCEPTION RETURN (NORMALLY AN ERROR
554 CONDITION). IN MOST CASES, WHEN CY = 1, *DSKETTE_STATUS CONTAINS THE
555 SPECIFIC ERROR CODE.
556 ; (AH) = *DSKETTE_STATUS
557 ; CALL THE REQUESTED FUNCTION
558 00A1 2E: FF 17 CALL WORD PTR CS:[BX]
559 ; RESTORE ALL REGISTERS
560 00A4 5E POP SI
561 00A5 1F POP DS
562 00A6 59 POP CX
563 00A7 5B POP BX
564 00A8 5A POP DX
565 00A9 5F POP DI
566 00AA 8B EC MOV BP,SP
567 00AC 50 PUSH AX
568 00AD 9C PUSHF
569 00AE 58 POP AX
570 00AF 89 46 06 MOV [BP+6],AX
571 00B3 5D POP BP
572 00B4 CF IRET
573 ;
574 00B5 00E7 R FNC_TAB DW DISK_RESET ; AH = 00; RESET
575 00B7 013C R DW DISK_STATUS ; AH = 01; STATUS
576 00B9 0148 R DW DISK_READ ; AH = 02; READ
577 00BB 0154 R DW DISK_WRITE ; AH = 03; WRITE
578 00BD 0160 R DW DISK_VERIFY ; AH = 04; VERIFY
579 00BF 016C R DW DISK_FORMAT ; AH = 05; FORMAT
580 00C1 01C8 R DW FNC_ERR ; AH = 06; INVALID
581 00C3 01C8 R DW FNC_ERR ; AH = 07; INVALID
582 00C5 01D2 R DW DISK_PARAMS ; AH = 08; READ DRIVE PARAMETERS
583 00C7 01C8 R DW FNC_ERR ; AH = 09; INVALID
584 00C9 01C8 R DW FNC_ERR ; AH = 0A; INVALID
585 00CB 01C8 R DW FNC_ERR ; AH = 0B; INVALID
586 00CD 01C8 R DW FNC_ERR ; AH = 0C; INVALID
587 00CF 01C8 R DW FNC_ERR ; AH = 0D; INVALID
588 00D1 01C8 R DW FNC_ERR ; AH = 0E; INVALID
589 00D3 01C8 R DW FNC_ERR ; AH = 0F; INVALID
590 00D5 01C8 R DW FNC_ERR ; AH = 10; INVALID
591 00D7 01C8 R DW FNC_ERR ; AH = 11; INVALID
592 00D9 01C8 R DW FNC_ERR ; AH = 12; INVALID
593 00DB 01C8 R DW FNC_ERR ; AH = 13; INVALID
594 00DD 01C8 R DW FNC_ERR ; AH = 14; INVALID
595 00DF 028B R DW DISK_TYPE ; AH = 15; READ DASD TYPE
596 00E1 02AD R DW DISK_CHANGE ; AH = 16; CHANGE STATUS
597 00E3 02D8 R DW FORMAT_SET ; AH = 17; SET DASD TYPE
598 00E5 0339 R DW SET_MEDIA ; AH = 18; SET MEDIA TYPE
599 = 00E7 FNC_TAE EQU $
600 00E7 DISKETTE_IO 1 ENDP
601 ;
602 ; DISK_RESET THE DISKETTE SYSTEM.
603 ;
604 ;
605 ; ON EXIT: *DSKETTE_STATUS, CY REFLECT STATUS OF OPERATION
606 ;
607 00E7 DISK_RESET PROC NEAR
608 00E7 BA 03F2 MOV DX,03F2H ; ADAPTER CONTROL PORT
609 00EA FA CL I ; NO INTERRUPTS
610 00EB A4 003F R MOV AL,*MOTOR_STATUS ; GET DIGITAL OUTPUT REGISTER REFLECTION
611 00EE 24 3F AND AL,00111111B ; KEEP SELECTED AND MOTOR ON BITS
612 00F0 C0 C0 C4 R ROL AL,4 ; MOTOR VALUE TO HIGH NIBBLE
613 ; DRIVE SELECT TO LOW NIBBLE
614 00F3 0C 08 OR AL,00001000B ; TURN ON INTERRUPT ENABLE
615 00F5 EE OUT DX,AL ; RESET THE ADAPTER
616 00F6 C6 06 003E R 0 MOV *SEEK_STATUS,0 ; SET RECALIBRATE REQUIRED ON ALL DRIVES
617 00FB EB 00 JMP $+2 ; WAIT FOR I/O
618 00FD EB 00 JMP $+2 ; WAIT FOR I/O (TO INSURE MINIMUM
619 ; PULSE WIDTH)
620 00FF 0C 04 OR AL,00000100B ; TURN OFF RESET BIT
621 0101 EE OUT DX,AL ; RESET THE ADAPTER
622 0102 FB STI ; ENABLE THE INTERRUPTS
623 0103 E8 0A5D R CALL WAIT_INT ; WAIT FOR THE INTERRUPT
624 0106 72 2D JC DR_ERR ; IF ERROR, RETURN IT
625 0108 B9 00C0 MOV CX,11000000B ; CL = EXPECTED *NEC_STATUS
626 ;
627 0108 NXT_DRV:
628 010B 51 PUSH CX ; SAVE FOR CALL
629 010C B8 0134 R MOV AX,OFFSET DR_POP_ERR ; LOAD NEC_OUTPUT ERROR ADDRESS
630 010F 50 PUSH AX ;
631 0110 B4 08 MOV AH,08H ; SENSE INTERRUPT STATUS COMMAND
632 0112 E8 0994 R CALL NEC_OUTPUT ;
633 0115 58 POP AX ; THROW AWAY ERROR RETURN
634 0116 EB 0A85 R CALL RESULTS ; READ IN THE RESULTS
635 0119 59 POP CX ; RESTORE AFTER CALL
636 011A 72 19 JC DR_ERR ; ERROR RETURN
637 011C 3A 0E 0042 R CMP CL,*NEC_STATUS ; TEST FOR DRIVE READY TRANSITION
638 0120 75 13 JNZ DR_ERR ; EVERYTHING OK
639 0122 FE C1 INC CL ; NEXT EXPECTED *NEC_STATUS
640 0124 80 F9 C3 CMP CL,11000011B ; ALL POSSIBLE DRIVES CLEARED
641 0127 76 E2 JBE NXT_DRV ; FALL THRU IF 11000100B OR >
642 ;
643 0129 E8 03CC R CALL SEND_SPEC ; SEND SPECIFY COMMAND TO NEC
644 ;
645 012C RESBAC:
646 012C E8 07F5 R CALL SETUP_END ; VARIOUS CLEANUPS
647 012F 8B DE MOV BX,51 ; GET SAVED AL TO BL
648 0131 8A C3 MOV AL,BL ; PUT BACK FOR RETURN
649 0133 C3 RET
650 ;
651 0134 DR_POP_ERR:
652 0134 59 POP CX ; CLEAR STACK
653 0135 DR_ERR:
654 0135 80 0E 0041 R 20 OR *DSKETTE_STATUS,BAD_NEC ; SET ERROR CODE
655 013A EB F0 JMP ENDR RESBAC ; RETURN FROM RESET
656 013C DISK_RESET ENDP
657 ;
658 ;
659 ; DISK_STATUS
    
```

```

660 ; DISKETTE STATUS. ;
661 ; ON ENTRY: AH = STATUS OF PREVIOUS OPERATION ;
662 ; ;
663 ; ON EXIT: 0DSKETTE_STATUS, CY REFLECT STATUS OF OPERATION ;
664 -----
665 013C DISK_STATUS PROC NEAR
666 013C 88 26 0041 R CALL 0DSKETTE_STATUS,AH ; PUT BACK FOR SETUP_END
667 0140 E8 01F5 R CALL SETUP_END ; VARIOUS CLEANUPS
668 0143 8D DE MOV BX,SI ; GET SAVED AL TO BL
669 0145 8A C3 MOV AL,BL ; PUT BACK FOR RETURN
670 0147 C3 RET
671 0148 DISK_STATUS ENDP
672 -----
673 ; DISK_READ ;
674 ; DISKETTE READ. ;
675 ; ON ENTRY: DI = DRIVE # ;
676 ; SI-HI = HEAD # ;
677 ; SI-LOW = # OF SECTORS ;
678 ; ES = BUFFER SEGMENT ;
679 ; [BP] = SECTOR # ;
680 ; [BP+1] = TRACK # ;
681 ; [BP+2] = BUFFER OFFSET ;
682 ; ;
683 ; ON EXIT: 0DSKETTE_STATUS, CY REFLECT STATUS OF OPERATION ;
684 -----
685 0148 DISK_READ PROC NEAR
686 0148 80 26 003F R 7F AND 0MOTOR_STATUS,01111111B ; INDICATE A READ OPERATION
687 014D B8 E846 MOV AX,0E646H ; AX = NEC COMMAND, DMA COMMAND
688 0150 E8 04A2 R CALL RD_WR_VF ; COMMON READ/WRITE/VERIFY
689 0153 C3 RET
690 0154 DISK_READ ENDP
691 -----
692 ; DISK_WRITE ;
693 ; DISKETTE WRITE. ;
694 ; ON ENTRY: DI = DRIVE # ;
695 ; SI-HI = HEAD # ;
696 ; SI-LOW = # OF SECTORS ;
697 ; ES = BUFFER SEGMENT ;
698 ; [BP] = SECTOR # ;
699 ; [BP+1] = TRACK # ;
700 ; [BP+2] = BUFFER OFFSET ;
701 ; ;
702 ; ON EXIT: 0DSKETTE_STATUS, CY REFLECT STATUS OF OPERATION ;
703 -----
704 0154 DISK_WRITE PROC NEAR
705 0154 B8 C54A MOV AX,0C54AH ; AX = NEC COMMAND, DMA COMMAND
706 0157 80 0E 003F R 80 AND 0MOTOR_STATUS,10000000B ; INDICATE WRITE OPERATION
707 015C E8 04A2 R CALL RD_WR_VF ; COMMON READ/WRITE/VERIFY
708 015F C3 RET
709 0160 DISK_WRITE ENDP
710 -----
711 ; DISK_VERIFY ;
712 ; DISKETTE VERIFY. ;
713 ; ON ENTRY: DI = DRIVE # ;
714 ; SI-HI = HEAD # ;
715 ; SI-LOW = # OF SECTORS ;
716 ; ES = BUFFER SEGMENT ;
717 ; [BP] = SECTOR # ;
718 ; [BP+1] = TRACK # ;
719 ; [BP+2] = BUFFER OFFSET ;
720 ; ;
721 ; ON EXIT: 0DSKETTE_STATUS, CY REFLECT STATUS OF OPERATION ;
722 -----
723 0160 DISK_VERIFY PROC NEAR
724 0160 80 26 003F R 7F AND 0MOTOR_STATUS,01111111B ; INDICATE A READ OPERATION
725 0165 B8 E842 MOV AX,0E842H ; AX = NEC COMMAND, DMA COMMAND
726 0168 E8 04A2 R CALL RD_WR_VF ; COMMON READ/WRITE/VERIFY
727 016B C3 RET
728 016C DISK_VERIFY ENDP
729 -----
730 ; DISK_FORMAT ;
731 ; DISKETTE FORMAT. ;
732 ; ON ENTRY: DI = DRIVE # ;
733 ; SI-HI = HEAD # ;
734 ; SI-LOW = # OF SECTORS ;
735 ; ES = BUFFER SEGMENT ;
736 ; [BP] = SECTOR # ;
737 ; [BP+1] = TRACK # ;
738 ; [BP+2] = BUFFER OFFSET ;
739 ; 0DISK_POINTER POINTS TO THE PARAMETER TABLE OF ;
740 ; THIS DRIVE ;
741 ; ;
742 ; ON EXIT: 0DSKETTE_STATUS, CY REFLECT STATUS OF OPERATION ;
743 -----
744 016C DISK_FORMAT PROC NEAR
745 016C E8 0403 R CALL XLAT_NEW ; TRANSLATE STATE TO PRESENT ARCH.
746 016F E8 058F R CALL FMT_INIT ; ESTABLISH STATE IF UNESTABLISHED
747 0172 80 0E 003F R 80 AND 0MOTOR_STATUS,10000000B ; INDICATE WRITE OPERATION
748 0177 E8 05DD R CALL MED_CHANGE ; CHECK MEDIA CHANGE AND RESET IF SO
749 017A 72 41 JC FM_DON ; MEDIA CHANGED, SKIP
750 017C E8 03CC R CALL SEND_SPEC ; SEND SPECIFY COMMAND TO NEC
751 017F E8 0631 R CALL CHK_LASTRATE ; ZF = 1 ATTEMPT RATE IS SAME AS LAST RATE
752 0182 74 03 JZ FM_WR ; YES, SKIP SPECIFY COMMAND
753 0184 E8 0618 R CALL SEND_RATE ; SEND DATA RATE TO CONTROLLER
754 0187 FM_WR MOV AL,04AH ; WILL WRITE TO THE DISKETTE
755 0187 B0 4A MOV DL,3 ; SET UP THE DMA
756 0189 E8 0641 R CALL DMA_SETUP ; RETURN WITH ERROR
757 018C 72 2F JC FM_DON ; ESTABLISH THE FORMAT COMMAND
758 018E B4 40 MOV AH,040H ; INITIALIZE THE NEC
759 0190 E8 06A1 R CALL NEC_INIT ; ERROR - EXIT
760 0193 72 28 JC FM_DON ; LOAD ERROR ADDRESS
761 0195 B8 01BD R MOV AX,OFFSET FM_DON ; PUSH NEC OUT ERROR RETURN
762 0198 50 PUSH AX ; BYTES/SECTOR VALUE TO NEC
763 0199 B2 03 MOV DL,3 ; SECTORS/TRACK VALUE TO NEC
764 019B E8 08A1 R CALL GET_PARM DL,4 ; GAP LENGTH VALUE TO NEC
765 019E E8 0994 R CALL NEC_OUTPUT DL,4 ; SECTORS/TRACK VALUE TO NEC
766 01A1 92 04 MOV DL,4 ; FILLER BYTE TO NEC
767 01A3 E8 08A1 R CALL GET_PARM DL,4 ; FILLER BYTE TO NEC
768 01A6 E8 0994 R CALL NEC_OUTPUT DL,4 ; FILLER BYTE TO NEC
769 01A9 B2 07 MOV DL,7 ; FILLER BYTE TO NEC
770 01AB E8 08A1 R CALL GET_PARM DL,7 ; FILLER BYTE TO NEC
771 01AE E8 0994 R CALL NEC_OUTPUT DL,7 ; FILLER BYTE TO NEC
772 01B1 B2 08 MOV DL,8 ; FILLER BYTE TO NEC
773 01B3 E8 08A1 R CALL GET_PARM DL,8 ; FILLER BYTE TO NEC

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SECTION 5



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774 01B6 E8 0994 R      CALL   NEC_OUTPUT
775 01B9 58             POP    AX
776 01BA E8 06FC R      CALL   NEC_TERM          ; THROW AWAY ERROR
777 01BD             FM_DONE:
778 01BD E8 0429 R      CALL   XLAT_OLD          ; TRANSLATE STATE TO COMPATIBLE MODE
779 01C0 E8 07F5 R      CALL   SETUP_END        ; VARIOUS CLEANUPS
780 01C3 8B DE         MOV    BX,S1            ; GET SAVED AL TO BL
781 01C5 8A C3         MOV    AL,BL           ; PUT BACK FOR RETURN
782 01C7 C3           RET
783 01C8             DISK_FORMAT  ENDP
784
785 -----
786 ; FNC_ERR
787 ; INVALID FUNCTION REQUESTED OR INVALID DRIVE;
788 ; SET BAD COMMAND IN STATUS.
789 ;
790 ; ON EXIT:  *DSKETTE_STATUS, CY REFLECT STATUS OF OPERATION
791
792 FNC_ERR PROC  NEAR          ; INVALID FUNCTION REQUEST
793             MOV    AX,S1            ; RESTORE AL
794             MOV    AH,BAD_CMD       ; SET BAD COMMAND ERROR
795             MOV    *DSKETTE_STATUS,AH ; STORE IN DATA AREA
796             STC                     ; SET CARRY INDICATING ERROR
797             RET
798 FNC_ERR ENDP
799 -----
800 ; DISK_PARMs
801 ; READ DRIVE PARAMETERS.
802 ; ON ENTRY:
803 ; DI = DRIVE #
804 ; ON EXIT:
805 ; CL/[BP] = BITS 7 & 6 HIGH 2 BITS OF MAX CYLINDER
806 ;          = BITS 0-5 MAX SECTORS/TRACK
807 ; CH/[BP+1] = LOW 8 BITS OF MAX CYLINDER
808 ; BL/[BP+2] = BITS 7-4 = 0
809 ;          = BITS 3-0 = VALID CMOS DRIVE TYPE
810 ; BH/[BP+3] = 0
811 ; DL/[BP+4] = # DRIVES INSTALLED
812 ; DH/[BP+5] = MAX HEAD #
813 ; DI/[BP+6] = OFFSET OF MEDIA/DRIVE PARAMETER TABLE
814 ; ES = SEGMENT OF MEDIA/DRIVE PARAMETER TABLE
815 ; AX = 0
816 ;
817 ; NOTE : THE ABOVE INFORMATION IS STORED IN THE USERS STACK AT
818 ; THE LOCATIONS WHERE THE MAIN ROUTINE WILL POP THEM
819 ; INTO THE APPROPRIATE REGISTERS BEFORE RETURNING TO THE
820 ; CALLER.
821 -----
822 01D2             DISK_PARMs  PROC  NEAR
823 01D2 E8 0403 R      CALL   XLAT_NEW          ; TRANSLATE STATE TO PRESENT ARCH.
824 01D5 C7 46 02 0000 MOV    WORD PTR [BP+2],0 ; DRIVE TYPE = 0
825 01DA A1 0010 R      MOV    AX,0EQUIP_FLAG   ; LOAD EQUIPMENT FLAG FOR # DISKETTES
826 01DD 24 C1         AND    AL,11000001B     ; KEEP DISKETTE DRIVE BITS
827 01DF B2 02         MOV    DL,2            ; DISKETTE DRIVES = 2
828 01E1 3C 41         CMP    AL,01000001B    ; 2 DRIVES INSTALLED ?
829 01E3 74 06         JZ    STO_DL           ; IF YES JUMP
830
831 01E5 FE CA         DEC    DL              ; DISKETTE DRIVES = 1
832 01E7 3C 01         CMP    AL,00000001B    ; 1 DRIVE INSTALLED ?
833 01E9 75 6A         JNZ   NON_DRV         ; IF NO JUMP
834
835 STO_DL:
836             MOV    [BP+4],DL       ; STORE NUMBER OF DRIVES
837             CMP    DI,1           ; CHECK FOR VALID DRIVE
838             JA    NON_DRV        ; DRIVE INVALID
839             MOV    BYTE PTR [BP+5],1 ; MAXIMUM HEAD NUMBER = 1
840             CALL   CMOS_TYPE     ; RETURN DRIVE TYPE IN AL
841             JC    CHK_EST        ; ON CMOS BAD CHECK ESTABLISHED
842             OR    AL,AL          ; TEST FOR NO DRIVE TYPE
843             JUMP  IF_SO         ; JUMP IF SO
844             CALL   DR_TYPE_CHECK  ; RTN CS:BX = MEDIA/DRIVE PARAM TBL
845             JC    CHK_EST        ; TYPE NOT IN TABLE (POSSIBLE BAD CMOS)
846             MOV    *STO_DL,AL    ; STORE VALID CMOS DRIVE TYPE
847             MOV    CL,CS:[BX].MD_SEC_TRK ; GET SECTOR/TRACK
848             MOV    CH,CS:[BX].MD_MAX_TRK ; GET MAX. TRACK NUMBER
849             JMP    SHORT STO_CX   ; CMOS GOOD, USE CMOS
850
851 CHK_EST:
852             MOV    AH,*DSK_STATE[DI] ; LOAD STATE FOR THIS DRIVE
853             TEST   AH,MED_DET       ; CHECK FOR ESTABLISHED STATE
854             JZ    NON_DRV         ; CMOS BAD/INVALID AND UNESTABLISHED
855
856 USE_EST:
857             AND   AH,RATE_MSK      ; ISOLATE STATE
858             CMP   AH,RATE_250     ; RATE 250 ?
859             JNE   USE_EST2        ; NO, GO CHECK OTHER RATE
860
861 ;--- DATA RATE IS 250 KBS, TRY 360 KB TABLE FIRST
862
863             MOV    AL,01          ; DRIVE TYPE 1 (360KB)
864             CALL   DR_TYPE_CHECK   ; RTN CS:BX = MEDIA/DRIVE PARAM TBL
865             MOV    CL,CS:[BX].MD_SEC_TRK ; GET SECTOR/TRACK
866             MOV    CH,CS:[BX].MD_MAX_TRK ; GET MAX. TRACK NUMBER
867             TEST   *DSK_STATE[DI],TRK_CAPA ; 80 TRACK ?
868             JZ    STO_CX         ; MUST BE 360KB DRIVE
869
870 ;--- IT IS 1.44 MB DRIVE
871
872 PARM144:
873             MOV    AL,04          ; DRIVE TYPE 4 (1.44MB)
874             CALL   DR_TYPE_CHECK   ; RTN CS:BX = MEDIA/DRIVE PARAM TBL
875             MOV    CL,CS:[BX].MD_SEC_TRK ; GET SECTOR/TRACK
876             MOV    CH,CS:[BX].MD_MAX_TRK ; GET MAX. TRACK NUMBER
877
878 STO_CX:
879             MOV    [BP],CX        ; SAVE IN STACK FOR RETURN
880
881 ES_DI:
882             MOV    [BP+6],BX      ; ADDRESS OF MEDIA/DRIVE PARAM TABLE
883             MOV    AX,CS         ; SEGMENT MEDIA/DRIVE PARAMETER TABLE
884             MOV    ES,AX         ; ES IS SEGMENT OF TABLE
885
886 DP_OUT:
887             CALL   XLAT_OLD        ; TRANSLATE STATE TO COMPATIBLE MODE
888             XOR   AX,AX          ; CLEAR
889             CLC

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888 0254 C3          RET
889
890                ;----- NO DRIVE PRESENT HANDLER
891
892 0255             NON_DRV:  MOV     BYTE PTR [BP+4],0      ; CLEAR NUMBER OF DRIVES
893 0255 C6 46 04 00
894
895 0259             NON_DRV1:  CMP     DI,80H          ; CHECK FOR FIXED MEDIA TYPE REQUEST
896 0259 81 FF 0080  JMB     NON_DRV2        ; CONTINUE IF NOT REQUEST FALL THROUGH
897 025D 72 09
898
899                ;----- FIXED DISK REQUEST FALL THROUGH ERROR
900
901 025F E8 0429 R    CALL    XLAT_OLD        ; ELSE TRANSLATE TO COMPATIBLE MODE
902 0262 8B C6       MOV     AX,SI          ; RESTORE AL
903 0264 B4 01       MOV     AH,BAD_CMD      ; SET BAD COMMAND ERROR
904 0266 F9         STC                    ; SET ERROR RETURN CODE
905 0267 C3         RET
906
907 0268             NON_DRV2:  XOR     AX,AX          ; CLEAR PARMS IF NO DRIVES OR CMOS BAD
908 0268 33 C0       MOV     [BP],AX         ; RTN CS:BX = MEDIA/DRIVE PARAM TBL
909 026A 89 46 00    MOV     [BP+5],AH       ; TRACKS, SECTORS/TRACK = 0
910 026D 88 66 05    MOV     [BP+6],AX       ; HEAD = 0
911 0270 89 46 06    MOV     [BP+6],AX       ; OFFSET TO DISK_BASE = 0
912 0273 8E C0       MOV     ST0,CX          ; ES IS SEGMENT OF TABLE
913 0275 EB D7       JMP     SHORT DP_OUT
914
915                ;--- DATA RATE IS EITHER 300 KBS OR 500 KBS, TRY 1.2 MB TABLE FIRST
916
917 0277             USE_EST2:  MOV     DL,02           ; DRIVE TYPE 2 (1.2MB)
918 0277 B0 02       CALL    DR_TYPE_CHK     ; RTN CS:BX = MEDIA/DRIVE PARAM TBL
919 0279 EB 03AC R    CALL    CL_CS:[BX].MD_SEC_TRK ; GET SECTOR/TRACK
920 027C 2E: 8A 4F 04 MOV     CH,CS:[BX].MD_MAX_TRK ; GET MAX. TRACK NUMBER
921 0280 2E: 8A 6F 0B MOV     AH,RATE_300     ; RATE 300 ?
922 0284 80 FC 40    CMP     JZ             MUST_BE_1_2MB_DRIVE
923 0287 74 8B       JMC     SHORT PARM144   ; ELSE, IT IS 1.44MB DRIVE
924 0289 EB AC
925
926 028B             DISK_PARMS  ENDP
927
928
929                ;-----
930                ; DISK_TYPE
931                ; THIS ROUTINE RETURNS THE TYPE OF MEDIA INSTALLED.
932                ; ON ENTRY:  DI = DRIVE #
933                ; ON EXIT:  AH = DRIVE TYPE, CY=0
934                ;-----
935 028B             DISK_TYPE  PROC  NEAR
936 028B E8 0403 R    CALL    XLAT_NEW        ; TRANSLATE STATE TO PRESENT ARCH.
937 028E 8A 85 0090 R MOV     AL,@DSK_STATE[DI] ; GET PRESENT STATE INFORMATION
938 0292 0A C0       OR     JZ             NO_DRV ; CHECK FOR NO DRIVE
939 0294 74 13       JZ     NO_DRV
940 0296 B4 01       MOV     AH,NOCHGLN     ; NO CHANGE LINE FOR 40 TRACK DRIVE
941 0298 A8 01       TEST   AL,TRK_CAPA    ; IS THIS DRIVE AN 80 TRACK DRIVE?
942 029A 74 02       JZ     DT_BACK        ; IF NO JUMP
943 029C B4 02       MOV     AH,CHGLN      ; CHANGE LINE FOR 80 TRACK DRIVE
944
945 029E             DT_BACK:   PUSH   AX              ; SAVE RETURN VALUE
946 029E 50         CALL    XLAT_OLD        ; TRANSLATE STATE TO COMPATIBLE MODE
947 029F E8 0429 R    POP    AX              ; RESTORE RETURN VALUE
948 02A2 58         CLC                    ; NO ERROR
949 02A3 F8         MOV     BX,SI          ; GET SAVED AL TO BL
950 02A4 8B DE       MOV     MOV     AL,BL   ; PUT BACK FOR RETURN
951 02A6 8A C3
952 02A8 C3
953 02A9             NO_DRV:   XOR     AH,AH          ; NO DRIVE PRESENT OR UNKNOWN
954 02A9 32 E4       JMP     SHORT DT_BACK
955 02AB EB F1
956 02AD
957
958                ;-----
959                ; DISK_CHANGE
960                ; THIS ROUTINE RETURNS THE STATE OF THE DISK CHANGE LINE.
961                ; ON ENTRY:  DI = DRIVE #
962                ; ON EXIT:  AH = @DSKETTE_STATUS
963                ; 00 - DISK CHANGE LINE INACTIVE, CY = 0
964                ; 06 - DISK CHANGE LINE ACTIVE, CY = 1
965                ;-----
966 02AD             DISK_CHANGE  PROC  NEAR
967 02AD E8 0403 R    CALL    XLAT_NEW        ; TRANSLATE STATE TO PRESENT ARCH.
968 02B0 8A 85 0090 R MOV     AL,@DSK_STATE[DI] ; GET MEDIA STATE INFORMATION
969 02B4 0A C0       OR     AL,AL          ; DRIVE PRESENT ?
970 02B6 74 19       JZ     DC_NON         ; JUMP IF NO DRIVE
971 02B8 B8 01       TEST   AL,TRK_CAPA    ; 80 TRACK DRIVE ?
972 02BA 74 05       JZ     SETIT          ; IF SO, CHECK CHANGE LINE
973 02BC 74 05
974
975 02BC E8 0AC4 R    DC0:  CALL    READ_DSKCHNG  ; GO CHECK STATE OF DISK CHANGE LINE
976 02BF 74 05       JZ     CHANGE_LINE_NOT_ACTIVE
977
978 02C1 C6 06 0041 R 06 SETIT:  MOV     @DSKETTE_STATUS,MEDIA_CHANGE ; INDICATE MEDIA REMOVED
979
980 02C6 E8 0429 R    FINIS:  CALL    XLAT_OLD        ; TRANSLATE STATE TO COMPATIBLE MODE
981 02C9 E8 07F5 R    CALL    SETUP_END      ; VARIOUS CLEANUPS
982 02CC 8B DE       MOV     BX,SI          ; GET SAVED AL TO BL
983 02CE 8A C3       MOV     AL,BL          ; PUT BACK FOR RETURN
984 02D0 C3
985
986 02D1             DC_NON:   OR     @DSKETTE_STATUS,TIME_OUT ; SET TIMEOUT, NO DRIVE
987 02D1 80 0E 0041 R 80 JMP     SHORT FINIS
988 02D6 EB EE
989 02D8
990
991                ;-----
992                ; FORMAT SET
993                ; THIS ROUTINE IS USED TO ESTABLISH THE TYPE OF
994                ; MEDIA TO BE USED FOR THE FOLLOWING FORMAT OPERATION.
995                ; ON ENTRY:  SI LOW = DASD TYPE FOR FORMAT
996                ; DI = DRIVE #
997                ; ON EXIT:  @DSKETTE_STATUS REFLECTS STATUS
998                ; AH = @DSKETTE_STATUS
999                ; CY = 1 IF ERROR
1000
1001

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1002 ;-----
1003 02DB ;
1004 02DB EB 0403 R ; FORMAT_SET PROC NEAR
1005 02DB 56 ; CALL XLAT_NEW ; TRANSLATE STATE TO PRESENT ARCH.
1006 02DC 8B C6 ; PUSH SI ; SAVE DASD TYPE
1007 02DE 32 E4 ; MOV AX,S1 ; AH = ?, AL = DASD TYPE
1008 02E0 8B F0 ; XOR AH,AH ; AH = 0, AL = DASD TYPE
1009 02E2 80 A5 0090 R 0F ; MOV SI,AX ; SI = DASD TYPE
1010 02E7 4E ; AND ; *DSK_STATE[D1],NOT MED_DET+DBL_STEP+RATE_MSK ; CLEAR STATE
1011 02EB 75 07 ; DEC SI ; CHECK FOR 320/360K MEDIA & DRIVE
1012 02EA 80 8D 0090 R 90 ; JNZ NOT_320 ; BYPASS IF NOT
1013 02EF EB 37 ; OR ; *DSK_STATE[D1],MED_DET+RATE_250 ; SET TO 320/360
1014 JMP SHORT S0
1015 02F1 ;
1016 02F1 EB 05DD R ; NOT_320: CALL MED_CHANGE ; CHECK FOR TIME_OUT
1017 02F4 80 3E 0041 R 80 ; CMP ; *DSKETTE_STATUS,TIME_OUT
1018 02F9 74 2D ; JZ ; IF TIME OUT TELL CALLER
1019 ;
1020 02FB 4E ; S3: DEC SI ; CHECK FOR 320/360K IN 1.2M DRIVE
1021 02FC 75 07 ; JNZ NOT_320_12 ; BYPASS IF NOT
1022 02FE 80 8D 0090 R 70 ; OR ; *DSK_STATE[D1],MED_DET+DBL_STEP+RATE_300 ; SET STATE
1023 0303 EB 23 ; JMP SHORT S0 ; RETURN TO CALLER
1024 ;
1025 0305 ;
1026 0305 4E ; NOT_320_12: DEC SI ; CHECK FOR 1.2M MEDIA IN 1.2M DRIVE
1027 0306 75 07 ; JNZ NOT_12 ; BYPASS IF NOT
1028 0308 80 8D 0090 R 10 ; OR ; *DSK_STATE[D1],MED_DET+RATE_600 ; SET STATE VARIABLE
1029 030D EB 19 ; JMP SHORT S0 ; RETURN TO CALLER
1030 ;
1031 030F ;
1032 030F 4E ; NOT_12: DEC SI ; CHECK FOR SET DASD TYPE 04
1033 0310 75 20 ; JNZ FS_ERR ; BAD COMMAND EXIT IF NOT VALID TYPE
1034 ;
1035 0312 F6 85 0090 R 04 ; TEST ; *DSK_STATE[D1],DRV_DET ; DRIVE DETERMINED ?
1036 0317 74 09 ; JZ ASSUME ; IF STILL NOT DETERMINED ASSUME
1037 0319 80 50 ; MOV AL,MED_DET+RATE_300
1038 031B F6 85 0090 R 02 ; TEST ; *DSK_STATE[D1],FMT_CAPA ; MULTIPLE FORMAT CAPABILITY ?
1039 0320 75 02 ; JNZ ; OR !F 1.2 M THEN DATA RATE 300
1040 ;
1041 0322 ; ASSUME: MOV AL,MED_DET+RATE_250 ; SET UP
1042 0322 80 90 ;
1043 ;
1044 0324 ;
1045 0324 08 85 0090 R ; OR_IT_IN: OR ; *DSK_STATE[D1],AL ; OR IN THE CORRECT STATE
1046 ;
1047 0328 ; S0: CALL XLAT_OLD ; TRANSLATE STATE TO COMPATIBLE MODE
1048 0328 EB 0429 R ; CALL SETUP_END ; VARIOUS CLEANUPS
1049 032B EB 07F5 R ; CALL POP ; GET SAVED AL TO BL
1050 032E 5B ; MOV AL,BL ; PUT BACK FOR RETURN
1051 032F 8A C3 ; RET
1052 0331 C3 ;
1053 ;
1054 0332 ; FS_ERR: MOV ; *DSKETTE_STATUS,BAD_CMD ; UNKNOWN STATE,BAD COMMAND
1055 0332 C6 06 0041 R 01 ; MOV ; SHORT S0
1056 0337 EB EF ; JMP
1057 ;
1058 0339 ; FORMAT_SET ENDP
1059 ;
1060 ;-----
1061 ; SET_MEDIA ;
1062 ; THIS ROUTINE SETS THE TYPE OF MEDIA AND DATA RATE ;
1063 ; TO BE USED FOR THE FOLLOWING FORMAT OPERATION. ;
1064 ; ON ENTRY: ;
1065 ; [BP] = SECTOR PER TRACK ;
1066 ; [BP+1] = TRACK # ;
1067 ; DI = DRIVE # ;
1068 ; ON EXIT: ;
1069 ; *DSKETTE_STATUS REFLECTS STATUS ;
1070 ; IF NO ERROR: ;
1071 ; AH = 0 ;
1072 ; CY = 0 ;
1073 ; ES = SEGMENT OF MEDIA/DRIVE PARAMETER TABLE ;
1074 ; DI/[BP+6] = OFFSET OF MEDIA/DRIVE PARAMETER TABLE ;
1075 ; IF ERROR: ;
1076 ; AH = *DSKETTE_STATUS ;
1077 ; CY = 1 ;
1078 ;-----
1079 0339 ; SET_MEDIA PROC NEAR
1080 0339 EB 0403 R ; CALL XLAT_NEW ; TRANSLATE STATE TO PRESENT ARCH.
1081 033C EB 0888 R ; CALL CMOS_TYPE ; RETURN DRIVE TYPE IN (AL)
1082 033F 12 3F ; JC SM_ASSUME ; ERROR IN CMOS
1083 0341 0A C0 ; OR AL,TAL ; TEST FOR NO DRIVE
1084 0343 74 60 ; JZ SM_RTN ; RETURN IF SO
1085 0345 EB 03AC R ; CALL DR_TYPE_CHECK ; RTN CS:BX = MEDIA/DRIVE PARAM TBL
1086 0348 12 36 ; JC SM_ASSUME ; TYPE NOT IN TABLE (BAD CMOS)
1087 034A 57 ; PUSH DI ; SAVE REG.
1088 034B 33 DB ; XOR BX,BX ; BX = INDEX TO DR_TYPE TABLE
1089 034D B9 0006 ; MOV CX,DR_CNT ; CX = LOOP COUNT
1090 0350 ;
1091 0350 2E: 8A A7 0000 R ; DR_SEARCH: MOV AH,CS:DR_TYPE[BX] ; GET DRIVE TYPE
1092 0355 80 E4 7F ; AND AH,BITTOFF ; MASK OUT MSB
1093 0358 3A C4 ; MOV AH,AX ; GET DRIVE TYPE MATCH ?
1094 035A 75 17 ; JNE NXT_MD ; NO, CHECK NEXT DRIVE TYPE
1095 035C ;
1096 035C 2E: 8B BF 0001 R ; DR_FND: MOV DI,CS:WORD PTR DR_TYPE[BX+1] ; DI = MEDIA/DRIVE PARAMETER TABLE
1097 0361 ;
1098 0361 2E: 8A 65 04 ; MD_SEARCH: MOV AH,CS:[D1].MD_SEC_TRK ; GET SECTOR/TRACK
1099 0365 38 66 00 ; CMP [BP],AH ; MATCH ?
1100 0366 75 09 ; JNE NXT_MD ; NO, CHECK NEXT MEDIA
1101 036A 2E: 8A 65 0B ; MOV AH,CS:[D1].MD_MAX_TRK ; GET MAX. TRACK #
1102 036E 38 66 01 ; CMP [BP+1],AH ; MATCH ?
1103 0371 74 15 ; JE MD_FND ; YES, GO GET RATE
1104 0373 ;
1105 0373 83 C3 03 ; NXT_MD: ADD BX,3 ; CHECK NEXT DRIVE TYPE
1106 0376 E2 D8 ; LOOP DR_SEARCH
1107 0378 C6 06 0041 R 0C ; OR ; *DSKETTE_STATUS,MED_NOT_FND ; ERROR, MEDIA TYPE NOT FOUND
1108 037D 5F ; POP DI ; RESTORE REG.
1109 037E EB 25 ; JMP SHORT SM_RTN ; RETURN
1110 ;
1111 0380 ; SM_ASSUME: MOV ; RESET LOOP COUNT
1112 0380 B9 0006 ; MOV BX,BX ; START AT TOP OF TABLE
1113 0383 33 DB ; XOR BX,BX ;
1114 0385 57 ; PUSH DI ; SAVE REG.
1115 0386 EB D4 ; JMP SHORT DR_FND

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1116
1117 0388 MD_FND:
1118 0388 2E: 8A 45 0C      MOV     AL,CS:[DI].MD_RATE      ; GET RATE
1119 038C 3C 40            CRP     AL,RATE_300            ; DOUBLE STEP REQUIRED FOR RATE 300
1120 038E 75 02          JNE     MD_SET                ;
1121 0390 0C 20          MOV     AL,DBL_STEP           ;
1122 0392 MD_SET:
1123 0392 89 7E 06      MOV     [BP+6],DI              ; SAVE TABLE POINTER IN STACK
1124 0395 0C 10          OR     AL,MED_DET             ; SET MEDIA ESTABLISHED
1125 0397 5F            POP     DI                    ; RESTORE REG.
1126 0398 80 A5 0090 R OF AND     #DSK_STATE[DI],NOT MED_DET+DBL_STEP+RATE_MSK ; CLEAR STATE
1127 039D 08 85 0090 R OR     #DSK_STATE[DI],AL      ; SET STATE
1128 03A1 8C C8          MOV     AX,CS                 ; SEGMENT MEDIA/DRIVE PARAMETER TABLE
1129 03A3 8E C0          MOV     ES,AX                ; ES IS SEGMENT OF TABLE
1130 03A5 SM_RTN:
1131 03A5 E8 0429 R      CALL    XLAT_OLD              ; TRANSLATE STATE TO COMPATIBLE MODE
1132 03A8 E8 07F5 R      CALL    SETUP_END            ; VARIOUS CLEANUPS
1133 03AB C3            RET
1134 03AC SET_MEDIA ENDP
1135
1136 ;-----
1137 ; DR_TYPE_CHECK
1138 ; CHECK IF THE GIVEN DRIVE TYPE IN REGISTER (AL)
1139 ; IS SUPPORTED IN BIOS DRIVE TYPE TABLE
1140 ;
1141 ; ON ENTRY:
1142 ; AL = DRIVE TYPE
1143 ;
1144 ; ON EXIT:
1145 ; CS = SEGMENT OF MEDIA/DRIVE PARAMETER TABLE (CODE)
1146 ; CY = 0 DRIVE TYPE SUPPORTED
1147 ; BX = OFFSET TO MEDIA/DRIVE PARAMETER TABLE
1148 ; CX = DRIVE TYPE NOT SUPPORTED
1149 ; REGISTERS ALTERED: BX
1149 03AC DR_TYPE_CHECK PROC NEAR
1150 03AC 50          PUSH   AX
1151 03AD 51          PUSH   CX
1152 03AE 33 DB      XOR    BX,BX                 ; BX = INDEX TO DR_TYPE TABLE
1153 03B0 B9 0006    MOV    CX,DR_CNT             ; CX = LOOP COUNT
1154 03B3 TYPE_CHK:
1155 03B3 2E: 8A A7 0000 R MOV    AH,CS:DR_TYPE[BX]     ; GET DRIVE TYPE
1156 03B8 3A C4      CMP    AL,AH                 ; DRIVE TYPE MATCH ?
1157 03BA 74 08      JE     DR_TYPE_VALID         ; YES, RETURN WITH CARRY RESET
1158 03BC 83 C3 03   ADD    BX,3                  ; CHECK NEXT DRIVE TYPE
1159 03BF E2 F2      LOOP  TYPE_CHK              ;
1160 03C1 F9          STC                          ; DRIVE TYPE NOT FOUND IN TABLE
1161 03C2 E8 05      JMP    DR_TYPE_VALID        ;
1162 03C4 DR_TYPE_VALID:
1163 03C4 2E: 8B 9F 0001 R MOV    BX,CS:WORD PTR DR_TYPE[BX+1] ; BX = MEDIA TABLE
1164 03C9 TYPE_RTN:
1165 03C9 59          POP    CX
1166 03CA 58          POP    AX
1167 03CB C3            RET
1168 03CC DR_TYPE_CHECK ENDP
1169
1170 ;-----
1171 ; SEND_SPEC
1172 ; SEND THE SPECIFY COMMAND TO CONTROLLER USING DATA FROM:
1173 ; THE DRIVE PARAMETER TABLE POINTED BY #DISK_POINTER
1174 ;
1175 ; ON ENTRY: #DISK_POINTER = DRIVE PARAMETER TABLE
1176 ; ON EXIT: NONE
1177 ; REGISTERS ALTERED: CX, DX
1178 03CC SEND_SPEC PROC NEAR
1179 03CC 50          PUSH   AX
1180 03CD B8 03E7 R    MOV    AX,OFFSET_SPECBAC    ; SAVE AX
1181 03D0 50          PUSH   AX                    ; LOAD ERROR ADDRESS
1182 03D1 B4 03      MOV    AH,03H               ; PUSH NEC_OUT ERROR RETURN
1183 03D3 E8 0994 R CALL   NEC_OUTPUT            ; SPECIFY COMMAND
1184 03D6 24 02      SUB    DL,DL                 ; OUTPUT THE COMMAND
1185 03D8 E8 08A1 R CALL   GET_PARM              ; FIRST SPECIFY BYTE
1186 03DB E8 0994 R CALL   NEC_OUTPUT            ; GET PARAMETER TO AH
1187 03DE B6 01      MOV    DI,1                 ; OUTPUT THE COMMAND
1188 03E0 E8 08A1 R CALL   GET_PARM              ; SECOND SPECIFY BYTE
1189 03E3 E8 0994 R CALL   NEC_OUTPUT            ; GET PARAMETER TO AH
1190 03E6 58          POP    AX                   ; OUTPUT THE COMMAND
1191 03E7 58          POP    AX                   ; POP ERROR RETURN
1192 03E7 58          POP    AX                   ; RESTORE ORIGINAL AX VALUE
1193 03E8 C3            RET
1194 03E9 SEND_SPEC ENDP
1195
1196 ;-----
1197 ; SEND_SPEC MD
1198 ; SEND THE SPECIFY COMMAND TO CONTROLLER USING DATA FROM:
1199 ; THE MEDIA/DRIVE PARAMETER TABLE POINTED BY (CS:BX)
1200 ;
1201 ; ON ENTRY: CS:BX = MEDIA/DRIVE PARAMETER TABLE
1202 ; ON EXIT: NONE
1203 ; REGISTERS ALTERED: AX
1204 03E9 SEND_SPEC MD PROC NEAR
1205 03E9 50          PUSH   AX
1206 03EA B8 0401 R MOV    AX,OFFSET_SPEC_ESBAC  ; SAVE RATE DATA
1207 03ED 50          PUSH   AX                    ; LOAD ERROR ADDRESS
1208 03EE B4 03      MOV    AH,03H               ; PUSH NEC_OUT ERROR RETURN
1209 03F0 E8 0994 R CALL   NEC_OUTPUT            ; SPECIFY COMMAND
1210 03F3 2E: 8A 27    MOV    AH,CS:[BX].MD_SPEC1   ; OUTPUT THE COMMAND
1211 03F6 E8 0994 R CALL   NEC_OUTPUT            ; GET 1ST SPECIFY BYTE
1212 03F9 2E: 8A 67 01 MOV    AH,CS:[BX].MD_SPEC2   ; OUTPUT THE COMMAND
1213 03FD E8 0994 R CALL   NEC_OUTPUT            ; GET SECOND SPECIFY BYTE
1214 0400 58          POP    AX                   ; OUTPUT THE COMMAND
1215 0401 58          POP    AX                   ; POP ERROR RETURN
1216 0401 58          POP    AX                   ; RESTORE RATE
1217 0402 C3            RET
1218 0403 SEND_SPEC MD ENDP
1219
1220 ;-----
1221 ; XKAT_NEW
1222 ; TRANSLATES DISKETTE STATE LOCATIONS FROM COMPATIBLE
1223 ; MODE TO NEW ARCHITECTURE.
1224 ;
1225 ; ON ENTRY: DI = DRIVE
1226 0403 XLAT_NEW PROC NEAR
1227 0403 43 FF 01      CMP    DI,1                 ; VALID DRIVE ?
1228 0406 77 1C      JA     XN_OUT                ; IF INVALID BACK
1229 0408 80 BD 0090 R CMP    #DSK_STATE[DI],0     ; NO DRIVE ?

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SECTION 5

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1230 040D 74 16      JZ      DO_DET          ; IF NO DRIVE ATTEMPT DETERMINE
1231 040F BB CF      MOV     CX,D1           ; CX = DRIVE NUMBER
1232 0411 C0 E1 02   SHL     CL,2           ; CL = SHIFT COUNT, A=0, B=4
1233 0414 A0 00BF R  MOV     AL,#HF_CNTRL  ; DRIVE INFORMATION
1234 0417 D2 C8      ROR     AL,CL          ; TO LOW NIBBLE
1235 0419 24 07      AND     AL,DRV_DET+fmt_capa+trk_capa ; KEEP DRIVE BITS
1236 041B 80 A5 0090 R F8  OR      #DSK_STATE[D1],NOT DRV_DET+fmt_capa+trk_capa
1237 0420 08 85 0090 R  OR      #DSK_STATE[D1],AL ; UPDATE DRIVE STATE
1238 0424             XN_OUT:
1239 0424 C3          RET
1240
1241 0425             DO_DET:
1242 0425 E8 0ACE R    CALL    DRIVE_DET      ; TRY TO DETERMINE
1243 0428 C3          RET
1244
1245 0429             XLAT_NEW      ENDP
-----
1246             ; XLAT_OLD
1247             ; TRANSLATES DISKETTE STATE LOCATIONS FROM NEW
1248             ; ARCHITECTURE TO COMPATIBLE MODE.
1249             ;
1250             ; ON ENTRY:  DI = DRIVE
1251             ;
-----
1252             XLAT_OLD      PROC      NEAR
1253 0429             DI,1           ; VALID DRIVE ?
1254 0429 83 FF 01    CMP     JX,XO_OUT      ; IF INVALID BACK
1255 042C 71 73       CMP     #DSK_STATE[D1],0 ; NO DRIVE ?
1256 042E 80 B0 0090 R 00  JZ      XO_OUT         ; IF NO DRIVE TRANSLATE DONE
1257 0433 74 6C
1258
1259             ;----- TEST FOR SAVED DRIVE INFORMATION ALREADY SET
1260
1261 0435 BB CF      MOV     CX,D1           ; CX = DRIVE NUMBER
1262 0437 C0 E1 02   SHL     CL,2           ; CL = SHIFT COUNT, A=0, B=4
1263 043A B4 10      MOV     AH,#H_CAPA    ; LOAD MULTI DATA RATE BIT MASK
1264 043C D2 CC      ROR     AH,CL          ; ROTATE BY MASK
1265 043E 84 26 00BF R  TEST    #HF_CNTRL,AH  ; MULTI-DATA RATE DETERMINED ?
1266 0442 75 16      JNZ     SAVE_SET       ; IF SO, NO NEED TO RE-SAVE
1267
1268             ;----- ERASE DRIVE BITS IN #HF_CNTRL FOR THIS DRIVE
1269
1270 0444 B4 07      MOV     AH,DRV_DET+fmt_capa+trk_capa ; MASK TO KEEP
1271 0446 D2 CC      ROR     AH,CL          ; FIX MASK TO KEEP
1272 0448 F6 D4      NOT     AH              ; TRANSLATE MASK
1273 044A 20 26 00BF R  AND     #HF_CNTRL,AH  ; KEEP BITS FROM OTHER DRIVE INTACT
1274
1275             ;----- ACCESS CURRENT DRIVE BITS AND STORE IN #HF_CNTRL
1276
1277 044E 8A 85 0090 R  MOV     AL,#DSK_STATE[D1] ; ACCESS STATE
1278 0452 24 07      AND     AL,DRV_DET+fmt_capa+trk_capa ; KEEP DRIVE BITS
1279 0454 D2 C8      ROR     AL,CL          ; FIX FOR THIS DRIVE
1280 0456 08 06 00BF R  OR      #HF_CNTRL,AL  ; UPDATE SAVED DRIVE STATE
1281
1282             ;----- TRANSLATE TO COMPATIBILITY MODE
1283
1284 045A             SAVE_SET:
1285 045A 8A A5 0090 R  MOV     AH,#DSK_STATE[D1] ; ACCESS STATE
1286 045E 8A FC      MOV     BH,AH          ; TO BH FOR LATER
1287 0460 80 E4 C0    AND     AH,RATE_MSK   ; KEEP ONLY RATE
1288 0463 80 FC 00    CMP     AH,RATE_500   ; RATE 500 ?
1289 0466 74 10      JZ      CHK_144       ; YES, 1-2/1.2 OR 1.44/1.44
1290 0468 B0 01      MOV     AL,#3D1U      ; AL = 360 IN 1.2 UNESTABLISHED
1291 046A 80 FC 40    CMP     AH,RATE_300   ; RATE 300 ?
1292 046D 75 16      JNZ     CHK_250       ; NO, 360/360 ,720/720 OR 720/1.44
1293 046F F6 C7 20    TEST    BH,dbl_step   ; YES, DOUBLE STEP ?
1294 0472 75 1D      JNZ     TST_DET       ; YES, MUST BE 360 IN 1.2
1295
1296 0474             UNKN0:
1297 0474 B0 07      MOV     AL,MED_UNK    ; 'NONE OF THE ABOVE'
1298 0476 EB 20      JMP     SHORT AL_SET  ; PROCESS COMPLETE
1299
1300 0478             CHK_144:
1301 0478 E8 0888 R    CALL    CMOS_TYPE     ; RETURN DRIVE TYPE IN (AL)
1302 047B 72 F7      JC      UNKN0         ; ERROR, SET 'NONE OF THE ABOVE'
1303 047D 3C 02      CMP     AL,02         ; 1.2MB DRIVE ?
1304 047F 75 F3      JNE     UNKN0         ; NO, GO SET 'NONE OF THE ABOVE'
1305 0481 B0 0C      MOV     AL,MID1U      ; AL = 1.2 IN 1.2 UNESTABLISHED
1306 0483 EB 02      JMP     SHORT TST_DET
1307
1308 0485             CHK_250:
1309 0485 B0 00      MOV     AL,M3D3U      ; AL = 360 IN 360 UNESTABLISHED
1310 0487 80 FC 80    CMP     AH,RATE_250   ; RATE 250 ?
1311 048A 75 E8      JNZ     UNKN0         ; IF SO FALL THRU
1312 048C F6 C7 01    TEST    BH,TRK_CAPA  ; 80 TRACK CAPABILITY ?
1313 048F 75 E3      JNZ     UNKN0         ; IF SO JUMP, FALL THRU TEST DET
1314
1315 0491             TST_DET:
1316 0491 F6 C7 10    TEST    BH,MED_DET    ; DETERMINED ?
1317 0494 74 02      JZ      AL_SET        ; IF NOT THEN SET
1318 0496 04 03      ADD     AL,3          ; MAKE DETERMINED/ESTABLISHED
1319
1320 0498             AL_SET:
1321 0498 80 A5 0090 R F8  AND     #DSK_STATE[D1],NOT DRV_DET+fmt_capa+trk_capa ; CLEAR DRIVE
1322 049D 80 85 0090 R  OR      #DSK_STATE[D1],AL ; REPLACE WITH COMPATIBLE MODE
1323 04A1             XO_OUT:
1324 04A1 C3          RET
1325 04A2             XLAT_OLD      ENDP
-----
1326             ; RD_WR_VF
1327             ; COMMON READ, WRITE AND VERIFY;
1328             ; TO BH FOR LATER
1329             ; MAIN LOOP FOR STATE RETRIES.
1330             ;
1331             ; ON ENTRY:  AH = READ/WRITE/VERIFY NEC PARAMETER
1332             ; AL = READ/WRITE/VERIFY DMA PARAMETER
1333             ;
1334             ;
1335             ; ON EXIT:  #DSKETTE_STATUS, CY REFLECT STATUS OF OPERATION;
1336             ;
-----
1337 04A2             RD_WR_VF      PROC      NEAR
1338 04A2 50          PUSH    AX              ; SAVE DMA, NEC PARAMETERS
1339 04A3 E8 0403 R    CALL    XLAT_NEW      ; TRANSLATE STATE TO PRESENT ARCH.
1340 04A6 E8 055E R    CALL    SETUP_STATE   ; INITIALIZE START AND END RATE
1341 04A9 58          POP     AX              ; RESTORE READ/WRITE/VERIFY
1342
1343 04AA             DO_AGAIN:

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1344 04AA 50          PUSH AX          ; SAVE READ/WRITE/VERIFY PARAMETER
1345 04AB E8 05DD R  CALL MED_CHANGE ; MEDIA CHANGE AND RESET IF CHANGED
1346 04AE 58          POP AX          ; RESTORE READ/WRITE/VERIFY
1347          ; JC RWV_END ; MEDIA CHANGE ERROR OR TIME-OUT
1348 04AF 73 03          JNC RWV        ;
1349 04B1 E9 054F R    JMP RWV_END    ;
1350 04B4          RWV:          ;
1351 04B4 50          PUSH AX          ; SAVE READ/WRITE/VERIFY PARAMETER
1352          ;
1353 04B5 8A B5 0090 R  MOV DH,®DSK_STATE[DI] ; GET RATE STATE OF THIS DRIVE
1354 04B9 80 E6 C0      AND DH,RATE_MSK      ; KEEP ONLY RATE
1355 04BC E8 0888 R    CALL CMOS_TYPE       ; RETURN DRIVE TYPE IN (AL)
1356 04BF 72 46        JC ERROR_IN_CMOS     ; ERROR IN CMOS
1357 04C1 3C 01        CMP AL,40            ; 40 TRACK DRIVE?
1358 04C3 75 0B      JNE RWV_1           ; NO, BYPASS CMOS VALIDITY CHECK
1359 04C5 F6 B5 0090 R  TEST ®DSK_STATE[DI],TRK_CAPA ; CHECK FOR 40 TRACK DRIVE
1360 04CA 74 0F      RWC_2              ; YES, CMOS IS CORRECT
1361 04CC B0 02      MOV AL,2            ; CHANGE TO 1.2 M
1362 04CE EB 0B      JMP SHORT RWV_2     ; CONTINUE
1363 04D0          RWV_1:         ;
1364 04D0 72 09      JWC_2              ; NO DRIVE SPECIFIED, CONTINUE
1365 04D2 F6 B5 0090 R  TEST ®DSK_STATE[DI],TRK_CAPA ; IS IT REALLY 40 TRACK?
1366 04D7 75 02      JNZ RWV_2          ; NO, 80 TRACK
1367 04D9 B0 01      MOV AL,1            ; YES, 40 TRACK, FIX CMOS VALUE
1368 04DB          RWV_2:         ;
1369          ;
1370 04DB 0A C0      OR AL,AL           ; TEST FOR NO DRIVE
1371 04DD 72 28      JZ RWV_ASSUME      ; ASSUME TYPE, USE MAX TRACK
1372 04DF E8 03AC R    CALL DR_TYPE_CHECK  ; TTN CS:BX = MEDIA/DRIVE PARAM TBL
1373 04E2 72 23      JC RWV_ASSUME      ; TYPE NOT IN TABLE (BAD CMOS)
1374          ;
1375          ;---- SEARCH FOR MEDIA/DRIVE PARAMETER TABLE
1376          ;
1377 04E4 57          PUSH DI           ; DI = SAVE DRIVE #
1378 04E5 3B DB      XOR BX,BX          ; BX = INDEX TO DR_TYPE TABLE
1379 04E7 B9 0006     MOV CX,DR_CNT     ; CX = LOOP COUNT
1380 04EA          RWV_DR_SEARCH: ;
1381 04EA 2E: 8A AT 0000 R  MOV AH,CS:DR_TYPE[BX] ; GET DRIVE TYPE
1382 04EF 80 E4 7F    AND AH,BITTOFF    ; MASK OUT MSB
1383 04F2 3A C4      CMP AL,AH          ; DRIVE TYPE MATCH ?
1384 04F4 75 0B      JNE RWV_NXT_MD     ; NO, CHECK NEXT DRIVE TYPE
1385 04F6          RWV_DR_FND:     ;
1386 04F6 2E: 8B BF 0001 R  MOV DI,WORD PTR CS:DR_TYPE[BX+1] ; DI = MEDIA/DRIVE PARAMETER TABLE
1387 04FB          RWV_MD_SEARCH: ;
1388 04FB 2E: 3A 75 0C    CMP DH,CS:[DI].MD_RATE ; MATCH ?
1389 04FF 74 16      JE RWV_MD_FND     ; YES, GO GET 1ST SPECIFY BYTE
1390 0501          RWV_NXT_MD:     ;
1391 0501 83 C3 03      ADD BX,3           ; CHECK NEXT DRIVE TYPE
1392 0504 E2 E4      LOOP RWV_DR_SEARCH ; RESTORE DRIVE #
1393 0506 5F          POP DI            ;
1394          ;---- ASSUME PRIMARY DRIVE IS INSTALLED AS SHIPPED
1395          ;
1396          ;
1397 0507          RWV_ASSUME:     ;
1398 0507 BB 0012 R      MOV BX,OFFSET MD_TBL1 ; POINT TO 40 TK 250 KBS
1399 050A F6 B5 0090 R  TEST ®DSK_STATE[DI],TRK_CAPA ; TEST FOR 80 TRACK
1400 050F 74 09      JE RWV_MD_FND     ; MUST BE 40 TRACK
1401 0511 BB 002C R      MOV BX,OFFSET MD_TBL3 ; POINT TO 80 TK 500 KBS
1402 0514 EB 04 90    JMP RWV_MD_FND1   ; GO SET SPECIFY PARAMETERS
1403          ;
1404          ;---- CS:BX POINTS TO MEDIA/DRIVE PARAMETER TABLE
1405          ;
1406 0517          RWV_MD_FND:     ;
1407          ;
1408 0517 8B DF      MOV BX,DI          ; BX = MEDIA/DRIVE PARAMETER TABLE
1409 0519 5F          POP DI            ; RESTORE DRIVE #
1410 051A          RWV_MD_FND1:   ;
1411          ;
1412          ;---- SEND THE SPECIFY COMMAND TO THE CONTROLLER
1413          ;
1414 051A E8 03E9 R    CALL SEND_SPEC_MD   ;
1415 051D E8 0631 R    CALL CHK_LAstrate   ; ZF=1 ATTEMPT RATE IS SAME AS LAST RATE
1416 0520 74 03      JC RWV_DBL         ; YES, SKIP SEND RATE COMMAND
1417 0522 E8 0618 R    CALL SEND_RATE      ; SEND DATA RATE TO NEC
1418          ;
1419          ;
1420 0525          RWV_DBL:       ;
1421 0525 53          PUSH BX           ; SAVE MEDIA/DRIVE PARAM ADDRESS
1422 0526 E8 080F R    CALL SETUP_DBL     ; CHECK FOR DOUBLE STEP
1423 0529 5B          POP BX            ; RESTORE ADDRESS
1424 052A 72 1A      JC CHK_RET         ; ERROR FROM READ ID, POSSIBLE RETRY
1425 052C 58          POP AX            ; RESTORE NEC,DMA COMMAND
1426 052D 50          PUSH AX           ; SAVE NEC COMMAND
1427 052E 53          PUSH BX           ; SAVE MEDIA/DRIVE PARAM ADDRESS
1428 052F E8 0641 R    CALL DMA_SETUP     ; SET UP THE DMA
1429 0532 5B          POP BX            ; RESTORE ADDRESS
1430 0533 58          POP AX            ; RESTORE NEC COMMAND
1431 0534 72 1F      JC RWV_BAC         ; CHECK FOR DMA BOUNDARY ERROR
1432 0536 50          PUSH AX           ; SAVE NEC COMMAND
1433 0537 53          PUSH BX           ; SAVE MEDIA/DRIVE PARAM ADDRESS
1434 0538 E8 06A1 R    CALL NEC_INIT      ; INITIALIZE NEC
1435 053B 5B          POP BX            ; RESTORE ADDRESS
1436 053C 72 08      JC CHK_RET         ; ERROR - EXIT
1437 053E E8 06C6 R    CALL RWV_COM       ; OP CODE COMMON TO READ/WRITE/VERIFY
1438 0541 72 03      JC CHK_RET         ; ERROR - EXIT
1439 0543 E8 06FC R    CALL NEC_TERM      ; TERMINATE, GET STATUS, ETC.
1440          ;
1441 0546          CHK_RET:        ;
1442 0546 E8 0786 R    CALL CALL          ; CHECK FOR, SETUP RETRY
1443 0549 58          POP AX            ; RESTORE READ/WRITE/VERIFY PARAMETER
1444 054A 73 03      JNC RWV_END        ; CY = 0 NO RETRY
1445 054C E9 04AA R    JMP DO_AGAIN       ; CY = 1 MEANS RETRY
1446          ;
1447 054F          RWV_END:       ;
1448 054F E8 074E R    CALL DSTATE        ; ESTABLISH STATE IF SUCCESSFUL
1449 0552 E8 07C8 R    CALL NUM_TRANS     ; AL = NUMBER TRANSFERRED
1450          ;
1451 0555          RWV_BAC:       ;
1452 0555 50          PUSH AX           ; BAD DMA ERROR ENTRY
1453 0556 E8 0429 R    CALL XLAT_OLD      ; SAVE NUMBER TRANSFERRED
1454 0559 58          CALL CALL          ; TRANSLATE STATE TO COMPATIBLE MODE
1455 055A E8 07F5 R    POP AX            ; RESTORE NUMBER TRANSFERRED
1456 055D C3          CALL SETUP_END     ; VARIOUS CLEANUPS
1457 055E          RET          ;
RD_WR_VF          ENDP
    
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1458 ;-----
1459 ; SETUP STATE: INITIALIZES START AND END RATES. ;
1460 ;-----
1461 055E SETUP_STATE PROC NEAR ;
1462 055E F6 85 0090 R 10 JIC TEST @DSK_STATE[D1],MED_DET ; MEDIA DETERMINED ?
1463 0563 75 29 JIC JIC 0 ; NO STATES IF DETERMINED
1464 0565 B8 4080 MOV AX,RATE_300*H+RATE_250 ; AH = START RATE, AL = END RATE
1465 0568 F6 85 0090 R 04 TEST @DSK_STATE[D1],DRV_DET ; DRIVE ?
1466 056D 74 0A JZ AX_SET ; DO NOT KNOW DRIVE
1467 056F F6 85 0090 R 02 TEST @DSK_STATE[D1],FMT_CAPA ; MULT RATE ?
1468 0574 75 03 JNZ AX_SET ; JUMP IF YES
1469 0576 B8 8080 MOV AX,RATE_250*X ; START & END RATE = 250 FOR 360 DRIVE
1470 ;-----
1471 0579 AX_SET:
1472 0579 80 A5 0090 R 1F AND @DSK_STATE[D1],NOT RATE_MSK+DBL_STEP ; TURN OFF THE RATE
1473 057E 08 A5 0090 R 0F OR @DSK_STATE[D1],AH ; RATE FIRST TO TRY
1474 0582 80 26 008B R F3 AND @LASTRATE,NOT STRT_MSK ; ERASE LAST TO TRY RATE BITS
1475 0587 C0 C8 04 00 OR AL,4 ; TO OPERATION LAST RATE LOCATION
1476 058A 08 06 008B R OR @LASTRATE,AL ; LAST RATE
1477 058E ;-----
1478 058E C3 JIC: RET
1479 058F SETUP_STATE ENDP
1480 ;-----
1481 ; FMT_INIT: ESTABLISH STATE IF UNESTABLISHED AT FORMAT TIME. ;
1482 ;-----
1483 058F FMT_INIT PROC NEAR
1484 058F F6 85 0090 R 10 TEST @DSK_STATE[D1],MED_DET ; IS MEDIA ESTABLISHED
1485 0594 75 42 JZ FI_OUT ; IF SO RETURN
1486 0596 E8 0888 R CALL CMOS_TYPE ; RETURN DRIVE TYPE IN AL
1487 0599 72 3E JC CL_DRV ; ERROR IN CMOS ASSUME NO DRIVE
1488 059B FE C8 DEC AL ; MAKE ZERO ORIGIN
1489 059D 78 3A JS CL_DRV ; NO DRIVE IF AL 0
1490 059F 8A A5 0090 R MOV AH,@DSK_STATE[D1] ; AH = CURRENT STATE
1491 05A3 80 E4 0F AND AH,NOT MED_DET+DBL_STEP+RATE_MSK ; CLEAR
1492 05A6 0A C0 OR AL,AL ; CHECK FOR 360
1493 05A8 75 05 JNZ N_360 ; IF 360 WILL BE 0
1494 05AA 80 CC 90 OR AH,MED_DET+RATE_250 ; ESTABLISH MEDIA
1495 05AD EB 25 JMP SHORT SKP_STATE ; SKIP OTHER STATE PROCESSING
1496 ;-----
1497 05AF N_360:
1498 05AF FE C8 DEC AL ; 1,2 M DRIVE
1499 05B1 75 05 JNZ N_12 ; JUMP IF NOT
1500 05B3 80 CC 10 FI_RATE:OR AH,MED_DET+RATE_500 ; SET FORMAT RATE
1501 05B6 EB 1C JMP SHORT SKP_STATE ; SKIP OTHER STATE PROCESSING
1502 ;-----
1503 05B8 N_12:
1504 05B8 FE C8 DEC AL ; CHECK FOR TYPE 3
1505 05BA 75 0F JNZ N_720 ; JUMP IF NOT
1506 05BC F6 C4 04 TEST AH,DRV_DET ; IS DRIVE DETERMINED
1507 05BF 74 10 JZ ISNT_I2 ; TREAT AS NON 1,2 DRIVE
1508 05C1 F6 C4 02 TEST AH,FMT_CAPA ; IS 1,2M
1509 05C4 74 0B JZ ISNT_I2 ; JUMP IF NOT
1510 05C6 80 CC 50 OR AH,MED_DET+RATE_300 ; RATE 300
1511 05C9 EB 09 JMP SHORT SKP_STATE ; CONTINUE
1512 ;-----
1513 05CB N_720:
1514 05CB FE C8 DEC AL ; CHECK FOR TYPE 4
1515 05CD 75 34 JNZ CL_DRV ; NO DRIVE, CMOS BAD
1516 05CF EB E2 JMP SHORT FI_RATE
1517 ;-----
1518 05D1 ISNT_I2:
1519 05D1 80 CC 90 OR AH,MED_DET+RATE_250 ; MUST BE RATE 250
1520 ;-----
1521 05D4 SKP_STATE:
1522 05D4 88 A5 0090 R MOV @DSK_STATE[D1],AH ; STORE AWAY
1523 ;-----
1524 05D8 FI_OUT:
1525 05D8 C3 RET
1526 ;-----
1527 05D9 CL_DRV:
1528 05D9 32 E4 XOR AH,AH ; CLEAR STATE
1529 05DB EB F7 JMP SHORT SKP_STATE ; SAVE IT
1530 05DD ;-----
1531 ;-----
1532 ; MED_CHANGE ;
1533 ; CHECKS FOR MEDIA CHANGE, RESETS MEDIA CHANGE, ;
1534 ; CHECKS MEDIA CHANGE AGAIN. ;
1535 ;-----
1536 ; ON EXIT: CY = 1 MEANS MEDIA CHANGE OR TIMEOUT ;
1537 ; @DSKETTE_STATUS = ERROR CODE ;
1538 ;-----
1539 05DD MED_CHANGE PROC NEAR
1540 05DD E8 0AC4 R CALL READ_DSKCHNG ; READ DISK CHANGE LINE STATE
1541 05E0 74 34 JZ MC_OUT ; BYPASS HANDLING DISK CHANGE LINE
1542 05E2 80 A5 0090 R EF AND @DSK_STATE[D1],NOT MED_DET ; CLEAR STATE FOR THIS DRIVE
1543 ;-----
1544 ; THIS SEQUENCE ENSURES WHENEVER A DISKETTE IS CHANGED THAT ;
1545 ; ON THE NEXT OPERATION THE REQUIRED MOTOR START UP TIME WILL ;
1546 ; BE WAITED. (DRIVE MOTOR MAY GO OFF UPON DOOR OPENING). ;
1547 ;-----
1548 05E7 8B CF MOV CX,D1 ; CL = DRIVE #
1549 05E9 B0 01 MOV AL,1 ; MOTOR ON BIT MASK
1550 05EB D2 E0 SHL AL,CL ; TO APPROPRIATE POSITION
1551 05ED F6 D0 NOT AL ; KEEP AL BUT MOTOR ON
1552 05EF FA CLI ; NO INTERRUPTS
1553 05F0 20 06 003F R AND @MOTOR_STATUS,AL ; TURN MOTOR OFF INDICATOR
1554 05F4 FB STI ; INTERRUPTS ENABLED
1555 05F5 E8 088B R CALL MOTOR_ON ; TURN MOTOR ON
1556 ;-----
1557 ;----- THIS SEQUENCE OF SEEKS IS USED TO RESET DISKETTE CHANGE SIGNAL
1558 ;-----
1559 05F8 E8 00E7 R CALL DISK_RESET ; RESET NEC
1560 05FB 95 01 MOV CH,1 ; MOVE TO CYLINDER 1
1561 05FD E8 09C0 R CALL SEEK ; ISSUE SEEK
1562 0600 32 ED XOR CH,CH ; MOVE TO CYLINDER 0
1563 0602 E8 09C0 R CALL SEEK ; ISSUE SEEK
1564 0605 C6 06 0041 R 06 MOV @DSKETTE_STATUS,MEDIA_CHANGE ; STORE IN STATUS
1565 ;-----
1566 060A E8 0AC4 R OK1: CALL READ_DSKCHNG ; CHECK MEDIA CHANGED AGAIN
1567 060D 74 05 JZ OK2 ; IF ACTIVE, NO DISKETTE, TIMEOUT
1568 ;-----
1569 060F C6 06 0041 R 80 OK4: MOV @DSKETTE_STATUS,TIME_OUT ; TIMEOUT IF DRIVE EMPTY
1570 ;-----
1571 0614 F9 OK2: STC ; MEDIA CHANGED, SET CY

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1572 0615 C3          RET
1573 0616          MC_OUT: CLC                      ; NO MEDIA CHANGED, CLEAR CY
1574 0616 F8          RET
1575 0617 C3          ;
1576 0618          MED_CHANGE      ENDP
1577          ;-----;
1578          ; SEND_RATE
1579          ; SENDS DATA RATE COMMAND TO NEC
1580          ; ON ENTRY:  DI = DRIVE #
1581          ; ON EXIT:   NONE
1582          ; REGISTERS ALTERED:  DX
1583          ;-----;
1584 0618          SEND_RATE      PROC      NEAR
1585          ;
1586 0618 50          PUSH      AX                      ; SAVE REG.
1587 0619 80 26 008B R 3F  AND     @LAstrate,NOT SEND_MSK ; ELSE CLEAR LAST RATE ATTEMPTED
1588 061E 8A 85 0090 R    MOV     AL,@DSK_STATE[DI]    ; GET RATE STATE OF THIS DRIVE
1589 0622 24 C0          AND     AL,SEND_MSK          ; KEEP ONLY RATE BITS
1590 0624 08 06 008B R    OR     @LAstrate,AL        ; SAVE NEW RATE FOR NEXT CHECK
1591 0628 C0 C0 02       ROL     AL,2                      ; MOVE TO BIT OUTPUT POSITIONS
1592 062B BA 03F7       MOV     DX,03F7H           ; OUTPUT NEW DATA RATE
1593 062E EE          OUT     DX,AL
1594          ;
1595 062F 58          POP     AX                      ; RESTORE REG.
1596 0630 C3          RET
1597 0631          SEND_RATE      ENDP
1598          ;-----;
1599          ; CHK_LAstrate
1600          ; CHECK PREVIOUS DATA RATE SENT TO THE CONTROLLER.
1601          ;
1602          ; ON ENTRY:  DI = DRIVE #
1603          ; ON EXIT:   ZF = 1  DATA RATE IS THE SAME AS LAST RATE SENT TO NEC ;
1604          ;             ZF = 0  DATA RATE IS DIFFERENT FROM LAST RATE
1605          ;             REGISTERS ALTERED:  NONE
1606          ;-----;
1607          ;
1608          ; CHK_LAstrate      PROC      NEAR
1609 0631 50          PUSH      AX                      ; SAVE REG
1610 0632 8A 26 008B R    MOV     AH,@LAstrate        ; GET LAST DATA RATE SELECTED
1611 0636 8A 85 0090 R    MOV     AL,@DSK_STATE[DI]  ; GET RATE STATE OF THIS DRIVE
1612 063A 25 C0C0       AND     AX,SEND_MSK*X      ; KEEP ONLY RATE BITS OF BOTH
1613 063D 3A C4          CMP     AL,AH              ; COMPARE TO PREVIOUSLY TRIED
1614 063F 58          POP     AX                      ; ZF = 1  RATE IS THE SAME
1615          ;
1616 063F 58          POP     AX                      ; RESTORE REG.
1617 0640 C3          RET
1618 0641          CHK_LAstrate      ENDP
1619          ;
1620          SUBTTL (DSK3.ASM)
    
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1621 PAGE
1622 -----
1623 DMA_SETUP PROC NEAR
1624 ; THIS ROUTINE SETS UP THE DMA FOR READ/WRITE/VERIFY
1625 ; OPERATIONS.
1626 ;
1627 ; ON ENTRY: AL = DMA COMMAND
1628 ;
1629 ; ON EXIT: 0DSKETTE_STATUS, CY REFLECT STATUS OF OPERATION
1630 -----
1631 0641
1632 0641 FA
1633 0642 E6 0C
1634 0644 EB 00
1635 0646 E6 0B
1636 0648 3C 42
1637 064A 75 04
1638 064C 33 00
1639 064E EB 10
1640 0650
1641 0650 8C 00
1642 0652 C1 04
1643 0655 8A E8
1644 0657 24 F0
1645 0659 03 46 02
1646 065C 73 02
1647 065E FE C5
1648 0660
1649 0660 50
1650 0661 E6 04
1651 0663 EB 00
1652 0665 8A C0
1653 0667 E6 04
1654 0669 8A C5
1655 066B EB 00
1656 066D 24 0F
1657 066F E6 01
1658
1659
1660
1661 0671 8B C6
1662 0673 86 C4
1663 0675 2A C0
1664 0677 D1 E8
1665 0679 50
1666 067A B2 03
1667 067C EB 08A1 R
1668 067F 8A CC
1669 0681 58
1670 0682 D3 E0
1671 0684 48
1672 0685 50
1673 0686 E6 05
1674 0688 EB 00
1675 068A 8A C4
1676 068C E6 05
1677 068E FB
1678 068F 59
1679 0690 58
1680 0691 03 C1
1681 0693 B0 02
1682 0695 EB 00
1683 0697 E6 0A
1684
1685 0699 73 05
1686 069B C6 06 0041 R 09
1687
1688 06A0
1689 06A0 C3
1690 06A1
1691
1692 ; NEC_INIT
1693 ; THIS ROUTINE SEEKS TO THE REQUESTED TRACK AND
1694 ; INITIALIZES THE NEC FOR THE READ/WRITE/VERIFY/FORMAT
1695 ; OPERATION.
1696 ;
1697 ; ON ENTRY: AH : NEC COMMAND TO BE PERFORMED
1698 ;
1699 ; ON EXIT: 0DSKETTE_STATUS, CY REFLECT STATUS OF OPERATION
1700 -----
1701 06A1
1702 06A1 50
1703 06A2 E8 08B6 R
1704
1705
1706
1707 06A5 8A 6E 01
1708 06AB E8 09C0 R
1709 06AB 58
1710 06AC 72 17
1711 06AE BB 06C5 R
1712 06B1 53
1713
1714
1715
1716 06B2 E8 0994 R
1717 06B5 8B CF
1718 06B7 8B DF
1719 06B9 C0 E4 02
1720 06BC 80 E4 04
1721 06BF 0A E3
1722 06C1 E8 0994 R
1723 06C4 5B
1724 06C5
1725 06C5 C3
1726 06C6
1727
1728
1729
1730
1731
1732
1733
1734

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1735 06C6 R          RWV_COM PROC    NEAR
1736 06C6 BB 06FB R  MOV    AX,OFFSET ER_2          ; LOAD ERROR ADDRESS
1737 06C9 50         PUSH   AX                      ; PUSH NEC OUT ERROR RETURN
1738 06CA BA 56 01   MOV    AH,[BP+1]              ; OUTPUT TRACK #
1739 06CD EB 0994 R  CALL   NEC_OUTPUT            ;
1740 06D0 BB C6     MOV    AX,S1                  ; OUTPUT HEAD #
1741 06D2 EB 0994 R  CALL   NEC_OUTPUT            ;
1742 06D5 BA 56 00   MOV    AH,[BP]               ; OUTPUT SECTOR #
1743 06D8 EB 0994 R  CALL   NEC_OUTPUT            ;
1744 06DB B2 03     MOV    DL,3                   ; BYTES/SECTOR PARAMETER FROM BLOCK
1745 06DD EB 08A1 R  CALL   GET_PARM              ; . TO THE NEC
1746 06E0 EB 0994 R  CALL   NEC_OUTPUT            ; OUTPUT TO CONTROLLER
1747 06E3 B2 04     MOV    DL,4 /                 ; EOT PARAMETER FROM BLOCK
1748 06E5 EB 08A1 R  CALL   GET_PARM              ; . TO THE NEC
1749 06E8 EB 0994 R  CALL   NEC_OUTPUT            ; OUTPUT TO CONTROLLER
1750
1751 06EB 2E: BA 67 05 MOV    AH,C5:[BX].MD_GAP     ; GET GAP LENGTH
1752
1753 06EF          R15:
1754 06EF EB 0994 R  CALL   NEC_OUTPUT            ;
1755 06F2 B2 06     MOV    DL,6                   ; DTL PARAMETER FROM BLOCK
1756 06F4 EB 08A1 R  CALL   GET_PARM              ; TO THE NEC
1757 06F7 EB 0994 R  CALL   NEC_OUTPUT            ; OUTPUT TO CONTROLLER
1758 06FA 58         POP    AX                      ; THROW AWAY ERROR EXIT
1759 06FB          ER_2:
1760 06FB C3         RET
1761 06FC          RWV_COM ENDP
1762
1763          ;-----
1764          ; NEC_TERM
1765          ; THIS ROUTINE WAITS FOR THE OPERATION THEN ACCEPTS.
1766          ; THE STATUS FROM THE NEC FOR THE READ/WRITE/VERIFY/
1767          ; FORMAT OPERATION.
1768          ;
1769          ; ON EXIT: 0DSKETTE_STATUS, CY REFLECT STATUS OF OPERATION.
1770 06FC          NEC_TERM PROC    NEAR
1771
1772          ;----- LET THE OPERATION HAPPEN
1773
1774 06FC 56         PUSH   S1                      ; SAVE HEAD #, # OF SECTORS
1775 06FD EB 0A5D R  CALL   WAIT_INT              ; WAIT FOR THE INTERRUPT
1776 0700 9C         PUSHF
1777 0701 EB 0A85 R  CALL   RESULTS               ; GET THE NEC STATUS
1778 0704 72 45     JC     SET_END_POP           ;
1779 0706 9D         POPF
1780 0707 72 3A     JC     SET_END               ; LOOK FOR ERROR
1781
1782          ;----- CHECK THE RESULTS RETURNED BY THE CONTROLLER
1783
1784 0709 FC         CLD                          ; SET THE CORRECT DIRECTION
1785 070A BE 0042 R  MOV    SI,OFFSET 0NEC_STATUS ; POINT TO STATUS FIELD
1786 070D AC         LODS                          ; GET ST0
1787 070E 24 C0     AND    AL,1000000B           ; TEST FOR NORMAL TERMINATION
1788 0710 74 31     JZ     SET_END               ;
1789 0712 3C 40     CMP    AL,01000000B          ; TEST FOR ABNORMAL TERMINATION
1790 0714 75 27     JNZ    J18                   ; NOT ABNORMAL, BAD NEC
1791
1792          ;----- ABNORMAL TERMINATION, FIND OUT WHY
1793
1794 0716 AC         LODS                          ; GET ST1
1795 0717 D0 E0     SAL    AL,1                  ; TEST FOR EOT FOUND
1796 0719 B4 04     MOV    AH,RECORD_NOT_FND
1797 071B 72 22     JC     J19
1798 071D C0 E0 02  SAL    AL,2
1799 0720 B4 10     MOV    AH,BAD_CRC
1800 0722 72 1B     JC     J19
1801 0724 D0 E0     SAL    AL,1                  ; TEST FOR DMA OVERRUN
1802 0726 B4 08     MOV    AH,BAD_DMA
1803 0728 72 15     JC     J19
1804 072A C0 E0 02  SAL    AL,2
1805 072D B4 04     MOV    AH,RECORD_NOT_FND
1806 072F 72 0E     JC     J19
1807 0731 D0 E0     SAL    AL,1
1808 0733 B4 03     MOV    AH,WRITE_PROTECT     ; TEST FOR WRITE_PROTECT
1809 0735 72 08     JC     J19
1810 0737 D0 E0     SAL    AL,1
1811 0739 B4 02     MOV    AH,BAD_ADDR_MARK     ; TEST MISSING ADDRESS MARK
1812 073B 72 02     JC     J19
1813
1814          ;----- NEC MUST HAVE FAILED
1815 073D          J18:
1816 073D B4 20     MOV    AH,BAD_NEG
1817 073F          J19:
1818 073F 08 26 0041 R OR     0DSKETTE_STATUS,AH
1819 0743          SET_END:
1820 0743 80 3E 0041 R 01 CMP    0DSKETTE_STATUS,I    ; SET ERROR CONDITION
1821 0745 F6 05 0090 R 10 CMC
1822 0749 5E         POP    SI                      ; RESTORE HEAD #, # OF SECTORS
1823 074A C3         RET
1824
1825 074B          SET_END_POP:
1826 074B 9D         POPF
1827 074C EB F5     JMP    SHORT SET_END
1828 074E          ENDP
1829
1830          ; DSTATE: ESTABLISH STATE UPON SUCCESSFUL OPERATION.
1831          ;
1832          ; DSTATE PROC    NEAR
1833 074E 80 3E 0041 R 00 CMP    0DSKETTE_STATUS,0    ; CHECK FOR ERROR
1834 0753 75 30     OR     SETBACK               ; IF ERROR JUMP
1835 0755 80 8D 0090 R 10 OR     0DSK_STATE[D1],MED_DET ; NO ERROR, MARK MEDIA AS DETERMINED
1836 075A F6 05 0090 R 04 TEST   0DSK_STATE[D1],DRV_DET ; DRIVE DETERMINED ?
1837 075F 75 24     OR     SETBACK               ; IF DETERMINED NO TRY TO DETERMINE
1838 0761 8A 85 0090 R MOV    AL,0DSK_STATE[D1]    ; LOAD STATE
1839 0765 24 C0     AND    AL,RATE_MSK          ; KEEP ONLY RATE
1840 0767 3C 80     CMP    AL,RATE_250          ; RATE 250 ?
1841 0769 75 15     JNE    M_12                  ; NO, MUST BE 1.2M OR 1.44M DRV
1842
1843          ;---- CHECK IF IT IS 1.44M
1844
1845 076B EB 0888 R  CALL   CMOS_TYPE             ; RETURN DRIVE TYPE IN (AL)
1846 076E 72 10     JC     M_12                  ; CMOS BAD
1847 0770 3C 04     CMP    ADL,C4               ; 1.44MB DRIVE ?
1848 0772 74 0C     JE     M_12                  ; YES
    
```

SECTION 5

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1849 0774 M_720:
1850 0774 80 A5 0090 R FD AND @DSK_STATE[D1],NOT FMT_CAPA ; TURN OFF FORMAT CAPA
1851 0779 80 8D 0090 R 04 OR @DSK_STATE[D1],DRV_DET ; MARK DRIVE DETERMINED
1852 077E EB 05 JMP SHORT SETBAC ; BACK
1853
1854 0780 M_12:
1855 0780 80 8D 0090 R 06 OR @DSK_STATE[D1],DRV_DET+FMT_CAPA ; TURN ON DETERMINED & FMT CAPA
1856
1857 0785 SETBAC:
1858 0785 C3 RET
1859 0786 DSTATE ENDP
1860
1861 ; RETRY
1862 ;-----
1863 ; DETERMINES WHETHER A RETRY IS NECESSARY. IF RETRY IS ;
1864 ; REQUIRED THEN STATE INFORMATION IS UPDATED FOR RETRY. ;
1865 ;
1866 ; ON EXIT: CY = 1 FOR RETRY, CY = 0 FOR NO RETRY ;
1867 ;-----
1867 0786 RETRY PROC NEAR
1868 0786 80 3E 0041 R 00 CMP @DSKETTE_STATUS,0 ; GET STATUS OF OPERATION
1869 078B 74 39 JZ NO_RETRY ; SUCCESSFUL OPERATION
1870 078D 80 3E 0041 R 00 CMP @DSKETTE_STATUS,TIME_OUT ; IF TIME OUT NO RETRY
1871 0792 74 32 JZ NO_RETRY ;
1872 0794 8A A5 0090 R 0 MOV AH,@DSK_STATE[D1] ; GET MEDIA STATE OF DRIVE
1873 0798 F6 C4 10 TEST AH,MED_DET ; ESTABLISHED/DETERMINED ?
1874 079B 75 29 JNZ NO_RETRY ; IF ESTABLISHED STATE THEN TRUE ERROR
1875 079D 80 E4 C0 AND AH,RATE_MSK ; ISOLATE RATE
1876 07A0 8A 2E 00BB R 0 MOV CH,@LASTRATE ; GET START OPERATION STATE
1877 07A4 C0 C5 04 ROL CH ; TO CORRESPONDING BITS
1878 07A7 80 E5 C0 AND CH,RATE_MSK ; ISOLATE RATE BITS
1879 07AA 3A EC CMP CH,AH ; ALL RATES TRIED
1880 07AC 74 18 JE NO_RETRY ; IF YES, THEN TRUE ERROR
1881
1882 ;
1883 ; SETUP STATE INDICATOR FOR RETRY ATTEMPT TO NEXT RATE ;
1884 ; 0000000B (500) -> 1000000B (250) ;
1885 ; 1000000B (250) -> 0100000B (100) ;
1886 ; 0100000B (100) -> 0000000B (500) ;
1887 07AE 80 FC 01 CMP AH,RATE_500+1 ; SET CY FOR RATE 500
1888 07B1 D0 DC RCR AH ; TO NEXT STATE
1889 07B3 80 E4 C0 AND AH,RATE_MSK ; KEEP ONLY RATE BITS
1890 07B6 80 A5 0090 R 0 IF AND @DSK_STATE[D1],NOT RATE_MSK+DBL_STEP ; RATE, DBL STEP OFF
1891 07BB 08 A5 0090 R 0 OR @DSK_STATE[D1],AH ; TURN ON NEW RATE
1892 07BF C6 06 0041 R 00 MOV @DSKETTE_STATUS,0 ; RESET STATUS FOR RETRY
1893 07C4 F9 STC ; SET CARRY FOR RETRY
1894 07C5 C3 RET ; RETRY RETURN
1895
1896 07C6 NO_RETRY:
1897 07C6 F8 CLC ; CLEAR CARRY NO RETRY
1898 07C7 C3 RET ; NO RETRY RETURN
1899 07C8 ENDP
1900
1901 ; NUM_TRANS
1902 ; THIS ROUTINE CALCULATES THE NUMBER OF SECTORS THAT ;
1903 ; WERE ACTUALLY TRANSFERRED TO/FROM THE DISKETTE. ;
1904 ;
1905 ; ON ENTRY: [BP+] = TRACK ;
1906 ; SI-HI = HEAD ;
1907 ; [BP] = START SECTOR ;
1908 ;
1909 ; ON EXIT: AL = NUMBER ACTUALLY TRANSFERRED ;
1910 ;-----
1911 07C8 NUM_TRANS PROC NEAR
1912 07C8 32 C0 XOR AL,AL ; CLEAR FOR ERROR
1913 07CA 80 3E 0041 R 00 CMP @DSKETTE_STATUS,0 ; CHECK FOR ERROR
1914 07CF 75 23 JNZ NT_OUT ; IF ERROR 0 TRANSFERRED
1915 07D1 B2 04 MOV DL,4 ; SECTORS/TRACK OFFSET TO DL
1916 07D3 E8 08A1 R CALL GET_PARM ; AH = SECTORS/TRACK
1917 07D6 8A 1E 0047 R MOV BL,@NEC_STATUS+5 ; GET ENDING SECTOR
1918 07DA 8B CE MOV CX,SI ; CH = HEAD # STARTED
1919 07DC 3A 2E 0046 R CMP CH,@NEC_STATUS+4 ; GET HEAD ENDED UP ON
1920 07E0 75 0B JNZ DIF_HD ; IF ON SAME HEAD, THEN NO ADJUST
1921
1922 07E2 8A 2E 0045 R MOV CH,@NEC_STATUS+3 ; GET TRACK ENDED UP ON
1923 07E6 3A 6E 01 CMP CH,[BP+1] ; IS IT ASKED FOR TRACK
1924 07E9 74 04 JZ SAME_TRK ; IF SAME TRACK NO INCREASE
1925
1926 07EB 02 DC ADD BL,AH ; ADD SECTORS/TRACK
1927 07ED DIF_HD:
1928 07ED 02 DC ADD BL,AH ; ADD SECTORS/TRACK
1929 07EF SAME_TRK:
1930 07EF 2A 5E 00 SUB BL,[BP] ; SUBTRACT START FROM END
1931 07F2 8A C3 MOV AL,BL ; TO AL
1932
1933 07F4 NT_OUT:
1934 07F4 C3 RET
1935 07F5 NUM_TRANS ENDP
1936
1937 ; SETUP_END
1938 ; RESTORES @MOTOR COUNT TO PARAMETER PROVIDED IN TABLE ;
1939 ; AND LOADS @DSKETTE_STATUS TO AH, AND SETS CY. ;
1940 ;
1941 ; ON EXIT: AH, @DSKETTE_STATUS, CY REFLECT STATUS OF OPERATION ;
1942 ;-----
1943 07F5 SETUP_END PROC NEAR
1944 07F5 B2 02 MOV DL,2 ; GET THE MOTOR WAIT PARAMETER
1945 07F7 50 PUSH AX ; SAVE NUMBER TRANSFERRED
1946 07F8 E8 08A1 R CALL GET_PARM ;
1947 07FB 8B 26 0040 R MOV @MOTOR_COUNT,AH ; STORE UPON RETURN
1948 07FF 5B POP AX ; RESTORE NUMBER TRANSFERRED
1949 0800 8A 26 0041 R MOV AH,@DSKETTE_STATUS ; GET STATUS OF OPERATION
1950 0804 0A E4 OR AH,AH ; CHECK FOR ERROR
1951 0806 74 02 JZ NUN_ERR ; NO ERROR
1952 0808 32 C0 XOR AL,AL ; CLEAR NUMBER RETURNED
1953
1954 080A NUN_ERR:
1955 080A 80 FC 01 CMP AH,1 ; SET THE CARRY FLAG TO INDICATE
1956 080D F5 CMC ; SUCCESS OR FAILURE
1957 080E C3 RET
1958 080F SETUP_END ENDP
1959
1960 ;-----
1961 ; SETUP_DBL
1962 ; CHECK DOUBLE STEP. ;
1963 ; ON ENTRY: ;
    
```

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1963                ; DI = DRIVE
1964                ; ON EXIT : CY = 1 MEANS ERROR
1965                ; -----
1966
1967 080F            SETUP_DBL      PROC NEAR
1968 0813 F6 A5 0090 R    MOV AH,DSK_STATE[DI] ; ACCESS STATE
1969 0816 F5 C9 10        TEST AH,MED_DET      ; ESTABLISHED STATE ?
1970                    JNZ NO_DBL ; IF ESTABLISHED THEN DOUBLE DONE
1971
1972                ; ----- CHECK FOR TRACK 0 TO SPEED UP ACKNOWLEDGE OF UNFORMATTED DISKETTE
1973 0818 C6 06 003E R 00    MOV #SEEK_STATUS,0 ; SET RECALIBRATE REQUIRED ON A/L DRIVES
1974 081D E8 08 B6 R      CALL MOTOR_ON       ; ENSURE MOTOR STAY ON
1975 0820 B5 00          MOV CH,0             ; LOAD TRACK 0
1976 0822 E8 09C0 R      CALL SEEK           ; SEEK TO TRACK 0
1977 0825 F8 0573 R      CALL READ_ID        ; READ ID FUNCTION
1978 0828 T2 32          JZ SD_ERR           ; IF ERROR NO TRACK 0
1979
1980                ; ----- INITIALIZE START AND MAX TRACKS (TIMES 2 FOR BOTH HEADS)
1981
1982 082A B9 0450          MOV CX,0450H        ; START, MAX TRACKS
1983 082D F6 85 0090 R 01    TEST #DSK_STATE[DI],TRK_CAPA ; TEST FOR 80 TRACK CAPABILITY
1984 0832 T4 02          JZ CNT_OK          ; IF NOT COUNT IS SETUP
1985 0834 B1 A0          MOV CL,0A0H        ; MAXIMUM TRACK 1.2 MB
1986
1987                ; ATTEMPT READ ID OF ALL TRACKS, ALL HEADS UNTIL SUCCESS; UPON SUCCESS,
1988                ; MUST SEE IF ASKED FOR TRACK IN SINGLE STEP MODE = TRACK ID READ; IF NOT
1989                ; THEN SET DOUBLE STEP ON.
1990
1991 0836                CNT_OK:
1992 0836 51              PUSH CX            ; SAVE TRACK, COUNT
1993 0837 C6 06 0041 R 00    MOV #DSKETTE_STATUS,0 ; CLEAR STATUS, EXPECT ERRORS
1994 083C 33 C0           XOR AX,AX         ; CLEAR AX
1995 083E D0 ED          SHR CH,1         ; HALVE TRACK, CY = HEAD
1996 0840 C0 D0 03       RCL AL,3         ; AX = HEAD IN CORRECT BIT
1997 0843 50           PUSH AX          ; SAVE HEAD
1998 0844 E8 09C0 R      CALL SEEK        ; SEEK TO TRACK
1999 0847 58           POP AX          ; RESTORE HEAD
2000 0848 0B F8         OR DI,AX        ; DI = HEAD OR'ED DRIVE
2001 084A E8 0873 R      CALL READ_ID    ; READ ID HEAD 0
2002 084D 9C           PUSHF          ; SAVE RETURN FROM READ_ID
2003 084E 81 ET 00FB     AND DI,11111011B ; TURN OFF HEAD 1 BIT
2004 0852 9D           POPF          ; RESTORE ERROR RETURN
2005 0853 59           POP CX          ; RESTORE COUNT
2006 0854 73 08        JNC DO_CHK     ; IF OK, ASKED = RETURNED TRACK ?
2007 0856 FE C5         INC CH         ; INC FOR NEXT TRACK
2008 0858 3A E9        CMP CH,CL     ; REACHED MAXIMUM YET
2009 085A 75 DA        JNZ CNT_OK    ; CONTINUE TILL ALL TRIED
2010
2011                ; ----- FALL THRU, READ ID FAILED FOR ALL TRACKS
2012
2013 085C                SD_ERR:
2014 085C F9            STC           ; SET CARRY FOR ERROR
2015 085D C3           RET          ; SETUP_DBL ERROR EXIT
2016
2017 085E                DO_CHK:
2018 085E 8A 0E 0045 R      MOV #DSK_TRK[DI],CL ; LOAD RETURNED TRACK
2019 0862 88 8D 0094 R      MOV #DSK_TRK[DI],CL ; STORE TRACK NUMBER
2020 0866 D0 ED          SHR CH,1         ; HALVE TRACK
2021 0868 3A E9        CMP CH,CL     ; IS IT THE SAME AS ASKED FOR TRACK
2022 086A T4 05         JZ NO_DBL     ; IF SAME THEN NO DOUBLE STEP
2023 086C 80 8D 0090 R 20    OR #DSK_STATE[DI],DBL_STEP ; TURN ON DOUBLE STEP REQUIRED
2024
2025 0871                NO_DBL:
2026 0871 F8            CLC           ; CLEAR ERROR FLAG
2027 0872 C3           RET
2028 0873
2029                SETUP_DBL      ENDP
2030                ; -----
2031                ; READ_ID
2032                ; READ ID FUNCTION.
2033                ; ON ENTRY: DI = BIT 2 = HEAD; BITS 1,0 = DRIVE
2034                ; ON EXIT: DI = BIT 2 IS RESET, BITS 1,0 = DRIVE
2035                ; #DSKETTE_STATUS, CY REFLECT STATUS OF OPERATION
2036                ; -----
2037 0873            READ_ID PROC NEAR
2038 0873 B8 0887 R      MOV AX,OFFSET ER_3 ; MOVE NEC OUTPUT ERROR ADDRESS
2039 0876 50           PUSH AX
2040 0877 B4 4A         MOV AH,4AH        ; READ ID COMMAND
2041 0879 E8 0994 R      CALL NEC_OUTPUT  ; TO CONTROLLER
2042 087C 8B C7        MOV AX,DI         ; DRIVE # TO AH, HEAD 0
2043 087E 8A E0        MOV AH,AL        ; MOV AH,AL
2044 0880 E8 0994 R      CALL NEC_OUTPUT  ; TO CONTROLLER
2045 0883 E8 06FC R      CALL NEC_TERM    ; WAIT FOR OPERATION, GET STATUS
2046 0886 58           POP AX          ; THROW AWAY ERROR ADDRESS
2047 0887
2048 0887 C3           RET
2049 0888
2050                ; -----
2051                ; CMOS_TYPE
2052                ; RETURNS DISKETTE TYPE FROM CMOS
2053                ; ON ENTRY: DI = DRIVE #
2054                ; ON EXIT: AL = TYPE; CY REFLECTS STATUS
2055                ; -----
2056
2057 0888            CMOS_TYPE PROC NEAR
2058 0888 B0 0E         MOV AL,CMOS_DIAG ; CMOS DIAGNOSTIC STATUS BYTE ADDRESS
2059 088A E8 0000 E      CALL CMOS_READ   ; GET CMOS STATUS
2060 088D A8 C0        TEST AL,BAD_BAT+BAD_CKSUM ; BATTERY GOOD AND CHECKSUM VALID ?
2061 088F F9          STC           ; SET CY = 1 INDICATING ERROR FOR RETURN
2062 0890 75 0E        JNZ BAD_CM      ; ERROR IF EITHER BIT ON
2063
2064 0892 80 10        MOV AL,CMOS_DISKETTE ; ADDRESS OF DISKETTE BYTE IN CMOS
2065 0894 E8 0000 E      CALL CMOS_READ   ; GET DISKETTE BYTE
2066 0897 0B FF       OR DI,DI        ; SEE WHICH DRIVE IN QUESTION
2067 0899 75 03        JNZ TB          ; IF DRIVE 1, DATA IN LOW NIBBLE
2068
2069 089B C0 C8 04      ROR AL,4        ; EXCHANGE NIBBLES IF SECOND DRIVE
2070
2071 089E            TB:
2072 089E 24 0F        AND AL,00FH    ; KEEP ONLY DRIVE DATA, RESET CY = 0
2073
2074 08A0            BAD_CM:
2075
2076 08A0 C3           RET

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SECTION 5

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2077 08A1 CMOS_TYPE ENDP
2078
2079 ; GET_PARAM ;
2080 ; THIS ROUTINE FETCHES THE INDEXED POINTER FROM THE ;
2081 ; DISK BLOCK POINTED TO BY THE DATA VARIABLE ;
2082 ; @DISK_POINTER. A BYTE FROM THAT TABLE IS THEN MOVED ;
2083 ; INTO AH, THE INDEX OF THAT BYTE BEING THE PARAMETER ;
2084 ; IN DL. ;
2085 ;
2086 ; ON ENTRY: DL = INDEX OF BYTE TO BE FETCHED ;
2087 ;
2088 ; ON EXIT: AH = THAT BYTE FROM BLOCK ;
2089 ; AL,DX DESTROYED ;
2090
2091 08A1 GET_PARAM PROC NEAR
2092 08A1 IE DS
2093 08A2 56 PUSH SI
2094 08A3 2B C0 SUB AX,AX ; DS = 0 , BIOS DATA AREA
2095 08A5 8E D8 MOV DS,AX ;
2096 08A7 87 D3 XCHG DX,BX ; BL = INDEX
2097 08A9 2A FF SUB BH,BH ; BX = INDEX
2098 ASSUME DS:AB50
2099 08AB C5 36 0078 R LDS SI,WORD PTR [SI],DISK_POINTER ; POINT TO BLOCK
2100 08AF 8A 20 MOV AH,[SI+BX] ; GET THE WORD
2101 08B1 87 D3 XCHG DX,BX ; RESTORE BX
2102 08B3 5E POP SI
2103 08B4 1F POP DS
2104 08B5 C3 RET
2105 ASSUME DS:DATA
2106 08B6 GET_PARAM ENDP
2107
2108 ; MOTOT_ON ;
2109 ; TURN MOTOR ON AND WAIT FOR MOTOR START UP TIME. THE @MOTOR_COUNT ;
2110 ; IS REPLACED WITH A SUFFICIENTLY HIGH NUMBER (OFFH) TO ENSURE ;
2111 ; THAT THE MOTOR DOES NOT GO OFF DURING THE OPERATION. IF THE ;
2112 ; MOTOR NEEDED TO BE TURNED ON, THE MULTITASKING HOOK FUNCTION ;
2113 ; (AX=90FDH, INT 15H) IS CALLED TELLING THE OPERATING SYSTEM ;
2114 ; THAT THE BIOS IS ABOUT TO WAIT FOR MOTOR START UP. IF THIS ;
2115 ; FUNCTION RETURNS WITH CY = 1, IT MEANS THAT THE MINIMUM WAIT ;
2116 ; HAS BEEN COMPLETED. AT THIS POINT A CHECK IS MADE TO ENSURE ;
2117 ; THAT THE MOTOR WASN'T TURNED OFF BY THE TIMER. IF THE HOOK DID ;
2118 ; NOT WAIT, THE WAIT FUNCTION (AH=086H) IS CALLED TO WAIT THE ;
2119 ; PRESCRIBED AMOUNT OF TIME. IF THE CARRY FLAG IS SET ON RETURN, ;
2120 ; IT MEANS THAT THE FUNCTION IS IN USE AND DID NOT PERFORM THE ;
2121 ; WAIT. A TIMER 1 WAIT LOOP WILL THEN DO THE WAIT. ;
2122 ;
2123 ; ON ENTRY: DI = DRIVE # ;
2124 ;
2125 ; ON EXIT: AX,CX,DX DESTROYED ;
2126
2127 08B6 MOTOR_ON PROC NEAR
2128 08B6 53 PUSH BX ; SAVE REG.
2129 08B7 E8 0901 R CALL TURN_ON ; TURN ON MOTOR
2130 08BA 72 43 JC MOT_IS_ON ; IF CY=1 NO WAIT
2131 08BC E8 0429 R CALL XLAT_OLD ; TRANSLATE STATE TO COMPATIBLE MODE
2132 08BF B8 90FD MOV AX,909FDH ; LOAD WAIT CODE & TYPE
2133 08C2 CD 15 INT 15H ; TELL OPERATING SYSTEM ABOUT TO DO WAIT
2134 08C4 9C PUSHF ; SAVE CY FOR TEST
2135 08C5 E8 0403 R CALL XLAT_NEW ; TRANSLATE STATE TO PRESENT ARCH.
2136 08C8 9D POPF ; RESTORE CY FOR TEST
2137 08C9 73 05 JNC M_WAIT ; BYPASS LOOP IF DR SYSTEM HANDLED WAIT
2138 08CB E8 0901 R CALL TURN_ON ; CHECK AGAIN IF MOTOR ON
2139 08CE 72 2F JC MOT_IS_ON ; IF NO WAIT MEANS IT IS ON
2140
2141 08D0 M_WAIT:
2142 08D0 B2 0A MOV DL,10 ; GET THE MOTOR WAIT PARAMETER
2143 08D2 E8 08A1 R CALL GET_PARAM
2144 08D5 8A C4 MOV AL,AL ; AL = MOTOR WAIT PARAMETER
2145 08D7 32 E4 XOR AH,AH ; AX = MOTOR WAIT PARAMETER
2146 08D9 3C 08 CMP AL,B ; SEE IF AT LEAST A SECOND IS SPECIFIED
2147 08DB 73 02 JAE GP2 ; IF YES, CONTINUE
2148 08DD 50 08 MOV AL,B ; ONE SECOND WAIT FOR MOTOR START UP
2149
2150 ;----- AX CONTAINS NUMBER OF 1/8 SECONDS (125000 MICROSECONDS) TO WAIT
2151
2152 08DF 50 GP2: PUSH AX ; SAVE WAIT PARAMETER
2153 08E0 BA F424 MOV DX,62500 ; LOAD LARGEST POSSIBLE MULTIPLIER
2154 08E3 F7 E2 MUL DX ; MULTIPLY BY HALF OF WHAT'S NECESSARY
2155 08E5 8B CA MOV CX,DX ; CX = HIGH WORD
2156 08E7 8B D0 MOV CX,AX ; CX,DX = 1/2 * (# OF MICROSECONDS)
2157 08E9 F8 CLC ; CLEAR CARRY FOR ROTATE
2158 08EA D1 D2 RCL DX,1 ; DOUBLE LOW WORD, CY CONTAINS OVERFLOW
2159 08EC D1 D1 RCL CX,1 ; DOUBLE HI, INCLUDING LOW WORD OVERFLOW
2160 08EE B4 86 MOV AH,86H ; LOAD WAIT CODE
2161 08F0 CD 15 INT 15H ; PERFORM WAIT
2162 08F2 58 POP AX ; RESTORE WAIT PARAMETER
2163 08F3 73 0A JNC MOT_IS_ON ; CY MEANS WAIT COULD NOT BE DONE
2164
2165 ;----- FOLLOWING LOOPS REQUIRED WHEN RTC WAIT FUNCTION IS ALREADY IN USE
2166
2167 08F5 J13: MOV CX,8286 ; WAIT FOR 1/8 SECOND PER (AL)
2168 08F5 B9 205E ; COUNT FOR 1/8 SECOND AT 15.085737 US
2169 08F8 E8 0000 R CALL WAITF ; GO TO FIXED WAIT ROUTINE
2170 08FB FE C8 DEC CX ; DECREMENT TIME VALUE
2171 08FD 75 F6 JNZ J13 ; ARE WE DONE YET
2172
2173 08FF MOT_IS_ON: POP BX ; RESTORE REG.
2174 08FF 5B POP RET
2175 0900 C3 RET
2176 0901 MOTOR_ON ENDP
2177
2178 ; TURN_ON ;
2179 ; TURN MOTOR ON AND RETURN WAIT STATE. ;
2180 ;
2181 ; ON ENTRY: DI = DRIVE # ;
2182 ;
2183 ; ON EXIT: CY = 0 MEANS WAIT REQUIRED ;
2184 ; CY = 1 MEANS NO WAIT REQUIRED ;
2185 ; AX,BX,CX,DX DESTROYED ;
2186
2187 0901 TURN_ON PROC NEAR
2188 0901 8B DF MOV BX,DI ; BX = DRIVE #
2189 0903 84 CB MOV CL,BL ; CL = DRIVE #
2190 0905 C0 C3 04 ROL BL,4 ; BL = DRIVE SELECT
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2191 0908 FA          CLJ          ; NO INTERRUPTS WHILE DETERMINING STATUS
2192 0909 C6 06 0040 R FF      MOV          #MOTOR_COUNT,OFFH    ; ENSURE MOTOR STAYS ON FOR OPERATION
2193 090E A0 003F R          AND          AL,#MOTOR_STATUS    ; GET DIGITAL OUTPUT REGISTER REFLECTION
2194 0911 24 30          AND          AL,00110000B        ; KEEP ONLY DRIVE SELECT BITS
2195 0913 B4 01          MOV          AH,1                ; MASK FOR DETERMINING MOTOR BIT
2196 0915 D2 E4          SHL          AH,CL              ; AH = MOTOR ON, A=00000001, B=00000010
2197
2198 ; AL = DRIVE SELECT FROM #MOTOR_STATUS
2199 ; BL = DRIVE SELECT DESIRED
2200 ; AH = MOTOR ON MASK DESIRED
2201
2202 0917 3A C3          CMP          AL,BL              ; REQUESTED DRIVE ALREADY SELECTED ?
2203 0919 75 06          JNZ          TURN_IT_ON        ; IF NOT SELECTED JUMP
2204 091B 84 26 003F R      TEST         AH,#MOTOR_STATUS    ; TEST MOTOR ON BIT
2205 091F 75 2C          JNZ          NO_MOT_WAIT       ; JUMP IF MOTOR ON AND SELECTED
2206
2207 0921          TURN_IT_ON:
2208 0921 0A E3          OR          AH,BL              ; AH = DRIVE SELECT AND MOTOR ON
2209 0923 8A 3E 003F R      MOV          BH,#MOTOR_STATUS    ; SAVE COPY OF #MOTOR_STATUS BEFORE
2210 0927 80 E7 0F          AND          BH,00001111B        ; KEEP ONLY MOTOR BITS
2211 092A 80 26 003F R CF  AND          #MOTOR_STATUS,11001111B ; CLEAR OUT DRIVE SELECT
2212 092F 08 26 003F R      OR          #MOTOR_STATUS,AH    ; OR IN DRIVE SELECTED AND MOTOR ON
2213 0933 A0 003F R          MOV          AL,#MOTOR_STATUS    ; GET DIGITAL OUTPUT REGISTER REFLECTION
2214 0936 8A D8          MOV          BL,AL              ; BL=#MOTOR_STATUS AFTER, BH=#BEFORE
2215 0938 80 E3 0F          AND          BL,00001111B        ; KEEP ONLY MOTOR BITS
2216 093B FB          STI          ; ENABLE INTERRUPTS AGAIN
2217 093C 24 33          AND          AL,00111111B        ; STRIP AWAY UNWANTED BITS
2218 093E C0 C0 04          ROL          AL,4                ; PUT BITS IN DESIRED POSITIONS
2219 0941 0C 0C          OR          AL,00001100B        ; NO RESET, ENABLE DMA/INTERRUPT
2220 0943 8A 03F2          MOV          DX,03F2H           ; SELECT DRIVE AND TURN ON MOTOR
2221 0946 EE          OUT         DX,AL              ;
2222 0947 3A DF          CMP          BL,BH              ; NEW MOTOR TURNED ON ?
2223 0949 74 02          JZ          NO_MOT_WAIT         ; NO WAIT REQUIRED IF JUST SELECT
2224 094B FB          CLC          ; SET CARRY MEANING WAIT
2225 094C C3          RET
2226
2227 094D          NO_MOT_WAIT:
2228 094D F9          STC          ; SET NO WAIT REQUIRED
2229 094E FB          STI          ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON
2230 094F C3          RET
2231 0950
2232          TURN_ON_ENDP
2233 -----
2234 ; HD_WAIT
2235 ; WAIT FOR HEAD SETTLE TIME.
2236 ; ON ENTRY: DI ; DRIVE #
2237 ; ON EXIT: AX,BX,CX,DX DESTROYED
2238 -----
2239 0950          HD_WAIT PROC NEAR
2240 0950 B2 09          MOV          DL,9                ; GET HEAD SETTLE PARAMETER
2241 0952 E8 08A1 R        CALL         GET_PARM           ; GET #MOTOR_STATUS,10000000B
2242 0955 F6 06 003F R 80  TEST         #MOTOR_STATUS,10000000B ; SEE IF A WRITE OPERATION
2243 095A 74 14          JSNT        WRITE              ; IF NOT, DO NOT ENFORCE ANY VALUES
2244 095C 0A E4          OR          AH,AH              ; CHECK FOR ANY WAIT?
2245 095E 75 14          JNZ         DO_WAIT            ; IF THERE DO NOT ENFORCE
2246 0960 B4 0F          MOV          AH,HD12_SETTLE     ; LOAD 1.2M HEAD SETTLE MINIMUM
2247 0962 8A 85 0090 R    MOV          AL,#DSK_STATE[DI]  ; LOAD STATE
2248 0966 24 C0          AND          AL,RATE_MSK        ; KEEP ONLY RATE
2249 0968 3C 80          CMP          AL,RATE_250        ; 1.2 M DRIVE ?
2250 096A 75 08          JNZ         DO_WAIT            ; DEFAULT HEAD SETTLE LOADED
2251
2252 096C B4 14          GP3: MOV          AH,HD320_SETTLE   ; USE 320/360 HEAD SETTLE
2253 096E EB 04          JMP         SHORT_DO_WAIT      ;
2254
2255 0970          ISNT_WRITE:
2256 0970 0A E4          OR          AH,AH              ; CHECK FOR NO WAIT
2257 0972 74 1F          JZ          HW_DONE            ; IF NOT WRITE AND 0 ITS OK
2258
2259 ; ----- AH CONTAINS NUMBER OF MILLISECONDS TO WAIT
2260
2261 0974          DO_WAIT:
2262 0974 8A C4          MOV          AL,AH              ; AL = # MILLISECONDS
2263 0976 32 E4          XOR          AH,AH              ; AX = # MILLISECONDS
2264 0978 50          PUSH        AX                 ; SAVE HEAD SETTLE PARAMETER
2265 0979 BA 03E8          MOV          DX,1000            ; SET UP FOR MULTIPLY TO MICROSECONDS
2266 097C F7 E2          MUL          DX                 ; DX,AX = # MICROSECONDS
2267 097E 8B CA          MOV          CX,DX              ; CX,AX = # MICROSECONDS
2268 0980 8B D0          MOV          CX,DX              ; CX,DX = # MICROSECONDS
2269 0982 B4 86          MOV          AH,86H            ; LOAD WAIT CODE
2270 0984 CD 15          INT         15H                ; PERFORM WAIT
2271 0986 58          POP         AX                 ; RESTORE HEAD SETTLE PARAMETER
2272 0987 73 0A          JNC        HW_DONE            ; CHECK FOR EVENT WAIT ACTIVE
2273
2274 0989          J29:
2275 0989 B9 0042          MOV          CX,66              ; COUNT AT 15.085737 US PER COUNT
2276 098C E8 0000 E        CALL        WAITP             ; DELAY FOR 1 MILLISECOND
2277 098F FE C8          DEC         AL                 ; DECREMENT THE COUNT
2278 0991 75 F6          JNZ         J29                ; DO AL MILLISECOND # OF TIMES
2279
2280 0993          HW_DONE:
2281 0993 C3          RET
2282 0994
2283          HD_WAIT ENDP
2284 -----
2285 ; NEC_OUTPUT
2286 ; THIS ROUTINE SENDS A BYTE TO THE NEC CONTROLLER AFTER
2287 ; TESTING FOR CORRECT DIRECTION AND CONTROLLER READY THIS
2288 ; ROUTINE WILL TIME OUT IF THE BYTE IS NOT ACCEPTED WITHIN
2289 ; A REASONABLE AMOUNT OF TIME, SETTING THE DISKETTE STATUS:
2290 ; ON COMPLETION.
2291 ; ON ENTRY:
2292 ; AH = BYTE TO BE OUTPUT
2293 ; ON EXIT:
2294 ; CY = 0 SUCCESS
2295 ; CY = 1 FAILURE -- DISKETTE STATUS UPDATED
2296 ; IF A FAILURE HAS OCCURRED, THE RETURN IS MADE
2297 ; ONE LEVEL HIGHER THAN THE CALLER OF NEC_OUTPUT.
2298 ; THIS REMOVES THE REQUIREMENT OF TESTING AFTER
2299 ; EVERY CALL OF NEC_OUTPUT.
2300 ; AX,CX,DX DESTROYED
2301 -----
2302 0994          NEC_OUTPUT PROC NEAR
2303 0994 53          PUSH        BX                 ; SAVE REG.
2304 0995 BA 03F4          MOV          DX,03F4H          ; STATUS PORT

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2305 0998 B3 02          MOV     BL,2          ; HIGH ORDER COUNTER
2306 099A 33 C9          XOR     CX,CX          ; COUNT FOR TIME OUT
2307
2308 099C EC             J23:   IN     AL,DX          ; GET STATUS
2309 099D 24 C0          AND     AL,11000000B    ; KEEP STATUS AND DIRECTION
2310 099F 3C 80          CMP     AL,10000000B    ; STATUS 1 AND DIRECTION 0 ?
2311 09A1 74 0F          JZ     J27             ; STATUS AND DIRECTION OK
2312 09A3 E2 F7          LOOP   J23            ; CONTINUE TILL CX EXHAUSTED
2313
2314 09A5 FE CB          DEC     BL             ; DECREMENT COUNTER
2315 09A7 75 F3          JNZ    J23            ; REPEAT TILL DELAY FINISHED, CX = 0
2316
2317 ;----- FALL THRU TO ERROR RETURN
2318
2319 09A9 80 0E 0041 R 80 ; OR     #DSKETTE_STATUS,TIME_OUT
2320 09AE 5B             POP     BX             ; RESTORE REG.
2321 09AF 58             POP     AX             ; DISCARD THE RETURN ADDRESS
2322 09B0 F9             STC                    ; INDICATE ERROR TO CALLER
2323 09B1 C3             RET
2324
2325 ;----- DIRECTION AND STATUS OK; OUTPUT BYTE
2326
2327 09B2             J27:
2328 09B2 8A C4          MOV     AL,AH          ; GET BYTE TO OUTPUT
2329 09B4 42             INC     DX              ; DATA PORT = STATUS PORT + 1
2330 09B5 EE             OUT     DX,AL          ; OUTPUT THE BYTE
2331
2332 09B6 9C             PUSHF                    ; SAVE FLAGS
2333 09B7 B9 0003        MOV     CX,3           ; 30 TO 45 MICROSECOND WAIT FOR
2334 09BA E8 0000 E     CALL   WAITF           ; NEC FLAGS UPDATE CYCLE
2335 09BD 90             POPF                     ; RESTORE FLAGS FOR EXIT
2336 09BE 5B             POP     BX             ; RESTORE REG.
2337 09BF C3             RET                     ; CY = 0 FROM TEST INSTRUCTION
2338 09C0
2339 NEC_OUTPUT          ENDP
2340
2341 ;-----
2342 ; SEEK
2343 ; THIS ROUTINE WILL MOVE THE HEAD ON THE NAMED DRIVE
2344 ; TO THE NAMED TRACK. IF THE DRIVE HAS NOT BEEN ACCESSED
2345 ; SINCE THE DRIVE RESET COMMAND WAS ISSUED, THE DRIVE
2346 ; WILL BE RECALIBRATED.
2347 ;
2348 ; ON ENTRY:  DI = DRIVE #
2349 ;             CH = TRACK #
2350 ;
2351 ; ON EXIT:   #DSKETTE_STATUS, CY REFLECT STATUS OF OPERATION.
2352 ;           AX,BX,CX,DX DESTROYED
2353 ;-----
2354 09C0             SEEK          PROC     NEAR
2355 09C0 8B DF          MOV     BX,DI          ; BX = DRIVE #
2356 09C2 B0 01          MOV     AL,1           ; ESTABLISH MASK FOR RECALIBRATE TEST
2357 09C4 86 CB          XCHG   CL,BL           ; GET DRIVE VALUE INTO CL
2358 09C6 D2 C0          ROL    AL,CL           ; SHIFT MASK BY THE DRIVE VALUE
2359 09C8 86 CB          XCHG   CL,BL           ; RECOVER TRACK VALUE
2360 09CA 84 06 003E R   TEST   AL,#SEEK_STATUS ; TEST FOR RECALIBRATE REQUIRED
2361 09CC 75 1C          JNZ    J28A           ; JUMP IF RECALIBRATE NOT REQUIRED
2362
2363 09CD 08 06 003E R   OR     #SEEK_STATUS,AL ; TURN ON THE NO RECALIBRATE BIT IN FLAG
2364 09CE 0A 01 F R     CALL   RECAL          ; RECALIBRATE DRIVE
2365 09D0 73 0A         JNC    AFT_RECAL      ; RECALIBRATE DONE
2366
2367 ;----- ISSUE RECALIBRATE FOR 80 TRACK DISKETTES
2368
2369 09D9 C6 06 0041 R 00 ; MOV     #DSKETTE_STATUS,0 ; CLEAR OUT INVALID STATUS
2370 09DE E8 0A 1F R    CALL   RECAL          ; RECALIBRATE DRIVE
2371 09E1 72 3B         JC     RB             ; IF RECALIBRATE FAILS TWICE THEN ERROR
2372
2373 AFT_RECAL:
2374 09E3             MOV     #DSK_TRK[DI],0 ; SAVE NEW CYLINDER AS PRESENT POSITION
2375 09E5 C6 85 0094 R 00 ; OR     CH,CH          ; CHECK FOR SEEK TO TRACK 0
2376 09E8 0A ED         OR     JZ             ; HEAD SETTLE, CY = 0 IF JUMP
2377 09EA 74 2D         JZ     DO_WAIT        ; HEAD SETTLE, CY = 0 IF JUMP
2378
2379 ;----- DRIVE IS IN SYNCHRONIZATION WITH CONTROLLER, SEEK TO TRACK
2380
2381 09EC F6 85 0090 R 20 ; J28A: TEST #DSK_STATE[DI],DBL_STEP ; CHECK FOR DOUBLE STEP REQUIRED
2382 09EF 74 02         SHL    CH,1           ; SINGLE STEP REQUIRED BYPASS DOUBLE
2383 09F3 D0 E5         SHL    CH,1           ; DOUBLE NUMBER OF STEP TO TAKE
2384
2385 09F5 3A AD 0094 R ; RT:   CMP     CH,#DSK_TRK[DI] ; SEE IF ALREADY AT THE DESIRED TRACK
2386 09F9 74 23         JE     RB             ; IF YES, DO NOT NEED TO SEEK
2387
2388 ;-----
2389 09FB BA 0A 1E R    MOV     DX,OFFSET NEC_ERR ; LOAD RETURN ADDRESS
2390 09FE 52             PUSH                    ; ON STACK FOR NEC OUTPUT ERROR
2391 09FF 88 AD 0094 R ; MOV     #DSK_TRK[DI],CH ; SAVE NEW CYLINDER AS PRESENT POSITION
2392 0A03 B4 0F         MOV     AH,0FH         ; SEEK COMMAND TO NEC
2393 0A05 E8 0994 R    CALL   NEC_OUTPUT
2394 0A08 B5 0F         MOV     BX,DI          ; BX = DRIVE #
2395 0A0A BA E3         MOV     AH,BL          ; OUTPUT DRIVE NUMBER
2396 0A0C E8 0994 R    CALL   NEC_OUTPUT
2397 0A0F BA A5 0094 R ; MOV     AH,#DSK_TRK[DI] ; GET CYLINDER NUMBER
2398 0A13 E8 0994 R    CALL   NEC_OUTPUT
2399 0A16 E8 0A36 R    CALL   CHK_STAT_2     ; ENDING INTERRUPT AND SENSE STATUS
2400
2401 ;----- WAIT FOR HEAD SETTLE
2402
2403 DO_WAIT:
2404 0A19             PUSHF                    ; SAVE STATUS
2405 0A1A E8 0950 R    CALL   HD_WAIT        ; WAIT FOR HEAD SETTLE TIME
2406 0A1D 90             POPF                     ; RESTORE STATUS
2407
2408 RB:
2409 0A1E             NEC_ERR:
2410 0A1E             RET                     ; RETURN TO CALLER
2411
2412 SEEK          ENDP
2413
2414 ;-----
2415 ; RECAL
2416 ; RECALIBRATE DRIVE
2417 ;
2418 ; ON ENTRY:  DI = DRIVE #
2419 ;
2420 ; ON EXIT:   CY REFLECTS STATUS OF OPERATION.
2421 ;
2422 RECAL          PROC     NEAR
2423 0A1F             CX,DI
2424 0A20 B8 0A34 R    MOV     AX,OFFSET RC_BACK ; LOAD NEC_OUTPUT ERROR
2425 0A23 50             PUSH                    ;

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2419 0A24 B4 07      MOV     AH,07H      ; RECALIBRATE COMMAND
2420 0A26 E8 0994 R  CALL    NEC_OUTPUT
2421 0A29 8B DF      MOV     BX,BI      ; BX = DRIVE #
2422 0A2B 8A E3      MOV     AH,BL
2423 0A2D E8 0994 R  CALL    NEC_OUTPUT  ; OUTPUT THE DRIVE NUMBER
2424 0A30 E8 0A36 R  CALL    CHK_STAT_2  ; GET THE INTERRUPT AND SENSE INT STATUS
2425 0A33 58          POP     AX          ; THROW AWAY ERROR
2426 0A34          RC_BACK:
2427 0A34 59          POP     CX
2428 0A35 C3          RET
2429 0A36          RECAL ENDP
2430          ;-----;
2431          ; CHK_STAT_2
2432          ; THIS ROUTINE HANDLES THE INTERRUPT RECEIVED AFTER
2433          ; RECALIBRATE OR SEEK TO THE ADAPTER. THE
2434          ; INTERRUPT IS WAITED FOR, THE INTERRUPT STATUS SENSED,
2435          ; AND THE RESULT RETURNED TO THE CALLER.
2436          ;
2437          ; ON EXIT:      *DSKETTE_STATUS, CY REFLECT STATUS OF OPERATION.
2438          ;-----;
2439 0A36          CHK_STAT_2  PROC   NEAR
2440 0A36 B8 0A54 R    MOV     AX,OFFSET CS_BACK ; LOAD NEC_OUTPUT ERROR ADDRESS
2441 0A39 50          PUSH    AX
2442 0A3A E8 0A5D R  CALL    WAIT_INT     ; WAIT FOR THE INTERRUPT
2443 0A3D 72 14      JC      J34          ; IF ERROR, RETURN IT
2444 0A3F B4 08      MOV     AH,08H      ; SENSE INTERRUPT STATUS COMMAND
2445 0A41 E8 0994 R  CALL    NEC_OUTPUT
2446 0A44 E8 0A85 R  CALL    RESULTS      ; READ IN THE RESULTS
2447 0A47 72 0A      JC      J34
2448 0A49 A0 0042 R  MOV     AL,*NEC_STATUS ; GET THE FIRST STATUS BYTE
2449 0A4C 24 60      AND     AL,01100000B  ; ISOLATE THE BITS
2450 0A4E 3E 60      CMP     AL,01100000B  ; TEST FOR CORRECT VALUE
2451 0A50 74 03      JZ     J35          ; IF ERROR, GO MARK IT
2452 0A52 F8          CLC
2453 0A53          J34:
2454 0A53 58          POP     AX          ; THROW AWAY ERROR RETURN
2455 0A54          CS_BACK:
2456 0A54 C3          RET
2457          ;-----;
2458 0A55          J35:
2459 0A55 80 0E 0041 R  OR      *DSKETTE_STATUS,BAD_SEEK ; ERROR RETURN CODE
2460 0A5A F9          STC
2461 0A5B EB F6      JMP     SHORT J34
2462 0A5D          CHK_STAT_2  ENDP
2463          ;-----;
2464          ; WAIT_INT
2465          ; THIS ROUTINE WAITS FOR AN INTERRUPT TO OCCUR A TIME OUT
2466          ; ROUTINE TAKES PLACE DURING THE WAIT, SO THAT AN ERROR
2467          ; MAY BE RETURNED IF THE DRIVE IS NOT READY.
2468          ;
2469          ; ON EXIT:      *DSKETTE_STATUS, CY REFLECT STATUS OF OPERATION.
2470          ;-----;
2471 0A5D          WAIT_INT  PROC   NEAR
2472 0A5D FB          STI
2473 0A5E F8          CLC
2474 0A5F B8 9001    MOV     AX,09001H    ; TURN ON INTERRUPTS, JUST IN CASE
2475 0A62 CD 15      INT    15H          ; CLEAR TIMEOUT INDICATOR
2476 0A64 72 11      JC      J36A        ; LOAD WAIT CODE AND TYPE
2477 0A66 B3 04      MOV     BL,4         ; PERFORM OTHER FUNCTION
2478 0A68 33 C9      XOR     CX,CX        ; BYPASS TIMING LOOP IF TIMEOUT DONE
2479 0A6A          J36:
2480 0A6A F6 06 003E R  TEST   *SEEK_STATUS,INT_FLAG ; TEST FOR INTERRUPT OCCURRING
2481 0A6F 75 0C      JNZ    J37          ; ERROR RETURN
2482 0A71 E2 F7      LOOP   J36         ; COUNT DOWN WHILE WAITING
2483 0A73 FE CB      DEC   BL           ; SECOND LEVEL COUNTER
2484 0A75 75 F3      JNZ    J36
2485          ;-----;
2486 0A77 80 0E 0041 R  J36A:  OR      *DSKETTE_STATUS,TIME_OUT ; NOTHING HAPPENED
2487 0A7C F9          STC
2488 0A7D          J37:
2489 0A7D 9C          PUSHF ; SAVE CURRENT CARRY
2490 0A7E 80 26 003E R  AND    *SEEK_STATUS,NOT INT_FLAG ; TURN OFF INTERRUPT FLAG
2491 0A83 9D          POPF  ; RECOVER CARRY
2492 0A84 C3          RET      ; GOOD RETURN CODE
2493 0A85          WAIT_INT  ENDP
2494          ;-----;
2495          ; RESULTS
2496          ; THIS ROUTINE WILL READ ANYTHING THAT THE NEC CONTROLLER
2497          ; RETURNS FOLLOWING AN INTERRUPT.
2498          ;
2499          ; ON EXIT:      *DSKETTE_STATUS, CY REFLECT STATUS OF OPERATION.
2500          ; AX,BX,CX,DX DESTROYED
2501          ;-----;
2502 0A85          RESULTS  PROC   NEAR
2503 0A85 57          PUSH    DI
2504 0A86 BF 0042 R  MOV     DI,OFFSET *NEC_STATUS ; POINTER TO DATA AREA
2505 0A89 B3 07      MOV     BL,7         ; MAX STATUS BYTES
2506 0A8B BA 03F4    MOV     DX,03F4H    ; STATUS PORT
2507          ;-----;
2508          ;----- WAIT FOR REQUEST FOR MASTER
2509          ;-----;
2510 0A8E B7 02      R10:  MOV     BH,2        ; HIGH ORDER COUNTER
2511 0A90 33 C9      XOR     CX,CX        ; COUNTER
2512 0A92          J39:
2513 0A92 EC          IN     AL,DX        ; WAIT FOR MASTER
2514 0A93 24 C0      AND     AL,11000000B ; GET STATUS
2515 0A95 3C C0      CMP     AL,11000000B ; KEEP ONLY STATUS AND DIRECTION
2516 0A97 74 0E      JZ     J42          ; STATUS 1 AND DIRECTION 1 ?
2517 0A99 E2 F7      LOOP   J39         ; STATUS AND DIRECTION OK ?
2518          ; LOOP TILL TIMEOUT
2519 0A9B FE CF      DEC   BH           ; DECREMENT HIGH ORDER COUNTER
2520 0A9D 75 F3      JNZ    J39         ; REPEAT TILL DELAY DONE
2521          ;-----;
2522 0A9F 80 0E 0041 R  OR      *DSKETTE_STATUS,TIME_OUT ; SET ERROR RETURN
2523 0AA4 F9          STC
2524 0AA5 EB 1B      JMP     SHORT POPRES ; POP REGISTERS AND RETURN
2525          ;-----;
2526          ;----- READ IN THE STATUS
2527          ;-----;
2528 0AA7          J42:
2529          ;
2530 0AA7 42          INC   DX           ; I/O DELAY
2531 0AAB EC          IN     AL,DX       ; POINT AT DATA PORT
2532 0AA9 88 05      MOV     [DI],AL     ; GET THE DATA
2533          ; STORE THE BYTE

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SECTION 5



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2533 0AAB 47          INC      DI          ; INCREMENT THE POINTER
2534
2535 0AAC B9 0003     MOV      CX,3          ; MINIMUM 24 MICROSECONDS FOR NEC
2536 0AAF EB 0000 E    CALL    WAITF         ; WAIT 30 TO 45 MICROSECONDS
2537 0AB2 4A          DEC      DX          ; POINT AT STATUS PORT
2538 0AB3 EC          IN       AL,DX        ; GET STATUS
2539 0AB4 A6 10       TEST    AL,00010000B ; TEST FOR NEC STILL BUSY
2540 0AB6 74 0A       JZ      POPRES        ; RESULTS DONE ?
2541
2542 0AB8 FE CB       DEC     BL          ; DECREMENT THE STATUS COUNTER
2543 0ABA 75 D2       JNZ    R10          ; GO BACK FOR MORE
2544 0ABC 80 0E 0041 R 20 OR      0DSKETTE_STATUS,BAD_NEC ; TOO MANY STATUS BYTES
2545 0AC1 F9          STC          ; SET ERROR FLAG
2546
2547          |----- RESULT OPERATION IS DONE
2548
2549 0AC2          POPRES:
2550 0AC2 5F          POP      DI          ; RETURN WITH CARRY SET
2551 0AC3 C3          RET
2552 0AC4          RESULTS ENDP
2553          |-----
2554          | READ_DSKCHNG
2555          | READS THE STATE OF THE DISK CHANGE LINE.
2556          |
2557          | ON ENTRY: DI = DRIVE #
2558          |
2559          | ON EXIT: DI = DRIVE #
2560          | ZF = 0 ; DISK CHANGE LINE INACTIVE
2561          | ZF = 1 ; DISK CHANGE LINE ACTIVE
2562          | AX,CX,DX DESTROYED
2563          |-----
2564 0AC4          READ_DSKCHNG PROC NEAR
2565 0AC4 E8 08B6 R    CALL    MOTOR_ON     ; TURN ON THE MOTOR IF OFF
2566 0AC7 BA 03F7     MOV     DX,03F7H     ; ADDRESS DIGITAL INPUT REGISTER
2567 0ACA EC          IN     AL,DX        ; INPUT DIGITAL INPUT REGISTER
2568 0ACB A8 80       TEST    AL,DSK_CHG   ; CHECK FOR DISK CHANGE LINE ACTIVE
2569 0ACD C3          RET                ; RETURN TO CALLER WITH ZERO FLAG SET
2570 0ACE          READ_DSKCHNG ENDP
2571          |-----
2572          | DRIVE_DET
2573          | DETERMINES WHETHER DRIVE IS 80 OR 40 TRACKS AND
2574          | UPDATES STATE INFORMATION ACCORDINGLY.
2575          |
2576          | ON ENTRY: DI = DRIVE #
2577          |-----
2578 0ACE          DRIVE_DET PROC NEAR
2579 0ACE E8 08B6 R    CALL    MOTOR_ON     ; TURN ON MOTOR IF NOT ALREADY ON
2580 0AD1 E8 0A1F R    CALL    RECAL        ; RECALIBRATE DRIVE
2581 0AD4 72 3C       JC     DD_BAC        ; ASSUME NO DRIVE PRESENT
2582 0AD6 B5 30       MOV     CH,TRK_SLAP  ; SEEK TO TRACK 48
2583 0AD8 E8 09C0 R    CALL    SEEK         ; SEEK
2584 0ADA 72 35       JC     DD_BAC        ; ERROR NO DRIVE
2585 0ADD B5 08       MOV     CH,QUIET_SEEK+1 ; SEEK TO TRACK 10
2586 0ADF          SK_GIN:
2587 0ADF FE CD       DEC     CX          ; DECREMENT TO NEXT TRACK
2588 0AE1 51         PUSH    CX          ; SAVE TRACK
2589 0AE2 E8 09C0 R    CALL    SEEK         ; "
2590 0AE5 72 C2       JC     POP_BAC      ; POP AND RETURN
2591 0AE7 B8 0B13 R    MOV     AX,OFFSET POP_BAC ; LOAD NEC OUTPUT ERROR ADDRESS
2592 0AEA 50         PUSH    AX          ; "
2593 0AEB B4 04       MOV     AH,SENSE_DRV_ST ; SENSE DRIVE STATUS COMMAND BYTE
2594 0AED E8 0994 R    CALL    NEC_OUTPUT   ; OUTPUT TO NEC
2595 0AF0 BB C7       MOV     AX,DI        ; AL = DRIVE
2596 0AF2 8A E0       MOV     AH,AL        ; AH = DRIVE
2597 0AF4 E8 0994 R    CALL    NEC_OUTPUT   ; OUTPUT TO NEC
2598 0AF7 E8 0A85 R    CALL    CALL_RESULTS ; GO GET STATUS
2599 0AFA 58         POP     AX          ; THROW AWAY ERROR ADDRESS
2600 0AFB 59         POP     CX          ; RESTORE TRACK
2601 0AFC F6 06 0042 R 10 TEST    0NEC_STATUS,HOME ; TRACK 0 ?
2602 0B01 74 DC       JZ     SK_GIN        ; GO TILL TRACK 0
2603 0B03 0A ED       OR     CH,CH         ; IS HOME AT TRACK 0 ?
2604 0B05 74 06       JZ     IS_80         ; MUST BE 80 TRACK DRIVE
2605
2606          | DRIVE IS A 360; SET DRIVE TO DETERMINED;
2607          | SET MEDIA TO DETERMINED AT RATE 250.
2608
2609 0B07 80 8D 0090 R 94 OR      0DSK_STATE[DI],DRV_DET+MED_DET+RATE_250
2610 0B0C C3          RET                ; ALL INFORMATION SET
2611
2612 0B0D          IS_80:
2613 0B0D 80 8D 0090 R 01 OR      0DSK_STATE[DI],TRK_CAPA ; SETUP 80 TRACK CAPABILITY
2614 0B12          DD_BAC:
2615 0B12 C3          RET
2616
2617 0B13          POP_BAC:
2618 0B13 59         POP     CX          ; THROW AWAY
2619 0B14 C3          RET
2620
2621 0B15          DRIVE_DET ENDP
2622          |-----
2623          | DISK_INT
2624          | THIS ROUTINE HANDLES THE DISKETTE INTERRUPT.
2625          |
2626          | ON EXIT: THE INTERRUPT FLAG IS SET IN 0SEEK_STATUS.
2627          |-----
2628 0B15          DISK_INT PROC FAR
2629 0B15 50         PUSH    AX          ; SAVE WORK REGISTER
2630 0B16 1E         PUSH    DS          ; SAVE REGISTERS
2631 0B17 E8 0000 E    CALL    DDS          ; SETUP DATA ADDRESSING
2632 0B1A 80 0E 003E R 80 OR      0SEEK_STATUS,INT_FLAG ; TURN ON INTERRUPT OCCURRED
2633 0B1F 1F         POP     DS          ; RESTORE USER (DS)
2634 0B20 B0 20       MOV     AL,E01       ; END OF INTERRUPT MARKER
2635 0B22 E6 20       OUT    INTA00,AL    ; INTERRUPT CONTROL PORT
2636 0B24 FB         STI          ; RE-ENABLE INTERRUPTS
2637 0B25 B8 9101     MOV     AX,09101H   ; INTERRUPT POST CODE AND TYPE
2638 0B28 CD 15       INT    15H          ; GO PERFORM OTHER TASK
2639 0B2A 58         POP     AX          ; RECOVER REGISTER
2640 0B2B CF         IRET         ; RETURN FROM INTERRUPT
2641 0B2C          DISK_INT ENDP
2642          |-----
2643          | DSKETTE_SETUP
2644          | THIS ROUTINE DOES A PRELIMINARY CHECK TO SEE WHAT TYPE
2645          | OF DISKETTE DRIVES ARE ATTACH TO THE SYSTEM.
2646          |-----
    
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2647 0B2C          DSKETTE_SETUP PROC          NEAR
2648 0B2C 50          PUSH AX                      ; SAVE REGISTERS
2649 0B2D 53          PUSH BX
2650 0B2E 51          PUSH CX
2651 0B2F 52          PUSH DX
2652 0B30 57          PUSH DI
2653 0B31 1E          PUSH DS
2654 0B32 E8 0000 E   CALL DDS                      ; POINT DATA SEGMENT TO BIOS DATA AREA
2655 0B35 80 0E 00A0 R 01 OR 0RTC_WAIT_FLAG,01        ; NO RTC WAIT, FORCE USE OF LOOP
2656 0B3A 33 FF       XOR DI,DI                    ; INITIALIZE DRIVE POINTER
2657 0B3C C7 06 0090 R 0000 MOV WORD PTR 0DSK_STATE,0  ; INITIALIZE STATES
2658 0B42 80 26 008B R 33 AND 0LAstrate,NOT STRT_MSK+SEND_MSK ; CLEAR START & SEND
2659 0B47 80 0E 008B R C0 OR 0LAstrate,SEND_MSK      ; INITIALIZE SENT TO IMPOSSIBLE
2660 0B4C C6 06 003E R 00 MOV 00SEEK_STATUS,0        ; INDICATE RECALIBRATE NEEDED
2661 0B51 C6 06 0040 R 00 MOV 00MOTOR_COUNT,0        ; INITIALIZE MOTOR COUNT
2662 0B56 C6 06 003F R 00 MOV 00MOTOR_STATUS,0       ; INITIALIZE DRIVES TO OFF STATE
2663 0B5B C6 06 0041 R 00 MOV 00DSKETTE_STATUS,0     ; NO ERRORS
2664
2665 0B60          SUP0:
2666 0B60 E8 0ACE R   CALL DRIVE_DET              ; DETERMINE DRIVE
2667 0B63 E8 0429 R   CALL XLAT_OLD              ; TRANSLATE STATE TO COMPATIBLE MODE
2668 0B65 47         INC DI                    ; POINT TO NEXT DRIVE
2669 0B67 83 FF 02    CMP DI,MAX_DRY            ; SEE IF DONE
2670 0B6A 75 F4      JNZ SUP0                  ; REPEAT FOR EACH DRIVE
2671 0B6C C6 06 003E R 00 MOV 00SEEK_STATUS,0        ; FORCE RECALIBRATE
2672 0B71 80 26 00A0 R FE AND 0RTC_WAIT_FLAG,0FEH   ; ALLOW FOR RTC WAIT
2673 0B76 E8 07F5 R   CALL SETUP_END            ; VARIOUS CLEANUPS
2674 0B79 1F        POP DS                    ; RESTORE CALLERS REGISTERS
2675 0B7A 5F        POP DI
2676 0B7B 5A        POP DX
2677 0B7C 59        POP CX
2678 0B7D 5B        POP BX
2679 0B7E 58        POP BP
2680 0B7F C3        RET
2681 0B80          DSKETTE_SETUP ENDP
2682 0B80          CODE          ENDS
2683
    
```

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1 PAGE 118,123
2 TITLE DISK ----- 11/15/85 FIXED DISK BIOS
3 .286C
4 .LIST
5 0000 CODE SEGMENT BYTE PUBLIC
6
7 PUBLIC DISK_IO
8 PUBLIC DISK_SETUP
9 PUBLIC HD_INT
10
11 EXTRN CMOS_READ:NEAR
12 EXTRN CMOS_WRITE:NEAR
13 EXTRN DDS:NEAR
14 EXTRN E_MSG:NEAR
15 EXTRN FT780:NEAR
16 EXTRN F1781:NEAR
17 EXTRN F1782:NEAR
18 EXTRN F1790:NEAR
19 EXTRN F1791:NEAR
20 EXTRN FD_TBL:NEAR
21
22 ;--- INT 13H -----
23 ;
24 ;
25 ;
26 ;
27 ;
28 ;
29 ;
30 ;
31 ;
32 ;
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THIS INTERFACE PROVIDES ACCESS TO 5 1/4" FIXED DISKS THROUGH THE IBM FIXED DISK CONTROLLER.

THE BIOS ROUTINES ARE MEANT TO BE ACCESSED THROUGH SOFTWARE INTERRUPTS ONLY. ANY ADDRESSES PRESENT IN THESE LISTINGS ARE INCLUDED ONLY FOR COMPLETENESS, NOT FOR REFERENCE. APPLICATIONS WHICH REFERENCE ANY ABSOLUTE ADDRESSES WITHIN THE CODE SEGMENTS OF BIOS VIOLATE THE STRUCTURE AND DESIGN OF BIOS.

INPUT (AH) = HEX COMMAND VALUE

(AH) = 00H RESET DISK (DL = 80H,81H) / DISKETTE  
 (AH) = 01H READ THE STATUS OF THE LAST DISK OPERATION INTO (AL)  
 NOTE: DL < 80H - DISKETTE  
 DL > 80H - DISK

(AH) = 02H READ THE DESIRED SECTORS INTO MEMORY  
 (AH) = 03H WRITE THE DESIRED SECTORS FROM MEMORY  
 (AH) = 04H VERIFY THE DESIRED SECTORS  
 (AH) = 05H FORMAT THE DESIRED TRACK  
 (AH) = 06H UNUSED  
 (AH) = 07H UNUSED  
 (AH) = 08H RETURN THE CURRENT DRIVE PARAMETERS  
 (AH) = 09H INITIALIZE DRIVE PAIR CHARACTERISTICS  
 INTERRUPT 41 POINTS TO DATA BLOCK FOR DRIVE 0  
 INTERRUPT 46 POINTS TO DATA BLOCK FOR DRIVE 1

(AH) = 0AH READ LONG  
 (AH) = 0BH WRITE LONG (READ & WRITE LONG ENCOMPASS 512 + 4 BYTES ECC)  
 (AH) = 0CH SEEK  
 (AH) = 0DH ALTERNATE DISK RESET (SEE DL)  
 (AH) = 0EH UNUSED  
 (AH) = 0FH UNUSED  
 (AH) = 10H TEST DRIVE READY  
 (AH) = 11H RECALIBRATE  
 (AH) = 12H UNUSED  
 (AH) = 13H UNUSED  
 (AH) = 14H CONTROLLER INTERNAL DIAGNOSTIC  
 (AH) = 15H READ DASD TYPE

REGISTERS USED FOR FIXED DISK OPERATIONS

(DL) - DRIVE NUMBER (80H-81H FOR DISK, VALUE CHECKED)  
 (DH) - HEAD NUMBER (0-15 ALLOWED, NOT VALUE CHECKED)  
 (CH) - CYLINDER NUMBER (0-1023, NOT VALUE CHECKED) (SEE CL)  
 (CL) - SECTOR NUMBER (1-17, NOT VALUE CHECKED)

NOTE: HIGH 2 BITS OF CYLINDER NUMBER ARE PLACED IN THE HIGH 2 BITS OF THE CL REGISTER (10 BITS TOTAL)

(AL) - NUMBER OF SECTORS (MAXIMUM POSSIBLE RANGE 1-80H, FOR READ/WRITE LONG 1-79H)

(ES:BX) - ADDRESS OF BUFFER FOR READS AND WRITES, (NOT REQUIRED FOR VERIFY)

FORMAT (AH=5) ES:BX POINTS TO A 512 BYTE BUFFER. THE FIRST 2\*(SECTORS/TRACK) BYTES CONTAIN F,N FOR EACH SECTOR. F = 00H FOR A GOOD SECTOR  
 = 80H FOR A BAD SECTOR  
 N = SECTOR NUMBER  
 FOR AN INTERLEAVE OF 2 AND 17 SECTORS/TRACK THE TABLE SHOULD BE:

DB 00H,01H,00H,0AH,00H,02H,00H,0BH,00H,03H,00H,0CH  
 DB 00H,04H,00H,00H,00H,05H,00H,0EH,00H,06H,00H,0FH  
 DB 00H,07H,00H,10H,00H,08H,00H,11H,00H,09H

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99          PAGE
100         -----
101         ; OUTPUT
102         ; AH = STATUS OF CURRENT OPERATION
103         ; STATUS BITS ARE DEFINED IN THE EQUATES BELOW
104         ; CY = 0 SUCCESSFUL OPERATION (AH=0 ON RETURN)
105         ; CY = 1 FAILED OPERATION (AH HAS ERROR REASON)
106         ;
107         ; NOTE: ERROR 11H INDICATES THAT THE DATA READ HAD A RECOVERABLE
108         ; ERROR WHICH WAS CORRECTED BY THE ECC ALGORITHM. THE DATA
109         ; IS PROBABLY GOOD, HOWEVER THE BIOS ROUTINE INDICATES AN
110         ; ERROR TO ALLOW THE CONTROLLING PROGRAM A CHANCE TO DECIDE
111         ; FOR ITSELF. THE ERROR MAY NOT RECUR IF THE DATA IS
112         ; REWRITTEN.
113         ;
114         ; IF DRIVE PARAMETERS WERE REQUESTED (DL >= 80H),
115         ; INPUT:
116         ; (DL) = DRIVE NUMBER
117         ; OUTPUT:
118         ; (DL) = NUMBER OF CONSECUTIVE ACKNOWLEDGING DRIVES ATTACHED (1-2)
119         ; (CONTROLLER CARD ZERO TALLY ONLY)
120         ; (DH) = MAXIMUM USEABLE VALUE FOR HEAD NUMBER
121         ; (CH) = MAXIMUM USEABLE VALUE FOR CYLINDER NUMBER
122         ; (CL) = MAXIMUM USEABLE VALUE FOR SECTOR NUMBER
123         ; AND CYLINDER NUMBER HIGH BITS
124         ;
125         ; IF READ DASD TYPE WAS REQUESTED,
126         ;
127         ; AH = 0 - NOT PRESENT
128         ; 1 - DISKETTE - NO CHANGE LINE AVAILABLE
129         ; 2 - DISKETTE - CHANGE LINE AVAILABLE
130         ; 3 - FIXED DISK
131         ; CX,DX = NUMBER OF 512 BYTE BLOCKS WHEN AH = 3
132         ;
133         ; REGISTERS WILL BE PRESERVED EXCEPT WHEN THEY ARE USED TO RETURN
134         ; INFORMATION.
135         ;
136         ; NOTE: IF AN ERROR IS REPORTED BY THE DISK CODE, THE APPROPRIATE
137         ; ACTION IS TO RESET THE DISK, THEN RETRY THE OPERATION.
138         ;
139         -----
    
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141
142 = 00FF      SENSE_FAIL EQU OFFH      ; NOT IMPLEMENTED
143 = 00E0     NO_ERR     EQU 0E0H      ; STATUS ERROR/ERROR REGISTER=0
144 = 00CC     WRITE_FAIL EQU 0CCH      ; WRITE FAULT ON SELECTED DRIVE
145 = 00B8     UNDEF_ERR  EQU 0B8H      ; UNDEFINED ERROR OCCURRED
146 = 00AA     NOT_RDY   EQU 0AAH      ; DRIVE NOT READY
147 = 0080     TIME_OUT  EQU 80H       ; ATTACHMENT FAILED TO RESPOND
148 = 0040     BAD_SEEK  EQU 40H       ; SEEK OPERATION FAILED
149 = 0020     BAD_CNTRL EQU 20H       ; CONTROLLER HAS FAILED
150 = 0011     DATA_CORRECTED EQU 11H ; ECC CORRECTED DATA ERROR
151 = 0010     BAD_ECC   EQU 10H       ; BAD ECC ON DISK READ
152 = 000B     BAD_TRACK EQU 0BH       ; NOT IMPLEMENTED
153 = 000A     BAD_SECTOR EQU 0AH      ; BAD SECTOR FLAG DETECTED
154 = 0009     DMA_BOUNDARY EQU 09H    ; DATA EXTENDS TOO FAR
155 = 0007     INIT_FAIL EQU 07H       ; DRIVE PARAMETER ACTIVITY FAILED
156 = 0005     BAD_RESET EQU 05H       ; RESET FAILED
157 = 0004     RECORD_NOT_FND EQU 04H  ; REQUESTED SECTOR NOT FOUND
158 = 0002     BAD_ADDR_MARK EQU 02H   ; ADDRESS MARK NOT FOUND
159 = 0001     BAD_CMD   EQU 01H       ; BAD COMMAND PASSED TO DISK I/O
160
161
    
```

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162         -----
163         ; FIXED DISK PARAMETER TABLE
164         ;
165         ; - THE TABLE IS COMPOSED OF A BLOCK DEFINED AS:
166         ;
167         ; +0 (1 WORD) - MAXIMUM NUMBER OF CYLINDERS
168         ; +2 (1 BYTE) - MAXIMUM NUMBER OF HEADS
169         ; +3 (1 WORD) - NOT USED/SEE PC-XT
170         ; +5 (1 WORD) - STARTING WRITE PRECOMPENSATION CYL
171         ; +7 (1 BYTE) - MAXIMUM ECC DATA BURST LENGTH
172         ; +8 (1 BYTE) - CONTROL BYTE
173         ;
174         ; BIT 7 DISABLE RETRIES -OR-
175         ; BIT 6 DISABLE RETRIES
176         ; BIT 3 MORE THAN 8 HEADS
177         ; +9 (3 BYTES) - NOT USED/SEE PC-XT
178         ; +12 (1 WORD) - LANDING ZONE
179         ; +14 (1 BYTE) - NUMBER OF SECTORS/TRACK
180         ; +15 (1 BYTE) - RESERVED FOR FUTURE USE
181         ;
182         ; - TO DYNAMICALLY DEFINE A SET OF PARAMETERS
183         ; BUILD A TABLE FOR UP TO 15 TYPES AND PLACE
184         ; THE CORRESPONDING VECTOR INTO INTERRUPT 41
185         ; FOR DRIVE 0 AND INTERRUPT 46 FOR DRIVE 1.
186         ;
187         -----
    
```

SECTION 5

```

188 PAGE
189 -----
190 ;
191 ; HARDWARE SPECIFIC VALUES
192 ;
193 ; - CONTROLLER I/O PORT
194 ;
195 ; > WHEN READ FROM:
196 ; HF_PORT+0 - READ DATA (FROM CONTROLLER TO CPU)
197 ; HF_PORT+1 - GET ERROR REGISTER
198 ; HF_PORT+2 - GET SECTOR COUNT
199 ; HF_PORT+3 - GET SECTOR NUMBER
200 ; HF_PORT+4 - GET CYLINDER LOW
201 ; HF_PORT+5 - GET CYLINDER HIGH (2 BITS)
202 ; HF_PORT+6 - GET SIZE/DRIVE/HEAD
203 ; HF_PORT+7 - GET STATUS REGISTER
204 ;
205 ; > WHEN WRITTEN TO:
206 ; HF_PORT+0 - WRITE DATA (FROM CPU TO CONTROLLER)
207 ; HF_PORT+1 - SET PRECOMPENSATION CYLINDER
208 ; HF_PORT+2 - SET SECTOR COUNT
209 ; HF_PORT+3 - SET SECTOR NUMBER
210 ; HF_PORT+4 - SET CYLINDER LOW
211 ; HF_PORT+5 - SET CYLINDER HIGH (2 BITS)
212 ; HF_PORT+6 - SET SIZE/DRIVE/HEAD
213 ; HF_PORT+7 - SET COMMAND REGISTER
214 ;
215 ;-----
216
217 = 01F0 HF_PORT EQU 01F0H ; DISK PORT
218 = 03F6 HF_REG_PORT EQU 03F6H
219
220 ;----- STATUS REGISTER
221
222 = 0001 ST_ERROR EQU 00000001B ;
223 = 0002 ST_INDEX EQU 0000010B ;
224 = 0004 ST_CORRCTD EQU 00001000B ; ECC CORRECTION SUCCESSFUL
225 = 0008 ST_DRQ EQU 00001000B ;
226 = 0010 ST_SEEK_COMPL EQU 00010000B ; SEEK COMPLETE
227 = 0020 ST_WRT_FLT EQU 00100000B ; WRITE FAULT
228 = 0040 ST_READY EQU 01000000B ;
229 = 0080 ST_BUSY EQU 10000000B ;
230
231 ;----- ERROR REGISTER
232
233 = 0001 ERR_DAM EQU 00000001B ; DATA ADDRESS MARK NOT FOUND
234 = 0002 ERR_TRK_0 EQU 0000010B ; TRACK 0 NOT FOUND ON RECAL
235 = 0004 ERR_ABORT EQU 00001000B ; ABORTED COMMAND
236 ; EQU 00001000B ; NOT USED
237 = 0010 ERR_ID EQU 00010000B ; ID NOT FOUND
238 ; EQU 00100000B ; NOT USED
239 = 0040 ERR_DATA_ECC EQU 01000000B ;
240 = 0080 ERR_BAD_BLOCK EQU 10000000B ;
241
242
243 = 0010 RECAL_CMD EQU 00010000B ; DRIVE RECAL (10H)
244 = 0020 READ_CMD EQU 00100000B ; READ (20H)
245 = 0030 WRITE_CMD EQU 00100000B ; WRITE (30H)
246 = 0040 VERIFY_CMD EQU 01000000B ; VERIFY (40H)
247 = 0050 FMTRK_CMD EQU 01010000B ; FORMAT TRACK (50H)
248 = 0060 INIT_CMD EQU 01100000B ; INITIALIZE (60H)
249 = 0070 SEEK_CMD EQU 01100000B ; SEEK (70H)
250 = 0090 DIAG_CMD EQU 10010000B ; DIAGNOSTIC (90H)
251 = 0091 SET_FARM_CMD EQU 10010001B ; DRIVE PARMS (91H)
252 = 0001 NO_RETRIES EQU 00000001B ; CMD MODIFIER (01H)
253 = 0002 ECC_MODE EQU 00000001B ; CMD MODIFIER (02H)
254 = 0008 BUFFER_MODE EQU 00001000B ; CMD MODIFIER (08H)
255
256 = 0002 MAX_FILE EQU 2
257 = 0002 S_MAX_FILE EQU 2
258
259 = 0025 DELAY_1 EQU 25H ; DELAY FOR OPERATION COMPLETE
260 = 0600 DELAY_2 EQU 0600H ; DELAY FOR READY
261 = 0100 DELAY_3 EQU 0100H ; DELAY FOR DATA REQUEST
262
263 = 0008 HF_FAIL EQU 08H ; CMOS FLAG IN BYTE 0EH
264
265 ;----- COMMAND BLOCK REFERENCE
266
267 = *CMD_BLOCK EQU BYTE PTR [BP]-8 ; *CMD_BLOCK REFERENCES BLOCK HEAD IN SS
268 ; [BP] POINTS TO COMMAND BLOCK TAIL
269 ; AS DEFINED BY THE 'ENTER' PARMS
    
```

```
270 PAGE  
271 -----  
272 ; FIXED DISK I/O SETUP  
273 ;  
274 ; - ESTABLISH TRANSFER VECTORS FOR THE FIXED DISK  
275 ; - PERFORM POWER ON DIAGNOSTICS  
276 ; SHOULD AN ERROR OCCUR A "1101" MESSAGE IS DISPLAYED  
277 ;  
278 ;-----  
279 ASSUME CS:CODE,DS:AB50 ; WORK OFF DS REGISTER  
280  
281 0000 DISK_SETUP PROC NEAR  
282 0000 FA CL1  
283 0001 BE ---- R MOV AX,AB50 ; GET ABSOLUTE SEGMENT  
284 0004 8E D8 MOV DS,AX ; SET SEGMENT REGISTER  
285 0006 A1 004C R MOV AX,WORD PTR #ORG VECTOR ; GET SEGMENT VECTOR  
286 0009 A3 010D R MOV WORD PTR #DISK_VECTOR,AX ; INTO INT 40H  
287 000C A1 004E R MOV AX,WORD PTR #ORG VECTOR+2,  
288 000F A3 010E R MOV WORD PTR #DISK_VECTOR+2,AX  
289 0012 C7 06 004C R 01A9 R MOV WORD PTR #ORG_VECTOR,OFFSET DISK_10 ; FIXED DISK HANDLER  
290 0018 8C 0E 004E R MOV WORD PTR #ORG_VECTOR+2,CS  
291 001C C7 06 01D8 R 06DA R MOV WORD PTR #HF_TBL_INT,OFFSET HD_INT ; FIXED DISK INTERRUPT  
292 0022 8C 0E 01DA R MOV WORD PTR #HDISK_INT+2,CS  
293 0026 C7 06 0104 R 0000 E MOV WORD PTR #HF_TBL_VEC,OFFSET FD_TBL ; PARM TABLE DRIVE 80  
294 002C 8C 0E 0106 R MOV WORD PTR #HF_TBL_VEC+2,CS  
295 0030 C7 06 0118 R 0000 E MOV WORD PTR #HT_TBL_VEC,OFFSET FD_TBL ; PARM TABLE DRIVE 81  
296 0036 8C 0E 011A R MOV WORD PTR #HF1_TBL_VEC+2,CS  
297 003A E4 A1 AL,INTB01 ; TURN ON SECOND INTERRUPT CHIP  
298 003C 24 BF IN AND 0FBH  
299 003E EB 00 JZ $+2  
300 0040 E6 A1 INT INTB01,AL  
301 0042 E4 21 IN AL,INTA01 ; LET INTERRUPTS PASS THRU TO  
302 0044 24 FB AND AL,0FBH ; SECOND CHIP  
303 0046 EB 00 JZ $+2  
304 0048 E6 21 OUT INTA01,AL  
305  
306 004A FB STI  
307 ASSUME DS:DATA,ES:AB50  
308 004B IE PUSH DS ; MOVE AB50 POINTER TO  
309 004C BE ---- R POP ES ; EXTRA SEGMENT POINTER  
310 004D EB 0000 E CALL DDS ; ESTABLISH DATA SEGMENT  
311 0050 C6 06 0074 R 00 MOV #DISK_STATUS1,0 ; RESET THE STATUS INDICATOR  
312 0055 C6 06 0075 R 00 MOV #COUNT_BYTE,0 ; ZERO NUMBER OF FIXED DISKS  
313 005A C6 06 0076 R 00 MOV #CONTROL_BYTE,0  
314 005F B0 8E MOV AL,CMOS_DIAG+NM1  
315 0061 EB 0000 E CALL CMOS_READ ; CHECK CMOS VALIDITY  
316 0064 8A ED MOV AH,AE ; SAVE CMOS FLAG  
317 0066 24 C0 AND AL,BAD_BAT+BAD_CKSUM ; CHECK FOR VALID CMOS  
318 0068 74 03 JZ L1  
319 006A E9 00F8 R JMP POD_DONE ; CMOS NOT VALID -- NO FIXED DISKS  
320 006D  
321 006D 80 E4 FT L1: AND AH,NOT HF_FAIL ; ALLOW FIXED DISK IPL  
322 0070 B0 8E MOV AL,CMOS_DIAG+NM1 ; WRITE IT BACK  
323 0072 EB 0000 E CALL CMOS_WRITE  
324 0075 B0 93 MOV AL,CMOS_DISK+NM1  
325 0077 EB 0000 E CALL CMOS_READ  
326 007A C6 06 0077 R 00 MOV #PORT_OFF,0 ; ZERO CARD OFFSET  
327 007F 8A D8 MOV BL,AL ; SAVE FIXED DISK BYTE  
328 0081 25 00F0 AND AL,000F0H ; GET FIRST DRIVE TYPE AS OFFSET  
329 0084 74 72 JZ POD_DONE ; NO FIXED DISKS  
330  
331 0086 3C F0 CMP AL,0F0H ; CHECK FOR EXTENDED DRIVE TYPE BYTE USE  
332 0088 75 10 JNE L2 ; USE DRIVE TYPE 1 --> 14 IF NOT IN USE  
333  
334 008A B0 99 MOV AL,CMOS_DISK_1+NM1 ; GET EXTENDED TYPE FOR DRIVE C:  
335 008C EA 0100 E CALL CMOS_READ ; FROM CMOS  
336 008F 3C 00 CMP AL,0 ; IS TYPE SET TO ZERO  
337 0091 74 65 JE POD_DONE ; EXIT IF NOT VALID AND NO FIXED DISKS  
338 0093 3C 2F CMP AL,47 ; IS TYPE WITHIN VALID RANGE  
339 0095 77 61 JA L4 ; EXIT WITH NO FIXED DISKS IF NOT VALID  
340 0097 C1 E0 04 SHL AX,4 ; ADJUST TYPE TO HIGH NIBBLE  
341 009A  
342 009A 05 FFF0 E L2: ADD AX,OFFSET FD_TBL-16D ; COMPUTE OFFSET OF FIRST DRIVE TABLE  
343 009D 26: A3 0104 R MOV WORD PTR #HF_TBL_VEC,AX ; SAVE IN VECTOR POINTER  
344 00A1 C6 06 0075 R 01 MOV #HF_NUM,1 ; AT LEAST ONE DRIVE  
345 00A6 8A C3 MOV AL,BL  
346 00AB C0 E0 04 JZ L4 ; GET SECOND DRIVE TYPE  
347 00AB 74 2A SHL AL,4 ; ONLY ONE DRIVE  
348 00AD B4 00 MOV AH,0  
349  
350 00AF 3C F0 CMP AL,0F0H ; CHECK FOR EXTENDED DRIVE TYPE BYTE USE  
351 00B1 75 10 JNE L3 ; USE DRIVE TYPE 1 --> 14 IF NOT IN USE  
352  
353 00B3 B0 9A MOV AL,CMOS_DISK_2+NM1 ; GET EXTENDED TYPE FOR DRIVE D:  
354 00B5 EA 0000 E CALL CMOS_READ ; FROM CMOS  
355 00B8 3C 00 CMP AL,0 ; IS TYPE SET TO ZERO  
356 00BA 74 1B JE L4 ; SKIP IF SECOND FIXED DISK NOT VALID  
357 00BC 3C 2F CMP AL,47 ; IS TYPE WITHIN VALID RANGE  
358 00BE 77 17 JA L4 ; SKIP IF NOT VALID  
359 00C0 C1 E0 04 SHL AX,4 ; ADJUST TYPE TO HIGH NIBBLE  
360 00C3  
361 00C3 05 FFF0 E L3: ADD AX,OFFSET FD_TBL-16D ; COMPUTE OFFSET FOR SECOND FIXED DISK  
362 00C6 8B D8 MOV BX,AX  
363 00C8 2E: 83 3F 00 CMP WORD PTR CS:[BX],0 ; CHECK FOR ZERO CYLINDERS IN TABLE  
364 00CC 74 09 JE L4 ; SKIP DRIVE IF NOT A VALID TABLE ENTRY  
365 00CE 26: A3 0118 R MOV WORD PTR #HF1_TBL_VEC,AX  
366 00D2 C6 06 0075 R 02 MOV #HF_NUM,2 ; TWO DRIVES  
367 00D7  
368 00D7 B2 80 MOV DL,80H ; CHECK THE CONTROLLER  
369 00D9 B4 14 MOV AH,14H ; USE CONTROLLER DIAGNOSTIC COMMAND  
370 00DB CD 13 INT 13H ; CALL BIOS WITH DIAGNOSTIC COMMAND  
371 00DD 72 1A JC CTL_ERR ; DISPLAY ERROR MESSAGE IF BAD RETURN  
372 00DF A1 016C R MOV AX,#TIMER_LOW ; GET START TIMER COUNTS  
373 00E2 8B D8 MOV BX,AX  
374 00E4 05 0444 ADD AX,6*182 ; 60 SECONDS* 18.2  
375 00E7 8B C8 MOV CX,AX  
376 00E9 EA 0104 R HD_RESET_1 ; SET UP DRIVE 0  
377 00EC 80 3E 0075 R 01 CMP #HF_NUM,1 ; WERE THERE TWO DRIVES?  
378 00F1 76 05 JBE POD_DONE ; NO-ALL DONE  
379 00F3 B2 81 MOV DL,81H ; SET UP DRIVE 1  
380 00F5 EA 0104 R HD_RESET_1 ; SET UP DRIVE 1  
381 00F8  
382 00F8 C3 POD_DONE: RET  
383
```

```

384 ;----- POD ERROR
385
386 CTL_ERRX:
387 00F9 BE 0000 E      MOV     SI,OFFSET F1782      ; CONTROLLER ERROR
388 00FC EB 017C R      CALL   SET_FAIL            ; DO NOT IPL FROM DISK
389 00FF EB 0000 E      CALL   E_MSG               ; DISPLAY ERROR AND SET (BP) ERROR FLAG
390 0102 EB F4          JMP     POD_DONE
391
392
393 0104                HD_RESET_I      PROC   NEAR
394 0104 53            PUSH   BX                  ; SAVE TIMER LIMITS
395 0105 51            PUSH   CX
396 0106 94 09        MOV     AH,09H             ; SET DRIVE PARAMETERS
397 0108 CD 13        INT    13H
398 010A 72 06        JC     RES_2              ; RECALIBRATE DRIVE
399 010C B4 11        MOV     AH,T1H            ;
400 010E CD 13        INT    13H
401 0110 73 19        JNC    RES_OK             ; DRIVE OK
402 0112 EB 018A R    RES_2: CALL   POD_TCHK      ; CHECK TIME OUT
403 0115 73 EF        JNC    RES_1              ;
404 0117 BE 0000 E    RES_FL: MOV     SI,OFFSET F1781 ; INDICATE DISK 1 FAILURE
405 011A F6 C2 01     TEST   DL,I
406 011D 75 57        JNZ    RES_E1             ;
407 011F BE 0000 E    RES_1: MOV     SI,OFFSET F1780 ; INDICATE DISK 0 FAILURE
408 0122 EB 017C R    CALL   SET_FAIL            ; DO NOT TRY TO IPL DISK 0
409 0125 EB 4F        JMP     SHORT_RES_E1      ;
410 0127 B4 00        MOV     AH,00H            ; RESET THE DRIVE
411 0129 CD 13        INT    13H
412 012B B4 08        MOV     AH,08H            ; GET MAX CYLINDER,HEAD,SECTOR
413 012D BA DA        MOV     BL,DL              ; SAVE DRIVE CODE
414 012F CD 13        INT    13H
415 0131 72 38        JC     RES_ER              ;
416 0133 89 0E 0042 R RES_3: MOV     WORD PTR 0NEC_STATUS,CX ; SAVE MAX CYLINDER, SECTOR
417 0137 BA D3        MOV     DL,BL              ; RESTORE DRIVE CODE
418 0139 BB 0401      MOV     AX,0401H           ; VERIFY THE LAST SECTOR
419 013C CD 13        INT    13H
420 013E 73 39        JNC    RES_OK             ; VERIFY OK
421 0140 80 FC 0A     CMP     AH,BAD_SECTOR     ; OK ALSO IF JUST ID READ
422 0143 74 34        JE     RES_OK              ;
423 0145 80 FC 11     CMP     AH,DATA_CORRECTED
424 0148 74 2F        JE     RES_OK              ;
425 014A 80 FC 10     CMP     AH,BAD_ECC
426 014D 74 2A        JE     RES_OK              ;
427 014F EB 018A R    CALL   POD_TCHK            ; CHECK FOR TIME OUT
428 0152 72 17        JC     RES_ER              ; FAILED
429 0154 8B 0E 0042 R RES_4: MOV     CX,WORD PTR 0NEC_STATUS ; GET SECTOR ADDRESS, AND CYLINDER
430 0158 BA C1        MOV     AL,CL              ; SEPARATE OUT SECTOR NUMBER
431 015A 24 3F        AND    AL,3FH
432 015C FE C8        DEC    AL                  ; TRY PREVIOUS ONE
433 015E 74 C7        JZ     RES_RS              ; WE'VE TRIED ALL SECTORS ON TRACK
434 0160 80 E1 C0     AND    AL,0C0H            ; KEEP CYLINDER BITS
435 0163 0A C8        OR     CL,AL                ; MERGE SECTOR WITH CYLINDER BITS
436 0165 89 0E 0042 R RES_5: MOV     WORD PTR 0NEC_STATUS,CX ; SAVE CYLINDER, NEW SECTOR NUMBER
437 0169 EB 0E        JMP     RES_3              ;
438 016B BE 0000 E    RES_ER: MOV     SI,OFFSET F1791 ; INDICATE DISK 1 ERROR
439 016E F6 C2 01     TEST   DL,I
440 0171 75 03        JNZ    RES_E1             ;
441 0173 BE 0000 E    RES_E1: MOV     SI,OFFSET F1790 ; INDICATE DISK 0 ERROR
442 0176                JE     E_MSG               ;
443 0178 EB 0000 E    E_MSG: CALL   E_MSG              ; DISPLAY ERROR AND SET (BP) ERROR FLAG
444 0179
445 0179 59            POP    CX                  ; RESTORE TIMER LIMITS
446 017A 5B            POP    BX
447 017B C3            RET
448 017C                HD_RESET_I      ENDP
449
450 017C                SET_FAIL        PROC   NEAR
451 017C BB 8E8E        MOV     AX,* (CMOS_DIAG+NM1) ; GET CMOS ERROR BYTE
452 017F EB 0000 E    CALL   CMOS_READ          ;
453 0182 0C 08        OR     AL,HE_FAIL         ; SET DO NOT IPL FROM DISK FLAG
454 0184 86 E0        XCHG  AH,AL                ; SAVE IT
455 0186 EB 0000 E    CALL   CMOS_WRITE         ; PUT IT OUT
456 0189 C3            RET
457 018A                SET_FAIL        ENDP
458
459 018A                POD_TCHK        PROC   NEAR
460 018A 58            POP    CX                  ; CHECK FOR 30 SECOND TIME OUT
461 018B 59            POP    CX                  ; SAVE RETURN
462 018C 5B            POP    BX                  ; GET TIME OUT LIMITS
463 018D 53            PUSH   BX                  ; AND SAVE THEM AGAIN
464 018E 51            PUSH   CX
465 018F 50            PUSH   AX
466 0190 A1 006C R    MOV     AX,0TIMER_LOW     ; RESTORE RETURN
467 0191                ; AX = CURRENT TIME
468 0191                ; BX = START TIME
469 0193 3B D9        CMP     BX,CX              ; CX = END TIME
470 0195 72 06        JB     TCHK1              ; START < END
471 0197 3B D8        CMP     BX,AX              ;
472 0199 72 0C        JB     TCHKG              ; END < START < CURRENT
473 019B EB 04        JMP     SHORT_TCHK2       ; END, CURRENT < START
474 019D 3B C3        CMP     AX,BX              ;
475 019F 72 04        JB     TCHK2              ; CURRENT < START < END
476 01A1 3B C1        CMP     AX,CX              ;
477 01A3 72 02        JB     TCHKG              ; START < CURRENT < END
478 01A4                ; OR CURRENT < END < START
479 01A5 F9            TCHKNG: STC                ; CARRY SET INDICATES TIME OUT
480 01A6 C3            RET
481 01A7 FB            TCHKG: CLC                ;
482 01A8 C3            RET
483 01A9                POD_TCHK        ENDP
484
485 01A9                DISK_SETUP      ENDP
    
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486                                     PAGE
487                                     ;-----;
488                                     ;         FIXED DISK BIOS ENTRY POINT         ;
489                                     ;-----;
490
491 01A9          DISK_IO PROC      FAR      ASSUME  DS:DATA,ES:NOTHING
492                                     CMP     DL,80H          ; TEST FOR FIXED DISK DRIVE
493 01A9 80 FA 80          JAE     A1             ; YES, HANDLE HERE
494 01AC 73 05          INT     40H          ; DISKETTE HANDLER
495 01AE CD 40          RET_2:  RET     2             ; BACK TO CALLER
496 01B0          A1:
497 01B0 CA 0002      OR     AH,AH          ; ENABLE INTERRUPTS
498
499 01B3          STI     DL,80H          ; SET INTERRUPT STATUS
500 01B3 FB          OR     AH,AH          ; RESET NEC WHEN AH=0
501 01B4 0A E4          JNZ     A2             ; RESET NEC WHEN AH=0
502 01B6 75 09          INT     40H          ; RESET NEC WHEN AH=0
503 01B8 CD 40          SUB     AH,AH
504 01BA 2A E4          CMP     DL,(80H + S_MAX_FILE - 1)
505 01BC 80 FA 81          JA     RET_2
506 01BF 77 EF          A2:
507 01C1          CMP     AH,08H        ; GET PARAMETERS IS A SPECIAL CASE
508 01C1 80 FC 08          JNZ     A3             ; GET PARAMETERS IS A SPECIAL CASE
509 01C4 75 03          JMP     GET_PARAM_N
510 01C6 E9 0393 R      CMP     AH,75H        ; READ DASD TYPE IS ALSO
511 01C9 80 FC 15          JNZ     A4             ; READ DASD TYPE IS ALSO
512 01CC 75 03          A3:
513 01CE E9 0353 R      JMP     READ_DASD_TYPE
514
515 01D1          A4:
516 01D1 C8 0008 00      ENTER  8,0            ; SAVE REGISTERS DURING OPERATION
517 01D5 53          PUSH  BX             ; SAVE (BP) AND MAKE ROOM FOR CMD_BLOCK
518 01D6 51          PUSH  CX             ; IN THE STACK. THE COMMAND_BLOCK IS:
519 01D7 58          PUSH  DX             ; CMD_BLOCK == BYTE PTR [BP]-8
520 01D8 1E          PUSH  DS
521 01D9 06          PUSH  ES
522 01DA 56          PUSH  SI
523 01DB 57          PUSH  DI
524 01DC 0A E4          OR     AH,AH          ; CHECK FOR RESET
525 01DE 75 02          JNZ     A5             ; CHECK FOR RESET
526 01E0 92 80          MOV     DL,80H        ; FORCE DRIVE 80 FOR RESET
527 01E2 E8 0225 R      CALL   DISK_IO_CONT  ; PERFORM THE OPERATION
528 01E5 E8 0000 E      CALL   DDS           ; ESTABLISH SEGMENT
529 01E8 8A 26 0074 R  MOV     AH,@DISK_STATUS1 ; GET STATUS FROM OPERATION
530 01EC 80 FC 01          CMP     AH,1          ; SET THE CARRY FLAG TO INDICATE
531 01EF F5          CMC                     ; SUCCESS OR FAILURE
532 01F0 5F          POP   DI             ; RESTORE REGISTERS
533 01F1 5E          POP   SI
534 01F2 07          POP   ES
535 01F3 1F          POP   DS
536 01F4 5A          POP   DX
537 01F5 59          POP   CX
538 01F6 5B          POP   BX
539 01F7 C9          LEAVE
540 01FB CA 0002      RET     2             ; ADJUST (SP) AND RESTORE (BP)
541 01FB          DISK_IO ENDP        ; THROW AWAY SAVED FLAGS
542
543 01FB          M1 LABEL WORD      ; FUNCTION TRANSFER TABLE
544 01FB 02C1 R      DW    DISK_RESET    ; 000H
545 01FD 0315 R      DW    RETURN_STATUS ; 001H
546 01FF 031E R      DW    DISK_READ     ; 002H
547 0201 0325 R      DW    DISK_WRITE    ; 003H
548 0203 032C R      DW    DISK_VERIFY   ; 004H
549 0205 033E R      DW    FMT_TRK      ; 005H
550 0207 02B9 R      DW    BAD_COMMAND   ; 006H FORMAT BAD SECTORS
551 0209 02B9 R      DW    BAD_COMMAND   ; 007H FORMAT DRIVE
552 020B 02B9 R      DW    BAD_COMMAND   ; 008H RETURN PARAMETERS
553 020D 03F1 R      DW    INIT_DRV     ; 009H
554 020F 0423 R      DW    RD_LONG      ; 00AH
555 0211 0424 R      DW    WR_LONG      ; 00BH
556 0213 0424 R      DW    DISK_SEEK    ; 00CH
557 0215 02C1 R      DW    DISK_RESET    ; 00DH
558 0217 02B9 R      DW    BAD_COMMAND   ; 00EH READ BUFFER
559 0219 02B9 R      DW    BAD_COMMAND   ; 00FH WRITE BUFFER
560 021B 044F R      DW    TST_RDY     ; 010H
561 021D 0466 R      DW    HDISK_RECAL  ; 011H
562 021F 02B9 R      DW    BAD_COMMAND   ; 012H MEMORY DIAGNOSTIC
563 0221 02B9 R      DW    BAD_COMMAND   ; 013H DRIVE DIAGNOSTIC
564 0223 048E R      DW    CTRL_DIAGNOSTIC ; 014H CONTROLLER DIAGNOSTIC
565 0225 = 002A      EQU    $-M1
566
567 0225          DISK_IO_CONT PROC NEAR
568 0225 E8 0000 E      DDS     ; ESTABLISH SEGMENT
569 0228 80 FC 01      CMP     AH,01H       ; RETURN STATUS
570 022B 75 03          JNZ     SU0
571 022D E9 0315 R      JMP     RETURN_STATUS
572 0230
573 0230 C6 06 0074 R 00 MOV    @DISK_STATUS1,0 ; RESET THE STATUS INDICATOR
574 0235 53          PUSH  BX             ; SAVE DATA ADDRESS
575 0236 8A 1E 0075 R  MOV    BL,@HF_NUM     ; GET NUMBER OF DRIVES
576 023A 50          PUSH  AX
577 023B 80 E2 7F      AND    DL,7FH        ; GET DRIVE AS 0 OR 1
578 023E 3A DA          CMP    BL,DL
579 0240 76 75          JBE    BAD_COMMAND_POP ; INVALID DRIVE
580 0242 06          PUSH  ES
581 0243 E8 06C4 R      CALL   AX,WORD PTR ES:[BX][5] ; GET DISK PARAMETERS
582 0246 26 8B 47 05  MOV    AX,2           ; GET WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYLINDER
583 024A C1 E8 02      SHR    AX,2
584 024D 88 46 F8      MOV    @CMD_BLOCK,AL ; GET CONTROL BYTE MODIFIER
585 0250 26 8A 47 08  MOV    AL,BYTE PTR ES:[BX][8]
586 0254 52          PUSH  DX
587 0255 BA 03F6      MOV    DX,HF_REG_PORT ; SET EXTRA HEAD OPTION
588 0258 EE          OUT   DX,AL
589 0259 5A          POP   DX
590 025A 07          POP   ES
591 025B 8A 26 0076 R  MOV    AH,@CONTROL_BYTE ; SET EXTRA HEAD OPTION IN
592 025F 80 E4 C0      AND    AH,0C0H       ; CONTROL BYTE
593 0262 0A E0          OR    AH,AL
594 0264 8B 26 0076 R  MOV    @CONTROL_BYTE,AH
595 0268 58          POP   AX
596 0269 8B 46 F9      MOV    @CMD_BLOCK+1,AL ; SECTOR COUNT
597 026C 50          PUSH  AX
598 026D 8A C1          MOV    AL,CL         ; GET SECTOR NUMBER
599 026F 24 3F          AND    AL,3FH
    
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SECTION 5



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600 0271 88 46 FA      MOV     @CMD_BLOCK+2,AL
601 0274 88 6E FB      MOV     @CMD_BLOCK+3,CH      ; GET CYLINDER NUMBER
602 0277 8A C1        MOV     AL,CL
603 0279 00 E8 06      SHR     AL,6
604 027C 88 46 FC      MOV     @CMD_BLOCK+4,AL      ; CYLINDER HIGH ORDER 2 BITS
605 027F 8A C2        MOV     AL,DL      ; DRIVE NUMBER
606 0281 00 04 04      SHL     DH,4
607 0284 80 E6 0F      AND     DH,0FH      ; HEAD NUMBER
608 0287 0A C6        OR      AL,DH
609 0289 0C A0        OR      AL,80H OR 20H      ; ECC AND 512 BYTE SECTORS
610 028B 88 46 FD      MOV     @CMD_BLOCK+5,AL      ; ECC/SIZE/DRIVE/HEAD
611 028E 58          POP     AX
612 028F 50          PUSH   AX
613 0290 8A C4        MOV     AL,AH      ; GET INTO LOW BYTE
614 0292 32 E4 04      XOR     AH,AH      ; ZERO HIGH BYTE
615 0294 01 E0        SAL     AX,1      ; *2 FOR TABLE LOOKUP
616 0296 8B F0        MOV     SI,AX      ; PUT INTO SI FOR BRANCH
617 0298 3D 002A      CMP     AX,M1L      ; TEST WITHIN RANGE
618 029B 73 1A        JNB    BAD_COMMAND_POP
619 029D 58          POP     AX
620 029E 5B          POP     BX
621 029F 51          PUSH   CX      ; RESTORE AX
622 02A0 80          PUSH   AX      ; AND DATA ADDRESS
623 02A1 8B CB        MOV     CX,BX      ; ADJUST ES:BX
624 02A3 C1 E9 04      SHR     CX,4      ; GET 3 HIGH ORDER NIBBLES OF BX
625 02A6 8C C0        MOV     AX,ES
626 02A8 03 C1        ADD     AX,CX
627 02AA 8E C0        MOV     ES,AX
628 02AC 81 E3 000F   AND     BX,000FH      ; ES:BX CHANGED TO ES:000X
629 02B0 58          POP     AX
630 02B1 59          POP     CX
631 02B2 2E: FF A4 01FB R JMP     WORD PTR CS:[SI + OFFSET M1]
BAD_COMMAND_POP:
632 02B7          POP     AX
633 02B8 5B          POP     BX
BAD_COMMAND:
634 02B8 5B          POP     BX
635 02B9          MOV     @DISK_STATUS1,BAD_CMD ; COMMAND ERROR
636 02B9 C6 06 0074 R 01 MOV     AL,0
637 02BE 80 00        RET
638 02C0 C3          RET
DISK_IO_CONT      ENDP
640
641
642 ;-----
643 ; RESET THE DISK SYSTEM (AH=00H) :
644 ;-----
645 02C1          PROC   NEAR
DISK_RESET
646 02C1 FA          CLI
647 02C2 E4 A1        IN     $,INTB01      ; GET THE MASK REGISTER
648 02C4 EB 00        JMP
649 02C6 24 BF        AND     AL,0BFH      ; ENABLE FIXED DISK INTERRUPT
650 02C8 E6 A1        OUT    INTB01,AL
651 02CA FB C0        STI
652 02CB 80 04        MOV     AL,04H      ; START INTERRUPTS
653 02CD BA 03F6      MOV     DX,HF_REG_PORT
654 02D0 EE          OUT    DX,AL      ; RESET
655 02D1 89 000A      MOV     CX,10      ; DELAY COUNT
656 02D4 49          DRD:   DEC   CX
657 02D5 75 FD        JNZ   DRD          ; WAIT 4.8 MICRO-SEC
658 02D7 A0 0076 R   MOV     AL,@CONTROL_BYTE
659 02DA 24 0F        AND     AL,0FH      ; SET HEAD OPTION
660 02DC EE          OUT    DX,AL      ; TURN RESET OFF
661 02DD E8 05F3 R   CALL   NOT_BUSY
662 02E0 75 2D        JNZ   DRERR
663 02E2 BA 01F1      MOV     DX,HF_PORT+1 ; TIME OUT ON RESET
664 02E5 EC          IN     AL,DX      ; GET RESET STATUS
665 02E6 3C 01        CMP     AL,1
666 02E8 75 25        JNZ   DRERR
667 02EA 80 66 FD EF AND     @CMD_BLOCK+5,0EFH ; BAD RESET STATUS
668 02EE 2A D2        SUB     DL,DL      ; SET TO DRIVE 0
669 02F0 E8 03F1 R   CALL   INIT_DRV    ; SET MAX HEADS
670 02F3 E8 0466 R   CALL   HDISK_RECAL ; RECAL TO RESET SEEK SPEED
671 02F6 80 3E 0075 R 01 CMP     @HF_NUM,1   ; CHECK FOR DRIVE 1
672 02FB 76 0C        JBE
673 02FD 80 4E FD 10 MOV     @CMD_BLOCK+5,010H ; SET TO DRIVE 1
674 0301 B2 01        JMOV
675 0303 E8 03F1 R   CALL   INIT_DRV    ; SET MAX HEADS
676 0306 E8 0466 R   CALL   HDISK_RECAL ; RECAL TO RESET SEEK SPEED
677 0309 C6 06 0074 R 00 MOV     @DISK_STATUS1,0 ; IGNORE ANY SET UP ERRORS
678 030E C3          RET
679 030F C6 06 0074 R 05 DRERR: MOV     @DISK_STATUS1,BAD_RESET ; CARD FAILED
680 0314 C3          RET
DISK_RESET      ENDP
681 0315
682
683 ;-----
684 ; DISK STATUS ROUTINE (AH = 01H) :
685 ;-----
686
687 0315          PROC   NEAR
RETURN_STATUS
688 0315 A0 0074 R   MOV     AL,@DISK_STATUS1 ; OBTAIN STATUS STATUS
689 0318 C6 06 0074 R 00 MOV     @DISK_STATUS1,0 ; RESET STATUS
690 031D C3          RET
RETURN_STATUS   ENDP
691 031E
    
```

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692                                     PAGE
693                                     ;-----
694                                     ; DISK READ ROUTINE (AH = 02H)
695                                     ;-----
696
697 031E DISK_READ PROC NEAR
698 031E C6 46 FE 20          MOV     #CMD_BLOCK+6,READ_CMD
699 0322 E9 04C6 R          JMP     COMMAND1
700 0325                      ENDP
701
702
703                                     ;-----
704                                     ; DISK WRITE ROUTINE (AH = 03H)
705                                     ;-----
706
707 0325 DISK_WRITE PROC NEAR
708 0325 C6 46 FE 30          MOV     #CMD_BLOCK+6,WRITE_CMD
709 032C E9 0505 R          JMP     COMMAND0
710
711
712                                     ;-----
713                                     ; DISK VERIFY (AH = 04H)
714                                     ;-----
715
716 032C DISK_VERIFY PROC NEAR
717 032C C6 46 FE 40          MOV     #CMD_BLOCK+6,VERIFY_CMD
718 0330 E8 05C R          CALL    COMMAND
719 0335 E8 05C2 R          CALL    VERF_EXIT ; CONTROLLER STILL BUSY
720 0338 75 03             JNZ     VERF_EXIT ; TIME OUT
721 033A E8 0630 R          CALL    CHECK_STATUS
722 033D                      VERF_EXIT:
723 033D C3                 RET
724 033E                      DISK_VERIFY ENDP
725
726
727                                     ;-----
728                                     ; FORMATTING (AH = 05H)
729                                     ;-----
730
731 033E FMT_TRK PROC NEAR
732 0342 C6 46 FE 50          MOV     #CMD_BLOCK+6,FMTTRK_CMD ; FORMAT TRACK (AH = 005H)
733 0343 53                 PUSH    ES
734 0344 E8 06C4 R          CALL    GET_VEC ; GET DISK PARAMETERS ADDRESS
735 0347 26 8A 47 0E        MOV     AL,[BX][14] ; GET SECTORS/TRACK
736 0348 88 46 F9           MOV     #CMD_BLOCK+1,AL ; SET SECTOR COUNT IN COMMAND
737 034C 5B                 POP     BX
738 034F 07                 POP     ES
739 0350 E9 050A R          JMP     CMD_OF ; GO EXECUTE THE COMMAND
740 0353                      FMT_TRK ENDP
741
742
743                                     ;-----
744                                     ; READ DASD TYPE (AH = 15H)
745                                     ;-----
746
747 0353 READ_DASD_TYPE LABEL NEAR
748 0353 READ_D_T PROC FAR ; GET DRIVE PARAMETERS
749 0353 IE                 PUSH    DS ; SAVE REGISTERS
750 0354 06                 PUSH    ES
751 0355 53                 PUSH    BX
752 0356                      ASSUME DS:DATA
753 0356 E8 0000 E          CALL    DDS ; ESTABLISH ADDRESSING
754 0359 C6 06 0074 R 00    MOV     RDISK_STATUS,0
755 035E 8A IE 0075 R      MOV     BL,#HF_NUM ; GET NUMBER OF DRIVES
756 0362 80 E2 7F         AND     DL,7FH ; GET DRIVE NUMBER
757 0365 3A DA            CMP     BL,DL
758 0367 76 22           JBE     RDT_NOT_PRESENT ; RETURN DRIVE NOT PRESENT
759 0369 E8 06C4 R          CALL    GET_VEC ; GET DISK PARAMETER ADDRESS
760 036C 26 8A 47 02        MOV     AL,ES:[BX][2] ; HEADS
761 0370 26 8A 4F 0E        MOV     CL,ES:[BX][14]
762 0374 F6 E9           IMUL   CL ; * NUMBER OF SECTORS
763 0376 26 8B 0F         MOV     CX,ES:[BX] ; MAX NUMBER OF CYLINDERS
764 0379 49               DEC     CX ; LEAVE ONE FOR DIAGNOSTICS
765 037A F7 E9           IMUL   CX ; NUMBER OF SECTORS
766 037C 8B CA            MOV     CX,DX ; HIGH ORDER HALF
767 037E 8B D0            MOV     DX,AX ; LOW ORDER HALF
768 0380 2B C0            SUB     AX,AX
769 0382 B4 03           MOV     AH,03H ; INDICATE FIXED DISK
770 0384 5B                 POP     BX ; RESTORE REGISTERS
771 0385 07                 POP     ES
772 0386 1F                 POP     DS
773 0387 F8               CLC ; CLEAR CARRY
774 0388 CA 0002          RET     2
775 038B                      RDT2:
776 038B 2B C0            SUB     AX,AX ; DRIVE NOT PRESENT RETURN
777 038D 8B C8            MOV     CX,AX ; ZERO BLOCK COUNT
778 038F 8B D0            MOV     DX,AX
779 0391 EB F1           JMP     RDT2
780 0393                      READ_D_T ENDP
    
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781                                     PAGE
782                                     |-----|
783                                     | GET PARAMETERS          (AH = 08H) |
784                                     |-----|
785
786 0393 GET_PARM_N LABEL NEAR
787 0393 GET_PARM PROC FAR ; GET DRIVE PARAMETERS
788 0393 1E PUSH DS ; SAVE REGISTERS
789 0394 06 PUSH ES
790 0395 53 PUSH BX
791 ASSUME DS:ABS0
792 0396 B8 ---- R MOV AX,ABS0 ; ESTABLISH ADDRESSING
793 0399 8E DB MOV DS,AX
794 039B F6 C2 01 TEST DL,1 ; CHECK FOR DRIVE 1
795 039E 74 06 JZ G0
796 03A0 C4 1E 0118 R LES BX,0HF1_TBL_VEC
797 03A4 EB 04 JMP SHORT GT
798 03A6 C4 1E 0104 R LES BX,0HF_TBL_VEC
799 ASSUME DS:DATA
800 03AA G1: CALL DDS ; ESTABLISH SEGMENT
801 03AA E8 0000 E SUB DL,80H
802 03AD 80 EA 80 CMP DL,MAX_FILE ; TEST WITHIN RANGE
803 03B0 80 FA 02 CMP G4
804 03B3 73 2C JAE G4
805 03B5 C6 06 0074 R 00 MOV #DISK_STATUS1,0
806 03BA 26: 8B 07 MOV AX,ES:[BX] ; MAX NUMBER OF CYLINDERS
807 03BD 2D 0002 SUB AX,2 ; ADJUST FOR 0-N
808 03C0 8A EB MOV CH,AL
809 03C2 25 0300 AND AX,0300H ; HIGH TWO BITS OF CYLINDER
810 03C5 D1 EB SHR AX,1
811 03C7 D1 EB SHR AX,1
812 03C9 26: 0A 47 0E OR AL,ES:[BX][14] ; SECTORS
813 03CD 8A C8 MOV CL,AL
814 03CF 26: 8A 77 02 MOV DH,ES:[BX][2] ; HEADS
815 03D3 FE CE DEC DH ; 0-N RANGE
816 03D5 8A 16 0075 R MOV DL,0HF_NUM ; DRIVE COUNT
817 03D9 2B C0 SUB AX,AX
818 03DB G5: POP BX ; RESTORE REGISTERS
819 03DB 5B POP ES
820 03DD 1F POP DS
821 03DD 1F POP DS
822 03DE CA 0002 RET 2
823 03E1 G4: MOV #DISK_STATUS1,INIT_FAIL ; OPERATION FAILED
824 03E1 C6 06 0074 R 07 MOV AH,INIT_FAIL
825 03E6 B4 07 MOV AL,AL
826 03E8 2A C0 SUB DX,DX
827 03EA 2B D2 SUB CX,CX
828 03EC 2B C9 SUB CX,CX
829 03EE F9 STC ; SET ERROR FLAG
830 03EF EB EA JMP G5
831 03F1 GET_PARM ENDP
832
833                                     |-----|
834                                     | INITIALIZE DRIVE        (AH = 09H) |
835                                     |-----|
836
837 03F1 INIT_DRV PROC NEAR
838 03F1 C6 46 FE 91 MOV #CMD_BLOCK+6,SET_PARM_CMD
839 03F5 E8 06C4 R CALL GET_VEC ; ES:BX -> PARAMETER BLOCK
840 03FC FE C8 MOV AL,ES:[BX][2] ; GET NUMBER OF HEADS
841 03FE 8A 66 FD DEC AL ; CONVERT TO 0-INDEX
842 0401 80 E4 F0 MOV AH,#CMD_BLOCK+5 ; GET SDH REGISTER
843 0404 0A E0 AND AH,0F0H ; CHANGE HEAD NUMBER
844 0406 88 66 FD OR AH,AL ; TO MAX HEAD
845 0409 2B C0 MOV #CMD_BLOCK+5,AH
846 040D 88 46 F9 MOV AL,ES:[BX][14] ; MAX SECTOR NUMBER
847 0410 26 C0 SUB #CMD_BLOCK+1,AL
848 0412 88 46 FB MOV #CMD_BLOCK+3,AL ; ZERO FLAGS
849 0415 E8 055C R CALL COMMAND ; TELL CONTROLLER
850 0418 75 08 JNZ INIT_EXIT ; CONTROLLER BUSY ERROR
851 041A E8 05F3 R CALL NOT_BUSY ; WAIT FOR IT TO BE DONE
852 041D 75 03 JNZ INIT_EXIT ; TIME OUT
853 041F EB 0630 R CALL CHECK_STATUS
854 0422 INIT_EXIT: RET
855 0422 C3 RET
856 0423 INIT_DRV ENDP
857
858                                     |-----|
859                                     | READ LONG              (AH = 0AH) |
860                                     |-----|
861
862 0423 RD_LONG PROC NEAR
863 0423 C6 46 FE 22 MOV #CMD_BLOCK+6,READ_CMD OR ECC_MODE
864 0427 E9 04C6 R JMP COMMAND
865 042A RD_LONG ENDP
866
867                                     |-----|
868                                     | WRITE LONG             (AH = 0BH) |
869                                     |-----|
870
871 042A WR_LONG PROC NEAR
872 042A C6 46 FE 32 MOV #CMD_BLOCK+6,WRITE_CMD OR ECC_MODE
873 042E E9 0505 R JMP COMMAND
874 0431 WR_LONG ENDP
875
876                                     |-----|
877                                     | SEEK                   (AH = 0CH) |
878                                     |-----|
879
880 0431 DISK_SEEK PROC NEAR
881 0431 C6 46 FE 70 MOV #CMD_BLOCK+6,SEEK_CMD
882 0435 E8 055C R CALL COMMAND ; CONTROLLER BUSY ERROR
883 0438 75 14 JNZ DS_EXIT
884 043A E8 05C2 R CALL WAIT ; TIME OUT ON SEEK
885 043D 75 0F JNZ DS_EXIT
886 043F E8 0630 R CALL CHECK_STATUS
887 0442 80 3E 0074 R 40 CMP #DISK_STATUS1,BAD_SEEK
888 0447 75 05 JNE DS_EXIT
889 0449 C6 06 0074 R 00 MOV #DTSK_STATUS1,0
890 044E DS_EXIT: RET
891 044E C3 RET
892
893 044F DISK_SEEK ENDP
    
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894                                     PAGE
895                                     ;-----
896                                     ; TEST DISK READY (AH = 10H) :
897                                     ;-----
898
899 044F TST_RDY PROC NEAR
900 044F E8 05F3 R CALL NOT_BUSY ; WAIT FOR CONTROLLER
901 0452 75 11 JNZ TR_EX ;
902 0454 8A 46 FD MOV AL,*CMD_BLOCK+5 ; SELECT DRIVE
903 0457 BA 01F6 MOV DX,HF_PORT+6 ;
904 045A EE OUT DX,AL ;
905 045B E8 0642 R CALL CHECK_ST ; CHECK STATUS ONLY
906 045E 75 05 JNZ TR_EX ;
907 0460 C6 06 0074 R 00 MOV *DTSK_STATUS1,0 ; WIPE OUT DATA CORRECTED ERROR
908 0465 C3 RET
909 0466 TST_RDY ENDP
910
911                                     ;-----
912                                     ; RECALIBRATE (AH = 11H) :
913                                     ;-----
914
915 0466 HDISK_RECAL PROC NEAR
916 0466 C6 46 FE 10 *CMD_BLOCK+6,RECAL_CMD ; START THE OPERATION
917 046A E8 055C R CALL COMMAND ; ERROR
918 046D 75 19 JNZ RECAL_EXIT ;
919 046F E8 05C2 R CALL WAIT ; WAIT FOR COMPLETION
920 0472 74 05 JZ RECAL_X ; TIME OUT ONE OK ?
921 0474 E8 05C2 R CALL WAIT ; WAIT FOR COMPLETION LONGER
922 0477 75 0F JNZ RECAL_EXIT ; TIME OUT TWO TIMES IS ERROR
923 0479
924 0479 E8 0630 R RECAL_X: CALL CHECK_STATUS
925 047C 80 3E 0074 R 40 CMP *DTSK_STATUS1,BAD_SEEK ; SEEK NOT COMPLETE
926 0481 75 05 JNE RECAL_EXIT ; 15 OK
927 0483 C6 06 0074 R 00 MOV *DTSK_STATUS1,0
928 0488 RECAL_EXIT:
929 0488 80 3E 0074 R 00 CMP *DTSK_STATUS1,0
930 048D C3 RET
931 048E HDISK_RECAL ENDP
932
933                                     ;-----
934                                     ; CONTROLLER DIAGNOSTIC (AH = 14H) :
935                                     ;-----
936
937 048E CTRL_DIAGNOSTIC PROC NEAR
938 048E FA CLI ; DISABLE INTERRUPTS WHILE CHANGING MASK
939 048F E4 A1 IN AL,INTB01 ; TURN ON SECOND INTERRUPT CHIP
940 0491 24 BF AND AL,0BFH ;
941 0493 EB 00 JMP $+2 ;
942 0495 E4 A1 IN AL,INTA01 ; LET INTERRUPTS PASS THRU TO
943 0497 EA 21 JZ AL,INTA01 ; SECOND CHIP
944 0499 24 FB AND AL,0FBH ;
945 049B EB 00 JMP $+2 ;
946 049D E6 21 OUT INTA01,AL ;
947 049F FB STI ;
948 04A0 E8 05F3 R CALL NOT_BUSY ; WAIT FOR CARD
949 04A3 75 1A JNZ CD_ERR ; BAD CARD
950 04A5 BA 01F7 MOV DX,HF_PORT+7 ;
951 04A8 B0 90 MOV AL,DIAG_CMD ; START DIAGNOSE
952 04AA EE OUT DX,AL ;
953 04AB E8 05F3 R CALL NOT_BUSY ; WAIT FOR IT TO COMPLETE
954 04AE B4 80 MOV AH,TIME_OUT ;
955 04B0 75 0F JNZ CD_EXIT ; TIME OUT ON DIAGNOSTIC
956 04B2 BA 01F1 MOV DX,HF_PORT+1 ; GET ERROR REGISTER
957 04B5 EC IN AL,DX ;
958 04B6 A2 008D R MOV *HF_ERROR,AL ; SAVE IT
959 04B9 B4 00 MOV AH,0 ;
960 04BB 3C 01 CMP AL,1 ; CHECK FOR ALL OK
961 04BD 74 02 JZ SHORT_CD_EXIT ;
962 04BF B4 20 MOV AH,BAD_CNTRL ;
963 04C1 CD_EXIT: MOV *DTSK_STATUS1,AH
964 04C1 88 26 0074 R MOV *DTSK_STATUS1,AH
965 04C5 C3 RET
966 04C6 CTRL_DIAGNOSTIC ENDP
967
968                                     ;-----
969                                     ; COMMAND1 :
970                                     ; REPEATEDLY INPUTS DATA TILL :
971                                     ; NSECTOR RETURNS ZERO :
972                                     ;-----
973
974 04C6 COMMAND1:
975 04C6 E8 06A1 R CALL CHECK_DMA ; CHECK 64K BOUNDARY ERROR
976 04C9 72 39 JC CMD_ABORT ;
977 04CB BB FB MOV DI,BX ;
978 04CD E8 055C R CALL COMMAND ; OUTPUT COMMAND
979 04D0 75 32 JNZ CMD_ABORT ;
980 04D2
981 04D2 E8 05C2 R CMD_11: CALL WAIT ; WAIT FOR DATA REQUEST INTERRUPT
982 04D5 75 2D JNZ TM_OUT ; TIME OUT
983 04D7 B9 0100 MOV CX,2560 ; SECTOR SIZE IN WORDS
984 04DA BA 01F0 MOV DX,HF_PORT
985 04DD FA CLD ;
986 04DE FC CLD ;
987 04DF F3 6D REP INSW ; GET THE SECTOR
988 04E1 FB STI ;
989 04E2 F6 46 FE 02 TEST *CMD_BLOCK+6,ECC_MODE ; CHECK FOR NORMAL INPUT
990 04E6 74 12 JZ CMD_T3 ;
991 04E8 E8 061A R CALL WAIT_DRQ ; WAIT FOR DATA REQUEST
992 04EB 72 17 JC TM_OUT ;
993 04ED BA 01F0 MOV DX,HF_PORT ;
994 04F0 B9 0004 MOV CX,4 ; GET ECC BYTES
995 04F3 EC IN AL,DX ;
996 04F4 26 88 05 MOV MOV ES:BYTE PTR [DI],AL ; GO SLOW FOR BOARD
997 04F7 47 INC DI ;
998 04F8 E2 F9 LOOP CMD_12 ;
999 04FA E8 0630 R CMD_13: CALL CHECK_STATUS
1000 04FD 75 05 JNZ CMD_ABORT ; ERROR RETURNED
1001 04FF FE 4E F9 DEC *CMD_BLOCK+1 ; CHECK FOR MORE
1002 0502 75 CE JNZ SHORT_CMD_11 ;
1003 0504 CMD_ABORT:
1004 0504 C3 TM_OUT: RET

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SECTION 5

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1010
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1011 0505
1012 0505 E8 06A1 R
1013 0508 72 FA
1014 050A BB F3
1015 050C E8 065C R
1016 050F 75 F3
1017 0511 E8 061A R
1018 0514 72 EE
1019 0516 IE
1020 0517 06
1021 0518 1F
1022 0519 B9 0100
1023 051C BA 01F0
1024 051F FA
1025 0520 FC
1026 0521 F3/ 6F
1027 0523 FB
1028 0524 1F
1029 0525 F6 46 FE 02
1030 0529 74 12
1031 052B E8 061A R
1032 052E 72 D4
1033 0530 BA 01F0
1034 0533 B9 0004
1035 0536 26: 8A 04
1036 0539 EE
1037 053A 46
1038 053B E2 F9
1039 053D
1040 053D E8 05C2 R
1041 0540 75 C2
1042 0542 E8 0630 R
1043 0545 75 BD
1044 0547 F6 06 008C R 08
1045 054C 75 48
1046 054E BA 01F2
1047 0551 EC FF
1048 0552 A8 FF
1049 0554 74 05
1050 0556 C6 06 0074 R BB
1051 055B
1052 055B C3
1053
1054
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1062 055C
1063 055C 53
1064 0560 B9 0660
1065 0560
1066 0560 51
1067 0561 E8 044F R
1068 0564 59
1069 0565 74 0B
1070 0567 80 3E 0074 R 80
1071 056C 74 48
1072 056E E2 F0
1073 0570 EB 49
1074 0572
1075 0572 5B
1076 0573 57
1077 0574 C6 06 008E R 00
1078 0579 FA
1079 057A EA A1
1080 057C 24 BF
1081 057E EB 00
1082 0580 E6 A1
1083 0582 EA 21
1084 0584 24 FB
1085 0586 EB 00
1086 0588 E6 21
1087 058A FB
1088 058B 33 FF
1089 058D BA 01F1
1090 0590 F6 06 0076 R CO
1091 0595 74 11
1092 0597 8A 46 FE
1093 059A 24 F0
1094 059C 3C 20
1095 059E 72 08
1096 05A0 3C 40
1097 05A2 77 04
1098 05A4 80 4E FE 01
1099 05A8
1100 05A8 8A 43 FB
1101 05AB EE
1102 05AC 47
1103 05AD 42
1104 05AE 81 FA 01F8
1105 05B2 78 F4
1106 05B4 5F
1107 05B5 C3
1108 05B6
1109 05B6 C6 06 0074 R 20
1110 05BB
1111 05BB 5B
1112 05BC 80 3E 0074 R 00
1113 05C1 C3
1114 05C2
-----
PAGE
:-----:
: COMMAND0 :
: REPEATEDLY OUTPUTS DATA TILL :
: NSECTOR RETURNS ZERO :
:-----:
COMMAND0:
CALL CHECK_DMA ; CHECK 64K BOUNDARY ERROR
JC CMD_ABORT
CMD_OF: MOV S1,BX
CALL COMMAND ; OUTPUT COMMAND
JNZ CMD_ABORT
CALL WAIT_DRQ ; WAIT FOR DATA REQUEST
JC TM_OUT ; TOO LONG
CMD_O1: JZ PUSH DS
PUSH ES ; MOVE ES TO DS
POP DS
MOV CX,256D ; PUT THE DATA OUT TO THE CARD
MOV DX,HF_PORT
CLI
CLD
REP OUTSW
STI
POP DS ; RESTORE DS
TEST #CMD_BLOCK+6,ECC_MODE ; CHECK FOR NORMAL OUTPUT
JZ CALL WAIT_DRQ ; WAIT FOR DATA REQUEST
JC TM_OUT
MOV DX,HF_PORT ; OUTPUT THE ECC BYTES
CX,4
CMD_O2: MOV AL,ES:BYTE PTR [S1]
OUT DX,AL
INC S1
LOOP CMD_O2
CMD_O3: CALL WAIT ; WAIT FOR SECTOR COMPLETE INTERRUPT
JNZ TM_OUT ; ERROR RETURNED
CALL CHECK_STATUS
JNZ CMD_ABORT
TEST #HF_STATUS,ST_DRQ ; CHECK FOR MORE
JZ SHORT CMD_O1
MOV DX,HF_PORT+2 ; CHECK RESIDUAL SECTOR COUNT
IN AL,DX
TEST AL,0FH
JZ COUNT = 0 OK
MOV #DISK_STATUS1,UNDEF_ERR ; OPERATION ABORTED - PARTIAL TRANSFER
CMD_O4: RET
:-----:
: COMMAND :
: THIS ROUTINE OUTPUTS THE COMMAND BLOCK :
: OUTPUT :
: BL = STATUS :
: BH = ERROR REGISTER :
:-----:
COMMAND PROC NEAR
PUSH BX ; WAIT FOR SEEK COMPLETE AND READY
MOV CX,DELAY_2 ; SET INITIAL DELAY BEFORE TEST
COMMAND1: CX
CALL TST_RDY ; SAVE LOOP COUNT
POP CX ; CHECK DRIVE READY
JZ COMMAND2 ; DRIVE IS READY
CMP #DISK_STATUS1,TIME_OUT ; TST_RDY TIMED OUT--GIVE UP
JZ CMD_TIMEOUT
LOOP COMMAND1 ; KEEP TRYING FOR A WHILE
JMP SHORT COMMAND4 ; ITS NOT GOING TO GET READY
COMMAND2: POP BX
PUSH DI ;
MOV DI,#HF_PORT+1 ; INDEX THE COMMAND TABLE
CLI ; GIVE IT TO CONTROLLER
IN AL,INTB01 ; INHIBIT INTERRUPTS WHILE CHANGING MASK
AND AL,0BFH ; TURN ON SECOND INTERRUPT CHIP
JMP $+2
OUT INTB01,AL
IN AL,INTA01 ; LET INTERRUPTS PASS THRU TO
AND AL,0BFH ; SECOND CHIP
JMP $+2
OUT INTA01,AL
STI
XOR DI,DI ; INDEX THE COMMAND TABLE
MOV DX,HF_PORT+1 ; DISK ADDRESS
TEST #CONTROL_BYTE,CO0H ; CHECK FOR RETRY SUPPRESSION
JZ COMMAND3
MOV AL,#CMD_BLOCK+6 ; YES-GET OPERATION CODE
AND AL,0F0H ; GET RID OF MODIFIERS
CMP AL,20H ; 20H=40H IS READ, WRITE, VERIFY
JB COMMAND3
CMP AL,#40H
JA COMMAND3
OR #CMD_BLOCK+6,NO_RETRIES ; VALID OPERATION FOR RETRY SUPPRESS
COMMAND3: MOV AL,[#CMD_BLOCK+D1] ; GET THE COMMAND STRING BYTE
OUT AL,AL ; GIVE IT TO CONTROLLER
INC DI ; NEXT BYTE IN COMMAND BLOCK
INC DX ; NEXT DISK ADAPTER REGISTER
CMP DX,HF_PORT+8 ; ALL DONE?
JNZ COMMAND3 ; NO--GO DO NEXT ONE
POP DI ; ZERO FLAG IS SET
CMD_TIMEOUT: MOV #DISK_STATUS1,BAD_CNTRL
COMMAND4: POP BX
CMP #DISK_STATUS1,0 ; SET CONDITION CODE FOR CALLER
RET
COMMAND ENDP

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1115 PAGE
1116 ;
1117 ;----- WAIT FOR INTERRUPT -----;
1118 ;
1119 05C2 WAIT PROC NEAR
1120 05C2 FB STI ; MAKE SURE INTERRUPTS ARE ON
1121 05C3 2B C9 SUB ; SET INITIAL DELAY BEFORE TEST
1122 05C5 F8 CLC
1123 05C6 BB 9000 MOV AX,9000H ; DEVICE WAIT INTERRUPT
1124 05C9 CD 15 INT 15H
1125 05CB T2 0F JC ; DEVICE TIMED OUT
1126
1127 05CD B3 25 MOV BL,DELAY_1 ; SET DELAY COUNT
1128
1129 ;----- WAIT LOOP -----;
1130
1131 05CF F6 06 00BE R 80 WT1: TEST 0FH_INT_FLAG,80H ; TEST FOR INTERRUPT
1132 05D4 E1 F9 LOOPZ WT1 ;
1133 05D6 T5 0B JNZ WT3 ; INTERRUPT--LETS GO
1134 05D8 FE CB DEC BL
1135 05DA T5 F3 JNZ WT1 ; KEEP TRYING FOR A WHILE
1136
1137 05DC C6 06 0074 R 80 WT2: MOV 0DISK_STATUS1,TIME_OUT ; REPORT TIME OUT ERROR
1138 05E1 EB 0A JMP SHORT_WT4
1139 05E3 C6 06 0074 R 00 WT3: MOV 0HF_INT_FLAG,0
1140 05E6 C6 06 00BE R 00 MOV 0HF_INT_FLAG,0
1141 05E8 80 3E 0074 R 00 WT4: CMP 0DISK_STATUS1,0 ; SET CONDITION CODE FOR CALLER
1142 05F2 C3 RET
1143 05F3 WAIT ENDP
1144
1145 ;----- WAIT FOR CONTROLLER NOT BUSY -----;
1146 ;
1147 ;
1148 05F3 NOT_BUSY PROC NEAR
1149 05F3 FB STI ; MAKE SURE INTERRUPTS ARE ON
1150 05F4 53 PUSH BX
1151 05F5 2B C9 SUB CX,CX ; SET INITIAL DELAY BEFORE TEST
1152 05F7 BA 01F7 MOV DX,HF_PORT+7
1153 05FA B3 25 MOV BL,DELAY_1
1154 05FC EC IN AL,DX ; CHECK STATUS
1155 05FD A8 80 TEST AL,ST_BUSY
1156 05FF E0 FB LOOPNZ NB1
1157 0601 T4 0B JZ NB2 ; NOT BUSY--LETS GO
1158 0603 FE CB DEC BL
1159 0605 T5 F5 JNZ NB1 ;
1160 0607 C6 06 0074 R 80 MOV 0DISK_STATUS1,TIME_OUT ; REPORT TIME OUT ERROR
1161 060C EB 05 JMP SHORT_NB3
1162 060E C6 06 0074 R 00 NB2: MOV 0DISK_STATUS1,0
1163 0611 5B MOV BX
1164 0614 80 3E 0074 R 00 NB3: CMP 0DISK_STATUS1,0 ; SET CONDITION CODE FOR CALLER
1165 0619 C3 RET
1166 061A NOT_BUSY ENDP
1167
1168 ;----- WAIT FOR DATA REQUEST -----;
1169 ;
1170 ;
1171 061A WAIT_DRQ PROC NEAR
1172 061A B9 0100 MOV CX,DELAY_3
1173 061D BA 01F7 MOV DX,HF_PORT+7
1174 0620 EC IN AL,DX ; GET STATUS
1175 0621 A8 08 TEST AL,ST_DRQ ; WAIT FOR DRQ
1176 0623 T5 09 JNZ WQ_OK
1177 0625 E2 F9 LOOP WQ_1
1178 0627 C6 06 0074 R 80 MOV 0DISK_STATUS1,TIME_OUT ; KEEP TRYING FOR A SHORT WHILE
1179 062C F9 STC ; ERROR
1180 062D C3 RET
1181 062E F8 CLC
1182 062F C3 RET
1183 0630 WAIT_DRQ ENDP
1184
1185 ;----- CHECK FIXED DISK STATUS -----;
1186 ;
1187 0630 CHECK_STATUS PROC NEAR
1188 0630 EB 0642 R CALL CHECK_ST ; CHECK THE STATUS BYTE
1189 0633 T5 07 JNZ CHECK_S1 ; AN ERROR WAS FOUND
1190 0635 A8 01 TEST AL,ST_ERROR ; WERE THERE ANY OTHER ERRORS
1191 0637 T4 03 JZ CHECK_S1 ; NO ERROR REPORTED
1192 0639 EB 0676 R CALL CHECK_ER ; ERROR REPORTED
1193 063C CHECK_S1: MOV AH,0
1194 063C 80 3E 0074 R 00 CMP 0DISK_STATUS1,0 ; SET STATUS FOR CALLER
1195 0641 C3 RET
1196 0642 CHECK_STATUS ENDP
1197
1198 ;----- CHECK FIXED DISK STATUS BYTE -----;
1199 ;
1200 0642 CHECK_ST PROC NEAR
1201 0642 BA 01F7 MOV DX,HF_PORT+7 ; GET THE STATUS
1202 0645 EC IN AL,DX
1203 0646 A2 00BC R MOV 0HF_STATUS,AL
1204 0649 B4 00 MOV AH,0
1205 064B A8 80 TEST AL,ST_BUSY ; IF STILL BUSY
1206 064D T5 1A JNZ CKST_EXIT ; REPORT OK
1207 064F B4 C8 MOV AH,WRITE_FAULT
1208 0651 A8 20 TEST AL,ST_WRT_FLT ; CHECK FOR WRITE FAULT
1209 0653 T5 14 JNZ CKST_EXIT
1210 0655 B4 AA MOV AH,NOT_RDY
1211 0657 A8 40 TEST AL,ST_READY ; CHECK FOR NOT READY
1212 0659 T4 0E JZ CKST_EXIT
1213 065B B4 40 MOV AH,BAD_SEEK
1214 065D A8 10 TEST AL,ST_SEEK_COMPL ; CHECK FOR SEEK NOT COMPLETE
1215 065F T4 08 JZ CKST_EXIT
1216 0661 B4 11 MOV AH,DATA_CORRECTED
1217 0663 A8 04 TEST AL,ST_CORRCTD ; CHECK FOR CORRECTED ECC
1218 0665 T5 02 JNZ CKST_EXIT
1219 0667 B4 00 MOV AH,0
1220 0669 CKST_EXIT: MOV 0DISK_STATUS1,AH ; SET ERROR FLAG
1221 0669 80 FC 11 CMP 0DISK_STATUS1,0 ; KEEP GOING WITH DATA CORRECTED
1222 066D 80 FC 11 CMP 0DISK_STATUS1,0
1223 0670 T4 03 JZ CKST_EXIT
1224 0672 80 FC 00 CMP AH,0
1225 0675 RET
1226 0675 C3 RET
1227 0676 CHECK_ST ENDP
    
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SECTION 5

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1228 PAGE
1229 ;-----
1230 ; CHECK FIXED DISK ERROR REGISTER ;
1231 ;-----
1232 0676
1233 0676 BA 01F1
1234 0679 E0
1235 067A A2 00BD R
1236 067D 53
1237 067E B9 0008
1238 0681 D0 E0
1239 0683 72 02
1240 0685 E2 FA
1241 0687 BB 0698 R
1242 068A 03 D9
1243 068C 2E: 8A 27
1244 068F 88 26 0074 R
1245 0693 5B
1246 0694 80 FC 00
1247 0697 C3
1248 0698 E0
1249 0699 02 40 01 BB
1250 069D 04 BB 10 0A
1251 06A1
1252
1253
1254 ; CHECK DMA ;
1255 ; -CHECK ES:BX AND # SECTORS TO MAKE SURE THAT IT WILL ;
1256 ; FIT WITHOUT SEGMENT OVERFLOW ;
1257 ; -ES:BX HAS BEEN REVISED TO THE FORMAT SSS:000X ;
1258 ; -OK IF # SECTORS < 80H (7FH IF LONG READ OR WRITE) ;
1259 ; -OK IF # SECTORS = 80H (7FH) AND BX <= 00H (04H) ;
1260 ; -ERROR OTHERWISE ;
1261 ;-----
1262 06A1
1263 06A1 50
1264 06A2 B8 8000
1265 06A5 F6 46 FE 02
1266 06A9 74 03
1267 06AB B8 7F04
1268 06AC 3A 66 F9
1269 06B1 77 06
1270 06B3 72 07
1271 06B5 3A C3
1272 06B7 72 03
1273 06B9 F8
1274 06BA 58
1275 06BB C3
1276 06BC F9
1277 06BD C6 06 0074 R 09
1278 06C2 58
1279 06C3 C3
1280 06C4
1281
1282
1283 ;-----
1284 ; SET UP ES:BX-> DISK PARS ;
1285 ;-----
1285 06C4
1286 06C4 2B C0
1287 06C6 BE C0
1288
1289 06C8 F6 C2 01
1290 06CB 74 07
1291 06CD 26: C4 IE 0118 R
1292 06D2 EB 05
1293 06D4
1294 06D4 26: C4 IE 0104 R
1295 06D9
1296 06D9 C3
1297 06DA
1298
1299
1300 ;-----
1301 ; FIXED DISK INTERRUPT ROUTINE ;
1302 ;-----
1303
1304
1305 06DA
1306 06DA 50
1307 06DB IE
1308 06DC E8 0000 E
1309 06DF C6 06 00BE R FF
1310 06E4 B0 20
1311 06E6 E6 A0
1312 06E8 EB 00
1313 06EA E6 20
1314 06EC IF
1315 06ED FB
1316 06EE BB 9100
1317 06F1 CD 15
1318 06F3 58
1319 06F4 CF
1320 06F5
1321
1322 06F5 31 31 2F 31 35 2F
1323 38 35
1324 06FD
1325
1326
1327
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1      PAGE 118,123
2      TITLE KYBD ----- 11/15/85 KEYBOARD BIOS
3      .LIST
4      0000
5      CODE SEGMENT BYTE PUBLIC
6
7      PUBLIC K16
8      PUBLIC KEYBOARD_IO_1
9      PUBLIC KB_INT_1
10     PUBLIC SND_DATA
11
12     EXTRN BEEP;NEAR
13     EXTRN DDS;NEAR
14     EXTRN START;LINEAR
15     EXTRN K6;BYTE
16     EXTRN K7;BYTE
17     EXTRN K8;BYTE
18     EXTRN K9;BYTE
19     EXTRN K10;BYTE
20     EXTRN K11;BYTE
21     EXTRN K12;BYTE
22     EXTRN K13;BYTE
23     EXTRN K14;BYTE
24     EXTRN K15;BYTE
25
26     ;----- INT 16 H -----
27     ; KEYBOARD IO
28     ; THESE ROUTINES PROVIDE READ KEYBOARD SUPPORT
29     ; INPUT
30     (AH) = 00H READ THE NEXT ASCII CHARACTER ENTERED FROM THE KEYBOARD,
31     ;
32     ; THIS IS THE COMPATIBLE READ INTERFACE, EQUIVALENT TO THE
33     ; STANDARD PC OR PCAT KEYBOARD
34     (AH) = 01H SET THE Z FLAG TO INDICATE IF AN ASCII CHARACTER IS
35     ; AVAILABLE TO BE READ.
36     ; (ZF) = 1 -- NO CODE AVAILABLE
37     ; (ZF) = 0 -- CODE IS AVAILABLE (AX) = CHARACTER
38     ; IF (ZF) = 0, THE NEXT CHARACTER IN THE BUFFER TO BE READ IS
39     ; IN (AX), AND THE ENTRY REMAINS IN THE BUFFER.
40     ; THIS WILL RETURN ONLY PC/PCAT KEYBOARD COMPATIBLE CODES
41     (AH) = 02H RETURN THE CURRENT SHIFT STATUS IN AL REGISTER
42     ; THE BIT SETTINGS FOR THIS CODE ARE INDICATED IN THE
43     ; THE EQUATES FOR %KB_FLAG
44     (AH) = 05H PLACE ASCII CHARACTER/SCAN CODE COMBINATION IN KEYBOARD
45     ; BUFFER AS IF STRUCK FROM KEYBOARD
46     ; ENTRY: (CL) = ASCII CHARACTER
47     ; (CH) = SCAN CODE
48     ; EXIT: (AL) = 00H = SUCCESSFUL OPERATION
49     ; (AL) = 01H = UNSUCCESSFUL - BUFFER FULL
50     ; FLAGS: CARRY IF ERROR
51     (AH) = 10H EXTENDED READ INTERFACE FOR THE ENHANCED KEYBOARD
52     (AH) = 11H EXTENDED ASCII STATUS FOR THE ENHANCED KEYBOARD,
53     ; OTHERWISE SAME AS FUNCTION AH=2
54     (AH) = 12H RETURN THE EXTENDED SHIFT STATUS IN AX REGISTER
55     ; AL = BITS FROM KB_FLAG, AH = BITS FOR LEFT AND RIGHT
56     ; CTL AND ALT KEYS FROM KB_FLAG_1 AND KB_FLAG_3
57     ; OUTPUT
58     ; AS NOTED ABOVE, ONLY (AX) AND FLAGS CHANGED
59     ; ALL REGISTERS RETAINED
60     ;-----
61     ASSUME CS:CODE,DS:DATA
62
63     0000 KEYBOARD_IO_1 PROC FAR ; >>> ENTRY POINT FOR ORG 0E82EH
64     0000 FB STI ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON
65     0001 IE PUSH DS ; SAVE CURRENT DS
66     0002 53 PUSH BX ; SAVE BX TEMPORARILY
67     0003 51 PUSH CX ; SAVE CX TEMPORARILY
68     0004 E8 0000 E CALL DDS ; ESTABLISH POINTER TO DATA REGION
69     0007 0A E4 OR AH,AH ; CHECK FOR (AH) = 00H
70     0009 74 2D JZ K1 ; ASCII READ
71     000B FE CC DEC AH ; CHECK FOR (AH) = 01H
72     000D 74 3E JZ K2 ; ASCII STATUS
73     000F FE CC DEC AH ; CHECK FOR (AH) = 02H
74     0011 74 6B JZ K3 ; SHIFT STATUS
75     0013 FE CC DEC AH ; CHECK FOR (AH) = 03H
76     0015 74 6C JZ K4 ; ESTABLISH POINTER TO RATE/DELAY
77     0017 80 EC 02 SUB AH,2 ; CHECK FOR (AH) = 05H
78     001A 75 03 JNZ K101 ; KEYBOARD WRITE
79     001C E9 00A4 R JMP AH,10 ; AH = 10
80     001F 80 EC 0B SUB AH,11 ; EXTENDED ASCII READ
81     0022 74 0C JZ K1E ; CHECK FOR (AH) = 11H
82     0024 FE CC DEC AH ; EXTENDED ASCII STATUS
83     0026 74 1A JZ K2E ; CHECK FOR (AH) = 12H
84     0028 FE CC DEC AH ; EXTENDED_SHIFT_STATUS
85     002A 74 39 JZ K3E
86     002C K10_EXIT:
87     002C 59 POP CX ; RECOVER REGISTER
88     002D 5B POP BX ; RECOVER REGISTER
89     002E 1F POP DS ; RECOVER SEGMENT
90     002F CF IRET ; INVALID COMMAND
91
92     ;----- ASCII CHARACTER
93
94     0030 E8 00C7 R K1E: CALL K1S ; GET A CHARACTER FROM THE BUFFER (EXTENDED)
95     0033 E8 0125 R CALL K10_E_XLAT ; ROUTINE TO XLATE FOR EXTENDED CALLS
96     0036 EB F4 JMP K10_EXIT ; GIVE IT TO THE CALLER
97
98     0038 E8 00C7 R K1I: CALL K1S ; GET A CHARACTER FROM THE BUFFER
99     003B E8 0130 R CALL K10_S_XLAT ; ROUTINE TO XLATE FOR STANDARD CALLS
100    003E 72 F8 JC K1 ; CARRY SET MEANS THROW CODE AWAY
101    0040 EB EA JMP K10_EXIT ; RETURN TO CALLER
102
103    ;----- ASCII STATUS
104
105    0042 E8 0103 R K2E: CALL K2S ; TEST FOR CHARACTER IN BUFFER (EXTENDED)
106    0045 74 18 JZ K2B ; RETURN IF BUFFER EMPTY
107    0047 9C PUSHF ; SAVE ZF FROM TEST
108    0048 EB 15 R CALL K10_E_XLAT ; ROUTINE TO XLATE FOR EXTENDED CALLS
109    004B EB 11 JMP SHORT K2A ; GIVE IT TO THE CALLER
110
111    004D E8 0103 R K2I: CALL K2S ; TEST FOR CHARACTER IN BUFFER
112    0050 74 0D JZ K2B ; RETURN IF BUFFER EMPTY
113    0052 9C PUSHF ; SAVE ZF FROM TEST
114    0053 E8 0130 R CALL K10_S_XLAT ; ROUTINE TO XLATE FOR STANDARD CALLS

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115 0056 73 06          JNC     K2A          ; CARRY CLEAR MEANS PASS VALID CODE
116 0058 9D             POPF          ; INVALID CODE FOR THIS TYPE OF CALL
117 0059 E8 00C7 R     CALL    K1S          ; THROW THE CHARACTER AWAY
118 005C EB EF         JMP     K2         ; GO LOOK FOR NEXT CHAR, IF ANY
119
120 005E 9D             K2A:  POPF          ; RESTORE ZF FROM TEST
121 005F 59             K2B:  POP     CX          ; RECOVER REGISTER
122 0060 5B             POP     BX          ; RECOVER REGISTER
123 0061 1F             POP     DS          ; RECOVER SEGMENT
124 0062 CA 0002       RET     2         ; THROW AWAY FLAGS
125
126
127
128 0065
129 0065 8A 26 0018 R   K3E:  MOV     AH,KB_FLAG_1 ; GET THE EXTENDED SHIFT STATUS FLAGS
130 0069 80 E4 04       AND     AH,SYS_SHIFT ; GET SYSTEM SHIFT KEY STATUS
131 006C B1 05           SHL     CL,5        ; MASK ALL BUT SYS KEY BIT
132 006E D2 E4         MOV     SHL,CL      ; SHIFT THE SYSTEM KEY BIT OVER TO
133 0070 A0 0018 R     AND     AL,0110011B ; BIT 7 POSITION
134 0073 24 73         AND     AL,KB_FLAG_1 ; ELIMINATE SYS SHIFT, HOLD_STATE, AND INS_SHIFT
135 0075 0A E0         OR      AH,AL       ; MERGE THE REMAINING BITS INTO AH
136 0077 A0 0096 R     AND     AL,KB_FLAG_3 ; GET RIGHT CTL AND ALT
137 007A 24 0C         AND     AL,00001100B ; ELIMINATE LC_EO AND LC_EI
138 007C 0A E0         OR      AH,AL       ; OR THE SHIFT_FLAGS TOGETHER
139 007E A0 0017 R     MOV     AL,KB_FLAG ; GET THE SHIFT STATUS FLAGS
140 0081 EB A9         JMP     K1O_EXIT    ; RETURN TO CALLER
141
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145 0083 3C 05           K300: CMP     AL,5        ; CORRECT FUNCTION CALL?
146 0085 75 A5         JNE     K1O_EXIT    ; NO, RETURN
147 0087 F6 C3 E0       TEST    BL,0E0h     ; TEST FOR OUT-OF-RANGE RATE
148 008A 75 A0         JNZ     K1O_EXIT    ; RETURN IF 0
149 008F 75 9B         TEST    BH,0F0h     ; TEST FOR OUT-OF-RANGE DELAY
150 0091 75 98         JNZ     K1O_EXIT    ; RETURN IF 0
151 0093 E8 0644 R     MOV     AL,KB_TYPA_RD ; COMMAND FOR TYPAMATIC RATE/DELAY
152 0096 B9 0005       CALL    SND_DATA    ; SEND TO KEYBOARD
153 0099 D2 E7         MOV     MOV,5        ; SHIFT COUNT
154 009B D2 E7         SHL     BH,CL       ; SHIFT DELAY OVER
155 009D 8A C3         MOV     AL,BL       ; PUT IN RATE
156 009F EB 0644 R     OR      AL,BH       ; AND DELAY
157 00A2 EB 88         CALL    SND_DATA    ; SEND TO KEYBOARD
158 00A4 EB 88         JMP     K1O_EXIT    ; RETURN TO CALLER
159
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162
163 00A4 56             K500: PUSH    SI        ; SAVE SI
164 00A5 FA             CLD                    ; GET THE "IN TO" POINTER TO THE BUFFER
165 00A6 8B 1E 001C R   MOV     BX,#BUFFER_TAIL ; SAVE A COPY IN CASE BUFFER NOT FULL
166 00AA 8B F3         MOV     SI,BX        ; BUMP THE POINTER TO SEE IF BUFFER IS FULL
167 00AC EB 0168 R     CALL    K4           ; WILL THE BUFFER OVERRUN IF WE STORE THIS?
168 00AF 3B 1E 001A R   CMP     BX,#BUFFER_HEAD ; YES - INFORM CALLER OF ERROR
169 00B3 74 0B         JE      K502         ; NO - PUT THE ASCII/SCAN CODE INTO BUFFER
170 00B5 89 0C         MOV     MOV,[SI],CX  ; ADJUST IN POINTER TO REFLECT CHANGE
171 00B7 89 1E 001C R   MOV     #BUFFER_TAIL,BX ; SUB VALUE THAT OPERATION WAS SUCCESSFUL
172 00BB 2C C0         SUB     AL,AL        ; SUB INSTRUCTION ALSO RESETS CARRY FLAG
173 00BD EB 03 90       JMP     K504         ; BUFFER FULL INDICATION
174
175 00C0
176 00C0 B0 01         K502: MOV     AL,01H      ;
177 00C2 17         K504: STI                    ;
178 00C3 FB         STI                    ;
179 00C4 E9 002C R     POP     SI           ; RECOVER SI
180 00C5 5E         JMP     K1O_EXIT    ; RETURN TO CALLER WITH STATUS IN AL
181
182
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187 00C7
188 00C7 8B 1E 001A R   KEYBOARD_IO_1  ENDP
189 00CB 3B 1E 001C R   ;----- READ THE KEY TO FIGURE OUT WHAT TO DO -----
190 00CF 75 07         K1S:  PROC     NEAR
191 00D1 B8 9002       MOV     BX,#BUFFER_HEAD ; GET POINTER TO HEAD OF BUFFER
192 00D4 CD 15         CMP     BX,#BUFFER_TAIL ; TEST END OF BUFFER
193 00D6 FB         JNE     K1U         ; IF ANYTHING IN BUFFER DONT DO INTERRUPT
194 00D8 FB         MOV     AX,09002H     ; MOVE IN WAIT CODE & TYPE
195 00DB 74 07         INT     15H          ; PERFORM OTHER FUNCTION
196 00DD FB         MOV     STI          ; ASCII READ
197 00DF 90         NOP                    ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON DURING LOOP
198 00E1 53         K1U:  CLD                    ; ALLOW AN INTERRUPT TO OCCUR
199 00E2 3B 1E 001A R   MOV     BX,#BUFFER_HEAD ; INTERRUPTS BACK OFF
200 00E4 3B 1E 001C R   CMP     BX,#BUFFER_TAIL ; GET POINTER TO HEAD OF BUFFER
201 00E6 53         PUSH    BX           ; TEST END OF BUFFER
202 00E8 2C 9C         PUSH    BX           ; SAVE ADDRESS
203 00EA E8 06D1 R     CALL    MAKE_LED     ; SAVE FLAG
204 00ED 8A 1E 0097 R   MOV     BL,KB_FLAG_2 ; GO GET MODE INDICATOR DATA BYTE
205 00EF 32 DB         XOR     BL,AL        ; GET PREVIOUS BITS
206 00F0 0E 03 07       AND     BL,07H       ; SEE IF ANY DIFFERENT
207 00F2 74 04         JZ      K1V         ; ISOLATE INDICATOR BITS
208 00F4 74 04         JZ      K1V         ; IF NO CHANGE BYPASS UPDATE
209
210
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218 00F1 E8 0693 R     CALL    SND_LED1    ; GO TURN ON MODE INDICATORS
219 00F4 FA             CLD                    ; DISABLE INTERRUPTS
220 00F5 9D             POPF          ; RESTORE FLAGS
221 00F6 5B             POP     BX          ; RESTORE ADDRESS
222 00F7 74 DD         JZ      K1T         ; LOOP UNTIL SOMETHING IN BUFFER
223
224
225 00F9 8B 07         MOV     AX,[BX]      ; GET SCAN CODE AND ASCII CODE
226 00FB EB 0168 R     CALL    K4           ; MOVE POINTER TO NEXT POSITION
227 00FE 89 1E 001A R   MOV     #BUFFER_HEAD,BX ; STORE VALUE IN VARIABLE
228 0102 C3           RET                    ; RETURN
229 0103
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229 0119 80 E3 07      AND     BL,07H      ; ISOLATE INDICATOR BITS
230 011C 74 03        JZ      K2T        ; IF NO CHANGE BYPASS UPDATE
231
232 011E E8 0680 R     CALL    SNO_LED    ; GO TURN ON MODE INDICATORS
233 0121 58            POP     AX         ; RESTORE CODE POINTER
234 0122 9D            POPF   AX         ; RESTORE FLAGS
235 0123 FB            STI    RET        ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON
236 0124 C3            RET             ; RETURN
237 0125
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241
242 0125                K2S
243 0125 3C F0        ;----- ROUTINE TO TRANSLATE SCAN CODE PAIRS FOR EXTENDED CALLS
244 0127 75 06        K10_E_XLAT:
245 0129 0A E4        CMP     AL,0F0h    ; IS IT ONE OF THE FILL-INS?
246 012B 74 02        JNE    AH,AH      ; NO, TRY LAST TEST
247 012D 32 C0        OR     AH,AH      ; AH = 0 IS SPECIAL CASE
248 012F                JZ     K10_E_RET  ; PASS THIS ON UNCHANGED
249 012F C3            XOR     AL,AL     ; OTHERWISE SET AL = 0
250
251
252
253
254 0130                K2S
255 0130 80 FC E0      ;----- ROUTINE TO TRANSLATE SCAN CODE PAIRS FOR STANDARD CALLS
256 0133 75 12        K10_S_XLAT:
257 0135 3C 0D        CMP     AH,0E0h   ; IS IT KEYPAD ENTER OR / ?
258 0137 74 09        JNE    K10_S2    ; NO, CONTINUE
259 0139 3C 0A        CMP     AL,0Dh    ; KEYPAD ENTER CODE?
260 013B 74 05        JE     K10_S1    ; YES, MESSAGE A BIT
261 013D B4 35        MOV     AH,35h    ; NO, MUST BE KEYPAD /
262 013F EB 23        JMP     K10_USE   ; GIVE TO CALLER
263 0142 B4 1C        K10_S1:
264 0144 EB 1E 90    MOV     AH,TCh    ; CONVERT TO COMPATIBLE OUTPUT
265
266
267 0147 80 FC 84      K10_S2:
268 014A 77 1A        CMP     AH,84h    ; IS IT ONE OF THE EXTENDED ONES?
269 014C 3C F0        JNE    K10_S3    ; YES, THROW AWAY AND GET ANOTHER CHAR
270 014E 75 07        CMP     AL,0F0h   ; IS IT ONE OF THE FILL-INS?
271 0150 0A E4        JNE    AH,AH      ; NO, TRY LAST TEST
272 0152 74 10        OR     AH,AH      ; AH = 0 IS SPECIAL CASE
273 0154 EB 10 90    JZ     K10_S3    ; PASS THIS ON UNCHANGED
274
275 0157 3C E0        K10_S3:
276 0159 75 09        CMP     AL,0E0h   ; IS IT AN EXTENSION OF A PREVIOUS ONE?
277 015B 0A E4        JNE    K10_USE   ; NO, MUST BE A STANDARD CODE
278 015D 74 05        OR     AH,AH      ; AH = 0 IS SPECIAL CASE
279 015F 3C C0        JZ     K10_USE   ; JUMP IF AH = 0
280 0161 EB 01 90    XOR     AL,AL     ; CONVERT TO COMPATIBLE OUTPUT
281
282
283 0164                K10_USE:
284 0166 F8            CLC             ; CLEAR CARRY TO INDICATE GOOD CODE
285 0168 C3            RET             ; RETURN
286 0166 F9            K10_DIS:
287 0167 C3            STC             ; SET CARRY TO INDICATE DISCARD CODE
288
289
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292
293 0168 43            ;----- INCREMENT BUFFER POINTER ROUTINE -----
294 0169 43            ;-----
295
296 016A 3B 1E 0082 R  K4 PROC NEAR
297 016E 75 04        INC     BX        ; MOVE TO NEXT WORD IN LIST
298 0170 8B 1E 0080 R INC     BX
299 0174 C3            ;
300 0175                ;
301
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308 0175                K5:
309 0176 55            MOV     BX,0BUFFER_END ; AT END OF BUFFER?
310 0177 50            JNE    K5        ; NO, CONTINUE
311 0178 53            MOV     BX,0BUFFER_START ; YES, RESET TO BUFFER BEGINNING
312 0179 51            RET             ;
313 017A 52            K4 ENDP
314 017B 56            ;
315 017C 57            ;
316 017D 1E            ;
317 017E 06            ;
318 017F FC            ;
319 0180 E8 0000 E    CALL    DDS      ; FORWARD DIRECTION
320
321
322
323
324 0183 80 AD        ;----- WAIT FOR KEYBOARD DISABLE COMMAND TO BE ACCEPTED
325 0185 E8 0635 R    MOV     AL,DIS_KBD  ; DISABLE THE KEYBOARD COMMAND
326 0188 FA            CALL    SHIP_IT    ; EXECUTE DISABLE
327 0189 2B C9        CLI    SUB         ; DISABLE INTERRUPTS
328 018B                ; SET MAXIMUM TIMEOUT
329 018B E4 64        K5:
330 018D A8 02        IN     AL,STATUS_PORT ; READ ADAPTER STATUS
331 018F E0 FA        TEST  INPT_BUF_FULL ; CASSETTE CALL (AL) = KEY SCAN CODE
332
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334
335 0191 E4 60        LOOPNZ KB_INT_01   ; WAIT FOR COMMAND TO BE ACCEPTED
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355 0191 E4 60        ;----- READ CHARACTER FROM KEYBOARD INTERFACE
356
357
358
359 0193 B4 4F        IN     AL,PORT_A   ; READ IN THE CHARACTER
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SECTION 5

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343 0198 72 03          JC      KB_INT_02          ; CONTINUE IF CARRY FLAG SET ((AL)=CODE)
344 019A E9 0399 R     JMP     K26              ; EXIT IF SYSTEM HANDLED SCAN CODE
345                                     ; EXIT HANDLES HARDWARE EOI AND ENABLE
346
347 ;----- CHECK FOR A RESEND COMMAND TO KEYBOARD
348
349 019D                KB_INT_02:          ; (AL)= SCAN CODE
350 019D FB             STI     ; ENABLE INTERRUPTS AGAIN
351 019E 3C FE             CMP     AL,KB_RESEND    ; IS THE INPUT A RESEND
352 01A0 74 0D             JE      KB_INT_4        ; GO IF RESEND
353
354 ;----- CHECK FOR RESPONSE TO A COMMAND TO KEYBOARD
355
356 01A2 3C FA             CMP     AL,KB_ACK       ; IS THE INPUT AN ACKNOWLEDGE
357 01A4 75 12             JNZ    KB_INT_2        ; GO IF NOT
358
359 ;----- A COMMAND TO THE KEYBOARD WAS ISSUED
360
361 01A6 FA             CLI     ; DISABLE INTERRUPTS
362 01A7 80 0E 0097 R 10 CALL    MAKE_LED        ; INDICATE ACK RECEIVED
363 01AC E9 0399 R     JMP     K26              ; RETURN IF NOT (ACK RETURNED FOR DATA)
364
365 ;----- RESEND THE LAST BYTE
366
367 01AF                KB_INT_4:          ; DISABLE INTERRUPTS
368 01AF FA             CLI     ; INDICATE RESEND RECEIVED
369 01B0 80 0E 0097 R 20 OR      K26              ; RETURN IF NOT (ACK RETURNED FOR DATA)
370 01B5 E9 0399 R     JMP     K26
371
372 ;----- UPDATE MODE INDICATORS IF CHANGE IN STATE
373
374
375 01B8                KB_INT_2:          ; SAVE DATA IN
376 01B8 50             PUSH    AX              ; GET MODE INDICATOR DATA BYTE
377 01B9 E8 06D1 R     CALL    MAKE_LED        ; GET PREVIOUS BITS
378 01BC 8A 1E 0097 R MOV     BL,*KB_FLAG_2   ; SEE IF ANY DIFFERENT
379 01C0 32 D8             XOR     BL,AL           ; ISOLATE INDICATOR BITS
380 01C2 80 E3 07             AND    BL,KB_LEDS      ; IF NO CHANGE BYPASS UPDATE
381 01C5 74 03             JZ      UP0             ; GO TURN ON MODE INDICATORS
382 01C7 E8 0680 R     CALL    SND_LED        ; RESTORE DATA IN
383 01CA 58             POP     AX
384 UP0:
385 ;-----
386 ;----- START OF KEY PROCESSING -----
387
388 01CB 8A E0             MOV     AH,AL          ; SAVE SCAN CODE IN AH ALSO
389
390 ;----- TEST FOR OVERRUN SCAN CODE FROM KEYBOARD
391
392 01CD 3C FF             CMP     AL,KB_OVER_RUN ; IS THIS AN OVERRUN CHAR?
393 01CF 75 03             JNZ    K16             ; NO, TEST FOR SHIFT KEY
394 01D1 E9 0626 R     JMP     K62            ; BUFFER_FULL_BEEP
395
396 01D4 0E             K16:  PUSH    CS          ; ESTABLISH ADDRESS OF TABLES
397 01D5 07             POP     ES              ; LOAD FLAGS FOR TESTING
398 01D6 8A 3E 0096 R 6 MOV     BH,*KB_FLAG_3
399
400 ;----- TEST TO SEE IF A READ_ID IS IN PROGRESS
401
402 01DA F6 C7 C0         TEST    BH,RD_ID+LC_AB ; ARE WE DOING A READ ID?
403 01DD 74 34             JZ      CONTINUE_IF_NOT ; CONTINUE IF NOT
404 01DF 79 10             JNS    TST_ID_2        ; IS THE RD_ID FLAG ON?
405 01E1 3C AB             CMP     AL,TD_ID        ; IS THIS THE 1ST ID CHARACTER?
406 01E3 75 05             JNE    RST_RD_ID      ;
407 01E5 80 0E 0096 R 40 OR      *KB_FLAG_3,LC_AB ; INDICATE 1ST ID WAS OK
408 01EA 80 26 0096 R 7F RST_RD_ID:
409 01EA 80 26 0096 R 7F AND    *KB_FLAG_3,NOT_RD_ID ; RESET THE READ ID FLAG
410 01EF EB 1F             JMP     SHORT_ID_EX    ; AND EXIT
411
412 01F1                TST_ID_2:          ; RESET FLAG
413 01F1 80 26 0096 R BF AND    *KB_FLAG_3,NOT LC_AB ;
414 01F6 3C 85             CMP     AL,TD_2A        ; IS THIS THE 2ND ID CHARACTER?
415 01F8 74 11             JE      KX_BIT         ; JUMP IF SO
416 01FA 3C 41             CMP     AL,ID_2         ; IS THIS THE 2ND ID CHARACTER?
417 01FC 75 12             JNE    ID_EX           ; LEAVE IF NOT
418
419 ;----- A READ ID SAID THAT IT WAS ENHANCED KEYBOARD
420
421 01FE F6 C7 20         TEST    BH,SET_NUM_LK  ; SHOULD WE SET NUM LOCK?
422 0201 74 08             JZ      EXIT_IF_NOT    ; EXIT IF NOT
423 0203 80 0E 0017 R 20 OR      *KB_FLAG_NUM_STATE ; FORCE NUM LOCK ON
424 0208 E8 0680 R     CALL    SND_LED        ; GO SET THE NUM LOCK INDICATOR
425 020B 80 0E 0096 R 10 OR      *KB_FLAG_3,KBX  ; INDICATE ENHANCED KEYBOARD WAS FOUND
426 0210 E9 0399 R     JMP     K26            ; EXIT
427 0213                NOT_ID:
428 0213 3C E0             CMP     AL,MC_E0        ; IS THIS THE GENERAL MARKER CODE?
429 0215 75 07             JNE    OR              ;
430 0217 80 0E 0096 R 12 OR      *KB_FLAG_3,LC_E0+KBX ; SET FLAG BIT, SET KBX, AND
431 021C EB 09             JMP     SHORT_EXIT     ; THROW AWAY THIS CODE
432
433 021E                TEST_E1:
434 021E 3C E1             CMP     AL,MC_E1        ; IS THIS THE PAUSE KEY?
435 0220 75 08             JNE    NOT_HC         ;
436 0222 80 0E 0096 R 11 OR      *KB_FLAG_3,LC_E1+KBX ; SET FLAG, PAUSE KEY MARKER CODE
437 0227 E9 039E R     JMP     K26A          ; THROW AWAY THIS CODE
438
439 022A                NOT_HC:
440 022A 24 7F             AND    AL,07FH         ; TURN OFF THE BREAK BIT
441 022C F6 C7 02         TEST    BH,LC_E0        ; LAST CODE THE E0 MARKER CODE?
442 022F 74 0C             JZ      JUMP_IF_NOT    ; JUMP IF NOT
443
444 0231 B9 0002         MOV     CX,2           ; LENGTH OF SEARCH
445 0234 BF 000E E     MOV     DI,OFFSET K6+6 ; IS THIS A SHIFT KEY?
446 0237 F2/ AE          REPNE  SCASB           ; CHECK IT
447 0239 75 5E          JNE    K16A           ; NO, CONTINUE KEY PROCESSING
448 023B EB 42          JMP     SHORT_K16B     ; YES, THROW AWAY & RESET FLAG
449
450 023D                NOT_LC_E0:
451 023D F6 C7 01         TEST    BH,LC_E1        ; LAST CODE THE E1 MARKER CODE?
452 0240 74 16             JZ      JUMP_IF_NOT    ; JUMP IF NOT
453
454 0242 B9 0004         MOV     CX,4           ; LENGTH OF SEARCH
455 0245 BF 000A E     MOV     DI,OFFSET K6+4 ; IS THIS AN ALT, CTL, OR SHIFT?
456 0248 F2/ AE          REPNE  SCASB           ; CHECK

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457 024A 74 D0          JE      EXIT                ; THROW AWAY IF 50
458
459 024C 3C 45          CMP     AL,NUM_KEY          ; IS IT THE PAUSE KEY?
460 024E 75 2F          JNE     K16B               ; NO, THROW AWAY & RESET FLAG
461 0250 F6 C4 80       TEST   AH,80H             ; YES, IS IT THE BREAK OF THE KEY?
462 0253 75 2A          JNZ     K16B               ; NO, THROW THIS AWAY, TOO
463 0255 E9 04D4 R     JMP     K39P               ; NO, THIS IS THE REAL PAUSE STAT
464
465 ;----- TEST FOR SYSTEM KEY
466 0258                T_SYS_KEY:
467 0258 3C 54          CMP     AL,SYS_KEY        ; IS IT THE SYSTEM KEY?
468 025A 75 3D          JNE     K16A               ; CONTINUE IF NOT
469
470 025C F6 C4 80       TEST   AH,080H           ; CHECK IF THIS A BREAK CODE
471 025F 75 21          JNZ     K16C               ; DON'T TOUCH SYSTEM INDICATOR IF TRUE
472
473 0261 F6 06 0018 R 04 TEST   *KB_FLAG_1,SYS_SHIFT ; SEE IF IN SYSTEM KEY HELD DOWN
474 0266 75 17          JNZ     K16B               ; IF YES, DON'T PROCESS SYSTEM INDICATOR
475
476 0268 80 0E 0018 R 04 OR     *KB_FLAG_1,SYS_SHIFT ; INDICATE SYSTEM KEY DEPRESSED
477 026D B0 20          MOV     AL,E01            ; END OF INTERRUPT COMMAND
478 026F E6 20          MOV     020H,AL           ; SEND COMMAND TO INTERRUPT CONTROL PORT
479
480 0271 B0 AE          MOV     AL,ENA_KBD        ; INSURE KEYBOARD IS ENABLED
481 0273 E8 0635 R     CALL   SHIP_IT            ; EXECUTE ENABLE
482 0276 B8 8500       MOV     AX,08500H         ; FUNCTION VALUE FOR MAKE OF SYSTEM KEY
483 0279 F9             STI                        ; MAKE SURE INTERRUPTS ENABLED
484 027A CD 15          INT     15H               ; USER INTERRUPT
485 027C E9 03A8 R     JMP     K27A               ; END PROCESSING
486
487 027F E9 0399 R     JMP     K26                ; IGNORE SYSTEM KEY
488
489 0282 80 26 0018 R FB K16C: AND     *KB_FLAG_1,NOT SYS_SHIFT ; TURN OFF SHIFT KEY HELD DOWN
490 0287 B0 20          MOV     AL,E01            ; END OF INTERRUPT COMMAND
491 0289 E6 20          MOV     020H,AL           ; SEND COMMAND TO INTERRUPT CONTROL PORT
492
493 028B B0 AE          MOV     AL,ENA_KBD        ; INSURE KEYBOARD IS ENABLED
494 028D EB 0635 R     CALL   SHIP_IT            ; EXECUTE ENABLE
495 0290 B8 8501       MOV     AX,08501H         ; FUNCTION VALUE FOR MAKE OF SYSTEM KEY
496 0293 FB             STI                        ; MAKE SURE INTERRUPTS ENABLED
497 0294 CD 15          INT     15H               ; USER INTERRUPT
498 0296 E9 03A8 R     JMP     K27A               ; IGNORE SYSTEM KEY
499
500 ;----- TEST FOR SHIFT KEYS
501 0299 8A 1E 0017 R  K16A: MOV     BL,*KB_FLAG          ; PUT STATE FLAGS IN BL
502 029D BF 0000 E     MOV     DI,OFFSET K6      ; SHIFT KEY TABLE
503 02A0 B9 0002 E     MOV     CX,OFFSET K6L     ; LENGTH
504 02A3 F2/ AE        REPE   SCASB              ; LOOK THROUGH THE TABLE FOR A MATCH
505 02A5 8A C4         MOV     AL,AH              ; RECOVER SCAN CODE
506 02A7 74 03        JECXZ  K17                 ; JUMP IF MATCH FOUND
507 02A9 E9 0385 R     JMP     K25                 ; IF NO MATCH, THEN SHIFT NOT FOUND
508
509 ;----- SHIFT KEY FOUND
510
511 02AC 81 EF 0001 E  K17: SUB     DI,OFFSET K6+1    ; ADJUST PTR TO SCAN CODE MTRCH
512 02B0 2E: 8A A5 0000 E MOV     AH,CS:K7[DI]      ; GET MASK INTO AH
513 02B5 B1 02         MOV     CL,2                ; SET UP COUNT FOR FLAG SHIFTS
514 02B7 A8 80        TEST   AL,80H              ; TEST FOR BREAK KEY
515 02B9 74 03        JZ     K17C                 ; JUMP IF BREAK
516 02BB EB 78 90        JMP     K23                 ; JUMP IF BREAK
517
518 ;----- SHIFT MAKE FOUND, DETERMINE SET OR TOGGLE
519
520 02BE 80 FC 10       K17C: CMP     AH,SCROLL_SHIFT  ; IF SCROLL SHIFT OR ABOVE, TOGGLE KEY
521 02C1 73 21        JAE     K18                 ; IF SCROLL SHIFT OR ABOVE, TOGGLE KEY
522
523 ;----- PLAIN SHIFT KEY, SET SHIFT ON
524
525 02C3 80 26 0017 R OR     *KB_FLAG,AH         ; TURN ON SHIFT BIT
526 02C7 F6 C4 0C       TEST   AH,CTL_SHIFT+ALT_SHIFT ; IS IT ALT OR CTRL?
527 02CA 75 03          JNZ     K17D                ; YES, MORE FLAGS TO SET
528 02CC E9 0399 R     JMP     K26                 ; NO, INTERRUPT RETURN
529 02CF F6 C7 02       K17D: TEST   BH,LC_E0            ; IS THIS ONE OF THE NEW KEYS?
530 02D2 74 07          JZ     K17E                 ; NO, JUMP
531 02D4 80 26 0096 R OR     *KB_FLAG_3,AH        ; SET BITS FOR RIGHT CTRL, ALT
532 02D8 E9 0399 R     JMP     K26                 ; INTERRUPT RETURN
533 02DB D2 EC         K17E: SHR     AH,CL           ; MOVE FLAG BITS TWO POSITIONS
534 02DD 80 26 0018 R OR     *KB_FLAG_1,AH        ; SET BITS FOR LEFT CTRL, ALT
535 02E1 E9 0399 R     JMP     K26                 ; INTERRUPT RETURN
536
537 ;----- TOGGLED SHIFT KEY, TEST FOR 1ST MAKE OR NOT
538
539 02E4                K18: ; SHIFT-TOGGLE
540 02E4 F6 C3 04       TEST   BL,CTL_SHIFT       ; CHECK CTL SHIFT STATE
541 02E7 74 03          JZ     K18A                 ; JUMP IF NOT CTL STATE
542 02E9 E9 0385 R     JMP     K25                 ; JUMP IF CTL STATE
543 02EC 3C 52          CMP     AL,INS_KEY         ; CHECK FOR INSERT KEY
544 02EE 75 21          JNE     K22                 ; JUMP IF NOT INSERT KEY
545 02F0 F6 C3 08       TEST   BL,ALT_SHIFT        ; CHECK FOR ALTERNATE SHIFT
546 02F3 74 03          JZ     K18B                 ; JUMP IF NOT ALTERNATE SHIFT
547 02F5 E9 0385 R     JMP     K25                 ; JUMP IF ALTERNATE SHIFT
548 02F8 F6 C7 02       K18B: TEST   BH,LC_E0            ; IS THIS THE NEW INSERT KEY?
549 02FB 75 14          JNZ     K22                 ; YES, THIS ONE'S NEVER A "0"
550 02FD F6 C3 20       K19: TEST   BL,NUM_STATE      ; CHECK FOR BASE STATE
551 0300 75 0A          JNZ     K21                 ; JUMP IF NUM LOCK IS ON
552 0302 F6 C3 03       TEST   BL,LEFT_SHIFT+RIGHT_SHIFT ; TEST FOR SHIFT STATE
553 0305 74 0A          JZ     K22                 ; JUMP IF BASE STATE
554 0307 8A E0         K20: MOV     AH,AL             ; CHECK FOR BASE STATE
555 0309 EB 7A 90        JMP     K25                 ; NUMERAL "0", STNDRD. PROCESSING
556
557 ;----- TOGGLED SHIFT KEY, TEST FOR 1ST MAKE OR NOT
558 030C F6 C3 03       K21: TEST   BL,LEFT_SHIFT+RIGHT_SHIFT ; MIGHT BE NUMERIC
559 030F 74 F6          JZ     K20                 ; IS NUMERIC, STD. PROC.
560
561 0311                K22: ; SHIFT TOGGLE KEY HIT; PROCESS IT
562 0315 74 03          JZ     K22A                 ; IS KEY ALREADY DEPRESSED?
563 0317 E9 0399 R     JMP     K26                 ; JUMP IF KEY ALREADY DEPRESSED
564 031A 80 26 0018 R K22A: OR     *KB_FLAG_1,AH        ; INDICATE THAT THE KEY IS DEPRESSED
565 031E 30 26 0017 R XOR     *KB_FLAG,AH         ; TOGGLE THE SHIFT STATE
566
567 ;----- TOGGLE LED IF CAPS, NUM, OR SCROLL KEY DEPRESSED
568
569 0322 F6 C4 70       TEST   AH,CAPS_SHIFT+NUM_SHIFT+SCROLL_SHIFT ; SHIFT TOGGLE?
570 0325 74 05          JZ     K22B                 ; GO IF NOT

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571 0327 50          PUSH AX          ; SAVE SCAN CODE AND SHIFT MASK
572 0328 EB 0680 R  CALL SND_LED      ; GO TURN MODE INDICATORS ON
573 032B 58          POP AX          ; RESTORE SCAN CODE
574
575 032C 3C 52       K22B: CMP AL,INS_KEY    ; TEST FOR 1ST MAKE OF INSERT KEY
576 032E 75 69       JNE K26          ; JUMP IF NOT INSERT KEY
577 0330 BA E0       MOV AH,AL        ; SCAN CODE IN BOTH HALVES OF AX
578 0332 EB 7F 90   JMP K28          ; FLAGS UPDATED, PROC. FOR BUFFER
579
580
581
582 0335             ;----- BREAK SHIFT FOUND
583 0335 80 FC 10   K23: CMP AH,SCROLL_SHIFT ; BREAK-SHIFT-FOUND
584 0338 F6 D4       NOT AH           ; IS THIS A TOGGLE KEY?
585 033A 73 43       JAE K24          ; INVERT MASK
586 033C 20 26 0017 R AND 0KB_FLAG,AH ; YES, HANDLE BREAK TOGGLE
587 0340 80 FC FB   CMP AH,NOT_CTL_SHIFT ; TURN OFF SHIFT BIT
588 0343 77 26       JA K23D         ; IS THIS ALT OR CTL?
589
590 0345 F6 C7 02   TEST BH,LC_E0   ; 2ND ALT OR CTL?
591 0348 74 06       JZ K23A         ; NO, HANDLE NORMALLY
592 034A 20 26 0096 R AND 0KB_FLAG_3,AH ; RESET BIT FOR RIGHT ALT OR CTL
593 034E EB 06       JMP SHORT K23B  ; CONTINUE
594 0350 D2 FC     SAR AH,CL       ; MOVE THE MASK BIT TWO POSITIONS
595 0352 20 26 0018 R AND 0KB_FLAG_1,AH ; RESET BIT FOR LEFT ALT OR CTL
596 0356 BA E0     MOV AH,AL       ; SAVE SCAN CODE
597 0358 A0 0096 R MOV AL,0KB_FLAG_3 ; GET RIGHT ALT & CTRL FLAGS
598 035B D2 E8     SHR AL,CL       ; MOVE TO BITS 1 & 0
599 035D 0A 06 0018 R OR AL,0KB_FLAG_1 ; PUT IN LEFT ALT & CTRL FLAGS
600 0361 D2 E0     SHL AL,CL       ; MOVE BACK TO BITS 3 & 2
601 0363 24 0C     AND AL,ALT_SHIFT+CTL_SHIFT ; FILTER OUT OTHER GARBAGE
602 0365 08 06 0017 R OR 0KB_FLAG,AL  ; PUT RESULT IN THE REAL FLAGS
603 0369 BA C4     MOV AH,AH       ; RECOVER SAVED SCAN CODE
604
605 036B 3C 38     K23D: CMP AL,ALT_KEY+80H ; IS THIS ALTERNATE SHIFT RELEASE
606 036D 75 2A     JNE K26         ; INTERRUPT_RETURN
607
608
609
610 036F A0 0019 R  MOV AH,0ALT_INPUT ; GET THE VALUE INTO BUFFER
611 0372 B4 00     MOV AH,0        ; SCAN CODE OF 0
612 0374 88 26 0019 R MOV 0ALT_INPUT,AH ; ZERO OUT THE FIELD
613 0378 3C 00     CMP AL,0        ; WAS THE INPUT = 0?
614 037A 74 1D     JMC K26         ; INTERRUPT_RETURN
615 037C E9 05FA R  JMP K61        ; IT WASN'T, SO PUT IN BUFFER
616
617 037F             K24:
618 037F 20 26 0018 R AND 0KB_FLAG_1,AH ; BREAK-TOGGLE
619 0383 EB 14     JMP SHORT K26   ; INDICATE NO LONGER DEPRESSED
620
621
622
623 0385             ;----- TEST FOR HOLD STATE
624 0385 3C 80     K25: CMP AL,80H      ; AL, AH = SCAN CODE
625 0387 73 10     JAE K26         ; NO-SHIFT-FOUND
626 0389 F6 06 0018 R TEST 0KB_FLAG_1,HOLD_STATE ; TEST FOR BREAK KEY
627 038E 74 23     JZ K28          ; NOTHING FOR BREAK CHARS FROM HERE ON
628 0390 3C 45     CMP AL,NUM_KEY ; ARE WE IN HOLD STATE
629 0392 74 05     JE K26         ; BRANCH AROUND TEST IF NOT
630 0394 80 26 0018 R F7 AND 0KB_FLAG_1,NOT_HOLD_STATE ; CAN'T END HOLD ON NUM LOCK
631
632 0399             K26:
633 0399 80 26 0096 R FC AND 0KB_FLAG_3,NOT_LC_E0+LC_E1 ; RESET LAST CHAR H.C. FLAG
634
635 039E             K26A:
636 039E FA         CLI             ; INTERRUPT-RETURN
637 039F B0 20     MOV 0E01,AL    ; TURN OFF INTERRUPTS
638 03A1 E6 20     OUT 020H,AL   ; END OF INTERRUPT COMMAND
639
640 03A3             K27:
641 03A3 B0 AE     MOV 0ENA_KBD,AL ; SEND COMMAND TO INTERRUPT CONTROL PORT
642 03A5 E8 0635 R CALL SHIP_IT   ; INTERRUPT-RETURN-NO-E01
643
644 03AB FA         K27A: CLI             ; INSURE KEYBOARD IS ENABLED
645 03AB 07     POP ES        ; EXECUTE ENABLE
646 03AA 1F     POP DS        ; DISABLE INTERRUPTS
647 03AB 5F     POP DI        ; RESTORE REGISTERS
648 03AC 5E     POP SI        ; *
649 03AD 5A     POP DX        ; *
650 03AE 59     POP CX        ; *
651 03AF 5B     POP BX        ; *
652 03B0 58     POP AX        ; *
653 03B1 5D     POP BP        ; *
654 03B2 CF     IRET         ; RETURN, INTERRUPTS BACK ON WITH FLAG CHA
655
656
657 03B3             NGE
658 03B3             ;----- NOT IN HOLD STATE
659 03B5 3C 58     K28: CMP AL,88      ; AL, AH = SCAN CODE (ALL MAKES)
660 03B7 77 E2     JA K26         ; NO-HOLD-STATE
661 03B9 F6 C3 08   TEST BL,ALT_SHIFT ; TEST FOR OUT-OF-RANGE SCAN CODES
662 03BA 74 0C     JZ K28A        ; IGNORE IF OUT-OF-RANGE
663
664 03BC F6 C7 10   TEST BH,KBX    ; ARE WE IN ALTERNATE SHIFT?
665 03BF 74 0A     JZ K29         ; JUMP IF NOT ALTERNATE
666
667 03C1 F6 06 0018 R 04 TEST 0KB_FLAG_1,SYS_SHIFT ; IS THIS THE ENHANCED KEYBOARD?
668 03C6 74 03     JZ K29         ; NO, ALT STATE IS REAL
669 03C8 E9 049C R  K28A: JMP K38        ; YES, IS SYSREQ KEY DOWN?
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674 03CB             ;----- TEST FOR RESET KEY SEQUENCE (CTL ALT DEL)
675 03CB F6 C3 04   K29: TEST BL,CTL_SHIFT ; TEST-RESET
676 03CE 74 31     JZ K31         ; ARE WE IN CONTROL SHIFT ALSO?
677 03D0 3C 53     CMP AL,DEL_KEY ; NO RESET
678 03D2 75 2D     JNE K31        ; SHIFT STATE IS THERE, TEST KEY
679
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681
682 03D4 C7 06 0072 R 1234 ;----- CTL-ALT-DEL HAS BEEN FOUND, DO I/O CLEANUP
683 03DA E9 0000 E  MOV 0RESET_FLAG,1234H ; SET FLAG FOR RESET FUNCTION
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687 03DD
688 03DD 52 4F 50 51 4B
689 03E2 4C 4D 47 48 49
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691 03E7 10 11 12 13 14 15
692 03ED 16 17 18 19 1E 1F
693 03F3 20 21 22 23 24 25
694 03F9 26 2C 2D 2E 2F 30
695 03FF 31 32
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700 0401
701 0403 3C 39
702 0405 B0 20
703 0407 E9 05EE R
704 040A
705 040A 3C 0F
706 040C 75 06
707 040E B8 A500
708 0411 E9 05EE R
709 0414
710 0414 3C 4A
711 0416 74 79
712 0418 3C 4E
713 041A 74 75
714
715
716
717 041C
718 041C BF 03DD R
719 041F B9 000A
720 0422 F2/ AE
721 0424 75 1F
722 0426 F6 C7 02
723 0429 75 6B
724 042B 81 EF 03DE R
725 042F A0 0019 R
726 0432 B4 0A
727 0434 F6 E4
728 0436 03 CT
729 0438 A2 0019 R
730 043B E9 0399 R
731
732
733
734 043E
735 043E C6 06 0019 R 00
736 0443 B9 001A
737 0446 F2/ AE
738 0448 74 42
739
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741
742 044A
743 044A 3C 02
744 044C 72 43
745 044E 3C 0D
746 0450 77 05
747 0452 80 C4 76
748 0455 EB 35
749
750
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752 0457
753 0457 3C 57
754 0459 72 09
755 045B 3C 58
756 045D 77 05
757 045F 80 C4 34
758 0462 EB 28
759
760 0464 F6 C7 02
761 0467 74 18
762 0469 3C 1C
763 046B 75 06
764 046D B8 A600
765 0470 E9 05EE R
766 0473 3C 53
767 0475 74 1F
768 0477 3C 35
769 0479 75 C0
770 047B B8 1000
771 047E E9 05EE R
772
773 0481 3C 3B
774 0483 72 0C
775 0485 3C 44
776
777 0487 77 B2
778 0489 80 C4 2D
779
780 048C B0 00
781 048E E9 05EE R
782
783 0491 B0 F0
784 0493 E9 05EE R
785
786 0496 0A 50
787 0498 8A E0
788 049A EB F0
789
790
791 049C
792
793 049C F6 C3 04
794 049F 75 03
795 04A1 E9 052E R
796
797

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----- TABLES FOR ALT CASE -----

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K30: LABEL BYTE
      DB 82,79,80,81,75
      DB 76,77,71,72,73
      ; 10 NUMBERS ON KEYPAD
----- SUPER-SHIFT-TABLE -----
      DB 16,17,18,19,20,21
      ; A-Z TYPEWRITER CHARS
      DB 22,23,24,25,30,31
      DB 32,33,34,35,36,37
      DB 38,44,45,46,47,48
      DB 49,50
----- IN ALTERNATE SHIFT, RESET NOT FOUND -----
K31:
      CMP AL,57
      JNE K311
      MOV AL,' '
      JMP K57
      ; NO-RESET
      ; TEST FOR SPACE KEY
      ; NOT THERE
      ; SET SPACE CHAR
      ; BUFFER_FILL
K311:
      CMP AL,15
      JNE K312
      MOV AX,0A500h
      JMP K57
      ; TEST FOR TAB KEY
      ; NOT THERE
      ; SET SPECIAL CODE FOR ALT-TAB
      ; BUFFER_FILL
K312:
      CMP AL,74
      JE K37B
      CMP AL,78
      JE K37B
      ; TEST FOR KEYPAD -
      ; GO PROCESS
      ; TEST FOR KEYPAD +
      ; GO PROCESS
----- LOOK FOR KEY PAD ENTRY -----
K32:
      MOV DI,OFFSET K30
      CX,10
      REPNE SCASB
      TEST BH,LC_E0
      JNZ K37C
      SUB DI,OFFSET K30+1
      MOV AL,0
      MOV AH,10
      MUL AH
      ADD AX,DI
      MOV DI,0
      JMP K26
      ; ALT-KEY-PAD
      ; ALT-INPUT-TABLE
      ; LOOK FOR ENTRY USING KEYPAD
      ; LOOK FOR MATCH
      ; NO ALT KEYPAD
      ; IS THIS ONE OF THE NEW KEYS?
      ; YES, JUMP, NOT NUMPAD KEY
      ; DI NOW HAS ENTRY VALUE
      ; GET THE CURRENT BYTE
      ; MULTIPLY BY 10
      ; ADD IN THE LATEST ENTRY
      ; STORE IT AWAY
      ; THROW AWAY THAT KEYSTROKE
K32A:
----- LOOK FOR SUPERSHIFT ENTRY -----
K33:
      MOV DI,0
      REPNE SCASB
      JE K37A
      ; NO-ALT-KEYPAD
      ; ZERO ANY PREVIOUS ENTRY INTO INPUT
      ; DI IS ALREADY POINTING
      ; LOOK FOR MATCH IN ALPHABET
      ; MATCH FOUND, GO FILL THE BUFFER
----- LOOK FOR TOP ROW OF ALTERNATE SHIFT -----
K34:
      CMP AL,2
      JB K37B
      CMP AL,13
      JA K35
      ADD AH,118
      JMP SHORT K37A
      ; ALT-TOP-ROW
      ; KEY WITH '1' ON IT
      ; MUST BE ESCAPE
      ; IS IT IN THE REGION
      ; NO, ALT-SOMETHING ELSE
      ; CONVERT PSEUDO SCAN CODE TO RANGE
      ; GO FILL THE BUFFER
----- TRANSLATE ALTERNATE SHIFT PSEUDO SCAN CODES -----
K35:
      CMP AL,F11_M
      JB K35A
      CMP AL,F12_M
      JA K35A
      ADD AH,52
      JMP SHORT K37A
      ; ALT-FUNCTION
      ; IS IT F11?
      ; NO, BRANCH
      ; IS IT F12?
      ; NO, BRANCH
      ; CONVERT TO PSEUDO SCAN CODE
      ; GO FILL THE BUFFER
K35A:
      TEST BH,LC_E0
      JZ K37
      CMP AL,28
      JNE K35B
      MOV AX,0A600h
      JMP K57
      ; DO WE HAVE ONE OF THE NEW KEYS?
      ; NO, JUMP
      ; TEST FOR KEYPAD ENTER
      ; NOT THERE
      ; SPECIAL CODE
      ; BUFFER_FILL
K35B:
      CMP AL,83
      JE K37C
      CMP AL,53
      JNE K32A
      MOV AX,0A400h
      JMP K57
      ; TEST FOR DELETE KEY
      ; HANDLE WITH OTHER EDIT KEYS
      ; TEST FOR KEYPAD /
      ; NOT THERE, NO OTHER E0 SPECIALS
      ; SPECIAL CODE
      ; BUFFER_FILL
K37:
      CMP AL,59
      JB K37B
      CMP AL,68
      JA K32A
      ADD AH,45
      ; TEST FOR FUNCTION KEYS (F11)
      ; NO FN, HANDLE W/OTHER EXTENDED
      ; IN KEYPAD REGION?
      ; OR NUMLOCK, SCROLLLOCK?
      ; IF SO, IGNORE
      ; CONVERT TO PSEUDO SCAN CODE
K37A:
      MOV AL,0
      JMP K57
      ; ASCII CODE OF ZERO
      ; PUT IT IN THE BUFFER
K37B:
      MOV AL,0F0h
      JMP K57
      ; USE SPECIAL ASCII CODE
      ; PUT IT IN THE BUFFER
K37C:
      MOV AL,80
      MOV AH,AL
      JMP K37A
      ; CONVERT SCAN CODE (EDIT KEYS)
      ; (SCAN CODE NOT IN AH FOR INSERT)
      ; PUT IT IN THE BUFFER
----- NOT IN ALTERNATE SHIFT -----
K38:
      TEST BL,CTL_SHIFT
      JNZ K38A
      JMP K44
      ; NOT-ALT-SHIFT
      ; BL STILL HAS SHIFT FLAGS
      ; ARE WE IN CONTROL SHIFT?
      ; YES, START PROCESSING
      ; NOT-CTL-SHIFT
----- CONTROL SHIFT, TEST SPECIAL CHARACTERS -----

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798
799
800          ;----- TEST FOR BREAK
801 0444 3C 46      K38A: CMP  AL,SCROLL_KEY      ; TEST FOR BREAK
802 04A6 75 23      JNE  K39          ; JUMP, NO-BREAK
803 04A8 F6 C7 10   TEST  BH,KBX      ; IS THIS THE ENHANCED KEYBOARD?
804 04AB 74 05      JZ   K39B         ; NO, BREAK IS VALID
805 04AD F6 C7 02   TEST  BH,LC_E0     ; YES, WAS LAST CODE AN E0?
806 04B0 74 19      JZ   K39          ; NO-BREAK, TEST FOR PAUSE
807
808 04B2 8B 1E 001A R K38B: MOV  BX,#BUFFER HEAD      ; RESET BUFFER TO EMPTY
809 04B6 89 1E 001C R MOV  #BUFFER_TAIL,BX ; BREAK INTERRUPT VECTOR
810 04BA C6 06 0071 R 80 MOV  #BIOS_BREAK,80H ; TURN ON BIOS_BREAK BIT
811
812          ;----- ENABLE KEYBOARD
813
814 04BF B0 AE      MOV  AL,ENA_KBD     ; ENABLE KEYBOARD
815 04C1 E8 0635 R  CALL  SHIP_IT      ; EXECUTE ENABLE
816 04CA CD 1B      INT  19H           ; BREAK INTERRUPT VECTOR
817 04C6 2B C0      SUB  AX,AX         ; PUT OUT DUMMY CHARACTER
818 04C8 E9 05EE R  JMP  K57          ; BUFFER_FILL
819
820          ;----- TEST FOR PAUSE
821
822 04CB          K39:          ; NO-BREAK
823 04CB F6 C7 10   TEST  BH,KBX      ; IS THIS THE ENHANCED KEYBOARD?
824 04CE 75 2A      JNZ  K41          ; YES, THEN THIS CAN'T BE PAUSE
825 04D0 3C 45      CMP  AL,NUM_KEY   ; LOOK FOR PAUSE KEY
826 04D2 75 26      JNE  K41          ; NO-PAUSE
827 04D4 80 0E 001B R 80 K39P: OR   #KB_FLAG_1,HOLD_STATE ; TURN ON THE HOLD FLAG
828
829          ;----- ENABLE KEYBOARD
830
831 04D9 B0 AE      MOV  AL,ENA_KBD     ; ENABLE KEYBOARD
832 04DB E8 0635 R  CALL  SHIP_IT      ; EXECUTE ENABLE
833 04DE B0 20      MOV  AL,E01       ; END OF INTERRUPT TO CONTROL PORT
834 04E0 E6 20      OUT  020H,AL      ; ALLOW FURTHER KEYSTROKE INTS
835
836          ;----- DURING PAUSE INTERVAL, TURN CRT BACK ON
837
838 04E2 80 3E 0049 R 07 CMP  #CRT_MODE,7   ; IS THIS BLACK AND WHITE CARD
839 04E7 74 07      JE   K40          ; YES, NOTHING TO DO
840 04E9 BA 03D8     MOV  DX,03D8H     ; PORT FOR COLOR CARD
841 04EC A0 0665 R  MOV  AL,#CRT_MODE_SET ; GET THE VALUE OF THE CURRENT MODE
842 04EF EE         OUT  DX,AL        ; SET THE CRT MODE, SO THAT CRT IS ON
843 04F0          K40:          ; PAUSE-LOOP
844 04F0 F6 06 001B R 80 TEST  #KB_FLAG_1,HOLD_STATE ; LOOP UNTIL FLAG TURNED OFF
845 04F5 75 F9      JNZ  K40          ; INTERRUPT_RETURN_NO_E01
846 04F7 E9 03A3 R  JMP  K27
847
848          ;----- TEST SPECIAL CASE KEY 55
849
850 04FA          K41:          ; NO-PAUSE
851 04FA 3C 37      CMP  AL,55        ; TEST FOR */PRTSC KEY
852 04FC 75 10      JNE  K42          ; NOT-KEY-55
853 04FE F6 C7 10   TEST  BH,KBX      ; IS THIS THE ENHANCED KEYBOARD?
854 0501 74 05      JZ   K41A         ; NO, CTL-PRTS IS VALID
855 0503 F6 C7 02   TEST  BH,LC_E0     ; YES, WAS LAST CODE AN E0?
856 0506 74 20      JZ   K42B         ; NO, TRANSLATE TO A FUNCTION
857 0508 B8 7200   MOV  AX,114*256   ; START/STOP PRINTING SWITCH
858 050B E9 05EE R  JMP  K57          ; BUFFER_FILL
859
860          ;----- SET UP TO TRANSLATE CONTROL SHIFT
861
862 050E          K42:          ; NOT-KEY-55
863 050E 3C 0F      CMP  AL,15        ; IS IT THE TAB KEY?
864 0510 74 16      JE   K42B         ; YES, XLATE TO FUNCTION CODE
865 0512 3C 35      CMP  AL,53        ; IS IT THE / KEY?
866 0514 75 0B      JNE  K42A         ; NO, NO MORE SPECIAL CASES
867 0516 F6 C7 02   TEST  BH,LC_E0     ; YES, IS IT FROM THE KEYPAD?
868 0519 74 06      JZ   K42A         ; NO, JUST TRANSLATE
869 051B B8 9500   MOV  AX,9500h     ; YES, SPECIAL CODE FOR THIS ONE
870 051E E9 05EE R  JMP  K57          ; BUFFER_FILL
871
872 0521 BB 0000 E  K42A: MOV  BX,OFFSET K8 ; SET UP TO TRANSLATE CTL
873 0524 3C 3B      CMP  AL,59        ; IS IT IN CHARACTER TABLE?
874 0526 72 5E      JB   K45F         ; YES, GO TRANSLATE CHAR
875 0528 BB 0000 E  K42B: MOV  BX,OFFSET K8 ; SET UP TO TRANSLATE CTL
876 052B E9 05DD R  JMP  K64          ; NO, GO TRANSLATE_SCAN
877
878          ;----- NOT IN CONTROL SHIFT
879
880 052E 3C 37      CMP  AL,55        ; PRINT SCREEN KEY?
881 0530 75 26      JNE  K45          ; NOT-PRINT-SCREEN
882 0532 F6 C7 10   TEST  BH,KBX      ; IS THIS ENHANCED KEYBOARD?
883 0535 74 07      JZ   K44A         ; NO, TEST FOR SHIFT STATE
884 0537 F6 C7 02   TEST  BH,LC_E0     ; YES, LAST CODE A MARKER?
885 053A 75 07      JNZ  K44B         ; YES, IS PRINT SCREEN
886 053C EB 3B      JMP  SHORT K45C    ; NO, XLATE TO *** CHARACTER
887 053E F6 C3 03   TEST  BL,LEFT_SHIFT+RIGHT_SHIFT ; NOT 101 KBD, SHIFT KEY DOWN?
888 0541 74 36      JZ   K45C         ; NO, XLATE TO *** CHARACTER
889
890          ;----- ISSUE INTERRUPT TO PERFORM PRINT SCREEN FUNCTION
891 0543 B0 AE      MOV  AL,ENA_KBD     ; INSURE KEYBOARD IS ENABLED
892 0545 E8 0635 R  CALL  SHIP_IT      ; EXECUTE ENABLE
893 0548 B0 20      MOV  AL,E01       ; END OF CURRENT INTERRUPT
894 054A E6 20      OUT  020H,AL      ; SO FURTHER THINGS CAN HAPPEN
895 054C 55        PUSH  BP           ; SAVE POINTER
896 054F 5D        INT  5H           ; ISSUE PRINT SCREEN INTERRUPT
897 0550 80 26 0096 R FC POP  BP           ; RESTORE POINTER
898 0555 E9 03A3 R  AND  #KB_FLAG_3,NOT LC_E0+LC_E1 ; ZERO OUT THESE FLAGS
899 0558 JMP  K27          ; GO BACK WITHOUT E01 OCCURRING
900
901          ;----- HANDLE THE IN-CORE KEYS
902
903 0558 3C 3A      CMP  AL,58        ; NOT-PRINT-SCREEN
904 055A 77 2C      JA   K46          ; TEST FOR IN-CORE AREA
905 055C          ; JUMP IF NOT
906 055C 3C 35      CMP  AL,53        ; IS THIS THE '/' KEY?
907 055E 75 05      JNE  K45A         ; NO, JUMP
908 0560 F6 C7 02   TEST  BH,LC_E0     ; WAS LAST CODE THE MARKER?
909 0563 75 14      JNZ  K45C         ; YES, TRANSLATE TO CHARACTER
910
911 0565 B9 001A   K45A: MOV  CX,26        ; LENGTH OF SEARCH

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912 0568 BF 03E7 R      MOV    D1,OFFSET K30+10      ; POINT TO TABLE OF A-Z CHARS
913 0568 F2/ AE        REPNE  SCASB                 ; IS THIS A LETTER KEY?
914 056D 75 05          JNE    K45B                  ; NO, SYMBOL KEY
915
916 056F F6 C3 40      TEST   BL,CAPS_STATE         ; ARE WE IN CAPS_LOCK?
917 0572 75 0A          JNZ    K45D                  ; TEST FOR SURE
918 0574 F6 C3 03      K45B: TEST   BL,LEFT_SHIFT+RIGHT_SHIFT ; ARE WE IN SHIFT STATE?
919 0577 75 0A          JNZ    K45E                  ; YES, UPPERCASE
920                                ; NO, LOWERCASE
921 0579 BB 0000 E      K45C: MOV    BX,OFFSET K10    ; TRANSLATE TO LOWERCASE LETTERS
922 057C EB 50          JMP    SHORT K56             ;
923 057E                K45D:                ; ALMOST-CAPS-STATE
924 057E F6 C3 03      TEST   BL,LEFT_SHIFT+RIGHT_SHIFT ; CL ON. IS SHIFT ON, TOO?
925 0581 75 F6          JNZ    K45C                  ; SHIFTED TEMP OUT OF CAPS STATE
926 0583 BB 0000 E      K45E: MOV    BX,OFFSET K11    ; TRANSLATE TO UPPERCASE LETTERS
927 0586 EB 46          JMP    SHORT K56             ;
928
929
930                                ;----- TEST FOR KEYS F1 - F10
931 0588                K46:                                ; NOT IN-CORE AREA
932 0588 3C 44          CMP    AL,68                 ; TEST FOR F1 - F10
933 058A 77 02          JA     K47                    ; JUMP IF NOT
934 058C EB 36          JMP    SHORT K53             ; YES, GO DO FN KEY PROCESS
935
936                                ;----- HANDLE THE NUMERIC PAD KEYS
937
938                                ;-----
939 058E                K47:                                ; NOT F1 - F10
940 058E 3C 53          CMP    AL,83                 ; TEST FOR NUMPAD KEYS
941 0590 77 2C          JA     K52                    ; JUMP IF NOT
942
943                                ;----- KEYPAD KEYS, MUST TEST NUM LOCK FOR DETERMINATION
944 0592 3C 4A          K48: CMP    AL,74             ; SPECIAL CASE FOR MINUS
945 0594 74 ED          JE     K48E                  ; GO TRANSLATE
946 0596 3C 4E          CMP    AL,78                 ; SPECIAL CASE FOR PLUS
947 0598 74 E9          JE     K45E                  ; GO TRANSLATE
948 059A F6 C7 02      TEST   BH,LC_E0              ; IS THIS ONE OF THE NEW KEYS?
949 059D 75 0A          JNZ    K49                    ; YES, TRANSLATE TO BASE STATE
950
951 059F F6 C3 20      TEST   BL,NUM_STATE          ; ARE WE IN NUM_LOCK?
952 05A2 75 13          JNZ    K50                    ; TEST FOR SURE
953 05A4 F6 C3 03      TEST   BL,LEFT_SHIFT+RIGHT_SHIFT ; ARE WE IN SHIFT STATE?
954 05A7 75 13          JNZ    K51                    ; IF SHIFTED, REALLY NUM STATE
955
956                                ;----- BASE CASE FOR KEYPAD
957 05A9 3C 4C          K49: CMP    AL,76             ; SPECIAL CASE FOR BASE STATE 5
958 05AB 75 05          JNE    K49A                  ; CONTINUE IF NOT KEYPAD 5
959 05AD 30 F0          MOV    AL,0F0h              ; SPECIAL ASCII CODE
960 05AF EB 3D 90      JMP    K57                    ; BUFFER FILL
961 05B2 BB 0000 E      K49A: MOV    BX,OFFSET K10    ; BASE CASE TABLE
962 05B5 EB 26          JMP    SHORT K64             ; CONVERT TO PSEUDO SCAN
963
964                                ;----- MIGHT BE NUM LOCK, TEST SHIFT STATUS
965 05B7 F6 C3 03      K50: TEST   BL,LEFT_SHIFT+RIGHT_SHIFT ;ALMOST-NUM-STATE
966 05BA 75 ED          JNZ    K49                    ; SHIFTED TEMP OUT OF NUM STATE
967 05BC EB C5          JMP    SHORT K45E            ; REALLY NUM_STATE
968
969                                ;----- TEST FOR THE NEW KEY ON WT KEYBOARDS
970
971                                ;-----
972 05BE                K52:                                ; NOT A NUMPAD KEY
973 05BE 3C 56          CMP    AL,86                 ; IS IT THE NEW WT KEY?
974 05C0 75 02          JNE    K53                    ; JUMP IF NOT
975 05C2 EB B0          JMP    SHORT K45B            ; HANDLE WITH REST OF LETTER KEYS
976
977                                ;----- MUST BE F11 OR F12
978
979                                ;-----
980 05C4 F6 C3 03      K53: TEST   BL,LEFT_SHIFT+RIGHT_SHIFT ; F1 - F10 COME HERE, TOO
981 05C7 74 E0          JZ     K49                    ; TEST SHIFT STATE
982                                ; JUMP, LOWERCASE PSEUDO SC'S
983 05C9 BB 0000 E      MOV    BX,OFFSET K11        ; UPPERCASE PSEUDO SCAN CODES
984 05CC EB 0F          JMP    SHORT K64             ; TRANSLATE_SCAN
985
986                                ;----- TRANSLATE THE CHARACTER
987 05CE                K56:                                ; TRANSLATE-CHAR
988 05CE FE C8          DEC    AL                     ; CONVERT ORIGIN
989 05D0 2E1: D7        XLAT  CS:K11                 ; CONVERT THE SCAN CODE TO ASCII
990 05D2 F6 06 0096 R 02 TEST   #KB_FLAG_3,LC_E0     ; IS THIS A NEW KEY?
991 05D7 74 15          JZ     K57                    ; NO, GO FILL BUFFER
992 05D9 B4 E0          MOV    AH,MC_E0              ; YES, PUT SPECIAL MARKER IN AH
993 05DB EB 11          JMP    SHORT K57             ; PUT IT INTO THE BUFFER
994
995                                ;----- TRANSLATE SCAN FOR PSEUDO SCAN CODES
996
997                                ;-----
998 05DD                K64:                                ; TRANSLATE-SCAN-ORGD
999 05DD FE C8          DEC    AL                     ; CONVERT ORIGIN
1000 05DF 2E1: D7        XLAT  CS:K8                  ; CTL TABLE SCAN
1001 05E1 8A E0          MOV    AH,AL                 ; PUT VALUE INTO AH
1002 05E3 B0 00          MOV    AL,0                   ; ZERO ASCII CODE
1003 05E5 F6 06 0096 R 02 TEST   #KB_FLAG_3,LC_E0     ; IS THIS A NEW KEY?
1004 05EA 74 02          JZ     K57                    ; NO, GO FILL BUFFER
1005 05EC B0 E0          MOV    AL,MC_E0              ; YES, PUT SPECIAL MARKER IN AL
1006
1007                                ;----- PUT CHARACTER INTO BUFFER
1008
1009                                ;-----
1010 05EE                K57:                                ; BUFFER-FILL
1011 05EE 3C FF          CMP    AL,-1                 ; IS THIS AN IGNORE CHAR
1012 05F0 74 05          JE     K59                    ; YES, DO NOTHING WITH IT
1013 05F2 90 FC FF      CMP    AH,-1                 ; LOOK FOR -1 PSEUDO SCAN
1014 05F5 75 03          JNE    K61                    ; NEAR_INTERRUPT_RETURN
1015
1016                                ;-----
1017 05F7                K59:                                ; NEAR-INTERRUPT-RETURN
1018 05F7 E9 0399 R      JMP    K26                    ; INTERRUPT_RETURN
1019
1020                                ;-----
1021 05FA                K61:                                ; GET THE END POINTER TO THE BUFFER
1022 05FA 8B 1E 001C R  MOV    BX,0BUFFER_TAIL      ;
1023 05FE 8B 51          MOV    SI,BX                  ;
1024 0600 0168 R      CALL  K4                      ; ADVANCE THE TAIL
1025 0603 3B 1E 001A R  CMP    BX,0BUFFER_HEAD     ; HAS THE BUFFER WRAPPED AROUND
1026 0607 74 1D          JE     K62                    ; BUFFER_FULL_BEEP
1027 0609 89 04          MOV    [SI],AX               ; STORE THE VALUE
1028 060B 89 1E 001C R  MOV    0BUFFER_TAIL,BX     ; MOVE THE POINTER UP
1029 060F FA          CLI                          ; TURN OFF INTERRUPTS

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SECTION 5



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1026 0610 B0 20      MOV     AL,E01          ; END OF INTERRUPT COMMAND
1027 0612 E6 20      OUT     INTA00,AL      ; SEND COMMAND TO INTERRUPT CONTROL PORT
1028 0614 B0 AE       MOV     AL,CNA_KBD     ; INSURE KEYBOARD IS ENABLED
1029 0616 E8 0635 R  CALL    SHIP_IT        ; EXECUTE ENABLE
1030 0619 B8 9102     MOV     AX,09102H     ; MOVE IN POST CODE & TYPE
1031 061C CD 15       INT     15H           ; PERFORM OTHER FUNCTION
1032 061E 80 26 0096 R FC AND     *KB_FLAG_3,NOT LC_E0+LC_E1 ; RESET LAST CHAR H.C. FLAG
1033 0623 E9 03A8 R  JMP     K27A          ; INTERRUPT_RETURN
1034
1035                ;----- BUFFER IS FULL SOUND THE BEEPER
1036
1037 0626                K62:
1038 0626 B0 20      MOV     AL,E01          ; ENABLE INTERRUPT CONTROLLER CHIP
1039 0628 E6 20      OUT     INTA00,AL      ;
1040 062A B9 02A6     MOV     CX,678         ; DIVISOR FOR 1760 HZ
1041 062D B3 04       MOV     BL,4           ; SHORT BEEP COUNT (1/16 + 1/64 DELAY)
1042 062F E8 0000 E  CALL    BEEP          ; GO TO COMMON BEEP HANDLER
1043 0632 E9 03A3 R  JMP     K21            ; EXIT
1044
1045 0635                KB_INT_1      ENDP
1046
1047                ;-----
1048                ; SHIP_IT
1049                ;
1050                ; THIS ROUTINE HANDLES TRANSMISSION OF COMMAND AND DATA BYTES
1051                ; TO THE KEYBOARD CONTROLLER.
1052                ;-----
1053
1054 0635                SHIP_IT PROC      NEAR
1055 0635 50          PUSH    AX              ; SAVE DATA TO SEND
1056
1057                ;----- WAIT FOR COMMAND TO BE ACCEPTED
1058 0636 FA          CLD
1059 0637 2B C9       SUB     CX,CX          ; CLEAR TIMEOUT COUNTER
1060 0639                S10:
1061 0639 E4 64       IN     AL,STATUS_PORT ; READ KEYBOARD CONTROLLER STATUS
1062 063B A8 02       TEST   AL,INPT_BUF_FULL ; CHECK FOR ITS INPUT BUFFER BUSY
1063 063D 0A FA     LOOPNZ S10            ; WAIT FOR COMMAND TO BE ACCEPTED
1064
1065 063F 58          POP     AX              ; GET DATA TO SEND
1066 0640 E6 64       OUT     STATUS_PORT,AL ; SEND TO KEYBOARD CONTROLLER
1067 0642 FB       STI
1068 0643 C3       RET
1069 0644                SHIP_IT ENDP
1070
1071                ;-----
1072                ; SND_DATA
1073                ;
1074                ; THIS ROUTINE HANDLES TRANSMISSION OF COMMAND AND DATA BYTES
1075                ; TO THE KEYBOARD AND RECEIPT OF ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS. IT ALSO
1076                ; HANDLES ANY RETRIES IF REQUIRED.
1077                ;-----
1078
1079                SND_DATA PROC      NEAR
1080 0644 50          PUSH    AX              ; SAVE REGISTERS
1081 0645 53          PUSH    BX              ; *
1082 0646 51          PUSH    CX              ;
1083 0647 8A F8       MOV     BH,AL          ; SAVE TRANSMITTED BYTE FOR RETRIES
1084 0649 B3 03       MOV     BL,3           ; LOAD RETRY COUNT
1085 064B FA          SD0:  CLD                ; DISABLE INTERRUPTS
1086 064C 80 26 0097 R CF AND     *KB_FLAG_2,NOT (KB_FE+KB_FA) ; CLEAR ACK AND RESEND FLAGS
1087
1088                ;----- WAIT FOR COMMAND TO BE ACCEPTED
1089
1090                SD5:  SUB     CX,CX          ; REESTABLISH BYTE TO TRANSMIT
1091 0651 2B C9       SUB     CX,CX          ; SEND BYTE
1092 0653 E4 64       IN     AL,STATUS_PORT ; ENABLE INTERRUPTS
1093 0655 A8 02       TEST   AL,INPT_BUF_FULL ; LOAD COUNT FOR 10ms+
1094 0657 E0 FA     LOOPNZ SD5            ; WAIT FOR COMMAND TO BE ACCEPTED
1095
1096 0659 8A C7       MOV     AL,BH          ; REESTABLISH BYTE TO TRANSMIT
1097 065B E6 60       OUT     PORT_A,AL     ; SEND BYTE
1098 065D FB       STI
1099 065E B9 1A00     MOV     CX,01A00H     ; LOAD COUNT FOR 10ms+
1100 0661 F6 06 0097 R 30 SD1:  TEST   *KB_FLAG_2,KB_FE+KB_FA ; SEE IF EITHER BIT SET
1101 0666 75 0D       JNZ    SD3             ; IF SET, SOMETHING RECEIVED GO PROCESS
1102 0668 E2 F7       LOOP   SD1            ; OTHERWISE WAIT
1103
1104 066A FE CB       SD2:  DEC     BL            ; DECREMENT RETRY COUNT
1105 066C 75 0D       JNZ    SD0            ; RETRY TRANSMISSION
1106 066E 80 0E 0097 R 80 OR     *KB_FLAG_2,KB_ERR ; TURN ON TRANSMIT ERROR FLAG
1107 0673 EB 01       JMP     SHORT SD4      ; RETRIES EXHAUSTED FORGET TRANSMISSION
1108
1109 0675 F6 06 0097 R 10 SD3:  TEST   *KB_FLAG_2,KB_FA ; SEE IF THIS IS AN ACKNOWLEDGE
1110 067A 74 EE       JZ     SD2            ; IF NOT, GO RESEND
1111
1112 067C 59          SD4:  POP     CX            ; RESTORE REGISTERS
1113 067D 5B          POP     BX              ; *
1114 067E 58          POP     AX              ; *
1115 067F C3       RET
1116 0680                ; RETURN, GOOD TRANSMISSION
1117
1118                SND_DATA ENDP
1119                ;-----
1120                ; SND_LED
1121                ;
1122                ; THIS ROUTINE TURNS ON THE MODE INDICATORS.
1123                ;-----
1124 0680                SND_LED PROC      NEAR
1125 0680 FA          CLD
1126 0681 F6 06 0097 R 40 TEST   *KB_FLAG_2,KB_PR_LED ; TURN OFF INTERRUPTS
1127 0686 75 47       JNZ    SL1            ; CHECK FOR MODE INDICATOR UPDATE
1128                ; DONT UPDATE AGAIN IF UPDATE UNDERWAY
1129
1130 0688 80 0E 0097 R 40 ;
1131 068D E6 20      MOV     AL,E01          ; TURN ON UPDATE IN PROCESS
1132 0691 EB 0D       OUT     020H,AL        ; END OF INTERRUPT COMMAND
1133                ; SEND COMMAND TO INTERRUPT CONTROL PORT
1134                ; GO SEND MODE INDICATOR COMMAND
1135
1136 0693                SND_LED1:
1137 0693 FA          CLD
1138 0694 F6 06 0097 R 40 TEST   *KB_FLAG_2,KB_PR_LED ; TURN OFF INTERRUPTS
1139 0699 75 34       JNZ    SL1            ; CHECK FOR MODE INDICATOR UPDATE
1140                ; DONT UPDATE AGAIN IF UPDATE UNDERWAY
1141
1142 069B 80 0E 0097 R 40 ;
1143                ; OR
1144                ; *KB_FLAG_2,KB_PR_LED ; TURN ON UPDATE IN PROCESS

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1140 06A0 B0 ED          SL0:  MOV  AL,_LED_CMD          ; LED CMD BYTE
1141 06A2 E8 0644 R      CALL  SND_DATA          ; SEND DATA TO KEYBOARD
1142 06A5 FA             CLI                     ;
1143 06A6 E8 06D1 R      CALL  MAKE_LED         ; GO FORM INDICATOR DATA BYTE
1144 06A9 80 26 0097 R F8 AND    0KB_FLAG_2,0F8H ; CLEAR MODE INDICATOR BITS
1145 06AE 08 06 0097 R  OR     0KB_FLAG_2,AL   ; SAVE PRESENT INDICATORS FOR NEXT TIME
1146 06B2 F6 06 0097 R 80 TEST  0KB_FLAG_2,KB_ERR ; TRANSMIT ERROR DETECTED
1147 06B7 75 0B             JNZ   SL2              ; YES, BYPASS SECOND BYTE TRANSMISSION
1148                      ;
1149 06B9 E8 0644 R      CALL  SND_DATA          ; SEND DATA TO KEYBOARD
1150 06BC FA             CLI                     ; TURN OFF INTERRUPTS
1151 06BD F6 06 0097 R 80 TEST  0KB_FLAG_2,KB_ERR ; TRANSMIT ERROR DETECTED
1152 06C2 74 06             JZ    SL3              ; IF NOT, DONT SEND AN ENABLE COMMAND
1153                      ;
1154 06C4 B0 F4           SL2:  MOV  AL,_KB_ENABLE   ; GET KEYBOARD CSA ENABLE COMMAND
1155 06C6 E8 0644 R      CALL  SND_DATA          ; SEND DATA TO KEYBOARD
1156 06C9 FA             CLI                     ; TURN OFF INTERRUPTS
1157 06CA 80 26 0097 R 3F AND    0KB_FLAG_2,NOT(KB_PR_LED+KB_ERR) ; TURN OFF MODE INDICATOR
1158                      ;
1159 06CF FB             SL1:  STI                     ; ENABLE INTERRUPTS
1160 06D0 C3             RET                      ; RETURN TO CALLER
1161 06D1             SND_LED ENDP
1162                      ;
1163                      ;-----
1164                      ;
1165                      ;          MAKE_LED
1166                      ;
1167                      ;          THIS ROUTINE FORMS THE DATA BYTE NECESSARY TO TURN ON/OFF
1168                      ;          THE MODE INDICATORS
1169                      ;-----
1170 06D1             MAKE_LED PROC NEAR
1171 06D1 51             PUSH  CX                ; SAVE CX
1172 06D2 A0 0017 R      MOV   AL,0KB_FLAG      ; GET CAPS & NUM LOCK INDICATORS
1173 06D5 24 70         AND   AL,CAPS_STATE+NUM_STATE+SCROLL_STATE ; ISOLATE INDICATORS
1174 06D7 B1 04         MOV   CL,4              ; SHIFT COUNT
1175 06D9 D2 C0         ROL   AL,CL            ; SHIFT BITS OVER TO TURN ON INDICATORS
1176 06DB 24 07         AND   AL,07H          ; MAKE SURE ONLY MODE BITS ON
1177 06DD 59             POP   CX
1178 06DE C3             RET                      ; RETURN TO CALLER
1179 06DF             MAKE_LED ENDP
1180                      ;
1181 06DF             CODE      ENDS
1182                      ;

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1 PAGE 118,123
2 TITLE PRT ----- 11/15/85 PRINTER ADAPTER BIOS
3 .286C
4 .LIST
5 0000 CODE SEGMENT BYTE PUBLIC
6
7 PUBLIC PRINTER_IO_1
8 EXTRN DDS:NEAR
9
10 ;--- INT 17 H -----
11 ; PRINTER IO
12 ; THIS ROUTINE PROVIDES COMMUNICATION WITH THE PRINTER
13 ; INPUT
14 ; (AH) = 00H PRINT THE CHARACTER IN (AL)
15 ; ON RETURN, (AH) = 1 IF CHARACTER NOT BE PRINTED (TIME OUT)
16 ; OTHER BITS SET AS ON NORMAL STATUS CALL
17 ; (AH) = 01H INITIALIZE THE PRINTER PORT
18 ; RETURNS WITH (AH) SET WITH PRINTER STATUS
19 ; (AH) = 02H READ THE PRINTER STATUS INTO (AH)
20 ;
21 ;
22 ;
23 ;
24 ;
25 ;
26 ;
27 ;
28 ;
29 ;
30 ;
31 ;
32 ;
33 ;
34 ;
35 ;
36 ; (DX) = PRINTER TO BE USED (0,1,2) CORRESPONDING TO ACTUAL VALUES
37 ;
38 ; DATA AREA #PRINTER BASE CONTAINS THE BASE ADDRESS OF THE PRINTER CARD(S)
39 ; AVAILABLE (LOCATED AT BEGINNING OF DATA SEGMENT, 408H ABSOLUTE, 3 WORDS)
40 ;
41 ; DATA AREA #PRINT_TIM_OUT (BYTE) MAY BE CHANGE TO CAUSE DIFFERENT
42 ; TIME OUT WAITS. DEFAULT=20 * 4
43 ;
44 ; REGISTERS (AH) IS MODIFIED WITH STATUS INFORMATION
45 ; ALL OTHERS UNCHANGED
46 ;-----
47 ASSUME CS:CODE,DS:DATA
48 0000 PRINTER_IO_1 PROC FAR ; ENTRY POINT FOR ORG 0EFD2H
49 0000 FB STI ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON
50 0001 IE PUSH DS ; SAVE SEGMENT
51 0002 B6 PUSH SI
52 0003 52 PUSH DX
53 0004 51 PUSH CX
54 0005 53 PUSH BX
55 0006 EB 0000 E CALL DDS ; ADDRESS DATA SEGMENT
56 0009 BB F2 MOV SI,DX ; GET PRINTER PARAMETER
57 000B C1 EA 02 SHR DX,2 ; LEFT PARAMETER
58 000E 75 1A JNZ B10 ; RETURN IF NOT IN RANGE
59 0010 BA 9C 0078 R MOV BL,#PRINT_TIM_OUT[SI] ; LOAD TIMEOUT VALUE
60 0014 D1 E6 SHL SI,1 ; WORD OFFSET INTO TABLE INTO (SI)
61 0016 BB 94 0008 R MOV DX,#PRINTER_BASE[SI] ; GET BASE ADDRESS FOR PRINTER CARD
62 001A 0B D2 OR DX,DX ; TEST DX = ZERO, INDICATING NO PRINTER
63 001C 74 0C JZ B10 ; EXIT - NO PRINTER ADAPTER AT OFFSET
64 001E 0A E4 OR AH,AH ; TEST FOR (AH) = 00H
65 0020 74 0E JNZ B20 ; PRINT CHARACTER IN (AL)
66 0022 FE CC DEC AH ; TEST FOR (AH) = 01H
67 0024 74 58 DEC B80 ; INITIALIZE PRINTER
68 0026 FE CC DEC AH ; TEST FOR (AH) = 02H
69 0028 74 3F JZ B10 ; GET PRINTER STATUS
70 002A B10:
71 002A 5B POP BX ; RETURN
72 002B 59 POP CX
73 002C 5A POP DX
74 002D 5E POP SI ; RECOVER REGISTERS
75 002E 1F POP DS
76 002F CF IRET ; RETURN TO CALLING PROGRAM
77
78 ;----- PRINT THE CHARACTER IN (AL)
79
80 0030 B20:
81 0030 5E PUSH AX ; SAVE VALUE TO PRINT
82 0031 EE OUT DX,AL ; OUTPUT CHARACTER TO DATA PORT
83 0032 42 INC DX ; POINT TO STATUS PORT
84
85 ;----- CHECK FOR PRINTER BUSY
86
87 0033 53 PUSH BX ; SAVE TIMEOUT BASE COUNT
88 0034 EC IN AL,DX ; GET STATUS PORT VALUE
89 0035 A8 80 TEST AL,B0H ; IS THE PRINTER CURRENTLY BUSY
90 0037 75 05 JNZ B25 ; SKIP SYSTEM DEVICE BUSY CALL IF NOT
91
92 ;----- INT 15 H -- DEVICE BUSY
93
94 0039 BB 90FE MOV AX,90FEH ; FUNCTION 90 PRINTER ID
95 003C CD 15 INT 15H ; SYSTEM CALL
96
97 ;----- WAIT BUSY
98
99 003E B25:
100 003E 2A FF SUB BH,BH ; ADJUST OUTER LOOP COUNT
101 0040 C1 D3 02 RCL BX,2 ; CLEAR (BH)
102 0043 ; MULTIPLY BY 4
103 0043 B30: SUB CX,CX ; INNER LOOP (64K)
104 0045 B35:
105 0045 EC IN AL,DX ; GET STATUS
106 0046 8A E0 MOV AH,AL ; STATUS TO (AH) ALSO
107 0048 AB 80 TEST AL,B0H ; IS THE PRINTER CURRENTLY BUSY
108 004A 75 0E JNZ B40 ; GO TO OUTPUT STROBE
109 004C E2 F7 LOOP B35 ; LOOP IF NOT
110 004E 4B DEC BX ; DECREMENT OUTER LOOP COUNT
111 004F 75 F2 JNZ B30 ; MAKE ANOTHER PASS IF NOT ZERO
112
113 0051 5B POP BX ; CLEAR (BX) FROM STACK
114 0052 80 CC 01 OR AH,1 ; SET ERROR FLAG

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115 0055 80 E4 F9          AND    AH,0F9H          ; TURN OFF THE UNUSED BITS
116 0058 EB 1C          JMP     SHORT B70      ; RETURN WITH ERROR FLAG SET
117 005A                    B40:   SEND STROBE PULSE
118 005A 5B            POP     BX              ; RESTORE (BX) WITH TIMEOUT COUNT
119 005B 80 OD          MOV     AL,0DH         ; SET THE STROBE LOW (BIT ON)
120 005D 42            INC     DX              ; OUTPUT STROBE TO CONTROL PORT
121 005E FA            CLI     DX,AL          ; PREVENT INTERRUPT PULSE STRETCHING
122 005F EE            OUT     DX,AL          ; OUTPUT STROBE BIT > 1us < 5us
123 0060 EB 00          JMP     $+2            ; I/O DELAY TO ALLOW FOR LINE LOADING
124 0062 EB 00          JMP     $+2            ; AND FOR CORRECT PULSE WIDTH
125 0064 80 0C          MOV     AL,0CH         ; SET THE -STROBE HIGH
126 0066 EE            OUT     DX,AL
127 0067 FB            STI     AX              ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON
128 0068 5B            POP     AX              ; RECOVER THE OUTPUT CHAR
129
130
131                    ;----- PRINTER STATUS
132 0069                    B50:
133 0069 50            PUSH    AX              ; SAVE (AL) REGISTER
134 006A                    B60:
135 006A 8B 94 0008 R    MOV     DX,0PRINTER_BASE[SI] ; GET PRINTER ATTACHMENT BASE ADDRESS
136 006E 42            INC     DX              ; POINT TO CONTROL PORT
137 006F EC            IN      AL,DX          ; PRE-CHARGE +BUSY LINE IF FLOATING
138 0070 EC            IN      AL,DX          ; GET PRINTER STATUS HARDWARE BITS
139 0071 8A E0          MOV     AH,AL          ; SAVE
140 0073 80 E4 F8          AND     AH,0FBH        ; TURN OFF UNUSED BITS
141 0076                    B70:
142 0076 5A            POP     DX              ; RECOVER (AL) REGISTER
143 0077 8A C2          MOV     AL,DL          ; MOVE CHARACTER INTO (AL)
144 0079 80 F4 48          XOR     AH,48H         ; FLIP A COUPLE OF BITS
145 007C EB AC          JMP     B10            ; RETURN FROM ROUTINE WITH STATUS IN AH
146
147                    ;----- INITIALIZE THE PRINTER PORT
148
149 007E                    B80:
150 007E 50            PUSH    AX              ; SAVE (AL)
151 007F 42            INC     DX              ; POINT TO OUTPUT PORT
152 0080 42            INC     DX              ; SET INIT LINE LOW
153 0081 80 08          MOV     AL,8           ;
154 0083 EE            OUT     DX,AL          ;
155 0084 8B 0FA0        MOV     AX,1000*4      ; ADJUST FOR INITIALIZATION DELAY LOOP
156 0087                    B90:
157 0087 48            DEC     AX              ; INIT_LOOP
158 0088 75 FD          JNZ    B90            ; LOOP FOR RESET TO TAKE
159 008A 80 0C          MOV     AL,0CH         ; NO INTERRUPTS, NON AUTO LF, INIT HIGH
160 008C EE            OUT     DX,AL          ;
161 008D EB DB          JMP     B60            ; EXIT THROUGH STATUS ROUTINE
162
163 008F                    PRINTER_IO_1  ENDP
164
165 008F                    CODE  ENDS
166
166                    END

```

```

1 PAGE 118,123
2 TITLE RS232 ---- 11/15/85 COMMUNICATIONS BIOS (RS232)
3 .286C
4 .LIST
5 0000 CODE SEGMENT BYTE PUBLIC
6
7 PUBLIC RS232_IO_1
8 EXTRN A1:NEAR
9 EXTRN DDS:NEAR
10
11 ;--- INT 14 H -----
12 ;RS232_IO_1
13 ; THIS ROUTINE PROVIDES BYTE STREAM I/O TO THE COMMUNICATIONS
14 ; PORT ACCORDING TO THE PARAMETERS:
15 ;
16 ; (AH)= 00H INITIALIZE THE COMMUNICATIONS PORT
17 ; (AL) HAS PARAMETERS FOR INITIALIZATION
18 ;
19 ;
20 ; 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0
21 ; ---- BAUD RATE -- -PARITY-- STOPBIT --WORD LENGTH--
22 ;
23 ; 000 - 110 X0 - NONE 0 - 1 10 - 7 BITS
24 ; 001 - 150 01 - ODD 1 - 2 11 - 8 BITS
25 ; 010 - 300 11 - EVEN
26 ; 011 - 600
27 ; 100 - 1200
28 ; 101 - 2400
29 ; 110 - 4800
30 ; 111 - 9600
31 ; ON RETURN, CONDITIONS SET AS IN CALL TO COMMO STATUS (AH=03H)
32 ;
33 ; (AH)= 01H SEND THE CHARACTER IN (AL) OVER THE COMMO LINE
34 ; (AL) REGISTER IS PRESERVED
35 ; ON EXIT, BIT 7 OF AH IS SET IF THE ROUTINE WAS UNABLE TO
36 ; TRANSMIT THE BYTE OF DATA OVER THE LINE.
37 ; REMAINDER OF (AH) IS SET AS IN A STATUS REQUEST,
38 ; REFLECTING THE CURRENT STATUS OF THE LINE.
39 ; (AH)= 02H RECEIVE A CHARACTER IN (AL) FROM COMMO LINE BEFORE
40 ; RETURNING TO CALLER
41 ; ON EXIT, (AH) HAS THE CURRENT LINE STATUS, AS SET BY THE
42 ; STATUS ROUTINE, EXCEPT THAT THE ONLY BITS
43 ; LEFT ON ARE THE ERROR BITS (7,4,3,2,1)
44 ; IF (AH) HAS BIT 7 ON (TIME OUT) THE REMAINING
45 ; BITS ARE NOT PREDICTABLE.
46 ; THUS, (AH) IS NON ZERO ONLY WHEN AN ERROR OCCURRED.
47 ; (AH)= 03H RETURN THE COMMO PORT STATUS IN (AX)
48 ; (AH) CONTAINS THE LINE CONTROL STATUS
49 ; BIT 7 = TIME OUT
50 ; BIT 6 = TRANSMIT SHIFT REGISTER EMPTY
51 ; BIT 5 = TRANSMIT HOLDING REGISTER EMPTY
52 ; BIT 4 = BREAK DETECT
53 ; BIT 3 = FRAMING ERROR
54 ; BIT 2 = PARITY ERROR
55 ; BIT 1 = OVERRUN ERROR
56 ; BIT 0 = DATA READY
57 ; (AL) CONTAINS THE MODEM STATUS
58 ; BIT 7 = RECEIVE LINE SIGNAL DETECT
59 ; BIT 6 = RING INDICATOR
60 ; BIT 5 = DATA SET READY
61 ; BIT 4 = CLEAR TO SEND
62 ; BIT 3 = DELTA RECEIVE LINE SIGNAL DETECT
63 ; BIT 2 = TRAILING EDGE RING DETECTOR
64 ; BIT 1 = DELTA DATA SET READY
65 ; BIT 0 = DELTA CLEAR TO SEND
66 ;
67 ; (DX) = PARAMETER INDICATING WHICH RS232 CARD (0,1 ALLOWED)
68 ;
69 ; DATA AREA @RS232_BASE CONTAINS THE BASE ADDRESS OF THE 8250 ON THE CARD
70 ; LOCATION 400H CONTAINS UP TO 4 RS232 ADDRESSES POSSIBLE
71 ; DATA AREA LABEL @RS232_TIM_OUT (BYTE) CONTAINS OUTER LOOP COUNT
72 ; VALUE FOR TIMEOUT (DEFAULT=1)
73 ;OUTPUT
74 ; AX MODIFIED ACCORDING TO PARAMETERS OF CALL
75 ; ALL OTHERS UNCHANGED
76 ;-----
77 ASSUME CS:CODE,DS:DATA
78
79 0000 RS232_IO_1 PROC FAR
80
81 ;----- VECTOR TO APPROPRIATE ROUTINE
82
83 0000 FB STI ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON
84 0001 1E PUSH DS ; SAVE SEGMENT
85 0002 52 PUSH DX
86 0003 56 PUSH SI
87 0004 57 PUSH DI
88 0005 51 PUSH CX
89 0006 53 PUSH BX
90 0007 8B F2 MOV SI,DX ; RS232 VALUE TO (SI)
91 0009 8B FA MOV DI,DX ; AND TO (DI) (FOR TIMEOUTS)
92 000B D1 EA SHR DX,1 ; TEST PARAMETER
93 000D 75 20 JNZ A3 ; RETURN IF NOT IN RANGE
94 000F D1 E6 SHL SI,1 ; WORD OFFSET
95 0011 E8 0000 E CALL DDS ; GET BASE ADDRESS
96 0014 8B 94 0000 R MOV DX,@RS232_BASE[SI] ; TEST FOR 0 BASE ADDRESS
97 0018 0B D2 OR DX,DX ; RETURN
98 001A 74 13 JZ A4 ; TEST FOR (AH)= 00H
99 001C 0A EA OR AH,AH ; COMMO INITIALIZATION
100 001E 74 16 JZ A4 ; TEST FOR (AH)= 01H
101 0020 FE CC DEC AH ; SEND (AL)
102 0022 74 4B JZ A5 ; TEST FOR (AH)= 02H
103 0024 FE CC DEC AH ; RECEIVE INTO (AL)
104 0026 74 70 JZ A12
105 0028 A2:
106 0028 FE CC A2: DEC AH ; TEST FOR (AH)= 03H
107 002A 75 03 JNZ A3
108 002C E9 00BA R JMP A18 ; COMMUNICATION STATUS
109 002F A3: ; RETURN FROM RS232
110 002F 5B POP BX
111 0030 59 POP CX
112 0031 5F POP DI
113 0032 5E POP SI
114 0033 5A POP DX

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115 0034 1F                POP     DS
116 0035 CF                IRET
117                                ; RETURN TO CALLER, NO ACTION
118                                PAGE
119 ;----- INITIALIZE THE COMMUNICATIONS PORT
120 0036
121 0036 8A E0              A4:    MOV     AH,AL                ; SAVE INITIALIZATION PARAMETERS IN (AH)
122 0038 83 C2 03          ADD     DX,3                ; POINT TO 8250 CONTROL REGISTER
123 003B 80 80            MOV     AL,80H
124 003D EE                OUT     DX,AL                ; SET DLAB=1
125
126 ;----- DETERMINE BAUD RATE DIVISOR
127
128 003E 8A D4            MOV     DL,AH                ; GET PARAMETERS TO (DL)
129 0040 81 04            MOV     CL,4
130 0042 D2 C2            ROL     DL,CL
131 0044 81 E2 000E       AND     DX,0EH                ; ISOLATE THEM
132 0048 BF 0000 E        MOV     DI,OFFSET A1        ; BASE OF TABLE
133 004B 03 FA            ADD     DI,DX                ; PUT INTO INDEX REGISTER
134 004D 8B 94 0000 R     MOV     DX,#RS232_BASE[SI] ; POINT TO HIGH ORDER OF DIVISOR
135 0051 42              INC     DX
136 0052 2E: 8A 45 01    MOV     AL,CS:[DI]+1        ; GET HIGH ORDER OF DIVISOR
137 0054 E6              OUT     DX,AL                ; SET ms OF DIVISOR TO 0
138 0057 4A              DEC     DX
139 0058 EB 00            JMP     $+2                  ; I/O DELAY
140 005A 2E: 8A 05 05    MOV     AL,CS:[DI]        ; GET LOW ORDER OF DIVISOR
141 005D EE              OUT     DX,AL                ; SET LOW OF DIVISOR
142 005E 83 C2 03          ADD     DX,3
143 0061 8A C4            MOV     AL,AH                ; GET PARAMETERS BACK
144 0063 24 1F            AND     AL,01FH            ; STRIP OFF THE BAUD BITS
145 0065 EE              OUT     DX,AL                ; LINE CONTROL TO 8 BITS
146 0066 4A              DEC     DX
147 0067 4A              DEC     DX
148 0068 EB 00            JMP     $+2                  ; I/O DELAY
149 006A 80 00            MOV     AL,0
150 006C E6              OUT     DX,AL                ; INTERRUPT ENABLES ALL OFF
151 006D EB 4B            JMP     SHORT A18           ; COM STATUS
152
153 ;----- SEND CHARACTER IN (AL) OVER COMMO LINE
154
155 006F                    A5:
156 006F 50              PUSH    AX                ; SAVE CHAR TO SEND
157 0070 83 C2 04          ADD     DX,4                ; MODEM CONTROL REGISTER
158 0073 80 03            MOV     AL,3                ; DTR AND RTS
159 0075 EE              OUT     DX,AL                ; DATA TERMINAL READY, REQUEST TO SEND
160 0076 42              INC     DX
161 0077 42              INC     DX
162 0078 B7 30            MOV     BH,30H             ; DATA SET READY & CLEAR TO SEND
163 007A EB 00C9 R       CALL    WAIT_FOR_STATUS    ; ARE BOTH TRUE
164 007D 74 08            JE      A9                  ; YES, READY TO TRANSMIT CHAR
165 007F                    A7:
166 007F 59              POP     CX
167 0080 8A C1            MOV     AL,CL                ; RELOAD DATA BYTE
168 0082                    A8:
169 0082 80 CC 80         OR      AH,80H             ; INDICATE TIME OUT
170 0085 EB A8            JMP     A3                  ; RETURN
171
172 0087                    A9:
173 0087 4A              DEC     DX                ; CLEAR TO SEND
174 0088 EB 00            JMP     A10                ; LINE STATUS REGISTER
175 0088 B7 20            MOV     BH,20H             ; WAIT SEND
176 008A E8 00C9 R       CALL    WAIT_FOR_STATUS    ; IS TRANSMITTER READY
177 008D 75 F0            JNZ    A7                  ; TEST FOR TRANSMITTER READY
178 008F                    A11:
179 008F 83 EA 05         SUB     DX,5                ; RETURN WITH TIME OUT SET
180 0092 59              POP     CX                ; QUIT CHAR
181 0093 8A C1            MOV     AL,CL                ; DATA PORT
182 0095 EE              OUT     DX,AL                ; RECOVER IN CX TEMPORARILY
183 0096 EB 97            JMP     A3                  ; MOVE CHAR TO AL FOR OUT, STATUS IN AH
184                                ; OUTPUT CHARACTER
185                                ; RETURN
186
187 0098                    ;----- RECEIVE CHARACTER FROM COMMO LINE
188 0098 83 C2 04          A12:  ADD     DX,4                ; MODEM CONTROL REGISTER
189 009B 80 01            MOV     AL,1                ; DATA TERMINAL READY
190 009D EE              OUT     DX,AL                ; TEST FOR DSR
191 009E 42              INC     DX
192 009F 42              INC     DX
193 00A0                    A13:
194 00A0 B7 20            MOV     BH,20H             ; MODEM STATUS REGISTER
195 00A2 E8 00C9 R       CALL    WAIT_FOR_STATUS    ; WAIT_DSR
196 00A5 75 DB            JNZ    A8                  ; DATA SET READY
197 00A7                    A15:
198 00A7 4A              DEC     DX                ; TEST FOR DSR
199 00A8 EB 00            JMP     A16                ; RETURN WITH ERROR
200 00A8 B7 01            MOV     BH,1                ; WAIT_DSR_END
201 00AA E8 00C9 R       CALL    WAIT_FOR_STATUS    ; LINE STATUS REGISTER
202 00AD 75 D3            JNZ    A8                  ; WAIT_RECV
203 00AF                    A17:
204 00AF 80 E4 1E         AND     AH,00011110B       ; RECEIVE BUFFER FULL
205                                ; TEST FOR RECEIVE BUFFER FULL
206 00B2 8B 94 0000 R     MOV     DX,#RS232_BASE[SI] ; SET TIME OUT ERROR
207 00B5 EC              IN      AL,DX                ; GET_CHAR
208 00B7 E9 002F R       JMP     A3                  ; TEST FOR ERROR CONDITIONS ON RECEIVE
209                                ; DATA PORT
210                                ; GET CHARACTER FROM LINE
211                                ; RETURN
212
213                                ;----- COMMO PORT STATUS ROUTINE
214 00BA 8B 94 0000 R     A18:  MOV     DX,#RS232_BASE[SI]
215 00BE 83 C2 05          ADD     DX,5                ; CONTROL PORT
216 00C1 EC              IN      AL,DX                ; GET LINE CONTROL STATUS
217 00C2 8A E0            MOV     AH,AL                ; PUT IN (AH) FOR RETURN
218 00C4 42              INC     DX
219 00C5 EC              IN      AL,DX                ; POINT TO MODEM STATUS REGISTER
220 00C6 E9 002F R       JMP     A3                  ; GET MODEM CONTROL STATUS
221                                ; RETURN

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SECTION 5

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220                                     PAGE
221                                     ;-----
222                                     ;          WAIT FOR STATUS ROUTINE          ;
223 ;ENTRY: (BH)= STATUS BIT(S) TO LOOK FOR ;
224 ;          (DX)= ADDRESS OF STATUS REG   ;
225 ;EXIT:  ZERO FLAG ON = STATUS FOUND    ;
226 ;          ZERO FLAG OFF = TIMEOUT.    ;
227 ;          (AH)= LAST STATUS READ      ;
228                                     ;-----
229
230 00C9                                WAIT_FOR_STATUS PROC NEAR
231 00C9 8A 9D 007C R                    MOV     BL,0RS232_TIM_OUT[D1] ; LOAD OUTER LOOP COUNT
232
233 ;----- ADJUST OUTER LOOP COUNT
234
235 00CD 55                                PUSH    BP                    ; SAVE (BP)
236 00CE 53                                PUSH    BX                    ; SAVE (BX)
237 00CF 5D                                POP     BP                    ; USE BP FOR OUTER LOOP COUNT
238 00D0 81 E5 00FF                       AND     BP,00FFH              ; STRIP HIGH BITS
239 00D4 D1 D5                             RCL    BP,1                   ; MULTIPLY OUTER COUNT BY 4
240 00D6 D1 D5                             RCL    BP,1
241 00D8                                WFS0:
242 00DB 2B C9                             SUB     CX,CX
243 00DA                                WFS1:
244 00DA EC                                IN     AL,DX                  ; GET STATUS
245 00DB 8A E0                             MOV    AH,AL                  ; MOVE TO (AH)
246 00DD 22 C7                             AND    AL,BH                  ; ISOLATE BITS TO TEST
247 00DF 3A C7                             CMP    AL,BH                  ; EXACTLY = TO MASK
248 00E1 74 07                             JE     WFS_END                ; RETURN WITH ZERO FLAG ON
249
250 00E3 E2 F5                             LOOP   WFS1                   ; TRY AGAIN
251
252 00E5 4D                                DEC    BP
253 00E6 75 F0                             JNZ   WFS0
254
255 00E8 0A FF                             OR     BH,BH                  ; SET ZERO FLAG OFF
256 00EA                                WFS_END:
257 00EA 5D                                POP    BP                    ; RESTORE (BP)
258 00EB C3                                RET
259
260 00EC                                WAIT_FOR_STATUS ENDP
261
262 00EC                                RS232_IO_1 ENDP
263
264 00EC                                CODE ENDS
265                                     END

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1 PAGE 118,123
2 TITLE VIDEO1 --- 11/15/85 VIDEO DISPLAY BIOS
3 .286C
4 .LIST
5 0000
6 CODE SEGMENT BYTE PUBLIC
7
8 PUBLIC ACT_DISP_PAGE
9 PUBLIC READ_AC_CURRENT
10 PUBLIC READ_CURSOR
11 PUBLIC READ_DOT
12 PUBLIC READ_LPEN
13 PUBLIC SCROLL_DOWN
14 PUBLIC SCROLL_UP
15 PUBLIC SET_COLOR
16 PUBLIC SET_CPOS
17 PUBLIC SET_CTYPE
18 PUBLIC SET_MODE
19 PUBLIC WRITE_AC_CURRENT
20 PUBLIC WRITE_C_CURRENT
21 PUBLIC WRITE_DOT
22 PUBLIC WRITE_TTY
23 PUBLIC VIDEO_IO_1
24 PUBLIC VIDEO_STATE
25
26 EXTRN BEEP:NEAR ; SPEAKER BEEP ROUTINE
27 EXTRN CRT_CHAR_GEN:NEAR ; CHARACTER GENERATOR GRAPHICS TABLE
28 EXTRN DDS:NEAR ; LOAD (DS) WITH DATA SEGMENT SELECTOR
29 EXTRN M5:WORD ; REGEN BUFFER LENGTH TABLE
30 EXTRN M6:BYTE ; COLUMNS PER MODE TABLE
31 EXTRN M7:BYTE ; MODE SET VALUE PER MODE TABLE
32
33 --- INT 10 H
34 VIDEO_IO
35 ; THESE ROUTINES PROVIDE THE CRT DISPLAY INTERFACE
36 ; THE FOLLOWING FUNCTIONS ARE PROVIDED:
37 ;
38 ; (AH) = 00H SET MODE (AL) CONTAINS MODE VALUE
39 ; (AL) = 00H 40X25 BW MODE (POWER ON DEFAULT)
40 ; (AL) = 01H 40X25 COLOR
41 ; (AL) = 02H 80X25 BW
42 ; (AL) = 03H 80X25 COLOR
43 ; GRAPHICS MODES
44 ; (AL) = 04H 320X200 COLOR
45 ; (AL) = 05H 320X200 BW MODE
46 ; (AL) = 06H 640X200 BW MODE
47 ; (AL) = 07H 80X25 MONOCHROME (USED INTERNAL TO VIDEO ONLY)
48 ; *** NOTES --BW MODES OPERATE SAME AS COLOR MODES, BUT COLOR
49 ; --CURSOR IS NOT DISPLAYED IN GRAPHICS MODE
50 ; (AH) = 01H SET CURSOR TYPE
51 ; (CH) = BITS 4-0 = START LINE FOR CURSOR
52 ; ** HARDWARE WILL ALWAYS CAUSE BLINK
53 ; ** SETTING BIT 5 OR 6 WILL CAUSE ERRATIC BLINKING
54 ; OR NO CURSOR AT ALL
55 ; (CL) = BITS 4-0 = END LINE FOR CURSOR
56 ; (AH) = 02H SET CURSOR POSITION
57 ; (DH,DL) = ROW,COLUMN (00H,00H) IS UPPER LEFT
58 ; (BH) = PAGE NUMBER (MUST BE 00H FOR GRAPHICS MODES)
59 ; (AH) = 03H READ CURSOR POSITION
60 ; (BH) = PAGE NUMBER (MUST BE 00H FOR GRAPHICS MODES)
61 ; ON EXIT (DH,DL) = ROW,COLUMN OF CURRENT CURSOR
62 ; (CH,CL) = CURSOR MODE CURRENTLY SET
63 ; (AH) = 04H READ LIGHT PEN POSITION
64 ; ON EXIT:
65 ; (AH) = 00H -- LIGHT PEN SWITCH NOT DOWN/NOT TRIGGERED
66 ; (AH) = 01H -- VALID LIGHT PEN VALUE IN REGISTERS
67 ; (DH,DL) = ROW,COLUMN OF CHARACTER LP POSITION
68 ; (CH) = RASTER LINE (0-199)
69 ; (BH) = PIXEL COLUMN (0-319,639)
70 ; (AH) = 05H SELECT ACTIVE DISPLAY PAGE (VALID ONLY FOR ALPHA MODES)
71 ; (AL) = NEW PAGE VALUE (0-7 FOR MODES 0a1, 0-3 FOR MODES 2a3)
72 ; (AH) = 06H SCROLL ACTIVE PAGE UP
73 ; (AL) = NUMBER OF LINES, ( LINES BLANKED AT BOTTOM OF WINDOW )
74 ; (BH) = ATTRIBUTE TO BE USED ON BLANK LINE
75 ; (CH,CL) = ROW,COLUMN OF UPPER LEFT CORNER OF SCROLL
76 ; (DH,DL) = ROW,COLUMN OF LOWER RIGHT CORNER OF SCROLL
77 ; (BH) = ATTRIBUTE TO BE USED ON BLANK LINE
78 ; (AH) = 07H SCROLL ACTIVE PAGE DOWN
79 ; (AL) = NUMBER OF LINES, INPUT LINES BLANKED AT TOP OF WINDOW
80 ; (AL) = 00H MEANS BLANK ENTIRE WINDOW
81 ; (CH,CL) = ROW,COLUMN OF UPPER LEFT CORNER OF SCROLL
82 ; (DH,DL) = ROW,COLUMN OF LOWER RIGHT CORNER OF SCROLL
83 ; (BH) = ATTRIBUTE TO BE USED ON BLANK LINE
84
85 CHARACTER HANDLING ROUTINES
86
87 ; (AH) = 08H READ ATTRIBUTE/CHARACTER AT CURRENT CURSOR POSITION
88 ; (BH) = DISPLAY PAGE (VALID FOR ALPHA MODES ONLY)
89 ; ON EXIT:
90 ; (AL) = CHAR READ
91 ; (AH) = ATTRIBUTE OF CHARACTER READ (ALPHA MODES ONLY)
92 ; (AH) = 09H WRITE ATTRIBUTE/CHARACTER AT CURRENT CURSOR POSITION
93 ; (BH) = DISPLAY PAGE (VALID FOR ALPHA MODES ONLY)
94 ; (CX) = COUNT OF CHARACTERS TO WRITE
95 ; (AL) = CHAR TO WRITE
96 ; (BL) = ATTRIBUTE OF CHARACTER (ALPHA)/COLOR OF CHAR (GRAPHICS)
97 ; SEE NOTE ON WRITE DOT FOR BIT 7 OF BL = 1.
98 ; (AH) = 0AH WRITE CHARACTER ONLY AT CURRENT CURSOR POSITION
99 ; (BH) = DISPLAY PAGE (VALID FOR ALPHA MODES ONLY)
100 ; (CX) = COUNT OF CHARACTERS TO WRITE
101 ; (AL) = CHAR TO WRITE
102 ; NOTE: USE FUNCTION (AH) = 09H IN GRAPHICS MODES
103 ; FOR READ/WRITE CHARACTER INTERFACE WHILE IN GRAPHICS MODE, THE
104 ; CHARACTERS ARE FORMED FROM A CHARACTER GENERATOR IMAGE
105 ; MAINTAINED IN THE SYSTEM ROM. ONLY THE 1ST 128 CHARS
106 ; ARE CONTAINED THERE. TO READ/WRITE THE SECOND 128 CHARS,
107 ; THE USER MUST INITIALIZE THE POINTER AT INTERRUPT 1FH
108 ; (LOCATION 0007H) TO POINT TO THE 1K BYTE TABLE CONTAINING
109 ; THE CODE POINTS FOR THE SECOND 128 CHARS (128-255).
110 ; FOR WRITE CHARACTER INTERFACE IN GRAPHICS MODE, THE REPLICATION FACTOR
111 ; CONTAINED IN (CX) ON ENTRY WILL PRODUCE VALID RESULTS ONLY
112 ; FOR CHARACTERS CONTAINED ON THE SAME ROW. CONTINUATION TO
113 ; SUCCEEDING LINES WILL NOT PRODUCE CORRECTLY.
114

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SECTION 5



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115 ; GRAPHICS INTERFACE ;
116 ; ;
117 ; (AH)= 0BH SET COLOR PALETTE ;
118 ; (BH) = PALETTE COLOR ID BEING SET (0-127) ;
119 ; (BL) = COLOR VALUE TO BE USED WITH THAT COLOR ID ;
120 ; NOTE: FOR THE CURRENT COLOR CARD, THIS ENTRY POINT HAS ;
121 ; HEADING ONLY FOR 320X200 GRAPHICS. ;
122 ; COLOR ID = 0 SELECTS THE BACKGROUND COLOR (0-15) ;
123 ; COLOR ID = 1 SELECTS THE PALETTE TO BE USED: ;
124 ; 0 = GREEN(1)/RED(2)/YELLOW(3) ;
125 ; 1 = CYAN(11)/MAGENTA(12)/WHITE(3) ;
126 ; IN 40X25 OR 80X25 ALPHA MODES, THE VALUE SET FOR ;
127 ; PALETTE COLOR 0 INDICATES THE BORDER COLOR ;
128 ; TO BE USED (VALUES 0-3) WHERE 16-31 SELECT ;
129 ; THE HIGH INTENSITY BACKGROUND SET. ;
130 ; ;
131 ; (AH)= 0CH WRITE DOT ;
132 ; (DX) = ROW NUMBER ;
133 ; (CX) = COLUMN NUMBER ;
134 ; (AL) = COLOR VALUE ;
135 ; IF BIT 7 OF AL = 1, THEN THE COLOR VALUE IS EXCLUSIVE ;
136 ; ORed WITH THE CURRENT CONTENTS OF THE DOT ;
137 ; ;
138 ; (AH)= 0DH READ DOT ;
139 ; (DX) = ROW NUMBER ;
140 ; (CX) = COLUMN NUMBER ;
141 ; (AL) RETURNS THE DOT READ ;
142 ; ;
143 ; ASCII TELETYPE ROUTINE FOR OUTPUT ;
144 ; ;
145 ; (AH)= 0EH WRITE TELETYPE TO ACTIVE PAGE ;
146 ; (AL) = CHAR TO WRITE ;
147 ; (BL) = FOREGROUND COLOR IN GRAPHICS MODE ;
148 ; NOTE -- SCREEN WIDTH IS CONTROLLED BY PREVIOUS MODE SET ;
149 ; ;
150 ; (AH)= 0FH ;
151 ; RETURNS THE CURRENT VIDEO STATE ;
152 ; (AL) = MODE CURRENTLY SET ( SEE (AH)= 00H FOR EXPLANATION) ;
153 ; (AH) = NUMBER OF CHARACTER COLUMNS ON SCREEN ;
154 ; (AH) = 12H RESERVED ;
155 ; (AH)= 13H WRITE STRING ;
156 ; ;
157 ; ES:BP - POINTER TO STRING TO BE WRITTEN ;
158 ; CX - LENGTH OF CHARACTER STRING TO WRITTEN ;
159 ; DX - CURSOR POSITION FOR STRING TO BE WRITTEN ;
160 ; BH - PAGE NUMBER ;
161 ; ;
162 ; (AL)= 00H WRITE CHARACTER STRING ;
163 ; BL - ATTRIBUTE ;
164 ; STRING IS <CHAR,CHAR, ... ,CHAR> ;
165 ; CURSOR NOT MOVED ;
166 ; ;
167 ; (AL)= 01H WRITE CHARACTER STRING AND MOVE CURSOR ;
168 ; BL - ATTRIBUTE ;
169 ; STRING IS <CHAR,CHAR, ... ,CHAR> ;
170 ; CURSOR IS MOVED ;
171 ; ;
172 ; (AL)= 02H WRITE CHARACTER AND ATTRIBUTE STRING ;
173 ; (VALID FOR ALPHA MODES ONLY) ;
174 ; STRING IS <CHAR,ATTR,CHAR,ATTR ... ,CHAR,ATTR> ;
175 ; CURSOR IS NOT MOVED ;
176 ; ;
177 ; (AL)= 03H WRITE CHARACTER AND ATTRIBUTE STRING AND MOVE CURSOR ;
178 ; (VALID FOR ALPHA MODES ONLY) ;
179 ; STRING IS <CHAR,ATTR,CHAR,ATTR ... ,CHAR,ATTR> ;
180 ; CURSOR IS MOVED ;
181 ; ;
182 ; NOTE: CARRIAGE RETURN, LINE FEED, BACKSPACE, AND BELL ARE ;
183 ; TREATED AS COMMANDS RATHER THAN PRINTABLE CHARACTERS. ;
184 ; ;
185 ; ;
186 ; BX,CX,DX,S1,D1,BP,SP,DS,ES,SS PRESERVED DURING CALLS EXCEPT FOR ;
187 ; BX,CX,DX RETURN VALUES ON FUNCTIONS 03H,04H,0DH AND 0DH. ON ALL CALLS ;
188 ; AX IS MODIFIED. ;
189 ;-----;
190 ; ASSUME CS:CODE,DS:DATA,ES:NOTHING ;
191 ; ;
192 ; M1 ;
193 ; OFFSET SET_MODE ; TABLE OF ROUTINES WITHIN VIDEO I/O ;
194 ; OFFSET SET_CTYPE ;
195 ; OFFSET SET_POS ;
196 ; OFFSET READ_CURSOR ;
197 ; OFFSET READ_LPEN ;
198 ; OFFSET ACT_DISP_PAGE ;
199 ; OFFSET SCROLL_UP ;
200 ; OFFSET SCROLL_DOWN ;
201 ; OFFSET READ_AC_CURRENT ;
202 ; OFFSET WRITE_AC_CURRENT ;
203 ; OFFSET WRITE_C_CURRENT ;
204 ; OFFSET SET_COLOR ;
205 ; OFFSET WRITE_DOT ;
206 ; OFFSET READ_DOT ;
207 ; OFFSET WRITE_TTY ;
208 ; OFFSET VIDEO_STATE ;
209 ; OFFSET VIDEO_RETURN ; RESERVED ;
210 ; OFFSET VIDEO_RETURN ; RESERVED ;
211 ; OFFSET VIDEO_RETURN ; RESERVED ;
212 ; OFFSET WRITE_STRING ; CASE 19H, WRITE STRING ;
213 ; MIL EQU $-M1 ;
214 ; ;
215 ; VIDEO_IO_1 PROC NEAR ; ENTRY POINT FOR ORG 0F065H ;
216 ; STI ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON ;
217 ; CLD ; SET DIRECTION FORWARD ;
218 ; PUSH ES ;
219 ; PUSH DS ; SAVE WORK AND PARAMETER REGISTERS ;
220 ; PUSH DX ;
221 ; PUSH CX ;
222 ; PUSH BX ;
223 ; PUSH SI ;
224 ; PUSH DI ;
225 ; CALL DDS ; POINT DS: TO DATA SEGMENT ;
226 ; MOV SI,0B800H ; GET SEGMENT FOR COLOR CARD ;
227 ; MOV D1,EQUIP_FLAG ; GET EQUIPMENT FLAGS SETTING ;
228 ; AND D1,030H ; ISOLATE CRT SWITCHES ;
229 ; CMP D1,30H ; IS SETTING FOR BW CARD? ;
230 ; JNE M2 ; SKIP IF NOT BW CARD ;
231 ; MOV SI,0B000H ; ELSE GET SEGMENT FOR BW CARD ;
232 ; M2: ;
233 ; CMP AH,13H ; TEST FOR WRITE STRING OPERATION ;
234 ; JE M3 ; SKIP IF ES:BP VALID AS PASSED ;

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229 004D BE C6          MOV     ES,S1          ; SET UP TO POINT AT VIDEO MEMORY AREAS
230 004F                M3:
231 004F 8B F0          MOV     SI,AX          ; MOVE COMMAND TO LOOK UP REGISTER
232 0051 C1 EE 08       SHR     SI,8           ; SHIFT COMMAND TO FORM BYTE OFFSET
233 0054 D1 E6         SAL     SI,1           ; TIMES 2 FOR WORD TABLE LOOKUP
234 0056 83 FE 28       CMP     SI,MIL         ; TEST FOR WITHIN TABLE RANGE
235 0059 73 09         JNB     M4             ; BRANCH TO EXIT IF NOT A VALID COMMAND
236
237 005B 8A 26 0049 R   MOV     AH,CRT_MODE    ; MOVE CURRENT MODE INTO AH
238 005F 2E: FF A4 0000 R JMP     WORD PTR CS:[SI+OFFSET M1] ; GO TO SELECTED FUNCTION
239
240 0064                M4:
241 0064 E9 0145 R     JMP     VIDEO_RETURN   ; COMMAND NOT VALID
242 0067                VIDEO_01:
243                    ENDP
244                    -----
245                    ; SET_MODE
246                    ; THIS ROUTINE INITIALIZES THE ATTACHMENT TO
247                    ; THE SELECTED MODE. THE SCREEN IS BLANKED.
248                    ; INPUT
249                    ; (AL) = MODE SELECTED (RANGE 0-7)
250                    ; OUTPUT
251                    ; NONE
252                    -----
253 0067                SET_MODE PROC NEAR
254 0067 BA 03D4        MOV     DX,03D4H       ; ADDRESS OF COLOR CARD
255 006A 8B 3E 0010 R   MOV     DI,@EQUIP_FLAG ; GET EQUIPMENT FLAGS SETTING
256 006E 81 E7 0030    AND     DI,30H         ; ISOLATE CRT SWITCHES
257 0072 83 FF 30     CMP     DI,30H         ; IS BW CARD INSTALLED AS PRIMARY
258 0075 75 06        JNE     M8C           ; SKIP AND CHECK IF COLOR
259 0077 80 07        MOV     AL,7           ; ELSE INDICATE INTERNAL BW CARD MODE
260 0079 82 04 B4     MOV     DI,0B4H       ; SET ADDRESS OF BW (MONOCHROME) CARD
261 007B EB 0D        JMP     SHORT M8      ; CONTINUE WITH FORCED MODE 7
262 007D                M8C:
263 007D 3C 07        CMP     AL,7           ; CHECK FOR VALID COLOR MODES 0-6
264 007F 72 09        JB     M8             ; CONTINUE IF BELOW MODE 7
265 0081 B0 00        MOV     AL,0           ; FORCE DEFAULT 40x25 BW MODE
266 0083 83 FF 20     CMP     DI,20H        ; CHECK FOR @EQUIP_FLAG AT 80x25 BW
267 0086 74 02        JE     M8             ; CHECK WITH MODE 0 IF NOT
268 0088 B0 02        MOV     AL,2           ; ELSE FORCE MODE 2
269 008A A2 0049 R     MOV     @CRT_MODE,AL   ; SAVE MODE IN GLOBAL VARIABLE
270 008D 89 16 0063 R   MOV     @ADDR,6845,DX  ; SAVE ADDRESS OF BASE
271 0091 C6 06 0084 R 18 MOV     @ROWS,25-1     ; INITIALIZE DEFAULT ROW COUNT OF 25
272 0096 1E           PUSH    DS             ; SAVE POINTER TO DATA SEGMENT
273 0097 50           PUSH    AX             ; SAVE MODE NUMBER (AL)
274 0098 98           CWD                    ; CLEAR HIGH BYTE OF MODE
275 0099 8B F0        MOV     SI,AX          ; SET TABLE POINTER, INDEXED BY MODE
276 009B 2E: 8A 84 0000 E MOV     AL,CS:[SI + OFFSET M7] ; GET THE MODE SET VALUE FROM TABLE
277 00A0 A2 0065 R     MOV     @CRT_MODE_SET,AL ; SAVE THE MODE SET VALUE
278 00A3 24 37        AND     AL,037H       ; AND OFF, SAVE HIGH RESOLUTION BIT
279 00A5 52           PUSH    DX             ; SAVE OUTPUT PORT VALUE
280 00A6 83 C2 04     ADD     DX,4           ; POINT TO CONTROL REGISTER
281 00A9 EE           OUT     DX,AL          ; RESET VIDEO TO OFF TO SUPPRESS ROLLING
282 00AA 5A           POP     DX             ; BACK TO BASE REGISTER
283
284 00AB 2B DB        SUB     BX,BX          ; SET UP FOR ABS0 SEGMENT
285 00AD 8E DB        MOV     DS,BX          ; ESTABLISH VECTOR TABLE ADDRESSING
286 00AF C5 1E 0074 R LDS     BX,@PARAM_PTR  ; GET POINTER TO VIDEO PARAMS
287
288                    ASSUME DS:CODE
289                    MOV     AX
290 00B3 58           POP     CX             ; RECOVER MODE NUMBER IN (AL)
291 00B4 89 0010      MOV     CX,16          ; LENGTH OF EACH ROW OF TABLE
292 00B7 3C 02        CMP     AL,2           ; DETERMINE WHICH ONE TO USE
293 00B9 72 0E        JC     M9              ; MODE IS 0 OR 1
294 00BB 02 D9        ADD     BX,CX          ; NEXT ROW OF INITIALIZATION TABLE
295 00BD C4 04         JNC    M9              ; MODE IS 2 OR 3
296 00BF 72 08        JC     M9              ; MODE IS 2 OR 3
297 00C1 03 D9        ADD     BX,CX          ; MOVE TO GRAPHICS ROW OF INIT_TABLE
298 00C3 3C 07        CMP     AL,7           ; MODE IS 4,5, OR 6
299 00C5 72 02        JC     M9              ; MODE IS 4,5, OR 6
300 00C7 03 D9        ADD     BX,CX          ; MOVE TO BW CARD ROW OF INIT_TABLE
301
302                    ;-----
303                    ; BX POINTS TO CORRECT ROW OF INITIALIZATION TABLE
304
305 00C9                M9:
306 00C9 50           PUSH    AX             ; OUT INIT
307 00CA 8B 47 0A      MOV     AX,[BX+10]     ; SAVE MODE IN (AL)
308 00CC 86 E0        XCHG   AH,AL          ; GET THE CURSOR MODE FROM THE TABLE
309 00CE 1E           PUSH    DS             ; PUT CURSOR MODE IN CORRECT POSITION
310 00CF 1E           PUSH    DS             ; SAVE TABLE SEGMENT POINTER
311 00D0 E8 0000 E     CALL   DS:DATA        ; POINT DS TO DATA SEGMENT
312 00D3 A3 0060 R     MOV     @CURSOR_MODE,AX ; PLACE INTO BIOS DATA SAVE AREA
313 00D6 1F           POP     DS             ; RESTORE THE TABLE SEGMENT POINTER
314 00D7 32 E4        XOR     AH,AH          ; AH IS REGISTER NUMBER DURING LOOP
315
316                    ;-----
317                    ; LOOP THROUGH TABLE, OUTPUTTING REGISTER ADDRESS, THEN VALUE FROM TABLE
318
319 00D9                M10:
320 00D9 8A C4        MOV     AL,AH          ; INITIALIZATION LOOP
321 00DB EE          OUT     DX,AL          ; GET 6845 REGISTER NUMBER
322 00DC 42          INC     DX             ; POINT TO DATA PORT
323 00DD FE C4       INC     AH             ; NEXT REGISTER VALUE
324 00DF 8A 07       MOV     AL,[BX]        ; GET TABLE VALUE
325 00E1 EE          OUT     DX,AL          ; OUT TO CHIP
326 00E2 43         INC     BX             ; NEXT IN TABLE
327 00E3 4A         DEC     DX             ; BACK TO POINTER REGISTER
328 00E4 E2 F3       LOOP   M10            ; DO THE WHOLE TABLE
329 00E6 58          POP     AX             ; GET MODE BACK INTO (AL)
330 00E7 1F         POP     DS             ; RECOVER SEGMENT VALUE
331
332                    ;-----
333                    ; FILL REGEN AREA WITH BLANK
334
335 00E8 33 FF       XOR     DI,D1          ; SET UP POINTER FOR REGEN
336 00EA 89 3E 004E R MOV     @CRT_START,D1  ; START ADDRESS SAVED IN GLOBAL
337 00EE C6 06 0062 R 00 MOV     @ACTIVE_PAGE,0 ; SET PAGE VALUE
338 00F3 89 2000     MOV     CX,8192        ; NUMBER OF WORDS IN COLOR CARD
339 00F6 3C 04       CMP     AL,4           ; TEST FOR GRAPHICS
340 00F8 72 04       JC     M11            ; NO GRAPHICS INIT
341 00FA 3C 07       CMP     AL,7           ; TEST FOR BW_CARD
342 00FC 74 04       JE     M11            ; BW_CARD INIT
343 00FE 33 C0       XOR     AX,AX          ; FILL FOR GRAPHICS MODE
344 0100 EB 05       JMP     SHORT M13     ; CLEAR BUFFER
345 0102                M11:
346 0102                ; BW_CARD_INIT
    
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SECTION 5

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343 0102 B5 08      MOV     CH,08H          ; BUFFER SIZE ON BW CARD (2048)
344 0104           M12:   MOV     AX, ' *7FH      ; NO_GRAPHICS INIT
345 0104 B8 0720    M13:   MOV     AX, ' *7FH      ; FILL CHAR FOR ALPHA + ATTRIBUTE
346 0107           REP     STOSW          ; CLEAR BUFFER
347 0107 F3/ AB    REP     STOSW          ; FILL THE REGEN BUFFER WITH BLANKS
348
349 ;-----
350 ENABLE VIDEO AND CORRECT PORT SETTING
351 0109 8B 16 0063 R MOV     DX,0ADDR_6845   ; PREPARE TO OUTPUT TO VIDEO ENABLE PORT
352 010D 83 C2 04    ADD     DX,4           ; POINT TO THE MODE CONTROL REGISTER
353 0110 AD 0065 R    MOV     AL,@CRT_MODE_SET ; GET THE MODE SET VALUE
354 0113 EE          OUT     DX,AL          ; SET VIDEO ENABLE PORT
355
356 ;-----
357 DETERMINE NUMBER OF COLUMNS, BOTH FOR ENTIRE DISPLAY
358 AND THE NUMBER TO BE USED FOR TTY INTERFACE
359 0114 2E: 8A 84 0000 E MOV     AL,CS:[SI + OFFSET M6] ; GET NUMBER OF COLUMNS ON THIS SCREEN
360 0119 98          CBW                    ; CLEAR HIGH BYTE
361 011A A3 004A R    MOV     @CRT_COLS,AX    ; INITIALIZE NUMBER OF COLUMNS COUNT
362
363 ;-----
364 SET CURSOR POSITIONS
365 011D 81 E6 000E AND     SI,000EH        ; WORD OFFSET INTO CLEAR LENGTH TABLE
366 0121 2E: 8B 84 0000 E MOV     AX,CS:[SI + OFFSET M5] ; LENGTH TO CLEAR
367 0126 A3 004C R    MOV     @CRT_LEN,AX     ; SAVE LENGTH OF CRT -- NOT USED FOR BW
368 0129 B9 0008 MOV     CX,8           ; CLEAR ALL CURSOR POSITIONS
369 012C BF 0050 R    MOV     DI,OFFSET @CURSOR_POSN
370 012F 1E          PUSH   DS              ; ESTABLISH SEGMENT
371 0130 07          POP    ES              ; ADDRESSING
372 0131 33 C0      XOR    AX,AX           ; FILL WITH ZEROS
373 0133 F3/ AB    REP     STOSW
374
375 ;-----
376 SET UP OVERSCAN REGISTER
377 0135 42          INC    DX              ; SET OVERSCAN PORT TO A DEFAULT
378 0136 B0 30      MOV     AL,30H         ; 30H VALUE FOR ALL MODES EXCEPT 640X200
379 0138 80 3E 0049 R 06 CMP     @CRT_MODE,6     ; SEE IF THE MODE IS 640X200 BW
380 013D 75 02      JNZ    M14            ; IF NOT 640X200, THEN GO TO REGULAR
381 013F B0 3F      MOV     AL,3FH        ; IF IT IS 640X200, THEN PUT IN 3FH
382 0141
383 0141 EE          M14:  OUT     DX,AL         ; OUTPUT THE CORRECT VALUE TO 3D9 PORT
384 0142 A2 0066 R    MOV     @CRT_PALETTE,AL ; SAVE THE VALUE FOR FUTURE USE
385
386 ;-----
387 NORMAL RETURN FROM ALL VIDEO RETURNS
388 0145           VIDEO_RETURN:
389 0145 5D          POP    BP
390 0146 5F          POP    DI
391 0147 5E          POP    SI
392 0148 5B          POP    BX
393 0149           M15:
394 0149 59          POP    CX              ; VIDEO_RETURN_C
395 014A 5A          POP    DX
396 014B 5F          POP    DS
397 014C 07          POP    ES              ; RECOVER SEGMENTS
398 014D CF          IRET                   ; ALL DONE
399 014E
400 SET_MODE ENDP
401 ;-----
402 SET_CTYPE
403 ; THIS ROUTINE SETS THE CURSOR VALUE
404 ; INPUT
405 ; (CX) HAS CURSOR VALUE CH-START LINE, CL-STOP LINE
406 ; OUTPUT
407 ; NONE
408 014E           SET_CTYPE PROC NEAR
409 014E B4 0A      MOV     AH,10          ; 6845 REGISTER FOR CURSOR SET
410 0150 89 0E 0060 R MOV     @CURSOR_MODE,CX ; SAVE IN DATA AREA
411 0154 EB 0159 R  CALL   M16            ; OUTPUT CX REGISTER
412 0157 EB EC      JMP    ^ VIDEO_RETURN
413
414 ;-----
415 THIS ROUTINE OUTPUTS THE CX REGISTER TO THE 6845 REGISTERS NAMED IN (AH)
416
417 0159           M16:
418 0159 8B 16 0063 R MOV     DX,0ADDR_6845   ; ADDRESS REGISTER
419 015D 8A C4      MOV     AL,AH          ; GET VALUE
420 015F EE          OUT     DX,AL         ; REGISTER SET
421 0160 42          INC    DX              ; DATA REGISTER
422 0161 EB 00      JMP    $+2            ; I/O DELAY
423 0163 8A C5      MOV     AL,CH          ; DATA
424 0165 EE          OUT     DX,AL         ; DATA
425 0166 4A          DEC    DX              ; DATA
426 0167 8A C4      MOV     AL,AH          ; DATA
427 0169 FE C0     INC    AL              ; POINT TO OTHER DATA REGISTER
428 016B EE          OUT     DX,AL         ; SET FOR SECOND REGISTER
429 016C 42          INC    DX              ; DATA
430 016D EB 00      JMP    $+2            ; I/O DELAY
431 016F 8A C1      MOV     AL,CL          ; SECOND DATA VALUE
432 0171 EE          OUT     DX,AL         ; DATA
433 0172 C3          RET                    ; ALL DONE
434 0173
435 SET_CTYPE ENDP
436 ;-----
437 SET_CPOS
438 ; THIS ROUTINE SETS THE CURRENT CURSOR POSITION TO THE
439 ; NEW X-Y VALUES PASSED
440 ; INPUT
441 ; DX - ROW,COLUMN OF NEW CURSOR
442 ; BH - DISPLAY PAGE OF CURSOR
443 ; OUTPUT
444 ; CURSOR IS SET AT 6845 IF DISPLAY PAGE IS CURRENT DISPLAY
445
446 0173           SET_CPOS PROC NEAR
447 0173 8A C7      MOV     AL,BH          ; MOVE PAGE NUMBER TO WORK REGISTER
448 0175 98          CBW                    ; CONVERT PAGE TO WORD VALUE
449 0176 D1 E0     SAL    AX,1           ; WORD OFFSET
450 0178 96          XCHG   AX,SI          ; USE INDEX REGISTER
451 0179 89 94 0050 R MOV     SI,[SI+OFFSET @CURSOR_POSN],DX ; SAVE THE POINTER
452 017D 38 3E 0062 R CMP     @ACTIVE_PAGE,BH ; ACTIVE_PAGE,BH
453 0181 75 05      JNZ    M17            ; SET_CPOS_RETURN
454 0183 8B C2      MOV     AX,DX          ; GET ROW/COLUMN TO AX
455 0185 E8 018A R  CALL   M18            ; CURSOR SET
456 0188           M17:
457 0188           SET_CPOS_RETURN

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457 0188 EB BB          JMP     VIDEO_RETURN
458 018A                SET_CPOS ENDP
459
460 ;----- SET CURSOR POSITION, AX HAS ROW/COLUMN FOR CURSOR
461
462 018A                M18    PROC    NEAR
463 018A E8 020E R      CALL   POSITION          ; DETERMINE LOCATION IN REGEN BUFFER
464 018D 8B C8         MOV    CX,AX
465 018F 03 DE 004E R  ADD    CX,%CRT_START    ; ADD IN THE START ADDRESS FOR THIS PAGE
466 0193 D1 F9         SAR    CX,1              ; DIVIDE BY 2 FOR CHAR ONLY COUNT
467 0195 B4 0E         MOV    R1,0E             ; REGISTER NUMBER FOR CURSOR
468 0197 E8 0159 R    CALL   M16              ; OUTPUT THE VALUE TO THE 6845
469 019A C3           RET
470 019B                M18    ENDP
471
472 ;-----
473 ; READ_CURSOR
474 ; THIS ROUTINE READS THE CURRENT CURSOR VALUE FROM THE
475 ; 6845, FORMATS IT, AND SENDS IT BACK TO THE CALLER
476 ; INPUT
477 ; BH - PAGE OF CURSOR
478 ; OUTPUT
479 ; DX - ROW, COLUMN OF THE CURRENT CURSOR POSITION
480 ; CX - CURRENT CURSOR MODE
481
482 019B                READ_CURSOR PROC    NEAR
483 019B 8A DF         MOV    BL,BH
484 019D 32 FF        XOR    BH,BH
485 019F D1 E3        SAL    BX,1              ; WORD OFFSET
486 01A1 8B 97 0050 R MOV    DX,[BX+OFFSET %CURSOR_POSN]
487 01A5 8B 0E 0060 R MOV    CX,%CURSOR_MODE
488 01A9 5D          POP    BP
489 01AA 5F           POP    DI
490 01AB 5B          POP    SI
491 01AD 58          POP    BX
492 01AE 58          POP    AX                ; DISCARD SAVED CX AND DX
493 01AF 1F         POP    AX
494 01B0 07         POP    DS
495 01B1 CF         POP    ES
496 01B2                IRET
497
498 ; READ_CURSOR ENDP
499 ;-----
500 ; ACT_DISP_PAGE
501 ; THIS ROUTINE SETS THE ACTIVE DISPLAY PAGE, ALLOWING
502 ; THE FULL USE OF THE MEMORY SET ASIDE FOR THE VIDEO ATTACHMENT
503 ; INPUT
504 ; AL HAS THE NEW ACTIVE DISPLAY PAGE
505 ; OUTPUT
506 ; THE 6845 IS RESET TO DISPLAY THAT PAGE
507
508 01B2                ACT_DISP_PAGE PROC    NEAR
509 01B2 A2 0062 R    MOV    %ACTIVE_PAGE,AL  ; SAVE ACTIVE PAGE VALUE
510 01B4 50          PUSH   AX
511 01B5 8B 0E 004C R MOV    CX,%CRT_LEN      ; GET SAVED LENGTH OF REGEN BUFFER
512 01B7 03 DE 004E R CMB    CX,BX             ; CONVERT AL TO WORD
513 01C0 8B C8         MOV    AX,BX             ; SAVE PAGE VALUE
514 01C2 D1 F9        MUL   CX                 ; DISPLAY PAGE TIMES REGEN LENGTH
515 01C4 B4 0C         MOV    %CRT_START,AX    ; SAVE START ADDRESS FOR LATER
516 01C6 E8 0159 R    SAR    CX,AX            ; START ADDRESS TO CX
517 01C9 5B          POP    BX                ; DIVIDE BY 2 FOR 6845 HANDLING
518 01CA D1 E3        SAL    BX,1              ; 6845 REGISTER FOR START ADDRESS
519 01CC 8B 87 0050 R MOV    AX,[BX + OFFSET %CURSOR_POSN] ; GET CURSOR FOR THIS PAGE
520 01D0 E8 018A R    CALL   M18              ; SET THE CURSOR POSITION
521 01D3 E9 0145 R    JMP    VIDEO_RETURN
522 01D6                ACT_DISP_PAGE ENDP
523
524 ; SET COLOR
525 ; THIS ROUTINE WILL ESTABLISH THE BACKGROUND COLOR, THE OVERSCAN COLOR,
526 ; AND THE FOREGROUND COLOR SET FOR MEDIUM RESOLUTION GRAPHICS
527 ; INPUT
528 ; (BH) HAS COLOR ID
529 ; IF BH=0, THE BACKGROUND COLOR VALUE IS SET
530 ; FROM THE LOW BITS OF BL (0-31)
531 ; IF BH=1, THE PALETTE SELECTION IS MADE
532 ; BASED ON THE LOW BIT OF BL:
533 ; 0 = GREEN, RED, YELLOW FOR COLORS 1,2,3
534 ; 1 = BLUE, CYAN, MAGENTA FOR COLORS 1,2,3
535 ; (BL) HAS THE COLOR VALUE TO BE USED
536 ; OUTPUT
537 ; THE COLOR SELECTION IS UPDATED
538
539 01D6                SET_COLOR  PROC    NEAR
540 01D6 8B 16 0063 R  MOV    DX,%ADDR_6845    ; I/O PORT FOR PALETTE
541 01DA 83 C2 05     ADD    DX,5              ; OVERSCAN PORT
542 01DD A0 0066 R    MOV    AL,%CRT_PALETTE  ; GET THE CURRENT PALETTE VALUE
543 01E0 0A FF        OR    BH,BH              ; IS THIS COLOR 0?
544 01E2 75 0E        JNZ    M20              ; OUTPUT COLOR 1
545
546 ;----- HANDLE COLOR 0 BY SETTING THE BACKGROUND COLOR
547
548 01E4 24 E0        AND    AL,0E0H          ; TURN OFF LOW 5 BITS OF CURRENT
549 01E6 80 E3 1F    AND    BL,01FH         ; TURN OFF HIGH 3 BITS OF INPUT VALUE
550 01E9 0A C3       OR    AL,BL             ; PUT VALUE INTO REGISTER
551 01EB                M19:   OUT    DX,AL            ; OUTPUT THE PALETTE
552 01EB EE          MOV    %CRT_PALETTE,AL  ; OUTPUT COLOR SELECTION TO 3D9 PORT
553 01ED A2 0066 R    JMP    VIDEO_RETURN    ; SAVE THE COLOR VALUE
554 01EF E9 0145 R
555
556 ;----- HANDLE COLOR 1 BY SELECTING THE PALETTE TO BE USED
557
558 01F2                M20:   AND    AL,0DFH         ; TURN OFF PALETTE SELECT BIT
559 01F4 24 DF        SHR    BL,1             ; TEST THE LOW ORDER BIT OF BL
560 01F6 D0 EB        JNC    M19              ; ALREADY DONE
561 01F8 0C 20        OR    AL,20H           ; TURN ON PALETTE SELECT BIT
562 01FA EB FF        JMP    M19              ; GO DO IT
563 01FC
564
565 ; SET_COLOR ENDP
566 ;-----
567 ; VIDEO STATE
568 ; RETURNS THE CURRENT VIDEO STATE IN AX
569 ; AH = NUMBER OF COLUMNS ON THE SCREEN
570 ; AL = CURRENT VIDEO MODE
571 ; BH = CURRENT ACTIVE PAGE
    
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571
572 01FC
573 01FC 8A 26 004A R
574 0200 A0 0049 R
575 0203 8A 3E 0062 R
576 0207 5D
577 0208 5F
578 0209 5E
579 020A 59
580 020B E9 0149 R
581 020E
582
583
584
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588
589
590
591 020E
592 020E 53
593 020F 8B D8
594 0211 8A C4
595 0213 F6 26 004A R
596 0217 32 FF
597 0219 03 C3
598 021B D1 E0
599 021D 5B
600 021E C3
601 021F
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618 021F
619
620 021F E8 02FB R
621 0222 80 FC 04
622 0225 72 D8
623 0227 80 FC 07
624 022A 74 03
625 022C E9 04BA R
626
627 022F 53
628 0230 8B C1
629 0232 E8 026C R
630 0235 74 31
631 0237 03 F0
632 0239 8A E6
633 023B 2A E3
634 023D
635 023D E8 02AE R
636 0240 03 F5
637 0242 03 FD
638 0244 FE CC
639 0246 75 F5
640 0248
641 0248 58
642 0249 80 20
643 024B
644 024B E8 02B7 R
645 024E 03 FD
646 0250 FE CB
647 0252 75 FT
648 0254
649 0254 E8 0000 E
650 0256 80 3E 0049 R 07
651 025C 74 07
652 025E A0 0065 R
653 0261 8A 03D8
654 0264 EE
655 0265
656 0265 E9 0145 R
657 0268
658 0268 8A DE
659 026A EB DC
660 026C
661
662
663
664
665 026C E8 020E R
666 026F 03 06 004E R
667 0273 8B F8
668 0275 8B F0
669 0277 2B D1
670 0279 FE C6
671 027B FE C2
672 027D 32 ED
673 027F 8B 2E 004A R
674 0283 03 ED
675 0285 8A C3
676 0287 F6 26 004A R
677 028B 03 C0
678 028D 50
679 028E A0 0049 R
680 0291 06
681 0292 1F
682 0293 3C 02
683 0295 72 13
684 0297 3C 03
;-----
; VIDEO_STATE
; PROC NEAR
; AH, BYTE PTR @CRT_COLS ; GET NUMBER OF COLUMNS
; MOV AL, @CRT_MODE ; CURRENT MODE
; MOV BH, @ACTIVE_PAGE ; GET CURRENT ACTIVE PAGE
; POP BP ; RECOVER REGISTERS
; POP DI
; POP SI
; POP CX ; DISCARD SAVED BX
; JMP M15 ; RETURN TO CALLER
;-----
; VIDEO_STATE
; ENDP
;-----
; POSITION
; THIS SERVICE ROUTINE CALCULATES THE REGEN BUFFER ADDRESS
; OF A CHARACTER IN THE ALPHA MODE
; INPUT
; AX = ROW, COLUMN POSITION
; OUTPUT
; AX = OFFSET OF CHAR POSITION IN REGEN BUFFER
;-----
; POSITION PROC NEAR
; PUSH BX ; SAVE REGISTER
; MOV BX, AX
; MOV AL, AH ; ROWS TO AL
; MUL BYTE PTR @CRT_COLS ; DETERMINE BYTES TO ROW
; XOR BH, BH
; ADD AX, BX ; ADD IN COLUMN VALUE
; SAL AX, 1 ; * 2 FOR ATTRIBUTE BYTES
; POP BP
; RET
;-----
; POSITION ENDP
;-----
; SCROLL_UP
; THIS ROUTINE MOVES A BLOCK OF CHARACTERS UP
; ON THE SCREEN
; INPUT
; (AH) = CURRENT CRT MODE
; (AL) = NUMBER OF ROWS TO SCROLL
; (CX) = ROW/COLUMN OF UPPER LEFT CORNER
; (DX) = ROW/COLUMN OF LOWER RIGHT CORNER
; (BH) = ATTRIBUTE TO BE USED ON BLANKED LINE
; (DS) = DATA SEGMENT
; (ES) = REGEN BUFFER SEGMENT
; OUTPUT
; NONE -- THE REGEN BUFFER IS MODIFIED
;-----
; ASSUME DS:DATA, ES:DATA
; SCROLL_UP PROC NEAR
; CALL TEST_LINE_COUNT ; TEST FOR GRAPHICS MODE
; CMP AH, 4 ; HANDLE SEPARATELY
; JC N1 ; TEST FOR BW CARD
; JE N1
; JMP GRAPHICS_UP
;-----
; N1:
; PUSH BX ; UP CONTINUE
; MOV AX, CX ; SAVE FILL ATTRIBUTE IN BH
; CALL SCROLL_POSITION ; UPPER LEFT POSITION
; JZ N2 ; DO SETUP FOR SCROLL
; ADD SI, AX ; BLANK FIELD
; MOV AH, DH ; FROM ADDRESS
; SUB AH, BL ; # ROWS IN BLOCK
; ; # ROWS TO BE MOVED
; ; ROW LOOP
; ; MOVE ONE ROW
;-----
; N2:
; CALL N10
; ADD SI, BP
; ADD DI, BP
; DEC AH
; JNZ N2
; ; POINT TO NEXT LINE IN BLOCK
; ; COUNT OF LINES TO MOVE
; ; ROW LOOP
; ; CLEAR ENTRY
; ; RECOVER ATTRIBUTE IN AH
; ; FILL WITH BLANKS
; ; CLEAR LOOP
; ; CLEAR THE ROW
; ; POINT TO NEXT LINE
; ; COUNTER OF LINES TO SCROLL
; ; CLEAR LOOP
; ; SCROLL_END
;-----
; N3:
; POP AX
; MOV AL, ' '
;-----
; N4:
; CALL N11
; ADD DI, BP
; DEC BL
; JNZ N4
; ; POINT TO NEXT LINE
; ; COUNTER OF LINES TO SCROLL
; ; CLEAR LOOP
; ; SCROLL_END
;-----
; N5:
; CALL DDS
; CMP @CRT_MODE, 7
; JE N6
; MOV AL, @CRT_MODE_SET
; MOV DX, 03D8H
; OUT DX, AL
; ; IS THIS THE BLACK AND WHITE CARD
; ; IF SO, SKIP THE MODE RESET
; ; GET THE VALUE OF THE MODE SET
; ; ALWAYS SET COLOR CARD PORT
;-----
; N6:
; JMP VIDEO_RETURN
; ; VIDEO_RET_HERE
;-----
; N7:
; MOV BL, DH
; MOV N3
; JMP
; ; BLANK FIELD
; ; GET ROW COUNT
; ; GO CLEAR THAT AREA
;-----
; SCROLL_UP ENDP
;-----
; HANDLE COMMON SCROLL SET UP HERE
;-----
; SCROLL_POSITION PROC NEAR
; CALL POSITION
; ; CONVERT TO REGEN POINTER
; ; OFFSET OF ACTIVE PAGE
; ADD AX, @CRT_START
; MOV DI, AX
; MOV SI, AX
; SUB DX, CX
; INC DH
; INC DL
; XOR CH, CH
; MOV BP, @CRT_COLS
; ADD BP, BP
; MOV AL, BL
; MUL BYTE PTR @CRT_COLS
; ADD AX, AX
; ; INCREMENT FOR 0 ORIGIN
; ; SET HIGH BYTE OF COUNT TO ZERO
; ; GET NUMBER OF COLUMNS IN DISPLAY
; ; TIMES 2 FOR ATTRIBUTE BYTE
; ; GET LINE COUNT
; ; DETERMINE OFFSET TO FROM ADDRESS
; ; * 2 FOR ATTRIBUTE BYTE
; ; SAVE LINE COUNT
; PUSH AX
; MOV AL, @CRT_MODE
; PUSH ES
; POP DS
; MOV AL, 2
; CMP N9
; ; ESTABLISH ADDRESSING TO REGEN BUFFER
; ; FOR BOTH POINTERS
; ; TEST FOR COLOR CARD SPECIAL CASES HERE
; ; HAVE TO HANDLE BOX25 SEPARATELY
;-----

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685 0299 77 0F          J      A      N9
686                    I----- JA      N9
687 029B 52            PUSH   DX          ; 80X25 COLOR CARD SCROLL
688 029C BA 03DA      MOV    DX,3DAH      ; GUARANTEED TO BE COLOR CARD HERE
689 029F              N8:    MOV    DX,3DAH      ; WAIT_DISP_ENABLE
690 029F EC          IN     AL,DX        ; GET PORT
691 02A0 A8 08      TEST   AL,RVRT     ; WAIT FOR VERTICAL RETRACE
692 02A2 74 FB      JZ    N8           ; WAIT_DISP_ENABLE
693 02A4 B0 25      MOV    AL,25H     ;
694 02A6 B2 D8      MOV    DL,0DBH   ; ADDRESS CONTROL PORT
695 02A8 EE          OUT   DX,AL       ; TURN OFF VIDEO DURING VERTICAL RETRACE
696 02A9 5A          POP    DX
697 02AA              N9:    POP    AX
698 02AA 58          OR     BL,BL     ; RESTORE LINE COUNT
699 02AB 0A DB      RET                     ; 0 SCROLL MEANS BLANK FIELD
700 02AD C3          SCROLL_POSITION ENDP
701 02AE
702
703 I----- MOVE_ROW
704 02AE              N10:   PROC    NEAR
705 02AE 8A CA      MOV    CL,DL      ; GET # OF COLS TO MOVE
706 02B0 56          PUSH   SI
707 02B1 57          PUSH   DI
708 02B2 F3/ A5     REP    MOVSW      ; SAVE START ADDRESS
709 02B4 5F          POP    DI         ; MOVE THAT LINE ON SCREEN
710 02B5 5E          POP    SI         ; RECOVER ADDRESSES
711 02B6 C3          RET
712 02B7              N10:   ENDP
713
714 I----- CLEAR_ROW
715 02B7              N11:   PROC    NEAR
716 02B7 8A CA      MOV    CL,DL      ; GET # COLUMNS TO CLEAR
717 02B9 57          PUSH   DI
718 02BA F3/ AB     REP    STOSW     ; STORE THE FILL CHARACTER
719 02BC 5F          POP    DI
720 02BD C3          RET
721 02BE              N11:   ENDP
722
723 I----- SCROLL_DOWN
724                    ; THIS ROUTINE MOVES THE CHARACTERS WITHIN A DEFINED
725                    ; BLOCK DOWN ON THE SCREEN, FILLING THE TOP LINES
726                    ; WITH A DEFINED CHARACTER
727                    ; INPUT
728                    ; (AH) = CURRENT CRT MODE
729                    ; (AL) = NUMBER OF LINES TO SCROLL
730                    ; (CX) = UPPER LEFT CORNER OF REGION
731                    ; (DX) = LOWER RIGHT CORNER OF REGION
732                    ; (BH) = FILL CHARACTER
733                    ; (DS) = DATA SEGMENT
734                    ; (ES) = REGEN SEGMENT
735                    ; OUTPUT
736                    ; NONE -- SCREEN IS SCROLLED
737
738 02BE              SCROLL_DOWN PROC NEAR
739 02BF FD          STD                     ; DIRECTION FOR SCROLL DOWN
740 02BF E8 02FB R    CALL  TEST_LINE_COUNT ;
741 02C2 80 FC 04    CMP    AH,A4          ; TEST FOR GRAPHICS
742 02C5 72 08      JC     N12            ;
743 02C7 80 FC 07    CMP    AH,7          ; TEST FOR BW CARD
744 02CA 74 03      JE     N12            ;
745 02CC E9 0511 R  JMP    GRAPHICS_DOWN ;
746 02CF              N12:   ; CONTINUE DOWN
747 02CF 53          PUSH   BX            ; SAVE ATTRIBUTE IN BH
748 02D0 B8 C2      MOV    AX,DX        ; LOWER RIGHT CORNER
749 02D2 E8 026C R  CALL  SCROLL_POSITION ; GET REGEN LOCATION
750 02D5 74 20      JZ    N16            ;
751 02D7 2B F0      SUB    SI,AX        ; SI IS FROM ADDRESS
752 02D9 8A E6      MOV    AH,DH        ; GET TOTAL # ROWS
753 02DB 2A E3      SUB    AH,BL        ; COUNT TO MOVE IN SCROLL
754 02DD              N13:   ; MOVE ONE ROW
755 02DD E8 02AE R  CALL  N10            ;
756 02E0 2B F5      SUB    SI,BP        ;
757 02E2 2B FD      SUB    DI,BP        ;
758 02E4 FE CC      DEC    AH            ;
759 02E6 75 F5      JNZ   N13            ;
760 02E8              N14:   ; RECOVER ATTRIBUTE IN AH
761 02E8 58          POP    AX            ;
762 02E9 B0 20      MOV    AL,' '       ;
763 02EB              N15:   ; CLEAR ONE ROW
764 02EB E8 02B7 R  CALL  N11            ; GO TO NEXT ROW
765 02EE 2B FD      SUB    DI,BP        ;
766 02F0 FE CB      DEC    BL            ;
767 02F2 75 F7      JNZ   N15            ;
768 02F4 E9 0254 R  JMP    SCROLL_DOWN ;
769 02F7              N16:   ;
770 02F7 8A DE      MOV    BL,DH        ;
771 02F9 EB ED      JMP    N14          ;
772 02FB              SCROLL_DOWN ENDP
773
774 I----- IF AMOUNT OF LINES TO BE SCROLLED = AMOUNT OF LINES IN WINDOW
775                    THEN ADJUST AL; ELSE RETURN;
776
777 02FB              TEST_LINE_COUNT PROC NEAR
778
779 02FB 8A D8      MOV    BL,AL        ; SAVE LINE COUNT IN BL
780 02FD 0A C0      OR     AL,AL        ; TEST IF AL IS ALREADY ZERO
781 02FF 74 0E      JZ    BL_SET       ; IF IT IS THEN RETURN...
782 0301 50          PUSH   AX            ; SAVE AX
783 0302 8A C6      MOV    AL,DH        ; SUBTRACT LOWER ROW FROM UPPER ROW
784 0304 2A C5      SUB    AL,CH        ;
785 0306 FE C0      INC    AL           ; ADJUST DIFFERENCE BY 1
786 0308 3A C3      CMP    AL,BL        ; LINE COUNT = AMOUNT OF ROWS IN WINDOW?
787 030A 58          POP    AX            ; RESTORE AX
788 030B 75 02      JNE   BL_SET       ; IF NOT THEN WE'RE ALL SET
789 030D 2A DB      SUB    BL,BL        ; OTHERWISE SET BL TO ZERO
790 030F              BL_SET: ;
791 030F C3          RET
792 0310              TEST_LINE_COUNT ENDP
    
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SECTION 5

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793 PAGE
794 -----
795 ; READ_AC_CURRENT PROC NEAR
796 ; THIS ROUTINE READS THE ATTRIBUTE AND CHARACTER AT THE CURRENT
797 ; CURSOR POSITION AND RETURNS THEM TO THE CALLER
798 ;
799 ; INPUT
800 ; (AH) = CURRENT CRT MODE
801 ; (BH) = DISPLAY PAGE ( ALPHA MODES ONLY )
802 ; (DS) = DATA SEGMENT
803 ; (ES) = REGEN SEGMENT
804 ;
805 ; OUTPUT
806 ; (AL) = CHARACTER READ
807 ; (AH) = ATTRIBUTE READ
808 -----
809 ; ASSUME DS:DATA,ES:DATA
810
811 READ_AC_CURRENT PROC NEAR
812     CMP AH,4
813     JC P10 ; IS THIS GRAPHICS
814     CMP AH,7
815     JE P10 ; IS THIS BW CARD
816     JMP GRAPHICS_READ
817
818 P10: CALL FIND_POSITION ; READ AC CONTINUE
819     MOV SI,DI ; GET REGEN LOCATION AND PORT ADDRESS
820     PUSH ES ; ESTABLISH ADDRESSING IN SI
821     POP DS ; GET REGEN SEGMENT FOR QUICK ACCESS
822
823 ;----- WAIT FOR HORIZONTAL RETRACE OR VERTICAL RETRACE IF COLOR 80
824
825     OR BL,BL ; CHECK MODE FLAG FOR COLOR CARD IN 80
826     JNZ P11 ; ELSE SKIP RETRACE WAIT - DO FAST READ
827     ; WAIT FOR HORIZ RETRACE LOW OR VERTICAL
828     STI ; ENABLE INTERRUPTS FIRST
829     NOP ; ALLOW FOR SMALL INTERRUPT WINDOW
830     CLI ; BLOCK INTERRUPTS FOR SINGLE LOOP
831     IN AL,DX ; GET STATUS FROM THE ADAPTER
832     TEST AL,RHRZ ; IS HORIZONTAL RETRACE LOW
833     JNZ P11 ; WAIT UNTIL IT IS
834     ; NOW WAIT FOR EITHER RETRACE HIGH
835     IN AL,DX ; GET STATUS
836     TEST AL,RVRT+RHRZ ; IS HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL RETRACE HIGH
837     JZ P12 ; WAIT UNTIL EITHER IS ACTIVE
838
839 P12: ;
840     LODSW VIDEO_RETURN ; GET THE CHARACTER AND ATTRIBUTE
841     JMP ENDP ; EXIT WITH (AX)
842
843 READ_AC_CURRENT ENDP
844
845 FIND_POSITION PROC NEAR
846     XCHG AH,BL ; SETUP FOR BUFFER READ OR WRITE
847     MOV BP,AX ; SWAP MODE TYPE WITH ATTRIBUTE
848     SUB BL,2 ; SAVE CHARACTER/ATTR IN (BP) REGISTER
849     SHR BL,1 ; CONVERT DISPLAY MODE TYPE TO A
850     MOV SI,BX ; ZERO VALUE FOR COLOR IN 80 COLUMN
851     MOV BL,BH ; AND SAVE (2 OR 3 --> ZERO)
852     XOR BH,BH ; MOVE DISPLAY PAGE TO LOW BYTE
853     MOV DI,BX ; CLEAR HIGH BYTE OF COUNT/BYTE OFFSET
854     SAL DI,1 ; MOVE DISPLAY PAGE (COUNT) TO WORK REG
855     MOV AX,[DI+OFFSET @CURSOR_POSN] ; TIMES 2 FOR WORD OFFSET
856     JZ P20 ; GET ROW/COLUMN OF THAT PAGE
857     ; SKIP BUFFER ADJUSTMENT IF PAGE ZERO
858     XOR DI,DI ; ELSE SET BUFFER START ADDRESS TO ZERO
859
860 P20: ADD DI,@CRT_LEN ; ADD LENGTH OF BUFFER FOR ONE PAGE
861     DEC BX ; DECREMENT PAGE COUNT
862     JNZ P20 ; LOOP TILL PAGE COUNT EXHAUSTED
863
864 P21: CALL POSITION ; DETERMINE LOCATION IN REGEN IN PAGE
865     ADD DI,AX ; ADD LOCATION TO START OF REGEN PAGE
866     MOV DX,@ADDR_6845 ; GET BASE ADDRESS OF ACTIVE DISPLAY
867     ADD DX,6 ; POINT AT STATUS PORT
868     MOV BX,SI ; RECOVER CONVERTED MODE TYPE IN (BL)
869     RET ; BP= ATTRIBUTE/CHARACTER (FROM BL/AL)
870 ; D1= POSITION (OFFSET IN REGEN BUFFER)
871 ; DX= STATUS PORT ADDRESS OF ADAPTER
872     ; BL= MODE FLAG (ZERO FOR 80X25 COLOR)
873
874 FIND_POSITION ENDP

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873 PAGE
874 -----
875 ; WRITE_AC_CURRENT
876 ; THIS ROUTINE WRITES THE ATTRIBUTE AND CHARACTER
877 ; AT THE CURRENT CURSOR POSITION
878 ; INPUT
879 ; (AH) = CURRENT CRT MODE
880 ; (BH) = DISPLAY PAGE
881 ; (CX) = COUNT OF CHARACTERS TO WRITE
882 ; (AL) = CHAR TO WRITE
883 ; (BL) = ATTRIBUTE OF CHAR TO WRITE
884 ; (DS) = DATA SEGMENT
885 ; (ES) = REGEN SEGMENT
886 ; OUTPUT
887 ; DISPLAY REGEN BUFFER UPDATED
888 -----
889
890 036A WRITE_AC_CURRENT PROC NEAR
891 036A 80 FC 04 CMP AH,4 ; IS THIS GRAPHICS
892 036D 72 08 JC P30
893 036F 80 FC 07 CMP AH,7 ; IS THIS BW CARD
894 0372 74 03 JE P30
895 0374 E9 0599 R JMP GRAPHICS_WRITE
896 0377 P30: CALL FIND_POSITION ; WRITE_AC_CONTINUE
897 0377 E8 0339 R ; GET REGEN LOCATION AND PORT ADDRESS
898 ; ADDRESS IN (DI) REGISTER
899 037A 0A DB OR BL,BL ; CHECK MODE FLAG FOR COLOR CARD AT 80
900 037C 74 06 JC P32 ; SKIP TO RETRACE WAIT IF COLOR AT 80
901
902 037E 95 XCHG AX,BP ; GET THE ATTR/CHAR SAVED FOR FAST WRITE
903 037F F3/ AB REP STOSW ; STRING WRITE THE ATTRIBUTE & CHARACTER
904 0381 EB 16 JMP SHORT P35 ; EXIT FAST WRITE ROUTINE
905
906 1----- WAIT FOR HORIZONTAL RETRACE OR VERTICAL RETRACE IF COLOR 80
907
908 0383 P31: XCHG BP,AX ; LOOP FOR EACH ATTR/CHAR WRITE
909 0383 95 ; PLACE ATTR/CHAR BACK IN SAVE REGISTER
910 0384 P32: STI ; WAIT FOR HORZ RETRACE LOW OR VERTICAL
911 0384 FB ; ENABLE INTERRUPTS FIRST
912 0385 90 NOP ; ALLOW FOR INTERRUPT WINDOW
913 0386 FA CLJ ; BLOCK INTERRUPTS FOR SINGLE LOOP
914 0387 EC IN AL,DX ; GET STATUS FROM THE ADAPTER
915 0388 A8 08 TEST AL,RVRT ; CHECK FOR VERTICAL RETRACE FIRST
916 038A 75 09 JNZ P34 ; DO FAST WRITE NOW IF VERTICAL RETRACE
917 038C A8 01 TEST AL,RHRZ ; IS HORIZONTAL RETRACE LOW THEN
918 038E 75 F4 JNZ P32 ; WAIT UNTIL IT IS
919 0390 P33: IN AL,DX ; WAIT FOR EITHER RETRACE HIGH
920 0390 EC ; GET STATUS AGAIN
921 0391 A8 09 TEST AL,RVRT+RHRZ ; IS HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL RETRACE HIGH
922 0393 74 FB JZ P33 ; WAIT UNTIL EITHER IS ACTIVE
923 0395 P34: XCHG AX,BP ; GET THE ATTR/CHAR SAVED IN (BP)
924 0395 95 ; WRITE THE ATTRIBUTE AND CHARACTER
925 0396 AB REP STOSW ; AS MANY TIMES AS REQUESTED - TILL CX=0
926 0397 E2 EA LOOP P31
927 0399 P35: JMP VIDEO_RETURN ; EXIT
928 0399 E9 0145 R
929
930 039C WRITE_AC_CURRENT ENDP
931
932
933 ; WRITE_C_CURRENT
934 ; THIS ROUTINE WRITES THE CHARACTER AT
935 ; THE CURRENT CURSOR POSITION, ATTRIBUTE UNCHANGED
936 ; INPUT
937 ; (AH) = CURRENT CRT MODE
938 ; (BH) = DISPLAY PAGE
939 ; (CX) = COUNT OF CHARACTERS TO WRITE
940 ; (AL) = CHAR TO WRITE
941 ; (DS) = DATA SEGMENT
942 ; (ES) = REGEN SEGMENT
943 ; OUTPUT
944 ; DISPLAY REGEN BUFFER UPDATED
945 -----
946
947 039C WRITE_C_CURRENT PROC NEAR
948 039C 80 FC 04 CMP AH,4 ; IS THIS GRAPHICS
949 039F 72 08 JC P40
950 03A1 80 FC 07 CMP AH,7 ; IS THIS BW CARD
951 03A4 74 03 JE P40
952 03A6 E9 0599 R JMP GRAPHICS_WRITE
953 03A9 P40: CALL FIND_POSITION ; GET REGEN LOCATION AND PORT ADDRESS
954 03A9 E8 0339 R ; ADDRESS OF LOCATION IN (DI)
955
956 1----- WAIT FOR HORIZONTAL RETRACE OR VERTICAL RETRACE IF COLOR 80
957
958 03AC P41: XCHG BP,AX ; WAIT FOR HORZ RETRACE LOW OR VERTICAL
959 03AC FB ; ENABLE INTERRUPTS FIRST
960 03AC FB ; CHECK MODE FLAG FOR COLOR CARD IN 80
961 03AD 0A DB OR BL,BL ; ELSE SKIP RETRACE WAIT - DO FAST WRITE
962 03AF 75 0F JNZ P43 ; BLOCK INTERRUPTS FOR SINGLE LOOP
963 03B1 FA CLJ ; WAIT FOR VERTICAL RETRACE FIRST
964 03B2 EC IN AL,DX ; GET STATUS FROM THE ADAPTER
965 03B3 A8 08 TEST AL,RVRT ; CHECK FOR VERTICAL RETRACE FIRST
966 03B5 75 09 JNZ P43 ; DO FAST WRITE NOW IF VERTICAL RETRACE
967 03B7 A8 01 TEST AL,RHRZ ; IS HORIZONTAL RETRACE LOW THEN
968 03B9 75 F1 JNZ P41 ; WAIT UNTIL IT IS
969 03BB P42: IN AL,DX ; WAIT FOR EITHER RETRACE HIGH
970 03BB EC ; GET STATUS AGAIN
971 03BC A8 09 TEST AL,RVRT+RHRZ ; IS HORIZONTAL OR VERTICAL RETRACE HIGH
972 03BE 74 FB JZ P42 ; WAIT UNTIL EITHER RETRACE ACTIVE
973 03C0 P43: MOV AX,BP ; GET THE CHARACTER SAVE IN (BP)
974 03C0 BB STOSB ; PUT THE CHARACTER INTO REGEN BUFFER
975 03C2 AA INC DI ; BUMP POINTER PAST ATTRIBUTE
976 03C3 47 LOOP P41 ; AS MANY TIMES AS REQUESTED
977 03C4 E2 E6
978
979 03C6 E9 0145 R JMP VIDEO_RETURN
980
981 03C9 WRITE_C_CURRENT ENDP
    
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982 PAGE
983 -----
984 | WRITE_STRING
985 | THIS ROUTINE WRITES A STRING OF CHARACTERS TO THE CRT.
986 | INPUT
987 | (AL) = WRITE STRING COMMAND 0 - 3
988 | (BH) = DISPLAY PAGE
989 | (CX) = COUNT OF CHARACTERS TO WRITE, IF (CX) = 0 THEN RETURN
990 | (DX) = CURSOR POSITION FOR START OF STRING WRITE
991 | (BL) = ATTRIBUTE OF CHARACTER TO WRITE IF (AL) = 0 OR (AL) = 1
992 | (ES) = SOURCE STRING SEGMENT
993 | (BP) = SOURCE STRING OFFSET
994 | OUTPUT
995 | NONE
996 -----
997 03C9 PROC NEAR
998 03C9 3C 04 CMP AL,04 ; TEST FOR INVALID WRITE STRING OPTION
999 03CB 73 7C JNB P59 ; IF OPTION INVALID THEN RETURN
1000 03CD E3 7A JCXZ P59 ; IF ZERO LENGTH STRING THEN RETURN
1001
1002 03CF 8B F3 MOV SI,BX ; GET CURRENT CURSOR PAGE
1003 03D1 C1 EE 08 SHR SI,8 ; CLEAR HIGH BYTE
1004 03D4 D1 E6 SAL SI,1 ; CONVERT TO PAGE OFFSET (SI= PAGE)
1005 03D6 FF B4 0050 R PUSH AX,[SI+OFFSET @CURSOR_POSN] ; SAVE CURRENT CURSOR POSITION IN STACK
1006 03DA 50 PUSH AX ; SAVE WRITE STRING OPTION
1007 03DB B8 0200 MOV AX,0200H ; SET NEW CURSOR POSITION
1008 03DE CD 10 INT 10H
1009 03E0 58 POP AX ; RESTORE WRITE STRING OPTION
1010 03E1
P50:
1011 03E1 51 PUSH CX
1012 03E2 53 PUSH BX
1013 03E3 50 PUSH AX
1014 03E4 86 E0 XCHG AH,AL ; PUT THE WRITE STRING OPTION INTO (AH)
1015 03E6 26 8A 46 00 MOV AL,ES:[BP] ; GET CHARACTER FROM INPUT STRING
1016 03EA 45 INC BP ; BUMP POINTER TO CHARACTER
1017
1018 |----- TEST FOR SPECIAL CHARACTER'S
1019
1020 03EB 3C 08 CMP AL,08H ; IS IT A BACKSPACE
1021 03ED 74 0C JE P51 ; BACK SPACE
1022 03EF 3C 0D CMP AL,CR ; IS IT CARRIAGE RETURN
1023 03F1 74 08 JE P51 ; CAR RET
1024 03F3 3C 0A CMP AL,LF ; IS IT A LINE FEED
1025 03F5 74 04 JE P51 ; LINE FEED
1026 03F7 3C 07 CMP AL,07H ; IS IT A BELL
1027 03F9 75 0D JNE P52 ; IF NOT THEN DO WRITE CHARACTER
P51:
1029 03FB B4 0E MOV AH,0EH ; TTY CHARACTER WRITE
1030 03FD CD 10 INT 10H ; WRITE TTY CHARACTER TO THE CRT
1031 03FF BB 94 0050 R MOV DX,[SI+OFFSET @CURSOR_POSN] ; RESTORE CURSOR POSITION
1032 0403 58 POP AX ; RESTORE REGISTERS
1033 0404 5B POP BX
1034 0405 59 POP CX
1035 0406 EB 2E JMP SHORT P54 ; GO SET CURSOR POSITION AND CONTINUE
P52:
1037 0408 B9 0001 MOV CX,1 ; SET CHARACTER WRITE AMOUNT TO ONE
1038 040B 80 FC 02 CMP AH,2 ; IS THE ATTRIBUTE IN THE STRING
1039 040E 72 05 JB P53 ; IF NOT THEN SKIP
1040 0410 26 8A 5E 00 MOV BL,ES:[BP] ; ELSE GET NEW ATTRIBUTE
1041 0414 45 INC BP ; BUMP STRING POINTER
P53:
1042 0415
1043 0415 B4 09 MOV AH,09H ; GOT CHARACTER
1044 0417 CD 10 INT 10H ; WRITE CHARACTER TO THE CRT
1045 0419 58 POP AX ; RESTORE REGISTERS
1046 041A 5B POP BX
1047 041B 59 POP CX
1048 041C FE C2 INC DL ; INCREMENT COLUMN COUNTER
1049 041E 3A 16 004A R CMP P4,BYTE PTR @CRT_COLS ; IF COLS ARE WITHIN RANGE FOR THIS MODE
1050 0422 72 12 JB P54 ; THEN GO TO COLUMNS SET
1051 0424 FE C6 INC DH ; BUMP ROW COUNTER BY ONE
1052 0426 2A D2 SUB DL,DL ; SET COLUMN COUNTER TO ZERO
1053 0428 80 FE 19 CMP DH,25 ; IF ROWS ARE LESS THAN 25 THEN
1054 042B 72 09 JB P54 ; GO TO ROWS_COLUMNS_SET
1055
1056 042D 50 PUSH AX ; ELSE SCROLL SCREEN
1057 042E B8 0E0A MOV AX,0E0AH ; DO SCROLL ONE LINE
1058 0431 CD 10 INT 10H ; RESET ROW COUNTER TO 24
1059 0433 FE CE DEC DH
1060 0435 58 POP AX ; RESTORE REGISTERS
P54:
1061 0436 ; ROW_COLUMNS_SET
1062 0436 50 PUSH AX ; SAVE WRITE STRING OPTION
1063 0437 B8 0200 MOV AX,0200H ; SET NEW CURSOR POSITION COMMAND
1064 043A CD 10 INT 10H ; ESTABLISH NEW CURSOR POSITION
1065 043C 58 POP AX
1066 043D E2 A2 LOOP P50 ; DO IT ONCE MORE UNTIL (CX) = ZERO
1067
1068 043F 5A POP DX ; RESTORE OLD CURSOR COORDINATES
1069 0440 A8 01 TEST AL,01H ; IF CURSOR WAS NOT TO BE MOVED THEN
1070 0442 75 05 JNZ P59 ; THEN EXIT WITHOUT RESETTING OLD VALUE
1071 0444 B8 0200 MOV AX,0200H ; ELSE RESTORE OLD CURSOR POSITION
1072 0447 CD 10 INT 10H
P59:
1073 0449 JMP VIDEO_RETURN ; DONE - EXIT WRITE STRING
1074 0449 E9 0145 R ; RETURN TO CALLER
1075
1076 044C WRITE_STRING ENDP

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1077 PAGE
1078 -----
1079 ; READ DOT -- WRITE DOT
1080 ; THESE ROUTINES WILL WRITE A DOT, OR READ THE
1081 ; DOT AT THE INDICATED LOCATION
1082 ; ENTRY --
1083 ; DX = ROW (0-199) (THE ACTUAL VALUE DEPENDS ON THE MODE)
1084 ; CX = COLUMN (0-639) (THE VALUES ARE NOT RANGE CHECKED)
1085 ; AL = DOT VALUE TO WRITE (1,2 OR 4 BITS DEPENDING ON MODE,
1086 ; REQUIRED FOR WRITE DOT ONLY, RIGHT JUSTIFIED)
1087 ; BIT 7 OF AL = 1 INDICATES XOR THE VALUE INTO THE LOCATION
1088 ; DS = DATA SEGMENT
1089 ; ES = REGEN SEGMENT
1090 ;
1091 ; EXIT
1092 ; AL = DOT VALUE READ, RIGHT JUSTIFIED, READ ONLY
1093 -----
1094 ASSUME DS:DATA,ES:DATA
1095 READ_DOT PROC NEAR
1096 CALL ; DETERMINE BYTE POSITION OF DOT
1097 MOV AL,ES:[SI] ; GET THE BYTE
1098 AND AL,AH ; MASK OFF THE OTHER BITS IN THE BYTE
1099 SHL AL,CL ; LEFT JUSTIFY THE VALUE
1100 MOV CL,DH ; GET NUMBER OF BITS IN RESULT
1101 ROL AL,CL ; LEFT JUSTIFY THE RESULT
1102 JMP VIDEO_RETURN ; RETURN FROM VIDEO I/O
1103 ENDP
1104
1105 WRITE_DOT PROC NEAR
1106 PUSH AX ; SAVE DOT VALUE
1107 PUSH AX ; TWICE
1108 CALL R3 ; DETERMINE BYTE POSITION OF THE DOT
1109 SHL AL,CL ; SHIFT TO SET UP THE BITS FOR OUTPUT
1110 AND AL,AH ; STRIP OFF THE OTHER BITS
1111 MOV ES:[SI] ; GET THE CURRENT BYTE
1112 POP BX ; RECOVER XOR FLAG
1113 TEST BL,80H ; IS IT ON
1114 JNZ R4 ; YES, XOR THE DOT
1115 NOT AH ; SET MASK TO REMOVE THE INDICATED BITS
1116 AND CL,AH ; OR IN THE NEW VALUE OF THOSE BITS
1117 OR AL,CL
1118
1119 MOV ES:[SI],AL ; FINISH DOT
1120 POP AX ; RESTORE THE BYTE IN MEMORY
1121 JMP VIDEO_RETURN ; RETURN FROM VIDEO I/O
1122 ENDP
1123 XOR AL,CL ; XOR DOT
1124 JMP R1 ; EXCLUSIVE OR THE DOTS
1125 ENDP ; FINISH UP THE WRITING
1126
1127 ; THIS SUBROUTINE DETERMINES THE REGEN BYTE LOCATION OF THE
1128 ; INDICATED ROW COLUMN VALUE IN GRAPHICS MODE.
1129 ; ENTRY --
1130 ; DX = ROW VALUE (0-199)
1131 ; CX = COLUMN VALUE (0-639)
1132 ; EXIT --
1133 ; SI = OFFSET INTO REGEN BUFFER FOR BYTE OF INTEREST
1134 ; AH = MASK TO STRIP OFF THE BITS OF INTEREST
1135 ; CL = BITS TO SHIFT TO RIGHT JUSTIFY THE MASK IN AH
1136 ; DH = # BITS IN RESULT
1137 ; BX = MODIFIED
1138 -----
1139 R3 PROC NEAR
1140
1141 ;----- DETERMINE 1ST BYTE IN INDICATED ROW BY MULTIPLYING ROW VALUE BY 40
1142 ; ( LOW BIT OF ROW DETERMINES EVEN/ODD, 80 BYTES/ROW )
1143
1144 XCHG AX,BX ; WILL SAVE AL AND AH DURING OPERATION
1145 MOV AL,40
1146 MUL DL ; AX= ADDRESS OF START OF INDICATED ROW
1147 TEST AL,008H ; TEST FOR EVEN/ODD ROW CALCULATED
1148 JZ R4 ; JUMP IF EVEN ROW
1149 ADD AX,2000H-40 ; OFFSET TO LOCATION OF ODD ROWS ADJUST
1150
1151 R4: ; EVEN ROW
1152 XCHG SI,AX ; MOVE POINTER TO SI
1153 XCHG AX,BX ; RECOVER AL AND AH VALUES
1154 MOV DX,CX ; COLUMN VALUE TO DX
1155
1156 ;----- DETERMINE GRAPHICS MODE CURRENTLY IN EFFECT
1157 ; SET UP THE REGISTERS ACCORDING TO THE MODE
1158 ; CH = MASK FOR LOW OF COLUMN ADDRESS ( 7/3 FOR HIGH/MED RES )
1159 ; CL = # OF ADDRESS BITS IN COLUMN VALUE ( 3/2 FOR H/M )
1160 ; BL = MASK TO SELECT BITS FROM POINTED BYTE ( 80H/COH FOR H/M )
1161 ; BH = NUMBER OF VALID BITS IN POINTED BYTE ( 1/2 FOR H/M )
1162
1163 MOV BX,2COH
1164 MOV CX,302H ; SET PARMS FOR MED RES
1165 CMP CRT_MODE,6
1166 JNC R5 ; HANDLE IF MED RES
1167 MOV BX,180H
1168 MOV CX,703H ; SET PARMS FOR HIGH RES
1169
1170
1171 R5: DETERMINE BIT OFFSET IN BYTE FROM COLUMN MASK
1172 AND CH,DL ; ADDRESS OF PEL WITHIN BYTE TO CH
1173
1174 ;----- DETERMINE BYTE OFFSET FOR THIS LOCATION IN COLUMN
1175
1176 SHR DX,CL ; SHIFT BY CORRECT AMOUNT
1177 ADD SI,DX ; INCREMENT THE POINTER
1178 MOV DH,BH ; GET THE # OF BITS IN RESULT TO DH
1179
1180 ;----- MULTIPLY BH (VALID BITS IN BYTE) BY CH (BIT OFFSET)
1181
1182 SUB CL,CL ; ZERO INTO STORAGE LOCATION
1183
1184 R6:
1185 ROR AL,1 ; LEFT JUSTIFY VALUE IN AL (FOR WRITE)
1186 ADD SI,CH ; ADD IN THE BIT OFFSET VALUE
1187 DEC BH ; LOOP CONTROL
1188 JNZ R6 ; ON EXIT, CL HAS COUNT TO RESTORE BITS
1189 MOV AH,BL ; GET MASK TO AH
1190 SHR AH,CL ; MOVE THE MASK TO CORRECT LOCATION
1191 RET ; RETURN WITH EVERYTHING SET UP

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SECTION 5

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1191 04BA          R3          ENDP
1192
1193             ;-----
1194             ; SCROLL UP
1195             ; THIS ROUTINE SCROLLS UP THE INFORMATION ON THE CRT
1196             ; ENTRY --
1197             ; CH,CL = UPPER LEFT CORNER OF REGION TO SCROLL
1198             ; DH,DL = LOWER RIGHT CORNER OF REGION TO SCROLL
1199             ; BOTH OF THE ABOVE ARE IN CHARACTER POSITIONS
1200             ; BH = FILL VALUE FOR BLANKED LINES
1201             ; AL = # LINES TO SCROLL (AL=0 MEANS BLANK THE ENTIRE FIELD)
1202             ; DS = DATA SEGMENT
1203             ; ES = REGEN SEGMENT
1204             ; EXIT --
1205             ; NOTHING, THE SCREEN IS SCROLLED
1206
1207 04BA          GRAPHICS_UP   PROC          NEAR
1208 04BA 8A D8      MOV          BL,AL          ; SAVE LINE COUNT IN BL
1209 04BC 8B C1      MOV          AX,CX          ; GET UPPER LEFT POSITION INTO AX REG
1210
1211             ;----- USE CHARACTER SUBROUTINE FOR POSITIONING
1212             ;----- ADDRESS RETURNED IS MULTIPLIED BY 2 FROM CORRECT VALUE
1213 04BE E8 06F8 R CALL          GRAPH_POSN
1214 04C1 8B F8      MOV          DI,AX          ; SAVE RESULT AS DESTINATION ADDRESS
1215
1216             ;----- DETERMINE SIZE OF WINDOW
1217
1218 04C3 2B D1      SUB          DX,CX          ; ADJUST VALUES
1219 04C5 81 C2 0101 ADD          DX,101H        ; MULTIPLY ROWS BY 4 AT 8 VERT DOTS/CHAR
1220 04C9 C0 E6 02  SAL          DH,2          ; AND EVEN/ODD ROWS
1221
1222             ;----- DETERMINE CRT MODE
1223
1224 04CC 80 3E 0049 R 06 CMP          CRT_MODE,6    ; TEST FOR MEDIUM RES
1225 04D1 73 04      JNC          R7            ; FIND_SOURCE
1226
1227             ;----- MEDIUM RES UP
1228 04D3 D0 E2      SAL          DL,1          ; # COLUMNS * 2, SINCE 2 BYTES/CHAR
1229 04D5 D1 E7      SAL          DI,1          ; OFFSET *2 SINCE 2 BYTES/CHAR
1230
1231             ;----- DETERMINE THE SOURCE ADDRESS IN THE BUFFER
1232 04D7             R7:          ; FIND_SOURCE
1233 04D7 06         POP          DS            ; GET SEGMENTS BOTH POINTING TO REGEN
1234 04D8 1F         SUB          CH,CH        ; ZERO TO HIGH OF COUNT REGISTER
1235 04D9 2A ED      SAL          BL,2          ; MULTIPLY NUMBER OF LINES BY 4
1236 04DB C0 E3 02  JZ          R11          ; IF ZERO, THEN BLANK ENTIRE FIELD
1237 04DE 74 2D      MOV          AL,BL        ; GET NUMBER OF LINES IN AL
1238 04E0 8A C3      MOV          AH,80        ; 80 BYTES/ROW
1239 04E2 B4 50      MUL          AH,80        ; DETERMINE OFFSET TO SOURCE
1240 04E4 F6 E4      MOV          SI,DI        ; SET UP SOURCE
1241 04E6 8B F7      ADD          SI,AX        ; ADD IN OFFSET TO IT
1242 04E8 03 F0      MOV          AH,DH        ; NUMBER OF ROWS IN FIELD
1243 04EA 8A E6      SUB          AH,BL        ; DETERMINE NUMBER TO MOVE
1244 04EC 2A E3      ;
1245
1246             ;----- LOOP THROUGH, MOVING ONE ROW AT A TIME, BOTH EVEN AND ODD FIELDS
1247 04EE             R8:          ; ROW LOOP
1248 04EE E8 056F R CALL          R1T          ; MOVE ONE ROW
1249 04F1 81 EE 1FB0 SUB          SI,2000H-80   ; MOVE TO NEXT ROW
1250 04F5 81 EF 1FB0 SUB          DI,2000H-80
1251 04F9 FE CC      DEC          AH            ; NUMBER OF ROWS TO MOVE
1252 04FB 75 F1      JNZ         R8            ; CONTINUE TILL ALL MOVED
1253
1254             ;----- FILL IN THE VACATED LINE(S)
1255 04FD             R9:          ; CLEAR ENTRY
1256 04FD 8A C7      MOV          AL,BH        ; ATTRIBUTE TO FILL WITH
1257 04FF             R10:         ;
1258 04FF E8 0588 R CALL          R18          ; CLEAR THAT ROW
1259 0502 81 EF 1FB0 SUB          DI,2000H-80   ; POINT TO NEXT LINE
1260 0506 FE CB      DEC          BL            ; NUMBER OF LINES TO FILL
1261 0508 75 F5      JNZ         R10          ; CLEAR LOOP
1262 050A E9 0145 R JMP          VIDEO_RETURN ; EVERYTHING DONE
1263
1264 050D             R11:         ; BLANK FIELD
1265 050D 8A DE      MOV          BL,DH        ; SET BLANK COUNT TO EVERYTHING IN FIELD
1266 050F 8B EC      JMP          R9            ; CLEAR THE FIELD
1267 0511
1268
1269             ;-----
1270             ; SCROLL DOWN
1271             ; THIS ROUTINE SCROLLS DOWN THE INFORMATION ON THE CRT
1272             ; ENTRY --
1273             ; CH,CL = UPPER LEFT CORNER OF REGION TO SCROLL
1274             ; DH,DL = LOWER RIGHT CORNER OF REGION TO SCROLL
1275             ; BOTH OF THE ABOVE ARE IN CHARACTER POSITIONS
1276             ; BH = FILL VALUE FOR BLANKED LINES
1277             ; AL = # LINES TO SCROLL (AL=0 MEANS BLANK THE ENTIRE FIELD)
1278             ; DS = DATA SEGMENT
1279             ; ES = REGEN SEGMENT
1280             ; EXIT --
1281             ; NOTHING, THE SCREEN IS SCROLLED
1282
1283 0511          GRAPHICS_DOWN  PROC          NEAR
1284 0511 FD          STD             ; SET DIRECTION
1285 0512 8A D8      MOV          BL,AL        ; SAVE LINE COUNT IN BL
1286 0514 8B C2      MOV          AX,DX        ; GET LOWER RIGHT POSITION INTO AX REG
1287
1288             ;----- USE CHARACTER SUBROUTINE FOR POSITIONING
1289             ;----- ADDRESS RETURNED IS MULTIPLIED BY 2 FROM CORRECT VALUE
1290 0516 E8 06F8 R CALL          GRAPH_POSN
1291 0519 8B F8      MOV          DI,AX        ; SAVE RESULT AS DESTINATION ADDRESS
1292
1293             ;----- DETERMINE SIZE OF WINDOW
1294
1295 051B 2B D1      SUB          DX,CX        ; ADJUST VALUES
1296 051D 81 C2 0101 ADD          DX,101H      ; MULTIPLY ROWS BY 4 AT 8 VERT DOTS/CHAR
1297 0521 C0 E6 02  SAL          DH,2        ; AND EVEN/ODD ROWS
1298
1299             ;----- DETERMINE CRT MODE
1300
1301 0524 80 3E 0049 R 06 CMP          CRT_MODE,6    ; TEST FOR MEDIUM RES
1302 0529 73 05      JNC          R12          ; FIND_SOURCE_DOWN
1303
1304
    
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1305          ;----- MEDIUM RES DOWN
1306 052B D0 E2          SAL DL,1          ; # COLUMNS * 2, SINCE 2 BYTES/CHAR
1307 052D D1 E7          SAL DI,1          ; OFFSET *2 SINCE 2 BYTES/CHAR
1308 052F 41            INC DI          ; POINT TO LAST BYTE
1309
1310          ;----- DETERMINE THE SOURCE ADDRESS IN THE BUFFER
1311 0530          R12:    PUSH ES          ; FIND SOURCE DOWN
1312 0530 06            POP DS          ; BOTH SEGMENTS TO REGEN
1313 0531 1F            SUB CH,CH        ; ZERO TO HIGH OF COUNT REGISTER
1314 0532 2A ED        ADD DI,D1,240    ; POINT TO LAST ROW OF PIXELS
1315 0534 81 C7 00F0   SAL BL,2        ; MULTIPLY NUMBER OF LINES BY 4
1316 0538 C0 E3 D2     JZ R16          ; IF ZERO, THEN BLANK ENTIRE FIELD
1317 053B 74 2E        MOV AL,BL        ; GET NUMBER OF LINES IN AL
1318 053D 8A C3        MOV AH,80        ; 80 BYTES/ROW
1319 053F B4 50        MUL AH          ; DETERMINE OFFSET TO SOURCE
1320 0541 F6 E4        MOV SI,D1        ; SET UP SOURCE
1321 0543 8B F7        SUB SI,AX        ; SUBTRACT THE OFFSET
1322 0545 2B F0        MOV AH,DH        ; NUMBER OF ROWS IN FIELD
1323 0547 8A E6        SUB AH,BL        ; DETERMINE NUMBER TO MOVE
1324 0549 2A E3
1325
1326          ;----- LOOP THROUGH, MOVING ONE ROW AT A TIME, BOTH EVEN AND ODD FIELDS
1327 054B          R13:    CALL R17          ; ROW LOOP DOWN
1328 054B E8 056F R     SUB SI,2000H+80 ; MOVE ONE ROW
1329 054E 81 EE 2050   SUB DI,2000H+80 ; MOVE TO NEXT ROW
1330 0552 81 EF 2050   DEC AH          ; NUMBER OF ROWS TO MOVE
1331 0556 FE CC        JNZ R13         ; CONTINUE TILL ALL MOVED
1332 0558 75 F1
1333
1334          ;----- FILL IN THE VACATED LINE(S)
1335 055A          R14:    MOV AL,BH          ; CLEAR ENTRY DOWN
1336 055A 8A C7        CALL R18         ; ATTRIBUTE TO FILL WITH
1337 055C            SUB DI,2000H+80 ; CLEAR LOOP DOWN
1338 055C E8 0588 R     DEC BL          ; CLEAR A ROW
1339 055F 81 EF 2050   JNZ R15         ; POINT TO NEXT LINE
1340 0563 FE CB        CLD             ; NUMBER OF LINES TO FILL
1341 0565 75 F5        JMP VIDEO_RETURN ; CLEAR LOOP DOWN
1342 0567 FC          ; RESET THE DIRECTION FLAG
1343 0568 E9 0145 R    ; EVERYTHING DONE
1344
1345 056B          R16:    MOV BL,DH          ; BLANK FIELD DOWN
1346 056B BA DE        JMP R14          ; SET BLANK COUNT TO EVERYTHING IN FIELD
1347 056D EB EB        GRAPHICS_DOWN  ; CLEAR THE FIELD
1348 056F ENDP
1349
1350          ;----- ROUTINE TO MOVE ONE ROW OF INFORMATION
1351          R17:    PROC NEAR
1352 056F            MOV CL,DL          ; NUMBER OF BYTES IN THE ROW
1353 056F 8A CA        PUSH SI          ; SAVE POINTERS
1354 0571 56            REP MOVSB         ; MOVE THE EVEN FIELD
1355 0572 57            POP DI           ; POINT TO THE ODD FIELD
1356 0573 F3/ A4      POP SI           ; POINT TO THE ODD FIELD
1357 0575 5F            ADD SI,2000H    ; POINT TO THE ODD FIELD
1358 0576 5E            ADD DI,2000H    ; POINT TO THE ODD FIELD
1359 0577 81 C6 2000   PUSH SI         ; SAVE THE POINTERS
1360 057B 81 C7 2000   MOV CL,DL       ; COUNT BACK DOWN
1361 057F 56            REP MOVSB         ; MOVE THE ODD FIELD
1362 0580 57            POP DI           ; SAVE THE POINTERS
1363 0581 8A CA        MOV CL,DL       ; COUNT BACK DOWN
1364 0583 F3/ A4      REP MOVSB         ; MOVE THE ODD FIELD
1365 0585 5F            POP DI           ; SAVE THE POINTERS
1366 0586 5E            POP SI           ; POINTERS BACK
1367 0587 C3            RET              ; RETURN TO CALLER
1368 0588
1369          R17:    ENDP
1370
1371          ;----- CLEAR A SINGLE ROW
1372 0588          R18:    PROC NEAR
1373 0588 8A CA        MOV CL,DL       ; NUMBER OF BYTES IN FIELD
1374 058A 57            PUSH DI          ; SAVE POINTER
1375 058B F3/ AA      REP STOSB        ; STORE THE NEW VALUE
1376 058D 5F            POP DI           ; POINTER BACK
1377 058E 81 C7 2000   ADD DI,2000H    ; POINT TO ODD FIELD
1378 0592 57            PUSH DI          ; NONE
1379 0593 8A CA        MOV CL,DL       ; NONE
1380 0595 F3/ AA      REP STOSB        ; FILL THE ODD FIELD
1381 0597 5F            POP DI           ; RETURN TO CALLER
1382 0598 C3            RET
1383 0599
1384          R18:    ENDP
1385
1386          ;----- GRAPHICS WRITE
1387          ; THIS ROUTINE WRITES THE ASCII CHARACTER TO THE CURRENT
1388          ; POSITION ON THE SCREEN.
1389          ; ENTRY --
1390          ; AL = CHARACTER TO WRITE
1391          ; BL = COLOR ATTRIBUTE TO BE USED FOR FOREGROUND COLOR
1392          ; IF BIT 7 IS SET, THE CHAR IS XOR'D INTO THE REGEN BUFFER
1393          ; (0 IS USED FOR THE BACKGROUND COLOR)
1394          ; CX = NUMBER OF CHARS TO WRITE
1395          ; DS = DATA SEGMENT
1396          ; ES = REGEN SEGMENT
1397          ; EXIT --
1398          ; NOTHING IS RETURNED
1399
1400          ; GRAPHICS READ
1401          ; THIS ROUTINE READS THE ASCII CHARACTER AT THE CURRENT CURSOR
1402          ; POSITION ON THE SCREEN BY MATCHING THE DOTS ON THE SCREEN TO THE
1403          ; CHARACTER GENERATOR CODE POINTS
1404          ; ENTRY --
1405          ; NONE (0 IS ASSUMED AS THE BACKGROUND COLOR)
1406          ; EXIT --
1407          ; AL = CHARACTER READ AT THAT POSITION (0 RETURNED IF NONE FOUND)
1408
1409          ; FOR BOTH ROUTINES, THE IMAGES USED TO FORM CHARS ARE CONTAINED IN ROM
1410          ; FOR THE 1ST 128 CHARS. TO ACCESS CHARS IN THE SECOND HALF, THE USER
1411          ; MUST INITIALIZE THE VECTOR AT INTERRUPT 1FH (LOCATION 0007CH) TO
1412          ; POINT TO THE USER SUPPLIED TABLE OF GRAPHIC IMAGES (8X8 BOXES).
1413          ; FAILURE TO DO SO WILL CAUSE IN STRANGE RESULTS.
1414          ;-----
1415 0599          ASSUME DS:DATA,ES:DATA
1416 0599 B4 00        GRAPHICS_WRITE PROC NEAR
1417 059B 50            MOV AH,0
1418 059D 50            PUSH AX          ; ZERO TO HIGH OF CODE POINT
1419 059F 50            MOV AH,0         ; SAVE CODE POINT VALUE
1420 05A1 50            PUSH AX

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1419 ;----- DETERMINE POSITION IN REGEN BUFFER TO PUT CODE POINTS
1420
1421 CALL S26 ; FIND LOCATION IN REGEN BUFFER
1422 MOV DI,AX ; REGEN POINTER IN DI
1423
1424 ;----- DETERMINE REGION TO GET CODE POINTS FROM
1425
1426 POP AX ; RECOVER CODE POINT
1427 CMP AL,80H ; IS IT IN SECOND HALF
1428 JAE S1 ; YES
1429
1430 ;----- IMAGE IS IN FIRST HALF, CONTAINED IN ROM
1431
1432 MOV SI,OFFSET CRT_CHAR_GEN ; OFFSET OF IMAGES
1433 PUSH CS ; SAVE SEGMENT ON STACK
1434 JMP SHORT S2 ; DETERMINE_MODE
1435
1436 ;----- IMAGE IS IN SECOND HALF, IN USER MEMORY
1437
1438 S1:
1439 SUB AL,80H ; EXTEND CHAR
1440 PUSH DS ; ZERO ORIGIN FOR SECOND HALF
1441 MOV SI,S1 ; SAVE DATA POINTER
1442 SUB DS,S1 ;
1443 ASSUME DS:ABS0 ; ESTABLISH VECTOR ADDRESSING
1444 LDS SI,0EXT_PTR ; GET THE OFFSET OF THE TABLE
1445 MOV DX,DS ; GET THE SEGMENT OF THE TABLE
1446 ASSUME DS:DATA ;
1447 POP DS ; RECOVER DATA SEGMENT
1448 PUSH DX ; SAVE TABLE SEGMENT ON STACK
1449 OR DX,S1 ; CHECK FOR VALID TABLE DEFINED
1450 JNZ S2 ; CONTINUE IF DS:SI NOT 0000:0000
1451
1452 POP AX ; ELSE SET (AX)= 0000 FOR "NULL"
1453 MOV SI,OFFSET CRT_CHAR_GEN ; POINT TO DEFAULT TABLE OFFSET
1454 PUSH CS ; IN THE CODE SEGMENT
1455
1456 ;----- DETERMINE GRAPHICS MODE IN OPERATION
1457
1458 S2:
1459 SAL AX,3 ; DETERMINE MODE
1460 ADD SI,AX ; MULTIPLY CODE POINT VALUE BY 8
1461 CMP RCRT_MODE,6 ; SI HAS OFFSET OF DESIRED CODES
1462 POP DS ;
1463 JC S7 ; RECOVER TABLE POINTER SEGMENT
1464 ; TEST FOR MEDIUM RESOLUTION MODE
1465
1466 S3:
1467 HIGH RESOLUTION MODE
1468 PUSH DI ; HIGH CHAR
1469 PUSH SI ; SAVE REGEN POINTER
1470 MOV DH,4 ; SAVE CODE POINTER
1471 ; NUMBER OF TIMES THROUGH LOOP
1472 LODSB ; GET BYTE FROM CODE POINTS
1473 TEST BL,80H ; SHOULD WE USE THE FUNCTION
1474 JNZ S6 ; TO PUT CHAR IN
1475 STOSB ; STORE IN REGEN BUFFER
1476 LODSB
1477 MOV ES:[DI+2000H-1],AL ; STORE IN SECOND HALF
1478 ADD DI,79 ; MOVE TO NEXT ROW IN REGEN
1479 DEC DH ; DONE WITH LOOP
1480 JNZ S4
1481 POP SI
1482 POP DI ; RECOVER REGEN POINTER
1483 INC DI ; POINT TO NEXT CHAR POSITION
1484 LOOP S3 ; MORE CHARS TO WRITE
1485 JMP VIDEO_RETURN
1486
1487 S6:
1488 XOR AL,ES:[DI] ; EXCLUSIVE OR WITH CURRENT
1489 STOSB ; STORE THE CODE POINT
1490 LODSB ; AGAIN FOR ODD FIELD
1491 XOR AL,ES:[DI+2000H-1]
1492 JMP S5 ; BACK TO MAINSTREAM
1493
1494 ;----- MEDIUM RESOLUTION WRITE
1495
1496 S7:
1497 MOV DL,BL ; MED_RES_WRITE
1498 SAL DI,1 ; SAVE HIGH COLOR BIT
1499 ; OFFSET*2 SINCE 2 BYTES/CHAR
1500 AND BL,3 ; ISOLATE THE COLOR BITS ( LOW 2 BITS )
1501 MOV AL,055H ; GET BIT CONVERSION MULTIPLIER
1502 MUL BL ; EXPAND 2 COLOR BITS TO 4 REPLICATIONS
1503 MOV BH,AL ; PLACE BACK IN WORK REGISTER
1504 MOV BH,AL ; EXPAND TO 8 REPLICATIONS OF COLOR BITS
1505 ; MED_CHAR
1506 PUSH DI ; SAVE REGEN POINTER
1507 PUSH SI ; SAVE THE CODE POINTER
1508 MOV DH,4 ; NUMBER OF LOOPS
1509
1510 S9:
1511 LODSB ; GET CODE POINT
1512 CALL S21 ; DOUBLE UP ALL THE BITS
1513 AND AX,BX ; CONVERT TO FOREGROUND COLOR ( 0 BACK )
1514 XCHG AH,AL ; SWAP HIGH/LOW BYTES FOR WORD MOVE
1515 TEST DL,80H ; IS THIS XOR FUNCTION
1516 XOR SI,SI ; NO, STORE IT IN AS IT IS
1517 XOR AX,ES:[DI] ; DO FUNCTION WITH LOW/HIGH
1518 MOV ES:[DI],AX ; STORE FIRST BYTE HIGH, SECOND LOW
1519 LODSB ; GET CODE POINT
1520 CALL S21 ; CONVERT TO COLOR
1521 XCHG AH,AL ; SWAP HIGH/LOW BYTES FOR WORD MOVE
1522 TEST DL,80H ; AGAIN, IS THIS XOR FUNCTION
1523 JZ S11 ; NO, JUST STORE THE VALUES
1524 XOR AX,ES:[DI+2000H] ; FUNCTION WITH FIRST HALF LOW
1525
1526 S11:
1527 MOV ES:[DI+2000H],AX ; STORE SECOND PORTION HIGH
1528 ADD DI,80 ; POINT TO NEXT LOCATION
1529 DEC S9 ; KEEP GOING
1530 POP SI ; RECOVER CODE POINTER
1531 POP DI ; RECOVER REGEN POINTER
1532 INC DI ; POINT TO NEXT CHAR POSITION

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1533 0644 47          INC      DI
1534 0645 E2 C5      LOOP    S8
1535 0647 E9 0145 R  JMP     VIDEO_RETURN ; MORE TO WRITE
1536 064A          GRAPHICS_WRITE  ENDP
1537          ;-----
1538          GRAPHICS_READ
1539          ;-----
1540 064A          GRAPHICS_READ  PROC    NEAR
1541 064A E8 06F5 R   CALL    S26
1542 064B BB FD      MOV     SI,AX
1543 064F 83 EC 08   SUB     SP,8
1544 0652 BB EC      MOV     BP,SP
1545          ; CONVERTED TO OFFSET IN REGEN
1546          ; SAVE IN SI
1547          ; ALLOCATE SPACE FOR THE READ CODE POINT
1548          ; POINTER TO SAVE AREA
1549          ;-----
1549 0659 06          ; DETERMINE GRAPHICS MODES
1550 065A IF          CMP     CRT_MODE,6
1551 065B 72 19      PUSH   DS
1552          ; POINT TO REGEN SEGMENT
1553          ; MEDIUM RESOLUTION
1554          ;-----
1554          HIGH RESOLUTION READ
1555          ;-----
1555 065D B6 04      GET VALUES FROM REGEN BUFFER AND CONVERT TO CODE POINT
1556 065F          MOV     DH,4 ; NUMBER OF PASSES
1557 065F 8A 04      MOV     AL,[SI] ; GET FIRST BYTE
1558 0661 88 46 00  MOV     [BP],AL ; SAVE IN STORAGE AREA
1559 0664 45          INC     BP ; NEXT LOCATION
1560 0665 8A 84 2000 MOV     AL,[SI+2000H] ; GET LOWER REGION BYTE
1561 0668 88 46 00  MOV     [BP],AL ; ADJUST AND STORE
1562 066C 45          INC     BP
1563 066D 83 C6 50  ADD     SI,80 ; POINTER INTO REGEN
1564 0670 FE CE      DEC     DI ; LOOP CONTROL
1565 0672 75 EB      JNZ    S12 ; DO IT SOME MORE
1566 0674 EB 16      JMP     SHORT S15 ; GO MATCH THE SAVED CODE POINTS
1567          ;-----
1567          MEDIUM RESOLUTION READ
1568          ;-----
1568 0676          SAL     SI,1 ; MED RES READ
1569 0677 D1 E6      MOV     DH,4 ; OFFSET*2 SINCE 2 BYTES/CHAR
1570 0678 B6 04      MOV     DH,4 ; NUMBER OF PASSES
1571 067A          ;-----
1571 067A EB 06DC R   CALL    S23 ; GET BYTES FROM REGEN INTO SINGLE SAVE
1572 067D 81 C5 FFE  ADD     SI,2000H-2 ; GO TO LOWER REGION
1573 0681 EB 06DC R   CALL    S11 ; GET THIS PAIR INTO SAVE
1574 0684 81 EE 1FB2 SUB     SI,2000H-80+2 ; ADJUST POINTER BACK INTO UPPER
1575 0688 FE CE      DEC     DI ; KEEP GOING UNTIL ALL 8 DONE
1576 068A 75 EE      JNZ    S14
1577          ;-----
1577          SAVE AREA HAS CHARACTER IN IT, MATCH IT
1578          ;-----
1578 068C          S15: ; FIND_CHAR
1579 068C BF 0000 E   MOV     DI,OFFSET CRT_CHAR_GEN ; ESTABLISH ADDRESSING
1580 068F 0E          PUSH   CS
1581 0690 07          POP     ES ; CODE POINTS IN CS
1582 0691 83 ED 08   SUB     BP,8 ; ADJUST POINTER TO START OF SAVE AREA
1583 0694 8B F5      MOV     SI,BP
1584 0696 FC          CLD ; ENSURE DIRECTION
1585 0697 B0 00      MOV     AL,0 ; CURRENT CODE POINT BEING MATCHED
1586 0699          S16:
1587 0699 16          PUSH   SS ; ESTABLISH ADDRESSING TO STACK
1588 069A 1F          POP     DS ; FOR THE STRING COMPARE
1589 069B BA 0080   MOV     DX,128 ; NUMBER TO TEST AGAINST
1590 069E          S17:
1591 069E 56          PUSH   SI ; SAVE SAVE AREA POINTER
1592 069F 57          PUSH   DI ; SAVE CODE POINTER
1593 06A0 B9 0004   MOV     CX,4 ; NUMBER OF WORDS TO MATCH
1594 06A3 F3 A7      REPE   CMPSW ; COMPARE THE 8 BYTES AS WORDS
1595 06A5 5F          POP     DI ; RECOVER THE POINTERS
1596 06A6 5E          POP     SI
1597 06A7 74 1E     JZ     S18 ; IF ZERO FLAG SET, THEN MATCH OCCURRED
1598 06A9 FE C0     INC     AL ; NO MATCH, MOVE ON TO NEXT
1599 06AB 83 C7 08  ADD     DI,8 ; NEXT CODE POINT
1600 06AE 4A          DEC     DX ; LOOP CONTROL
1601 06AF 75 ED      JNZ    S17 ; DO ALL OF THEM
1602          ;-----
1602          CHAR NOT MATCHED, MIGHT BE IN USER SUPPLIED SECOND HALF
1603          ;-----
1603 06B1 3C 00      CMP     AL,0 ; AL<0 IF ONLY 1ST HALF SCANNED
1604 06B3 74 12     JE     S18 ; IF = 0, THEN ALL HAS BEEN SCANNED
1605 06B5 2B C0     SUB     AX,AX
1606 06B7 8E D8      MOV     DS,AX ; ESTABLISH ADDRESSING TO VECTOR
1607          ASSUME DS:ABS0
1608 06B9 C4 3E 007C R LES     DI,TEXT_PTR ; GET POINTER
1609 06BD 8C C0      MOV     AX,ES ; SEE IF THE POINTER REALLY EXISTS
1610 06BF 0B C7      OR     AX,DI ; IF ALL 0, THEN DOESN'T EXIST
1611 06C1 74 04     JZ     S18 ; NO SENSE LOOKING
1612 06C3 80 80     MOV     AL,128 ; ORIGIN FOR SECOND HALF
1613 06C5 EB D2     JMP     S16 ; GO BACK AND TRY FOR IT
1614          ASSUME DS:DATA
1615          ;-----
1615          CHARACTER IS FOUND (AL=0 IF NOT FOUND)
1616          ;-----
1616 06C7          S18:
1617 06C7 83 C4 08   ADD     SP,8 ; READJUST THE STACK, THROW AWAY SAVE
1618 06CA E9 0145 R  JMP     VIDEO_RETURN ; ALL DONE
1619 06CD          GRAPHICS_READ  ENDP
1620          ;-----
1620          EXPAND BYTE
1621          ; THIS ROUTINE TAKES THE BYTE IN AL AND DOUBLES ALL
1622          ; OF THE BITS, TURNING THE 8 BITS INTO 16 BITS.
1623          ; THE RESULT IS LEFT IN AX
1624          ;-----
1624 06CD          S21: PROC    NEAR
1625 06CD 51          PUSH   CX ; SAVE REGISTER
1626 06CE B9 0008      MOV     CX,8 ; SHIFT COUNT REGISTER FOR ONE BYTE
1627 06D1          S22:
1628 06D1 DD C8      ROR     AL,1 ; SHIFT BITS, LOW BIT INTO CARRY FLAG
1629 06D3 D1 D8      RCR     BP,1 ; MOVE CARRY FLAG (LOW BIT) INTO RESULTS
1630 06D5 D1 FD      SAR     BP,1 ; SIGN EXTEND HIGH BIT (DOUBLE IT)
1631 06D7 E2 F8      LOOP   S22 ; REPEAT FOR ALL 8 BITS
1632          ;-----
1632 06D9 95          XCHG   AX,BP ; MOVE RESULTS TO PARAMETER REGISTER
1633 06DA 89          POP     CX ; RECOVER REGISTER
1634 06DB C3          RET ; ALL DONE
1635 06DC          S21: ENDP
1636          ;-----

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SECTION 5

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1647 ; MED READ BYTE
1648 ; THIS ROUTINE WILL TAKE 2 BYTES FROM THE REGEN BUFFER,
1649 ; COMPARE AGAINST THE CURRENT FOREGROUND COLOR, AND PLACE
1650 ; THE CORRESPONDING ON/OFF BIT PATTERN INTO THE CURRENT
1651 ; POSITION IN THE SAVE AREA
1652 ; ENTRY --
1653 ; SI,DS = POINTER TO REGEN AREA OF INTEREST
1654 ; BX = EXPANDED FOREGROUND COLOR
1655 ; BP = POINTER TO SAVE AREA
1656 ; EXIT --
1657 ; SI AND BP ARE INCREMENTED
1658 -----
1659 06DC S23 PROC NEAR
1660 06DC AD LODSW ; GET FIRST BYTE AND SECOND BYTES
1661 06DD 86 C4 XCHG AL,AH ; SWAP FOR COMPARE
1662 06DF B9 C000 MOV CX,0C000H ; 2 BIT MASK TO TEST THE ENTRIES
1663 06E2 B2 00 MOV DL,0 ; REGISTER
1664 06E4
1665 06E4 85 C1 S24: TEST AX,CX ; IS THIS SECTION BACKGROUND?
1666 06E6 74 01 JZ S25 ; IF ZERO, IT IS BACKGROUND (CARRY=0)
1667 06E8 F9 ; WASN'T, SO SET CARRY
1668 06E9
1669 06E9 D0 D2 S25: RCL DL,1 ; MOVE THAT BIT INTO THE RESULT
1670 06EB C1 E9 02 SHR CX,2 ; MOVE THE MASK TO THE RIGHT BY 2 BITS
1671 06EE 73 F4 JNC S24 ; DO IT AGAIN IF MASK DIDN'T FALL OUT
1672 06F0 88 56 00 MOV [BP],DL ; STORE RESULT IN SAVE AREA
1673 06F3 45 INC BP ; ADJUST POINTER
1674 06F4 C3 RET ; ALL DONE
1675 06F5
1676 S23 ENDP
1677 -----
1678 ; V4 POSITION
1679 ; THIS ROUTINE TAKES THE CURSOR POSITION CONTAINED IN
1680 ; THE MEMORY LOCATION, AND CONVERTS IT INTO AN OFFSET
1681 ; INTO THE REGEN BUFFER, ASSUMING ONE BYTE/CHAR.
1682 ; FOR MEDIUM RESOLUTION GRAPHICS, THE NUMBER MUST
1683 ; BE DOUBLED.
1684 ; ENTRY -- NO REGISTERS, MEMORY LOCATION @CURSOR_POSN IS USED
1685 ; EXIT--
1686 ; AX CONTAINS OFFSET INTO REGEN BUFFER
1687 -----
1688 06F5 S26 PROC NEAR
1689 06F5 A1 0050 R MOV AX,@CURSOR_POSN ; GET CURRENT CURSOR
1690 06F8 53 GRAPH_POSN LABEL NEAR ; SAVE REGISTER
1691 06F9 8B D8 PUSH BX ; SAVE A COPY OF CURRENT CURSOR
1692 06FB 8A C4 MOV AL,AH ; GET ROWS TO AL
1693 06FD F6 26 004A R MUL BYTE PTR @CRT_COLS ; MULTIPLY BY BYTES/COLUMN
1694 0701 C1 E0 D2 SHL AX,2 ; MULTIPLY * 4 SINCE 4 ROWS/BYTE
1695 0704 2A FF SUB BH,BH ; ISOLATE COLUMN VALUE
1696 0706 03 C3 ADD AX,BX ; DETERMINE OFFSET
1697 0708 5B POP BX ; RECOVER POINTER
1698 0709 C3 RET ; ALL DONE
1699 070A S26 ENDP
1700 -----
1701 ; WRITE_TTY
1702 ; THIS INTERFACE PROVIDES A TELETYPE LIKE INTERFACE TO THE
1703 ; VIDEO CARDS. THE INPUT CHARACTER IS WRITTEN TO THE CURRENT
1704 ; CURSOR POSITION, AND THE CURSOR IS MOVED TO THE NEXT POSITION.
1705 ; IF THE CURSOR LEAVES THE LAST COLUMN OF THE FIELD, THE COLUMN
1706 ; IS SET TO ZERO, AND THE ROW VALUE IS INCREMENTED. IF THE ROW
1707 ; VALUE LEAVES THE FIELD, THE CURSOR IS PLACED ON THE LAST ROW,
1708 ; FIRST COLUMN, AND THE ENTIRE SCREEN IS SCROLLED UP ONE LINE.
1709 ; WHEN THE SCREEN IS SCROLLED UP, THE ATTRIBUTE FOR FILLING THE
1710 ; NEWLY BLANKED LINE IS READ FROM THE CURSOR POSITION ON THE PREVIOUS
1711 ; LINE BEFORE THE SCROLL, IN CHARACTER MODE. IN GRAPHICS MODE,
1712 ; THE 0 COLOR IS USED.
1713 ; ENTRY --
1714 ; (AH) = CURRENT CRT MODE
1715 ; (AL) = CHARACTER TO BE WRITTEN
1716 ; NOTE THAT BACK SPACE, CARRIAGE RETURN, BELL AND LINE FEED ARE
1717 ; HANDLED AS COMMANDS RATHER THAN AS DISPLAY GRAPHICS CHARACTERS
1718 ; (BL) = FOREGROUND COLOR FOR CHAR WRITE IF CURRENTLY IN A GRAPHICS MODE
1719 ; EXIT --
1720 ; ALL REGISTERS SAVED
1721 -----
1722 ASSUME DS:DATA
1723 070A WRITE_TTY PROC NEAR
1724 070A 50 PUSH AX ; SAVE REGISTERS
1725 070B 50 PUSH AX ; SAVE CHARACTER TO WRITE
1726 070C B4 03 MOV AH,03H
1727 070E 8A 3E 0062 R MOV BH,@ACTIVE_PAGE ; GET CURRENT PAGE SETTING
1728 0712 CD 10 INT 10H ; READ THE CURRENT CURSOR POSITION
1729 0714 58 POP AX ; RECOVER CHARACTER
1730
1731 ; ---- DX NOW HAS THE CURRENT CURSOR POSITION
1732
1733 0715 3C 0D CMP AL,CR ; IS IT CARRIAGE RETURN OR CONTROL
1734 0717 76 46 JBE UB ; GO TO CONTROL CHECKS IF IT IS
1735
1736 ; ---- WRITE THE CHAR TO THE SCREEN
1737 0719 U0: MOV AH,0AH ; WRITE CHARACTER ONLY COMMAND
1738 0719 B4 0A MOV CX,1 ; ONLY ONE CHARACTER
1739 071B B9 0001 MOV CX,1 ; WRITE THE CHARACTER
1740 071E CD 10 INT 10H
1741
1742 ; ---- POSITION THE CURSOR FOR NEXT CHAR
1743
1744 0720 FE C2 INC DL
1745 0722 3A 16 004A R CMP DL,BYTE PTR @CRT_COLS ; TEST FOR COLUMN OVERFLOW
1746 0726 75 33 JNZ UT ; UT SET CURSOR
1747 0728 B2 00 MOV DL,0 ; COLUMN FOR CURSOR
1748 072A 80 FE 1B CMP DH,25-1 ; CHECK FOR LAST ROW
1749 072D 75 2A JNZ U0 ; SET_CURSOR_INC
1750
1751 ; ---- SCROLL REQUIRED
1752 072F U1: MOV AH,02H
1753 072F B4 02 INT 10H ; SET THE CURSOR
1754 0731 CD 10 INT 10H
1755
1756 ; ---- DETERMINE VALUE TO FILL WITH DURING SCROLL
1757
1758 0733 A0 0049 R MOV AL,@CRT_MODE ; GET THE CURRENT MODE
1759 0736 3C 04 CMP AL,4
1760 0738 72 06 JC U2 ; READ-CURSOR

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1761 073A 3C 07          CMP     AL,7
1762 073C 87 00          MOV     BH,0          ; FILL WITH BACKGROUND
1763 073E 75 06          JNE     U3           ; SCROLL-UP
1764 0740                ; READ-CURSOR
1765 0740 B4 08          MOV     AH,08H       ; GET READ CURSOR COMMAND
1766 0742 CD 10          INT     10H         ; READ CHAR/ATTR AT CURRENT CURSOR
1767 0744 8A FC          MOV     BH,AH        ; STORE IN BH
1768 0746                ; SCROLL-UP
1769 0746 B8 0601        MOV     AX,0601H     ; SCROLL ONE LINE
1770 0749 2B C9          SUB     CX,CX        ; UPPER LEFT CORNER
1771 074B B6 18          MOV     DH,25-1     ; LOWER RIGHT ROW
1772 074D 8A 16 004A R   MOV     DL,BYTE PTR #CRT_COLS ; LOWER RIGHT COLUMN
1773 0751 FE CA          DEC     DL
1774 0753                ; VIDEO-CALL-RETURN
1775 0753 CD 10          INT     10H         ; SCROLL UP THE SCREEN
1776 0755                ; TTY-RETURN
1777 0755 58            POP     AX           ; RESTORE THE CHARACTER
1778 0756 E9 0145 R     JMP     VIDEO_RETURN ; RETURN TO CALLER
1779
1780 0759                ; SET-CURSOR-INC
1781 0759 FE C6          INC     DH           ; NEXT ROW
1782 075B                ; SET-CURSOR
1783 075B B4 02          MOV     AH,02H
1784 075D EB F4          JMP     U4           ; ESTABLISH THE NEW CURSOR
1785
1786                ;----- CHECK FOR CONTROL CHARACTERS
1787 075F                U8:
1788 075F 74 13          JBE     U9           ; WAS IT A CARRIAGE RETURN
1789 0761 3C 0A          CMP     AL,LF        ; IS IT A LINE FEED
1790 0763 74 13          JBE     U10          ; GO TO LINE FEED
1791 0765 3C 07          CMP     AL,07H      ; IS IT A BELL
1792 0767 74 16          JBE     U11          ; GO TO BELL
1793 0769 3C 08          CMP     AL,08H      ; IS IT A BACKSPACE
1794 076B 75 AC          JNE     U10          ; IF NOT A CONTROL, DISPLAY IT
1795
1796                ;----- BACK SPACE FOUND
1797
1798 076D 0A D2          OR     DL,DL        ; IS IT ALREADY AT START OF LINE
1799 076F 74 EA          JBE     U7           ; SET_CURSOR
1800 0771 4A            DEC     DX           ; NO -- JUST MOVE IT BACK
1801 0772 EB E7          JMP     U7           ; SET_CURSOR
1802
1803                ;----- CARRIAGE RETURN FOUND
1804
1805 0774                U9:
1806 0774 B2 00          MOV     DL,0         ; MOVE TO FIRST COLUMN
1807 0776 EB E3          JMP     U7           ; SET_CURSOR
1808
1809                ;----- LINE FEED FOUND
1810
1811 0778                U10:
1812 0778 80 FE 18          CMP     DH,25-1     ; BOTTOM OF SCREEN
1813 077B 75 DC          JNE     U6           ; YES, SCROLL THE SCREEN
1814 077D EB 80          JMP     U1           ; NO, JUST SET THE CURSOR
1815
1816                ;----- BELL FOUND
1817
1818 077F                U11:
1819 077F B9 0533          MOV     CX,1331     ; DIVISOR FOR 896 HZ TONE
1820 0782 B3 1F          MOV     BL,31       ; SET COUNT FOR 31/64 SECOND FOR BEEP
1821 0784 EB 00 0000 E   CALL    BEEP        ; SOUND THE POD BELL
1822 0787 EB CC          JMP     U5           ; TTY_RETURN
1823 0789
1824                ;-----
1825                ; LIGHT PEN
1826                ; THIS ROUTINE TESTS THE LIGHT PEN SWITCH AND THE LIGHT
1827                ; PEN TRIGGER. IF BOTH ARE SET, THE LOCATION OF THE LIGHT
1828                ; PEN IS DETERMINED. OTHERWISE, A RETURN WITH NO INFORMATION
1829                ; IS MADE.
1830                ; ON EXIT:
1831                ; (AH) = 0 IF NO LIGHT PEN INFORMATION IS AVAILABLE
1832                ; (BH,CX,DX) ARE DESTROYED
1833                ; (AH) = 1 IF LIGHT PEN IS AVAILABLE
1834                ; (DH,DL) = ROW,COLUMN OF CURRENT LIGHT PEN POSITION
1835                ; (CH) = RASTER POSITION
1836                ; (BX) = BEST GUESS AT PIXEL HORIZONTAL POSITION
1837                ;-----
1838                ;-----
1839 0789 03 03 05 05 03 03 V1 ASSUME DS:DATA
1840 03 04                DB     3,3,5,5,3,3,3,4 ; SUBTRACT_TABLE
1841
1842                ;----- WAIT FOR LIGHT PEN TO BE DEPRESSED
1843
1844 0791                READ_LPEN PROC NEAR
1845 0791 B4 00          MOV     AH,0         ; SET NO LIGHT PEN RETURN CODE
1846 0793 8B 16 0063 R   MOV     DX,#ADDR_6845 ; GET BASE ADDRESS OF 6845
1847 0795 83 C2 06          ADD     DX,6         ; POINT TO STATUS REGISTER
1848 0797 9A EC          IN     AL,DX        ; GET STATUS REGISTER
1849 0799 AB 04          TEST   AL,004H     ; TEST LIGHT PEN SWITCH
1850 079D 74 03          JZ     V6_A         ; GO IF YES
1851 079F E9 0823 R     JMP     V6          ; NOT SET, RETURN
1852
1853                ;----- NOW TEST FOR LIGHT PEN TRIGGER
1854
1855 07A2 A8 02          TEST   AL,2         ; TEST LIGHT PEN TRIGGER
1856 07A4 75 03          JNZ    V7A         ; RETURN WITHOUT RESETTING TRIGGER
1857 07A6 E9 082D R     JMP     V7         ; TRIGGER HAS BEEN SET, READ THE VALUE IN
1858
1859                ;----- TRIGGER HAS BEEN SET, READ THE VALUE IN
1860
1861 07A9                V7A:
1862 07A9 B4 10          MOV     AH,16       ; LIGHT PEN REGISTERS ON 6845
1863
1864                ;----- INPUT REGISTERS POINTED TO BY AH, AND CONVERT TO ROW COLUMN IN (DX)
1865 07AB BB 16 0063 R   MOV     DX,#ADDR_6845 ; ADDRESS REGISTER FOR 6845
1866 07AF BA C4          MOV     AL,AH       ; REGISTER TO READ
1867 07B1 EE            OUT    DX,AL        ; SET IT UP
1868 07B2 EB 00          JMP     $+2         ; I/O DELAY
1869 07B4 42          INC     DX          ; DATA REGISTER
1870 07B5 EC          IN     AL,DX       ; GET THE VALUE
1871 07B6 BA E8          MOV     CH,AL       ; SAVE IN CX
1872 07B8 4A            DEC     DX          ; ADDRESS REGISTER
1873 07B9 FE C4          INC     AH          ; ADDRESS REGISTER
1874 07BB BA C4          MOV     AL,AH       ; SECOND DATA REGISTER

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1875 07BD EE          OUT    DX,AL
1876 07BE 42         INC    DX
1877 07BF EB 00     JMP    $+2          ; POINT TO DATA REGISTER
1878 07C1 EC         IN     AL,DX        ; I/O DELAY
1879 07C2 8A E5     MOV    AH,CH        ; GET SECOND DATA VALUE
1880                                     ; AX HAS INPUT VALUE
1881 ;----- AX HAS THE VALUE READ IN FROM THE 6845
1882
1883 07C4 8A 1E 0049 R MOV    BL,®CRT_MODE
1884 07C8 2A FF     SHL    BH,BH        ; MODE VALUE TO BX
1885 07CA 2E: 8A 9F 0789 R MOV    BL,CS:V1[BX]
1886 07CF 2B C3     SUB    BL,BL        ; DETERMINE AMOUNT TO SUBTRACT
1887 07D1 8B 1E 004E R MOV    BX,®CRT_START
1888 07D5 D1 E9     SHR    BX,1         ; TAKE IT AWAY
1889 07D7 2B C3     SUB    AX,BX        ; CONVERT TO CORRECT PAGE ORIGIN
1890 07D9 79 02     JNS   V2            ; IF POSITIVE, DETERMINE MODE
1891 07DB 2B C0     SUB    AX,AX        ; <0 PLAYS AS 0
1892
1893 ;----- DETERMINE MODE OF OPERATION
1894
1895 07DD          V2:    ; DETERMINE MODE
1896 07DD B1 03     MOV    CL,3        ; SET *8 SHFT COUNT
1897 07DF 80 3E 0049 R 04 CMP    ®CRT_MODE,4
1898 07E4 7C 29     JBE   V4            ; DETERMINE IF GRAPHICS OR ALPHA
1899 07E6 80 3E 0049 R 07 CMP    ®CRT_MODE,7
1900 07EB 74 22     JE    V4            ; ALPHA_PEN
1901
1902 ;----- GRAPHICS MODE
1903
1904 07ED B2 28     MOV    DL,40       ; DIVISOR FOR GRAPHICS
1905 07EF F6 F2     DIV   DL            ; DETERMINE ROW(AL) AND COLUMN(AH)
1906                                     ; AL RANGE 0-99, AH RANGE 0-39
1907
1908 ;----- DETERMINE GRAPHIC ROW POSITION
1909 07F1 8A E8     MOV    CH,AL        ; SAVE ROW VALUE IN CH
1910 07F3 02 FD     MOV    BH,BH        ; *2 FOR EVEN/ODD FIELD
1911 07F5 8A DC     MOV    BL,AH        ; COLUMN VALUE TO BX
1912 07F7 2A FF     SUB    BH,BH        ; MULTIPLY BY 8 FOR MEDIUM RES
1913 07F9 80 3E 0049 R 06 CMP    ®CRT_MODE,6
1914 07FE 76 04     JNE   V3            ; DETERMINE MEDIUM OR HIGH RES
1915 0800 B1 04     MOV    CL,4        ; NOT HIGH RES
1916 0802 DD E4     SAL    AH,1        ; SHIFT VALUE FOR HIGH RES
1917 0804          V3:    ; COLUMN VALUE TIMES 2 FOR HIGH RES
1918 0804 D3 E3     SHL   BX,CL        ; NOT HIGH RES
1919                                     ; MULTIPLY *16 FOR HIGH RES
1920
1921 ;----- DETERMINE ALPHA CHAR POSITION
1922 0806 8A D4     MOV    DL,AH        ; COLUMN VALUE FOR RETURN
1923 0808 8A F0     MOV    DH,AL        ; ROW VALUE
1924 080A C0 EE 02   SHR   DH,2         ; DIVIDE BY 4 FOR VALUE IN 0-24 RANGE
1925 080D EB 12     JMP   SHORT V5     ; LIGHT_PEN_RETURN_SET
1926
1927 ;----- ALPHA MODE ON LIGHT PEN
1928
1929 080F          V4:    ; ALPHA_PEN
1930 080F F6 36 004A R DIV   BYTE PTR ®CRT_COLS
1931 0813 8A F0     MOV    DH,AL        ; DETERMINE ROW,COLUMN VALUE
1932 0815 8A D4     MOV    DL,AH        ; ROWS TO DH
1933 0817 D2 E0     SAL    AL,CL        ; COLS TO DL
1934 0819 8A E8     MOV    CH,AL        ; MULTIPLY ROWS * 8
1935 081B 8A DC     MOV    BL,AH        ; GET RASTER VALUE TO RETURN REGISTER
1936 081D 32 FF     XOR   BH,BH        ; COLUMN VALUE
1937 081F D3 E3     SAL   BX,CL        ; TO BX
1938 0821          V5:    ; LIGHT_PEN_RETURN_SET
1939 0821 B4 01     MOV   AH,1        ; INDICATE EVERY THING SET
1940 0823          V6:    ; LIGHT_PEN_RETURN
1941 0823 52     PUSH  DX          ; SAVE RETURN VALUE (IN CASE)
1942 0824 8B 16 0063 R MOV    DX,®ADDR_6845
1943 0828 83 C2 07  ADD   DX,7        ; GET BASE ADDRESS
1944 082B EE         OUT   DX,AL        ; POINT TO RESET PARM
1945 082C 5A         POP   DX          ; ADDRESS, NOT DATA, IS IMPORTANT
1946 082D         POP   DX          ; RECOVER VALUE
1947 082D         POP   BP          ; RETURN_NO_RESET
1948 082E 5F     POP   DI
1949 082F 5E     POP   SI
1950 0830 1F     POP   DS          ; DISCARD SAVED BX,CX,DX
1951 0831 1F     POP   DS
1952 0832 1F     POP   DS
1953 0833 1F     POP   DS
1954 0834 07     POP   ES
1955 0835 0F     IRET
1956 0836     READ_LPEN  ENDP
1957 0836     CODE    ENDS
1958         END
    
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1      PAGE 118,121
2      TITLE BIOS ----- 11/15/85 BIOS ROUTINES
3      .286C
4      .LIST
5      0000 CODE SEGMENT BYTE PUBLIC
6
7      PUBLIC EQUIPMENT_1
8      PUBLIC MEMORY_SIZE_DET_1
9      PUBLIC NM1_INT_1
10
11     EXTRN C8042:NEAR          ; POST SEND 8042 COMMAND ROUTINE
12     EXTRN CMOS_READ:NEAR     ; READ CMOS LOCATION ROUTINE
13     EXTRN D1:NEAR            ; "PARITY CHECK 1" MESSAGE
14     EXTRN D2:NEAR            ; "PARITY CHECK 2" MESSAGE
15     EXTRN D2A:NEAR           ; "?????" UNKNOWN ADDRESS MESSAGE
16     EXTRN D0S:NEAR           ; LOAD (DS) WITH DATA SEGMENT SELECTOR
17     EXTRN OBF_42:NEAR        ; POST WAIT 8042 RESPONSE ROUTINE
18     EXTRN PRT_HEX:NEAR       ; DISPLAY CHARACTER ROUTINE
19     EXTRN PRT_SEG:NEAR       ; DISPLAY FIVE CHARACTER ADDRESS ROUTINE
20     EXTRN P_MSG:NEAR         ; DISPLAY MESSAGE STRING ROUTINE
21
22     ;--- INT 12 H -----
23     ; MEMORY_SIZE_DETERMINE
24     ; THIS ROUTINE RETURNS THE AMOUNT OF MEMORY IN THE SYSTEM AS
25     ; DETERMINED BY THE POST ROUTINES. (UP TO 640K)
26     ; NOTE THAT THE SYSTEM MAY NOT BE ABLE TO USE I/O MEMORY UNLESS
27     ; THERE IS A FULL COMPLEMENT OF 512K BYTES ON THE PLANAR.
28     ; INPUT
29     ; NO REGISTERS
30     ; THE MEMORY_SIZE VARIABLE IS SET DURING POWER ON DIAGNOSTICS
31     ; ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING ASSUMPTIONS:
32     ;
33     ; 1. CONFIGURATION RECORD IN NON-VOLATILE MEMORY EQUALS THE ACTUAL
34     ;    MEMORY SIZE INSTALLED.
35     ;
36     ; 2. ALL INSTALLED MEMORY IS FUNCTIONAL. IF THE MEMORY TEST DURING
37     ;    POST INDICATES LESS, THEN THIS VALUE BECOMES THE DEFAULT.
38     ;    IF NON-VOLATILE MEMORY IS NOT VALID (NOT INITIALIZED OR BATTERY
39     ;    FAILURE) THEN ACTUAL MEMORY DETERMINED BECOMES THE DEFAULT.
40     ;
41     ; 3. ALL MEMORY FROM 0 TO 640K MUST BE CONTIGUOUS.
42     ;
43     ; OUTPUT
44     ; (AX) = NUMBER OF CONTIGUOUS 1K BLOCKS OF MEMORY
45     ;-----
46     ASSUME CS:CODE,DS:DATA
47
48     0000 MEMORY_SIZE_DET_1 PROC FAR
49     0000 FB STI ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON
50     0001 IE PUSH DS ; SAVE SEGMENT
51     0002 EB 0000 E CALL D0S ; ESTABLISH ADDRESSING
52     0005 A1 0013 R MOV AX, MEMORY_SIZE ; GET VALUE
53     0008 1F POP DS ; RECOVER SEGMENT
54     0009 CF IRET ; RETURN TO CALLER
55     000A
56
57     MEMORY_SIZE_DET_1 ENDP
58
59     ;--- INT 11 H -----
60     ; EQUIPMENT_DETERMINATION
61     ; THIS ROUTINE ATTEMPTS TO DETERMINE WHAT OPTIONAL
62     ; DEVICES ARE ATTACHED TO THE SYSTEM.
63     ; INPUT
64     ; NO REGISTERS
65     ; THE WEQUIP_FLAG VARIABLE IS SET DURING THE POWER ON
66     ; DIAGNOSTICS USING THE FOLLOWING HARDWARE ASSUMPTIONS:
67     ; PORT 03FA = INTERRUPT ID REGISTER OF 8250 (PRIMARY)
68     ; 02FA = INTERRUPT ID REGISTER OF 8250 (SECONDARY)
69     ; BITS 7-3 ARE ALWAYS 0
70     ; PORT 0378 = OUTPUT PORT OF PRINTER (PRIMARY)
71     ; 0278 = OUTPUT PORT OF PRINTER (SECONDARY)
72     ; 03BC = OUTPUT PORT OF PRINTER (MONOCHROME-PRINTER)
73     ; OUTPUT
74     ; (AX) IS SET, BIT SIGNIFICANT, TO INDICATE ATTACHED I/O
75     ; BIT 15,14 = NUMBER OF PRINTERS ATTACHED
76     ; BIT 13 = INTERNAL MODEM INSTALLED
77     ; BIT 12 NOT USED
78     ; BIT 11,10,9 = NUMBER OF RS232 CARDS ATTACHED
79     ; BIT 8 = NOT USED
80     ; BIT 7,6 = NUMBER OF DISKETTE DRIVES
81     ; 00=1, 01=2 ONLY IF BIT 0 = 1
82     ; BIT 5,4 = INITIAL VIDEO MODE
83     ; 00 - UNUSED
84     ; 01 - 40X25 BW USING COLOR CARD
85     ; 10 - 80X25 BW USING COLOR CARD
86     ; 11 - 80X25 BW USING BW CARD
87
88     ; BIT 3 = NOT USED
89     ; BIT 2 = NOT USED
90     ; BIT 1 = MATH COPROCESSOR
91     ; BIT 0 = 1 (IPL DISKETTE INSTALLED)
92     ; NO OTHER REGISTERS AFFECTED
93     ;-----
94     000A EQUIPMENT_1 PROC FAR ; ENTRY POINT FOR ORG 0F84DH
95     000A FB STI ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON
96     000B IE PUSH DS ; SAVE SEGMENT REGISTER
97     000C EB 0000 E CALL D0S ; ESTABLISH ADDRESSING
98     000F A1 0010 R MOV AX, WEQUIP_FLAG ; GET THE CURRENT SETTINGS
99     0012 1F POP DS ; RECOVER SEGMENT
100    0014 IRET ; RETURN TO CALLER

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SECTION 5

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101 PAGE
102 ;-- HARDWARE INT 02 H -- ( NMI LEVEL ) -----
103 ; NON-MASKABLE INTERRUPT ROUTINE (REAL MODE)
104 ; THIS ROUTINE WILL PRINT A "PARITY CHECK 1 OR 2" MESSAGE AND ATTEMPT
105 ; TO FIND THE STORAGE LOCATION IN BASE 640K CONTAINING THE BAD PARITY.
106 ; IF FOUND, THE SEGMENT ADDRESS WILL BE PRINTED. IF NO PARITY ERROR
107 ; CAN BE FOUND (INTERMITTENT READ PROBLEM) ????? WILL BE DISPLAYED
108 ; WHERE THE ADDRESS WOULD NORMALLY GO.
109 ;
110 ; PARITY CHECK 1 = PLANAR BOARD MEMORY FAILURE.
111 ; PARITY CHECK 2 = OFF PLANAR BOARD MEMORY FAILURE.
112 -----
113
114 NMI_INT_1 PROC NEAR
115     PUSH AX ; SAVE ORIGINAL CONTENTS OF (AX)
116
117     IN AL,PORT_B ; READ STATUS PORT
118     TEST AL,PARITY_ERR ; PARITY CHECK OR I/O CHECK ?
119     JNZ NMI_1 ; GO TO ERROR HALTS IF HARDWARE ERROR
120
121     MOV AL,CMOS_REG_D ; ELSE ?? - LEAVE NMI ON
122     CALL CMOS_READ ; TOGGLE NMI USING COMMON READ ROUTINE
123     POP AX ; RESTORE ORIGINAL CONTENTS OF (AX)
124     IRET ; EXIT NMI HANDLER BACK TO PROGRAM
125
126
127 NMI_1: ; HARDWARE ERROR
128     PUSH AX ; SAVE INITIAL CHECK MASK IN (AL)
129     MOV AL,CMOS_REG_D+NMI ; MASK TRAP (NMI) INTERRUPTS OFF
130     OUT CMOS_PORT,AL
131     MOV AL,D15_KBD ; DISABLE THE KEYBOARD
132     CALL CB042 ; SEND COMMAND TO ADAPTER
133     CALL DDS ; ADDRESS DATA SEGMENT
134     MOV AH,0 ; INITIALIZE AND SET MODE FOR VIDEO
135     MOV AL,%CRT_MODE ; GET CURRENT MODE
136     INT 10H ; CALL VIDEO_IO TO CLEAR SCREEN
137
138 ;----- DISPLAY "PARITY CHECK ?" ERROR MESSAGES
139
140     POP AX ; RECOVER INITIAL CHECK STATUS
141     MOV SI,OFFSET D1 ; PLANAR ERROR, ADDRESS "PARITY CHECK 1"
142     TEST AL,PARITY_CHECK ; CHECK FOR PLANAR ERROR
143     JZ NMI_2 ; SKIP IF NOT
144
145     PUSH AX ; SAVE STATUS
146     CALL P_MSG ; DISPLAY "PARITY CHECK 1" MESSAGE
147     POP AX ; AND RECOVER STATUS
148
149     NMI_2: ; ADDRESS OF "PARITY CHECK 2" MESSAGE
150     MOV SI,OFFSET D2 ; I/O PARITY CHECK ?
151     TEST AL,I/O_CHECK ; SKIP IF CORRECT ERROR DISPLAYED
152     CALL P_MSG ; DISPLAY "PARITY CHECK 2" ERROR
153
154 ;----- TEST FOR HOT NMI ON PLANAR PARITY LINE
155
156 NMI_3:
157     IN AL,PORT_B ; TOGGLE PARITY CHECK ENABLES
158     OR AL,RAM_PAR_OFF ; TO CLEAR THE PENDING CHECK
159     OUT PORT_B,AL
160     AND AL,RAM_PAR_ON ; TO CLEAR THE PENDING CHECK
161     OUT PORT_B,AL
162
163     CLD ; SET DIRECTION FLAG TO INCREMENT
164     DX,DX ; POINT (DX) AT START OF REAL MEMORY
165     SUB SI,SI ; SET (SI) TO START OF (DS:)
166     IN AL,PORT_B ; READ CURRENT PARITY CHECK LATCH
167     TEST AL,PARITY_ERR ; CHECK FOR HOT NMI SOURCE
168     JNZ NMI_5 ; SKIP IF ERROR NOT RESET (DISPLAY ???)
169
170 ;----- SEE IF LOCATION THAT CAUSED PARITY CHECK CAN BE FOUND IN BASE MEMORY
171
172     MOV BX,%MEMORY_SIZE ; GET BASE MEMORY SIZE WORD
173
174 NMI_4:
175     MOV DS,DX ; POINT TO 64K SEGMENT
176     MOV CX,4000H*2 ; SET WORD COUNT FOR 64 KB SCAN
177     LODSW ; READ 64 KB OF MEMORY
178     IN AL,PORT_B ; READ PARITY CHECK LATCHES
179     TEST AL,PARITY_ERR ; CHECK FOR ANY PARITY ERROR PENDING
180     JNZ NMI_6 ; GO PRINT SEGMENT ADDRESS IF ERROR
181
182     ADD DH,010H ; POINT TO NEXT 64K BLOCK
183     SUB BX,16D*4 ; DECREMENT COUNT OF 1024 BYTE SEGMENTS
184     JAE NMI_4 ; LOOP TILL ALL 64K SEGMENTS DONE
185
186 NMI_5:
187     MOV SI,OFFSET D2A ; PRINT ROW OF ????? IF PARITY
188     CALL P_MSG ; CHECK COULD NOT BE RE-CREATED
189     CLI
190     HLT ; HALT SYSTEM
191
192 NMI_6:
193     CALL PRT_SEG ; PRINT SEGMENT VALUE (IN DX)
194     MOV AL,SI ; PRINT (SI)
195     CALL PRT_HEX
196     MOV AL,SI*4
197     CALL PRT_HEX
198     MOV AL,SI*4
199     CALL PRT_HEX
200     CLI
201     HLT ; HALT SYSTEM
202
203 NMI_INT_1 ENDP
204 CODE ENDS
205 END

```

```

1 PAGE 118,123
2 TITLE BIOS1 ---- 11/15/85 INTERRUPT 15H BIOS ROUTINES
3 .286C
4 .LIST
5 0000
6 CODE SEGMENT BYTE PUBLIC
7 PUBLIC CASSETTE_IO_1
8 PUBLIC GATE_A20
9 PUBLIC SHUT9
10
11 EXTRN CMOS_READ:NEAR ; READ CMOS LOCATION ROUTINE
12 EXTRN CMOS_WRITE:NEAR ; WRITE CMOS LOCATION ROUTINE
13 EXTRN CONF_TBL:NEAR ; SYSTEM/BIOS CONFIGURATION TABLE
14 EXTRN DDS:NEAR ; LOAD (DS) WITH DATA SEGMENT SELECTOR
15 EXTRN PROC_SHUTDOWN:NEAR ; 80286 HARDWARE RESET ROUTINE
16
17 -----INT 15 H-----
18 INPUT - CASSETTE I/O FUNCTIONS ;
19 ;
20 ; (AH) = 00H ;
21 ; (AH) = 01H ;
22 ; (AH) = 02H ;
23 ; (AH) = 03H ;
24 ; RETURNS FOR THESE FUNCTIONS ALWAYS (AH) = 86H, CY = 1) ;
25 ; IF CASSETTE PORT NOT PRESENT ;
26 -----
27 INPUT - UNUSED FUNCTIONS ;
28 (AH) = 04H THROUGH 7FH ;
29 RETURNS FOR THESE FUNCTIONS ALWAYS (AH) = 86H, CY = 1) ;
30 (UNLESS INTERCEPTED BY SYSTEM HANDLERS) ;
31 NOTE: THE KEYBOARD INTERRUPT HANDLER INTERRUPTS WITH AH=4FH ;
32 -----
33 EXTENSIONS ;
34 (AH) = 80H DEVICE OPEN ;
35 (BX) = DEVICE ID ;
36 (CX) = PROCESS ID ;
37 ;
38 (AH) = 81H DEVICE CLOSE ;
39 (BX) = DEVICE ID ;
40 (CX) = PROCESS ID ;
41 ;
42 (AH) = 82H PROGRAM TERMINATION ;
43 (BX) = DEVICE ID ;
44 ;
45 (AH) = 83H EVENT WAIT ;
46 ;
47 (AL) = 00H SET INTERVAL ;
48 (ES:BX) POINTER TO A BYTE IN CALLERS MEMORY ;
49 THAT WILL HAVE THE HIGH ORDER BIT SET ;
50 AS SOON AS POSSIBLE AFTER THE INTERVAL ;
51 EXPIRES ;
52 (CX,DX) NUMBER OF MICROSECONDS TO ELAPSE BEFORE ;
53 POSTING. ;
54 (AL) = 01H CANCEL ;
55 ;
56 RETURNS: CARRY IF AL NOT = 00H OR 01H ;
57 OR IF FUNCTION AL=0 ALREADY BUSY ;
58 ;
59 (AH) = 84H JOYSTICK SUPPORT ;
60 (DX) = 00H - READ THE CURRENT SWITCH SETTINGS ;
61 RETURNS AL = SWITCH SETTINGS (BITS 7-4) ;
62 (DX) = 01H - READ THE RESISTIVE INPUTS ;
63 RETURNS AX = A(x) VALUE ;
64 BX = A(y) VALUE ;
65 CX = B(x) VALUE ;
66 DX = B(y) VALUE ;
67 ;
68 (AH) = 85H SYSTEM REQUEST KEY PRESSED ;
69 (AL) = 00H MAKE OF KEY ;
70 (AL) = 01H BREAK OF KEY ;
71 ;
72 (AH) = 86H WAIT ;
73 (CX,DX) NUMBER OF MICROSECONDS TO ELAPSE BEFORE ;
74 RETURN TO CALLER ;
75 ;
76 (AH) = 87H MOVE_BLOCK ;
77 (CX) NUMBER OF WORDS TO MOVE ;
78 (ES:SI) POINTER TO DESCRIPTOR TABLE ;
79 ;
80 (AH) = 88H EXTENDED MEMORY SIZE DETERMINE ;
81 ;
82 (AH) = 89H PROCESSOR TO VIRTUAL MODE ;
83 ;
84 (AH) = 90H DEVICE BUSY LOOP ;
85 (AL) SEE TYPE CODE ;
86 ;
87 (AH) = 91H INTERRUPT COMPLETE FLAG SET ;
88 (AL) TYPE CODE ;
89 00H -> TFH ;
90 SERIALLY REUSABLE DEVICES ;
91 OPERATING SYSTEM MUST SERIALIZE ACCESS ;
92 80H -> BFH ;
93 REENTRANT DEVICES; ES:BX IS USED TO ;
94 DISTINGUISH DIFFERENT CALLS (MULTIPLE I/O ;
95 CALLS ARE ALLOWED SIMULTANEOUSLY) ;
96 COH -> FFH ;
97 WAIT ONLY CALLS -- THERE IS NO ;
98 COMPLEMENTARY *POST* FOR THESE WAITS. ;
99 THESE ARE TIMEOUT ONLY. TIMES ARE ;
100 FUNCTION NUMBER DEPENDENT. ;
101 ;
102 TYPE DESCRIPTION TIMEOUT ;
103 ;
104 00H = DISK YES ;
105 01H = DISKETTE YES ;
106 02H = KEYBOARD NO ;
107 80H = NETWORK NO ;
108 ES:BX --> NCB ;
109 FDH = DISKETTE MOTOR START YES ;
110 FEH = PRINTER YES ;
111 ;

```

SECTION 5

```

112 PAGE
113 ; (AH) = COH RETURN CONFIGURATION PARAMETERS POINTER ;
114 ; RETURNS ;
115 ; (AH) = 00H AND CY= 0 (IF PRESENT ELSE 86 AND CY= 1) ;
116 ; (ES:BX) = PARAMETER TABLE ADDRESS POINTER ;
117 ; WHERE: ;
118 ;
119 ; DW 8 LENGTH OF FOLLOWING TABLE ;
120 ; DB MODEL_BYTE SYSTEM MODEL BYTE ;
121 ; DB TYPE_BYTE SYSTEM MODEL TYPE BYTE ;
122 ; DB BIOS_LEVEL BIOS REVISION LEVEL ;
123 ; DB ? ;
124 ; 1000000 = DMA CHANNEL 3 USE BY BIOS ;
125 ; 0100000 = CASCADED INTERRUPT LEVEL 2 ;
126 ; 0010000 = REAL TIME CLOCK AVAILABLE ;
127 ; 0001000 = KEYBOARD SCAN CODE HOOK 1AH ;
128 ; DB 0 RESERVED ;
129 ; DB 0 RESERVED ;
130 ; DB 0 RESERVED ;
131 ;
132 -----
133
134 ASSUME CS:CODE
135
136 0000 CASSETTE_IO_1 PROC FAR
137 0000 FB STI ; ENABLE INTERRUPTS
138 0001 80 FC 80 CMP AH,080H ; CHECK FOR RANGE
139 0004 72 4E JB CI ; RETURN IF 00-7FH
140 0006 80 FC C0 CMP AH,0C0H ; CHECK FOR CONFIGURATION PARAMETERS
141 0009 74 51 JE CONF_PARMS ; BASE ON 0
142 000B 80 EC 80 SUB AH,080H
143 000E 04 E4 OR AH,AH
144 0010 74 48 JZ DEV_OPEN ; DEVICE OPEN
145 0012 FE CC DEC AH ;
146 0014 74 44 JZ DEV_CLOSE ; DEVICE CLOSE
147 0016 FE CC DEC AH ;
148 0018 74 40 JZ PROG_TERM ; PROGRAM TERMINATION
149 001A FE CC DEC AH ;
150 001C 74 47 JZ EVENT_WAIT ; EVENT WAIT
151 001E FE CC DEC AH ;
152 0020 75 03 JNZ NOT_JOYSTICK ; JOYSTICK BIOS
153 0022 E9 00D0 R JMP JOY_STICK
154 0025 NOT_JOYSTICK:
155 0025 FE CC DEC AH ;
156 0027 74 31 JZ SYS_REQ ; SYSTEM REQUEST KEY
157 0029 FE CC DEC AH ;
158 002B 74 07 JZ C1_A ; WAIT
159 002D FE CC DEC AH ;
160 002F 75 06 JNZ C1_B ;
161 0031 E9 01CA R JMP BLOCKMOVE ; MOVE BLOCK
162
163 0034 E9 016A R C1_A: JMP WAIT ; WAIT
164
165 0037 FE CC C1_B: DEC AH ;
166
167 0039 75 03 JNZ C1_C ;
168 003B E9 03EE R JMP EXT_MEMORY ; GO GET THE EXTENDED MEMORY
169
170 003E FE CC C1_C: DEC AH ;
171 0040 75 03 JNZ C1_D ; CHECK FOR FUNCTION 89H
172 0042 E9 03FA R JMP SET_VMODE ; SWAP TO VIRTUAL MODE
173
174 0045 80 EC 07 C1_D: SUB AH,7 ; CHECK FOR FUNCTION 90H
175 0048 75 03 JNZ C1_E ; GO IF NOT
176 004A E9 0483 R JMP DEVICE_BUSY
177
178 004D FE CC C1_E: DEC AH ; CHECK FOR FUNCTION 8BH
179 004F 75 03 JNZ C1_F ; GO IF NOT
180 0051 E9 0487 R JMP INT_COMPLETE
181
182 0054 B4 86 C1: MOV AH,86H ; SET BAD COMMAND
183 0056 F9 STC ; SET CARRY FLAG ON
184 0057 C1_F:
185 0057 CA 0002 RET 2 ; FAR RETURN EXIT FROM ROUTINES
186
187
188 005A DEV_OPEN: ; NULL HANDLERS
189
190 005A DEV_CLOSE:
191
192 005A PROG_TERM:
193
194 005A SYS_REQ:
195 005A EB FB JMP C1_F ; RETURN
196 005C CASSETTE_IO_1 ENDP
197
198 005C CONF_PARMS PROC NEAR
199 005C OE PUSH CS ; GET CODE SEGMENT
200 005D 07 POP ES ; PLACE IN SELECTOR POINTER
201 005E BB 0000 E MOV BX,OFFSET CONF_TBL ; GET OFFSET OF PARAMETER TABLE
202 0061 32 04 XOR AH,AH ; CLEAR AH AND SET CARRY OFF
203 0063 EB F2 JMP C1_F ; EXIT THROUGH COMMON RETURN
204 0065 CONF_PARMS ENDP
205
206 0065 EVENT_WAIT PROC NEAR
207 ASSUME DS:DATA
208 0065 IE PUSH DS ; SAVE
209 0066 EB 0000 E CALL DDS
210 0069 0A C0 OR AL,AL
211 006B 74 08 JZ EVENT_WAIT_2 ; GO IF ZERO
212 006D FE C8 DEC AL ; CHECK IF 1
213 006F 74 45 JZ EVENT_WAIT_3
214 0071 1F POP DS ; RESTORE DATA SEGMENT
215 0072 F9 STC ; SET CARRY
216 0073 EB E2 JMP C1_F ; EXIT
217
218 0075 EVENT_WAIT_2:
219 0075 FA CLI ; NO INTERRUPTS ALLOWED
220 0076 F6 06 00A0 R 01 TEST %RTC_WAIT_FLAG,01 ; CHECK FOR FUNCTION ACTIVE
221 007B 74 05 JZ EVENT_WAIT_1
222 007D FB STI ; ENABLE INTERRUPTS
223 007E 1F POP DS ;
224 007F F9 STC ; SET ERROR
225 0080 EB D5 JMP C1_F ; RETURN

```

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226
227 0082          EVENT_WAIT_1:
228 0082 E4 A1      IN      AL,INTB01
229 0084 EB 00      JMP      $+2
230 0086 24 FE      AND      AL,0FEH
231 0088 E6 A1      OUT      INTB01,AL
232 008A 0C 06 009A R  MOV     USER_FLAG_SEG,ES
233 008E 89 1E 0098 R  MOV     USER_FLAG,BX
234 0092 89 0E 009E R  MOV     USER_FLAG,CX
235 0096 89 16 009C R  MOV     WRTC_LOW,DX
236 009A 06 06 00A0 R 01 MOV     WRTC_WAIT_FLAG,01
237 009F 80 0B      MOV     AL,CMOS_REG_B
238 00A1 E8 0000 E  CALL    CMOS_READ
239 00A4 24 7F      AND     AL,07FH
240 00A6 0C 40      OR      AL,040H
241 00A8 50        PUSH   AX
242 00AA 8A E0      MOV     AH,AL
243 00AD 80 0B      MOV     AL,CMOS_REG_B
244 00AD E8 0000 E  CALL    CMOS_WRITE
245 00B0 58        POP    AX
246 00B1 1F        POP    DS
247 00B2 FB        STI
248 00B3 F8        CLC
249 00B4 EB A1      JMP     C1_F
250
251          ;----- CANCEL
252
253 00B6          EVENT_WAIT_3:
254 00B6 50        PUSH   AX
255 00B7 FA        CLI
256 00B8 88 0B0B   MOV     AX,X*CMOS_REG_B
257 00BB E8 0000 E  CALL    CMOS_READ
258 00BE 24 7F      AND     AL,0BFH
259 00C0 86 E0      XCHG   AH,AL
260 00C2 E8 0000 E  CALL    CMOS_WRITE
261 00C5 58        POP    AX
262 00C6 06 06 00A0 R 00 MOV     WRTC_WAIT_FLAG,0
263 00CB FB        STI
264 00CC 1F        POP    DS
265 00CD FB        STI
266 00CE EB 87      JMP     C1_F
267
268 00D0          EVENT_WAIT_2 ENDP
269          ;--- JOY_STICK
270          ; THIS ROUTINE WILL READ THE JOYSTICK PORT
271          ;
272          ; INPUT
273          ; (DX)=0 READ THE CURRENT SWITCHES
274          ; RETURNS (AL)= SWITCH SETTINGS IN BITS 7-4
275          ;
276          ; (DX)=1 READ THE RESISTIVE INPUTS
277          ; RETURNS
278          ; (AX)=A(x) VALUE
279          ; (BX)=A(y) VALUE
280          ; (CX)=B(x) VALUE
281          ; (DX)=B(y) VALUE
282          ;
283          ; CY FLAG ON IF NO ADAPTER CARD OR INVALID CALL
284
285 00D0          JOY_STICK PROC NEAR
286 00D0 FB        STI
287 00D1 8B C2      MOV     AX,DX
288 00D3 8A 0201   MOV     DX,201H
289 00D6 0A C0      OR      AL,AL
290 00D8 74 0B      JZ      JOY_2
291 00DA FE C8      DEC     AL
292 00DC 74 0C      JZ      JOY_3
293 00DE E9 0054 R  JMP     C1
294 00E1          JOY_1:
295 00E1 FB        STI
296 00E2 E9 0057 R  JMP     C1_F
297
298 00E5          JOY_2:
299 00E5 EC        IN      AL,DX
300 00E6 24 F0     AND     AL,0F0H
301 00E8 EB F7     JMP     JOY_1
302
303 00EA          JOY_3:
304 00EA B3 01     MOV     BL,1
305 00EC E8 0108 R  CALL    TEST_CORD
306 00EF 51        PUSH   CX
307 00F0 B3 02     MOV     BL,2
308 00F2 E8 0108 R  CALL    TEST_CORD
309 00F5 51        PUSH   CX
310 00F6 B3 04     MOV     BL,4
311 00F8 E8 0108 R  CALL    TEST_CORD
312 00FB 51        PUSH   CX
313 00FC B3 08     MOV     BL,8
314 00FE E8 0108 R  CALL    TEST_CORD
315 0101 B3 D1     MOV     DX,CX
316 0103 59        POP    CX
317 0104 5B        POP    BX
318 0105 58        POP    AX
319 0106 EB D9     JMP     JOY_1
320
321 0108          TEST_CORD PROC NEAR
322 0108 52        PUSH   DX
323 0109 FA        CLI
324 010A 80 00     MOV     AL,0
325 010C E4 43     OUT    TIMER+3,AL
326 010E EB 00     JMP     $+2
327 0110 E4 40     IN      AL,TIMER
328 0112 EB 00     JMP     $+2
329 0114 8A E0     MOV     AH,AL
330 0116 E4 40     IN      AL,TIMER
331 0118 86 E0     XCHG   AH,AL
332 011A 50        PUSH   AX
333 011B 89 04FF   MOV     CX,4FFH
334 011E EE        OUT    DX,AL
335 011F EB 00     JMP     $+2
336 0121          TEST_CORD_1:
337 0121 EC        IN      AL,DX
338 0122 84 C3     TEST   AL,BL
339 0124 E0 FB     LOOPNZ TEST_CORD_1

```

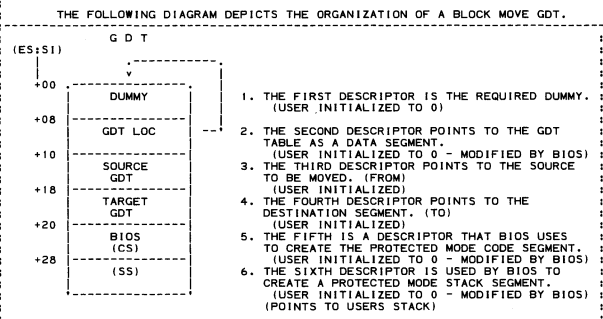
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340 0126 83 F9 00          CMP     CX,0
341 0129 59                POP     CX
342 012A 75 04            JNZ     SHORT TEST_CORD_2      ; ORIGINAL COUNT
343 012C 2B 09            SUB     CX,CX
344 012E EB 28            JMP     SHORT TEST_CORD_3      ; SET 0 COUNT FOR RETURN
345 0130                TEST_CORD_1:                   ; EXIT WITH COUNT = 0
346 0130 B0 00            MOV     AL,0
347 0132 E6 43            OUT     TIMER+3,AL
348 0134 EB 00            JMP     $+2
349 0136 EA 40            IN     AL,TIMER
350 0138 8A E0            MOV     AH,AL
351 013A EB 00            JMP     $+2
352 013C E4 40            IN     AL,TIMER
353 013E 86 E0            XCHG   AH,AL
354
355 0140 3B CB            CMP     CX,AX
356 0142 73 0B            JAE     TEST_CORD_4
357 0144 52                PUSH   DX
358 0145 BA FFFF          MOV     DX,-1
359
360 0148 2B D0            SUB     DX,AX
361 014A 03 CA            ADD     CX,DX
362 014C 5A                POP     DX
363 014D EB 02            JMP     SHORT TEST_CORD_5
364
365 014F                TEST_CORD_4:
366 014F 2B C8            SUB     CX,AX
367 0151                TEST_CORD_5:
368 0151 81 E1 IFF0        AND     CX,1FFF0H
369 0155 C1 E9 04        SHR     CX,4
370
371 0158                TEST_CORD_3:
372 0158 FB            STI
373 0159 BA 0201          MOV     DX,201H
374 015C 51                PUSH   CX
375 015D 54 40            PUSH   AX
376 015E B9 04FF          MOV     CX,4FFH
377 0161                TEST_CORD_6:
378 0161 EC            IN     AL,DX
379 0162 AB 0F            TEST   AL,0FH
380 0164 E0 FB            LOOPNZ TEST_CORD_6
381
382 0166 5B                POP     AX
383 0167 59                POP     CX
384 0168 5A                POP     DX
385
386 0169 C3                RET
387
388 016A                TEST_CORD   ENDP
389 016A                JOY_STICK  ENDP
390
391 016A                WAIT       PROC   NEAR
392 016A 1E                PUSH   DS
393 016B EB 0000 E        CALL   DDS
394 016E F6 06 00A0 R 01  @RTC_WAIT_FLAG,01
395 0173 74 05            JZ     WAIT_1
396 0175 1F                POP     DS
397 0176 F9                STC
398 0177 E9 0057 R        JMP     C1_F
399 017A                WAIT_1:
400 017A FA                CLI
401 017B E4 A1            IN     AL,INTB01
402 017D EB 00            JMP     $+2
403 017F 24 FE            AND     AL,0FEH
404 0181 E6 A1            OUT     INTB01,AL
405 0183 8C 1E 009A R    MOV     @USER_FLAG_SEG,DS
406 0187 C7 06 0098 R 00A0 R  @USER_FLAG_OFFSET @RTC_WAIT_FLAG
407 018D 89 0E 009E R    MOV     @RTC_HIGH,CX
408 0191 89 06 009C R    MOV     @RTC_LOW,DX
409 0195 C6 06 00A0 R 01  @RTC_WAIT_FLAG,01
410 019A 50                PUSH   AX
411 019B B8 0B0B          MOV     AX,*CMOS_REG_B
412 019E EB 0000 E        CALL   CMOS_READ
413 01A1 24 1F            AND     AL,0FH
414 01A3 0C 40            OR     AL,040H
415 01A5 86 E0            XCHG   AH,AL
416 01A7 EB 0000 E        CALL   CMOS_WRITE
417 01AA 5B                POP     AX
418
419
420 ;----- WAIT TILL RTC TIMEOUT POSTED (WITH ERROR TIMEOUT)
421 01AB FB            STI
422 01AC 51                PUSH   CX
423 01AD 52                PUSH   DX
424 01AE 87 D1            XCHG   DX,CX
425 01B0                WAIT_2:
426 01B0 F6 06 00A0 R 80  @RTC_WAIT_FLAG,0B0H
427 01B5 E7 F9            TEST   WX,T2
428 01B7 75 05            JNZ     WAIT_9
429 01B9 83 EA 01        SUB     DX,1
430 01BC 73 F2            JNC     WAIT_2
431 01BE                WAIT_9:
432 01BE C6 06 00A0 R 00  @RTC_WAIT_FLAG,0
433 01C3 5A                POP     DX
434 01C4 59                POP     CX
435 01C5 1F                POP     DS
436 01C6 F8                CLC
437 01C7 E9 0057 R        JMP     C1_F
438
439 01CA                WAIT       ENDP
    
```

```

440 PAGE
441 :--- INT 15H -- ( FUNCTION 87H - BLOCK MOVE ) -----
442 :
443 THIS BIOS FUNCTION PROVIDES A MEANS FOR A REAL MODE PROGRAM OR SYSTEM
444 TO TRANSFER A BLOCK OF STORAGE TO AND FROM STORAGE ABOVE THE 1 MEG
445 ADDRESS RANGE IN PROTECTED MODE SPACE BY SWITCHING TO PROTECTED MODE.
446 :
447 ENTRY:
448 (AH) = 87H (FUNCTION CALL) - BLOCK MOVE.
449 (CX) = WORD COUNT OF STORAGE BLOCK TO BE MOVED.
450 NOTE: MAX COUNT = 8000H FOR 32K WORDS (65K BYTES)
451 ES:SI = LOCATION OF A GDT TABLE BUILT BY ROUTINE USING THIS FUNCTION.
452 :
453 (ES:SI) POINTS TO A DESCRIPTOR TABLE (GDT) BUILT BEFORE INTERRUPTING
454 TO THIS FUNCTION. THE DESCRIPTORS ARE USED TO PERFORM THE BLOCK
455 MOVE IN THE PROTECTED MODE. THE SOURCE AND TARGET DESCRIPTORS
456 BUILT BY THE USER MUST HAVE A SEGMENT LENGTH = 2 * CX-1 OR GREATER.
457 THE DATA ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE MUST BE SET TO CPL0-R/W (93H). THE
458 24 BIT ADDRESS (BYTE HI, WORD LOW) MUST BE SET TO THE TARGET/SOURCE.
459 :
460 *** NO INTERRUPTS ARE ALLOWED DURING TRANSFER. LARGE BLOCK MOVES
461 MAY CAUSE LOST INTERRUPTS.
462 :
463 EXIT:
464 (AH) = 00H IF SUCCESSFUL
465 (AH) = 01H IF MEMORY PARITY (PARITY ERROR REGISTERS ARE CLEARED)
466 (AH) = 02H IF ANY OTHER EXCEPTION INTERRUPT ERROR OCCURRED
467 (AH) = 03H IF GATE ADDRESS LINE 20 FAILED
468 ALL REGISTERS ARE RESTORED EXCEPT (AH).
469 :
470 IF SUCCESSFUL - CARRY FLAG = 0
471 IF ERROR ----- CARRY FLAG = 1
472 :
473 DESCRIPTION:
474 :
475 1. SAVE ENTRY REGISTERS AND SETUP FOR SHUTDOWN EXIT.
476 2. THE REQUIRED ENTRIES ARE BUILT IN THE GDT AT (ES:SI).
477 3. GATE ADDRESS LINE 20 ACTIVE, CLI AND SET SHUTDOWN CODES.
478 4. THE IDTR IS LOADED AND POINTS TO A ROM RESIDENT TABLE.
479 5. THE GDTR IS LOADED FROM THE OFFSET POINTER (ES:SI).
480 6. THE PROCESSOR IS PUT INTO PROTECTED MODE.
481 7. LOAD (DS) AND (ES) WITH THE ADDRESS OF THE SOURCE AND TARGET.
482 8. DS:SI (SOURCE) (ES:D1) (TARGET) REP MOVSW IS EXECUTED.
483 9. CHECK MADE FOR PARITY ERRORS.
484 10. REAL MODE RESTORED WHEN SHUTDOWN 09H IS EXECUTED.
485 11. ERRORS ARE CHECKED FOR AND RETURN CODES ARE SET FOR (AH).
486 12. ADDRESS LINE 20 GATE IS DISABLED.
487 13. RETURN WITH REGISTERS RESTORED AND STATUS RETURN CODE.
488 (FOR PC-AT COMPATIBILITY ZF=1 IF SUCCESSFUL, ZF=0 IF ERROR.)
489 :
490 -----
491 THE FOLLOWING DIAGRAM DEPICTS THE ORGANIZATION OF A BLOCK MOVE GDT.
492 -----

```



1. THE FIRST DESCRIPTOR IS THE REQUIRED DUMMY. (USER INITIALIZED TO 0)
2. THE SECOND DESCRIPTOR POINTS TO THE GDT TABLE AS A DATA SEGMENT. (USER INITIALIZED TO 0 - MODIFIED BY BIOS)
3. THE THIRD DESCRIPTOR POINTS TO THE SOURCE TO BE MOVED. (FROM)
4. THE FOURTH DESCRIPTOR POINTS TO THE DESTINATION SEGMENT. (TO)
5. THE FIFTH IS A DESCRIPTOR THAT BIOS USES TO CREATE THE PROTECTED MODE CODE SEGMENT. (USER INITIALIZED TO 0 - MODIFIED BY BIOS)
6. THE SIXTH DESCRIPTOR IS USED BY BIOS TO CREATE A PROTECTED MODE STACK SEGMENT. (USER INITIALIZED TO 0 - MODIFIED BY BIOS) (POINTS TO USERS STACK)

SAMPLE OF SOURCE OR TARGET DESCRIPTOR

SOURCE_TARGET_DEF	STRUC
SEG_LIMIT	DW ? ; SEGMENT LIMIT (1-65536 BYTES)
LO_WORD	DW ? ; 24 BIT SEGMENT PHYSICAL
HI_BYTE	DB ? ; ADDRESS 0 TO (16M-1)
DATA_ACC_RIGHTS	DB 93H ; ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE (CPL0-R/W)
RESERVED	DW 0 ; RESERVED WORD (MUST BE ZERO)
SOURCE_TARGET_DEF	ENDS

```

530 THE GLOBAL DESCRIPTOR TABLE (ACTUAL LOCATION POINTED TO BY ES:SI)
531 :
532 BLOCKMOVE_GDT_DEF STRUC
533 :
534 536 0000 ?????????????????? CGDT_LOC DQ ? ; FIRST DESCRIPTOR NOT ACCESSIBLE
537 0008 ?????????????????? SOURCE DQ ? ; LOCATION OF CALLING ROUTINE GDT
538 0010 ?????????????????? TARGET DQ ? ; SOURCE DESCRIPTOR
539 0018 ?????????????????? BIOS_CS DQ ? ; TARGET DESCRIPTOR
540 0020 ?????????????????? TEMP_SS DQ ? ; BIOS_CODE DESCRIPTOR
541 0028 ?????????????????? BLOCKMOVE_GDT_DEF ENDS ; STACK DESCRIPTOR
542 0030
543 :
544 544 01CA BLOCKMOVE PROC NEAR
545 :
546 546 01CA FC CLD ; SET DIRECTION FORWARD
547 01CB 60 PUSHA ; SAVE GENERAL PURPOSE REGISTERS
548 01CC 06 PUSH ES ; SAVE USERS EXTRA SEGMENT
549 01CD 1E PUSH DS ; SAVE USERS DATA SEGMENT
550 :
551 :----- SAVE THE CALLING ROUTINE'S STACK
552 :
553 553 01CE E8 0000 E CALL DDS ; SET DS TO DATA AREA

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SECTION 5



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554 01D1 8C 16 0069 R      MOV     #10_ROM_SEG,SS      ; SAVE USERS STACK SEGMENT
555 01D5 89 26 0067 R      MOV     #10_ROM_INIT,SP    ; SAVE USERS STACK POINTER
556
557                      ;===== SET UP THE PROTECTED MODE DEFINITIONS =====
558
559                      ;----- MAKE A 24 BIT ADDRESS OUT OF THE ES:SI FOR THE GDT POINTER
560
561                      ASSUME DS:NOTHING      ; POINT (DS) TO USERS CONTROL BLOCK
562 01D9 8C C0              MOV     AX,ES              ; GET THE GDT DATA SEGMENT
563 01DB 8E DB              MOV     DS,AX              ; MOVE THE GDT SEGMENT POINTER TO (DS)
564 01DD 8A F4              MOV     DH,AH              ; BUILD HIGH BYTE OF THE 24 BIT ADDRESS
565 01DF C0 EE 04           SHR     DH,4                ; USE ONLY HIGH NIBBLE SHIFT - RIGHT 4
566 01E2 C1 E0 04           SHL     AX,4                ; STRIP HIGH NIBBLE FROM (AX)
567 01E5 03 C6             ADD     AX,S1               ; ADD THE GDT OFFSET TO DEVELOP LOW WORD
568 01E7 80 D6 00           ADC     DH,0                ; ADJUST HIGH BYTE IF CARRY FROM LOW
569
570                      ;----- SET THE GDT_LOC
571
572 01EA C7 44 08 FFFF      MOV     [S1].CGDT_LOC_SEG_LIMIT,MAX_SEG_LEN
573 01EF 89 44 0A           MOV     [S1].CGDT_LOC_BASE_LO_WORD,AX    ; SET THE LOW WORD
574 01F2 88 74 0C           MOV     [S1].CGDT_LOC_BASE_HI_BYTE,DH    ; SET THE HIGH BYTE
575 01F5 C7 44 0E 0000     MOV     [S1].CGDT_LOC_DATA_RESERVED,0    ; RESERVED
576
577                      ;----- SET UP THE CODE SEGMENT DESCRIPTOR
578
579 01FA C7 44 20 FFFF      MOV     [S1].BIOS_CS_SEG_LIMIT,MAX_SEG_LEN
580 01FF C7 44 22 0000     MOV     [S1].BIOS_CS_BASE_LO_WORD,AX    ; LOW WORD OF (CS)= 0
581 0204 C6 44 24 0F       MOV     [S1].BIOS_CS_BASE_HI_BYTE,CSEG#HI ; HIGH BYTE OF (CS)= 0FH
582 0208 C6 44 25 9B       MOV     [S1].BIOS_CS_DATA_ACC_RIGHTS,CPL0_CODE_ACCESS
583 020C C7 44 26 0000     MOV     [S1].BIOS_CS_DATA_RESERVED,0    ; RESERVED
584
585                      ;----- MAKE A 24 BIT ADDRESS OUT OF THE (SS) - ( SP) REMAINS USER (SP) )
586
587 0211 8C D0              MOV     AX,SS              ; GET THE CURRENT STACK SEGMENT
588 0213 8A F4              MOV     DH,AH              ; FORM HIGH BYTE OF 24 BIT ADDRESS
589 0215 C0 EE 04           SHR     DH,4                ; FORM HIGH BYTE - SHIFT RIGHT 4
590 0218 C1 E0 04           SHL     AX,4                ; STRIP HIGH NIBBLE FROM (AX)
591
592                      ;----- SS IS NOW IN POSITION FOR A 24 BIT ADDRESS --> SETUP THE (SS) DESCRIPTOR
593
594 021B C7 44 28 FFFF      MOV     [S1].TEMP_SS_SEG_LIMIT,MAX_SEG_LEN ; SET THE SS SEGMENT LIMIT
595 0220 89 44 2A           MOV     [S1].TEMP_SS_BASE_LO_WORD,AX    ; SET THE LOW WORD
596 0223 88 74 2C           MOV     [S1].TEMP_SS_BASE_HI_BYTE,DH    ; SET THE HIGH BYTE
597 0226 C6 44 2D 93       MOV     [S1].TEMP_SS_DATA_ACC_RIGHTS,CPL0_DATA_ACCESS ; SET CPL 0
598
599                      ;----- GATE ADDRESS BIT 20 ON (DISABLE INTERRUPTS)
600
601 022A B4 DF              MOV     AH,ENABLE_BIT20    ; GET ENABLE MASK
602 022C E8 03CC R          CALL    GATE_A20           ; ENABLE A20 AND CLEAR INTERRUPTS
603 022F 3C 00              CMP     AL,0                ; WAS THE COMMAND ACCEPTED?
604 0231 74 06              JZ      BL4                 ; GO IF YES
605
606 0233 90 03              MOV     AL,03H              ; SET THE ERROR FLAG IF NOT
607 0235 E6 80              OUT     MFG_PORT,AL        ; EARLY ERROR EXIT
608 0237 EB 51              JMP     SHORT_SHUT9
609
610                      ;----- SET SHUTDOWN RETURN ADDRESS AND DISABLE NMI
611
612 0239 B8 098F             MOV     AX,9*H+CMOS_SHUT_DOWN+NMI      ; SET THE SHUTDOWN BYTE LOCATION
613 023C E8 0000 E          CALL    CMOS_WRITE          ; TO SHUT DOWN 9 AND DISABLE NMI
614
615                      ;----- CLEAR EXCEPTION ERROR FLAG
616
617 023F 2A C0              SUB     AL,AL                ; CLEAR FLAG
618 0241 E6 80              OUT     MFG_PORT,AL        ; SET ERROR FLAG LOCATION TO 0
619
620                      ;----- LOAD THE IDT AND GDT
621
622 0243 BD 02C6 R          MOV     BP,OFFSET ROM_IDT_LOC          ; LOAD THE IDT
623
624 0246 2E                +      DB      02EH          ; REGISTER FROM THIS AREA
625 0248                +      LITD [BP]
626 0247 0F                +      DB      00FH
627 0248                +      LABEL BYTE
628 0248 8B 5E 00          +      LABEL BX,WORD PTR [BP]
629 0248                +      LABEL BYTE
630 0248                +      ORG    OFFSET CS:??0001
631 0248 01                +      DB      001H
632 0248                +      ORG    OFFSET CS:??0002
633
634 024B 0F                +      LGDT [S1].CGDT_LOC          ; LOAD GLOBAL DESCRIPTOR TABLE REGISTER
635 024C                +      DB      00FH
636 024C                +      LABEL BYTE
637 024C 8B 54 08          +      MOV     DX,WORD PTR [S1].CGDT_LOC
638 024F                +      LABEL BYTE
639 024C                +      ORG    OFFSET CS:??0003
640 024C 01                +      DB      001H
641 024F                +      ORG    OFFSET CS:??0004
642
643                      ;----- SWITCH TO VIRTUAL MODE
644
645 024F B8 0001           MOV     AX,VIRTUAL_ENABLE    ; MACHINE STATUS WORD NEEDED TO
646 0251 89 00             MOV     AX,LWSW              ; SWITCH TO VIRTUAL MODE
647
648 0252 0F 01 F0          +      DB      00FH,001H,0F0H
649 0255 EA                +      DB      DEAH
650 0256 025A R           +      DW      OFFSET VIRT
651 0258 0020             +      DW      BIOS_CS        ; - TO OFFSET
652 025A                   VIRT: ; - IN SEGMENT --PROTECTED MODE SELECTOR
653
654                      ;----- IN PROTECTED MODE - SETUP STACK SELECTOR AND SOURCE/TARGET SELECTORS
655
656 025A B8 0028           MOV     AX,TEMP_SS          ; USER'S SS+SP IS NOT A DESCRIPTOR
657 025D 8E D0             MOV     SS,AX                ; LOAD STACK SELECTOR
658 025F B8 0010           MOV     AX,SOURCE            ; GET THE SOURCE ENTRY
659 0262 8E D8             MOV     DS,AX                ; LOAD SOURCE SELECTOR
660 0264 B8 0018           MOV     AX,TARGET            ; GET THE TARGET ENTRY
661 0267 8E C0             MOV     ES,AX                ; LOAD TARGET SELECTOR
662 0269 2B F6             SUB     SI,S1                 ; SET SOURCE INDEX REGISTER TO ZERO
663 026B 2B FF             SUB     DI,D1                 ; SET TARGET INDEX REGISTER TO ZERO
664
665 026D F3/ A5           REP     MOVSW                 ; MOVE THE BLOCK COUNT PASSED IN (CX)
666
667                      ;----- CHECK FOR MEMORY PARITY BEFORE SHUTDOWN

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668      026F E4 61      IN      AL,PORT_B      ; GET THE PARITY LATCHES
669      0271 24 C0      AND     AL,PARITY_ERR  ; STRIP UNWANTED BITS
670      0273 74 12      JZ      DONE1          ; GO IF NO PARITY ERROR
671
672      ;----- CLEAR PARITY BEFORE SHUTDOWN
673
674
675      0275 88 05      MOV     AX,DS:[DI]     ; FETCH CURRENT SOURCE DATA
676      0277 89 05      MOV     DS:[DI],AX    ; WRITE IT BACK
677      0279 B0 01      MOV     AL,0          ; SET PARITY CHECK ERROR = 01
678      027B E6 80      OUT     MFG_PORT,AL   ;
679      027D E4 61      IN      AL,PORT_B     ; TOGGLE PARITY CHECK LATCHES
680      027F 0C 0C      OR      AL,RAM_PAR_OFF ; TO CLEAR THE PENDING ERROR
681      0281 E6 61      OUT     PORT_B,AL     ; AND ENABLE CHECKING
682      0283 24 F3      AND     AL,RAM_PAR_ON
683      0285 E6 61      OUT     PORT_B,AL
684
685      ;----- CAUSE A SHUTDOWN
686
687      0287
688      0287 E9 0000 E   DONE1:  JMP     PROC_SHUTDOWN ; GO RESET PROCESSOR AND SHUTDOWN
689
690      ;-----
691      ;----- RETURN FROM SHUTDOWN
692      ;-----
693      028A
694      SHUT9:
695      028A 88 ---- R   ASSUME  DS:DATA      ; RESTORE USERS STACK
696      028D 8E D8      MOV     DS,AX         ; SET DS TO DATA AREA
697      028F 8E 16 0069 R  MOV     SS,010_ROM_SEG ; GET USER STACK SEGMENT
698      0293 8B 26 0067 R  MOV     SP,010_ROM_INIT ; GET USER STACK POINTER
699
700      ;----- GATE ADDRESS BIT 20 OFF
701
702      0297 B4 0D      MOV     AH,DISABLE_BIT20 ; DISABLE MASK
703      0299 E8 03CC R   CALL   GATE_A20      ; GATE ADDRESS 20 LINE OFF
704      029C 3C 00      CMP     AL,0         ; COMMAND ACCEPTED?
705      029E 74 0A      JZ      DONE3        ; GO IF YES
706
707      02A0 E4 80      IN      AL,MFG_PORT   ; CHECK FOR ANY OTHER ERROR FIRST
708      02A2 3C 00      CMP     AL,0         ; WAS THERE AN ERROR?
709      02A4 75 04      JNZ    DONE3        ; REPORT FIRST ERROR IF YES
710      02A6 B0 03      MOV     AL,03H      ; ELSE SET GATE A20 ERROR FLAG
711      02A8 E6 80      OUT     MFG_PORT,AL
712
713      ;----- RESTORE THE USERS REGISTERS AND SET RETURN CODES
714
715      02AA
716      02AA 88 000D     DONE3:  MOV     AX,CMOS_REG_D  ; CLEAR (AH) TO ZERO AND (AL) TO DEFAULT
717      02AD E6 70      OUT     CMOS_PORT,AL ; ENABLE NMI INTERRUPTS
718
719      02AF 1F      POP     DS           ; RESTORE USER DATA SEGMENT
720      02B0 07      POP     ES           ; RESTORE USER EXTRA SEGMENT
721      02B1 E4 80      IN      AL,MFG_PORT  ; GET THE ENDING STATUS RETURN CODE
722      02B3 8B EC      MOV     BP,SP        ; POINT TO REGISTERS IN THE STACK
723      02B5 88 46 0F   MOV     [BP+15],AL  ; PLACE ERROR CODE INTO STACK AT (AH)
724      02B8 3A E0      CMP     AH,AL        ; SET THE ZF & CY FLAGS WITH RETURN CODE
725      02BA 61      POPA   SI            ; RESTORE THE GENERAL PURPOSE REGISTERS
726      02BB FB      STI     SI           ; TURN INTERRUPTS ON
727      02BC
728      02BC CA 0002     DONE4:  PROC  FAR        ; RETURN WITH FLAGS SET -- (AH) = CODE
729      02BF          RET     2           ; (CY=0,ZF1) = OK (CY=1,ZF=0) = ERROR
730
731      ;----- BLOCK MOVE EXCEPTION INTERRUPT HANDLER
732
733      02BF
734      02BF 80 02     EX_INT: MOV     AL,02H      ; GET EXCEPTION ERROR CODE
735      02C1 E6 80      OUT     MFG_PORT,AL  ; SET EXCEPTION INTERRUPT OCCURRED FLAG
736      02C3 E9 0000 E   JMP     PROC_SHUTDOWN ; CAUSE A EARLY SHUTDOWN
737
738      ;----- ROM IDT LOCATION
739
740      02C6
741      02C6 0100     ROM_IDT_LOC: DW     ROM_IDT_END-ROM_IDT ; LENGTH OF ROM IDT TABLE
742      02C8 02CC R   DW     ROM_IDT      ; LOW WORD OF BASE ADDRESS
743      02CA 0F      DB     CSEG_HI      ; HIGH BYTE OF BASE ADDRESS
744      02CB 00      DB     0            ; RESERVED
745
746      ;----- THE ROM EXCEPTION INTERRUPT VECTOR GATES FOR BLOCK MOVE
747
748      02CC
749      02CC 02BF R   ROM_IDT: DW     EX_INT      ; EXCEPTION 00
750      02CE 0020     DW     BI05_CS     ; DESTINATION OFFSET
751      02D0 00      DB     0            ; DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
752      02D1 87      DB     TRAP_GATE   ; WORD COPY COUNT
753      02D2 0000     DW     0           ; GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
754      ; RESERVED
755      02D4 02BF R   DW     EX_INT      ; EXCEPTION 01
756      02D6 0020     DW     BI05_CS     ; DESTINATION OFFSET
757      02D8 00      DB     0            ; DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
758      02D9 87      DB     TRAP_GATE   ; WORD COPY COUNT
759      02DA 0000     DW     0           ; GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
760      ; RESERVED
761      02DC 02BF R   DW     EX_INT      ; EXCEPTION 02
762      02DE 0020     DW     BI05_CS     ; DESTINATION OFFSET
763      02E0 00      DB     0            ; DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
764      02E1 87      DB     TRAP_GATE   ; WORD COPY COUNT
765      02E2 0000     DW     0           ; GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
766      ; RESERVED
767      02E4 02BF R   DW     EX_INT      ; EXCEPTION 03
768      02E6 0020     DW     BI05_CS     ; DESTINATION OFFSET
769      02E8 00      DB     0            ; DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
770      02E9 87      DB     TRAP_GATE   ; WORD COPY COUNT
771      02EA 0000     DW     0           ; GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
772      ; RESERVED
773      02EC 02BF R   DW     EX_INT      ; EXCEPTION 04
774      02EE 0020     DW     BI05_CS     ; DESTINATION OFFSET
775      02F0 00      DB     0            ; DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
776      02F1 87      DB     TRAP_GATE   ; WORD COPY COUNT
777      02F2 0000     DW     0           ; GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
778      ; RESERVED
779      02F4 02BF R   DW     EX_INT      ; EXCEPTION 05
780      02F6 0020     DW     BI05_CS     ; DESTINATION OFFSET
781      02F8 00      DB     0            ; DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
782      02F9 00      DB     0            ; WORD COPY COUNT
    
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782	02F9 87	DB	TRAP_GATE	:	GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
783	02FA 0000	DW	0	:	RESERVED
784				:	EXCEPTION 06
785	02FC 02BF R	DW	EX_INT	:	DESTINATION OFFSET
786	02FE 0020	DW	BIOS_CS	:	DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
787	0300 00	DB	0	:	WORD COPY COUNT
788	0301 87	DB	TRAP_GATE	:	GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
789	0302 0000	DW	0	:	RESERVED
790				:	EXCEPTION 07
791	0304 02BF R	DW	EX_INT	:	DESTINATION OFFSET
792	0306 0020	DW	BIOS_CS	:	DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
793	0308 00	DB	0	:	WORD COPY COUNT
794	0309 87	DB	TRAP_GATE	:	GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
795	030A 0000	DW	0	:	RESERVED
796				:	EXCEPTION 08
797	030C 02BF R	DW	EX_INT	:	DESTINATION OFFSET
798	030E 0020	DW	BIOS_CS	:	DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
799	0310 00	DB	0	:	WORD COPY COUNT
800	0311 87	DB	TRAP_GATE	:	GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
801	0312 0000	DW	0	:	RESERVED
802				:	EXCEPTION 09
803	0314 02BF R	DW	EX_INT	:	DESTINATION OFFSET
804	0316 0020	DW	BIOS_CS	:	DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
805	0318 00	DB	0	:	WORD COPY COUNT
806	0319 87	DB	TRAP_GATE	:	GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
807	031A 0000	DW	0	:	RESERVED
808				:	EXCEPTION 10
809	031C 02BF R	DW	EX_INT	:	DESTINATION OFFSET
810	031E 0020	DW	BIOS_CS	:	DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
811	0320 00	DB	0	:	WORD COPY COUNT
812	0321 87	DB	TRAP_GATE	:	GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
813	0322 0000	DW	0	:	RESERVED
814				:	EXCEPTION 11
815	0324 02BF R	DW	EX_INT	:	DESTINATION OFFSET
816	0326 0020	DW	BIOS_CS	:	DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
817	0328 00	DB	0	:	WORD COPY COUNT
818	0329 87	DB	TRAP_GATE	:	GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
819	032A 0000	DW	0	:	RESERVED
820				:	EXCEPTION 12
821	032C 02BF R	DW	EX_INT	:	DESTINATION OFFSET
822	032E 0020	DW	BIOS_CS	:	DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
823	0330 00	DB	0	:	WORD COPY COUNT
824	0331 87	DB	TRAP_GATE	:	GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
825	0332 0000	DW	0	:	RESERVED
826				:	EXCEPTION 13
827	0334 02BF R	DW	EX_INT	:	DESTINATION OFFSET
828	0336 0020	DW	BIOS_CS	:	DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
829	0338 00	DB	0	:	WORD COPY COUNT
830	0339 87	DB	TRAP_GATE	:	GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
831	033A 0000	DW	0	:	RESERVED
832				:	EXCEPTION 14
833	033C 02BF R	DW	EX_INT	:	DESTINATION OFFSET
834	033E 0020	DW	BIOS_CS	:	DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
835	0340 00	DB	0	:	WORD COPY COUNT
836	0341 87	DB	TRAP_GATE	:	GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
837	0342 0000	DW	0	:	RESERVED
838				:	EXCEPTION 15
839	0344 02BF R	DW	EX_INT	:	DESTINATION OFFSET
840	0346 0020	DW	BIOS_CS	:	DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
841	0348 00	DB	0	:	WORD COPY COUNT
842	0349 87	DB	TRAP_GATE	:	GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
843	034A 0000	DW	0	:	RESERVED
844				:	EXCEPTION 16
845	034C 02BF R	DW	EX_INT	:	DESTINATION OFFSET
846	034E 0020	DW	BIOS_CS	:	DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
847	0350 00	DB	0	:	WORD COPY COUNT
848	0351 87	DB	TRAP_GATE	:	GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
849	0352 0000	DW	0	:	RESERVED
850				:	EXCEPTION 17
851	0354 02BF R	DW	EX_INT	:	DESTINATION OFFSET
852	0356 0020	DW	BIOS_CS	:	DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
853	0358 00	DB	0	:	WORD COPY COUNT
854	0359 87	DB	TRAP_GATE	:	GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
855	035A 0000	DW	0	:	RESERVED
856				:	EXCEPTION 18
857	035C 02BF R	DW	EX_INT	:	DESTINATION OFFSET
858	035E 0020	DW	BIOS_CS	:	DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
859	0360 00	DB	0	:	WORD COPY COUNT
860	0361 87	DB	TRAP_GATE	:	GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
861	0362 0000	DW	0	:	RESERVED
862				:	EXCEPTION 19
863	0364 02BF R	DW	EX_INT	:	DESTINATION OFFSET
864	0366 0020	DW	BIOS_CS	:	DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
865	0368 00	DB	0	:	WORD COPY COUNT
866	0369 87	DB	TRAP_GATE	:	GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
867	036A 0000	DW	0	:	RESERVED
868				:	EXCEPTION 20
869	036C 02BF R	DW	EX_INT	:	DESTINATION OFFSET
870	036E 0020	DW	BIOS_CS	:	DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
871	0370 00	DB	0	:	WORD COPY COUNT
872	0371 87	DB	TRAP_GATE	:	GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
873	0372 0000	DW	0	:	RESERVED
874				:	EXCEPTION 21
875	0374 02BF R	DW	EX_INT	:	DESTINATION OFFSET
876	0376 0020	DW	BIOS_CS	:	DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
877	0378 00	DB	0	:	WORD COPY COUNT
878	0379 87	DB	TRAP_GATE	:	GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
879	037A 0000	DW	0	:	RESERVED
880				:	EXCEPTION 22
881	037C 02BF R	DW	EX_INT	:	DESTINATION OFFSET
882	037E 0020	DW	BIOS_CS	:	DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
883	0380 00	DB	0	:	WORD COPY COUNT
884	0381 87	DB	TRAP_GATE	:	GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
885	0382 0000	DW	0	:	RESERVED
886				:	EXCEPTION 23
887	0384 02BF R	DW	EX_INT	:	DESTINATION OFFSET
888	0386 0020	DW	BIOS_CS	:	DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
889	0388 00	DB	0	:	WORD COPY COUNT
890	0389 87	DB	TRAP_GATE	:	GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
891	038A 0000	DW	0	:	RESERVED
892				:	EXCEPTION 24
893	038C 02BF R	DW	EX_INT	:	DESTINATION OFFSET
894	038E 0020	DW	BIOS_CS	:	DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
895	0390 00	DB	0	:	WORD COPY COUNT

```

896 0391 87          DB      TRAP_GATE          ; GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
897 0392 0000       DW      0                  ; RESERVED
898                ; EXCEPTION 25
899 0394 02BF R     DW      EX_INT             ; DESTINATION OFFSET
900 0395 0020       DW      BIOS_CS           ; DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
901 0398 00         DB      0                  ; WORD COPY COUNT
902 0399 87         DB      TRAP_GATE         ; GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
903 039A 0000       DW      0                  ; RESERVED
904                ; EXCEPTION 26
905 039C 02BF R     DW      EX_INT             ; DESTINATION OFFSET
906 039E 0020       DW      BIOS_CS           ; DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
907 03A0 00         DB      0                  ; WORD COPY COUNT
908 03A1 87         DB      TRAP_GATE         ; GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
909 03A2 0000       DW      0                  ; RESERVED
910                ; EXCEPTION 27
911 03A4 02BF R     DW      EX_INT             ; DESTINATION OFFSET
912 03A6 0020       DW      BIOS_CS           ; DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
913 03A8 00         DB      0                  ; WORD COPY COUNT
914 03A9 87         DB      TRAP_GATE         ; GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
915 03AA 0000       DW      0                  ; RESERVED
916                ; EXCEPTION 28
917 03AC 02BF R     DW      EX_INT             ; DESTINATION OFFSET
918 03AE 0020       DW      BIOS_CS           ; DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
919 03B0 00         DB      0                  ; WORD COPY COUNT
920 03B1 87         DB      TRAP_GATE         ; GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
921 03B2 0000       DW      0                  ; RESERVED
922                ; EXCEPTION 29
923 03B4 02BF R     DW      EX_INT             ; DESTINATION OFFSET
924 03B6 0020       DW      BIOS_CS           ; DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
925 03B8 00         DB      0                  ; WORD COPY COUNT
926 03B9 87         DB      TRAP_GATE         ; GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
927 03BA 0000       DW      0                  ; RESERVED
928                ; EXCEPTION 30
929 03BC 02BF R     DW      EX_INT             ; DESTINATION OFFSET
930 03BE 0020       DW      BIOS_CS           ; DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
931 03C0 00         DB      0                  ; WORD COPY COUNT
932 03C1 87         DB      TRAP_GATE         ; GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
933 03C2 0000       DW      0                  ; RESERVED
934                ; EXCEPTION 31
935 03C4 02BF R     DW      EX_INT             ; DESTINATION OFFSET
936 03C6 0020       DW      BIOS_CS           ; DESTINATION SEGMENT SELECTOR
937 03C8 00         DB      0                  ; WORD COPY COUNT
938 03C9 87         DB      TRAP_GATE         ; GATE TYPE - ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE
939 03CA 0000       DW      0                  ; RESERVED
940 03CC              ROM_IDT_END:
941
942 03CC              BLOCKMOVE  ENDP
  
```

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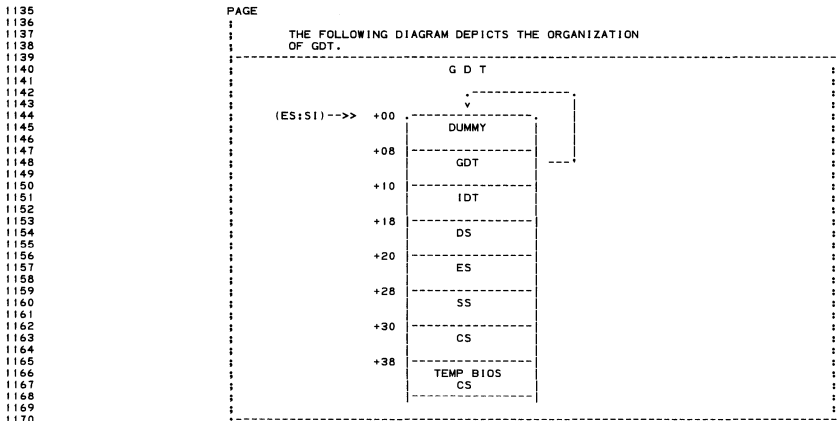
943 PAGE
944 -----
945 GATE_A20
946 ; THIS ROUTINE CONTROLS A SIGNAL WHICH GATES ADDRESS BIT 20.
947 ; THE GATE A20 SIGNAL IS AN OUTPUT OF THE 8042 SLAVE PROCESSOR.
948 ; ADDRESS BIT 20 SHOULD BE GATED ON BEFORE ENTERING PROTECTED MODE.
949 ; IT SHOULD BE GATED OFF AFTER ENTERING REAL MODE FROM PROTECTED
950 ; MODE. INTERRUPTS ARE LEFT DISABLED ON EXIT.
951 ; INPUT
952 ; (AH) = DDH ADDRESS BIT 20 GATE OFF. (A20 ALWAYS ZERO)
953 ; (AH) = DFH ADDRESS BIT 20 GATE ON. (A20 CONTROLLED BY 80286)
954 ; OUTPUT
955 ; (AL) = 00H OPERATION SUCCESSFUL. 8042 HAS ACCEPTED COMMAND.
956 ; (AL) = 02H FAILURE--8042 UNABLE TO ACCEPT COMMAND.
957 -----
958 GATE_A20 PROC
959 PUSH CX ; SAVE USERS (CX)
960 O3CD FA ; DISABLE INTERRUPTS WHILE USING 8042
961 O3CE E8 03E5 R ; INSURE 8042 INPUT BUFFER EMPTY
962 O3D1 75 10 ; EXIT IF 8042 UNABLE TO ACCEPT COMMAND
963 O3D3 B0 01 ; 8042 COMMAND TO WRITE OUTPUT PORT
964 O3D5 E6 64 ; OUTPUT COMMAND TO 8042
965 O3D7 E8 03E5 R ; WAIT FOR 8042 TO ACCEPT COMMAND
966 O3DA 75 07 ; EXIT IF 8042 UNABLE TO ACCEPT COMMAND
967 O3DC 8A C4 ; 8042 PORT DATA
968 O3DE E6 60 ; OUTPUT PORT DATA TO 8042
969 O3E0 E8 03E5 R ; WAIT FOR 8042 TO ACCEPT PORT DATA
970 ;----- 8042 OUTPUT WILL SWITCH WITHIN 20 MICRO SECONDS OF ACCEPTING PORT DATA
971
972 GATE_A20 RETURN:
973 POP CX ; RESTORE USERS (CX)
974 O3E3 59
975 O3E4 C3
976 -----
977 ; EMPTY_8042
978 ; THIS ROUTINE WAITS FOR THE 8042 INPUT BUFFER TO EMPTY.
979 ; INPUT
980 ; NONE
981 ; OUTPUT
982 ; (AL) = 00H 8042 INPUT BUFFER EMPTY (ZERO FLAG SET)
983 ; (AL) = 02H TIME OUT, 8042 INPUT BUFFER FULL (NON-ZERO FLAG SET)
984 ; (CX) - MODIFIED
985 -----
986 EMPTY_8042:
987 SUB CX,CX ; (CX)=0, WILL BE USED AS TIME OUT VALUE
988 EMPTY_L:
989 IN AL,STATUS PORT ; READ 8042 STATUS PORT
990 AND AL,INPT_BUF_FULL ; TEST INPUT BUFFER FULL FLAG (BIT 1)
991 LOOPNZ EMPTY_L ; LOOP UNTIL BUFFER EMPTY OR TIME OUT
992 O3ED C3
993 O3EE
994 GATE_A20 ENDP
995
996 ;--- INT 15 H -- ( FUNCTION 88 H - I/O MEMORY SIZE DETERMINE ) -----
997 ; EXT_MEMORY
998 ; THIS ROUTINE RETURNS THE AMOUNT OF MEMORY IN THE SYSTEM THAT IS
999 ; LOCATED STARTING AT THE 1024K ADDRESSING RANGE, AS DETERMINED BY
1000 ; THE POST ROUTINES.
1001 ; NOTE THAT THE SYSTEM MAY NOT BE ABLE TO USE I/O MEMORY UNLESS THERE
1002 ; IS A FULL COMPLEMENT OF 512K OR 640 BYTES ON THE PLANAR. THIS SIZE
1003 ; SIZE IS STORED IN CMOS AT ADDRESS LOCATIONS 30H AND 31H.
1004 ; INPUT
1005 ; AH = 88H
1006 ;
1007 ; THE I/O MEMORY SIZE VARIABLE IS SET DURING POWER ON
1008 ; DIAGNOSTICS ACCORDING TO THE FOLLOWING ASSUMPTIONS:
1009 ;
1010 ; 1. ALL INSTALLED MEMORY IS FUNCTIONAL.
1011 ; 2. ALL MEMORY FROM 0 TO 640K MUST BE CONTIGUOUS.
1012 ;
1013 ; OUTPUT
1014 ; (AX) = NUMBER OF CONTIGUOUS 1K BLOCKS OF MEMORY A
1015 ; AVAILABLE STARTING AT ADDRESS 1024K.
1016 ;-----
1017
1018 EXT_MEMORY PROC
1019 O3EE MOV AX,CMOS_U_M_S_LO*H+CMOS_U_M_S_HI ; ADDRESS HIGH/LOW BYTES
1020 O3EF CALL CMOS_READ ; GET THE HIGH BYTE OF I/O MEMORY
1021 O3F0 XCHG AL,AH ; PUT HIGH BYTE IN POSITION (AH)
1022 O3F1 CALL CMOS_READ ; GET THE LOW BYTE OF I/O MEMORY
1023 O3F2 IRET ; RETURN TO USER
1024 O3F3
1025 EXT_MEMORY ENDP

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1028 PAGE
1029 ---- INT 15 H ( FUNCTION 89 H ) -----
1030 PURPOSE:
1031 THIS BIOS FUNCTION PROVIDES A MEANS TO THE USER TO SWITCH INTO
1032 VIRTUAL (PROTECTED) MODE. UPON COMPLETION OF THIS FUNCTION THE
1033 PROCESSOR WILL BE IN VIRTUAL (PROTECTED) MODE AND CONTROL WILL
1034 BE TRANSFERRED TO THE CODE SEGMENT THAT WAS SPECIFIED BY THE USER.
1035
1036 ENTRY REQUIREMENTS:
1037
1038 (ES:SI) POINTS TO A DESCRIPTOR TABLE (GDT) BUILT BEFORE INTERRUPTING
1039 TO THIS FUNCTION. THESE DESCRIPTORS ARE USED BY THIS FUNCTION TO
1040 INITIALIZE THE IDTR, THE GDTR AND THE STACK SEGMENT SELECTOR. THE
1041 DATA SEGMENT (DS) SELECTOR AND THE EXTRA SEGMENT (ES) SELECTOR WILL
1042 BE INITIALIZE TO DESCRIPTORS BUILT BY THE ROUTINE USING THIS FUNCTION.
1043 BH - OFFSET INTO THE INTERRUPT DESCRIPTOR TABLE STATING WHERE THE
1044 FIRST EIGHT HARDWARE INTERRUPTS WILL BEGIN. ( INTERRUPT LEVEL 1 )
1045 BL - OFFSET INTO THE INTERRUPT DESCRIPTOR TABLE STATING WHERE THE
1046 SECOND EIGHT HARDWARE INTERRUPTS BEGIN. ( INTERRUPT LEVEL 2 )
1047
1048 THE DESCRIPTORS ARE DEFINED AS FOLLOWS:
1049
1050 1. THE FIRST DESCRIPTOR IS THE REQUIRED DUMMY.
1051 (USER INITIALIZED TO 0)
1052 2. THE SECOND DESCRIPTOR POINTS TO THE GDT TABLE AS
1053 A DATA SEGMENT.
1054 (USER INITIALIZED)
1055 3. THE THIRD DESCRIPTOR POINTS TO THE USER DEFINED
1056 INTERRUPT DESCRIPTOR TABLE (IDT).
1057 (USER INITIALIZED)
1058 4. THE FORTH DESCRIPTOR POINTS TO THE USER'S DATA
1059 SEGMENT (DS).
1060 (USER INITIALIZED)
1061 5. THE FIFTH DESCRIPTOR POINTS TO THE USER'S EXTRA
1062 SEGMENT (ES).
1063 (USER INITIALIZED)
1064 6. THE SIXTH DESCRIPTOR POINTS TO THE USER'S STACK
1065 SEGMENT (SS).
1066 (USER INITIALIZED)
1067 7. THE SEVENTH DESCRIPTOR POINTS TO THE CODE SEGMENT
1068 THAT THIS FUNCTION WILL RETURN TO.
1069 (USER INITIALIZED TO THE USER'S CODE SEGMENT.)
1070 8. THE EIGHTH DESCRIPTOR IS USED BY THIS FUNCTION TO
1071 ESTABLISH A CODE SEGMENT FOR ITSELF. THIS IS
1072 NEEDED SO THAT THIS FUNCTION CAN COMPLETE IT'S
1073 EXECUTION WHILE IN PROTECTED MODE. WHEN CONTROL
1074 GOES PASSED TO THE USER'S CODE THIS DESCRIPTOR CAN
1075 BE USED BY HIM IN ANY WAY HE CHOOSES.
1076
1077 NOTE - EACH DESCRIPTOR MUST CONTAIN ALL THE NECESSARY DATA
1078 I.E. THE LIMIT, BASE ADDRESS AND THE ACCESS RIGHTS BYTE.
1079
1080 AH= 89H (FUNCTION CALL)
1081 ES:SI= LOCATION OF THE GDT TABLE BUILT BY ROUTINE
1082 USING THIS FUNCTION.
1083
1084 EXIT PARAMETERS:
1085
1086 AH = 0 IF SUCCESSFUL
1087 ALL SEGMENT REGISTERS ARE CHANGED, (AX) AND (BP) DESTROYED
1088
1089 CONSIDERATIONS:
1090
1091 1. NO BIOS AVAILABLE TO USER. USER MUST HANDLE ALL
1092 I/O COMMANDS.
1093 2. INTERRUPTS INTERRUPT VECTOR LOCATIONS MUST BE
1094 MOVED, DUE TO THE 286 RESERVED AREAS. THE
1095 HARDWARE INTERRUPT CONTROLLERS MUST BE REINITIALIZED
1096 TO DEFINE LOCATIONS THAT DO NOT RESIDE IN THE 286
1097 RESERVED AREAS.
1098 3. EXCEPTION INTERRUPT TABLE AND HANDLER MUST BE
1099 INITIALIZED BY THE USER.
1100 4. THE INTERRUPT DESCRIPTOR TABLE MUST NOT OVERLAP
1101 THE REAL MODE BIOS INTERRUPT DESCRIPTOR TABLE.
1102 5. THE FOLLOWING GIVES AN IDEA OF WHAT THE USER CODE
1103 SHOULD LOOK LIKE WHEN INVOKING THIS FUNCTION.
1104
1105 REAL MODE ---> "USER CODE"
1106 " MOV AX,GDT SEGMENT
1107 " MOV ES,AX
1108 " MOV SI,GDT OFFSET
1109 " MOV BH,HARDWARE INT LEVEL 1 OFFSET
1110 " MOV BL,HARDWARE INT LEVEL 2 OFFSET
1111 " MOV AH,89H
1112 " INT 15H
1113 VIRTUAL MODE ---> "USER CODE"
1114
1115 DESCRIPTION:
1116
1117 1. CLI (NO INTERRUPTS ALLOWED) WHILE THIS FUNCTION IS EXECUTING.
1118 2. ADDRESS LINE 15 IS GATED ACTIVE.
1119 3. THE CURRENT USER STACK SEGMENT DESCRIPTOR IS INITIALIZED.
1120 4. THE GDTR IS LOADED WITH THE GDT BASE ADDRESS.
1121 5. THE IDTR IS LOADED WITH THE IDT BASE ADDRESS.
1122 6. THE SS:SP IS REINITIALIZED WITH THE NEW INTERRUPT OFFSETS.
1123 7. THE PROCESSOR IS PUT IN VIRTUAL MODE WITH THE CODE
1124 SEGMENT DESIGNATED FOR THIS FUNCTION.
1125 8. DATA SEGMENT IS LOADED WITH THE USER DEFINED
1126 SELECTOR FOR THE DS REGISTER.
1127 9. EXTRA SEGMENT IS LOADED WITH THE USER DEFINED
1128 SELECTOR FOR THE ES REGISTER.
1129 10. STACK SEGMENT IS LOADED WITH THE USER DEFINED
1130 SELECTOR FOR THE SS REGISTER.
1131 11. CODE SEGMENT DESCRIPTOR SELECTOR VALUE IS
1132 SUBSTITUTED ON THE STACK FOR RETURN TO USER.
1133 12. WE TRANSFER CONTROL TO THE USER WITH INTERRUPTS DISABLED.
1134

```



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1177 VIRTUAL_ENABLE_GDT_DEF STRUC
1178 DQ ? ; FIRST DESCRIPTOR NOT ACCESSIBLE
1179 GDTPTR DQ ? ; GDT DESCRIPTOR
1180 IDTPTR DQ ? ; IDT DESCRIPTOR
1181 USER_DS DQ ? ; USER DATA SEGMENT DESCRIPTOR
1182 USER_ES DQ ? ; USER EXTRA SEGMENT DESCRIPTOR
1183 USER_SS DQ ? ; USER STACK SEGMENT DESCRIPTOR
1184 USER_CS DQ ? ; USER CODE SEGMENT DESCRIPTOR
1185 BIO_ES DQ ? ; TEMPORARY BIOS DESCRIPTOR
1186 VIRTUAL_ENABLE_GDT_DEF ENDS
    
```

```

1187 ASSUME DS:DATA
1188
1189 X_VIRTUAL PROC FAR
1190 SET_VMODE:
1191 ;----- ENABLE ADDRESS LATCH BIT 20
1192
1193
1194 03FA FA CLI ; NO INTERRUPTS ALLOWED
1195 03FB B4 OF MOV AH,ENABLE_BIT20 ; ENABLE BIT 20 FOR ADDRESS GATE
1196 03FD E8 03CC R CALL GATE_A20
1197 0400 3C 00 CMP AL,0 ; WAS THE COMMAND ACCEPTED?
1198 0402 74 04 JZ BIT20_ON ; GO IF YES
1199 0404 B4 FF MOV AH,0FFH ; SET THE ERROR FLAG
1200 0406 F9 STC ; SET CARRY
1201 0407 CF IRET ; EARLY EXIT
1202
1203
1204 0408
1205 0408 06 BIT20_ON: PUSH ES ; MOVE SEGMENT POINTER
1206 0409 1F POP DS ; TO THE DATA SEGMENT
1207
1208
1209 ;-----
1210 ; REINITIALIZE THE 8259 INTERRUPT CONTROLLER #1 TO THE USER SPECIFIED OFFSET
1211 ;-----
1212 040A B0 11 MOV AL,11H ; START INITIALIZATION SEQUENCE-ICW1
1213 040C E6 20 OUT INTA00,AL ; EDGE, INTERVAL-8,MASTER,ICW4 NEEDED
1214 040E E0 00 JMP $+2
1215 0410 8A C7 MOV AL,BH ; HARDWARE INT'S START AT INT # (BH)
1216 0412 E6 21 OUT INTA01,AL ; SEND ICW2
1217 0414 EB 00 JMP $+2
1218 0416 B0 04 MOV AL,04H ; SEND ICW3 - MASTER LEVEL 2
1219 0418 E6 21 OUT INTA01,AL
1220 041A EB 00 JMP $+2
1221 041C B0 01 MOV AL,01H ; SEND ICW4 - MASTER,8086 MODE
1222 041E E6 21 OUT INTA01,AL
1223 0420 EB 00 JMP $+2
1224 0422 B0 FF MOV AL,0FFH ; MASK OFF ALL INTERRUPTS
1225 0424 E6 21 OUT INTA01,AL
1226
1227
1228 ;-----
1229 ; REINITIALIZE THE 8259 INTERRUPT CONTROLLER #2 TO THE USER SPECIFIED OFFSET
1230 ;-----
1231 0426 B0 11 MOV AL,11H ; INITIALIZE SEQUENCE-ICW1 FOR SLAVE
1232 0428 E6 40 OUT INTB00,AL ; EDGE, INTERVAL-8,MASTER,ICW4 NEEDED
1233 042A EB 00 JMP $+2
1234 042C 8A C3 MOV AL,BL ; HARDWARE INT'S START AT INT # (BL)
1235 042E E6 A1 OUT INTB01,AL ; SEND ICW2
1236 0430 B0 02 MOV AL,02H
1237 0432 EB 00 JMP $+2
1238 0434 E6 A1 OUT INTB01,AL ; SEND ICW3 - SLAVE LEVEL 2
1239 0436 EB 00 JMP $+2
1240 0438 B0 01 MOV AL,01H ; SEND ICW4 - SLAVE,8086 MODE
1241 043A E6 A1 OUT INTB01,AL
1242 043C EB 00 JMP $+2
1243 043E B0 FF MOV AL,0FFH ; MASK OFF ALL INTERRUPTS
1244 0440 E6 A1 OUT INTB01,AL
1245
1246
1247 ;-----
1248 ; SETUP BIOS CODE SEGMENT DESCRIPTOR
    
```

```

1249
1250 0442 C7 44 38 FFFF      MOV     [SI],BIO_CS_SEG_LIMIT,MAX_SEG_LEN      ; SET LENGTH
1251 0447 C6 44 3C 0F      MOV     [SI],BIO_CS_BASE_HI_BYTE,CSEG0_HI     ; SET HIGH BYTE OF CS=0F
1252 044B C7 44 3A 0000     MOV     [SI],BIO_CS_BASE_LO_WORD,CSEG0_LO     ; SET LOW WORD OF CS=0
1253 0450 C6 44 3D 9B      MOV     [SI],BIO_CS_DATA_ACC_RIGHTS,CPL0_CODE_ACCESS
1254 0454 C7 44 3E 0000     MOV     [SI],BIO_CS_DATA_RESERVED,0          ; ZERO RESERVED AREA
1255
1256
1257
1258
1259
1260 0459 0F      +-----+
1261 045A      + |         |
1262 045A 8B 54 08      + | LGDT    [SI],GDTPTR      ; LOAD GLOBAL DESCRIPTOR TABLE REGISTER
1263 045D      + |         |
1264 045A      + | ?70005 LABEL BYTE
1265 045A 01      + | MOV     DX,WORD PTR [SI],GDTPTR
1266 045D      + |         |
1267 045D      + | ?70006 LABEL BYTE
1268 045D 0F      + | ORG    OFFSET CS:??0005
1269 045E      + |         |
1270 045E 8B 5C 10      + | DB     001H
1271 0461      + | ORG    OFFSET CS:??0006
1272 045E      + |         |
1273 045E 01      + | LIDT   [SI],IDTPTR      ; INTERRUPT DESCRIPTOR TABLE REGISTER
1274 0461      + |         |
1275 0461      + | ?70007 LABEL BYTE
1276 0461 B8 0001      + | MOV     AX,VIRTUAL_ENABLE ; MACHINE STATUS WORD NEEDED TO
1277 0461 0F 01 F0      + | LMSW   AX                ; SWITCH TO VIRTUAL MODE
1278 0467 EA      + |         |
1279 0467 EA      + | DB     00FH,001H,0F0H
1280 0468 046C R      + | DW     0EAH              ; PURGE PRE-FETCH QUEUE WITH FAR JUMP
1281 046A 0038      + | DW     OFFSET VMODE     ; - TO OFFSET
1282 046C      + |         |
1283 046C      + | DW     BIO_CS          ; - IN SEGMENT -PROTECTED MODE SELECTOR
1284
1285
1286
1287 046C B8 0018      +-----+
1288 046F 8E D8      + | MOV     AX,USER_DS      ; SETUP USER'S DATA SEGMENT
1289 0471 B8 0020      + | MOV     DS,AX          ; TO PROTECTED MODE SELECTORS
1290 0474 8E C0      + | MOV     AX,USER_ES     ; SETUP USER'S EXTRA SEGMENT
1291 0476 B8 0028      + | MOV     ES,AX
1292 0479 BE D0      + | MOV     AX,USER_SS     ; SETUP USER'S STACK SEGMENT
1293
1294
1295
1296
1297 047B 5B      +-----+
1298 047C 83 C4 04      + | POP     BX              ; GET RETURN IP FROM THE STACK
1299 047F 6A 30      + | ADD     SP,4            ; NORMALIZE STACK POINTER
1300 0481 53      + | PUSH   USER_CS        ; SET STACK FOR A RETURN FAR
1301 0482 C8      + | PUSH   BX
1302 0483      + | RET                     ; RETURN TO USER IN VIRTUAL MODE
1303 0483
1304
1305
1306
1307
1308
1309
1310
1311
1312
1313 0483      +-----+
1314 0483 F8      + | DEVICE_BUSY PROC NEAR ;
1315 0484 E9 0057 R      + | CLC                ; TURN CARRY OFF
1316 0487      + | JMP     C1 F        ; RETURN WITH CARRY FLAG
1317 0487      + | ENDP
1318 0487      + |
1319 0487 CF      + | INT_COMPLETE PROC NEAR ;
1320 0488      + | IRET              ; RETURN
1321 0488      + | ENDP
1322 0488
1323 0488      +-----+
1323 0488      + | CODE ENDS
1323 0488      + | END

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SECTION 5



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1      PAGE 118,123
2      TITLE BIOS2 ---- 11/15/85 BIOS INTERRUPT ROUTINES
3      .286c
4      LIST
5      0000      CODE      SEGMENT BYTE PUBLIC
6
7      PUBLIC PRINT_SCREEN_1
8      PUBLIC RTC_INT
9      PUBLIC TIME_OF_DAY_1
10     PUBLIC TIMER_INT_1
11
12     EXTRN CMOS_READ:NEAR      ; READ CMOS LOCATION ROUTINE
13     EXTRN CMOS_WRITE:NEAR    ; WRITE CMOS LOCATION ROUTINE
14     EXTRN DDS:NEAR           ; WRITE (DS) WITH DATA SEGMENT SELECTOR
15
16     ;--- INT 1A H --- (TIME OF DAY) -----
17     THIS BIOS ROUTINE ALLOWS THE CLOCKS TO BE SET OR READ
18
19     ;
20     ; PARAMETERS:
21     ; (AH) = 00H READ THE CURRENT CLOCK SETTING AND RETURN WITH,
22     ; (CX) = HIGH PORTION OF COUNT
23     ; (DX) = LOW PORTION OF COUNT
24     ; (AL) = 0 TIMER HAS NOT PASSED 24 HOURS SINCE LAST READ
25     ;         1 IF ON ANOTHER DAY. (RESET TO ZERO AFTER READ)
26
27     ; (AH) = 01H SET THE CURRENT CLOCK USING,
28     ; (CX) = HIGH PORTION OF COUNT
29     ; (DX) = LOW PORTION OF COUNT.
30
31     ; NOTE: COUNTS OCCUR AT THE RATE OF 1193180/65536 COUNTS/SECOND
32     ; (OR ABOUT 18.2 PER SECOND -- SEE EQUATES)
33
34     ; (AH) = 02H READ THE REAL TIME CLOCK AND RETURN WITH,
35     ; (CH) = HOURS IN BCD (00-23)
36     ; (CL) = MINUTES IN BCD (00-59)
37     ; (DH) = SECONDS IN BCD (00-59)
38     ; (DL) = DAYLIGHT SAVINGS ENABLE (00-01).
39
40     ; (AH) = 03H SET THE REAL TIME CLOCK USING,
41     ; (CH) = HOURS IN BCD (00-23)
42     ; (CL) = MINUTES IN BCD (00-59)
43     ; (DH) = SECONDS IN BCD (00-59)
44     ; (DL) = 01 IF DAYLIGHT SAVINGS ENABLE OPTION, ELSE 00.
45
46     ; NOTE: (DL) = 00 IF DAYLIGHT SAVINGS TIME ENABLE IS NOT ENABLED.
47     ; (DL) = 01 ENABLES TWO SPECIAL UPDATES THE LAST SUNDAY IN
48     ; APRIL (1:59:59 --> 3:00:00 AM) AND THE LAST SUNDAY IN
49     ; OCTOBER (1:59:59 --> 1:00:00 AM) THE FIRST TIME.
50
51     ; (AH) = 04H READ THE DATE FROM THE REAL TIME CLOCK AND RETURN WITH,
52     ; (CH) = CENTURY IN BCD (19 OR 20)
53     ; (CL) = YEAR IN BCD (00-99)
54     ; (DH) = MONTH IN BCD (01-12)
55     ; (DL) = DAY IN BCD (01-31).
56
57     ; (AH) = 05H SET THE DATE INTO THE REAL TIME CLOCK USING,
58     ; (CH) = CENTURY IN BCD (19 OR 20)
59     ; (CL) = YEAR IN BCD (00 - 99)
60     ; (DH) = MONTH IN BCD (01 - 12)
61     ; (DL) = DAY IN BCD (01-31).
62
63     ; (AH) = 06H SET THE ALARM TO INTERRUPT AT SPECIFIED TIME,
64     ; (CH) = HOURS IN BCD (00-23 (OR FFH))
65     ; (CL) = MINUTES IN BCD (00-59 (OR FFH))
66     ; (DH) = SECONDS IN BCD (00-59 (OR FFH)).
67
68     ; (AH) = 07H RESET THE ALARM INTERRUPT FUNCTION.
69
70     ; NOTES: FOR ALL RETURNS CY= 0 FOR SUCCESSFUL OPERATION.
71     ; FOR (AH) = 2, 4, 6 - CARRY FLAG SET IF REAL TIME CLOCK NOT OPERATING.
72     ; FOR (AH) = 6 - CARRY FLAG SET IF ALARM ALREADY ENABLED.
73     ; FOR THE ALARM FUNCTION (AH = 6) THE USER MUST SUPPLY A ROUTINE AND
74     ; INTERCEPT THE CORRECT ADDRESS IN THE VECTOR TABLE FOR INTERRUPT 4AH.
75     ; USE 0FFH FOR ANY "DO NOT CARE" POSITION FOR INTERVAL INTERRUPTS.
76     ; INTERRUPTS ARE DISABLED DURING DATA MODIFICATION.
77     ; AH & AL ARE RETURNED MODIFIED AND NOT DEFINED EXCEPT WHERE INDICATED.
78     ;-----
79     ASSUME CS:CODE,DS:DATA
80
81     0000      TIME_OF_DAY_1      PROC FAR
82     0000 FB      STI
83     0001 80 FC 08      CMP      AH,(RTC_TBE+RTC_TB)/2 ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON
84     0004 F5      CMC ; CHECK IF COMMAND IN VALID RANGE (0-7)
85     0005 72 17      JC      TIME_9 ; COMPLEMENT CARRY FOR ERROR EXIT
86     0007 IE      PUSH DS ; EXIT WITH CARRY = 1 IF NOT VALID
87     0008 EB 0000 E    CALL DDS ; SAVE USERS (DS) SEGMENT
88     000B 56      PUSH SI ; GET DATA SEGMENT SELECTOR
89     000C C1 E8 08    SHR AX,8 ; SAVE WORK REGISTER
90     000F 03 00      ADD AX,AX ; CONVERT FUNCTION TO BYTE OFFSET
91     0011 BB F0      MOV SI,AX ; CONVERT FUNCTION TO WORD OFFSET (CY=0)
92     0013 FA      CLI ; PLACE INTO ADDRESSING REGISTER
93     0014 2E: FF 94 0021 R CALL CS:[SI]+OFFSET RTC_TB ; NO INTERRUPTS DURING TIME FUNCTIONS
94     0019 FB      STI ; VECTOR TO FUNCTION REQUESTED WITH CY=0
95     001A B4 00      MOV AH,0 ; RETURN WITH CARRY FLAG SET FOR RESULT
96     001C 5E      POP SI ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON
97     001D 1F      POP DS ; CLEAR (AH) TO ZERO
98     001E          POP DS ; RECOVER USERS REGISTER
99     001F          POP DS ; RECOVER USERS SEGMENT SELECTOR
100    001E CA 0002    RET 2 ; RETURN WITH CY= 0 IF NO ERROR
101
102
103     0021 0031 R      RTC_TB DW RTC_00 ; ROUTINE VECTOR TABLE (AH) =
104     0023 0042 R      DW RTC_10 ; 0 = READ CURRENT CLOCK COUNT
105     0025 0050 R      DW RTC_20 ; 1 = SET CLOCK COUNT
106     0027 0075 R      DW RTC_30 ; 2 = READ THE REAL TIME CLOCK TIME
107     0029 00A8 R      DW RTC_40 ; 3 = SET REAL TIME CLOCK TIME
108     002B 00CB R      DW RTC_50 ; 4 = READ THE REAL TIME CLOCK DATE
109     002D 0104 R      DW RTC_60 ; 5 = SET REAL TIME CLOCK DATE
110     002F 0145 R      DW RTC_70 ; 6 = SET THE REAL TIME CLOCK ALARM
111     = 0031          RTC_TBE EQU $ ; 7 = RESET ALARM
112
113     0031          TIME_OF_DAY_1 ENDP

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114                                     PAGE
115 0031                                RTC_00  PROC NEAR
116 0031 A0 0070 R                      MOV AL,0TIMER_OFL ; GET THE OVERFLOW FLAG
117 0034 C6 06 0070 R 00                MOV 0TIMER_OFL,0 ; AND THEN RESET THE OVERFLOW FLAG
118 0039 8B 0E 006E R                    MOV CX,0TIMER_HIGH ; GET COUNT OF TIME HIGH WORD
119 003D 8E 16 006C R                    MOV DX,0TIMER_LOW ; GET COUNT OF TIME LOW WORD
120 0041 C3                               RET ; RETURN WITH NO CARRY
121
122 0042                                RTC_10: ; SET TIME COUNT
123 0042 89 16 006C R                    MOV 0TIMER_LOW,DX ; SET TIME COUNT LOW WORD
124 0046 89 0E 006E R                    MOV 0TIMER_HIGH,CX ; SET THE TIME COUNT HIGH WORD
125 004A C6 06 0070 R 00                MOV 0TIMER_OFL,0 ; RESET OVERFLOW FLAG
126 004F C3                               RET ; RETURN WITH NO CARRY
127
128 0050                                RTC_20: ; GET RTC TIME
129 0050 E8 016B R                      CALL UPD_IPRR ; CHECK FOR UPDATE IN PROCESS
130 0053 72 1F                          JC RTC_29 ; EXIT IF ERROR (CY= 1)
131
132 0055 B0 00                          MOV AL,CMOS_SECONDS ; SET ADDRESS OF SECONDS
133 0057 E8 0000 E                      CALL CMOS_READ ; GET SECONDS
134 005A 8A F0                          MOV DH,AL ; SAVE
135 005C B0 0B                          MOV AL,CMOS_REG_B ; ADDRESS ALARM REGISTER
136 005E E8 0000 E                      CALL CMOS_READ ; READ CURRENT VALUE OF DSE BIT
137 0061 24 01                          AND AL,00000001B ; MASK FOR VALID DSE BIT
138 0063 8A D0                          MOV DL,AL ; SET (DL) TO ZERO FOR NO DSE BIT
139 0065 B0 02                          MOV AL,CMOS_MINUTES ; SET ADDRESS OF MINUTES
140 0067 E8 0000 E                      CALL CMOS_READ ; GET MINUTES
141 006A 8A C8                          MOV CL,AL ; SAVE
142 006C B0 04                          MOV AL,CMOS_HOURS ; SET ADDRESS OF HOURS
143 006E E8 0000 E                      CALL CMOS_READ ; GET HOURS
144 0071 8A E8                          MOV CH,AL ; SAVE
145 0073 F8                              CLC ; SET CY= 0
146 0074                                RTC_29:
147 0074 C3                               RET ; RETURN WITH RESULT IN CARRY FLAG
148
149 0075                                RTC_30: ; SET RTC TIME
150 0075 E8 016B R                      CALL UPD_IPRR ; CHECK FOR UPDATE IN PROCESS
151 0078 73 03                          JC RTC_35 ; GO AROUND IF CLOCK OPERATING
152 007A E8 0154 R                      CALL RTC_STA ; ELSE TRY INITIALIZING CLOCK
153 007D                                RTC_35:
154 007D 8A E6                          MOV AH,DH ; GET TIME BYTE - SECONDS
155 007F B0 00                          MOV AL,CMOS_SECONDS ; ADDRESS SECONDS
156 0081 E8 0000 E                      CALL CMOS_WRITE ; UPDATE SECONDS
157 0084 8A E1                          MOV AH,CL ; GET TIME BYTE - MINUTES
158 0086 B0 02                          MOV AL,CMOS_MINUTES ; ADDRESS MINUTES
159 0088 E8 0000 E                      CALL CMOS_WRITE ; UPDATE MINUTES
160 008B 8A E5                          MOV AH,CH ; GET TIME BYTE - HOURS
161 008D B0 04                          MOV AL,CMOS_HOURS ; ADDRESS HOURS
162 008F E8 0000 E                      CALL CMOS_WRITE ; UPDATE ADDRESS
163 0092 B8 0B0B                        MOV AX,X*CMOS_REG_B ; ADDRESS ALARM REGISTER
164 0095 E8 0000 E                      CALL CMOS_READ ; READ CURRENT VALUE
165 0098 24 62                          AND AL,01000010B ; MASK FOR VALID BIT POSITIONS
166 009A 05 02                          OR AL,00000010B ; TURN ON 24 HOUR MODE
167 009C B0 E2 01                      AND DL,00000001B ; USE ONLY THE DSE BIT
168 009F 0A C2 01                      OR AL,DL ; GET DAY LIGHT SAVINGS TIME BIT (DSE)
169 00A1 86 E0                          XCHG AH,AL ; PLACE IN WORK REGISTER AND GET ADDRESS
170 00A3 E8 0000 E                      CALL CMOS_WRITE ; SET NEW ALARM BITS
171 00A6 F8                              CLC ; SET CY= 0
172 00A7 C3                               RET ; RETURN WITH CY= 0
173
174 00A8                                RTC_40: ; GET RTC DATE
175 00A8 E8 016B R                      CALL UPD_IPRR ; CHECK FOR UPDATE IN PROCESS
176 00AB 72 1D                          JC RTC_49 ; EXIT IF ERROR (CY= 1)
177
178 00AD B0 07                          MOV AL,CMOS_DAY_MONTH ; ADDRESS DAY OF MONTH
179 00AF E8 0000 E                      CALL CMOS_READ ; READ DAY OF MONTH
180 00B2 8A D0                          MOV DL,AL ; SAVE
181 00B4 B0 08                          MOV AL,CMOS_MONTH ; ADDRESS MONTH
182 00B6 E8 0000 E                      CALL CMOS_READ ; READ MONTH
183 00B9 8A F0                          MOV DH,AL ; SAVE
184 00BB B0 09                          MOV AL,CMOS_YEAR ; ADDRESS YEAR
185 00BD E8 0000 E                      CALL CMOS_READ ; READ YEAR
186 00C0 8A C8                          MOV CL,AL ; SAVE
187 00C2 B0 32                          MOV AL,CMOS_CENTURY ; ADDRESS CENTURY LOCATION
188 00C4 E8 0000 E                      CALL CMOS_READ ; GET CENTURY BYTE
189 00C7 8A E8                          MOV CH,AL ; SAVE
190 00C9 F8                              CLC ; SET CY=0
191 00CA                                RTC_49:
192 00CA C3                               RET ; RETURN WITH RESULTS IN CARRY FLAG
193
194 00CB                                RTC_50: ; SET RTC DATE
195 00CB E8 016B R                      CALL UPD_IPRR ; CHECK FOR UPDATE IN PROCESS
196 00CE 73 03                          JC RTC_55 ; GO AROUND IF NO ERROR
197 00D0 E8 0154 R                      CALL RTC_STA ; ELSE INITIALIZE CLOCK
198 00D3                                RTC_55:
199 00D3 B8 0006                        MOV AX,CMOS_DAY_WEEK ; ADDRESS OF DAY OF WEEK BYTE
200 00D6 E8 0000 E                      CALL CMOS_WRITE ; LOAD ZEROS TO DAY OF WEEK
201 00D9 8A E2                          MOV AH,DL ; GET DAY OF MONTH BYTE
202 00DB B0 07                          MOV AL,CMOS_DAY_MONTH ; ADDRESS DAY OF MONTH BYTE
203 00DD E8 0000 E                      CALL CMOS_WRITE ; WRITE OF DAY OF MONTH REGISTER
204 00E0 8A E6                          MOV AH,DR ; GET MONTH
205 00E2 B0 08                          MOV AL,CMOS_MONTH ; ADDRESS MONTH BYTE
206 00E4 E8 0000 E                      CALL CMOS_WRITE ; WRITE MONTH REGISTER
207 00E7 8A E1                          MOV AH,CL ; GET YEAR BYTE
208 00E9 B0 09                          MOV AL,CMOS_YEAR ; ADDRESS YEAR REGISTER
209 00EB E8 0000 E                      CALL CMOS_WRITE ; WRITE YEAR REGISTER
210 00EE 8A E5                          MOV AH,CH ; GET CENTURY BYTE
211 00F0 B0 32                          MOV AL,CMOS_CENTURY ; ADDRESS CENTURY BYTE
212 00F2 E8 0000 E                      CALL CMOS_WRITE ; WRITE CENTURY LOCATION
213 00F5 B8 0B0B                        MOV AX,X*CMOS_REG_B ; ADDRESS ALARM REGISTER
214 00F8 E8 0000 E                      CALL CMOS_READ ; READ CURRENT SETTINGS
215 00FB 24 7F                          AND AL,0FFH ; CLEAR "SET BIT"
216 00FD 86 E0                          MOV AL,0FD ; MOVE TO WORK REGISTER
217 00FF E8 0000 E                      CALL CMOS_WRITE ; AND START CLOCK UPDATING
218 0102 F8                              CLC ; SET CY= 0
219 0103 C3                               RET ; RETURN CY=0
220
221 0104                                RTC_60: ; SET RTC ALARM
222 0104 B0 0B                          MOV AL,CMOS_REG_B ; ADDRESS ALARM REGISTER
223 0106 E8 0000 E                      CALL CMOS_READ ; READ ALARM REGISTER
224 0109 A8 20                          TEST AL,20H ; CHECK FOR ALARM ALREADY ENABLED
225 010B F9                              STC ; SET CARRY IN CASE OF ERROR
226 010C 75 33                          JNZ RTC_69 ; ERROR EXIT IF ALARM SET
227

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228 010E E8 016B R      CALL  UPD_IPR          ; CHECK FOR UPDATE IN PROCESS
229 0111 73 03         JNC   RTC_65          ; SKIP INITIALIZATION IF NO ERROR
230 0113 E8 0154 R      CALL  RTC_STA        ; ELSE INITIALIZE CLOCK
231 0116
232 0116 8A E6         MOV   AH, DH          ; GET SECONDS BYTE
233 0118 B0 01         MOV   AL, CMOS_SEC_ALARM ; ADDRESS THE SECONDS ALARM REGISTER
234 011A E8 0000 E      CALL  CMOS_WRITE     ; INSERT SECONDS
235 011D 8A E1         MOV   AH, CL         ; GET MINUTES PARAMETER
236 011F B0 03         MOV   AL, CMOS_MIN_ALARM ; ADDRESS MINUTES ALARM REGISTER
237 0121 E8 0000 E      CALL  CMOS_WRITE     ; INSERT MINUTES
238 0124 8A E5         MOV   AH, CH         ; GET HOURS PARAMETER
239 0126 B0 05         MOV   AL, CMOS_HR_ALARM ; ADDRESS HOUR ALARM REGISTER
240 0128 E8 0000 E      CALL  CMOS_WRITE     ; INSERT HOURS
241 012B E4 A1         IN   AL, INTB01     ; READ SECOND INTERRUPT MASK REGISTER
242 012D 24 FE         OUT  INTB01, AL     ; ENABLE ALARM TIMER BIT (CY= 0)
243 012F E6 A1         CUI  INTB01, AL     ; WRITE UPDATE MASK
244 0131 B8 0B0B       MOV   AX, X*CMOS_REG_B ; ADDRESS ALARM REGISTER
245 0134 E8 0000 E      CALL  CMOS_READ     ; READ CURRENT ALARM REGISTER
246 0137 24 FF         AND  AL, 07FH       ; ENSURE SET BIT TURNED OFF
247 0139 0C 20         OR   AL, 20H        ; TURN ON ALARM ENABLE
248 013B 86 E0         XCHG AH, AL         ; MOVE MASK TO OUTPUT REGISTER
249 013D E8 0000 E      CALL  CMOS_WRITE     ; WRITE NEW ALARM MASK
250 0140 F8             CLC                  ; SET CY= 0
251 0141
252 0141 B8 0000       MOV   AX, 0         ; CLEAR AX REGISTER
253 0144 C3             RET                  ; RETURN WITH RESULTS IN CARRY FLAG
254
255 0145
256 0145 B8 0B0B       MOV   AX, X*CMOS_REG_B ; ADDRESS ALARM REGISTER (TO BOTH AH, AL)
257 0148 E8 0000 E      CALL  CMOS_READ     ; READ ALARM REGISTER
258 014B 24 E7         AND  AL, 57H        ; TURN OFF ALARM ENABLE
259 014D 86 E0         XCHG AH, AL         ; SAVE DATA AND RECOVER ADDRESS
260 014F E8 0000 E      CALL  CMOS_WRITE     ; RESTORE NEW VALUE
261 0152 F8             CLC                  ; SET CY= 0
262 0153 C3             RET                  ; RETURN WITH NO CARRY
263
264 0154
265
266 0154
267 0154 B8 260A       PROC  NEAR           ; INITIALIZE REAL TIME CLOCK
268 0157 E8 0000 E      CALL  AX, 26H*H+CMOS_REG_A ; ADDRESS REGISTER A AND LOAD DATA MASK
269 015A B8 820B       MOV   AX, 82H*H+CMOS_REG_B ; INITIALIZE STATUS REGISTER A
270 015D E8 0000 E      CALL  CMOS_WRITE     ; SET "SET BIT" FOR CLOCK INITIALIZATION
271 0160 B0 0C         MOV   AL, CMOS_REG_C ; AND 24 HOUR MODE TO REGISTER B
272 0162 E8 0000 E      CALL  CMOS_READ     ; ADDRESS REGISTER C
273 0165 B0 0D         MOV   AL, CMOS_REG_D ; READ REGISTER C TO INITIALIZE
274 0167 E8 0000 E      CALL  CMOS_READ     ; ADDRESS REGISTER D
275 016A C3             RET                  ; READ REGISTER D TO INITIALIZE
276
277 016B
278
279 016B
280 016B 51             UPD_IPR PROC  NEAR   ; WAIT TILL UPDATE NOT IN PROGRESS
281 016C B9 0320       PUSH CX             ; SAVE CALLERS REGISTER
282 016F
283 016F B0 0A         MOV   AL, CMOS_REG_A ; SET TIMEOUT LOOP COUNT
284 0171 FA             CLI                  ; ADDRESS STATUS REGISTER A
285 0172 E8 0000 E      CALL  CMOS_READ     ; NO TIMER INTERRUPTS DURING UPDATES
286 0175 A8 80         TEST  AL, 80H       ; READ UPDATE IN PROCESS FLAG
287 0177 74 06         JZ   UPD_90         ; IF UIP BIT IS ON ( CANNOT READ TIME )
288 0179 FB             STI                  ; EXIT WITH CY= 0 IF CAN READ CLOCK NOW
289 017A E2 F3         LOOP UPD_10        ; ALLOW INTERRUPTS WHILE WAITING
290 017C 33 C0         XOR  AX, AX         ; LOOP TILL READY OR TIMEOUT
291 017E F9             STC                  ; CLEAR RESULTS IF ERROR
292 017F
293 017F 59             UPD_90: POP  CX           ; SET CARRY FOR ERROR
294 0180 FA             CLI                  ; RESTORE CALLERS REGISTER
295 0181 C3             RET                  ; INTERRUPTS OFF DURING SET
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298                                     PAGE
299 ----- HARDWARE INT 70 H -- ( IRQ LEVEL 8 ) -----
300 ; ALARM INTERRUPT HANDLER (RTC)
301 ; THIS ROUTINE HANDLES THE PERIODIC AND ALARM INTERRUPTS FROM THE CMOS
302 ; TIMER. INPUT FREQUENCY IS 1.024 KHZ OR APPROXIMATELY 1024 INTERRUPTS
303 ; EVERY SECOND FOR THE PERIODIC INTERRUPT. FOR THE ALARM FUNCTION,
304 ; THE INTERRUPT WILL OCCUR AT THE DESIGNATED TIME.
305 ;
306 ; INTERRUPTS ARE ENABLED WHEN THE EVENT OR ALARM FUNCTION IS ACTIVATED.
307 ; FOR THE EVENT INTERRUPT, THE HANDLER WILL DECREMENT THE WAIT COUNTER
308 ; AND WHEN IT EXPIRES WILL SET THE DESIGNATED LOCATION TO 80H. FOR
309 ; THE ALARM INTERRUPT, THE USER MUST PROVIDE A ROUTINE TO INTERCEPT
310 ; THE CORRECT ADDRESS FROM THE VECTOR TABLE INVOKED BY INTERRUPT 4AH
311 ; PRIOR TO SETTING THE REAL TIME CLOCK ALARM (INT 1AH, AH= 06H).
312 -----
313
314 0182 RTC_INT PROC FAR ; ALARM INTERRUPT
315 0182 1E PUSH DS ; LEAVE INTERRUPTS DISABLED
316 0183 50 PUSH AX ; SAVE REGISTERS
317 0184 57 PUSH DI
318
319 0185 RTC_I_1 ; CHECK FOR SECOND INTERRUPT
320 0185 B8 88BC MOV AX,(CMOS_REG_B+NMI)*H+CMOS_REG_C+NMI ; ALARM AND STATUS
321 0188 E6 10 OUT CMOS_PORT,AL ; WRITE ALARM FLAG MASK ADDRESS
322 018A 90 NOP ; I/O DELAY
323 018B E4 71 IN AL,CMOS_DATA ; READ AND RESET INTERRUPT REQUEST FLAGS
324 018D A8 60 TEST AL,01100000B ; CHECK FOR EITHER INTERRUPT PENDING
325 018F 74 4D JZ RTC_I_9 ; EXIT IF NOT A VALID RTC INTERRUPT
326
327 0191 86 E0 XCHG AH,AL ; SAVE FLAGS AND GET ENABLE ADDRESS
328 0193 E6 70 OUT CMOS_PORT,AL ; WRITE ALARM ENABLE MASK ADDRESS
329 0195 90 NOP ; I/O DELAY
330 0196 E4 71 IN AL,CMOS_DATA ; READ CURRENT ALARM ENABLE MASK
331 0198 22 C4 AND AL,AH ; ALLOW ONLY SOURCES THAT ARE ENABLED
332 019A A8 40 TEST AL,01000000B ; CHECK FOR PERIODIC INTERRUPT
333 019C 74 30 JZ RTC_I_5 ; SKIP IF NOT A PERIODIC INTERRUPT
334
335 ;----- DECREMENT WAIT COUNT BY INTERRUPT INTERVAL
336
337 019E E8 0000 E CALL DDS ; ESTABLISH DATA SEGMENT ADDRESSABILITY
338 01A1 81 2E 009C R 03D0 SUB @RTC_LOW,0976 ; DECREMENT COUNT LOW BY 1/1024
339 01A7 83 1E 009E R 00 SBB @RTC_HIGH,0 ; ADJUST HIGH WORD FOR LOW WORD BORROW
340 01AC 73 20 JNC RTC_I_5 ; SKIP TILL 32 BIT WORD LESS THAN ZERO
341
342 ;----- TURN OFF PERIODIC INTERRUPT ENABLE
343
344 01AE 50 PUSH AX ; SAVE INTERRUPT FLAG MASK
345 01AF B8 88BB MOV AX,* (CMOS_REG_B+NMI) ; INTERRUPT ENABLE REGISTER
346 01B2 E6 70 OUT CMOS_PORT,AL ; WRITE ADDRESS TO CMOS CLOCK
347 01B4 90 NOP ; I/O DELAY
348 01B5 E4 71 IN AL,CMOS_DATA ; READ CURRENT ENABLES
349 01B7 24 BF AND AL,0BFH ; TURN OFF PIE
350 01B9 86 C4 XCHG AL,AH ; GET CMOS ADDRESS AND SAVE VALUE
351 01BB E6 70 OUT CMOS_PORT,AL ; ADDRESS REGISTER B
352 01BD 86 C4 XCHG AL,AH ; GET NEW INTERRUPT ENABLE MASK
353 01BF E6 71 OUT CMOS_DATA,AL ; SET MASK IN INTERRUPT ENABLE REGISTER
354 01C1 C6 06 00A0 R 00 MOV @RTC_WAIT_FLAG,0 ; SET FUNCTION ACTIVE FLAG OFF
355 01C5 C6 05 0098 R 00 LDS DI,DWORD PTR @USER_FLAG ; SET UP (DS:DI) TO POINT TO USER FLAG
356 01CA C6 05 80 MOV BYTE PTR [DI],80H ; TURN ON USERS FLAG
357 01CD 58 POP AX ; GET INTERRUPT SOURCE BACK
358
359 01CE A8 20 RTC_I_5; TEST AL,00100000B ; TEST FOR ALARM INTERRUPT
360 01D0 74 0A JZ RTC_I_7 ; SKIP USER INTERRUPT CALL IF NOT ALARM
361
362 01D2 B0 0D MOV AL,CMOS_REG_D ; POINT TO DEFAULT READ ONLY REGISTER
363 01D4 E6 70 OUT CMOS_PORT,AL ; ENABLE NMI AND CMOS ADDRESS TO DEFAULT
364 01D6 FB STI ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON NOW
365 01D7 52 PUSH DX
366 01D8 CD 4A INT 4AH ; TRANSFER TO USER ROUTINE
367 01DA 5A POP DX
368 01DB FA CLD ; BLOCK INTERRUPT FOR RETRY
369 01DC ; RESTART ROUTINE TO HANDLE DELAYED
370 01DC EB A7 RTC_I_7; JMP RTC_I_1 ; ENTRY AND SECOND EVENT BEFORE DONE
371
372
373 01DE RTC_I_9; ; EXIT - NO PENDING INTERRUPTS
374 01DE B0 0D MOV AL,CMOS_REG_D ; POINT TO DEFAULT READ ONLY REGISTER
375 01E0 E6 70 OUT CMOS_PORT,AL ; ENABLE NMI AND CMOS ADDRESS TO DEFAULT
376 01E2 B0 20 MOV AL,ECI ; END OF INTERRUPT MASK TO 8259 - 2
377 01E4 E6 A0 OUT INT800,AL ; TO 8259
378 01E6 E6 20 OUT INTA00,AL ; TO 8259 - 1
379 01E8 5F POP DI ; RESTORE REGISTERS
380 01E9 58 POP AX
381 01EA 1F POP DS
382 01EB CF IRET ; END OF INTERRUPT
383
384 01EC RTC_INT ENDP

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SECTION 5

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385 PAGE
386 |--- INT 05 H -----
387 | PRINT_SCREEN |
388 | THIS LOGIC WILL BE INVOKED BY INTERRUPT 05H TO PRINT THE SCREEN. |
389 | THE CURSOR POSITION AT THE TIME THIS ROUTINE IS INVOKED WILL BE |
390 | SAVED AND RESTORED UPON COMPLETION. THE ROUTINE IS INTENDED TO |
391 | RUN WITH INTERRUPTS ENABLED. IF A SUBSEQUENT PRINT SCREEN KEY |
392 | IS DEPRESSED WHILE THIS ROUTINE IS PRINTING IT WILL BE IGNORED. |
393 | THE BASE PRINTERS STATUS IS CHECKED FOR NOT BUSY AND NOT OUT OF |
394 | PAPER. AN INITIAL STATUS ERROR WILL ABEND THE PRINT REQUEST. |
395 | ADDRESS 0050:0000 CONTAINS THE STATUS OF THE PRINT SCREEN: |
396 | |
397 | 50:0 = 0 PRINT SCREEN HAS NOT BEEN CALLED OR UPON RETURN |
398 | FROM A CALL THIS INDICATES A SUCCESSFUL OPERATION. |
399 | = 1 PRINT SCREEN IS IN PROGRESS - IGNORE THIS REQUEST. |
400 | = 255 ERROR ENCOUNTERED DURING PRINTING. |
401 |-----
402
403 0IEC PRINT_SCREEN_I PROC FAR ; DELAY INTERRUPT ENABLE TILL FLAG SET
404
405 0IEC IE PUSH DS ; SAVE WORK REGISTERS
406 0IED 50 PUSH AX
407 0IEE 53 PUSH BX
408 0IEF 51 PUSH CX
409 0IF0 52 PUSH DX
410 0IF1 E8 0000 E CALL DDS ; USE 0040:0100 FOR STATUS AREA STORAGE
411 0IF4 80 3E 0100 R 01 CMP *STATUS_BYTE, I ; GET STATUS_BYTE DATA SEGMENT
412 0IF9 74 74 INT 10H ; SEE IF PRINT ALREADY IN PROGRESS
413 0IFB C6 06 0100 R 01 MOV *STATUS_BYTE, I ; WRITE IF PRINT ALREADY IN PROGRESS
414 0200 FB STI ; INDICATE PRINT NOW IN PROGRESS
415 0201 B4 OF MOV AH, 0FH ; MUST RUN WITH INTERRUPTS ENABLED
416 0203 CD 10 INT 10H ; WILL REQUEST THE CURRENT SCREEN MODE
417 ; (AL) = MODE
418 ; (AH) = NUMBER COLUMNS/LINE
419 0205 BA CC MOV CL, AH ; (BH) = VISUAL PAGE
420 0207 BA 2E 0084 R MOV CH, *ROWS ; WILL MAKE USE OF (CX) REGISTER TO
421 0208 FE C5 INC CH ; CONTROL ROWS ON SCREEN & COLUMNS
422 ; ADJUST ROWS ON DISPLAY COUNT
423 ; (CL) = NUMBER COLUMNS/LINE
424 ; (CH) = NUMBER OF ROWS ON DISPLAY
425 |-----
426 | AT THIS POINT WE KNOW THE COLUMNS/LINE COUNT IS IN (CL) ;
427 | AND THE NUMBER OF ROWS ON THE DISPLAY IS IN (CH) ;
428 | IN (BH) IF APPLICABLE IS IN (AH). THE STACK HAS ;
429 | (DS), (AX), (BX), (CX), (DX) PUSHED. ;
430 |-----
431 020D 93 D2 XOR DX, DX ; FIRST PRINTER
432 020F B4 02 MOV AH, 02H ; SET PRINTER STATUS REQUEST COMMAND
433 0211 CD 17 INT 17H ; REQUEST CURRENT PRINTER STATUS
434 0213 80 F4 80 XOR AH, 080H ; CHECK FOR PRINTER BUSY (NOT CONNECTED)
435 0216 F6 E4 A0 TEST CX, 040H ; OR OUT OF PAPER
436 0219 75 4E JNZ PR180 ; ERROR EXIT IF PRINTER STATUS ERROR
437 021B E8 0275 R CALL CRLF ; CARRIAGE RETURN LINE FEED TO PRINTER
438
439 021E 51 PUSH CX ; SAVE SCREEN BOUNDS
440 021F B4 03 MOV AH, 03H ; NOW READ THE CURRENT CURSOR POSITION
441 0221 CD 10 INT 10H ; AND RESTORE AT END OF ROUTINE
442 0223 59 POP CX ; RECALL SCREEN BOUNDS
443 0224 52 PUSH DX ; PRESERVE THE ORIGINAL POSITION
444 0225 33 D2 XOR DX, DX ; INITIAL CURSOR (0,0) AND FIRST PRINTER
445 |-----
446 | THIS LOOP IS TO READ EACH CURSOR POSITION FROM THE ;
447 | SCREEN AND PRINT IT. (BH) = VISUAL PAGE (CH) = ROWS ;
448 |-----
449 0227 PR110: MOV AH, 02H ; INDICATE CURSOR SET REQUEST
450 0227 B4 02 INT 10H ; NEW CURSOR POSITION ESTABLISHED
451 0229 CD 10 MOV AH, 08H ; INDICATE READ CHARACTER FROM DISPLAY
452 022B E4 08 INT 10H ; CHARACTER NOW IN (AL)
453 022D FA 0C OR AL, AL ; SEE IF VALID CHAR
454 022F OA C0 JNZ PR120 ; JUMP IF VALID CHAR
455 0231 75 02 JNZ PR120 ; ELSE MAKE IT A BLANK
456 0233 B0 20 MOV AL, ' '
457 0235 PR120: PUSH DX ; SAVE CURSOR POSITION
458 0235 52 XOR DX, DX ; INDICATE FIRST PRINTER (DX= 0)
459 0236 33 D2 MOV AH, AH ; INDICATE PRINT CHARACTER IN (AL)
460 0238 32 E4 INT 17H ; PRINT THE CHARACTER
461 023A CD 17 INT 17H ; RECALL CURSOR POSITION
462 023C 5A POP DX ; TEST FOR PRINTER ERROR
463 023D F6 C4 29 JNZ PR170 ; EXIT IF ERROR DETECTED
464 0240 75 22 JNC DL ; ADVANCE TO NEXT COLUMN
465 0242 FE C2 CMP CL, DL ; SEE IF AT END OF LINE
466 0244 3A CA JNZ PR110 ; IF NOT LOOP FOR NEXT COLUMN
467 0246 75 DF JNZ PR110 ; BACK TO COLUMN 0
468 0248 32 D2 MOV AH, DL ; (AH)=0
469 024A BA E2 MOV AH, DL ; (AH)=0
470 024C 52 PUSH DX ; SAVE NEW CURSOR POSITION
471 024D E8 0275 R CALL CRLF ; LINE FEED CARRIAGE RETURN
472 0250 5A POP DX ; RECALL CURSOR POSITION
473 0251 FE C6 INC DH ; ADVANCE TO NEXT LINE
474 0253 3A EE CMP CH, DH ; FINISHED?
475 0255 75 D0 JNZ PR110 ; IF NOT LOOP FOR NEXT LINE
476
477 0257 5A POP DX ; GET CURSOR POSITION
478 0258 B4 02 MOV AH, 02H ; INDICATE REQUEST CURSOR SET
479 025A CD 10 INT 10H ; CURSOR POSITION REQUESTED
480 025C FA 0C CLI ; BLOCK INTERRUPTS TILL STACK CLEARED
481 025D C6 06 0100 R 00 MOV *STATUS_BYTE, 0 ; MOVE OK RESULTS FLAG TO STATUS_BYTE
482 0262 EB 08 JMP SHORT PR190 ; EXIT PRINTER ROUTINE
483
484 0264 PR170: ; ERROR EXIT
485 0264 5A POP DX ; GET CURSOR POSITION
486 0265 B4 02 MOV AH, 02H ; INDICATE REQUEST CURSOR SET
487 0267 CD 10 INT 10H ; CURSOR POSITION RESTORED
488 0269 PR180: ;
489 0269 FA CLI ; BLOCK INTERRUPTS TILL STACK CLEARED
490 026A C6 06 0100 R FF MOV *STATUS_BYTE, 0FFH ; SET ERROR FLAG
491 026F PR190: ;
492 026F 5A POP DX ; EXIT ROUTINE
493 0270 59 POP CX ; RESTORE ALL THE REGISTERS USED
494 0271 58 POP BX
495 0272 58 POP AX
496 0273 1F POP DS
497 0274 CF IRET ; RETURN WITH INITIAL INTERRUPT MASK
498 0275 PRINT_SCREEN_I ENDP

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499
500
501 ;----- CARRIAGE RETURN, LINE FEED SUBROUTINE
502
503 CRLF PROC NEAR
504 ; SEND CR,LF TO FIRST PRINTER
505 XOR DX,DX ; ASSUME FIRST PRINTER (DX= 0)
506 MOV AX,CR ; GET THE PRINT CHARACTER COMMAND AND
507 INT 17H ; THE CARRIAGE RETURN CHARACTER
508 MOV AX,LF ; NOW GET THE LINE FEED AND
509 INT 17H ; SEND IT TO THE BIOS PRINTER ROUTINE
510 RET
511 CRLF ENDP
512
513 ;-----
514 ;
515 ;
516 ; THIS ROUTINE HANDLES THE TIMER INTERRUPT FROM FROM CHANNEL 0 OF
517 ; THE 8254 TIMER. INPUT FREQUENCY IS 1.19318 MHZ AND THE DIVISOR
518 ; IS 65536, RESULTING IN APPROXIMATELY 18.2 INTERRUPTS EVERY SECOND.
519 ;
520 ; THE INTERRUPT HANDLER MAINTAINS A COUNT (40:6C) OF INTERRUPTS SINCE
521 ; POWER ON TIME, WHICH MAY BE USED TO ESTABLISH TIME OF DAY.
522 ; THE INTERRUPT HANDLER ALSO DECREASES THE MOTOR CONTROL COUNT (40:40)
523 ; OF THE DISKETTE, AND WHEN IT EXPIRES, WILL TURN OFF THE
524 ; DISKETTE MOTOR(S), AND RESET THE MOTOR RUNNING FLAGS.
525 ; THE INTERRUPT HANDLER WILL ALSO INVOKE A USER ROUTINE THROUGH
526 ; INTERRUPT ICH AT EVERY TIME TICK. THE USER MUST CODE A
527 ; ROUTINE AND PLACE THE CORRECT ADDRESS IN THE VECTOR TABLE.
528 ;-----
529
530 0282 TIMER_INT_1 PROC FAR
531 STI ; INTERRUPTS BACK ON
532 PUSH DS
533 PUSH AX
534 PUSH DX ; SAVE MACHINE STATE
535 CALL DOS ; ESTABLISH ADDRESSABILITY
536 INC 0TIMER_LOW ; INCREMENT TIME
537 JNZ T4 ; GO TO TEST DAY
538 JNZ 0TIMER_HIGH ; INCREMENT HIGH WORD OF TIME
539 JNZ T4 ; TEST DAY
540 CMP 0TIMER_HIGH,018H ; TEST FOR COUNT EQUALING 24 HOURS
541 JNZ T5 ; GO TO DISKETTE_CTL
542 CMP 0TIMER_LOW,0B0H ; GO TO DISKETTE_CTL
543 JNZ T5
544
545 ;----- TIMER HAS GONE 24 HOURS
546
547 02A2 2B C0 SUB AX,AX
548 02A4 A3 006E R MOV 0TIMER_HIGH,AX
549 02A7 A3 006C R MOV 0TIMER_LOW,AX
550 02AA C6 06 0070 R 01 MOV 0TIMER_OFL,1
551
552 ;----- TEST FOR DISKETTE TIME OUT
553
554 02AF T5: DEC 0MOTOR_COUNT ; DECREMENT DISKETTE MOTOR CONTROL
555 02B3 75 0B JNZ T6 ; RETURN IF COUNT NOT OUT
556 02B5 80 26 003F R F0 AND 0MOTOR_STATUS,0F0H ; TURN OFF MOTOR RUNNING BITS
557 02BA 80 0C MOV AL,0CH
558 02BC 8A 03F2 MOV DX,03F2H
559 02BF EE OUT DX,AL ; FDC CTL PORT
560 ; TURN OFF THE MOTOR
561
562 02C0 T6: INT ICH ; TIMER TICK INTERRUPT
563 02C0 CD 1C INT ICH ; TRANSFER CONTROL TO A USER ROUTINE
564
565 02C2 5A POP DX ; RESTORE (DX)
566 02C3 80 20 MOV AL,E0I ; GET END OF INTERRUPT MASK
567 02C5 FA CLI ; DISABLE INTERRUPTS TILL STACK CLEARED
568 02C6 E6 20 OUT INTA00,AL ; END OF INTERRUPT TO 8259 - 1
569 02C8 58 POP AX
570 02C9 1F POP DS ; RESET MACHINE STATE
571 02CA CF IRET ; RETURN FROM INTERRUPT
572
573 02CB TIMER_INT_1 ENDP
574
575 02CB CODE ENDS
576 ENDS

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1      PAGE 118,123
2      TITLE ORGS ----- 11/15/85 COMPATIBILITY MODULE
3      .LIST
4      0000      SEGMENT BYTE PUBLIC
5
6      PUBLIC A1
7      PUBLIC CONF_TBL
8      PUBLIC CRT_CHAR_GEN
9      PUBLIC D1
10     PUBLIC D2
11     PUBLIC D2A
12     PUBLIC DISK_BASE
13     PUBLIC DUMMY_RETURN
14     PUBLIC E101
15     PUBLIC E102
16     PUBLIC E103
17     PUBLIC E104
18     PUBLIC E105
19     PUBLIC E106
20     PUBLIC E107
21     PUBLIC E108
22     PUBLIC E109
23     PUBLIC E161
24     PUBLIC E162
25     PUBLIC E163
26     PUBLIC E164
27     PUBLIC E201
28     PUBLIC E202
29     PUBLIC E203
30     PUBLIC E301
31     PUBLIC E302
32     PUBLIC E303
33     PUBLIC E304
34     PUBLIC E401
35     PUBLIC E601
36     PUBLIC E601
37     PUBLIC E602
38     PUBLIC F1780
39     PUBLIC F1781
40     PUBLIC F1782
41     PUBLIC F1790
42     PUBLIC F1791
43     PUBLIC F3A
44     PUBLIC F3D
45     PUBLIC F3D1
46     PUBLIC FD_TBL
47     PUBLIC FLOPPY
48     PUBLIC HRD
49     PUBLIC K6
50     PUBLIC K6L
51     PUBLIC K7
52     PUBLIC K8
53     PUBLIC K9
54     PUBLIC K10
55     PUBLIC K11
56     PUBLIC K12
57     PUBLIC K13
58     PUBLIC K14
59     PUBLIC K15
60     PUBLIC M4
61     PUBLIC M5
62     PUBLIC M6
63     PUBLIC M7
64     PUBLIC NMI_INT
65     PUBLIC PRINT_SCREEN
66     PUBLIC P_O_R
67     PUBLIC SEKS_I
68     PUBLIC SLAVE_VECTOR_TABLE
69     PUBLIC TUTOR
70     PUBLIC VECTOR_TABLE
71     PUBLIC VIDEO_FARMS
72
73     EXTRN BOOT_STRAP_1:NEAR
74     EXTRN CASSETTE_IO_1:NEAR
75     EXTRN D11:NEAR
76     EXTRN DISK_INT_1:NEAR
77     EXTRN DISK_SETUP:NEAR
78     EXTRN DISKETTE_IO_1:NEAR
79     EXTRN DSKETTE_SETUP:NEAR
80     EXTRN EQUIPMENT_1:NEAR
81     EXTRN INT_287:NEAR
82     EXTRN K16:NEAR
83     EXTRN KEYBOARD_IO_1:NEAR
84     EXTRN KB_INT_1:NEAR
85     EXTRN MEMORY_SIZE_DET_1:NEAR
86     EXTRN NMI_INT_1:NEAR
87     EXTRN PRINT_SCREEN_1:NEAR
88     EXTRN PRINTER_IO_1:NEAR
89     EXTRN RE_DIRECT:NEAR
90     EXTRN RS232_IO_1:NEAR
91     EXTRN RTC_INT:NEAR
92     EXTRN SEEK:NEAR
93     EXTRN START_1:NEAR
94     EXTRN TIME_OF_DAY_1:NEAR
95     EXTRN TIMER_INT_1:NEAR
96     EXTRN VIDEO_IO_T:NEAR
97
98     ASSUME CS:CODE,DS:DATA
99
100
101
102
103
104
105
106
107
108
109

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: THIS MODULE HAS BEEN ADDED TO FACILITATE THE EXPANSION OF THIS PROGRAM. :
: IT ALLOWS FOR THE FIXED ORG STATEMENT ENTRY POINTS THAT HAVE TO REMAIN :
: AT THE SAME ADDRESSES. THE USE OF ENTRY POINTS AND TABLES WITHIN THIS :
: MODULE SHOULD BE AVOIDED AND ARE INCLUDED ONLY TO SUPPORT EXISTING CODE :
: THAT VIOLATE THE STRUCTURE AND DESIGN OF BIOS. ALL BIOS ACCESS SHOULD :
: USE THE DOCUMENTED INTERRUPT VECTOR INTERFACE FOR COMPATIBILITY. :
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110                                     PAGE
111                                     |-----|
112                                     |          COPYRIGHT NOTICE          |
113                                     |-----|
114                                     |
115                                     |
116                                     |
117                                     |
118                                     |:-  ORG      0E000H
119                                     ORG      00000H
120
121                                     |
122                                     |
123                                     |
124
125 0000 36 32 58 30 38 32              DB      *62X0820 COPR. IBM 1981, 1985 *
126          30 20 43 4F 50 52
127          2E 20 49 42 4D 20
128          31 39 38 31 2C 20
129          31 39 38 35 20 20
130          20 20
131
132                                     |-----|
133                                     |          PARITY ERROR MESSAGES          |
134                                     |-----|
135
136 0020 50 41 52 49 54 59  D1      DB      'PARITY CHECK 1',CR,LF ; PLANAR BOARD PARITY CHECK LATCH SET
137          20 43 48 45 43 4B
138          20 31 0D 0A
139 0030 50 41 52 49 54 59  D2      DB      'PARITY CHECK 2',CR,LF ; I/O CHANNEL CHECK LATCH SET
140          20 43 48 45 43 4B
141          20 32 0D 0A
142 0040 3F 3F 3F 3F 3F 3F  D2A    DB      '?????',CR,LF
143          0A
144          = 0047
145                                     IP      =      $
146                                     :-  ORG      0E05BH
147          005B                                     ORG      0005BH
148          005B E9 0000 E      RESET:  JMP      START_1 ; RESET START
149                                     ; VECTOR ON TO THE MOVED POST CODE
150
151                                     |-----|
152                                     |          POST ERROR MESSAGES          |
153                                     |-----|
154
155 005E 20 31 30 31 2D 53  E101   DB      ' 101-System Board Error',CR,LF ; INTERRUPT FAILURE
156          79 73 74 65 6D 20
157          42 6F 61 72 64 20
158          45 72 72 6F 72 0D
159          0A
160 0077 20 31 30 32 2D 53  E102   DB      ' 102-System Board Error',CR,LF ; TIMER FAILURE
161          79 73 74 65 6D 20
162          42 6F 61 72 64 20
163          45 72 72 6F 72 0D
164          0A
165 0090 20 31 30 33 2D 53  E103   DB      ' 103-System Board Error',CR,LF ; TIMER INTERRUPT FAILURE
166          79 73 74 65 6D 20
167          42 6F 61 72 64 20
168          45 72 72 6F 72 0D
169          0A
170 00A9 20 31 30 34 2D 53  E104   DB      ' 104-System Board Error',CR,LF ; PROTECTED MODE FAILURE
171          79 73 74 65 6D 20
172          42 6F 61 72 64 20
173          45 72 72 6F 72 0D
174          0A
175 00C2 20 31 30 35 2D 53  E105   DB      ' 105-System Board Error',CR,LF ; LAST 8042 COMMAND NOT ACCEPTED
176          79 73 74 65 6D 20
177          42 6F 61 72 64 20
178          45 72 72 6F 72 0D
179          0A
180 00DB 20 31 30 36 2D 53  E106   DB      ' 106-System Board Error',CR,LF ; CONVERTING LOGIC TEST
181          79 73 74 65 6D 20
182          42 6F 61 72 64 20
183          45 72 72 6F 72 0D
184          0A
185 00F4 20 31 30 37 2D 53  E107   DB      ' 107-System Board Error',CR,LF ; HOT NMI TEST
186          79 73 74 65 6D 20
187          42 6F 61 72 64 20
188          45 72 72 6F 72 0D
189          0A
190 010D 20 31 30 38 2D 53  E108   DB      ' 108-System Board Error',CR,LF ; TIMER BUS TEST
191          79 73 74 65 6D 20
192          42 6F 61 72 64 20
193          45 72 72 6F 72 0D
194          0A
195 0126 20 31 30 39 2D 53  E109   DB      ' 109-System Board Error',CR,LF ; LOW MEG CHIP SELECT TEST
196          79 73 74 65 6D 20
197          42 6F 61 72 64 20
198          45 72 72 6F 72 0D
199          0A
200 013F 20 31 36 31 2D 53  E161   DB      ' 161-System Options Not Set-(Run SETUP)',CR,LF ; DEAD BATTERY
201          79 73 74 65 6D 20
202          4F 70 74 69 6F 6E
203          73 20 4E 6F 74 20
204          53 65 74 2D 28 52
205          75 6E 20 53 45 54
206          55 50 29 0D 0A
207 0168 20 31 36 32 2D 53  E162   DB      ' 162-System Options Not Set-(Run SETUP)',CR,LF ; CHECKSUM/CONFIG
208          79 73 74 65 6D 20
209          4F 70 74 69 6F 6E
210          73 20 4E 6F 74 20
211          53 65 74 2D 28 52
212          75 6E 20 53 45 54
213          55 50 29 0D 0A
214 0191 20 31 36 33 2D 54  E163   DB      ' 163-Time & Date Not Set-(Run SETUP)',CR,LF ; CLOCK NOT UPDATING
215          69 6D 65 20 26 20
216          44 61 74 65 20 4E
217          6F 74 20 53 65 74
218          2D 28 52 75 6E 20
219          53 45 54 55 50 29
220          0D 0A
221 01B7 20 31 36 34 2D 4D  E164   DB      ' 164-Memory Size Error-(Run SETUP)',CR,LF ; CMOS DOES NOT MATCH
222          65 6D 6F 72 79 20
223          53 69 7A 65 20 45
224          72 72 6F 72 2D 28

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SECTION 5



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224      52 75 6E 20 53 45
225      54 55 50 29 0D 0A
226      01DB 20 32 30 31 2D 4D E201 DB      * 201-Memory Error',CR,LF
227      65 6D 6F 72 79 20
228      45 72 72 6F 72 0D
229      0A
230      01EE 20 32 30 32 2D 4D E202 DB      * 202-Memory Address Error',CR,LF      ; LINE ERROR 00->15
231      65 6D 6F 72 79 20
232      41 64 64 72 65 73
233      73 20 45 72 72 6F
234      72 0D 0A
235      0209 20 32 30 33 2D 4D E203 DB      * 203-Memory Address Error',CR,LF      ; LINE ERROR 16->23
236      65 6D 6F 72 79 20
237      41 64 64 72 65 73
238      73 45 72 72 6F
239      72 0D 0A
240      0224 20 33 30 31 2D 4B E301 DB      * 301-Keyboard Error',CR,LF      ; KEYBOARD ERROR
241      65 79 62 6F 61 72
242      64 20 45 72 72 6F
243      72 0D 0A
244      0239 20 33 30 32 2D 53 E302 DB      * 302-System Unit Keylock is Locked',CR,LF      ; KEYBOARD LOCK ON
245      79 73 74 65 6D 20
246      65 6E 69 74 20 4B
247      65 79 6C 6F 63 6B
248      20 69 73 20 4C 6F
249      53 6B 65 64 0D 0A
250      025D 20 32 30 3D 2D 4B F3D DB      * (RESUME = "F1" KEY)',CR,LF
251      4D 45 20 3D 20 22
252      46 31 22 20 4B 45
253      59 29 0D 0A
254
255      ;----- NMI ENTRY
256
257      = 0273
258      ;: IP = $
259      02C3 ;: ORG 0E2C3H
260      = 02C3 ;: ORG 002C3H
261      02C3 E9 0000 E ;: NMI_INT EQU $
262      JMP ;: NMI_INT_1 ; VECTOR ON TO MOVED NMI CODE
263      02C6 20 33 30 33 2D 4B E303 DB      * 303-Keyboard Or System Unit Error',CR,LF
264      65 79 62 6F 61 72
265      64 20 4F 72 20 53
266      79 73 74 65 6D 20
267      55 6E 69 74 20 45
268      72 72 6F 72 0D 0A
269
270      02EA 20 33 30 34 2D 4B ;:----- KEYBOARD/SYSTEM ERROR
271      65 79 62 6F 61 72 E304 DB      * 304-Keyboard Or System Unit Error',CR,LF ; KEYBOARD CLOCK HIGH
272      64 20 4F 72 20 53
273      79 73 74 65 6D 20
274      55 6E 69 74 20 45
275      72 72 6F 72 0D 0A
276      030E 20 34 30 31 2D 43 E401 DB      * 401-CRT Error',CR,LF      ; MONOCHROME
277      52 54 20 45 72 72
278      6F 72 0D 0A
279      20 30 30 31 2D 43 E501 DB      * 501-CRT Error',CR,LF      ; COLOR
280      52 54 20 45 72 72
281      6F 72 0D 0A
282      032E 20 36 30 31 2D 44 E601 DB      * 601-Diskette Error',CR,LF      ; DISKETTE ERROR
283      69 73 6B 65 74 74
284      65 20 45 72 72 6F
285      72 0D 0A
286
287      0343 20 36 30 32 2D 44 ;:----- DISKETTE BOOT RECORD IS NOT VALID
288      69 73 6B 65 74 74 E602 DB      * 602-Diskette Boot Record Error',CR,LF
289      65 20 42 6F 6F 74
290      20 52 65 63 6F 72
291      64 20 45 72 72 6F
292      72 0D 0A
293
294      0364 31 37 38 30 2D 44 ;:----- HARD FILE ERROR MESSAGE
295      69 73 6B 20 30 20 F1780 DB      * 1780-Disk 0 Failure',CR,LF
296      46 61 69 6C 75 72
297      65 0D 0A
298      0379 31 37 38 31 2D 44 F1781 DB      * 1781-Disk 1 Failure',CR,LF
299      69 73 6B 20 31 20
300      46 61 69 6C 75 72
301      65 0D 0A
302      038E 31 37 38 32 2D 44 F1782 DB      * 1782-Disk Controller Failure',CR,LF
303      69 73 6B 20 43 6F
304      6E 74 72 6F 6C 6C
305      65 72 20 46 61 69
306      6C 75 72 65 0D 0A
307      03AC 31 37 39 30 2D 44 F1790 DB      * 1790-Disk 0 Error',CR,LF
308      69 73 6B 20 30 20
309      45 72 72 6F 72 0D
310      0A
311      03BF 31 37 39 31 2D 44 F1791 DB      * 1791-Disk 1 Error',CR,LF
312      69 73 6B 20 31 20
313      45 72 72 6F 72 0D
314      0A
315
316      03D2 52 6F 4D 20 2D 45 F3A DB      *ROM Error ',CR,LF      ; ROM CHECKSUM
317      72 72 6F 72 20 0D
318      0A
319      03DF 20 20 20 2D 55 F3D1 DB      * -Unlock System Unit Keylock ',CR,LF
320      6E 6F 63 6B 20
321      53 79 73 74 65 6D
322      20 55 6E 69 74 20
323      4B 65 79 6C 6F 63
324      6B 20 0D 0A
  
```



```

439 0466 0100          DW      0256D          ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYLINDER
440 0468 00           DB      0              ;
441 0469 00           DB      0              ; CONTROL BYTE
442 046A 00 00 00    DW      0,0,0          ;
443 046D 01FF        DW      0511D          ;
444 046F 11          DB      17D           ; LANDING ZONE
445 0470 00          DB      0              ; SECTORS/TRACK
446
447                  ;----- DRIVE TYPE 08
448
449 0471 02DD        DW      0733D          ; CYLINDERS
450 0473 05          DB      05D           ; HEADS
451 0474 0000        DW      0              ;
452 0476 FFFF        DW      0FFFFH         ; NO WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION
453 0478 00          DB      0              ;
454 0479 00          DB      0              ; CONTROL BYTE
455 047A 00 00 00    DW      0,0,0          ;
456 047D 02DD        DW      0733D          ; LANDING ZONE
457 047F 11          DB      17D           ; SECTORS/TRACK
458 0480 00          DB      0              ;
459
460                  ;----- DRIVE TYPE 09
461
462 0481 0384        DW      0900D          ; CYLINDERS
463 0483 0F          DB      15D           ; HEADS
464 0484 0000        DW      0              ;
465 0486 FFFF        DW      0FFFFH         ; NO WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION
466 0488 00          DB      0              ;
467 0489 08          DB      008H         ; CONTROL BYTE
468 048A 00 00 00    DW      0,0,0          ;
469 048D 0385        DW      0901D          ; LANDING ZONE
470 048F 11          DB      17D           ; SECTORS/TRACK
471 0490 00          DB      0              ;
472
473                  ;----- DRIVE TYPE 10
474
475 0491 0334        DW      0820D          ; CYLINDERS
476 0493 07          DB      03D           ; HEADS
477 0494 0000        DW      0              ;
478 0496 FFFF        DW      0FFFFH         ; NO WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION
479 0498 00          DB      0              ;
480 0499 00          DB      0              ; CONTROL BYTE
481 049A 00 00 00    DW      0,0,0          ;
482 049D 0334        DW      0820D          ; LANDING ZONE
483 049F 11          DB      17D           ; SECTORS/TRACK
484 04A0 00          DB      0              ;
485
486                  ;----- DRIVE TYPE 11
487
488 04A1 0357        DW      0855D          ; CYLINDERS
489 04A3 05          DB      05D           ; HEADS
490 04A4 0000        DW      0              ;
491 04A6 FFFF        DW      0FFFFH         ; NO WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION
492 04A8 00          DB      0              ;
493 04A9 00          DB      0              ; CONTROL BYTE
494 04AA 00 00 00    DW      0,0,0          ;
495 04AD 0357        DW      0855D          ; LANDING ZONE
496 04AF 11          DB      17D           ; SECTORS/TRACK
497 04B0 00          DB      0              ;
498
499                  ;----- DRIVE TYPE 12
500
501 04B1 0357        DW      0855D          ; CYLINDERS
502 04B3 07          DB      07D           ; HEADS
503 04B4 0000        DW      0              ;
504 04B6 FFFF        DW      0FFFFH         ; NO WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION
505 04B8 00          DB      0              ;
506 04B9 00          DB      0              ; CONTROL BYTE
507 04BA 00 00 00    DW      0,0,0          ;
508 04BD 0357        DW      0855D          ; LANDING ZONE
509 04BF 11          DB      17D           ; SECTORS/TRACK
510 04C0 00          DB      0              ;
511
512                  ;----- DRIVE TYPE 13
513
514 04C1 0132        DW      0306D          ; CYLINDERS
515 04C3 08          DB      08D           ; HEADS
516 04C4 0000        DW      0              ;
517 04C6 0080        DW      0128D          ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYLINDER
518 04C8 00          DB      0              ;
519 04C9 00          DB      0              ; CONTROL BYTE
520 04CA 00 00 00    DW      0,0,0          ;
521 04CD 013F        DW      0319D          ; LANDING ZONE
522 04CF 11          DB      17D           ; SECTORS/TRACK
523 04D0 00          DB      0              ;
524
525                  ;----- DRIVE TYPE 14
526
527 04D1 02DD        DW      0733D          ; CYLINDERS
528 04D3 07          DB      07D           ; HEADS
529 04D4 0000        DW      0              ;
530 04D6 FFFF        DW      0FFFFH         ; NO WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION
531 04D8 00          DB      0              ;
532 04D9 00          DB      0              ; CONTROL BYTE
533 04DA 00 00 00    DW      0,0,0          ;
534 04DD 02DD        DW      0733D          ; LANDING ZONE
535 04DF 11          DB      17D           ; SECTORS/TRACK
536 04E0 00          DB      0              ;
537
538                  ;----- DRIVE TYPE 15      RESERVED      ***** DO NOT USE*****
539
540 04E1 0000        DW      0000D          ; CYLINDERS
541 04E3 00          DB      00D           ; HEADS
542 04E4 0000        DW      0              ;
543 04E6 0000        DW      0000D          ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYLINDER
544 04E8 00          DB      0              ;
545 04E9 00          DB      0              ; CONTROL BYTE
546 04EA 00 00 00    DW      0,0,0          ;
547 04ED 0000        DW      0000D          ; LANDING ZONE
548 04EF 00          DB      00D           ; SECTORS/TRACK
549 04F0 00          DB      0              ;
550
551                  ;----- DRIVE TYPE 16
552

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553 04F1 0264          DW 0612D          ; CYLINDERS
554 04F3 04           DB 04D            ; HEADS
555 04F4 0000         DW 0             ;
556 04F6 0000         DW 0000D         ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION ALL CYLINDER
557 04F8 00           DB 0             ;
558 04F9 00           DB 0             ;
559 04FA 00 00 00    DB 0,0,0        ; CONTROL BYTE
560 04FD 0297         DW 0663D         ; LANDING ZONE
561 04FF 11           DB 17D           ; SECTORS/TRACK
562 0500 00           DB 0             ;
563
564
565 |----- DRIVE TYPE 17
566 0501 03D1         DW 0977D         ; CYLINDERS
567 0503 05           DB 05D           ; HEADS
568 0504 0000         DW 0             ;
569 0506 012C         DW 0300D         ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYL
570 0508 00           DB 0             ;
571 0509 00           DB 0             ;
572 050A 00 00 00    DB 0,0,0        ; CONTROL BYTE
573 050D 03D1         DW 0977D         ; LANDING ZONE
574 050F 11           DB 17D           ; SECTORS/TRACK
575 0510 00           DB 0             ;
576
577 |----- DRIVE TYPE 18
578
579 0511 03D1         DW 0977D         ; CYLINDERS
580 0513 07           DB 07D           ; HEADS
581 0514 0000         DW 0             ;
582 0516 FFFF         DW 0FFFFFH       ; NO WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION
583 0518 00           DB 0             ;
584 0519 00           DB 0             ;
585 051A 00 00 00    DB 0,0,0        ; CONTROL BYTE
586 051D 03D1         DW 0977D         ; LANDING ZONE
587 051F 11           DB 17D           ; SECTORS/TRACK
588 0520 00           DB 0             ;
589
590 |----- DRIVE TYPE 19
591
592 0521 0400         DW 1024D         ; CYLINDERS
593 0523 07           DB 07D           ; HEADS
594 0524 0000         DW 0             ;
595 0526 0200         DW 0512D         ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYLINDER
596 0528 00           DB 0             ;
597 0529 00           DB 0             ;
598 052A 00 00 00    DB 0,0,0        ; CONTROL BYTE
599 052D 03FF         DW 1023D         ; LANDING ZONE
600 052F 11           DB 17D           ; SECTORS/TRACK
601 0530 00           DB 0             ;
602
603 |----- DRIVE TYPE 20
604
605 0531 02DD         DW 0733D         ; CYLINDERS
606 0533 05           DB 05D           ; HEADS
607 0534 0000         DW 0             ;
608 0536 012C         DW 0300D         ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYL
609 0538 00           DB 0             ;
610 0539 00           DB 0             ;
611 053A 00 00 00    DB 0,0,0        ; CONTROL BYTE
612 053D 02DC         DW 0732D         ; LANDING ZONE
613 053F 11           DB 17D           ; SECTORS/TRACK
614 0540 00           DB 0             ;
615
616 |----- DRIVE TYPE 21
617
618 0541 02DD         DW 0733D         ; CYLINDERS
619 0543 07           DB 07D           ; HEADS
620 0544 0000         DW 0             ;
621 0546 012C         DW 0300D         ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYL
622 0548 00           DB 0             ;
623 0549 00           DB 0             ;
624 054A 00 00 00    DB 0,0,0        ; CONTROL BYTE
625 054D 02DC         DW 0732D         ; LANDING ZONE
626 054F 11           DB 17D           ; SECTORS/TRACK
627 0550 00           DB 0             ;
628
629 |----- DRIVE TYPE 22
630
631 0551 02DD         DW 0733D         ; CYLINDERS
632 0553 05           DB 05D           ; HEADS
633 0554 0000         DW 0             ;
634 0556 012C         DW 0300D         ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYL
635 0558 00           DB 0             ;
636 0559 00           DB 0             ;
637 055A 00 00 00    DB 0,0,0        ; CONTROL BYTE
638 055D 02DD         DW 0733D         ; LANDING ZONE
639 055F 11           DB 17D           ; SECTORS/TRACK
640 0560 00           DB 0             ;
641
642 |----- DRIVE TYPE 23
643
644 0561 0132         DW 0306D         ; CYLINDERS
645 0563 04           DB 04D           ; HEADS
646 0564 0000         DW 0             ;
647 0566 0000         DW 0000D         ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION ALL CYL
648 0568 00           DB 0             ;
649 0569 00           DB 0             ;
650 056A 00 00 00    DB 0,0,0        ; CONTROL BYTE
651 056D 0150         DW 0336D         ; LANDING ZONE
652 056F 11           DB 17D           ; SECTORS/TRACK
653 0570 00           DB 0             ;
654
655 |----- DRIVE TYPE 24 *** RESERVED***
656
657 0571 0000         DW 0000D         ; CYLINDERS
658 0573 00           DB 00D           ; HEADS
659 0574 0000         DW 0             ;
660 0576 0000         DW 0000D         ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYL
661 0578 00           DB 0             ;
662 0579 00           DB 0             ;
663 057A 00 00 00    DB 0,0,0        ; CONTROL BYTE
664 057D 0000         DW 0000D         ; LANDING ZONE
665 057F 00           DB 00D           ; SECTORS/TRACK
666 0580 00           DB 0             ;

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SECTION 5

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667
668
669          ;----- DRIVE TYPE 25      *** RESERVED***
670 0581 0000      DW      0000D      ; CYLINDERS
671 0583 00        DB      00D        ; HEADS
672 0584 0000      DW      0          ;
673 0586 0000      DW      0000D      ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYL
674 0588 00        DB      0          ;
675 0589 00        DB      0          ; CONTROL BYTE
676 058A 00 00 00  DB      0,0,0      ;
677 058D 0000      DW      0000D      ; LANDING ZONE
678 058F 00        DB      00D        ; SECTORS/TRACK
679 0590 00        DB      0          ;
680
681          ;----- DRIVE TYPE 26      *** RESERVED***
682
683 0591 0000      DW      0000D      ; CYLINDERS
684 0593 00        DB      00D        ; HEADS
685 0594 0000      DW      0          ;
686 0596 0000      DW      0000D      ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYL
687 0598 00        DB      0          ;
688 0599 00        DB      0          ; CONTROL BYTE
689 059A 00 00 00  DB      0,0,0      ;
690 059D 0000      DW      0000D      ; LANDING ZONE
691 059F 00        DB      00D        ; SECTORS/TRACK
692 05A0 00        DB      0          ;
693
694          ;----- DRIVE TYPE 27      *** RESERVED***
695
696 05A1 0000      DW      0000D      ; CYLINDERS
697 05A3 00        DB      00D        ; HEADS
698 05A4 0000      DW      0          ;
699 05A6 0000      DW      0000D      ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYL
700 05A8 00        DB      0          ;
701 05A9 00        DB      0          ; CONTROL BYTE
702 05AA 00 00 00  DB      0,0,0      ;
703 05AD 0000      DW      0000D      ; LANDING ZONE
704 05AF 00        DB      00D        ; SECTORS/TRACK
705 05B0 00        DB      0          ;
706
707          ;----- DRIVE TYPE 28      *** RESERVED***
708
709 05B1 0000      DW      0000D      ; CYLINDERS
710 05B3 00        DB      00D        ; HEADS
711 05B4 0000      DW      0          ;
712 05B6 0000      DW      0000D      ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYL
713 05B8 00        DB      0          ;
714 05B9 00        DB      0          ; CONTROL BYTE
715 05BA 00 00 00  DB      0,0,0      ;
716 05BD 0000      DW      0000D      ; LANDING ZONE
717 05BF 00        DB      00D        ; SECTORS/TRACK
718 05C0 00        DB      0          ;
719
720          ;----- DRIVE TYPE 29      *** RESERVED***
721
722 05C1 0000      DW      0000D      ; CYLINDERS
723 05C3 00        DB      00D        ; HEADS
724 05C4 0000      DW      0          ;
725 05C6 0000      DW      0000D      ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYL
726 05C8 00        DB      0          ;
727 05C9 00        DB      0          ; CONTROL BYTE
728 05CA 00 00 00  DB      0,0,0      ;
729 05CD 0000      DW      0000D      ; LANDING ZONE
730 05CF 00        DB      00D        ; SECTORS/TRACK
731 05D0 00        DB      0          ;
732
733          ;----- DRIVE TYPE 30      *** RESERVED***
734
735 05D1 0000      DW      0000D      ; CYLINDERS
736 05D3 00        DB      00D        ; HEADS
737 05D4 0000      DW      0000D      ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYL
738 05D6 00        DB      0          ;
739 05D8 00        DB      0          ; CONTROL BYTE
740 05D9 00        DB      0          ;
741 05DA 00 00 00  DB      0,0,0      ;
742 05DD 0000      DW      0000D      ; LANDING ZONE
743 05DF 00        DB      00D        ; SECTORS/TRACK
744 05E0 00        DB      0          ;
745
746          ;----- DRIVE TYPE 31      *** RESERVED***
747
748 05E1 0000      DW      0000D      ; CYLINDERS
749 05E3 00        DB      00D        ; HEADS
750 05E4 0000      DW      0          ;
751 05E6 0000      DW      0000D      ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYL
752 05E8 00        DB      0          ;
753 05E9 00        DB      0          ; CONTROL BYTE
754 05EA 00 00 00  DB      0,0,0      ;
755 05ED 0000      DW      0000D      ; LANDING ZONE
756 05EF 00        DB      00D        ; SECTORS/TRACK
757 05F0 00        DB      0          ;
758
759          ;----- DRIVE TYPE 32      *** RESERVED***
760
761 05F1 0000      DW      0000D      ; CYLINDERS
762 05F3 00        DB      00D        ; HEADS
763 05F4 0000      DW      0          ;
764 05F6 0000      DW      0000D      ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYL
765 05F8 00        DB      0          ;
766 05F9 00        DB      0          ; CONTROL BYTE
767 05FA 00 00 00  DB      0,0,0      ;
768 05FD 0000      DW      0000D      ; LANDING ZONE
769 05FF 00        DB      00D        ; SECTORS/TRACK
770 0600 00        DB      0          ;
771
772          ;----- DRIVE TYPE 33      *** RESERVED***
773
774 0601 0000      DW      0000D      ; CYLINDERS
775 0603 00        DB      00D        ; HEADS
776 0604 0000      DW      0          ;
777 0606 0000      DW      0000D      ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYL
778 0608 00        DB      0          ;
779 0609 00        DB      0          ; CONTROL BYTE
780 060A 00 00 00  DB      0,0,0      ;

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781 060D 0000      DW      0000D      ; LANDING ZONE
782 060F 0000      DB      00D        ; SECTORS/TRACK
783 0610 00        DB      0
784
785              ;----- DRIVE TYPE 34 *** RESERVED***
786
787 0611 0000      DW      0000D      ; CYLINDERS
788 0613 00        DB      00D        ; HEADS
789 0614 0000      DW      0
790 0616 0000      DW      0000D      ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYL
791 0618 00        DB      0
792 0619 00        DB      0
793 061A 00 00 00  DB      0,0,0      ; CONTROL BYTE
794 061D 0000      DW      0000D      ; LANDING ZONE
795 061F 00        DB      00D        ; SECTORS/TRACK
796 0620 00        DB      0
797
798              ;----- DRIVE TYPE 35 *** RESERVED***
799
800 0621 0000      DW      0000D      ; CYLINDERS
801 0623 00        DB      00D        ; HEADS
802 0624 0000      DW      0
803 0626 0000      DW      0000D      ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYL
804 0628 00        DB      0
805 0629 00        DB      0
806 062A 00 00 00  DB      0,0,0      ; CONTROL BYTE
807 062D 0000      DW      0000D      ; LANDING ZONE
808 062F 00        DB      00D        ; SECTORS/TRACK
809 0630 00        DB      0
810
811              ;----- DRIVE TYPE 36 *** RESERVED***
812
813 0631 0000      DW      0000D      ; CYLINDERS
814 0633 00        DB      00D        ; HEADS
815 0634 0000      DW      0
816 0636 0000      DW      0000D      ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYL
817 0638 00        DB      0
818 0639 00        DB      0
819 063A 00 00 00  DB      0,0,0      ; CONTROL BYTE
820 063D 0000      DW      0000D      ; LANDING ZONE
821 063F 00        DB      00D        ; SECTORS/TRACK
822 0640 00        DB      0
823
824              ;----- DRIVE TYPE 37 *** RESERVED***
825
826 0641 0000      DW      0000D      ; CYLINDERS
827 0643 00        DB      00D        ; HEADS
828 0644 0000      DW      0
829 0646 0000      DW      0000D      ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYL
830 0648 00        DB      0
831 0649 00        DB      0
832 064A 00 00 00  DB      0,0,0      ; CONTROL BYTE
833 064D 0000      DW      0000D      ; LANDING ZONE
834 064F 00        DB      00D        ; SECTORS/TRACK
835 0650 00        DB      0
836
837              ;----- DRIVE TYPE 38 *** RESERVED***
838
839 0651 0000      DW      0000D      ; CYLINDERS
840 0653 00        DB      00D        ; HEADS
841 0654 0000      DW      0
842 0656 0000      DW      0000D      ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYL
843 0658 00        DB      0
844 0659 00        DB      0
845 065A 00 00 00  DB      0,0,0      ; CONTROL BYTE
846 065D 0000      DW      0000D      ; LANDING ZONE
847 065F 00        DB      00D        ; SECTORS/TRACK
848 0660 00        DB      0
849
850              ;----- DRIVE TYPE 39 *** RESERVED***
851
852 0661 0000      DW      0000D      ; CYLINDERS
853 0663 00        DB      00D        ; HEADS
854 0664 0000      DW      0
855 0666 0000      DW      0000D      ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYL
856 0668 00        DB      0
857 0669 00        DB      0
858 066A 00 00 00  DB      0,0,0      ; CONTROL BYTE
859 066D 0000      DW      0000D      ; LANDING ZONE
860 066F 00        DB      00D        ; SECTORS/TRACK
861 0670 00        DB      0
862
863              ;----- DRIVE TYPE 40 *** RESERVED***
864
865 0671 0000      DW      0000D      ; CYLINDERS
866 0673 00        DB      00D        ; HEADS
867 0674 0000      DW      0
868 0676 0000      DW      0000D      ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYL
869 0678 00        DB      0
870 0679 00        DB      0
871 067A 00 00 00  DB      0,0,0      ; CONTROL BYTE
872 067D 0000      DW      0000D      ; LANDING ZONE
873 067F 00        DB      00D        ; SECTORS/TRACK
874 0680 00        DB      0
875
876              ;----- DRIVE TYPE 41 *** RESERVED***
877
878 0681 0000      DW      0000D      ; CYLINDERS
879 0683 00        DB      00D        ; HEADS
880 0684 0000      DW      0
881 0686 0000      DW      0000D      ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYL
882 0688 00        DB      0
883 0689 00        DB      0
884 068A 00 00 00  DB      0,0,0      ; CONTROL BYTE
885 068D 0000      DW      0000D      ; LANDING ZONE
886 068F 00        DB      00D        ; SECTORS/TRACK
887 0690 00        DB      0
888
889              ;----- DRIVE TYPE 42 *** RESERVED***
890
891 0691 0000      DW      0000D      ; CYLINDERS
892 0693 00        DB      00D        ; HEADS
893 0694 0000      DW      0
894 0696 0000      DW      0000D      ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYL

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895 0698 00          DB      0
896 0699 00          DB      0
897 069A 00 00 00   DB      0,0,0          ; CONTROL BYTE
898 069D 0000       DW      0000D        ; LANDING ZONE
899 069F 00          DB      00D         ; SECTORS/TRACK
900 06A0 00          DB      0
901
902
903 ;----- DRIVE TYPE 43 *** RESERVED***
904 06A1 0000       DW      0000D        ; CYLINDERS
905 06A3 00          DB      00D         ; HEADS
906 06A4 0000       DW      0
907 06A6 0000       DW      0000D        ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYL
908 06A8 00          DB      0
909 06A9 00          DB      0          ; CONTROL BYTE
910 06AA 00 00 00   DB      0,0,0
911 06AD 0000       DW      0000D        ; LANDING ZONE
912 06AF 00          DB      00D         ; SECTORS/TRACK
913 06B0 00          DB      0
914
915 ;----- DRIVE TYPE 44 *** RESERVED***
916
917 06B1 0000       DW      0000D        ; CYLINDERS
918 06B3 00          DB      00D         ; HEADS
919 06B4 0000       DW      0
920 06B6 0000       DW      0000D        ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYL
921 06BB 00          DB      0
922 06B9 00          DB      0          ; CONTROL BYTE
923 06BA 00 00 00   DB      0,0,0
924 06BD 0000       DW      0000D        ; LANDING ZONE
925 06BF 00          DB      00D         ; SECTORS/TRACK
926 06C0 00          DB      0
927
928 ;----- DRIVE TYPE 45 *** RESERVED***
929
930 06C1 0000       DW      0000D        ; CYLINDERS
931 06C3 00          DB      00D         ; HEADS
932 06C4 0000       DW      0
933 06C6 0000       DW      0000D        ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYL
934 06C8 00          DB      0
935 06C9 00          DB      0          ; CONTROL BYTE
936 06CA 00 00 00   DB      0,0,0
937 06CD 0000       DW      0000D        ; LANDING ZONE
938 06CF 00          DB      00D         ; SECTORS/TRACK
939 06D0 00          DB      0
940
941 ;----- DRIVE TYPE 46 *** RESERVED***
942
943 06D1 0000       DW      0000D        ; CYLINDERS
944 06D3 00          DB      00D         ; HEADS
945 06D4 0000       DW      0
946 06D6 0000       DW      0000D        ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYL
947 06DB 00          DB      0
948 06D9 00          DB      0          ; CONTROL BYTE
949 06DA 00 00 00   DB      0,0,0
950 06DD 0000       DW      0000D        ; LANDING ZONE
951 06DF 00          DB      00D         ; SECTORS/TRACK
952 06E0 00          DB      0
953
954 ;----- DRIVE TYPE 47 *** RESERVED***
955
956 06E1 0000       DW      0000D        ; CYLINDERS
957 06E3 00          DB      00D         ; HEADS
958 06E4 0000       DW      0
959 06E6 0000       DW      0000D        ; WRITE PRE-COMPENSATION CYL
960 06E8 00          DB      0
961 06E9 00          DB      0          ; CONTROL BYTE
962 06EA 00 00 00   DB      0,0,0
963 06ED 0000       DW      0000D        ; LANDING ZONE
964 06EF 00          DB      00D         ; SECTORS/TRACK
965 06F0 00          DB      0
966
967
968 ;----- BOOT LOADER INTERRUPT
969
970 = 06F1
971 IP = $
972 ;:- ORG 0E6F2H
973 ;:- ORG 066F2H
974 BOOT_STRAP EQU $
975 ;:- JMP BOOT_STRAP_1 ; VECTOR ON TO MOVED BOOT CODE
976
977 CONF_TBL1 ; USE INT 15 H AH= 0C0H
978 06F5 0008       DW      CONF_E-CONF_TBL-2 ; CONFIGURATION TABLE FOR THIS SYSTEM
979 06F7 FC          DB      MODEL_BYTE      ; LENGTH OF FOLLOWING TABLE
980 06F8 01          DB      SUB_MODEL_BYTE   ; SYSTEM MODEL BYTE
981 06F9 00          DB      BIOS_LEVEL      ; SYSTEM SUB MODEL TYPE BYTE
982 06FA 70          DB      01110000B      ; BIOS REVISION LEVEL
983 ; 10000000 = DMA CHANNEL 3 USE BY BIOS
984 ; 01000000 = CASCADDED INTERRUPT LEVEL 2
985 ; 00100000 = REAL TIME CLOCK AVAILABLE
986 06FB 00          DB      0
987 06FC 00          DB      0
988 06FD 00          DB      0
989 06FE 00          DB      0
990 = 06FF
991 CONF_E EQU $
992 ; RESERVED FOR EXPANSION
993
994 ;----- BAUD RATE INITIALIZATION TABLE
995
996 = 06FF
997 IP = $
998 ;:- ORG 0E729H
999 ;:- ORG 00729H
1000 AI DW 1047
1001 DW 768
1002 DW 384
1003 DW 192
1004 DW 96
1005 DW 48
1006 DW 24
1007 DW 12
1008 ; 110 BAUD ; TABLE OF VALUES
1009 ; 150 ; FOR INITIALIZATION
1010 ; 300
1011 ; 600
1012 ; 1200
1013 ; 2400
1014 ; 4800
1015 ; 9600
1016
1017 ;----- RS232
1018
1019 ;:- ORG 0E739H

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```
1009 0739          ORG      00739H
1010 = 0739      EQU      $
1011 0739 E9 0000 E   RS232_10  JMP      $
                                ; VECTOR ON TO MOVED RS232 CODE
1012
1013              ;----- KEYBOARD
1014
1015              ;:-   ORG      0E82EH
1016 082E          ORG      0082EH
1017 = 082E      EQU      $
1018 082E E9 0000 E   KEYBOARD_10 JMP      $
                                ; VECTOR ON TO MOVED KEYBOARD CODE
1019
1020              ;-----
1021              ; KEY IDENTIFICATION SCAN TABLES
1022              ;-----
1023              ;:-   ORG      0E87EH
1024 087E          ORG      0087EH
1025              ;-----
1026              ;----- TABLE OF SHIFT KEYS AND MASK VALUES -----
1027              ;----- KEY TABLE
1027 087E          K6 LABEL  BYTE
1028 087E 52      DB      INS_KEY      ; INSERT KEY
1029 087F 3A 45 46 38 1D DB      CAPS_SHIFT,NUM_KEY, SCROLL_KEY,ALT_KEY,CTL_KEY
1030 0884 2A 36    DB      LEFT_KEY,RIGHT_KEY
1031 = 0008      EQU      $-K6
1032
1033              ;----- MASK TABLE
1034 0886          K7 LABEL  BYTE
1035 0886 80      DB      INS_SHIFT   ; INSERT MODE SHIFT
1036 0887 40 20 10 08 04 DB      CAPS_SHIFT,NUM_SHIFT, SCROLL_SHIFT,ALT_SHIFT,CTL_SHIFT
1037 088C 02 01    DB      LEFT_SHIFT,RIGHT_SHIFT
1038
1039              ;----- TABLES FOR CTRL CASE -----
1040
1041 088E          K8 LABEL  BYTE
1042 088E 1B FF 00 FF FF FF DB      27,-1,00,-1,-1,-1 ; Esc, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5
1043 0894 1E FF FF FF FF 1F DB      30,-1,-1,-1,-1,31 ; 6, 7, 8, 9, 0, -
1044 089A FF 7F 94 11 17 05 DB      -1,127,148,112,23,5 ; =, Backsp, Tab, Q, W, E
1045 08A0 12 14 19 15 09 0F DB      18,20,25,21,09,15 ; R, T, Y, U, I, O
1046 08A6 10 1B 1D 0A FF 01 DB      16,27,29,10,-1,01 ; P, [, ], Enter, Ctrl, A
1047 08AC 13 04 06 07 08 0A DB      19,04,06,07,08,10 ; S, D, F, G, H, J
1048 08B2 0B 0C FF FF FF FF DB      11,12,-1,-1,-1,-1 ; K, L, ;, ', LShift
1049 08B8 1C 1A 18 03 16 02 DB      28,26,24,03,22,02 ; Z, X, C, V, B
1050 08BE 0E 0D FF FF FF FF DB      14,13,-1,-1,-1,-1 ; N, M, ,, /, RShift
1051 08C4 96 FF 20 FF FF DB      150,-1,'',-1 ; *, Alt, Space, CL
1052              ;----- FUNCTIONS -----
1053 08C8 5E 5F 60 61 62 63 DB      94,95,96,97,98,99 ; F1 - F6
1054 08CC 64 65 66 67 FF FF DB      100,101,102,103,-1,-1 ; F7 - F10, NL, SL
1055 08D4 77 80 84 8E 73 8F DB      119,141,132,142,115,143 ; Home, Up, PgUp, -, Left, Pad5
1056 08DA 74 90 75 91 76 92 DB      116,144,117,145,118,146 ; Right, *, End, Down, PgDn, Ins
1057 08E0 93 FF FF FF 89 8A DB      147,-1,-1,-1,137,138 ; Del, SysReq, Undef, WT, F11, F12
1058
1059              ;----- TABLES FOR LOWER CASE -----
1060
1061 08E6          K10 LABEL BYTE
1062 08E6 1B 31 32 33 34 35 DB      27,'12345'
1063 08EC 36 37 38 39 30 2D DB      '67890-'
1064 08F2 3D 08 09 71 77 65 DB      '=,08,09,'qwe'
1065 08F8 72 74 79 75 69 6F DB      'rtyuiop'
1066 08FE 70 5B 5D 0D FF 61 DB      'p[ ]',ODH,-1,'*' ; LETTERS, Return, Ctrl
1067 0904 73 64 66 67 68 6A DB      'sd fghj'
1068 090A 6B 6C 3B 27 60 5F DB      'kl';'-,-1' ; LETTERS, L Shift
1069 0910 5C 7A 7B 63 76 62 DB      '\zxcvb'
1070 0916 6E 6D 2C 2E 2F DB      '\nmn;'-1'
1071 091B FF 2A FF 20 FF DB      '-1,'',-1,'',-1 ; R Shift,*, Alt, Space, CL
1072
1073              ;----- LC TABLE SCAN
1074 0920 3B 3C 3D 3E 3F DB      59,60,61,62,63 ; BASE STATE OF F1 - F10
1075 0925 40 41 42 43 44 DB      64,65,66,67,68 ; NL, SL
1076 092A FF FF
1077
1078              ;----- KEYPAD TABLE
1079 092C          K15 LABEL BYTE
1080 092C 47 48 49 FF 4B FF DB      71,72,73,-1,75,-1 ; BASE STATE OF KEYPAD KEYS
1081 0932 4D FF 4F 50 51 52 DB      77,-1,79,80,81,82
1082 0938 53 DB      83
1083 0939 FF FF 5C 85 86 DB      -1,-1,'^',133,134 ; SysRq, Undef, WT, F11, F12
1084
1085              ;----- KEYBOARD INTERRUPT
1086
1087              ;:-   ORG      0E987H
1088 0987          ORG      00987H
1089 = 0987      EQU      $
1090 0987 E9 0000 E   KB_INT  JMP      $
                                ; VECTOR ON TO MOVED KEYBOARD HANDLER
1091
1092              ;----- TABLES FOR UPPER CASE -----
1093
1094 098A          K11 LABEL BYTE
1095 098A 1B 21 40 23 24 25 DB      27,'0##$%'
1096 0990 5E 26 2A 28 29 5F DB      '^A^*(I'
1097 0996 2B 08 00 51 57 45 DB      '*,,08,00,'QWE'
1098 099C 52 54 59 55 49 4F DB      'RTYUIO'
1099 09A2 50 7B 7D 0D FF 81 DB      'P[ ]',ODH,-1,'*' ; LETTERS, Return, Ctrl
1100 09A8 53 44 46 47 48 4A DB      'SDFGHJ'
1101 09AE 4B 4C 3A 22 7E FF DB      'KL';'-,-1' ; LETTERS, L Shift
1102 09B4 7C 5A 58 43 56 42 DB      '|ZXCVB'
1103 09BA 4E 4D 3C 3E 3F DB      '\NM->'
1104 09BF FF 2A FF 20 FF DB      '-1,'',-1,'',-1 ; R Shift,*, Alt, Space, CL
1105
1106              ;----- UC TABLE SCAN
1107 09C4          K12 LABEL BYTE
1108 09C4 54 55 56 57 58 DB      84,85,86,87,88 ; SHIFTED STATE OF F1 - F10
1109 09C9 59 5A 5B 5C 5D DB      89,90,91,92,93
1110 09CE FF FF
1111
1112              ;----- NUM STATE TABLE
1113 09D0          K14 LABEL BYTE
1114 09D0 37 38 39 2D 34 35 DB      '789-456+1230.' ; NUMLOCK STATE OF KEYPAD KEYS
1115 36 2B 31 32 33 30
1116 2E
1117 09DD FF FF 7C 87 88 DB      -1,-1,'|',135,136 ; SysRq, Undef, WT, F11, F12
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SECTION 5



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1118                                     PAGE
1119                                     ;----- DISKETTE I/O
1120
1121                                     ;1- ORG 0EC59H
1122 0C59 ORG 00C59H
1123 = 0C59 DISKETTE_IO EQU $
1124 0C59 E9 0000 E JMP DISKETTE_IO_1 ; VECTOR ON TO MOVED DISKETTE CODE
1125
1126                                     ;----- DISKETTE INTERRUPT
1127
1128                                     ;1- ORG 0EF57H
1129 0F57 ORG 00F57H
1130 = 0F57 DISK_INT EQU $
1131 0F57 E9 0000 E JMP DISK_INT_1 ; VECTOR ON TO MOVED DISKETTE HANDLER
1132
1133                                     ;----- DISKETTE PARAMETERS
1134
1135                                     ;1- ORG 0EF7H
1136 0FC7 ORG 00FC7H
1137
1138 -----
1139 ; DISK_BASE
1140 ; THIS IS THE SET OF PARAMETERS REQUIRED FOR
1141 ; DISKETTE OPERATION. THEY ARE POINTED AT BY THE
1142 ; DATA VARIABLE @DISK_POINTER. TO MODIFY THE PARAMETERS,
1143 ; BUILD ANOTHER PARAMETER BLOCK AND POINT AT IT
1144 ; -----
1145
1146 0FC7 DISK_BASE LABEL BYTE
1147
1148 0FC7 DF DB 1101111B ; SRT=D, HD UNLOAD=0F - 1ST SPECIFY BYTE
1149 0FC8 02 DB 2 ; HD LOAD=1 MODE=DMA - 2ND SPECIFY BYTE
1150 0FC9 25 DB MOTOR_WAIT ; WAIT TIME AFTER OPERATION TILL MOTOR OFF
1151 0FCA 02 DB 2 ; 512 BYTES/SECTOR
1152 0FCB 0F DB 15 ; EOT (LAST SECTOR ON TRACK)
1153 0FCC 1B DB 01BH ; GAP LENGTH
1154 0FCD FF DB 0FFH ; DTL
1155 0FCE 54 DB 054H ; GAP LENGTH FOR FORMAT
1156 0FCF F6 DB 0F6H ; FILL BYTE FOR FORMAT
1157 0FDD 0F DB 15 ; HEAD SETTLE TIME (MILLISECONDS)
1158 0FD1 08 DB 8 ; MOTOR START TIME (1/8 SECONDS)
1159
1160                                     ;----- PRINTER I/O
1161
1162                                     ;1- ORG 0EFD2H
1163 0FD2 ORG 00FD2H
1164 = 0FD2 PRINTER_IO EQU $
1165 0FD2 E9 0000 E JMP PRINTER_IO_1 ; VECTOR ON TO MOVED PRINTER CODE
1166
1167                                     ;----- FOR POSSIBLE COMPATIBILITY ENTRY POINTS
1168
1169                                     ;1- ORG 0F045H
1170 1045 ORG 01045H
1171 ASSUME CS:CODE,DS:DATA
1172
1173 EXTRN SET_MODE:NEAR
1174 EXTRN SET_CTYPE:NEAR
1175 EXTRN SET_CPOS:NEAR
1176 EXTRN READ_CURSOR:NEAR
1177 EXTRN READ_LPEN:NEAR
1178 EXTRN ACT_DISP_PAGE:NEAR
1179 EXTRN SCROLL_UP:NEAR
1180 EXTRN SCROLL_DOWN:NEAR
1181 EXTRN READ_AC_CURRENT:NEAR
1182 EXTRN WRITE_AC_CURRENT:NEAR
1183 EXTRN WRITE_C_CURRENT:NEAR
1184 EXTRN SET_COLOR:NEAR
1185 EXTRN WRITE_DOT:NEAR
1186 EXTRN READ_DOT:NEAR
1187 EXTRN WRITE_TTY:NEAR
1188 EXTRN VIDEO_STATE:NEAR
1189
1190 1045 0000 E M1 DW OFFSET SET_MODE ; TABLE OF ROUTINES WITHIN VIDEO I/O
1191 1047 0000 E DW OFFSET SET_CTYPE ; EXIT STACK VALUES MAY BE
1192 1049 0000 E DW OFFSET SET_CPOS ; DIFFERENT DEPENDING ON THE
1193 104B 0000 E DW OFFSET READ_CURSOR ; SYSTEM AND MODEL
1194 104D 0000 E DW OFFSET READ_LPEN
1195 104F 0000 E DW OFFSET ACT_DISP_PAGE
1196 1051 0000 E DW OFFSET SCROLL_UP
1197 1053 0000 E DW OFFSET SCROLL_DOWN
1198 1055 0000 E DW OFFSET READ_AC_CURRENT
1199 1057 0000 E DW OFFSET WRITE_AC_CURRENT
1200 1059 0000 E DW OFFSET WRITE_C_CURRENT
1201 105B 0000 E DW OFFSET SET_COLOR
1202 105D 0000 E DW OFFSET WRITE_DOT
1203 105F 0000 E DW OFFSET READ_DOT
1204 1061 0000 E DW OFFSET WRITE_TTY
1205 1063 0000 E DW OFFSET VIDEO_STATE
1206 = 0020 MIL EQU $-M1
1207
1208                                     ;1- ORG 0F065H
1209 1065 ORG 01065H
1210 = 1065 VIDEO_IO EQU $
1211 1065 E9 0000 E JMP VIDEO_IO_1 ; VECTOR ON TO MOVED VIDEO CODE
1212
1213                                     ;----- VIDEO PARAMETERS --- INIT_TABLE
1214
1215                                     ;1- ORG 0F044H
1216 10A4 ORG 010A4H
1217
1218 10A4 VIDEO_PARAMS LABEL BYTE
1219 10A4 38 28 2D 0A 1F 06 DB 38H,28H,2DH,0AH,1FH,6,19H ; SET UP FOR 40X25
1220 19
1221 10AB 1C 02 07 06 07 DB 1CH,2,7,6,7
1222 10B0 00 00 00 00 DB 0,0,0,0
1223 = 0010 M4 EQU $-VIDEO_PARAMS
1224
1225 10B4 71 50 5A 0A 1F 06 DB 71H,50H,5AH,0AH,1FH,6,19H ; SET UP FOR 80X25
1226 19
1227 10BB 1C 02 07 06 07 DB 1CH,2,7,6,7
1228 10C0 00 00 00 00 DB 0,0,0,0
1229
1230 10C4 38 28 2D 0A 7F 06 DB 38H,28H,2DH,0AH,7FH,6,64H ; SET UP FOR GRAPHICS
1231 64

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1232 10CB 70 02 01 06 07 DB 70H,2,1,6,7
1233 10DD 00 00 00 00 DB 0,0,0,0
1234
1235 10D4 61 50 52 0F 19 06 DB 61H,50H,52H,0FH,19H,6,19H ; SET UP FOR 80X25 B&W CARD
1236 19
1237 10DB 19 02 0D 0B 0C DB 19H,2,0DH,0BH,0CH
1238 10E0 00 00 00 00 DB 0,0,0,0
1239
1240 10E4 0800 M5 DW 2048 ; TABLE OF REGEN LENGTHS
1241 10E6 1000 DW 4096 ; 40X25
1242 10E8 4000 DW 16384 ; 80X25
1243 10EA 4000 DW 16384 ; GRAPHICS
1244
1245 ;----- COLUMNS
1246
1247 10EC 28 28 50 50 28 28 M6 DB 40,40,80,80,40,40,80,80
1248 50 50
1249 ;----- C_REG_TAB
1250
1251 10F4 2C 28 2D 29 2A 2E M7 DB 2CH,28H,2DH,29H,2AH,2EH,1EH,29H ; TABLE OF MODE SETS
1252 1E 29
1253 ;----- MEMORY SIZE
1254
1255 ;-- ORG 0F841H
1256 1841 ORG 01841H
1257 = 1841 MEMORY_SIZE_DET EQU $
1258 1841 E9 0000 E JMP MEMORY_SIZE_DET_1 ; VECTOR ON TO MOVED BIOS CODE
1259
1260 ;----- EQUIPMENT DETERMINE
1261
1262 ;-- ORG 0F84DH
1263 184D ORG 0184DH
1264 = 184D EQUIPMENT EQU $
1265 184D E9 0000 E JMP EQUIPMENT_1 ; VECTOR ON TO MOVED BIOS CODE
1266
1267 ;----- CASSETTE (NO BIOS SUPPORT)
1268
1269 ;-- ORG 0F859H
1270 1859 ORG 01859H
1271 = 1859 CASSETTE_IO EQU $
1272 1859 E9 0000 E JMP CASSETTE_IO_1 ; VECTOR ON TO MOVED BIOS CODE
1273
1274 ;-----
1275 ; CHARACTER GENERATOR GRAPHICS FOR 320X200 AND 640X200 GRAPHICS ;
1276
1277 ;-- ORG 0FA6EH
1278 1A6E ORG 01A6EH
1279 1A6E CRT_CHAR_GEN LABEL BYTE
1280 1A6E 00 00 00 00 00 00 DB 000H,000H,000H,000H,000H,000H,000H,000H ; D_00 BLANK
1281 00 00
1282 1A76 7E 81 A5 81 BD 99 DB 07EH,081H,0A5H,081H,0BDH,099H,081H,07EH ; D_01 SMILING FACE
1283 81 7E
1284 1A7E 7E FF DB FF C3 E7 DB 07EH,0FFH,0DBH,0FFH,0C3H,0ETH,0FFH,07EH ; D_02 SMILING FACE N
1285 FF 7E
1286 1A86 6C FE FE FE 7C 38 DB 06CH,0FEH,0FEH,0FEH,0C3H,03CH,01BH,000H,000H ; D_03 HEART
1287 10 00
1288 1A8E 10 38 7C FE 7C 38 DB 010H,038H,07CH,0FEH,07CH,038H,010H,000H ; D_04 DIAMOND
1289 10 00
1290 1A96 38 7C 38 FE FE 7C DB 038H,07CH,038H,0FEH,0FEH,07CH,038H,07CH ; D_05 CLUB
1291 38 7C
1292 1A9E 10 10 38 7C FE 7C DB 010H,010H,038H,07CH,0FEH,07CH,038H,07CH ; D_06 SPADE
1293 38 7C
1294 1AA6 00 18 3C 3C 18 DB 000H,000H,018H,03CH,03CH,01BH,000H,000H ; D_07 BULLET
1295 00 00
1296 1AAE FF FF E7 C3 C3 E7 DB 0FFH,0FFH,0ETH,0C3H,0C3H,0ETH,0FFH,0FFH ; D_08 BULLET NEG
1297 FF FF
1298 1AB6 00 3C 66 42 42 66 DB 000H,03CH,066H,042H,042H,066H,03CH,000H ; D_09 CIRCLE
1299 3C 00
1300 1ABE FF C3 99 BD BD 99 DB 0FFH,0C3H,099H,0BDH,0BDH,099H,0C3H,0FFH ; D_0A CIRCLE NEG
1301 C3 FF
1302 1AC6 0F 0F 0F 7D CC CC DB 00FH,007H,00FH,07DH,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,07BH ; D_0B MALE
1303 CC 78
1304 1ACE 3C 66 66 66 3C 18 DB 03CH,066H,066H,066H,03CH,01BH,07EH,018H ; D_0C FEMALE
1305 7E 18
1306 1AD6 3F 33 3F 30 30 70 DB 03FH,033H,03FH,030H,030H,070H,0F0H,0E0H ; D_0D EIGHTH NOTE
1307 F0 E0
1308 1ADE 7F 63 7F 63 63 67 DB 07FH,063H,07FH,063H,063H,067H,066H,0C0H ; D_0E TWO 1/16 NOTE
1309 E6 C0
1310 1AE6 99 5A 3C E7 E7 3C DB 099H,05AH,03CH,0ETH,0E7H,03CH,05AH,099H ; D_0F SUN
1311 5A 99
1312
1313 1AEE 80 E0 F8 FE F8 E0 DB 080H,0E0H,0F8H,0FEH,0F8H,0E0H,080H,000H ; D_10 R ARROWHEAD
1314 80 00
1315 1AF6 02 0E 3E FE 3E 0E DB 002H,00EH,03EH,0FEH,03EH,00EH,002H,000H ; D_11 L ARROWHEAD
1316 02 00
1317 1AFE 18 3C 7E 18 18 7E DB 018H,03CH,07EH,018H,018H,07EH,03CH,018H ; D_12 ARROW 2 VERT
1318 3C 18
1319 1B06 66 66 66 66 66 00 DB 066H,066H,066H,066H,066H,000H,066H,000H ; D_13 2 EXCLAMATIONS
1320 66 00
1321 1B0E 7F DB DB 7B 1B 1B DB 07FH,0DBH,0DBH,07BH,01BH,01BH,01BH,000H ; D_14 PARAGRAPH
1322 1B 00
1323 1B16 3E 63 68 6C 6C 38 DB 03EH,063H,03BH,06CH,06CH,03BH,0CCH,07BH ; D_15 SECTION
1324 CC 78
1325 1B1E 00 00 00 00 7E 7E DB 000H,000H,000H,000H,07EH,07EH,07EH,000H ; D_16 RECTANGLE
1326 7E 00
1327 1B26 18 3C 7E 18 7E 3C DB 018H,03CH,07EH,018H,07EH,03CH,018H,0FFH ; D_17 ARROW 2 VRT UP
1328 18 FF
1329 1B2E 7E 7E 18 18 18 DB 018H,03CH,07EH,018H,018H,018H,018H,000H ; D_18 ARROW VRT UP
1330 18 00
1331 1B36 18 18 18 18 7E 3C DB 018H,018H,018H,018H,07EH,03CH,018H,000H ; D_19 ARROW VRT DOWN
1332 18 00
1333 1B3E 00 18 0C FE 0C 18 DB 000H,018H,0CCH,0FEH,0CCH,018H,000H,000H ; D_1A ARROW RIGHT
1334 00 00
1335 1B46 00 30 60 FE 60 30 DB 000H,030H,060H,0FEH,060H,060H,000H,000H ; D_1B ARROW LEFT
1336 00 00
1337 1B4E 00 00 C0 C0 C0 FE DB 000H,000H,0C0H,0C0H,0C0H,0FEH,000H,000H ; D_1C NOT INVERTED
1338 00 00
1339 1B56 00 24 66 FF 66 24 DB 000H,024H,066H,0FFH,066H,024H,000H,000H ; D_1D ARROW 2 HORZ
1340 00 00
1341 1B5E 00 18 3C 7E FF FF DB 000H,018H,03CH,07EH,0FFH,03CH,018H,000H ; D_1E ARROWHEAD UP
1342 00 00
1343 1B66 00 FF 7E 3C 18 DB 000H,0FFH,0FFH,07EH,0CCH,018H,000H,000H ; D_1F ARROWHEAD DOWN
1344 00 00
1345

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SECTION 5

1346	1B6E	00	00	00	00	00	00	DB	000H,000H,000H,000H,000H,000H,000H,000H	D_20	SPACE
1347		00	00								
1348	1B76	30	78	78	30	30	00	DB	030H,078H,078H,030H,030H,030H,000H,030H,000H	D_21	EXCLAMATION
1349		30	00								
1350	1B7E	6C	6C	6C	00	00	00	DB	06CH,06CH,06CH,000H,000H,000H,000H,000H	D_22	QUOTATION
1351		00	00								
1352	1B86	6C	6C	FE	6C	FE	6C	DB	06CH,06CH,0FEH,06CH,0FEH,06CH,06CH,000H	D_23	# LB.
1353		6C	00								
1354	1B8E	30	7C	7C	78	0C	F8	DB	030H,07CH,0C0H,078H,06CH,0F8H,030H,030H,000H	D_24	DOLLAR SIGN
1355		30	00								
1356	1B96	00	00	CC	18	30	66	DB	000H,0C6H,0CCH,018H,030H,066H,0C6H,000H	D_25	PERCENT
1357		C6	00								
1358	1B9E	38	6C	38	76	DC	CC	DB	038H,06CH,038H,076H,0DCH,0CCH,076H,000H	D_26	AMPERSAND
1359		76	00								
1360	1BA6	60	00	00	00	00	00	DB	060H,060H,0C0H,000H,000H,000H,000H,000H	D_27	APOSTROPHE
1361		00	00								
1362	1BAE	18	30	60	60	60	30	DB	018H,030H,060H,060H,060H,060H,030H,018H,000H	D_28	L. PARENTHESIS
1363		18	00								
1364	1BB6	60	30	18	18	18	30	DB	060H,030H,018H,018H,018H,030H,060H,000H	D_29	R. PARENTHESIS
1365		60	00								
1366	1BBE	00	66	3C	FF	3C	66	DB	000H,066H,03CH,0FFH,03CH,066H,000H,000H	D_2A	ASTERISK
1367		00	00								
1368	1BC6	00	30	30	FC	30	30	DB	000H,030H,030H,0FCH,030H,030H,000H,000H	D_2B	PLUS
1369		00	00								
1370	1BCE	00	00	00	00	00	30	DB	000H,000H,000H,000H,000H,030H,030H,060H	D_2C	COMMA
1371		30	60								
1372	1BD6	00	00	00	FC	00	00	DB	000H,000H,000H,0FCH,000H,000H,000H,000H	D_2D	DASH
1373		00	00								
1374	1BDE	00	00	00	00	00	30	DB	000H,000H,000H,000H,000H,030H,030H,000H	D_2E	PERIOD
1375		00	00								
1376	1BE6	06	0C	18	30	60	00	DB	006H,00CH,018H,030H,060H,0C0H,030H,000H	D_2F	SLASH
1377		00	00								
1378											
1379	1BEE	7C	C6	CE	DE	F6	E6	DB	07CH,0C6H,0CEH,0DEH,0F6H,0E6H,07CH,000H	D_30	@
1380		7C	00								
1381	1BF6	30	70	30	30	30	30	DB	030H,070H,030H,030H,030H,030H,0FCH,000H	D_31	!
1382		FC	00								
1383	1BF6	78	CC	0C	38	60	CC	DB	078H,0CCH,00CH,038H,060H,0CCH,0FCH,000H	D_32	2
1384		FC	00								
1385	1C06	78	CC	0C	38	0C	CC	DB	078H,0CCH,00CH,038H,00CH,0CCH,078H,000H	D_33	3
1386		78	00								
1387	1C0E	1C	3C	6C	CC	FE	0C	DB	01CH,03CH,06CH,0CCH,0FEH,00CH,01EH,000H	D_34	4
1388		1E	00								
1389	1C16	FC	0C	F8	0C	0C	CC	DB	0FCH,0C0H,0F8H,00CH,00CH,0CCH,078H,000H	D_35	5
1390		78	00								
1391	1C1E	38	60	C0	F8	CC	CC	DB	038H,060H,0C0H,0F8H,0CCH,0CCH,078H,000H	D_36	6
1392		78	00								
1393	1C26	FC	CC	18	30	30	30	DB	0FCH,0CCH,00CH,018H,030H,030H,030H,000H	D_37	7
1394		30	00								
1395	1C2E	78	CC	78	CC	CC	CC	DB	078H,0CCH,0CCH,078H,0CCH,0CCH,078H,000H	D_38	8
1396		78	00								
1397	1C36	78	CC	CC	7C	0C	18	DB	078H,0CCH,0CCH,07CH,00CH,018H,070H,000H	D_39	9
1398		70	00								
1399	1C3E	00	30	30	00	00	30	DB	000H,030H,030H,000H,000H,030H,030H,000H	D_3A	COLON
1400		30	00								
1401	1C46	30	30	30	00	00	30	DB	000H,030H,030H,000H,000H,030H,030H,060H	D_3B	SEMICOLON
1402		30	60								
1403	1C4E	18	30	60	C0	60	30	DB	018H,030H,060H,0C0H,060H,030H,018H,000H	D_3C	< LESS THAN
1404		18	00								
1405	1C56	00	00	FC	00	00	FC	DB	000H,000H,0FCH,000H,000H,0FCH,000H,000H	D_3D	= EQUAL
1406		00	00								
1407	1C5E	60	30	18	0C	18	30	DB	060H,030H,018H,00CH,018H,030H,060H,000H	D_3E	> GREATER THAN
1408		60	00								
1409	1C66	78	CC	0C	18	30	00	DB	078H,0CCH,00CH,018H,030H,000H,030H,000H	D_3F	QUESTION MARK
1410		30	00								
1411											
1412	1C6E	7C	C6	DE	DE	DE	C0	DB	07CH,0C6H,0DEH,0DEH,0DEH,0C0H,078H,000H	D_40	@ AT
1413		78	00								
1414	1C76	30	78	CC	CC	FC	CC	DB	030H,078H,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,0FCH,0CCH,0CCH,000H	D_41	A
1415		CC	00								
1416	1C7E	FC	66	66	7C	66	66	DB	0FCH,066H,066H,07CH,066H,066H,0FCH,000H	D_42	B
1417		FC	00								
1418	1C86	3C	66	C0	C0	C0	66	DB	03CH,066H,0C0H,0C0H,0C0H,066H,03CH,000H	D_43	C
1419		3C	00								
1420	1CB6	F8	6C	66	66	66	6C	DB	0F8H,06CH,066H,066H,066H,06CH,0F8H,000H	D_44	D
1421		F8	00								
1422	1C96	FE	62	68	78	68	62	DB	0FEH,062H,068H,078H,068H,062H,0FEH,000H	D_45	E
1423		FE	00								
1424	1C9E	FE	62	68	78	68	60	DB	0FEH,062H,068H,078H,068H,060H,0F0H,000H	D_46	F
1425		F0	00								
1426	1CA6	3C	66	C0	C0	CE	66	DB	03CH,066H,0C0H,0C0H,0CEH,066H,03CH,000H	D_47	G
1427		3E	00								
1428	1CAE	CC	CC	CC	FC	CC	CC	DB	0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,0FCH,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,000H	D_48	H
1429		CC	00								
1430	1CB6	78	30	30	30	30	30	DB	078H,030H,030H,030H,030H,030H,078H,000H	D_49	I
1431		78	00								
1432	1CBE	1E	0C	0C	0C	CC	CC	DB	01EH,00CH,00CH,00CH,0CCH,0CCH,078H,000H	D_4A	J
1433		78	00								
1434	1CC6	E6	66	6C	78	6C	66	DB	0E6H,066H,06CH,078H,06CH,066H,0E6H,000H	D_4B	K
1435		E6	00								
1436	1CCE	F0	60	60	60	62	66	DB	0F0H,060H,060H,060H,062H,066H,0FEH,000H	D_4C	L
1437		FE	00								
1438	1CDE	6C	66	FE	FE	D6	C6	DB	0C6H,0EEH,0FEH,0FEH,0D6H,0C6H,0C6H,000H	D_4D	M
1439		C6	00								
1440	1CDE	C6	E6	F6	DE	CE	C6	DB	0C6H,0E6H,0F6H,0DEH,0CEH,0C6H,0C6H,000H	D_4E	N
1441		C6	00								
1442	1CE6	38	6C	6C	66	C6	6C	DB	038H,06CH,0C6H,0C6H,0C6H,06CH,038H,000H	D_4F	O
1443		38	00								
1444											
1445	1CEE	FC	66	66	7C	60	60	DB	0FCH,066H,066H,07CH,060H,060H,0F0H,000H	D_50	P
1446		F0	00								
1447	1CF6	78	CC	CC	CC	DC	78	DB	078H,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,0DCH,078H,01CH,000H	D_51	Q
1448		1C	00								
1449	1CFE	FC	66	66	7C	6C	66	DB	0FCH,066H,066H,07CH,06CH,066H,0E6H,000H	D_52	R
1450		E6	00								
1451	1D06	78	CC	E0	70	1C	CC	DB	078H,0CCH,0E0H,070H,01CH,0CCH,078H,000H	D_53	S
1452		78	00								
1453	1D0E	FC	B4	30	30	30	30	DB	0FCH,0B4H,030H,030H,030H,030H,078H,000H	D_54	T
1454		78	00								
1455	1D16	CC	CC	CC	CC	CC	CC	DB	0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,0FCH,000H	D_55	U
1456		FC	00								
1457	1D1E	CC	CC	CC	CC	CC	78	DB	0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,078H,030H,000H	D_56	V
1458		30	00								
1459	1D26	C6	C6	D6	FE	EE		DB	0C6H,0C6H,0C6H,0D6H,0FEH,0EEH,0C6H,000H	D_57	W

```

1460 C6 00
1461 1D2E C6 C6 6C 38 38 6C DB 0C6H,0C6H,06CH,038H,038H,06CH,0C6H,000H ; D_58 X
1462 C6 00
1463 1D36 CC CC CC 78 30 60 DB 0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,078H,030H,030H,078H,000H ; D_59 Y
1464 78 00
1465 1D3E FE C6 8C 18 32 66 DB 0FEH,0C6H,08CH,018H,032H,066H,0FEH,000H ; D_5A Z
1466 FE 00
1467 1D46 78 60 60 60 60 60 DB 078H,060H,060H,060H,060H,060H,078H,000H ; D_5B [ LEFT BRACKET
1468 78 00
1469 1D4E C0 60 30 18 0C 06 DB 0C0H,060H,030H,018H,00CH,006H,002H,000H ; D_5C \ BACKSLASH
1470 02 00
1471 1D56 78 18 18 18 18 18 DB 078H,018H,018H,018H,018H,018H,078H,000H ; D_5D | RIGHT BRACKET
1472 78 00
1473 1D5E 10 38 6C C6 00 00 DB 010H,038H,06CH,0C6H,000H,000H,000H,000H ; D_5E ^ CIRCUMFLEX
1474 00 00
1475 1D66 00 00 00 00 00 00 DB 000H,000H,000H,000H,000H,000H,000H,0FFH ; D_5F _ UNDERSCORE
1476 00 FF
1477
1478 1D6E 30 30 18 00 00 00 DB 030H,030H,018H,000H,000H,000H,000H,000H ; D_60 ' APOSTROPHE REV
1479 00 00
1480 1D76 00 00 78 0C 7C CC DB 000H,000H,078H,00CH,07CH,0CCH,076H,000H ; D_61 a
1481 76 00
1482 1D7E E0 60 7C 66 66 DB 0E0H,060H,060H,07CH,066H,066H,0DCH,000H ; D_62 b
1483 DC 00
1484 1D86 00 00 78 0C CC CC DB 000H,000H,078H,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,078H,000H ; D_63 c
1485 78 00
1486 1D8E 1C 00 0C 7C CC CC DB 01CH,00CH,00CH,07CH,0CCH,0CCH,076H,000H ; D_64 d
1487 76 00
1488 1D96 00 00 78 0C FC 00 DB 000H,000H,078H,0CCH,0FCH,0C0H,078H,000H ; D_65 e
1489 78 00
1490 1D9E 38 6C 60 70 60 60 DB 038H,06CH,060H,0F0H,060H,060H,0F0H,000H ; D_66 f
1491 F0 00
1492 1DA6 00 00 76 CC CC 7C DB 000H,000H,076H,0CCH,0CCH,07CH,00CH,0F8H ; D_67 g
1493 0C 90
1494 1DAE E0 60 6C 76 66 66 DB 0E0H,060H,06CH,076H,066H,066H,0E6H,000H ; D_68 h
1495 E6 00
1496 1DB6 30 00 70 30 30 30 DB 030H,000H,070H,030H,030H,030H,078H,000H ; D_69 i
1497 78 00
1498 1DBE 0C 00 0C 0C 0C CC DB 00CH,000H,00CH,00CH,00CH,0CCH,0CCH,078H,000H ; D_6A j
1499 CC 78
1500 1DC6 E0 60 66 6C 78 6C DB 0E0H,060H,066H,06CH,078H,06CH,0E6H,000H ; D_6B k
1501 E6 00
1502 1DCE 70 30 30 30 30 30 DB 070H,030H,030H,030H,030H,030H,078H,000H ; D_6C l
1503 78 00
1504 1DD6 00 00 CC FE FE D6 DB 000H,000H,0CCH,0FEH,0FEH,0D6H,0C6H,000H ; D_6D m
1505 C6 00
1506 1DE6 00 00 F8 CC CC CC DB 000H,000H,0F8H,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,000H ; D_6E n
1507 CC 00
1508 1DE6 00 00 78 CC CC CC DB 000H,000H,078H,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,078H,000H ; D_6F o
1509 78 00
1510
1511 1DEE 00 00 DC 66 66 7C DB 000H,000H,0DCH,066H,066H,07CH,060H,0F0H ; D_70 p
1512 60 F0
1513 1DF6 00 00 76 CC CC 7C DB 000H,000H,076H,0CCH,0CCH,07CH,00CH,01EH ; D_71 q
1514 0C 1E
1515 1DFE 00 00 DC 76 66 60 DB 000H,000H,0DCH,076H,066H,060H,0F0H,000H ; D_72 r
1516 F0 00
1517 1E06 00 00 7C C0 78 0C DB 000H,000H,07CH,0C0H,078H,00CH,0F8H,000H ; D_73 s
1518 F8 00
1519 1E0E 10 30 7C 30 30 34 DB 010H,030H,07CH,030H,030H,034H,018H,000H ; D_74 t
1520 18 00
1521 1E16 00 00 CC CC CC CC DB 000H,000H,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,076H,000H ; D_75 u
1522 76 00
1523 1E1E 00 00 0C CC CC 78 DB 000H,000H,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,078H,030H,000H ; D_76 v
1524 30 00
1525 1E26 00 00 C6 D6 FE FE DB 000H,000H,0C6H,0D6H,0FEH,0FEH,06CH,000H ; D_77 w
1526 6C 00
1527 1E2E 00 00 C6 C6 38 6C DB 000H,000H,0C6H,06CH,038H,06CH,0C6H,000H ; D_78 x
1528 C6 00
1529 1E36 00 00 CC CC CC 7C DB 000H,000H,0CCH,0CCH,0CCH,07CH,00CH,0F8H ; D_79 y
1530 0C F8
1531 1E3E 00 00 FC 98 30 64 DB 000H,000H,0FCH,098H,030H,064H,0FCH,000H ; D_7A z
1532 FC 00
1533 1E46 1C 30 30 E0 30 30 DB 01CH,030H,030H,0E0H,030H,030H,01CH,000H ; D_7B { LEFT BRACE
1534 1C 00
1535 1E4E 18 18 18 00 18 18 DB 018H,018H,018H,000H,018H,018H,018H,000H ; D_7C | BROKEN STROKE
1536 18 00
1537 1E56 E0 30 1C 30 30 30 DB 0E0H,030H,030H,01CH,030H,030H,0E0H,000H ; D_7D } RIGHT BRACE
1538 E0 00
1539 1E5E 76 DC 00 00 00 00 DB 076H,0DCH,000H,000H,000H,000H,000H,000H ; D_7E ~ TILDE
1540 00 00
1541 1E66 00 10 38 6C C6 C6 DB 000H,010H,038H,06CH,0C6H,0C6H,0FEH,000H ; D_7F DELTA
1542 FE 00
1543
1544
1545
1546
1547 1E6E
1548 = 1E6E
1549 1E6E E9 0000 E
1550
1551
1552
1553
1554 1EA5
1555 = 1EA5
1556 1EA5 E9 0000 E

```

```

;----- TIME OF DAY
;-- ORG OFE6EH
; ORG 01E6EH
TIME_OF_DAY EQU $
; JMP TIME_OF_DAY_1 ; VECTOR ON TO MOVED BIOS CODE

;----- TIMER INTERRUPT
;-- ORG OFEA5H
; ORG 01EA5H
TIMER_INT EQU $
; JMP TIMER_INT_1 ; VECTOR ON TO MOVED BIOS CODE

```

SECTION 5

```

1557 PAGE
1558 |----- VECTOR TABLE
1559
1560 |-- ORG 0FEF3H ; AT LOCATION 0FEF3H
1561 | ORG 01EF3H ; VECTOR TABLE VALUES FOR POST TESTS
1562 VECTOR_TABLE LABEL WORD ;
1563 IEF3 IEA5 R DW OFFSET TIMER_INT ; INT 08H - HARDWARE TIMER 0 IRQ 0
1564 IEF5 09B7 R DW OFFSET KB_INT ; INT 09H - KEYBOARD IRQ 1
1565 IEF7 0000 E DW OFFSET DT1 ; INT 0AH - SLAVE INTERRUPT INPUT
1566 IEF9 0000 E DW OFFSET D11 ; INT 0BH - IRQ 3
1567 IEFB 0000 E DW OFFSET D11 ; INT 0CH - IRQ 4
1568 IEFD 0000 E DW OFFSET D11 ; INT 0DH - IRQ 5
1569 IEFF 0F57 R DW OFFSET DISK_INT ; INT 0EH - DISKETTE IRQ 6
1570 IF01 0000 E DW OFFSET D11 ; INT 0FH - IRQ 7
1571
1572 |----- SOFTWARE INTERRUPTS ( BIOS CALLS AND POINTERS )
1573
1574 IF03 1065 R DW OFFSET VIDEO_IO ; INT 10H -- VIDEO DISPLAY
1575 IF05 184D R DW OFFSET EQUIPMENT ; INT 11H -- GET EQUIPMENT FLAG_WORD
1576 IF07 1841 R DW OFFSET MEMORY_SIZE_DET ; INT 12H -- GET REAL MODE MEMORY SIZE
1577 IF09 0C59 R DW OFFSET DISKETTE_IO ; INT 13H -- DISKETTE
1578 IF0B 0739 R DW OFFSET RS232_IO ; INT 14H -- COMMUNICATION ADAPTER
1579 IF0D 1859 R DW OFFSET CASSETTE_IO ; INT 15H -- EXPANDED BIOS FUNCTION CALL
1580 IF0F 082E R DW OFFSET KEYBOARD_IO ; INT 16H -- KEYBOARD INPUT
1581 IF11 0FD2 R DW OFFSET PRINTER_TO ; INT 17H -- PRINTER OUTPUT
1582 IF13 0000 DW 00000H ; INT 18H -- 0F600H INSERTED FOR BASIC
1583 IF15 06F2 R DW OFFSET BOOT_STRAP ; INT 19H -- BOOT FROM SYSTEM MEDIA
1584 IF17 1E6E R DW OFFSET TIME_OF_DAY ; INT 1AH -- TIME OF DAY
1585 IF19 1F53 R DW OFFSET DUMMY_RETURN ; INT 1BH -- KEYBOARD BREAK ADDRESS
1586 IF1B 1F53 R DW OFFSET DUMMY_RETURN ; INT 1CH -- TIMER BREAK ADDRESS
1587 IF1D 10A4 R DW OFFSET VIDEO_PARAMS ; INT 1DH -- VIDEO PARAMETERS
1588 IF1F 0FCT R DW OFFSET DISK_BASE ; INT 1EH -- DISKETTE PARAMETERS
1589 IF21 0000 DW 00000H ; INT 1FH -- POINTER TO VIDEO EXTENSION
1590
1591 IF23 SLAVE_VECTOR_TABLE LABEL WORD ; ( INTERRUPT 70H THRU 7FH )
1592
1593 IF23 0000 E DW OFFSET RTC_INT ; INT 70H - REAL TIME CLOCK IRQ 8
1594 IF25 0000 E DW OFFSET RE_DIRECT ; INT 71H - REDIRECT TO INT 0AH IRQ 9
1595 IF27 0000 E DW OFFSET DT1 ; INT 72H - IRQ 10
1596 IF29 0000 E DW OFFSET D11 ; INT 73H - IRQ 11
1597 IF2B 0000 E DW OFFSET D11 ; INT 74H - IRQ 12
1598 IF2D 0000 E DW OFFSET INT_287 ; INT 75H - -MATH COPROCESSOR IRQ 13
1599 IF2F 0000 E DW OFFSET D11 ; INT 76H - -FIXED DISK IRQ 14
1600 IF31 0000 E DW OFFSET D11 ; INT 77H - IRQ 15
1601
1602 |----- DUMMY INTERRUPT HANDLER
1603
1604 |-- ORG 0FF53H ; BIOS DUMMY (NULL) INTERRUPT RETURN
1605 | ORG 01F53H
1606
1607 = IF53 DUMMY_RETURN EQU $ ;
1608
1609 IF53 CF IRET ;
1610
1611 |----- PRINT SCREEN
1612
1613 |-- ORG 0FF54H ;
1614 | ORG 01F54H ;
1615 = IF54 PRINT_SCREEN EQU $ ;
1616 IF54 E9 0000 E JMP PRINT_SCREEN_I ; VECTOR ON TO MOVED BIOS CODE
1617 ; TUTOR
1618
1619 |-----
1620 |
1621 | POWER ON RESET VECTOR ;
1622 |-----
1623
1624 |-- ORG 0FFF0H ;
1625 | ORG 01FF0H ;
1626
1627 |----- POWER ON RESET
1628
1629 P_O_R LABEL FAR ; POWER ON RESTART EXECUTION LOCATION
1630
1631 IF0 EA DB 0EAH ; HARD CODE FAR JUMP TO SET
1632 IF1 005B R DW OFFSET RESET ; OFFSET
1633 IF3 F00D DW 0F000H ; SEGMENT
1634
1635 IF5 31 31 2F 31 35 2F DB '11/15/85' ; RELEASE MARKER
1636 38 35
1637
1638
1639
1640
1641
1642 IFFE ORG 01FFEh ; THIS PC'S ID ( MODEL BYTE )
1643 IFFF FC DB MODEL_BYTE ;
1644
1645 IFFF CODE ENDS ; CHECKSUM AT LAST LOCATION
1646 END
  
```

# SECTION 6. INSTRUCTION SET

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**Notes:**

# 80286 Instruction Set

## Data Transfer

### MOV = move

Register to Register/Memory

1000100w	mod reg r/w
----------	-------------

Register/Memory to Register

1000101w	mod reg r/w
----------	-------------

Immediate to Register/Memory

1100011w	mod 000 r/w	data	data if w = 1
----------	-------------	------	---------------

Immediate to Register

1011wreg	data	data if w = 1
----------	------	---------------

Memory to Accumulator

1010000w	addr-low	addr-high
----------	----------	-----------

Accumulator to Memory

1010001w	addr-low	addr-high
----------	----------	-----------

Register/Memory to Segment Register

10001110	mod0reg r/w	reg ≠ 01
----------	-------------	----------

Segment Register to Register/Memory

10001100	mod0reg r/w
----------	-------------

### PUSH = Push

Memory

11111111	mod110 r/w
----------	------------



Register

01010reg

Segment Register

000reg110

Immediate

011010s0

data

data if s = 0

### **PUSHA = Push All**

01100000

### **POP = Pop**

Memory

10001111

mod000 r/m

Register

01011reg

Segment Register

000reg111

reg  $\neq$  01

### **POPA = Pop All**

01100001

### **XCHG = Exchange**

Register/Memory with Register

1000011w

mod reg r/m

Register with Accumulator

10010reg

## IN = Input From

Fixed Port

1110010w	port
----------	------

Variable Port

1110110w
----------

## OUT = Output To

Fixed Port

1110011w	port
----------	------

Variable Port

1110111w
----------

## XLAT = Translate Byte to AL

11010111
----------

## LEA = Load EA to Register

10001101	mod reg r/m
----------	-------------

## LDS = Load Pointer to DS

11000101	mod reg r/m	mod $\neq$ 11
----------	-------------	---------------

## LES = Load Pointer to ES

11000100	mod reg r/m	mod $\neq$ 11
----------	-------------	---------------

## LAHF = Load AH with Flags

10011111
----------

## SAHF = Store AH with Flags

10011110
----------

## **PUSHF = Push Flags**

10011100
----------

## **POPF = Pop Flags**

10011101
----------

## **Arithmetic**

### **ADD = Add**

Register/Memory with Register to Either

0000000w	mod reg r/m
----------	-------------

Immediate to Register Memory

100000sw	mod000 r/m	data	data if sw = 01
----------	------------	------	-----------------

Immediate to Accumulator

0000010w	data	data if w = 1
----------	------	---------------

### **ADC = Add with Carry**

Register/Memory with Register to Either

000100dw	mod reg r/m
----------	-------------

Immediate to Register/Memory

100000sw	mod000 r/m	data	data if sw = 01
----------	------------	------	-----------------

Immediate to Accumulator

0001010w	data	data if w = 1
----------	------	---------------

### **INC = Increment**

Register/Memory

1111111w	mod000 r/m
----------	------------

Register

01000reg
----------

## **SUB = Subtract**

Register/Memory with Register to Either

001010dw	mod reg r/m
----------	-------------

Immediate from Register/Memory

100000sw	mod101 r/m	data	data if sw = 01
----------	------------	------	-----------------

Immediate from Accumulator

0010110w	data	data if w = 1
----------	------	---------------

## **SBB = Subtract with Borrow**

Register/Memory with Register to Either

000110dw	mod reg r/m
----------	-------------

Immediate to Register/Memory

100000sw	mod011 r/m	data	data if sw = 01
----------	------------	------	-----------------

Immediate to Accumulator

0001110w	data	data if w = 1
----------	------	---------------

## **DEC = Decrement**

Register/Memory

1111111w	mod001 r/m
----------	------------

Register

01001reg
----------

## **CMP = Compare**

Register/Memory with Register

0011101w	mod reg r/m
----------	-------------

Register with Register/Memory

0011100w	mod reg r/m
----------	-------------

Immediate with Register/Memory

10000sw	mod111 r/m	data	data if sw = 01
---------	------------	------	-----------------

Immediate with Accumulator

0001110w	data	data if w = 1
----------	------	---------------

**NEG = Change Sign**

1111011w	mod011 r/m
----------	------------

**AAA = ASCII Adjust for Add**

00110111
----------

**DEC = Decimal Adjust for Add**

00100111
----------

**AAS = ASCII Adjust for Subtract**

00111111
----------

**DAS = Decimal Adjust for Subtract**

00110111
----------

**MUL = Multiply (Unsigned)**

1111011w	mod100 r/m
----------	------------

**IMUL = Integer Multiply (Signed)**

1111011w	mod101 r/m
----------	------------

### **IIMUL = Integer Immediate Multiply (Signed)**

011010s1	mod reg r/m	Data	Data if s = 0
----------	-------------	------	---------------

### **DIV = Divide (Unsigned)**

1111011w	mod110 r/m
----------	------------

### **IDIV = Integer Divide (Signed)**

1111011w	mod111 r/m
----------	------------

### **AAM = ASCII Adjust for Multiply**

11010100	00001010
----------	----------

### **AAD = ASCII Adjust for Divide**

11010101	00001010
----------	----------

### **CBW = Convert Byte to Word**

10011000
----------

### **CWD = Convert Word to Double Word**

10011001
----------

## **Logic**

### **Shift/Rotate Instructions**

Register/Memory by 1

1101000w	mod TTT r/m
----------	-------------

Register/Memory by CL

1101001w	mod TTT r/m
----------	-------------

Register/Memory by Count

1100000w	mod TTT r/m	count
----------	-------------	-------

T T T	Instruction
000	ROL
001	ROR
010	RCL
011	RCR
100	SHL/SAL
101	SHR
111	SAR

**AND = And**

Register/Memory and Register to Either

001000dw	mod reg r/m
----------	-------------

Immediate to Register/Memory

1000000w	mod000 r/m	data	data if w = 1
----------	------------	------	---------------

Immediate to Accumulator

0010010w	data	data if w = 1
----------	------	---------------

**TEST = AND Function to Flags; No Result**

Register/Memory and Register

1000010w	mod reg r/m
----------	-------------

Immediate Data and Register/Memory

1111011w	mod000 r/m	data	data if w = 1
----------	------------	------	---------------

Immediate to Accumulator

0000110w	data	data if w = 1
----------	------	---------------

**Or = Or**

Register/Memory and Register to Either

0000 0dw	mod reg r/m
----------	-------------

Immediate to Register/Memory

1000000w	mod001 r/m	data	data if w = 1
----------	------------	------	---------------

Immediate to Accumulator

0000110w	data	data if w = 1
----------	------	---------------

## **XOR = Exclusive OR**

Register/Memory and Register to Either

001100dw	mod reg r/m
----------	-------------

Immediate to Register/Memory

1000000w	mod110 r/m	data	data if w = 1
----------	------------	------	---------------

Immediate to Accumulator

0010010w	data	data if w = 1
----------	------	---------------

## **NOT = Invert Register/Memory**

1111011w	mod010 r/m
----------	------------

## **String Manipulation**

### **MOVS = Move Byte Word**

1010010w
----------

### **CMPS = Compare Byte Word**

1010011w
----------

### **SCAS = Scan Byte Word**

1010111w
----------

### **LODS = Load Byte Word to AL/AX**

1010110w
----------



**STOS = Store Byte Word from AL/AX**

1010101w
----------

**INS = Input Byte from DX Port**

0110110w
----------

**OUTS = Output Byte Word to DX Port**

0110111w
----------

**REP/REPNE, REPZ/REPNZ = Repeat String**

Repeat Move String

11110011	1010010w
----------	----------

Repeat Compare String (z/Not z)

1111001z	1010011w
----------	----------

Repeat Scan String (z/Not z)

1111001z	1010111w
----------	----------

Repeat Load String

11110011	1010110w
----------	----------

Repeat Store String

11110011	1010101w
----------	----------

Repeat Input String

11110011	0110110w
----------	----------

Repeat Output String

11110011	1010011w
----------	----------

# Control Transfer

## CALL = Call

Direct Within Segment

11101000	disp-low	disp-high
----------	----------	-----------

Register/Memory Indirect Within Segment

11111111	mod010 r/m
----------	------------

Direct Intersegment

10011010	Segment Offset	Segment Selector
----------	----------------	------------------

Indirect Intersegment

11111111	mod011 r/m (mod $\neq$ 11)
----------	----------------------------

## JMP = Unconditional Jump

Short/Long

11101011	disp-low
----------	----------

Direct within Segment

11101001	disp-low	disp-high
----------	----------	-----------

Register/Memory Indirect Within Segment

11111111	mod100 r/m
----------	------------

Direct Intersegment

11101010	Segment Offset	Segment Selector
----------	----------------	------------------

Indirect Intersegment

11111111	mod101 r/m (mod $\neq$ 11)
----------	----------------------------

## RET = Return from Call

Within Segment

11000011
----------

Within Segment Adding Immediate to SP

11000010	data-low	data-high
----------	----------	-----------

Intersegment

11001011
----------

Intersegment Adding Immediate to SP

11001010	data-low	data-high
----------	----------	-----------

**JE/JZ = Jump on Equal/Zero**

01110100	disp
----------	------

**JL/JNGE = Jump on Less/Not Greater, or Equal**

01111100	disp
----------	------

**JLE/JNG = Jump on Less, or Equal/Not Greater**

01111110	disp
----------	------

**JB/JNAE = Jump on Below/Not Above, or Equal**

01110010	disp
----------	------

**JBE/JNA = Jump on Below, or Equal/Not Above**

01110110	disp
----------	------

**JP/JPE = Jump on Parity/Parity Even**

01111010	disp
----------	------

**JO = Jump on Overflow**

01110000	disp
----------	------

**JS = Jump on Sign**

01111000	disp
----------	------

**JNE/JNZ = Jump on Not Equal/Not Zero**

01110101	disp
----------	------

**JNL/JGE = Jump on Not Less/Greater, or Equal**

01111101	disp
----------	------

**JNLE/JG = Jump on Not Less, or Equal/Greater**

01111111	disp
----------	------

**JNB/JAE = Jump on Not Below/Above, or Equal**

01110011	disp
----------	------

**JNBE/JA = Jump on Not Below, or Equal/Above**

01110111	disp
----------	------

**JNP/JPO = Jump on Not Parity/Parity Odd**

01111011	disp
----------	------

**JNO = Jump on Not Overflow**

01110001	disp
----------	------

**JNS = Jump on Not Sign**

01111011	disp
----------	------

**LOOP = Loop CX Times**

11100010	disp
----------	------

**LOOPZ/LOOPE = Loop while Zero/Equal**

11100001	disp
----------	------

**LOOPNZ/LOOPNE = Loop while Not Zero/Not Equal**

11100000	disp
----------	------

**JCXZ = Jump on CX Zero**

11100011	disp
----------	------

**ENTER = Enter Procedure**

11001000	data-low	data-high
----------	----------	-----------

**LEAVE = Leave Procedure**

11001001
----------

**INT = Interrupt**

Type Specified

11001101	Type
----------	------

Type 3

11001100
----------

**INTO = Interrupt on Overflow**

11001110
----------

**IRET = Interrupt Return**

11001111
----------

**BOUND = Detect Value Out of Range**

01100010	mod reg r/m
----------	-------------

# Processor Control

**CLC = Clear Carry**

11111000

**CMC = Complement Carry**

11110101

**STC = Set Carry**

11111001

**CLD = Clear Direction**

11111100

**STD = Set Direction**

11111101

**CLI Clear Interrupt**

11111010

**STI = Set Interrupt**

11111011

**HLT = Halt**

11110100

**WAIT = Wait**

10011011

**LOCK = Bus Lock Prefix**

11110000

### **CTS = Clear Task Switched Flag**

00001111	00000110
----------	----------

### **ESC = Processor Extension Escape**

11011TTT	modLLL r/m
----------	------------

## **Protection Control**

### **LGDT = Load Global Descriptor Table Register**

00001111	00000001	mod010 r/m
----------	----------	------------

### **SGDT = Store Global Descriptor Table Register**

00001111	00000001	mod000 r/m
----------	----------	------------

### **LIDT = Load Interrupt Descriptor Table Register**

00001111	00000001	mod011 r/m
----------	----------	------------

### **SIDT = Store Interrupt Descriptor Table Register**

00001111	00000001	mod001 r/m
----------	----------	------------

### **LLDT = Load Local Descriptor Table Register from Register/Memory**

00001111	00000000	mod010 r/m
----------	----------	------------

### **SLDT = Store Local Descriptor Table Register from Register/Memory**

00001111	00000000	mod000 r/m
----------	----------	------------

### **LTR = Load Task Register from Register/Memory**

00001111	00000000	mod011 r/m
----------	----------	------------

**STR = Store Task Register to Register/Memory**

00001111	00000000	mod001 r/m
----------	----------	------------

**LMSW = Load Machine Status Word from Register/Memory**

00001111	00000001	mod110 r/m
----------	----------	------------

**SMSW = Store Machine Status Word**

00001111	00000001	mod100 r/m
----------	----------	------------

**LAR = Load Access Rights from Register/Memory**

00001111	00000010	mod reg r/m
----------	----------	-------------

**LSL = Load Segment Limit from Register/Memory**

00001111	00000011	mod reg r/m
----------	----------	-------------

**ARPL = Adjust Requested Privilege Level from Register/Memory**

	01100011	mod reg r/m
--	----------	-------------

**VERR = Verify Read Access; Register/Memory**

00001111	00000000	mod100 r/m
----------	----------	------------

**VERR = Verify Write Access**

00001111	00000000	mod101 r/m
----------	----------	------------



The effective address (EA) of the memory operand is computed according to the mod and r/m fields:

If mod = 11, then r/m is treated as a reg field.

If mod = 00, then disp = 0, disp-low and disp-high are absent.

If mod = 01, then disp = disp-low sign-extended to 16 bits, disp-high is absent.

If mod = 10, then disp = disp-high:disp-low.

If r/m = 000, then EA = (BX) + (SI) + DISP

If r/m = 001, then EA = (BX) + (SI) + DISP

If r/m = 010, then EA = (BP) + (SI) + DISP

If r/m = 011, then EA = (BP) + (DI) + DISP

If r/m = 100, then EA = (SI) + DISP

If r/m = 101, then EA = (DI) + DISP

If r/m = 110, then EA = (BP) + DISP

If r/m = 111, then EA = (BX) + DISP

DISP follows the second byte of the instruction (before data if required).

**Note:** An exception to the above statements occurs when mod=00 and r/m=110, in which case EA = disp-high; disp-low.

### Segment Override Prefix

001reg001
-----------

The 2-bit and 3-bit reg fields are defined as follows:

2-Bit reg Field

reg	Segment Register	reg	Segment Register
00	ES	10	SS
01	CS	11	DS

3-Bit reg Field

16-bit (w = 1)	8-bit (w = 0)
000 AX	000 AL
001 CX	001 CL
010 DX	010 DL
011 BX	011 BL
100 SP	100 AH
101 BP	101 CH
110 SI	110 DH
111 DI	111 BH

The physical addresses of all operands addressed by the BP register are computed using the SS segment register. The physical addresses of the destination operands of the string primitive operations (those addressed by the DI register) are computed using the ES segment, which may not be overridden.

# 80287 Coprocessor Instruction Set

The following is an instruction set summary for the 80287 coprocessor. In the following, the bit pattern for escape is 11011.

## Data Transfer

### FLD = Load

Integer/Real Memory to ST(0)

escape MF 1	mod 000 r/m
-------------	-------------

Long Integer Memory to ST(0)

escape 111	mod 101 r/m
------------	-------------

Temporary Real Memory to ST(0)

escape 011	mod 101 r/m
------------	-------------

BCD Memory to ST(0)

escape 111	mod 100 r/m
------------	-------------

ST(i) to ST(0)

escape 001	11000ST(i)
------------	------------

### FST = Store

ST(0) to Integer/Real Memory

escape MF 1	mod 010 r/m
-------------	-------------

ST(0) to ST(i)

escape 101	11010 ST(i)
------------	-------------

### FSTP = Store and Pop

ST(0) to Integer/Real Memory

escape MF 1	mod 011 r/m
-------------	-------------

ST(0) to Long Integer Memory

escape 111	mod 111 r/m
------------	-------------

ST(0) to Temporary Real Memory

escape 011	mod 111 r/m
------------	-------------

ST(0) to BCD Memory

escape 111	mod 110 r/m
------------	-------------

ST(0) to ST(i)

escape 101	11011 ST(i)
------------	-------------

### **FXCH = Exchange ST(i) and ST(0)**

escape 001	11001 ST(i)
------------	-------------

## **Comparison**

### **FCOM = Compare**

Integer/Real Memory to ST(0)

escape MF 0	mod 010 r/m
-------------	-------------

ST(i) to ST(0)

escape 000	11010 ST(i)
------------	-------------

### **FCOMP = Compare and Pop**

Integer/Real Memory to ST(0)

escape MF 0	mod 011 r/m
-------------	-------------

ST(i) to ST(0)

escape 000	11010 ST(i)
------------	-------------

**FCOMPP = Compare ST(i) to ST(0) and Pop Twice**

escape 110	11011001
------------	----------

**FTST = Test ST(0)**

escape 001	11100100
------------	----------

**FXAM = Examine ST(0)**

escape 001	11100101
------------	----------

## Constants

**FLDZ = Load + 0.0 into ST(0)**

escape 000	11101110
------------	----------

**FLD1 = Load + 1.0 into ST(0)**

escape 001	11101000
------------	----------

**FLDP1 = Load  $\pi$  into ST(0)**

escape 001	11101011
------------	----------

**FLDL2T = Load  $\log_2 10$  into ST(0)**

escape 001	11101001
------------	----------

**FLDLG2 = Load  $\log_{10} 2$  into ST(0)**

escape 001	11101100
------------	----------

**FLDLN2 = Load  $\log_e 2$  into ST(0)**

escape 001	11101101
------------	----------

# Arithmetic

## FADD = Addition

Integer/Real Memory with ST(0)

escape MF 0	mod 000 r/m
-------------	-------------

ST(i) and ST(0)

escape dP0	11000 ST(i)
------------	-------------

## FSUB = Subtraction

Integer/Real Memory with ST(0)

escape MF 0	mod 10R r/m
-------------	-------------

ST(i) and ST(0)

escape dP0	1110R r/m
------------	-----------

## FMUL = Multiplication

Integer/Real Memory with ST(0)

escape MF 0	mod 001 r/m
-------------	-------------

ST(i) and ST(0)

escape dP0	11001 r/m
------------	-----------

## FDIV = Division

Integer/Real Memory with ST(0)

escape MF 0	mod 11R r/m
-------------	-------------

ST(i) and ST(0)

escape dP0	1111R r/m
------------	-----------

## FSQRT = Square Root of ST(0)

escape 001	11111010
------------	----------

**FSCALE = Scale ST(0) by ST(1)**

escape 001	11111101
------------	----------

**FPREM = Partial Remainder of ST(0) + ST(1)**

escape 001	11111000
------------	----------

**FRNDINT = Round ST(0) to Integer**

escape 001	11111100
------------	----------

**FEXTRACT = Extract Components of ST(0)**

escape 001	11110100
------------	----------

**FABS = Absolute Value of ST(0)**

escape 001	11100001
------------	----------

**FCHS = Change Sign of ST(0)**

escape 001	11100000
------------	----------

## Transcendental

**FPTAN = Partial Tangent of ST(0)**

escape 001	11110010
------------	----------

**FPATAN = Partial Arctangent of ST(0) ÷ ST(1)**

escape 001	11110011
------------	----------

**F2XM1 =  $2^{ST(0)} - 1$**

escape 001	11110000
------------	----------

**FYL2X = ST(1) x Log<sub>2</sub> [ST(0)]**

escape 001	11110001
------------	----------

**FYL2XP1 = ST(1) x Log<sub>2</sub> [ST(0) + 1]**

escape 001	11111001
------------	----------

**FINIT = Initialize NPX**

escape 011	11100011
------------	----------

**FSETPM = Enter Protected Mode**

escape 011	11100100
------------	----------

**FSTSWAX = Store Control Word**

escape 111	11100000
------------	----------

**FLDCW = Load Control Word**

escape 001	mod 101 r/m
------------	-------------

**FSTCW = Store Control Word**

escape 001	mod 111 r/m
------------	-------------

**FSTSW = Store Status Word**

escape 101	mod 101 r/m
------------	-------------

**FCLEX = Clear Exceptions**

escape 011	11100010
------------	----------

**FSTENV = Store Environment**

escape 001	mod 110 r/m
------------	-------------

**FLDENV = Load Environment**

escape 001	mod 100 r/m
------------	-------------



**FSAVE = Save State**

escape 101	mod 110 r/m
------------	-------------

**FRSTOR = Restore State**

escape 101	mod 100 r/m
------------	-------------

**FINCSTP = Increment Stack Pointer**

escape 001	11110111
------------	----------

**FDECSTP = Decrement Stack Pointer**

escape 001	111100110
------------	-----------

**FFREE = Free ST(i)**

escape 101	11000ST(i)
------------	------------

**FNOP = No Operation**

escape 101	11010000
------------	----------

MF is assigned as follows:

**MF            Memory Format**

- 00            32-bit Real
- 01            32-bit Integer
- 10            64-bit Real
- 11            16-bit Integer

The other abbreviations are as follows:

Term	Definition	Bit = 0	Bit ≠ 0
ST	Stack top	Stack top	(i)= ith register from the top
d	Destination	Dest. is ST(0)	Dest. is ST(i)
P	Pop	No pop	Pop
R	Reverse*	Dest. (op) source	Source (op) dest.

\* When d=1, reverse the sense of R.

# Notes:

# SECTION 7. CHARACTERS, KEYSTROKES, AND COLORS

## Contents

<b>Character Codes</b> .....	<b>7-3</b>
<b>Quick Reference</b> .....	<b>7-14</b>

# Notes:

# Character Codes

Value		As Characters			As Text Attributes		
					Color/Graphics Monitor Adapter		IBM Monochrome Display Adapter
Hex	Dec	Symbol	Keystrokes	Modes	Background	Foreground	
00	0	Blank (Null)	Ctrl 2		Black	Black	Non-Display
01	1	☺	Ctrl A		Black	Blue	Underline
02	2	☹	Ctrl B		Black	Green	Normal
03	3	♥	Ctrl C		Black	Cyan	Normal
04	4	♦	Ctrl D		Black	Red	Normal
05	5	♣	Ctrl E		Black	Magenta	Normal
06	6	♠	Ctrl F		Black	Brown	Normal
07	7	●	Ctrl G		Black	Light Grey	Normal
08	8	•	Ctrl H, Backspace, Shift Backspace		Black	Dark Grey	Non-Display
09	9	○	Ctrl I		Black	Light Blue	High Intensity Underline
0A	10	◐	Ctrl J, Ctrl ←		Black	Light Green	High Intensity
0B	11	♂	Ctrl K		Black	Light Cyan	High Intensity
0C	12	♀	Ctrl L		Black	Light Red	High Intensity
0D	13	♪	Ctrl M, ←, ↓, Shift ←		Black	Light Magenta	High Intensity
0E	14	♫	Ctrl N		Black	Yellow	High Intensity
0F	15	⚙	Ctrl O		Black	White	High Intensity
10	16	▶	Ctrl P		Blue	Black	Normal
11	17	◀	Ctrl Q		Blue	Blue	Underline
12	18	↕	Ctrl R		Blue	Green	Normal
13	19	!!	Ctrl S		Blue	Cyan	Normal
14	20	¶	Ctrl T		Blue	Red	Normal
15	21	§	Ctrl U		Blue	Magenta	Normal
16	22	■	Ctrl V		Blue	Brown	Normal
17	23	↕	Ctrl W		Blue	Light Grey	Normal

Value		As Characters			As Text Attributes		
					Color/Graphics Monitor Adapter		IBM Monochrome Display Adapter
Hex	Dec	Symbol	Keystrokes	Modes	Background	Foreground	
18	24	↑	Ctrl X		Blue	Dark Grey	High Intensity
19	25	↓	Ctrl Y		Blue	Light Blue	High Intensity Underline
1A	26	→	Ctrl Z		Blue	Light Green	High Intensity
1B	27	←	Ctrl [, Esc, Shift Esc, Ctrl Esc		Blue	Light Cyan	High Intensity
1C	28	└─┘	Ctrl \		Blue	Light Red	High Intensity
1D	29	↔	Ctrl ]		Blue	Light Magenta	High Intensity
1E	30	▲	Ctrl 6		Blue	Yellow	High Intensity
1F	31	▼	Ctrl —		Blue	White	High Intensity
20	32	Blank Space	Space Bar, Shift, Space, Ctrl Space, Alt Space		Green	Black	Normal
21	33	!	!	Shift	Green	Blue	Underline
22	34	”	”	Shift	Green	Green	Normal
23	35	#	#	Shift	Green	Cyan	Normal
24	36	\$	\$	Shift	Green	Red	Normal
25	37	%	%	Shift	Green	Magenta	Normal
26	38	&	&	Shift	Green	Brown	Normal
27	39	'	'		Green	Light Grey	Normal
28	40	(	(	Shift	Green	Dark Grey	High Intensity
29	41	)	)	Shift	Green	Light Blue	High Intensity Underline
2A	42	*	*	Note 1	Green	Light Green	High Intensity
2B	43	+	+	Shift	Green	Light Cyan	High Intensity
2C	44	,	,		Green	Light Red	High Intensity
2D	45	-	-		Green	Light Magenta	High Intensity
2E	46	.	.	Note 2	Green	Yellow	High Intensity

Value		As Characters			As Text Attributes		
					Color/Graphics Monitor Adapter		IBM Monochrome Display Adapter
Hex	Dec	Symbol	Keystrokes	Modes	Background	Foreground	
2F	47	/	/		Green	White	High Intensity
30	48	0	0	Note 3	Cyan	Black	Normal
31	49	1	1	Note 3	Cyan	Blue	Underline
32	50	2	2	Note 3	Cyan	Green	Normal
33	51	3	3	Note 3	Cyan	Cyan	Normal
34	52	4	4	Note 3	Cyan	Red	Normal
35	53	5	5	Note 3	Cyan	Magenta	Normal
36	54	6	6	Note 3	Cyan	Brown	Normal
37	55	7	7	Note 3	Cyan	Light Grey	Normal
38	56	8	8	Note 3	Cyan	Dark Grey	High Intensity
39	57	9	9	Note 3	Cyan	Light Blue	High Intensity Underline
3A	58	:	:	Shift	Cyan	Light Green	High Intensity
3B	59	;	;		Cyan	Light Cyan	High Intensity
3C	60	<	<	Shift	Cyan	Light Red	High Intensity
3D	61	=	=		Cyan	Light Magenta	High Intensity
3E	62	>	>	Shift	Cyan	Yellow	High Intensity
3F	63	?	?	Shift	Cyan	White	High Intensity
40	64	@	@	Shift	Red	Black	Normal
41	65	A	A	Note 4	Red	Blue	Underline
42	66	B	B	Note 4	Red	Green	Normal
43	67	C	C	Note 4	Red	Cyan	Normal
44	68	D	D	Note 4	Red	Red	Normal
45	69	E	E	Note 4	Red	Magenta	Normal
46	70	F	F	Note 4	Red	Brown	Normal
47	71	G	G	Note 4	Red	Light Grey	Normal
48	72	H	H	Note 4	Red	Dark Grey	High Intensity
49	73	I	I	Note 4	Red	Light Blue	High Intensity Underline
4A	74	J	J	Note 4	Red	Light Green	High Intensity



Value		As Characters			As Text Attributes		
					Color/Graphics Monitor Adapter		IBM Monochrome Display Adapter
Hex	Dec	Symbol	Keystrokes	Modes	Background	Foreground	
4B	75	K	K	Note 4	Red	Light Cyan	High Intensity
4C	76	L	L	Note 4	Red	Light Red	High Intensity
4D	77	M	M	Note 4	Red	Light Magenta	High Intensity
4E	78	N	N	Note 4	Red	Yellow	High Intensity
4F	79	O	O	Note 4	Red	White	High Intensity
50	80	P	P	Note 4	Magenta	Black	Normal
51	81	Q	Q	Note 4	Magenta	Blue	Underline
52	82	R	R	Note 4	Magenta	Green	Normal
53	83	S	S	Note 4	Magenta	Cyan	Normal
54	84	T	T	Note 4	Magenta	Red	Normal
55	85	U	U	Note 4	Magenta	Magenta	Normal
56	86	V	V	Note 4	Magenta	Brown	Normal
57	87	W	W	Note 4	Magenta	Light Grey	Normal
58	88	X	X	Note 4	Magenta	Dark Grey	High Intensity
59	89	Y	Y	Note 4	Magenta	Light Blue	High Intensity Underline
5A	90	Z	Z	Note 4	Magenta	Light Green	High Intensity
5B	91	[	[		Magenta	Light Cyan	High Intensity
5C	92	\	\		Magenta	Light Red	High Intensity
5D	93	]	]		Magenta	Light Magenta	High Intensity
5E	94	^	^	Shift	Magenta	Yellow	High Intensity
5F	95	_	_	Shift	Magenta	White	High Intensity
60	96	`	`		Brown	Black	Normal
61	97	a	a	Note 5	Brown	Blue	Underline
62	98	b	b	Note 5	Brown	Green	Normal
63	99	c	c	Note 5	Brown	Cyan	Normal
64	100	d	d	Note 5	Brown	Red	Normal
65	101	e	e	Note 5	Brown	Magenta	Normal
66	102	f	f	Note 5	Brown	Brown	Normal

## 7-6 Characters, Keystrokes, and Colors

Value		As Characters			As Text Attributes		
					Color/Graphics Monitor Adapter		IBM Monochrome Display Adapter
Hex	Dec	Symbol	Keystrokes	Modes	Background	Foreground	
67	103	g	g	Note 5	Brown	Light Grey	Normal
68	104	h	h	Note 5	Brown	Dark Grey	High Intensity
69	105	i	i	Note 5	Brown	Light Blue	High Intensity Underline
6A	106	j	j	Note 5	Brown	Light Green	High Intensity
6B	107	k	k	Note 5	Brown	Light Cyan	High Intensity
6C	108	l	l	Note 5	Brown	Light Red	High Intensity
6D	109	m	m	Note 5	Brown	Light Magenta	High Intensity
6E	110	n	n	Note 5	Brown	Yellow	High Intensity
6F	111	o	o	Note 5	Brown	White	High Intensity
70	112	p	p	Note 5	Light Grey	Black	Reverse Video
71	113	q	q	Note 5	Light Grey	Blue	Underline
72	114	r	r	Note 5	Light Grey	Green	Normal
73	115	s	s	Note 5	Light Grey	Cyan	Normal
74	116	t	t	Note 5	Light Grey	Red	Normal
75	117	u	u	Note 5	Light Grey	Magenta	Normal
76	118	v	v	Note 5	Light Grey	Brown	Normal
77	119	w	w	Note 5	Light Grey	Light Grey	Normal
78	120	x	x	Note 5	Light Grey	Dark Grey	Reverse Video
79	121	y	y	Note 5	Light Grey	Light Blue	High Intensity Underline
7A	122	z	z	Note 5	Light Grey	Light Green	High Intensity
7B	123	{	{	Shift	Light Grey	Light Cyan	High Intensity
7C	124			Shift	Light Grey	Light Red	High Intensity
7D	125	}	}	Shift	Light Grey	Light Magenta	High Intensity
7E	126	~	~	Shift	Light Grey	Yellow	High Intensity
7F	127	△	Ctrl ←		Light Grey	White	High Intensity

Value		As Characters			As Text Attributes		
					Color/Graphics Monitor Adapter		IBM Monochrome Display Adapter
Hex	Dec	Symbol	Keystrokes	Modes	Background	Foreground	
<b>**** 80 to FF Hex are Flashing in both Color &amp; IBM Monochrome ****</b>							
80	128	Ç	Alt 128	Note 6	Black	Black	Non-Display
81	129	ü	Alt 129	Note 6	Black	Blue	Underline
82	130	é	Alt 130	Note 6	Black	Green	Normal
83	131	â	Alt 131	Note 6	Black	Cyan	Normal
84	132	ä	Alt 132	Note 6	Black	Red	Normal
85	133	à	Alt 133	Note 6	Black	Magenta	Normal
86	134	å	Alt 134	Note 6	Black	Brown	Normal
87	135	ç	Alt 135	Note 6	Black	Light Grey	Normal
88	136	ê	Alt 136	Note 6	Black	Dark Grey	Non-Display
89	137	ë	Alt 137	Note 6	Black	Light Blue	High Intensity Underline
8A	138	è	Alt 138	Note 6	Black	Light Green	High Intensity
8B	139	ï	Alt 139	Note 6	Black	Light Cyan	High Intensity
8C	140	î	Alt 140	Note 6	Black	Light Red	High Intensity
8D	141	ì	Alt 141	Note 6	Black	Light Magenta	High Intensity
8E	142	Ä	Alt 142	Note 6	Black	Yellow	High Intensity
8F	143	Å	Alt 143	Note 6	Black	White	High Intensity
90	144	É	Alt 144	Note 6	Blue	Black	Normal
91	145	æ	Alt 145	Note 6	Blue	Blue	Underline
92	146	Æ	Alt 146	Note 6	Blue	Green	Normal
93	147	ô	Alt 147	Note 6	Blue	Cyan	Normal
94	148	ö	Alt 148	Note 6	Blue	Red	Normal
95	149	ò	Alt 149	Note 6	Blue	Magenta	Normal
96	150	û	Alt 150	Note 6	Blue	Brown	Normal
97	151	ù	Alt 151	Note 6	Blue	Light Grey	Normal
98	152	ÿ	Alt 152	Note 6	Blue	Dark Grey	High Intensity
99	153	Ö	Alt 153	Note 6	Blue	Light Blue	High Intensity Underline
9A	154	Ü	Alt 154	Note 6	Blue	Light Green	High Intensity

Value		As Characters			As Text Attributes		
					Color/Graphics Monitor Adapter		IBM Monochrome Display Adapter
Hex	Dec	Symbol	Keystrokes	Modes	Background	Foreground	
9B	155	¢	Alt 155	Note 6	Blue	Light Cyan	High Intensity
9C	156	£	Alt 156	Note 6	Blue	Light Red	High Intensity
9D	157	¥	Alt 157	Note 6	Blue	Light Magenta	High Intensity
9E	158	Pt	Alt 158	Note 6	Blue	Yellow	High Intensity
9F	159	<i>f</i>	Alt 159	Note 6	Blue	White	High Intensity
A0	160	á	Alt 160	Note 6	Green	Black	Normal
A1	161	í	Alt 161	Note 6	Green	Blue	Underline
A2	162	ó	Alt 162	Note 6	Green	Green	Normal
A3	163	ú	Alt 163	Note 6	Green	Cyan	Normal
A4	164	ñ	Alt 164	Note 6	Green	Red	Normal
A5	165	Ñ	Alt 165	Note 6	Green	Magenta	Normal
A6	166	<u>a</u>	Alt 166	Note 6	Green	Brown	Normal
A7	167	<u>o</u>	Alt 167	Note 6	Green	Light Grey	Normal
A8	168	¿	Alt 168	Note 6	Green	Dark Grey	High Intensity
A9	169	┌	Alt 169	Note 6	Green	Light Blue	High Intensity Underline
AA	170	└	Alt 170	Note 6	Green	Light Green	High Intensity
AB	171	½	Alt 171	Note 6	Green	Light Cyan	High Intensity
AC	172	¼	Alt 172	Note 6	Green	Light Red	High Intensity
AD	173	i	Alt 173	Note 6	Green	Light Magenta	High Intensity
AE	174	<<	Alt 174	Note 6	Green	Yellow	High Intensity
AF	175	>>	Alt 175	Note 6	Green	White	High Intensity
B0	176	⋮	Alt 176	Note 6	Cyan	Black	Normal
B1	177	⋮	Alt 177	Note 6	Cyan	Blue	Underline
B2	178	⋮	Alt 178	Note 6	Cyan	Green	Normal
B3	179	▬	Alt 179	Note 6	Cyan	Cyan	Normal
B4	180	▬	Alt 180	Note 6	Cyan	Red	Normal
B5	181	▬	Alt 181	Note 6	Cyan	Magenta	Normal
B6	182	▬	Alt 182	Note 6	Cyan	Brown	Normal



Value		As Characters			As Text Attributes		
					Color/Graphics Monitor Adapter		IBM Monochrome Display Adapter
Hex	Dec	Symbol	Keystrokes	Modes	Background	Foreground	
D1	209		Alt 209	Note 6	Magenta	Blue	Underline
D2	210		Alt 210	Note 6	Magenta	Green	Normal
D3	211		Alt 211	Note 6	Magenta	Cyan	Normal
D4	212		Alt 212	Note 6	Magenta	Red	Normal
D5	213		Alt 213	Note 6	Magenta	Magenta	Normal
D6	214		Alt 214	Note 6	Magenta	Brown	Normal
D7	215		Alt 215	Note 6	Magenta	Light Grey	Normal
D8	216		Alt 216	Note 6	Magenta	Dark Grey	High Intensity
D9	217		Alt 217	Note 6	Magenta	Light Blue	High Intensity Underline
DA	218		Alt 218	Note 6	Magenta	Light Green	High Intensity
DB	219		Alt 219	Note 6	Magenta	Light Cyan	High Intensity
DC	220		Alt 220	Note 6	Magenta	Light Red	High Intensity
DD	221		Alt 221	Note 6	Magenta	Light Magenta	High Intensity
DE	222		Alt 222	Note 6	Magenta	Yellow	High Intensity
DF	223		Alt 223	Note 6	Magenta	White	High Intensity
E0	224	$\alpha$	Alt 224	Note 6	Brown	Black	Normal
E1	225	$\beta$	Alt 225	Note 6	Brown	Blue	Underline
E2	226	$\Gamma$	Alt 226	Note 6	Brown	Green	Normal
E3	227	$\pi$	Alt 227	Note 6	Brown	Cyan	Normal
E4	228	$\Sigma$	Alt 228	Note 6	Brown	Red	Normal
E5	229	$\sigma$	Alt 229	Note 6	Brown	Magenta	Normal
E6	230	$\mu$	Alt 230	Note 6	Brown	Brown	Normal
E7	231	$\tau$	Alt 231	Note 6	Brown	Light Grey	Normal
E8	232	$\Phi$	Alt 232	Note 6	Brown	Dark Grey	High Intensity
E9	233	$\theta$	Alt 233	Note 6	Brown	Light Blue	High Intensity Underline
EA	234	$\Omega$	Alt 234	Note 6	Brown	Light Green	High Intensity
EB	235	$\delta$	Alt 235	Note 6	Brown	Light Cyan	High Intensity

Value		As Characters			As Text Attributes		
					Color/Graphics Monitor Adapter		IBM Monochrome Display Adapter
Hex	Dec	Symbol	Keystrokes	Modes	Background	Foreground	
EC	236	∞	Alt 236	Note 6	Brown	Light Red	High Intensity
ED	237	ϕ	Alt 237	Note 6	Brown	Light Magenta	High Intensity
EE	238	€	Alt 238	Note 6	Brown	Yellow	High Intensity
EF	239	∩	Alt 239	Note 6	Brown	White	High Intensity
F0	240	≡	Alt 240	Note 6	Light Grey	Black	Reverse Video
F1	241	±	Alt 241	Note 6	Light Grey	Blue	Underline
F2	242	≥	Alt 242	Note 6	Light Grey	Green	Normal
F3	243	≤	Alt 243	Note 6	Light Grey	Cyan	Normal
F4	244	∫	Alt 244	Note 6	Light Grey	Red	Normal
F5	245	∫	Alt 245	Note 6	Light Grey	Magenta	Normal
F6	246	+	Alt 246	Note 6	Light Grey	Brown	Normal
F7	247	≈	Alt 247	Note 6	Light Grey	Light Grey	Normal
F8	248	○	Alt 248	Note 6	Light Grey	Dark Grey	Reverse Video
F9	249	●	Alt 249	Note 6	Light Grey	Light Blue	High Intensity Underline
FA	250	●	Alt 250	Note 6	Light Grey	Light Green	High Intensity
FB	251	√	Alt 251	Note 6	Light Grey	Light Cyan	High Intensity
FC	252	<sup>n</sup>	Alt 252	Note 6	Light Grey	Light Red	High Intensity
FD	253	<sup>2</sup>	Alt 253	Note 6	Light Grey	Light Magenta	High Intensity
FE	254	■	Alt 254	Note 6	Light Grey	Yellow	High Intensity
FF	255	<b>BLANK</b>	Alt 255	Note 6	Light Grey	White	High Intensity

## Notes

1. Asterisk (\*) can be typed using two methods: press the (\*) key or, in the shift mode, press the 8 key.
2. Period (.) can be typed using two methods: press the . key or, in the shift or Num Lock mode, press the Del key.
3. Numeric characters 0-9 can be typed using two methods: press the numeric keys on the top row of the keyboard or, in the shift or Num Lock mode, press the numeric keys in the keypad portion of the keyboard.
4. Uppercase alphabetic characters (A-Z) can be typed in two modes: the shift mode or the Caps Lock mode.
5. Lowercase alphabetic characters (a-z) can be typed in two modes: in the normal mode or in Caps Lock and shift mode combined.
6. The three digits after the Alt key must be typed from the numeric keypad. Character codes 1-255 may be entered in this fashion (with Caps Lock activated, character codes 97-122 will display uppercase).



# Quick Reference

DECIMAL VALUE	➡	0	16	32	48	64	80	96	112
⬇	HEXA-DECIMAL VALUE	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
0	0	BLANK (NULL)	▶	BLANK (SPACE)	0	@	P	'	p
1	1	😊	◀	!	1	A	Q	a	q
2	2	😄	↕		2	B	R	b	r
3	3	♥	!!	#	3	C	S	c	s
4	4	♦	¶	\$	4	D	T	d	t
5	5	♣	§	%	5	E	U	e	u
6	6	♠	▬	&	6	F	V	f	v
7	7	•	↕	'	7	G	W	g	w
8	8	●	↑	(	8	H	X	h	x
9	9	○	↓	)	9	I	Y	i	y
10	A	◉	→	*	:	J	Z	j	z
11	B	♂	←	+	;	K	[	k	{
12	C	♀	└	,	<	L	\	l	
13	D	🎵	↔	—	=	M	]	m	}
14	E	🎵	▲	.	>	N	^	n	~
15	F	☀	▼	/	?	O	_	o	△

DECIMAL VALUE	➡	128	144	160	176	192	208	224	240
⬇	HEXA-DECIMAL VALUE	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	0	Ç	É	á	⋮			∞	≡
1	1	ü	æ	í	⋮			β	±
2	2	é	Æ	ó	⋮			Γ	≥
3	3	â	ô	ú				π	≤
4	4	ä	ö	ñ				Σ	∫
5	5	à	ò	Ñ				σ	∫
6	6	â	û	á				μ	÷
7	7	ç	ù	ó				γ	≈
8	8	ê	ÿ	¿				Φ	°
9	9	ë	Ö	┘				Θ	•
10	A	è	Ü	┘				Ω	•
11	B	ï	¢	½				δ	√
12	C	î	£	¼				∞	n
13	D	ì	¥	¡				φ	²
14	E	Ä	℞	«				€	■
15	F	Å	f	»				∩	BLANK 'FF'

**Notes:**

# SECTION 8. COMMUNICATIONS

## Contents

**Hardware** ..... 8-3

**Establishing a Communications Link** ..... 8-5

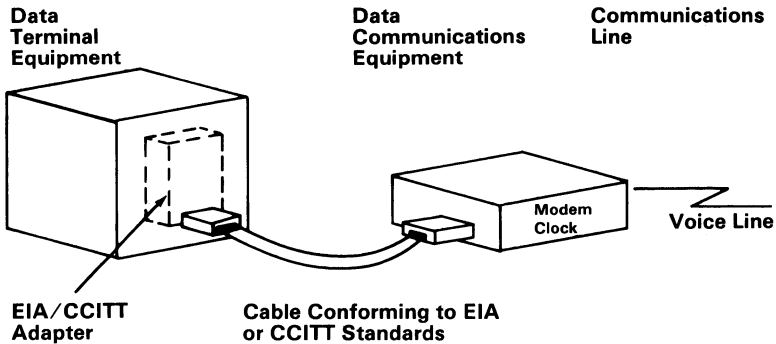
**SECTION 8**

# Notes:

# Hardware

Information-processing equipment used for communication is called data terminal equipment (DTE.) Equipment used to connect the DTE to the communication line is called data communication equipment (DCE.)

An adapter connects the data terminal equipment to the data communication line as shown in the following figure:



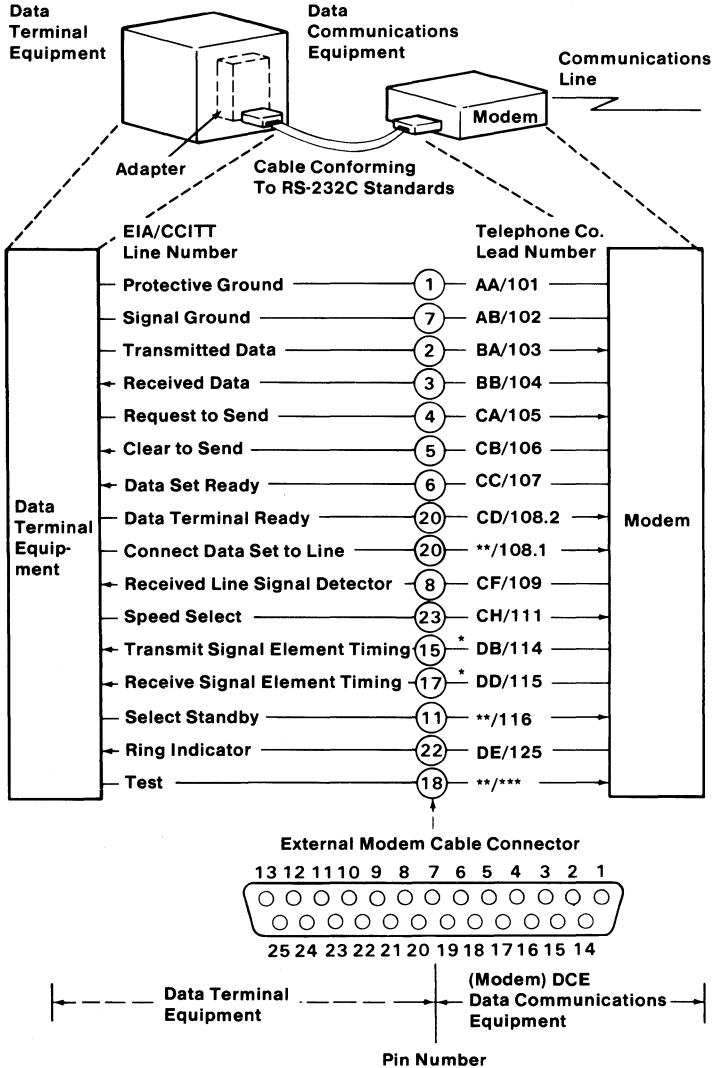
The EIA/CCITT adapter allows the data terminal equipment to be connected to the data communications equipment using EIA or CCITT standardized connections. An external modem is shown in the figure; however, other types of data communications equipment also can be connected to the data terminal equipment using EIA or CCITT standardized connections.

EIA standards are labeled RS-x (recommended standards-x), and CCITT standards are labeled V.x or X.x, where x is the number of the standard.

The EIA RS-232 interface standard defines the connector type, pin numbers, line names, and signal levels used to connect data terminal equipment to data communications equipment for the purpose of transmitting and receiving data. Since the RS-232 standard was developed, it has been revised three times. The three revised standards are RS-232A, RS-232B, and the presently used RS-232C.

The CCITT V.24 interface standard is equivalent to the RS-232C standard; therefore, the descriptions of the EIA standards also apply to the CCITT standards.

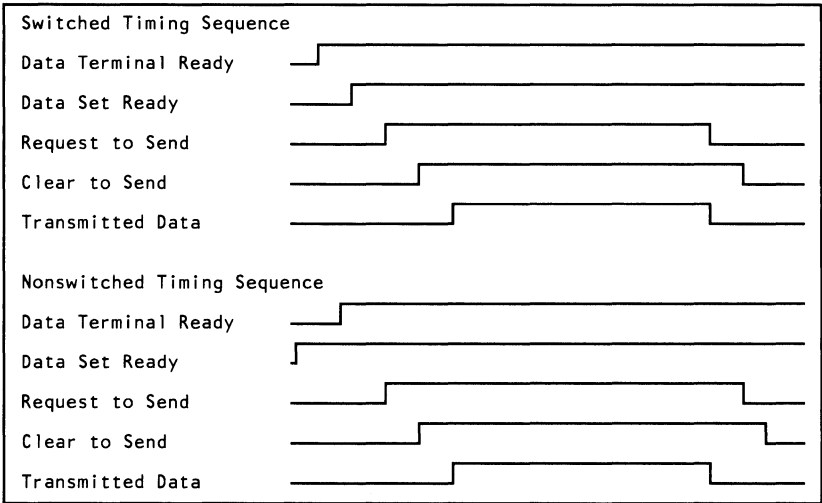
The following is an illustration of data terminal equipment connected to an external modem using connections defined by the RS-232C interface standard:



\*Not used when business machine clocking is used.  
 \*\*Not standardized by EIA (Electronics Industry Association).  
 \*\*\*Not standardized by CCITT

# Establishing a Communications Link

The following bar graphs represent normal timing sequences of operation during the establishment of communication for both switched (dial-up) and nonswitched (direct line) networks.

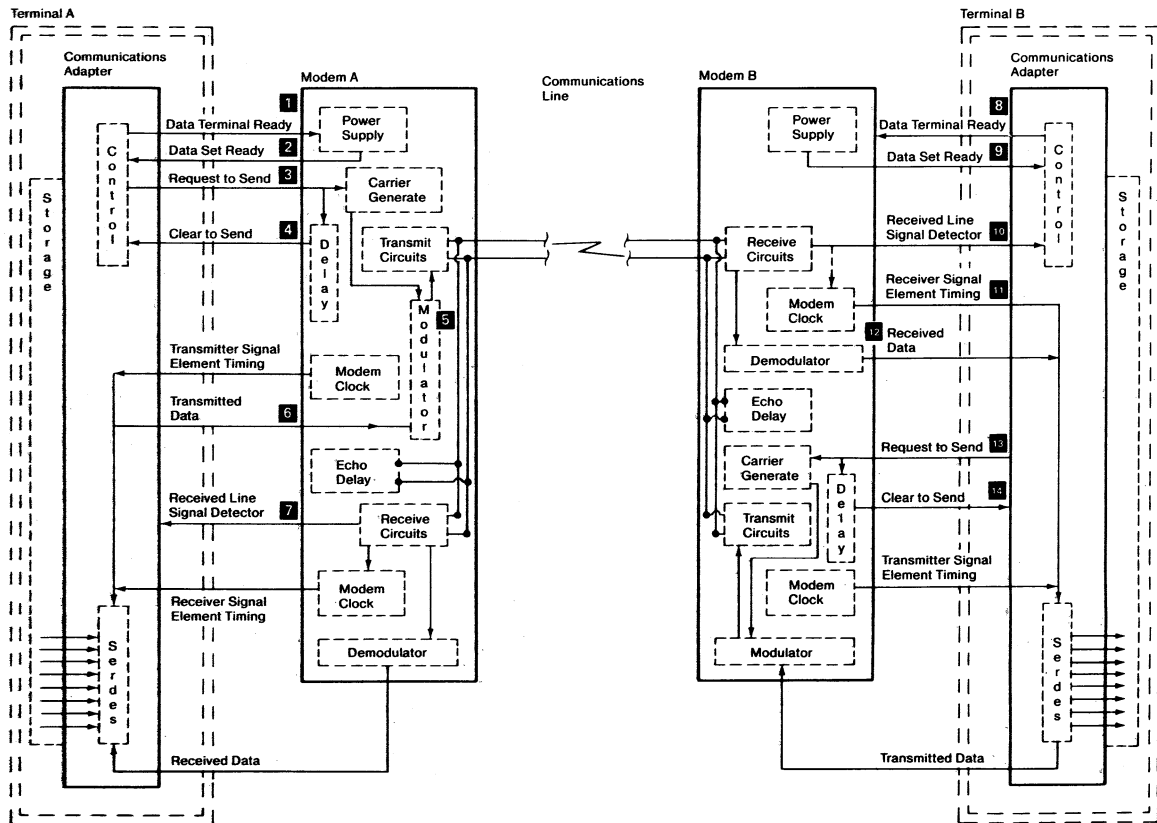


The following examples show how a link is established on a nonswitched point-to-point line, a nonswitched multipoint line, and a switched point-to-point line.



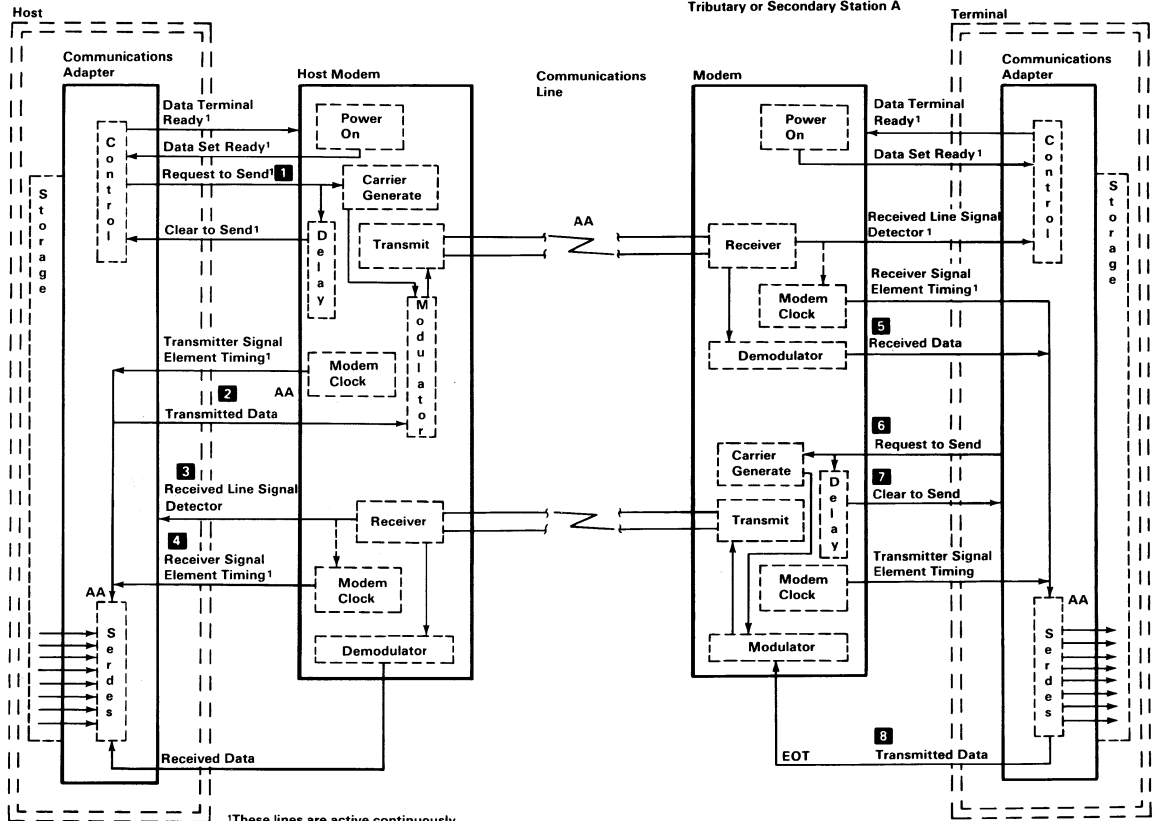
## Establishing a Link on a Nonswitched Point-to-Point Line

1. The terminals at both locations activate the 'data terminal ready' lines **1** and **8**.
2. Normally the 'data set ready' lines **2** and **9** from the modems are active whenever the modems are powered on.
3. Terminal A activates the 'request to send' line **3**, which causes the modem at terminal A to generate a carrier signal.
4. Modem B detects the carrier, and activates the 'received line signal detector' line (sometimes called data carrier detect) **10**. Modem B also activates the 'receiver signal element timing' line (sometimes called receive clock) **11** to send receive clock signals to the terminal. Some modems activate the clock signals whenever the modem is powered on.
5. After a specified delay, modem A activates the 'clear to send' line **4**, which indicates to terminal A that the modem is ready to transmit data.
6. Terminal A serializes the data to be transmitted (through the serdes) and transmits the data one bit at a time (synchronized by the transmit clock) onto the 'transmitted data' line **6** to the modem.
7. The modem modulates the carrier signal with the data and transmits it to the modem B **5**.
8. Modem B demodulates the data from the carrier signal and sends it to terminal B on the 'received data' line **12**.
9. Terminal B deserializes the data (through the serdes) using the receive clock signals (on the 'receiver signal element timing' line) **11** from the modem.
10. After terminal A completes its transmission, it deactivates the 'request to send' line **3**, which causes the modem to turn off the carrier and deactivate the 'clear to send' line **4**.
11. Terminal A and modem A now become receivers and wait for a response from terminal B, indicating that all data has reached terminal B. Modem A begins an echo delay (50 to 150 milliseconds) to ensure that all echoes on the line have diminished before it begins receiving. An echo is a reflection of the transmitted signal. If the transmitting modem changed to receive too soon, it could receive a reflection (echo) of the signal it just transmitted.
12. Modem B deactivates the 'received line signal detector' line **10** and, if necessary, deactivates the receive clock signals on the 'receiver signal element timing' line **11**.
13. Terminal B now becomes the transmitter to respond to the request from terminal A. To transmit data, terminal B activates the 'request to send' line **13**, which causes modem B to transmit a carrier to modem A.
14. Modem B begins a delay that is longer than the echo delay at modem A before turning on the 'clear to send' line. The longer delay (called request-to-send to clear-to-send delay) ensures that modem A is ready to receive when terminal B begins transmitting data. After the delay, modem B activates the 'clear to send' line **14** to indicate that terminal B can begin transmitting its response.
15. After the echo delay at modem A, modem A senses the carrier from modem B (the carrier was activated in step 13 when terminal B activated the 'request to send' line) and activates the 'received line signal detector' line **7** to terminal A.
16. Modem A and terminal A are now ready to receive the response from terminal B. Remember, the response was not transmitted until after the request-to-send to clear-to-send delay at modem B (step 14).



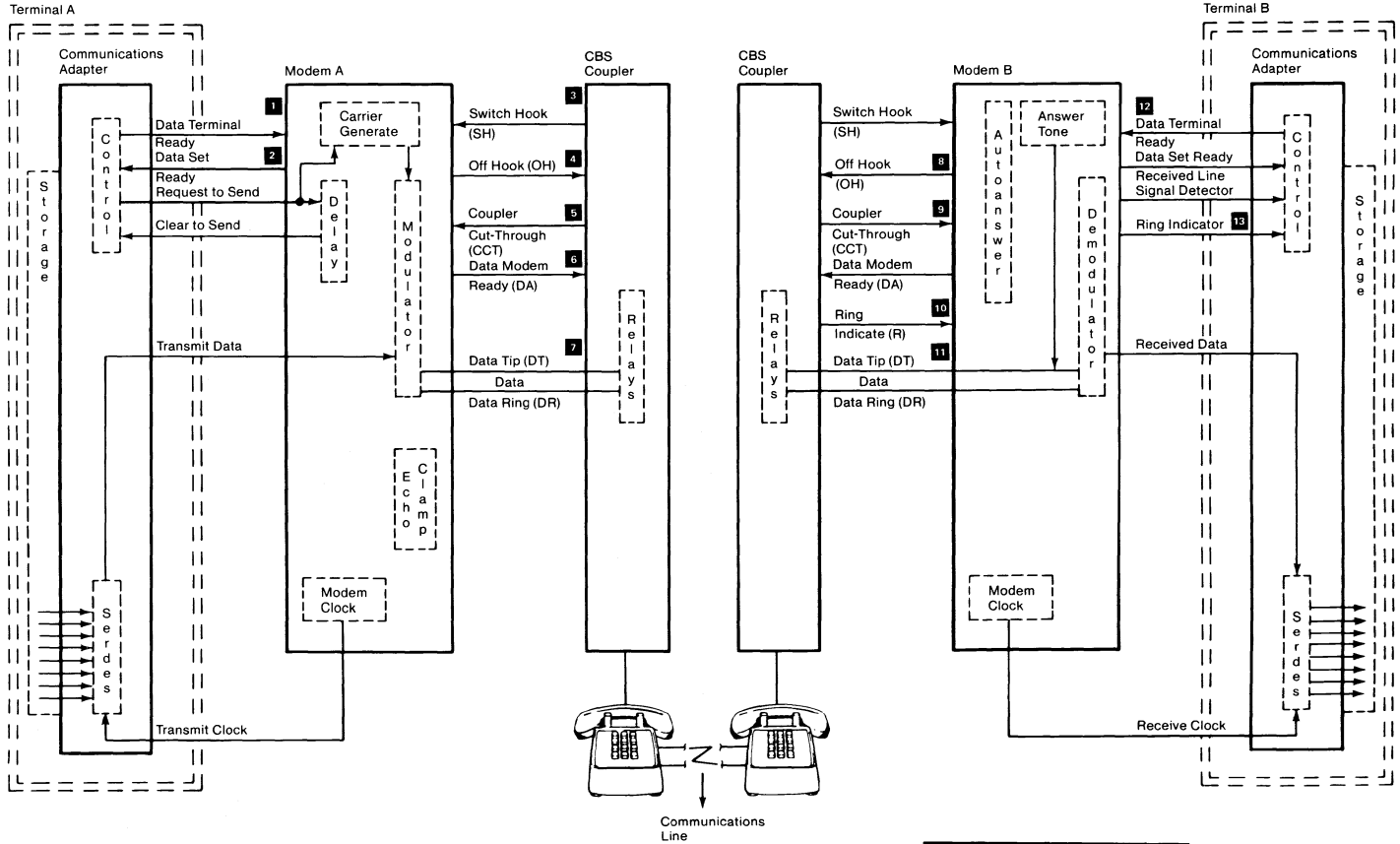
## Establishing a Link on a Nonswitched Multipoint Line

1. The control station serializes the address for the tributary or secondary station (AA) and sends its address to the modem on the 'transmitted data' line **2**.
2. Since the 'request to send' line and, therefore, the modem carrier, is active continuously **1**, the modem immediately modulates the carrier with the address, and, thus, the address is transmitted to all modems on the line.
3. All tributary modems, including the modem for station A, demodulate the address and send it to their terminals on the 'received data' line **5**.
4. Only station A responds to the address; the other stations ignore the address and continue monitoring their 'received data' line. To respond to the poll, station A activates its 'request to send' line **6** which causes the modem to begin transmitting a carrier signal.
5. The control station's modem receives the carrier and activates the 'received line signal detector' line **3** and the 'receiver signal element timing' line **4** (to send clock signals to the control station). Some modems activate the clock signals as soon as they are powered on.
6. After a short delay to allow the control station modem to receive the carrier, the tributary modem activates the 'clear to send' line **7**.
7. When station A detects the active 'clear to send' line, it transmits its response. (For this example, assume that station A has no data to send; therefore, it transmits an EOT **8**.)
8. After transmitting the EOT, station A deactivates the 'request to send' line **6**. This causes the modem to deactivate the carrier and the 'clear to send' line **7**.
9. When the modem at the control station (host) detects the absence of the carrier, it deactivates the 'received line signal detector' line **3**.
10. Tributary station A is now in receive mode waiting for the next poll or select transmission from the control station.



## Establishing a Link on a Switched Point-to-Point Line

1. Terminal A is in communications mode; therefore, the 'data terminal ready' line **1** is active. Terminal B is in communication mode waiting for a call from terminal A.
2. When the terminal A operator lifts the telephone handset, the 'switch hook' line from the coupler is activated **3**.
3. Modem A detects the 'switch hook' line and activates the 'off hook' line **4**, which causes the coupler to connect the telephone set to the line and activate the 'coupler cut-through' line **5** to the modem.
4. Modem A activates the 'data modem ready' line **6** to the coupler (the 'data modem ready' line is on continuously in some modems).
5. The terminal A operator sets the exclusion key or talk/data switch to the talk position to connect the handset to the communications line. The operator then dials the terminal B number.
6. When the telephone at terminal B rings, the coupler activates the 'ring indicate' line to modem B **10**. Modem B indicates that the 'ring indicate' line was activated by activating the 'ring indicator' line **13** to terminal B.
7. Terminal B activates the 'data terminal ready' line to modem B **12**, which activates the autoanswer circuits in modem B. (The 'data terminal ready' line might already be active in some terminals.)
8. The autoanswer circuits in modem B activate the 'off hook' line to the coupler **8**.
9. The coupler connects modem B to the communications line through the 'data tip' and 'data ring' lines **11** and activates the 'coupler cut-through' line **9** to the modem. Modem B then transmits an answer tone to terminal A.
10. The terminal A operator hears the tone and sets the exclusion key or talk/data switch to the data position (or performs an equivalent operation) to connect modem A to the communications line through the 'data tip' and 'data ring' lines **7**.
11. The coupler at terminal A deactivates the 'switch hook' line **3**. This causes modem A to activate the 'data set ready' line **2** indicating to terminal A that the modem is connected to the communications line.  
  
The sequence of the remaining steps to establish the data link is the same as the sequence required on a nonswitched point-to-point line. When the terminals have completed their transmission, they both deactivate the 'data terminal ready' line to disconnect the modems from the line.



**Notes:**

# SECTION 9. IBM PERSONAL COMPUTER COMPATIBILITY

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# Notes:

This section describes the differences among the members of the IBM Personal Computer family. It also contains information necessary to design hardware and programs that will be compatible with all members of the IBM Personal Computer family.

## Hardware Considerations

To design compatible hardware or programs, you must consider hardware differences among the IBM Personal Computers. The following are hardware features of the IBM PERSONAL COMPUTER AT that are not supported by all of the IBM Personal Computer family.

### System Board

The IBM PERSONAL COMPUTER AT system board uses an Intel 80286 (-6 or -8) Microprocessor. This microprocessor uses the 80287 Math Coprocessor and is generally compatible with the Intel 8088 Microprocessor used in other IBM Personal Computers.

The following table identifies the microprocessor and describes the I/O channel used with each type of IBM Personal Computer.

System Name	System Unit Microprocessor	I/O Channel Description
Personal Computer	8088	5 62-Pin
PCjr	8088	Not Compatible
Personal Computer XT	8088	8 62-Pin
Portable Personal Computer	8088	8 62-Pin
Personal Computer AT	80286(-6 or -8)	2 62-pin 6 98-Pin (62 Pin + 36 Pin)

### System Hardware Identification Chart

The faster processing capability of the 80286, compared to the 8088, creates special programming considerations, which are discussed later in this section under "Application Guidelines."

Some adapters use a 36-pin connector in addition to the 62-pin connector. Adapters designed to use the 36-pin connectors are not compatible with all members of the IBM Personal Computer family. Refer to the "System to Adapter Compatibility Chart" in the *Technical Reference Options and Adapters* manual, Volume 1, to identify the adapters supported by each system. The IBM PERSONAL COMPUTER AT does not support an expansion unit.

On the I/O channel:

- The system clock signal should be used only for synchronization and not for applications requiring a fixed frequency.
- The 14.31818-MHz oscillator is not synchronous with the system clock.
- The ALE signal is activated during DMA cycles.
- The -IOW signal is not active during refresh cycles.
- Pin B04 supports IRQ 9.

## Fixed Disk Drive

Reading from and writing to this drive is initiated in the same way as with other IBM Personal Computers; however, the Fixed Disk and Diskette Drive Adapter may be addressed from different BIOS locations.

## Diskette Drive Compatibility

The following chart shows the read, write, and format capabilities for each of the diskette drives used by IBM Personal Computers.

Diskette Drive Name	160/180K Mode	320/360K Mode	1.2M Mode	720K Mode
5-1/4 In. Diskette Drive:				
Type 1	R W F	---	---	---
Type 2	R W F	R W F	---	---
Type 3	R W F	R W F	---	---
Siimline Diskette Drive	R W F	R W F	---	---
Double Sided Diskette Drive	R W F	R W F	---	---
High Capacity Diskette Drive	R W*	R W*	R W F	---
R-Read W-Write F-Format W*-If a diskette is formatted in either 160/180K mode or 320/360K mode and written on by a High Capacity Drive, that diskette may be read by only a High Capacity Drive.				

### Diskette Drive Compatibility Chart

**Note:** Diskettes designed for the 1.2M mode may not be used in either a 160/180K or a 320/360K diskette drive.

## Copy Protection

The following methods of copy protection may not work on systems using the High Capacity Diskette Drive:

- Bypassing BIOS

- Diskette drive controls
- Write current control

## **Bypassing BIOS**

Copy protection that tries to bypass the following BIOS routines will not work on the High Capacity Diskette Drive:

**Track Density:** The High Capacity Diskette Drive records tracks at a density of 96 tracks per inch (TPI). This drive has to double-step in the 48 TPI mode, which is performed by BIOS.

**Data Transfer Rate:** BIOS selects the proper data transfer rate for the media being used.

**Disk\_\_Base:** Copy protection, which creates its own disk\_\_base will not work on the High Capacity Diskette Drive.

## **Diskette Drive Controls**

Copy protection that uses the following will not work on the High Capacity Diskette Drive:

**Rotational Speed:** The time between two events on a diskette is controlled by the Fixed Disk and Diskette Drive Adapter.

**Access Time:** Diskette BIOS routines must set the track-to-track access time for the different types of media used on the IBM PERSONAL COMPUTER AT.

**Head Geometry:** See “Diskette Drive Compatibility” on page 9-5

**Diskette Change Signal:** Copy protection may not be able to reset this signal.

## Write Current Control

Copy protection that uses write current control will not work because the Fixed Disk and Diskette Drive Adapter selects the proper write current for the media being used.

## Application Guidelines

The following information should be used to develop application programs for the IBM Personal Computer family.

### High-Level Language Considerations

The IBM-supported languages of BASIC, FORTRAN, COBOL, Pascal, and APL are the best choices for writing compatible programs.

If a program uses specific features of the hardware, that program may not be compatible with all IBM Personal Computers. Specifically, the use of assembler language subroutines or hardware-specific commands (In, Out, Peek, Poke, ...) must follow the assembler language rules (see "Assembler Language Programming Considerations" on page 9-8 ).

Any program that requires precise timing information should obtain it through a DOS or language interface; for example, TIME\$ in BASIC. If greater precision is required, the assembler techniques in "Assembler Language Programming Considerations" are available. The use of programming loops may prevent a program from being compatible with other IBM Personal Computers.

# Assembler Language Programming Considerations

The following OP codes work differently on systems using the 80286 microprocessor than they do on systems using the 8088 microprocessor.

- If the system microprocessor executes a POPF instruction in either the real or the virtual address mode with  $CPL \leq IOPL$ , then a pending maskable interrupt (the INTR pin active) may be improperly recognized after executing the POPF instruction even if maskable interrupts were disabled before the POPF instruction and the value popped had  $IF=0$ . If the interrupt is improperly recognized, the interrupt is still correctly executed. This errata has no effect when interrupts are enabled in either real or virtual address mode. This errata has no effect in the virtual address mode when  $CPL > IOPL$ .

The POPF instruction may be simulated with the following code macro:

```
POPFF      Macro          ; use POPFF instead of POPF
                ; simulate popping flags
                ; using IRET
EB 01      JMP $+3        ; jump around IRET
CF         IRET           ; POP CS, IP, flags
OE         PUSH CS
E8 FB FF   CALL $-2      ; CALL within segment
                ; program will continue here
```

- PUSH SP

80286 microprocessor pushes the current stack pointer.

8088 microprocessor pushes the new stack pointer.

- Single step interrupt (when  $TF=1$ ) on the interrupt instruction (OP code hex CC,CD):

80286 microprocessor does **not** interrupt on the INT instruction.

8088 microprocessor does interrupt on the INT instruction.

- The divide error exception (interrupt 0):

80286 microprocessor pushes the CS:IP of the instruction, causing the exception.

8088 microprocessor pushes the CS:IP **following** the instruction, causing the exception.

- Shift counts are masked to five bits. Shift counts greater than 31 are treated mod 32. For example, a shift count of 36, shifts the operand four places.

The following describes anomalies which may occur in systems which contain 80286 processors with 1983 and 1984 date codes (S40172, S54036, S40093, S54012).

In protected mode, the contents of the CX register may be unexpectedly altered under the following conditions:

**Note: The value in parenthesis indicates the type of error code pushed onto the exception handler's stack.**

**Exception #NP() = Exception #11 = Not-present Fault**

**Exception #SS() = Exception #12 = Stack Fault**

**Exception #GP() = Exception #13 = General Protection Fault**

- Exception #GP(0) from attempted access to data segment or extra segment when the corresponding segment register holds a null selector.
- Exception #GP(0) from attempted data read from code segment when code segment has the "execute only" attribute.
- Exception #GP(0) from attempted write to code segment (code segments are not writable in protected mode), or to data segment of extra segment if the data or extra segment has the read only attribute.



- Exception #GP(0) from attempted load of a selector referencing the local descriptor table into CS, DS, ES or SS, when the LDT is not present.
- Exception #GP(0) from attempted input or output instruction when CPL > IOPL.
- Exception #GP(selector) from attempted access to a descriptor is GDT, LDT, or IDT, beyond the defined limit of the descriptor table.
- Exception #GP(0) from attempted read or write (except for "PUSH" onto stack) beyond the defined limit of segment.
- Exception #SS(0) from attempted "PUSH" below the defined limit of the stack segment.

Restarting applications which generate the above exceptions may result in errors.

In the protected mode, when any of the null selector values (0000H, 0001H, 0002H, 0003H) are loaded into the DS or ES registers via a MOV or POP instruction or a task switch, the 80286 always loads the null selector 0000H into the corresponding register.

If a coprocessor (80287) operand is read from an "executable and readable" and conforming (ERC) code segment, and the coprocessor operand is sufficiently near the segment's limit that the second or subsequent byte lies outside the limit, no protection exception #9 will be generated.

The following correctly describes the operation of all 80286 parts:

- Instructions longer than 10 bytes (instructions using multiple redundant prefixes) generate exception #13 (General Purpose Exception) in both the real and protected modes.
- If the second operand of an ARPL instruction is a null selector, the instruction generates an exception #13.

Assembler language programs should perform all I/O operations through ROM BIOS or DOS function calls.

- Program interrupts are used for access to these functions. This practice removes the absolute addressing from the program. Only the interrupt number is required.
- The coprocessor detects six different exception conditions that can occur during instruction execution. If the appropriate exception mask within the coprocessor is not set, the coprocessor sets its error signal. This error signal generates a hardware interrupt (interrupt 13) and causes the 'busy' signal to the coprocessor to be held in the busy state. The 'busy' signal may be cleared by an 8-bit I/O Write command to address hex F0 with D0 through D7 equal to 0.

The power-on-self-test code in the system ROM enables hardware IRQ 13 and sets up its vector to point to a routine in ROM. The ROM routine clears the 'busy' signal latch and then transfers control to the address pointed to by the NMI interrupt vector. This allows code written for any IBM Personal Computer to work on an IBM Personal Computer AT. The NMI interrupt handler should read the coprocessor's status to determine if the NMI was caused by the coprocessor. If the interrupt was not generated by the coprocessor, control should be passed to the original NMI interrupt handler.

- Back to back I/O commands to the same I/O ports will not permit enough recovery time for I/O chips. To ensure enough time, a `JMP SHORT $+2` must be inserted between IN/OUT instructions to the same I/O chip.

**Note:** `MOV AL,AH` type instruction does not allow enough recovery time. An example of the correct procedure follows:

```
OUT  IO_ADD,AL
JMP  SHORT $+2
MOV  AL,AH
OUT  IO_ADD,AL
```

- In systems using the 80286 microprocessor, IRQ 9 is redirected to INT hex 0A (hardware IRQ 2). This insures

that hardware designed to use IRQ 2 will operate in the IBM Personal Computer AT.

- The system can mask hardware sensitivity. New devices can change the ROM BIOS to accept the same programming interface on the new device.
- In cases where BIOS provides parameter tables, such as for video or diskette, a program may substitute new parameter values by building a new copy of the table and changing the vector to point to that table. However, the program should copy the current table, using the current vector, and then modify those locations in the table that need to be changed. In this way, the program will not inadvertently change any values that should be left the same.
- Disk\_\_Base consists of 11 parameters required for diskette operation. They are pointed at by the data variable, Disk\_\_Pointer, at absolute address 0:78. It is strongly recommended that the values supplied in ROM be used. If it becomes necessary to modify any of the parameters, build another parameter block and modify the address in Disk\_\_Pointer to point to the new block.

The parameters were established to operate both the High Capacity Diskette Drive and the Double Sided Diskette Drive. Three of the parameters in this table are under control of BIOS in the following situations.

The Gap Length Parameter is no longer retrieved from the parameter block.

The gap length used during diskette read, write, and verify operations is derived from within diskette BIOS.

The gap length for format operations is still obtained from the parameter block.

Special considerations are required for formatting operations. See the prolog of Diskette BIOS for the required details. If a parameter block contains a head settle time parameter value of 0 milliseconds, and a write operation is being performed, at least 15 milliseconds of head settle time will be enforced

for a High Capacity Diskette Drive and 20 milliseconds will be enforced for a Double Sided Diskette Drive. If a parameter block contains a motor start wait parameter of less than 1 second for a write or format operation of 625 milliseconds for a read or verify operation, Diskette BIOS will enforce those times listed above.

- The following procedure is used to determine the type of media inserted in the High Capacity Diskette Drive:
  1. Read Track 0, Head 0, Sector 1 to allow diskette BIOS to establish the media/drive combination. If this is successful, continue with the next step.
  2. Read Track 0, Sector 15. If an error occurs, a double sided diskette is in the drive.

**Note:** Refer to the *DOS Technical Reference* manual for the File Allocation Table (FAT) parameters for single- and double-sided diskettes.

If a successful read occurs, a high capacity diskette is in the drive.

3. If Step 1 fails, issue the reset function (AH=0) to diskette BIOS and retry. If a successful read cannot be done, the media needs to be formatted or is defective.

ROM BIOS and DOS do not provide for all functions. The following are the allowable I/O operations with which IBM will maintain compatibility in future systems.

- Control of the sound, using port hex 61, and the sound channel of the timer/counter. A program can control timer/counter channels 0 and 2, ports hex 40, 42, and 43. A program must not change the value in port hex 41, because this port controls the dynamic-memory refresh. Channel 0 provides the time-of-day interrupt, and can also be used for timing short intervals. Channel 2 of the timer/counter is the output for the speaker and cassette ports. This channel may also be used for timing short intervals, although it cannot interrupt at the end of the period.

- Control of the Game Control Adapter, port hex 201

**Note:** Programs should use the timer for delay on the paddle input rather than a program loop.

- Interrupt Mask Register (IMR), port hex 21, can be used to selectively mask and unmask the hardware features.

The following information pertains to absolute memory locations.

- Interrupt Vectors Segment (hex 0)--A program may change these to point at different processing routines. When an interrupt vector is modified, the original value should be retained. If the interrupt, either hardware or program, is not directed toward this device handler, the request should be passed to the next item in the list.
- Video Display Buffers (hex B0000 and B8000)-- For each mode of operation defined in the video display BIOS, the memory map will remain the same. For example, the bit map for the 320 x 200 medium-resolution graphics mode of the Color/Graphics Monitor adapter will be retained on any future adapter that supports that mode. If the bit map is modified, a different mode number will be used.
- ROM BIOS Data Area (hex 40:0)--Any variables in this area will retain their current definition, whenever it is reasonable to do so. IBM may use these data areas for other purposes when the variable no longer has meaning in the system. In general, ROM BIOS data variables should be read or modified through BIOS calls whenever possible, and not with direct access to the variable.

A program that requires timing information should use either the time-of-day clock or the timing channels of the timer/counter. The input frequency to the timer will be maintained at 1.19 MHz, providing a constant time reference. Program loops should be avoided.

Programs that use copy protection schemes should use the ROM BIOS diskette calls to read and verify the diskette and should not be timer dependent. Any method can be used to create the diskette, although manufacturing capability should be considered.

The verifying program can look at the diskette controller's status bytes in the ROM BIOS data area for additional information about embedded errors. More information about copy protection may be found on page 9-5 under "Copy Protection".

Any DOS program must be relocatable and insensitive to the size of DOS or its own load addresses. A program's memory requirement should be identified and contiguous with the load module. A program should not assume that all of memory is available to it.

There are several 80286 instructions that, when executed, lock out external bus signals. DMA requests are not honored during the execution of these instructions. Consecutive instructions of this type prevent DMA activity from the start of the first instruction to the end of the last instruction. To allow for necessary DMA cycles, as required by the diskette controller in a multitasking system, multiple lock-out instructions must be separated by `JMP SHORT $+2`.

# Multitasking Provisions

The IBM Personal Computer AT BIOS contains a feature to assist multitasking implementation. "Hooks" are provided for a multitasking dispatcher. Whenever a busy (wait) loop occurs in the BIOS, a hook is provided for the program to break out of the loop. Also, whenever BIOS services an interrupt, a corresponding wait loop is exited, and another hook is provided. Thus a program may be written that employs the bulk of the device driver code. The following is valid only in the microprocessor's real address mode and must be taken by the code to allow this support.

The program is responsible for the serialization of access to the device driver. The BIOS code is not reentrant.

The program is responsible for matching corresponding wait and post calls.

## Interfaces

There are four interfaces to be used by the multitasking dispatcher:

### Startup

First, the startup code hooks interrupt hex 15. The dispatcher is responsible to check for function codes of AH= hex 90 or 91. The "Wait" and "Post" sections describe these codes. The dispatcher must pass all other functions to the previous user of interrupt hex 15. This can be done by a JMP or a CALL. If the function code is hex 90 or 91, the dispatcher should do the appropriate processing and return by the IRET instruction.

### Serialization

It is up to the multitasking system to ensure that the device driver code is used serially. Multiple entries into the code can result in serious errors.

## Wait (Busy)

Whenever the BIOS is about to enter a busy loop, it first issues an interrupt hex 15 with a function code of hex 90 in AH. This signals a wait condition. At this point, the dispatcher should save the task status and dispatch another task. This allows overlapped execution of tasks when the hardware is busy. The following is an outline of the code that has been added to the BIOS to perform this function.

```
MOV AX, 90XXH      ; wait code in AH and
                   ; type code in AL
INT 15H           ; issue call
JC  TIMEOUT       ; optional: for time-out or
                   ; if carry is set, time-out
                   ; occurred
NORMAL TIMEOUT LOGIC ; normal time-out
```

## Post (Interrupt)

Whenever the BIOS has set an interrupt flag for a corresponding busy loop, an interrupt 15 occurs with a function code of hex 91 in AH. This signals a post condition. At this point, the dispatcher should set the task status to "ready to run" and return to the interrupt routine. The following is an outline of the code added to BIOS that performs this function.

```
MOV AX, 91XXH      ; post code AH and
                   ; type code AL
INT 15H           ; issue call
```

## Classes

The following types of wait loops are supported:

- The class for hex 0 to 7F is serially reusable. This means that for the devices that use these codes, access to the BIOS must be restricted to only one task at a time.



- The class for hex 80 to BF is reentrant. There is no restriction on the number of tasks that may access the device.
- The class for hex C0 to FF is non-interrupt. There is no corresponding interrupt for the wait loop. Therefore, it is the responsibility of the dispatcher to determine what satisfies this condition to exit the loop.

## Function Code Classes

Type Code (AL)	Description
00H->7FH	Serially reusable devices; operating system must serialize access
80H->0BFH	Reentrant devices; ES:BX is used to distinguish different calls (multiple I/O calls are allowed simultaneously)
0C0H->0FH	Wait only calls; there is no complementary POST for these waits--these are time-out only. Times are function-number dependent.

## Function Code Assignments

The following are specific assignments for the IBM Personal Computer AT BIOS. Times are approximate. They are grouped according to the classes described under "Function Code Classes".

Type Code (AL)	Time-out	Description
00H	yes (6 second)	fixed disk
01H	yes (2 second)	diskette
02H	no	keyboard
0FDH	yes (1 second-write)	diskette motor start

-- (625 ms-read) --  
 OFEH yes (18 second) printer

The asynchronous support has been omitted. The Serial/Parallel Adapter will generate interrupts, but BIOS does not support it in the interrupt mode. Therefore, the support should be included in the multitasking system code if that device is to be supported.

## Time-Outs

To support time-outs properly, the multitasking dispatcher must be aware of time. If a device enters a busy loop, it generally should remain there for a specific amount of time before indicating an error. The dispatcher should return to the BIOS wait loop with the carry bit set if a time-out occurs.

## Machine-Sensitive Code

Programs may select machine specific features, but they must test for specific machine type. Location of the specific machine identification codes can be found through interrupt 15 function code AH (See 'Configuration Parameters' in BIOS Listing). The code is two bytes. The first byte shows the machine type and the second byte shows the series type. They are as follows:

First Byte	Second Byte	Machine Identification
FF	00	IBM Personal Computer
FE	00	IBM Personal Computer XT
FE	00	IBM Portable Personal Computer
FD	00	IBM PCjr
FC	00	IBM Personal Computer AT
FB	00	IBM Personal Computer XT with 256/640 system board

### Machine Identification Code

IBM will define methods for uniquely determining the specific machine type or I/O feature for any new device.

# Notes:

# Glossary

This glossary includes definitions developed by the American National Standards Institute (ANSI) and the International Organization for Standardization (ISO). This material is reproduced from the *American National Dictionary for Information Processing*, copyright 1977 by the Computer and Business Equipment Manufacturers Association, copies of which may be purchased from the American National Standards Institute, 1430 Broadway, New York, New York 10018.

**u.** Prefix micro; 0.000 001.

**us.** Microsecond; 0.000 001 second.

**A.** Ampere.

**ac.** Alternating current.

**accumulator.** A register in which the result of an operation is formed.

**active high.** Designates a signal that has to go high to produce an effect. Synonymous with positive true.

**active low.** Designates a signal that has to go low to produce an effect. Synonymous with negative true.

**adapter.** An auxiliary device or unit used to extend the operation of another system.

**address bus.** One or more conductors used to carry the binary-coded address from the processor throughout the rest of the system.

**algorithm.** A finite set of well-defined rules for the solution of a problem in a finite number of steps.

**all points addressable (APA).** A mode in which all points of a displayable image can be controlled by the user.

**alphameric.** Synonym for alphanumeric.

**alphanumeric (A/N).** Pertaining to a character set that contains letters, digits, and usually other characters, such as punctuation marks. Synonymous with alphameric.

**alternating current (ac).** A current that periodically reverses its direction of flow.

**American National Standard Code for Information Interchange (ASCII).** The standard code, using a coded character set consisting of 7-bit coded characters (8 bits including parity check), used for information exchange between data processing systems, data communication systems, and associated equipment. The ASCII set consists of control characters and graphic characters.

**ampere (A).** The basic unit of electric current.

**A/N.** Alphanumeric

**analog.** (1) Pertaining to data in the form of continuously variable physical quantities. (2) Contrast with digital.

**AND.** A logic operator having the property that if P is a statement, Q is a statement, R is a statement,..., then the AND of P, Q, R,...is true if all statements are true, false if any statement is false.

**AND gate.** A logic gate in which the output is 1 only if all inputs are 1.

**AND operation.** The boolean operation whose result has the boolean value 1, if and only if, each operand has the boolean value 1. Synonymous with conjunction.

**APA.** All points addressable.

**ASCII.** American National Standard Code for Information Interchange.

**assemble.** To translate a program expressed in an assembler language into a computer language.

**assembler.** A computer program used to assemble.

**assembler language.** A computer-oriented language whose instructions are usually in one-to-one correspondence with computer instructions.

**asynchronous transmission.** (1) Transmission in which the time of occurrence of the start of each character, or block of characters, is arbitrary; once started, the time of occurrence of each signal representing a bit within a character, or block, has the same relationship to significant instants of a fixed time frame. (2) Transmission in which each information character is individually transmitted (usually timed by the use of start elements and stop elements).

**audio frequencies.** Frequencies that can be heard by the human ear (approximately 15 hertz to 20,000 hertz).

**auxiliary storage.** (1) A storage device that is not main storage. (2) Data storage other than main storage; for example, storage on magnetic disk. (3) Contrast with main storage.

**BASIC.** Beginner's all-purpose symbolic instruction code.

**basic input/output system (BIOS).** The feature of the IBM Personal Computer that provides the level control of the major I/O devices, and relieves the programmer from concern about hardware device characteristics.

**baud.** (1) A unit of signaling speed equal to the number of discrete conditions or signal events per second. For example, one baud equals one bit per second in a train of binary signals, one-half dot cycle per second in Morse code, and one 3-bit value per second in a train of signals each of which can assume one of eight different states. (2) In asynchronous transmission, the unit of modulation rate corresponding to one unit of interval per second; that is, if the duration of the unit interval is 20 milliseconds, the modulation rate is 50 baud.

**BCC.** Block-check character.

**beginner's all-purpose symbolic instruction code (BASIC).** A programming language with a small repertoire of commands and a simple syntax, primarily designed for numeric applications.

**binary.** (1) Pertaining to a selection, choice, or condition that has two possible values or states. (2) Pertaining to a fixed radix numeration system having a radix of 2.

**binary digit.** (1) In binary notation, either of the characters 0 or 1. (2) Synonymous with bit.

**binary notation.** Any notation that uses two different characters, usually the binary digits 0 and 1.

**binary synchronous communications (BSC).** A uniform procedure, using a standardized set of control characters and control character sequences for synchronous transmission of binary-coded data between stations.

**BIOS.** Basic input/output system.

**bit.** Synonym for binary digit

**bits per second (bps).** A unit of measurement representing the number of discrete binary digits transmitted by a device in one second.

**block.** (1) A string of records, a string of words, or a character string formed for technical or logic reasons to be treated as an entity. (2) A set of things, such as words, characters, or digits, treated as a unit.

**block-check character (BCC).** In cyclic redundancy checking, a character that is transmitted by the sender after each message block and is compared with a block-check character computed by the receiver to determine if the transmission was successful.

**boolean operation.** (1) Any operation in which each of the operands and the result take one of two values. (2) An operation that follows the rules of boolean algebra.

**bootstrap.** A technique or device designed to bring itself into a desired state by means of its own action; for example, a machine routine whose first few instructions are sufficient to bring the rest of itself into the computer from an input device.

**bps.** Bits per second.

**BSC.** Binary synchronous communications.

**buffer.** (1) An area of storage that is temporarily reserved for use in performing an input/output operation, into which data is read or from which data is written. Synonymous with I/O area. (2) A portion of storage for temporarily holding input or output data.

**bus.** One or more conductors used for transmitting signals or power.

**byte.** (1) A sequence of eight adjacent binary digits that are operated upon as a unit. (2) A binary character operated upon as a unit. (3) The representation of a character.



## C. Celsius.

**capacitor.** An electronic circuit component that stores an electric charge.

**CAS.** Column address strobe.

**cathode ray tube (CRT).** A vacuum tube in which a stream of electrons is projected onto a fluorescent screen producing a luminous spot. The location of the spot can be controlled.

**cathode ray tube display (CRT display).** (1) A CRT used for displaying data. For example, the electron beam can be controlled to form alphanumeric data by use of a dot matrix.

(2) Synonymous with monitor.

**CCITT.** International Telegraph and Telephone Consultative Committee.

**Celsius (C).** A temperature scale. Contrast with Fahrenheit (F).

**central processing unit (CPU).** Term for processing unit.

**channel.** A path along which signals can be sent; for example, data channel, output channel.

**character generator.** (1) In computer graphics, a functional unit that converts the coded representation of a graphic character into the shape of the character for display. (2) In word processing, the means within equipment for generating visual characters or symbols from coded data.

**character set.** (1) A finite set of different characters upon which agreement has been reached and that is considered complete for some purpose. (2) A set of unique representations called characters. (3) A defined collection of characters.

**characters per second (cps).** A standard unit of measurement for the speed at which a printer prints.

**check key.** A group of characters, derived from and appended to a data item, that can be used to detect errors in the data item during processing.

**clipping.** In computer graphics, removing parts of a display image that lie outside a window.

**closed circuit.** A continuous unbroken circuit; that is, one in which current can flow. Contrast with open circuit.

**CMOS.** Complementary metal oxide semiconductor.

**code.** (1) A set of unambiguous rules specifying the manner in which data may be represented in a discrete form. Synonymous with coding scheme. (2) A set of items, such as abbreviations, representing the members of another set. (3) To represent data or a computer program in a symbolic form that can be accepted by a data processor. (4) Loosely, one or more computer programs, or part of a computer program.

**coding scheme.** Synonym for code.

**collector.** An element in a transistor toward which current flows.

**color cone.** An arrangement of the visible colors on the surface of a double-ended cone where lightness varies along the axis of the cone, and hue varies around the circumference. Lightness includes both the intensity and saturation of color.

**column address strobe (CAS).** A signal that latches the column addresses in a memory chip.

**compile.** (1) To translate a computer program expressed in a problem-oriented language into a computer-oriented language. (2) To prepare a machine-language program from a computer program written in another programming language by making use of the overall logic structure of the program, or generating more

than one computer instruction for each symbolic statement, or both, as well as performing the function of an assembler.

**complement.** A number that can be derived from a specified number by subtracting it from a second specified number.

**complementary metal oxide semiconductor (CMOS).** A logic circuit family that uses very little power. It works with a wide range of power supply voltages.

**computer.** A functional unit that can perform substantial computation, including numerous arithmetic operations or logic operations, without human intervention during a run.

**computer instruction code.** A code used to represent the instructions in an instruction set. Synonymous with machine code.

**computer program.** A sequence of instructions suitable for processing by a computer.

**computer word.** A word stored in one computer location and capable of being treated as a unit.

**configuration.** (1) The arrangement of a computer system or network as defined by the nature, number, and the chief characteristics of its functional units. More specifically, the term configuration may refer to a hardware configuration or a software configuration. (2) The devices and programs that make up a system, subsystem, or network.

**conjunction.** Synonym for AND operation.

**contiguous.** Touching or joining at the edge or boundary; adjacent.

**control character.** A character whose occurrence in a particular context initiates, modifies, or stops a control operation.

**control operation.** An action that affects the recording, processing, transmission, or interpretation of data; for example, starting or stopping a process, carriage return, font change, rewind, and end of transmission.

**control storage.** A portion of storage that contains microcode.

**coordinate space.** In computer graphics, a system of Cartesian coordinates in which an object is defined.

**cps.** Characters per second.

**CPU.** Central processing unit.

**CRC.** Cyclic redundancy check.

**CRT.** Cathode ray tube.

**CRT display.** Cathode ray tube display.

**CTS.** Clear to send. Associated with modem control.

**cursor.** (1) In computer graphics, a movable marker that is used to indicate position on a display. (2) A displayed symbol that acts as a marker to help the user locate a point in text, in a system command, or in storage. (3) A movable spot of light on the screen of a display device, usually indicating where the next character is to be entered, replaced, or deleted.

**cyclic redundancy check (CRC).** (1) A redundancy check in which the check key is generated by a cyclic algorithm. (2) A system of error checking performed at both the sending and receiving station after a block-check character has been accumulated.

**cylinder.** (1) The set of all tracks with the same nominal distance from the axis about which the disk rotates. (2) The tracks of a disk storage device that can be accessed without repositioning the access mechanism.

**daisy-chained cable.** A type of cable that has two or more connectors attached in series.

**data.** (1) A representation of facts, concepts, or instructions in a formalized manner suitable for communication, interpretation, or

processing by human or automatic means. (2) Any representations, such as characters or analog quantities, to which meaning is, or might be assigned.

**data base.** A collection of data that can be immediately accessed and operated upon by a data processing system for a specific purpose.

**data processing system.** A system that performs input, processing, storage, output, and control functions to accomplish a sequence of operations on data.

**data transmission.** Synonym for transmission.

**dB.** Decibel.

**dBa.** Adjusted decibels.

**dc.** Direct current.

**debounce.** (1) An electronic means of overcoming the make/break bounce of switches to obtain one smooth change of signal level. (2) The elimination of undesired signal variations caused by mechanically generated signals from contacts.

**decibel.** (1) A unit that expresses the ratio of two power levels on a logarithmic scale. (2) A unit for measuring relative power.

**decoupling capacitor.** A capacitor that provides a low impedance path to ground to prevent common coupling between circuits.

**Deutsche Industrie Norm (DIN).** (1) German Industrial Norm. (2) The committee that sets German dimension standards.

**digit.** (1) A graphic character that represents an integer; for example, one of the characters 0 to 9. (2) A symbol that represents one of the non-negative integers smaller than the radix. For example, in decimal notation, a digit is one of the characters 0 to 9.

**digital.** (1) Pertaining to data in the form of digits. (2) Contrast with analog.

**DIN.** Deutsche Industrie Norm.

**DIN connector.** One of the connectors specified by the DIN committee.

**DIP.** Dual in-line package.

**DIP switch.** One of a set of small switches mounted in a dual in-line package.

**direct current (dc).** A current that always flows in one direction.

**direct memory access (DMA).** A method of transferring data between main storage and I/O devices that does not require processor intervention.

**disable.** To stop the operation of a circuit or device.

**disabled.** Pertaining to a state of a processing unit that prevents the occurrence of certain types of interruptions. Synonymous with masked.

**disk.** Loosely, a magnetic disk.

**diskette.** A thin, flexible magnetic disk and a semirigid protective jacket, in which the disk is permanently enclosed. Synonymous with flexible disk.

**diskette drive.** A device for storing data on and retrieving data from a diskette.

**display.** (1) A visual presentation of data. (2) A device for visual presentation of information on any temporary character imaging device. (3) To present data visually. (4) See cathode ray tube display.

**display attribute.** In computer graphics, a particular property that is assigned to all or part of a display; for example, low intensity, green color, blinking status.

**display element.** In computer graphics, a basic graphic element that can be used to construct a display image; for example, a dot, a line segment, a character.

**display group.** In computer graphics, a collection of display elements that can be manipulated as a unit and that can be further combined to form larger groups.

**display image.** In computer graphics, a collection of display elements or display groups that are represented together at any one time in a display space.

**display space.** In computer graphics, that portion of a display surface available for a display image. The display space may be all or part of a display surface.

**display surface.** In computer graphics, that medium on which display images may appear; for example, the entire screen of a cathode ray tube.

**DMA.** Direct memory access.

**dot matrix.** (1) In computer graphics, a two-dimensional pattern of dots used for constructing a display image. This type of matrix can be used to represent characters by dots. (2) In word processing, a pattern of dots used to form characters. This term normally refers to a small section of a set of addressable points; for example, a representation of characters by dots.

**dot printer.** Synonym for matrix printer.

**dot-matrix character generator.** In computer graphics, a character generator that generates character images composed of dots.

**drawing primitive.** A group of commands that draw defined geometric shapes.

**DSR.** Data set ready. Associated with modem control.

**DTR.** In the IBM Personal Computer, data terminal ready. Associated with modem control.

**dual in-line package (DIP).** A widely used container for an integrated circuit. DIPs have pins in two parallel rows. The pins are spaced 1/10 inch apart. See also DIP switch.

**duplex.** (1) In data communication, pertaining to a simultaneous two-way independent transmission in both directions. (2) Contrast with half-duplex.

**duty cycle.** In the operation of a device, the ratio of on time to idle time. Duty cycle is expressed as a decimal or percentage.

**dynamic memory.** RAM using transistors and capacitors as the memory elements. This memory requires a refresh (recharge) cycle every few milliseconds. Contrast with static memory.

**EBCDIC.** Extended binary-coded decimal interchange code.

**ECC.** Error checking and correction.

**edge connector.** A terminal block with a number of contacts attached to the edge of a printed-circuit board to facilitate plugging into a foundation circuit.

**EIA.** Electronic Industries Association.

**electromagnet.** Any device that exhibits magnetism only while an electric current flows through it.

**enable.** To initiate the operation of a circuit or device.

**end of block (EOB).** A code that marks the end of a block of data.



**end of file (EOF).** An internal label, immediately following the last record of a file, signaling the end of that file. It may include control totals for comparison with counts accumulated during processing.

**end-of-text (ETX).** A transmission control character used to terminate text.

**end-of-transmission (EOT).** A transmission control character used to indicate the conclusion of a transmission, which may have included one or more texts and any associated message headings.

**end-of-transmission-block (ETB).** A transmission control character used to indicate the end of a transmission block of data when data is divided into such blocks for transmission purposes.

**EOB.** End of block.

**EOF.** End of file.

**EOT.** End-of-transmission.

**EPROM.** Erasable programmable read-only memory.

**erasable programmable read-only memory (EPROM).** A PROM in which the user can erase old information and enter new information.

**error checking and correction (ECC).** The detection and correction of all single-bit errors, plus the detection of double-bit and some multiple-bit errors.

**ESC.** The escape character.

**escape character (ESC).** A code extension character used, in some cases, with one or more succeeding characters to indicate by some convention or agreement that the coded representations following the character or the group of characters are to be

interpreted according to a different code or according to a different coded character set.

**ETB.** End-of-transmission-block.

**ETX.** End-of-text.

**extended binary-coded decimal interchange code (EBCDIC).** A set of 256 characters, each represented by eight bits.

**F.** Fahrenheit.

**Fahrenheit (F).** A temperature scale. Contrast with Celsius (C).

**falling edge.** Synonym for negative-going edge.

**FCC.** Federal Communications Commission.

**fetch.** To locate and load a quantity of data from storage.

**FF.** The form feed character.

**field.** (1) In a record, a specified area used for a particular category of data. (2) In a data base, the smallest unit of data that can be referred to.

**field-programmable logic sequencer (FPLS).** An integrated circuit containing a programmable, read-only memory that responds to external inputs and feedback of its own outputs.

**FIFO (first-in-first out).** A queuing technique in which the next item to be retrieved is the item that has been in the queue for the longest time.

**fixed disk drive.** In the IBM Personal Computer, a unit consisting of nonremovable magnetic disks, and a device for storing data on and retrieving data from the disks.

**flag.** (1) Any of various types of indicators used for identification. (2) A character that signals the occurrence of some condition, such as the end of a word. (3) Deprecated term for mark.

**flexible disk.** Synonym for diskette.

**flip-flop.** A circuit or device containing active elements, capable of assuming either one of two stable states at a given time.

**font.** A family or assortment of characters of a given size and style; for example, 10 point Press Roman medium.

**foreground.** (1) In multiprogramming, the environment in which high-priority programs are executed. (2) On a color display screen, the characters as opposed to the background.

**form feed.** (1) Paper movement used to bring an assigned part of a form to the printing position. (2) In word processing, a function that advances the typing position to the same character position on a predetermined line of the next form or page.

**form feed character.** A control character that causes the print or display position to move to the next predetermined first line on the next form, the next page, or the equivalent.

**format.** The arrangement or layout of data on a data medium.

**FPLS.** Field-programmable logic sequencer.

**frame.** (1) In SDLC, the vehicle for every command, every response, and all information that is transmitted using SDLC procedures. Each frame begins and ends with a flag. (2) In data transmission, the sequence of contiguous bits bracketed by and including beginning and ending flag sequences.

**g.** Gram.

**G.** (1) Prefix giga; 1,000,000,000. (2) When referring to computer storage capacity, 1,073,741,824. ( $1,073,741,824 = 2$  to the 30th power.)

**gate.** (1) A combinational logic circuit having one output channel and one or more input channels, such that the output channel state is completely determined by the input channel states. (2) A signal that enables the passage of other signals through a circuit.

**Gb.** 1,073,741,824 bytes.

**general-purpose register.** A register, usually explicitly addressable within a set of registers, that can be used for different purposes; for example, as an accumulator, as an index register, or as a special handler of data.

**giga (G).** Prefix 1,000,000,000.

**gram (g).** A unit of weight (equivalent to 0.035 ounces).

**graphic.** A symbol produced by a process such as handwriting, drawing, or printing.

**graphic character.** A character, other than a control character, that is normally represented by a graphic.

**half-duplex.** (1) In data communication, pertaining to an alternate, one way at a time, independent transmission. (2) Contrast with duplex.

**hardware.** (1) Physical equipment used in data processing, as opposed to programs, procedures, rules, and associated documentation. (2) Contrast with software.

**head.** A device that reads, writes, or erases data on a storage medium; for example, a small electromagnet used to read, write, or erase data on a magnetic disk.

**hertz (Hz).** A unit of frequency equal to one cycle per second.

**hex.** Common abbreviation for hexadecimal.

**hexadecimal.** (1) Pertaining to a selection, choice, or condition that has 16 possible different values or states. These values or states are usually symbolized by the ten digits 0 through 9 and the six letters A through F. (2) Pertaining to a fixed radix numeration system having a radix of 16.

**high impedance state.** A state in which the output of a device is effectively isolated from the circuit.

**highlighting.** In computer graphics, emphasizing a given display group by changing its attributes relative to other display groups in the same display field.

**high-order position.** The leftmost position in a string of characters. See also most-significant digit.

**hither plane.** In computer graphics, a plane that is perpendicular to the line joining the viewing reference point and the view point and that lies between these two points. Any part of an object between the hither plane and the view point is not seen. See also yon plane.

**housekeeping.** Operations or routines that do not contribute directly to the solution of the problem but do contribute directly to the operation of the computer.

**Hz.** Hertz

**image.** A fully processed unit of operational data that is ready to be transmitted to a remote unit; when loaded into control storage in the remote unit, the image determines the operations of the unit.

**immediate instruction.** An instruction that contains within itself an operand for the operation specified, rather than an address of the operand.

**index register.** A register whose contents may be used to modify an operand address during the execution of computer instructions.

**indicator.** (1) A device that may be set into a prescribed state, usually according to the result of a previous process or on the occurrence of a specified condition in the equipment, and that usually gives a visual or other indication of the existence of the prescribed state, and that may in some cases be used to determine the selection among alternative processes; for example, an overflow indicator. (2) An item of data that may be interrogated to determine whether a particular condition has been satisfied in the execution of a computer program; for example, a switch indicator, an overflow indicator.

**inhibited.** (1) Pertaining to a state of a processing unit in which certain types of interruptions are not allowed to occur. (2) Pertaining to the state in which a transmission control unit or an audio response unit cannot accept incoming calls on a line.

**initialize.** To set counters, switches, addresses, or contents of storage to 0 or other starting values at the beginning of, or at prescribed points in, the operation of a computer routine.

**input/output (I/O).** (1) Pertaining to a device or to a channel that may be involved in an input process, and, at a different time, in an output process. In the English language, "input/output" may be used in place of such terms as "input/output data," "input/output signal," and "input/output terminals," when such usage is clear in a given context. (2) Pertaining to a device whose parts can be performing an input process and an output process at the same time. (3) Pertaining to either input or output, or both.

**instruction.** In a programming language, a meaningful expression that specifies one operation and identifies its operands, if any.

**instruction set.** The set of instructions of a computer, of a programming language, or of the programming languages in a programming system.

**intensity.** In computer graphics, the amount of light emitted at a display point

**interface.** A device that alters or converts actual electrical signals between distinct devices, programs, or systems.

**interleave.** To arrange parts of one sequence of things or events so that they alternate with parts of one or more other sequences of the same nature and so that each sequence retains its identity.

**interrupt.** (1) A suspension of a process, such as the execution of a computer program, caused by an event external to that process, and performed in such a way that the process can be resumed. (2) In a data transmission, to take an action at a receiving station that causes the transmitting station to terminate a transmission. (3) Synonymous with interruption.

**I/O.** Input/output.

**I/O area.** Synonym for buffer.

**irrecoverable error.** An error that makes recovery impossible without the use of recovery techniques external to the computer program or run.

**joystick.** In computer graphics, a lever that can pivot in all directions and that is used as a locator device.

**k.** Prefix kilo; 1000.

**K.** When referring to storage capacity, 1024. ( $1024 = 2$  to the 10th power.)

**Kb.** 1024 bytes.

**key lock.** A device that deactivates the keyboard and locks the cover on for security.

**kg.** Kilogram; 1000 grams.

**kHz.** Kiloherertz; 1000 hertz.

**kilo (k).** Prefix 1000

**kilogram (kg).** 1000 grams.

**kilohertz (kHz).** 1000 hertz

**latch.** (1) A simple logic-circuit storage element. (2) A feedback loop in sequential digital circuits used to maintain a state.

**least-significant digit.** The rightmost digit. See also low-order position.

**LED.** Light-emitting diode.

**light-emitting diode (LED).** A semiconductor device that gives off visible or infrared light when activated.

**load.** In programming, to enter data into storage or working registers.

**look-up table (LUT).** (1) A technique for mapping one set of values into a larger set of values. (2) In computer graphics, a table that assigns a color value (red, green, blue intensities) to a color index.

**low power Schottky TTL.** A version (LS series) of TTL giving a good compromise between low power and high speed. See also transistor-transistor logic and Schottky TTL.

**low-order position.** The rightmost position in a string of characters. See also least-significant digit.

**luminance.** The luminous intensity per unit projected area of a given surface viewed from a given direction.



**LUT.** Look-up table.

**m.** (1) Prefix milli; 0.001. (2) Meter.

**M.** (1) Prefix mega; 1,000,000. (2) When referring to computer storage capacity, 1,048,576. (1,048,576 = 2 to the 20th power.)

**mA.** Milliampere; 0.001 ampere.

**machine code.** The machine language used for entering text and program instructions onto the recording medium or into storage and which is subsequently used for processing and printout.

**machine language.** (1) A language that is used directly by a machine. (2) Deprecated term for computer instruction code.

**magnetic disk.** (1) A flat circular plate with a magnetizable surface layer on which data can be stored by magnetic recording. (2) See also diskette.

**main storage.** (1) Program-addressable storage from which instructions and other data can be loaded directly into registers for subsequent execution or processing. (2) Contrast with auxiliary storage.

**mark.** A symbol or symbols that indicate the beginning or the end of a field, of a word, of an item of data, or of a set of data such as a file, a record, or a block.

**mask.** (1) A pattern of characters that is used to control the retention or elimination of portions of another pattern of characters. (2) To use a pattern of characters to control the retention or elimination of portions of another pattern of characters.

**masked.** Synonym for disabled.

**matrix.** (1) A rectangular array of elements, arranged in rows and columns, that may be manipulated according to the rules of

matrix algebra. (2) In computers, a logic network in the form of an array of input leads and output leads with logic elements connected at some of their intersections.

**matrix printer.** A printer in which each character is represented by a pattern of dots; for example, a stylus printer, a wire printer. Synonymous with dot printer.

**Mb.** 1,048,576 bytes.

**mega (M).** Prefix 1,000,000.

**megahertz (MHz).** 1,000,000 hertz.

**memory.** Term for main storage.

**meter (m).** A unit of length (equivalent to 39.37 inches).

**MFM.** Modified frequency modulation.

**MHz.** Megahertz; 1,000,000 hertz.

**micro ( $\mu$ ).** Prefix 0.000,001.

**microcode.** (1) One or more microinstructions. (2) A code, representing the instructions of an instruction set, implemented in a part of storage that is not program-addressable.

**microinstruction.** (1) An instruction of microcode. (2) A basic or elementary machine instruction.

**microprocessor.** An integrated circuit that accepts coded instructions for execution; the instructions may be entered, integrated, or stored internally.

**microsecond ( $\mu$ s).** 0.000,001 second.

**milli (m).** Prefix 0.001.

**milliampere (mA).** 0.001 ampere.

**millisecond (ms).** 0.001 second.

**mnemonic.** A symbol chosen to assist the human memory; for example, an abbreviation such as "mpy" for "multiply."

**mode.** (1) A method of operation; for example, the binary mode, the interpretive mode, the alphanumeric mode. (2) The most frequent value in the statistical sense.

**modeling transformation.** Operations on the coordinates of an object (usually matrix multiplications) that cause the object to be rotated about any axis, translated (moved without rotating), and/or scaled (changed in size along any or all dimensions). See also viewing transformation.

**modem (modulator-demodulator).** A device that converts serial (bit by bit) digital signals from a business machine (or data communication equipment) to analog signals that are suitable for transmission in a telephone network. The inverse function is also performed by the modem on reception of analog signals.

**modified frequency modulation (MFM).** The process of varying the amplitude and frequency of the 'write' signal. MFM pertains to the number of bytes of storage that can be stored on the recording media. The number of bytes is twice the number contained in the same unit area of recording media at single density.

**modulation.** The process by which some characteristic of one wave (usually high frequency) is varied in accordance with another wave or signal (usually low frequency). This technique is used in modems to make business-machine signals compatible with communication facilities.

**modulation rate.** The reciprocal of the measure of the shortest nominal time interval between successive significant instants of the modulated signal. If this measure is expressed in seconds, the modulation rate is expressed in baud.

**module.** (1) A program unit that is discrete and identifiable with respect to compiling, combining with other units, and loading.

(2) A packaged functional hardware unit designed for use with other components.

**modulo check.** A calculation performed on values entered into a system. This calculation is designed to detect errors.

**modulo-N check.** A check in which an operand is divided by a number N (the modulus) to generate a remainder (check digit) that is retained with the operand. For example, in a modulo-7 check, the remainder will be 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6. The operand is later checked by again dividing it by the modulus; if the remainder is not equal to the check digit, an error is indicated.

**modulus.** In a modulo-N check, the number by which the operand is divided.

**monitor.** Synonym for cathode ray tube display (CRT display).

**most-significant digit.** The leftmost (non-zero) digit. See also high-order position.

**ms.** Millisecond; 0.001 second.

**multiplexer.** A device capable of interleaving the events of two or more activities, or capable of distributing the events of an interleaved sequence to the respective activities.

**multiprogramming.** (1) Pertaining to the concurrent execution of two or more computer programs by a computer. (2) A mode of operation that provides for the interleaved execution of two or more computer programs by a single processor.

**n.** Prefix nano; 0.000,000,001.

**NAND.** A logic operator having the property that if P is a statement, Q is a statement, R is a statement,..., then the NAND of P, Q, R,... is true if at least one statement is false, false if all statements are true.

**NAND gate.** A gate in which the output is 0 only if all inputs are 1.

**nano (n).** Prefix 0.000,000,001.

**nanosecond (ns).** 0.000,000,001 second.

**negative true.** Synonym for active low.

**negative-going edge.** The edge of a pulse or signal changing in a negative direction. Synonymous with falling edge.

**non-return-to-zero change-on-ones recording (NRZI).** A transmission encoding method in which the data terminal equipment changes the signal to the opposite state to send a binary 1 and leaves it in the same state to send a binary 0.

**non-return-to-zero (inverted) recording (NRZI).** Deprecated term for non-return-to-zero change-on-ones recording.

**NOR.** A logic operator having the property that if P is a statement, Q is a statement, R is a statement,..., then the NOR of P, Q, R,... is true if all statements are false, false if at least one statement is true.

**NOR gate.** A gate in which the output is 0 only if at least one input is 1.

**NOT.** A logical operator having the property that if P is a statement, then the NOT of P is true if P is false, false if P is true.

**NRZI.** Non-return-to-zero change-on-ones recording.

**ns.** Nanosecond; 0.000,000,001 second.

**NUL.** The null character.

**null character (NUL).** A control character that is used to accomplish media-fill or time-fill, and that may be inserted into or removed from, a sequence of characters without affecting the meaning of the sequence; however, the control of the equipment or the format may be affected by this character.

**odd-even check.** Synonym for parity check.

**offline.** Pertaining to the operation of a functional unit without the continual control of a computer.

**one-shot.** A circuit that delivers one output pulse of desired duration for each input (trigger) pulse.

**open circuit.** (1) A discontinuous circuit; that is, one that is broken at one or more points and, consequently, cannot conduct current. Contrast with closed circuit. (2) Pertaining to a no-load condition; for example, the open-circuit voltage of a power supply.

**open collector.** A switching transistor without an internal connection between its collector and the voltage supply. A connection from the collector to the voltage supply is made through an external (pull-up) resistor.

**operand.** (1) An entity to which an operation is applied. (2) That which is operated upon. An operand is usually identified by an address part of an instruction.

**operating system.** Software that controls the execution of programs; an operating system may provide services such as resource allocation, scheduling, input/output control, and data management.

**OR.** A logic operator having the property that if P is a statement, Q is a statement, R is a statement,..., then the OR of P, Q, R,...is true if at least one statement is true, false if all statements are false.

**OR gate.** A gate in which the output is 1 only if at least one input is 1.

**output.** Pertaining to a device, process, or channel involved in an output process, or to the data or states involved in an output process.

**output process.** (1) The process that consists of the delivery of data from a data processing system, or from any part of it.

(2) The return of information from a data processing system to an end user, including the translation of data from a machine language to a language that the end user can understand.

**overcurrent.** A current of higher than specified strength.

**overflow indicator.** (1) An indicator that signifies when the last line on a page has been printed or passed. (2) An indicator that is set on if the result of an arithmetic operation exceeds the capacity of the accumulator.

**overrun.** Loss of data because a receiving device is unable to accept data at the rate it is transmitted.

**overvoltage.** A voltage of higher than specified value.

**parallel.** (1) Pertaining to the concurrent or simultaneous operation of two or more devices, or to the concurrent performance of two or more activities. (2) Pertaining to the concurrent or simultaneous occurrence of two or more related activities in multiple devices or channels. (3) Pertaining to the simultaneity of two or more processes. (4) Pertaining to the simultaneous processing of the individual parts of a whole, such as the bits of a character and the characters of a word, using separate facilities for the various parts. (5) Contrast with serial.

**parameter.** (1) A variable that is given a constant value for a specified application and that may denote the application. (2) A name in a procedure that is used to refer to an argument passed to that procedure.

**parity bit.** A binary digit appended to a group of binary digits to make the sum of all the digits either always odd (odd parity) or always even (even parity).

**parity check.** (1) A redundancy check that uses a parity bit. (2) Synonymous with odd-even check.

**PEL.** Picture element.

**personal computer.** A small home or business computer that has a processor and keyboard and that can be connected to a television or some other monitor. An optional printer is usually available.

**phototransistor.** A transistor whose switching action is controlled by light shining on it.

**picture element (PEL).** The smallest displayable unit on a display.

**polling.** (1) Interrogation of devices for purposes such as to avoid contention, to determine operational status, or to determine readiness to send or receive data. (2) The process whereby stations are invited, one at a time, to transmit.

**port.** An access point for data entry or exit.

**positive true.** Synonym for active high.

**positive-going edge.** The edge of a pulse or signal changing in a positive direction. Synonymous with rising edge.

**potentiometer.** A variable resistor with three terminals, one at each end and one on a slider (wiper).

**power supply.** A device that produces the power needed to operate electronic equipment.

**printed circuit.** A pattern of conductors (corresponding to the wiring of an electronic circuit) formed on a board of insulating material.

**printed-circuit board.** A usually copper-clad plastic board used to make a printed circuit.

**priority.** A rank assigned to a task that determines its precedence in receiving system resources.

**processing program.** A program that performs such functions as compiling, assembling, or translating for a particular programming language.



**processing unit.** A functional unit that consists of one or more processors and all or part of internal storage.

**processor.** (1) In a computer, a functional unit that interprets and executes instructions. (2) A functional unit, a part of another unit such as a terminal or a processing unit, that interprets and executes instructions. (3) Deprecated term for processing program. (4) See microprocessor.

**program.** (1) A series of actions designed to achieve a certain result. (2) A series of instructions telling the computer how to handle a problem or task. (3) To design, write, and test computer programs.

**programmable read-only memory (PROM).** A read-only memory that can be programmed by the user.

**programming language.** (1) An artificial language established for expressing computer programs. (2) A set of characters and rules with meanings assigned prior to their use, for writing computer programs.

**programming system.** One or more programming languages and the necessary software for using these languages with particular automatic data-processing equipment.

**PROM.** Programmable read-only memory.

**propagation delay.** (1) The time necessary for a signal to travel from one point on a circuit to another. (2) The time delay between a signal change at an input and the corresponding change at an output.

**protocol.** (1) A specification for the format and relative timing of information exchanged between communicating parties. (2) The set of rules governing the operation of functional units of a communication system that must be followed if communication is to be achieved.

**pulse.** A variation in the value of a quantity, short in relation to the time schedule of interest, the final value being the same as the initial value.

**radio frequency (RF).** An ac frequency that is higher than the highest audio frequency. So called because of the application to radio communication.

**radix.** (1) In a radix numeration system, the positive integer by which the weight of the digit place is multiplied to obtain the weight of the digit place with the next higher weight; for example, in the decimal numeration system the radix of each digit place is 10. (2) Another term for base.

**radix numeration system.** A positional representation system in which the ratio of the weight of any one digit place to the weight of the digit place with the next lower weight is a positive integer (the radix). The permissible values of the character in any digit place range from 0 to one less than the radix.

**RAM.** Random access memory. Read/write memory.

**random access memory (RAM).** Read/write memory.

**RAS.** In the IBM Personal Computer, row address strobe.

**raster.** In computer graphics, a predetermined pattern of lines that provides uniform coverage of a display space.

**read.** To acquire or interpret data from a storage device, from a data medium, or from another source.

**read-only memory (ROM).** A storage device whose contents cannot be modified. The memory is retained when power is removed.

**read/write memory.** A storage device whose contents can be modified. Also called RAM.

**recoverable error.** An error condition that allows continued execution of a program.

**red-green-blue-intensity (RGBI).** The description of a direct-drive color monitor that accepts input signals of red, green, blue, and intensity.

**redundancy check.** A check that depends on extra characters attached to data for the detection of errors. See cyclic redundancy check.

**register.** (1) A storage device, having a specified storage capacity such as a bit, a byte, or a computer word, and usually intended for a special purpose. (2) A storage device in which specific data is stored.

**retry.** To resend the current block of data (from the last EOB or ETB) a prescribed number of times, or until it is entered correctly or accepted.

**reverse video.** A form of highlighting a character, field, or cursor by reversing the color of the character, field, or cursor with its background; for example, changing a red character on a black background to a black character on a red background.

**RF.** Radio frequency.

**RF modulator.** The device used to convert the composite video signal to the antenna level input of a home TV.

**RGBI.** Red-green-blue-intensity.

**rising edge.** Synonym for positive-going edge.

**ROM.** Read-only memory.

**ROM/BIOS.** The ROM resident basic input/output system, which provides the level control of the major I/O devices in the computer system.

**row address strobe (RAS).** A signal that latches the row address in a memory chip.

**RS-232C.** A standard by the EIA for communication between computers and external equipment.

**RTS.** Request to send. Associated with modem control.

**run.** A single continuous performance of a computer program or routine.

**saturation.** In computer graphics, the purity of a particular hue. A color is said to be saturated when at least one primary color (red, blue, or green) is completely absent.

**scaling.** In computer graphics, enlarging or reducing all or part of a display image by multiplying the coordinates of the image by a constant value.

**schematic.** The representation, usually in a drawing or diagram form, of a logical or physical structure.

**Schottky TTL.** A version (S series) of TTL with faster switching speed, but requiring more power. See also transistor-transistor logic and low power Schottky TTL.

**SDLC.** Synchronous Data Link Control.

**sector.** That part of a track or band on a magnetic drum, a magnetic disk, or a disk pack that can be accessed by the magnetic heads in the course of a predetermined rotational displacement of the particular device.

**SERDES.** Serializer/deserializer.

**serial.** (1) Pertaining to the sequential performance of two or more activities in a single device. In English, the modifiers serial and parallel usually refer to devices, as opposed to sequential and consecutive, which refer to processes. (2) Pertaining to the sequential or consecutive occurrence of two or more related activities in a single device or channel. (3) Pertaining to the sequential processing of the individual parts of a whole, such as the bits of a character or the characters of a word, using the same facilities for successive parts. (4) Contrast with parallel.

**serializer/deserializer (SERDES).** A device that serializes output from, and deserializes input to, a business machine.

**setup.** (1) In a computer that consists of an assembly of individual computing units, the arrangement of interconnections between the units, and the adjustments needed for the computer to operate. (2) The preparation of a computing system to perform a job or job step. Setup is usually performed by an operator and often involves performing routine functions, such as mounting tape reels. (3) The preparation of the system for normal operation.

**short circuit.** A low-resistance path through which current flows, rather than through a component or circuit.

**signal.** A variation of a physical quantity, used to convey data.

**sink.** A device or circuit into which current drains.

**software.** (1) Computer programs, procedures, and rules concerned with the operation of a data processing system. (2) Contrast with hardware.

**source.** The origin of a signal or electrical energy.

**square wave.** An alternating or pulsating current or voltage whose waveshape is square.

**square wave generator.** A signal generator delivering an output signal having a square waveform.

**SS.** Start-stop.

**start bit.** (1) A signal to a receiving mechanism to get ready to receive data or perform a function. (2) In a start-stop system, a signal preceding a character or block that prepares the receiving device for the reception of the code elements.

**start-of-text (STX).** A transmission control character that precedes a text and may be used to terminate the message heading.

**start-stop system.** A data transmission system in which each character is preceded by a start bit and is followed by a stop bit.

**start-stop (SS) transmission.** (1) Asynchronous transmission such that a group of signals representing a character is preceded by a start bit and followed by a stop bit. (2) Asynchronous transmission in which a group of bits is preceded by a start bit that prepares the receiving mechanism for the reception and registration of a character and is followed by at least one stop bit that enables the receiving mechanism to come to an idle condition pending the reception of the next character.

**static memory.** RAM using flip-flops as the memory elements. Data is retained as long as power is applied to the flip-flops. Contrast with dynamic memory.

**stop bit.** (1) A signal to a receiving mechanism to wait for the next signal. (2) In a start-stop system, a signal following a character or block that prepares the receiving device for the reception of a subsequent character or block.

**storage.** (1) A storage device. (2) A device, or part of a device, that can retain data. (3) The retention of data in a storage device. (4) The placement of data into a storage device.

**strobe.** An instrument that emits adjustable-rate flashes of light. Used to measure the speed of rotating or vibrating objects.

**STX.** Start-of-text.

**symbol.** (1) A conventional representation of a concept.  
(2) A representation of something by reason of relationship, association, or convention.

**synchronization.** The process of adjusting the corresponding significant instants of two signals to obtain the desired phase relationship between these instants.

**Synchronous Data Link Control (SDLC).** A protocol for management of data transfer over a data link.

**synchronous transmission.** (1) Data transmission in which the time of occurrence of each signal representing a bit is related to a fixed time frame. (2) Data transmission in which the sending and receiving devices are operating continuously at substantially the same frequency and are maintained, by means of correction, in a desired phase relationship.

**syntax.** (1) The relationship among characters or groups of characters, independent of their meanings or the manner of their interpretation and use. (2) The structure of expressions in a language. (3) The rules governing the structure of a language. (4) The relationships among symbols.

**text.** In ASCII and data communication, a sequence of characters treated as an entity if preceded and terminated by one STX and one ETX transmission control character, respectively.

**time-out.** (1) A parameter related to an enforced event designed to occur at the conclusion of a predetermined elapsed time. A time-out condition can be cancelled by the receipt of an appropriate time-out cancellation signal. (2) A time interval allotted for certain operations to occur; for example, response to polling or addressing before system operation is interrupted and must be restarted.

**track.** (1) The path or one of the set of paths, parallel to the reference edge on a data medium, associated with a single reading or writing component as the data medium moves past the

component. (2) The portion of a moving data medium such as a drum, or disk, that is accessible to a given reading head position.

**transistor-transistor logic (TTL).** A popular logic circuit family that uses multiple-emitter transistors.

**translate.** To transform data from one language to another.

**transmission.** (1) The sending of data from one place for reception elsewhere. (2) In ASCII and data communication, a series of characters including headings and text. (3) The dispatching of a signal, message, or other form of intelligence by wire, radio, telephone, or other means. (4) One or more blocks or messages. For BSC and start-stop devices, a transmission is terminated by an EOT character. (5) Synonymous with data transmission.

**TTL.** Transistor-transistor logic.

**typematic key.** A keyboard key that repeats its function when held pressed.

**V.** Volt.

**vector.** In computer graphics, a directed line segment.

**video.** Computer data or graphics displayed on a cathode ray tube, monitor, or display.

**view point.** In computer graphics, the origin from which angles and scales are used to map virtual space into display space.

**viewing reference point.** In computer graphics, a point in the modeling coordinate space that is a defined distance from the view point.

**viewing transformation.** Operations on the coordinates of an object (usually matrix multiplications) that cause the view of the object to be rotated about any axis, translated (moved without



rotating), and/or scaled (changed in size along any or all dimensions). Viewing transformation differs from modeling transformation in that perspective is considered. See also modeling transformation.

**viewplane.** The visible plane of a CRT display screen that completely contains a defined window.

**viewport.** In computer graphics, a predefined part of the CRT display space.

**volt.** The basic practical unit of electric pressure. The potential that causes electrons to flow through a circuit.

**W.** Watt.

**watt.** The practical unit of electric power.

**window.** (1) A predefined part of the virtual space. (2) The visible area of a viewplane.

**word.** (1) A character string or a bit string considered as an entity. (2) See computer word.

**write.** To make a permanent or transient recording of data in a storage device or on a data medium.

**write precompensation.** The varying of the timing of the head current from the outer tracks to the inner tracks of the diskette to keep a constant 'write' signal.

**yon plane.** In computer graphics, a plane that is perpendicular to the line joining the viewing reference point and the view point, and that lies beyond the viewing reference point. Any part of an object beyond the yon plane is not seen. See also hither plane.

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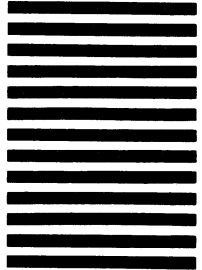
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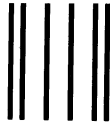
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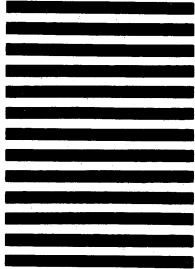
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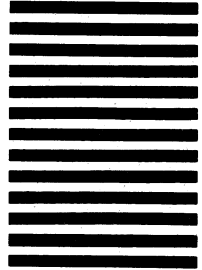
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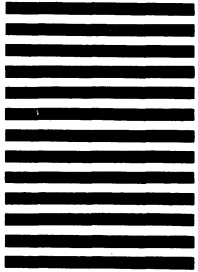
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