

```
(PASCAL PROGRAM TO MAKE CONCEPT LOOK LIKE A TERMINAL :  
IT READS FROM THE KEYBOARD (USER INPUT)  
AND WRITES TO THE DATACOM2 PORT  
IT READS FROM THE DATACOM2 PORT  
AND WRITES TO THE CONSOLE  
}
```

```
PROGRAM TTY;
```

```
CONST
```

```
KBRD = 35; {KEYBOARD UNIT }  
DCOM = 32; {DATACOMM UNIT }  
CONS = 1; {CONSOLE CRT }
```

```
VAR
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```
CTRLC :CHAR; { ETX }  
CH:PACKED ARRAY[0..1] OF CHAR; {CHARACTER THAT IS EITHER READ OR  
WRIT}  
baudrate:integer;
```

```
BEGIN
```

```
writeln;  
write('Enter Baud Rate Code: '); readln(baudrate);  
unitstatus(dcom,baudrate,2);
```

```
CTRLC := CHR(3);
```

```
REPEAT
```

```
IF UNITBUSY(DCOM)  
THEN BEGIN  
UNITREAD(DCOM,CH,1); {READ A CHAR}  
UNITWRITE(CONS,CH,1); {WRITE TO SCREEN}  
END;
```

```
IF UNITBUSY(KBRD)  
THEN BEGIN  
UNITREAD(KBRD,CH,1);  
UNITWRITE(DCOM,CH,1);  
END;
```

```
UNTIL CH[0] = CTRLC;
```

```
END.
```

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; EQUATES FOR ALL DATACOM DRIVER SOFTWARE
; BIT NUMBER DEFINITIONS

BITD0	EQU	0	;BIT 0
BITD1	EQU	1	;BIT 1
BITD2	EQU	2	;BIT 2
BITD3	EQU	3	;BIT 3
BITD4	EQU	4	;BIT 4
BITD5	EQU	5	;BIT 5
BITD6	EQU	6	;BIT 6
BITD7	EQU	7	;BIT 7

; Buffer control table INTERNAL Flag bit definitions **LO BYTE** BF_INTL
; Low order byte

SAVSR	EQU	BITD0	;SET=SAVED ENTRY SR
ENQFLG	EQU	BITD4	;SENT ENQ WAITING FOR ACK

; Internal Flag masks

BUFFLGM	EQU	1	;CLEAR ALL BUT SAVSR
---------	-----	---	----------------------

; Buffer Control Table PROTOCOL flag bit definitions ****lo byte**** BF_PROF

LINE	EQU	BITD0	;LINE TYPE HANDSHAKE
XONXOFF	EQU	BITD1	;XON/XOFF HANDSHAKE
ENQACK	EQU	BITD2	;ENQ/ACK HANDSHAKE
CTS LIN	EQU	BITD3	;LINE IS CTS
DSR LIN	EQU	BITD4	;LINE IS DSR
DCD LIN	EQU	BITD5	;LINE IS DCD
INVBUSY	EQU	BITD6	;1=LINE IS INVERTED(O) WHEN BUSY
Y			
DATACOM	EQU	BITD7	;DATACOM 1 WHEN SET ELSE DCO

; BUFFER CONTROL TABLE PROTOCOL FLAG BIT DEFINITIONS ***HI BYTE***BF_PROF

PROT_P2	EQU	BITD0	; IF SET THEN SOME TYPE OF PROTOCOL EXISTS
COL EXISTS			; ELSE NO PROTOCOLS --BUFFERS OVERFLOW
RFLOW ETC			
MODEM_P2	EQU	BITD1	; IF SET THEN A MODEM PROTOCOL EXISTS
LISTS			
NMOD_P2	EQU	BITD2	; IF SET THEN NULL MODEM PROTOCOL EXISTS
(PROBABLY OF LITTLE USE)			
FULL_P2	EQU	BITD3	; IF SET THEN FULL DUPLEX (DEFAULT)
LT)			
			; OTHERWISE HALF DUPLEX

WRITE BUFFER flag word bit definitions FLAG 1 ->>lo byte

ATHI_W1	EQU	BITD0	; AT HI WATER MARK
ATLO_W1	EQU	BITD1	; AT LOW WATER MARK
ABHI_W1	EQU	BITD2	; ABOVE HI WATER MARK
LTLO_W1	EQU	BITD3	; BELOW LOW WATER MARK
OUTE_W1	EQU	BITD4	; IF 0 DATA FROM BUFFER TO PORT 1 ENABLED
INPE_W1	EQU	BITD5	; IF 0 DATA FROM USER TO BUFFER 1 ENABLED

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; OTHERWISE CONTROLLED INTERNALLY
; IF SET(1) THEN USER IS CONTROLLED
INPC_W1      EQU          BITD7
ING INPE
;
; WRITE BUFFER flag word bit definitions      FLAG 2 ->>lo byte
;
FULL_W2      EQU          BITD0                ; IF SET (1) THEN BUFFER IS FULL
EMPT_W2      EQU          BITD1                ; IF SET (1) THEN BUFFER IS EMPTY
LOST_W2      EQU          BITD2                ; DATA LOST ON INPUT (USER OVERR
NS BUFFER)
AULF_W2      EQU          BITD3                ; IF SET THEN AUTOMATIC ADD IF U
F AFTER CR
CRTF_W2      EQU          BITD4                ; IF SET THEN PREVIOUS CHARACTER
WAS CR
;
; READ BUFFER flag word bit definitions      FLAG 1 ->>LO BYTE
;
ATHI_R1      EQU          BITD0                ; AT HI WATER MARK
ATLO_R1      EQU          BITD1                ; AT LOW WATER MARK
BGHI_R1      EQU          BITD2                ; ABOVE HI WATER MARK
LTLO_R1      EQU          BITD3                ; BELOW LOW WATER MARK
OUTE_R1      EQU          BITD4                ; IF 0 DATA FROM PORT TO BUFFER E
NABLED
INPE_R1      EQU          BITD5                ; IF 0 DATA FROM BUFFER TO USER E
NABLED
OUTC_R1      EQU          BITD6                ; IF SET(1) THEN USER IS CONTROLLED
ING OUTE
; OTHERWISE CONTROLLED INTERNALLY
; IF SET(1) THEN USER IS CONTROLLED
INPC_R1      EQU          BITD7
ING INPE
;
; READ BUFFER flag word bit definitions
;
FULL_R2      EQU          BITD0                ; IF SET (1) THEN BUFFER IS FULL
EMPT_R2      EQU          BITD1                ; IF SET (1) THEN BUFFER IS EMPTY
LOST_R2      EQU          BITD2                ; DATA LOST ON INPUT (PORT OVERR
NS BUFFER)
;
; Table flag's masks
;
DCMFLGM      EQU          $80                  ; LEAVE DATACOM UNTOUCHED
;
; 68000 Interrupt Auto Vector Addresses
;
VEC1         EQU          $64                  ; AUTO VECTOR #1-DATA COM CONTR
L
; This is the VIA used in line
; protocols
VEC2         EQU          $68                  ; AUTO VECTOR #2-DC 1
VEC4         EQU          $70                  ; AUTO VECTOR #4-DC 0
;
; *****
;
; Unit I/O Command codes --found IN D4.W
;
INSTCMD      EQU          0                    ; Install the unit
READCMD      EQU          1                    ; read command
WRRCMD      EQU          2                    ; write command
CLRRCMD      EQU          3                    ; CLEAR THE UNIT
BUSYCMD      EQU          4                    ; busy command
STSCMD      EQU          5                    ; STATUS COMMAND -ACTUAL COMMA
DS IN D2.W
UNMCMC      EQU          6                    ; unmount command

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; VIA Addresses
;
ORA          EQU          $30F63          ; PORT A
DDRA         EQU          $30F67          ; PORT A DATA DIRECTION REG.
NHIRA        EQU          $30F7F          ; PORT A W/O HANDSHAKE (IGNORE D
DRA)

;
; VIA register values
;
IODDRA       EQU          $80              ; PORT A BIT CONFIGURATION
;
; *****
;
; UART register definitions
;
UARTDCO      EQU          $30F20          ; BASE ADDRESS OF DATACOM 0 UART
DC1OFF       EQU          $20            ; OFFSET FROM DCO BASE TO DC1 BA
SE
DATAREG      EQU          1              ; DATA PORT REGISTER INDEX
STATRI       EQU          3              ; STATUS REGISTER INDEX
CMDREGI      EQU          5              ; COMMAND REGISTER INDEX
CTLREGI      EQU          7              ; CONTROL REGISTER INDEX
;
; UART STATUS REGISTER EQUATES
;
S_PARI       EQU          BITD0          ; PARITY ERROR IF SET--SELF CLEAR
ING
S_FRAME      EQU          BITD1          ; FRAMING ERROR IF SET --SELF CLE
ARING
S_OVRN       EQU          BITD2          ; DATA OVERRUN IF SET
S_RCVF       EQU          BITD3          ; RECEIVE REGISTER FULL IF SET -C
LEARED BY READ DATA
S_WRTE       EQU          BITD4          ; WRITE REGISTER EMPTY IF SET
S_DCD        EQU          BITD5          ; DATA CARRY DETECT IF LO ---WIRE
D LOW
S_DSR        EQU          BITD6          ; DATA SET READY IF LOW --- WIRED
LOW
S_IRQ        EQU          BITD7          ; INTERRUPT REQUEST IF SET
;
;
; S_RCVF EQUIVALENT TO RCVBF
; S_WRTE EQUIVALENT TO XMITBE
;
; UART COMMAND REGISTER
;
; NOTE:cannot or members of same section together
;
CM_DISP      EQU          0              ; DISABLE PARITY
CM_OPBT      EQU          $20           ; ODD PARITY BOTH XMIT AND RCV
CM_EPBT      EQU          $60           ; EVEN PARITY BOTH XMIT AND RECEI
VE
CM_MPBD      EQU          $A0           ; MARK PARITY BIT UPON XMIT -PAR:
TY CK DISABLED
CM_SPBD      EQU          $E0           ; SPACE PARITY BIT ON XMIT - PAR:
TY CK DISABLED
;
; -----
CM_ECHO       EQU          $10          ; IF SET-ECHO MODE FOR RECEIVER
;
; -----
CM_DTRL      EQU          $1            ; ENABLE RCVR/XMITRR IF SET DTR
AR=LOW
;
; -----
CM_IRQD      EQU          $2            ; DISABLE INTERRUPTS IF SET ---
OTE CORVUS CUTEY
;
; THIS IS ENABLED FROM STATUS
; AS IS INDICATED IN SYNERTEK
ITERATURE

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CM_TEL0 EQU $4 ;XMIT ENABLED RTS BAR LO
CM_TDLO EQU $8 ;XMIT DISABLED RTS BAR LO
CM_TDBRK EQU $C ;XMIT DISABLED --XMIT BREAK
;
; SOME USEFUL MACRO COMMANDS
; FOR THE COMMAND REGISTER
TURNOFF EQU CM_IR0D
XMITENB EQU CM_TEL0
XMITDIS EQU CM_TDLO
CMDRC EQU CM_DTRL+CM_TDLO ;NO XMIT INT, RCV INT,ENAB DTR,
NO PARITY
CMDRWC EQU CM_DTRL+CM_TEL0 ;SAME AS CMDRC XCEPT XMIT INTERE
UPTS ENABLED ALSO
;
-----
;
CLR3D2 EQU $F3 ;CLEAR BITS D3 & D2 A MASK
;
=====
;
; UART CONTROL REGISTER EQUATES
;
; NOTE: Baud is lower 4 bits of control word--see BAUDCNV table below
;
CR_STPB EQU $80 ;IF 0 THEN = 1 STOP BIT
; IF SET AS INDICATED = 2 STOP
BITS IF NO PARITY ; =1 STOP B
IT IF 8 BIT CHAR + PARITY ; =1.5 STOP
BITS IF 5BIT WORD NO PARITY
;
-----
CR_WRDL8 EQU 0 ;8 BITS WORD LENGTH
CR_WRDL7 EQU $20 ;7 BIT WORD LENGTH
CR_WRDL6 EQU $40 ; 6 ETC
CR_WRDL5 EQU $60 ; 5 ETC.
;
-----
CR_EXTCLK EQU 0 ;EXTERNAL RECEIVE CLOCK
CR_BDCLK EQU $10 ;BAUD RATE GEN FOR CLOCK
;
-----
; UART CONTROL REGISTER CONSTANTS FOR UART SETUP
;
CTLRC EQU CR_BDCLK+CR_WRDL8 ;1 STOP BIT,8BIT WORD LENGTH,BA
UD RATE GENERATOR
;
; ASCII Control characters for printer control
;
XON EQU $11 ;CAN XMIT (CTL-Q)
XOFF EQU $13 ;STOP XMIT (CTL-S)
ENQ EQU $05 ;READY FOR MORE? (CTL-E)
ACK EQU $06 ;YES, I'M READY (CTL-F)
NULL EQU $00 ;NULL CHARACTER-DO NOTHING
CR EQU $0D ;CARRIAGE RETURN
LF EQU $0A ;LINE FEED
;
; Maximum Parameter values for Unitstatus Set table entry functions
;
MAXBAUD EQU 6 ;FOR SET BAUD RATE
MAXPRTY EQU 4 ;FOR SET PARITY
MAXWRDS EQU 1 ;FOR SET WORD SIZE
MAXDTCM EQU 1 ;FOR SET DATACOM
MAXHNDS EQU 7 ;FOR SET HANDSHAKE TYPE
MAXWHI EQU 133 ;HI WATER WRITE MAX # CHARS

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MAXRLO      EQU      80                      ;LO WATER READ #CHARS MAX
;
; error codes (IORESULT)
;
INVCMD      EQU      IOEioreq                ;invalid cmd-(invalid I/O request)
INVTBLID    EQU      IOEtblid                ;invalid table id
INVPRM      EQU      IOEuiopm                ;invalid parameter
INVFNC      EQU      IOEfnccd                ;invalid function code
;
; Miscellaneous definitions
;
TRUE        EQU      1                       ; Pascal true boolean value
ON          EQU      1                       ;LISTING CONTROL - START LISTING
OFF         EQU      0                       ;LISTING CONTROL - STOP LISTING
TBLSTATE    EQU      22                     ;21 POSSIBLE STATUS INQUIRIES
HILOMSK     EQU      $F0                    ;MASK OFF WATER MARKS -THRO THE
M AWAY

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; File: os.gbl.asm.text
; Date: 20-Aug-82

; Corvus CONCEPT operating system data structure equates

; Additional Corvus CONCEPT I/O result codes

IOEioreq equ 3 ; Invalid I/O request
;
IOEnotrnrn equ 21 ; Transporter not ready
IOEtimot equ 22 ; Timed out waiting for Omninet event
IOEnobuf equ 23 ; Read without a valid write buffer
;
IOEwndfn equ 32 ; Invalid window function
IOEwndbe equ 33 ; Window create boundary
IOEwndcs equ 34 ; Invalid character set
IOEwnddc equ 35 ; Delete current window
IOEwndds equ 36 ; Delete system window
IOEwndiw equ 37 ; Inactive window
IOEwndwr equ 38 ; Invalid window record
IOEwndwn equ 39 ; Invalid system window number
;
IOEnodsp equ 40 ; Display driver not available
IOEnokyb equ 41 ; Keyboard driver not available
IOEnotim equ 42 ; Timer driver not available
IOEnoomn equ 43 ; OMNINET driver not available
IOEnoprt equ 44 ; Printer driver not available
IOEnfdrv equ 45 ; No floppy drive at slot
;
IOEtblid equ 50 ; Invalid table entry ID
IOEtblfl equ 51 ; Table full
IOEtbliu equ 52 ; Table entry in use
IOEkybte equ 53 ; Keyboard transmission error
IOEuiopm equ 54 ; Invalid unit I/O parameter
IOEprmln equ 55 ; Invalid parameter block length
IOEfncdd equ 56 ; Invalid function code
IOEclkmf equ 57 ; Clock (hardware) malfunction

; System Common Pointer

pSysCom equ #0180 ; pointer to address of SYSCOM
SysKybdFlg equ #0184 ; keyboard control flags
SysByteScn equ #0186 ; display driver - bytes per scan line

; System Common Equates

SCiorslt equ 0 ; word - I/O result
SCprocno equ 2 ; word - current process number
SCfreehp equ 4 ; lint - free heap pointer
SCjtable equ 8 ; lint - jump table pointer
SCsysout equ 12 ; lint - default output file pointer
SCsysin equ 16 ; lint - default input file pointer


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SCutable equ 28 ;lint - user table pointer
SCtoday equ 32 ;word - system date
SCcodejt equ 34 ;lint - code jump table pointer
SCnxtpro equ 38 ;word - next process number
SCnumpro equ 40 ;word - number of processes
SCprotbl equ 42 ;lint - process table pointer
SCbootnm equ 46 ;lint - boot device name pointer
SCmemmap equ 50 ;lint - memory map pointer
SCbootdv equ 54 ;word - boot device number
;

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8; CONCEPT additions

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; equ 56 ;word - unused
; equ 58 ;word - unused
SCslttbl equ 60 ;lint - slot table pointer
SCrootw equ 64 ;lint - root window record pointer
SCcurrw equ 68 ;lint - current window record pointer
SCcurrk equ 72 ;lint - current keyboard record pointer
SCuserid equ 76 ;word - Constellation user ID
SCvrsnbr equ 78 ;lint - current version number string pointer
SCvrsdat equ 82 ;lint - current version date string pointer
SCwndtbl equ 86 ;lint - window table pointer
SCsusinh equ 90 ;word - suspend inhibit count
SCsusreq equ 92 ;word - suspend request if non-zero

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; System Vector Equates

```

;
SVuwrite equ 0*4 ;unit write
SVuread equ 1*4 ;unit read
SVput equ 4*4 ;put
SVget equ 5*4 ;get
SVinit equ 6*4 ;init
SVopen equ 7*4 ;open
SVclose equ 8*4 ;close
SVwrchar equ 9*4 ;writechar
SVrdchar equ 10*4 ;readchar
SVblkio equ 11*4 ;blockio
SVnew equ 13*4 ;new
SVmark equ 15*4 ;mark
SVrelease equ 16*4 ;release
SVmavail equ 17*4 ;memory available
SVgetdir equ 18*4 ;get directory
SVcrkpth equ 24*4 ;crack path name
SVcli equ 31*4 ;command line interpreter
SVgetvnm equ 32*4 ;get volume names
SVvaldir equ 33*4 ;check valid directory
SVflpdir equ 34*4 ;flip directory
SVschdir equ 35*4 ;search directory
SVdelent equ 36*4 ;delete directory entry
SVputdir equ 37*4 ;write directory
SVuinstl equ 38*4 ;unit install

```

; Memory Map Equates

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;
MMlodta equ 0 ;lint - low data pointer
MMhidta equ 4 ;lint - high data pointer
MMlocod equ 8 ;lint - low code pointer
MMhicod equ 12 ;lint - high code pointer
MMbtsw equ 16 ;word - boot switches
MMbtdev equ 18 ;word - boot device number
MMbtslt equ 20 ;word - boot slot number
MMbtsrv equ 22 ;word - boot server number

```

```

;
; Unit Table Equates
;
UTiodrv equ      2      ;lint - I/O driver pointer
UTblf  equ      6      ;bool - blocked device flag
JTmtd  equ      7      ;bool - mounted device flag
UTdid  equ      8      ;str7 - device ID
UTsiz  equ     14      ;lint - device size
UTslt  equ     20      ;byte - device slot
UTsrv  equ     21      ;byte - device server
UTdrv  equ     22      ;byte - disk drive nmbr
UTtyp  equ     23      ;byte - disk drive type
UTspt  equ     24      ;byte - sectors per track
UTtps  equ     25      ;byte - tracks per side
UTro   equ     26      ;bool - device read only
;      equ     27      ;byte - ... unused
UTblk  equ     28      ;lint - disk base block
UTlen  equ     32      ;      entry length

```

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;
; Slot Table Equates
;

```

```

STbtslt equ      0      ;boot slot number
STbtsrv equ      2      ;boot server number
  STacslt equ      4      ;active slot number
  STacsrv equ      6      ;active server number
STalslt equ      8      ;alternate slot number
STalsrv equ     10      ;alternate server number
  STinfo  equ     12      ;array [1..5] of ....
;
  STnbr   equ      0      ; slot number (1-5)
  STtype  equ      1      ; device type (slottypes)
  STdrv   equ      2      ; number of drives
  STinfoL equ      4      ; device info length

```

```

;
; Character Set Record Equates
;

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```

CStblloc equ      0      ;character set data pointer
CSlppch  equ      4      ;scanlines per character (assume wide)
CSbpch   equ      6      ;bits per character (vertical height)
CSfrstch equ      8      ;first character code - ascii
CSlastch equ     10      ;last character code - ascii
CSmask   equ     12      ;mask used in positioning cells
CSattr1  equ     16      ;attributes
8; bit 0 = 1 - vertical orientation
CSattr2  equ     17      ;currently unused

```

```

;
; Window Record Equates
;

```

```

WRcharpt equ      0      ;character set pointer
WRhomept  equ      4      ;home (upper left) pointer
WRcuradr  equ      8      ;current location pointer
WRhomeof  equ     12      ;bit offset of home location
WRbasex   equ     14      ;home x value, relative to root window
WRbasey   equ     16      ;home y value, relative to root window
WRlengthx equ     18      ;maximum x value, relative to window (bits)
WRlengthy equ     20      ;maximum y value, relative to window (bits)
WRcursx   equ     22      ;current x value (bits)
WRcursy   equ     24      ;current y value (bits)

```

```

WRgrorgy equ 30 ;graphics - origin y (bits relative to home loc)
WRattr1 equ 32 ;attributes
;
; inverse video mode
invrse equ 0 ;
undscr equ 1 ; underscore mode
insmod equ 2 ; insert mode
viddeflt equ 3 ; 0 = W on B, 1 = B on W
noautolf equ 4 ; 0 = auto LF w/CR, 1 = no auto LF
syswin equ 5 ; system defined window
active equ 6 ; active window
suspend equ 7 ; suspended window
;
WRattr2 equ 33 ;attributes
;
; 1 = vertical, 0 = horizontal screen
vert equ 0 ;
graphic equ 1 ; 1 = graphics, 0 = character mode
curson equ 2 ; 1 = cursor on, 0 = cursor off
invcurs equ 3 ; 1 = inverse, 0 = underline cursor
wrapon equ 4 ; 1 = wrap, 0 = clip at eoln
noscroll equ 5 ; 1 = no scroll, 0 = scroll
clrsc equ 6 ; 1 = paging mode
vidset equ 7 ; 1 = inverse 0 = normal
;
WRstate equ 34 ;used for decoding escape sequences
WRrcdlen equ 35 ;window description record length
;
WRlength equ 36 ;actual window record length

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page

```

; DATACOM DRIVER
;
COMDRV
    BRA.S      COM001      ;*070782* JUMP AROUND HEADER
    DATA.B   0           ;DEVICE NOT BLOCKED
    DATA.B   31          ;VALID CMDS - ALL VALID
    DATA.B   82,10,14,00 ;DATE JULY 7 1982
    DATA.B   hmlen      ;HEADER MSG LENGTH
xxx010      DATA.B   'DATACOM driver 3A DEBUG' ;HEADER MSG
hmlen      EQU      %-xxx010
;
COM001
;
;      TRAP      #15
;      DATA.W   0
;
;      NOP
;
;      NOP           ;SETS UP DEBUGGER
;
;      CMPI.W    #UNMCMD,D4 ;VALID COMMAND
,BHI.S      PRNDERR      ;NO
,MOVEM.L    D1-D6/A0-A6,-(SP) ;SAVE REGISTERS
,CLR.L      D7           ;CLEAR IORESULT
,MOVEA.L    D1,A3       ;ADDRESS OF USERS BUFFER
,LSL.W      #1,D4       ;TURN THE COMMAND INTO A
,MOVE.W     0(A1,D4.W),D4 ;INDEX TO THE FUNCTION
,JSR        0(A1,D4.W)   ;DO FUNCTION
,MOVEM.L    (SP)+,D1-D6/A0-A6 ;*** temp* for busy return in D0
,RTS
;
; Invalid Command Error
;
PRNDERR     MOVE.W      #INVCMD,D7
,RTS
;
; THE PRINTER DRIVER JUMP TABLE
;
COMTBL      DATA.W     COMINST-COMTBL ;UNITINSTALL
            DATA.W     COMRD-COMTBL  ;UNITREAD
            DATA.W     COMWR-COMTBL  ;UNITWRITE
            DATA.W     COMCLR-COMTBL  ;UNITCLEAR
            DATA.W     COMBSY-COMTBL  ;UNITBUSY
            DATA.W     COMST-COMTBL   ;UNITSTATUS
            DATA.W     COMUNMT-COMTBL ;UNITUNMOUNT
; ($P
; *****
; *****
;
; COMINST - UNITINSTALL ==> SETUP THE DEFAULT BUFFER CONTROL FEATURES
; Assumes that a spurious DataCom Control interrupt is benign and will
; be handled by the DataCom Control interrupt service routine correctly.
;
COMINST     BSR.S      DISINTS      ;DISABLE DATACOM INTERRUPTS
;
;      LEA      BFRCTL,A0
;      MOVE.B   DEFBWRT,(A0)+ ;DEFAULT WRITE BAUD RATE
;      MOVE.B   DEFBRD,(A0)+  ;DEFAULT READ BAUD RATE
;      MOVE.B   DEFPART,(A0)+ ;DEFAULT PARITY
;      MOVE.B   DEFWRDS,(A0)+ ;DEFAULT WORD SIZE
;      MOVE.W   DEFINTRN,(A0)+ ;DEFAULT INTERNAL FLAG
;      MOVE.W   DEFFROT,(A0)  ;DEFAULT PROTOCOL FLAG
;
; Initialize UART from constants and Printer Control Table & Initialize VIA
;
,MOVE.B     #IODDRA,DDRA.L ;INITIALIZE DATA DIRECTION REG FOR PORT A
,BSR.S     SETUART

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,BTST      #SAVSR, (AO)      ; ONLY RESET STATUS REG. IF
,BEQ.S     PINNOSR          ; SAVED SR IN SAVSR1
,MOVE.W    #DISINT1,SR      ; ALLOW ALL BUT DC CONTROL
;
; Initialize READ AND WRITE BUFFER CONTROL TABLES
;
PINNOSR    BSR      INIWRBF
           BSR      INIRDBF
;
; Setup interrupt vectors
;
           BSR      SETVECS
;
; If saved SR then restore it
;
,BSR.S     ENBINTS
,RTS
;($P
;*****
;*****
;
; DISINTS - disable level 4 interrupts if current level is less than 4
;           If currently anything higher than lvl4 disabled dont save sr.
;           If lower than lvl4, raise to level 4 and save last value for when en
bints time.
;
DISINTS    LEA      BF_INTL+1,AO
,BCLR      #SAVSR, (AO)      ; ASSUME NOT SAVED STATUS REG
,MOVE.W    SR, D0
           MOVE.W   D0, D5      ; SAVE FOR MANIPS
           ANDI.W   #INTMSK, D0 ; GET ONLY INTERRUPT LEVELS
           CMPI.W  #INT4, D0    ; CURRENT LEVEL - LEVEL 4
;
; NOTE: If 2 datacom drivers are run simulta
neously then have to
;           refine this routine to distiguish le
vel based on datacom port
;
,BCC.S     DITEXIT          ; DON'T SAVE
,BSET      #SAVSR, (AO)     ; MARK SAVED SR
,LEA      SAVSR1, AO        ; SAVE THE CURRENT INT STATUS
           MOVE.W   D5, (AO)
;
;           NOW set up disable with minimum disturbanc
e of upper level
;           status bits --- this too wont
ork if user and
;           supervisor space are both util
sed.
;
           ANDI.W   #UPRMSK, D5 ; KEEP ONLY UPR BITS
           ORI.W    #INT4, D5   ; LEVEL 4 DISABLE OR'D IN
           MOVE.W   D5, SR      ; PREVENT ALL DATACOM INTERUPTS
DITEXIT    RTS
;
; ENBINTS - Restore saved SR if saved it
;
ENBINTS    LEA      BF_INTL+1,AO ; IF SAVED SR FLAG SET
,BTST      #SAVSR, (AO)      ; THEN RESTORE SR
,BEQ.S     EITEXIT          ; DIDN'T SAVE SO EXIT
,MOVE.W    SAVSR1, SR
EITEXIT    RTS
;*****
;*****

```

```

; SETUART - Initialize UART from constants and Buffer Control Table
;
; Get UART Register Base address
;
SETUART      BSR.S      GETBASE      ;RETURNS BASE IN AO
;
; Setup UART's Control register - index = 7 from Base
;
      MOVEQ      #CTLRC,DO           ;1 STOP BIT,BAUD RATE GEN
      MOVE.B     BF_WRDS,D1         ;ADD WORD SIZE-7 OR 8 BITS
      LSL.B      #5,D1             ;MOVE INTO HI ORDER BITS
      OR.B       D1,DO             ;00=8 BITS,01=7 BITS
      OR.B       BF_RDBD,DO        ;ADD BAUD RATE FROM TABLE
      MOVE.B     DO,CTLREGI(AO)    ;PUT IN CONTROL REGISTER
;
; Setup UART's Command register - index = 5 from Base
;
      MOVEQ      #CMDRC,DO         ;CMD CONSTANTS keep xmit ints
isabled
      LEA        BF_PART,A1
      MOVE.B     (A1),D1           ;GET TABLE PARITY
      LSL.B      #5,D1             ;PUT IN CORRECT BIT POSITION
      OR.B       D1,DO
      MOVE.B     DO,CMDREGI(AO)    ;PUT IN COMMAND REGISTER
;
; Read the Data Port and Status Register to clear all Status flags
;
      MOVE.B     DATAREG(AO),DO    ;DATA PORT AT INDEX = 1
      MOVE.B     #0,DATAREG(AO)   ;CLEAR XMIT INT
      MOVE.B     STATRI(AO),DO    ;STATUS REG AT INDEX = 3
      RTS
;-----
;
; GETBASE - Get address of UART's register Base address in memory
; EXIT : (AO) = Base address
;
GETBASE      LEA        UARTDCO.L,AO ;ASSUME USING DATACOM 0
            CLR.L      DO
            LEA        BF_PROF+1,A1 ;IF FLAG IS SET THEN MAKE
            BTST       #DATACOM,(A1);DO = THE ADDRESS OFFSET TO
            SNE        DO          ;UART 1'S REGISTERS ELSE
            ANDI.B     #DC1OFF,DO  ;MAKE DO = 0
            ADDA.L     DO,AO       ;BASE := OFFSET+UART DCO BSE
DR
            RTS
;*****
; ($P
;
; SETVECS - Put interrupt routine's entry addresses into the interrupt vectors
SETVECS      LEA        DCTLINT,AO  ;PUT DATA COM CONTROL
,MOVE.L      AO,VEC1.W           ;INT ROUTINE IN VEC 1
,BSR.S      SETDCVEC           ;PUT IN DATA COM XMIT/RCV RTN
,RTS
;
; SETDCVEC - Depending on which DataCom Port is being used, place the
; address of the Xmit/Rcv DataCom int routine's entry address in
; the interrupt vector for that DataCom. Put a pointer to a RTE
; instruction into the vector not being used, just in case some
; tyrkey interrupts on that line
;
SETDCVEC     LEA        VEC4.W,AO   ;ASSUME DCO (VECTOR 4)
            LEA        VEC2.W,A1   ;DC1 IS VECTOR 2
            LEA        BF_PROF+1,A2

```

```

EXG          AO,A1          ;NO,USE DC1 (VECTOR 2)
;
SDVUSEO      LEA          DCOMINT,A2      ;ADDR OF XMIT/RCV INT ROUTINE
              LEA          PTRRTE,A3
              MOVE.L      A2,(A0)        ;INTERRUPT ROUTINE
              MOVE.L      A3,(A1)        ;PTR TO RTE
              RTS
;($P
;*****
;*****
;
; INIWRBF - Initialize Write Buffer variables to EMPTY Buffer also ENQ, BUSY and
;          SENDLF are cleared to false.
;
; INIWRBF      LEA          WRTCTL,A0      ;WRITE BUFFER CONTROL TABLE
              LEA          WRBUF,A1      ;WRITE BUFFER
              MOVE.L      A1,(A0)+      ;FILL POINTER (USED TO FILL CH
ACTERS IN)
              MOVE.L      A1,(A0)+      ;EMPTY POINTER (USED TO EMPTY
HARACTERS OUT)
              MOVE.W      #WBFLN,(A0)+  ;MAXIMUM SIZE OF BUFFER
              MOVE.W      #WBFLN,(A0)+  ;NUMBER OF LOCATIONS AVAILABLE
TO FILL
              MOVE.W      #MAXWHI,(A0)+  ;NUMBER OF CHARACTERS FOR HIGH
WATER MARK
              MOVE.W      #MAXWLD,(A0)+  ;NUMBER OF CHARACTERS FOR LOW
ATER MARK
              CLR.W       (A0)          ;RESET ALL FLAG1
              ADDQ.L      #1,A0         ;LOW ORDER BYTE
              BSET       #LTLO_W1,(A0)   ;BELOW LOW WATER MARK
              ADDQ.L      #2,A0         ;POINT TO FLAG2
              BSET       #EMPT_W2,(A0)   ; BUFFER IS EMPTY
              BSET       #AULF_W2,(A0)   ; AUTO LINE FEED AFTER CR IS A
SERTEED
              RTS
;
;*****
;*****
; INIRDBF - Initialize READ Buffer variables to EMPTY Buffer also ENQ, BUSY and
;          SENDLF are cleared to false.
;
; INIRDBF      LEA          RDCTL,A0      ;READ BUFFER CONTROL TABLE
              LEA          RDBUF,A1      ;READ BUFFER
              MOVE.L      A1,(A0)+      ;FILL POINTER (USED TO FILL CH
ACTERS IN)
              MOVE.L      A1,(A0)+      ;EMPTY POINTER (USED TO EMPTY
HARACTERS OUT)
              MOVE.W      #RBFLN,(A0)+  ;MAXIMUM SIZE OF BUFFER
              MOVE.W      #RBFLN,(A0)+  ;NUMBER OF LOCATIONS AVAILABLE
TO FILL
              MOVE.W      #MAXRHI,(A0)+  ;NUMBER OF CHARACTERS FOR HIGH
WATER MARK
              MOVE.W      #MAXRLO,(A0)+  ;NUMBER OF CHARACTERS FOR LOW
ATER MARK
              CLR.W       (A0)+         ; CLEAR ENQ COUNT
              CLR.W       (A0)         ;RESET ALL FLAG1
              ADDQ.L      #1,A0         ;LOW ORDER BYTE
              BSET       #LTLO_R1,(A0)   ;BELOW LOW WATER MARK
              ADDQ.L      #2,A0         ;POINT TO FLAG2
              BSET       #EMPT_R2,(A0)   ; BUFFER IS EMPTY
              RTS
;
;*****
;*****

```

```

; COMRD - UNITREAD
; READ FROM THE DATACOM BUFFER
;
; INPUTS.....D2 COUNT OF CHARACTERS THE USER WANTS TO READ
;                A3 ADDRESS OF USER'S BUFFER
;
; NOTES: For reading, interrupts will occur when the input buffer
full -no
; priming is necessary as is with writing. Also if full dupl
x activities
; then a read and write interrupt may be the same interrupt
have to check
; status flags of UART.
COMRD
; First see if user's count is exhausted if not-attempt a
read
;
; TST.W D2
; BEQ.S COMREX ;COMREX GENERAL EXIT ROUTINE
;
; Here see if the user has disabled input in any meaningfu
way
;
REREAD
; LEA RB_FLG1+1,A0
; BTST #INPE_R1,(A0) ;IS BUFFER TO USER TRANSFER ENA
;
; BEQ.S CKPORT ; YES IT IS - NOW SEE IF PORT
O BUFFER XFER IS ENABLED
;
; HERE SEE IF THE USER HAS DISABLED THE XFER F
OM BUFFER TO USER
; BTST #INPC_R1,(A0)
; BEQ.S REREAD ; NOPE--MACHINE DISABLED KEEP
RYING
;
; HERE the user has disabled his buffer input -remind him
;
; MOVE.W #IOEirdsbl,D7
; RTS
;
; Here if there is any data in the buffer, give it to user.
If there is no data and
; the user has disabled the outboard read, remind him. How
ver if the klutz wants to
; read and there aint nothin there hang him in a loop wait
ng for data.
;
; CKPORT
STUCKRD
; LEA RB_FLG2+1,A0
; BTST #EMPT_R2,(A0) ;SEE IF BUFFER IS EMPTY
; BEQ.S READONE ; NOPE GO READ A CHARACTER
; LEA RB_FLG1+1,A0 ; BUFFER EMPTY--SEE IF INPUT IS
AT LEAST ENABLED
; BTST #OUTE_R1,(A0)
; BEQ.S STUCKRD ; YES IT IS -USER WINS A LOOP
;
; Here see if the user or machine disabled the
outboard read
; BTST #OUTC_R1,(A0)
; BEQ.S STUCKRD ; MACHINE DISABLED -TRY AGAIN
;
; Here the user has the read port disabled ---tell him

```



```

RTS
;
; Here we win the big banana -get user his characters an
; manage buffer
;
READONE
    BSR.S      UGETCHR      ;GET THE CHARACTER FOR THE US
FROM THE BUFFER
    BCS.S      RDPROB      ;IF RDPROB THEN FOUND BY UGETI
;
; Here give user his character and keep track of his spa
;
    MOVE.B     D7,(A3)+
    SUBQ.W     #1,D2
    BRA.S      COMRD       ;GETSMOA IF AVAILABLE
;
; Note that d7 is all set up to point at err if found by
; etchr
; thus a simple return is all thats required
RDPROB
COMREX
    RTS
    MOVE.W     #IOok,D7
    RTS
;
;($P
;-----
; UGETCHR --- User level get character routine, gets the character from the r
; d buffer.
;
; The character if gotten is returned in D7 since d0 clob
; red by disints.
; If there are any problems, then the horr5or code is set
; nto D7
; and the carry bit is set
; If all ok then carry bit is cleared
UGETCHR
    MOVEM.L    D1-D6/A0-A6,-(SP)
    BSR        DISINTS      ;GET RID OF INTS HEREIN
    LEA        RB_EMPTY,A1  ; A1 NOW HOLDS POINTER TO EMP
ADDRESS
    MOVE.L     (A1),A0      ;A0 NOW POINTS TO THE EMPTYING
POSITION OF RD BUFFER
    MOVE.B     (A0)+,D7     ;Coming into this routine -bun
a checks made to ensure
; at least one character is
available. This then is the
; "get" of that character.
;Move the incremented pointer b
k to rb_empty
;
; Now check for various things such as pointing beyond end of physic
; buffer
; hi and lo water marks , and consistency of buffer sizes.
;
LEA          RDBUF+RBFLN,A2 ;PHYSICAL ADDRESS OF END OF BU
ER IN A2
CMPA.L      A0,A2          ;Note ao incremented above to
int to next logical
; character position
; Compare is physical end of
ffer - next assumed
; character address
; HERE + OK --NO WRAP AROUND
ADDRESS
    BGT.S      NORWRA

```

```

;
; LEA RDBUF,A0 ;ADDRESS OF TOP OF READ BUFFER
; MOVE.L AO,(A1) ; RB_EMPTY NOW RESET
;
; From here on out we will be screwing with things that the
; interrupt routines may well fiddle with, hence disable interrupts and hope
; for the best
;
; NORWRA
;
; E SPACE
;
; LEA RB_FREE,A0
; ADDQ.W #1,(A0) ;SINCE WE GOT CHAR, ONE MORE FREE
;
; LEA RB_SIZE,A1
; MOVE.W (A0),D1
; SUB.W (A1),D1 ; #OF FREE LOCATIONS - BUFFER SIZE
;
; BLT.S CRWAT ; - OR 0 OK HERE CHECK HI/LO WATER MARKS
;
; BGT.S HELPRD ; HELPRD IS SERIOUS ERROR
;
; Here the number of free locations is = size of buffer, hence
; once buffer is empty- reset all pointers
;
;
; LEA RDBUF,A0
; LEA RB_EMPTY,A1
; LEA RB_FILLP,A2
; MOVE.L AO,(A1) ; EMPTY ADDRESS REINITIALISED
; MOVE.L AO,(A2) ; FILL POINTER REINITIALISED
; LEA RB_FLG2+1,A0
; BSET #EMPT_R2,(A0)
; LEA RB_FLG1+1,A0
; BSET #LTLO_R1,(A0) ;SOME FLAGS RESET
; BSR ENBINTS
; MOVEM.L (SP)+,D1-D6/A0-A6
; MOVE.W #0,CCR ;CLEAR CARRY SINCE ALL OK
; RTS
;
; HELPRD ; SERIOUS BUMMER BUG
;
; BSR ENBINTS
; MOVEM.L (SP)+,D1-D6/A0-A6
; MOVE.W #IOEbszerr,D7 ;SIZING ERROR
; MOVE.W #1,CCR ;SET CARRY
; RTS
;
; Here check the hi/lo water marks etc set flags user may want
;
; CRWAT
;
; BSR.S REDWAT
; BSR ENBINTS
; MOVEM.L (SP)+,D1-D6/A0-A6
; MOVE.W #0,CCR ; ALL OK
; RTS
;
; -----
;
; redwat -checks water marks for reading
;
; NOTES: This routine assumes that interrupts are disabled prior
; to its being provoked.
;
; REDWAT
;
; MOVEM.L A0-A2/D1/D2,-(SP)
; LEA RB_FLG1+1,A0 ;SETR UP FLAG WORD FOR MANIPS

```

```

        LEA        RB_FREE,A2
        MOVE.W    (A1),D1
        SUB.W     (A2),D1                ; TAKE AWAY FREE SPACE, LEAVI
UMBR CHARS IN BUFFER
        LEA        RB_LOWA,A1
        CMP.W     (A1),D1                ; HOW DOES NMBR CHARS COMPARE
LOW WATER MARK CR-LOWA
        BEQ.S     ATLO                    ; =0 THEN AT LOW WATER
        BLT.S     BELOLO                  ; - TRHEN L;ESS THAN LOW WATE

```

```

ARK
;
;
; Here obviously + so compare with hi water marks- curre
y do not deal
;
; with the absurdity of user setting hi<lo etc.

```

```

        LEA        RB_SIZE,A1
        MOVE.W    (A1),D2                ;ACTUAL SIZE OF BUFFER
        LEA        RB_HIWA,A1
        SUB.W     (A1),D2                ;D2 NOW CONTAINS TOTAL # CHAR
O GET TO HIWAT MARK
        CMP.W     D2,D1                  ;HIWAT - ACTUAL # CHARS IN BU
        BEQ.S     ATHI                    ; AT HI WATER MARK
        BLT.S     MORHI                    ; BEYOND HI WATER MARK
        BRA       BYR

```

```

ATLO
        BSET      #ATLO_R1,(A0)
        BRA       BYR

```

```

BELOLO
        BSET      #LTLO_R1,(A0)
        BRA       BYR

```

```

ATHI
        BSET      #ATHI_R1,(A0)
        BRA       BYR

```

```

MORHI
        BSET      #BGHI_R1,(A0)
        BRA       BYR

```

```

BYR
        MOVEM.L   (SP)+,A0-A2/D1/D2
        RTS

```

```

;*****
*****

```

```

; ($P
; COMWR - UNITWRITE
;
; INPUTS.....D2 COUNT OF CHARACTERS THE USER WANTS TO WRITE
; A3 ADDRESS OF USER'S CHARACTERS
; Setup the write buffer, and if appropriate, start filling it with
aracters.
; NOTE:
; For writing, the UART has to be tricked into interrupting wh
the xmit buffer
; is empty by enabling the xmit interrupt. If no xmissions the
of course its empty
; and it interrupts forever. Hence trickery only when sending
rst of a stream
; (starting interrupts) and last of a stream (stopping the lit
e dears)
;
COMWR

```

```

        TST.W    D2                    ;IS USER COUNT DONE?
        BEQ.S    COMWEX                  ;YES

```

```

;
; Here see if the user has disabled input in any meaning
way
;

```

```

BTST      #INPE_W1,(A0)      ;IS USER TO BUFFER TRANSFER ENAB
LED?(INBOARD WRITE)
      BEQ.S      CKWRTP      ; YES IT IS - NOW SEE IF BUFFER
      TO PORT XFER IS ENABLED
;
;
;           HERE SEE IF THE USER HAS DISABLED THE XFER FR
OM BUFFER TO USER
      BTST      #INPC_W1,(A0)
      BEQ.S      REWRITE      ; NOPE--MACHINE DISABLED KEEP
RYING
;
;           HERE the user has disabled his buffer input -remind him
;
      MOVE.W    #IOEiwdsb1,D7
      RTS
;
;           Here put the user's data into the buffer. First see if cha
r can fit in buffer, and
;           whether or not outboard write is enabled. User may win a
wait loop given the right
;           conditions. Also may have to prime pump -whoopeee.
;
CKWRTP
MOREWR
      LEA      WB_FLG2+1,A0
      BTST      #FULL_W2,(A0)      ;SEE IF BUFFER IS FULL
      BEQ.S      WRTONE      ;NOPE GO WRITE A CHAR TO THE BUF
FER
      LEA      WB_FLG1+1,A0      ; BUFFER FULL - SEE IF OUTPUT IS
AT ALL ENABLEDD
      BTST      #OUTE_W1,(A0)
      BNE.S      MCHOFF      ; NO IT ISN'T, SEE IF MACHINE OF
USER DISABLED
;
;           Here see if the buffer was previously empty -if
so start xmits
;
      BSR.S    MAYWRTS      ; HERE WE MAY START A WRITE OU
THE PORT
      BRA      MOREWR
;
;           Here see if the user or machine disabled the
outboard write
MCHOFF
      BTST      #OUTC_W1,(A0)
      BEQ.S      MOREWR      ; MACHINE DISABLED -TRY AGAIN
;
;           Here the user has the write port disabled ---tell him
;
      MOVE.W    #IOEowdsb1,D7
      RTS
;
;           Here start the hardware write operation if appropriate
;
MAYWRTS
      BSR      DISINTS
      LEA      WB_FLG2+1,A0
      BCLR     #EMPTY_W2,(A0)      ;WAS IT EMPTY
      BEQ.S    MAYBYE      ; NOPE NOTR APPROPRIATE TO STA
T HARDWARE-IT SHUD BE ON
      BSR      STRTXMIT      ;ENABLE XMITT INTERRUPT PROCES
ING
MAYBYE
      BSR      ENBINTS

```

```

e buffer
;
WRTONE
        MOVE.B      (A3)+,D7
        SUBQ.W      #1,D2
        BSR.S       UPUTCHR          ;PUT THE USER'S CHARACTER INTO
HE WRITE BUFFER
        BCC.S       COMWR           ;IF WRPROB THEN FOUND BY UPUTCHR
;
;
;
utchr
;
WRPROB
        RTS
COMWEX
        BSR.S       MAYWRTS        ;MAY HAVE TO START A WRITE EVEN THO WRITE
BUFFER NOT FULL -RAN
;
;
        MOVE.W      #IOok,D7
        RTS
;
;($P
-----
; UPUTCHR --- User level put character routine, puts the character into the wr
te buffer.
;
;
; This routine assumes that somebody has already checked t
see that
;
; there is enuf room in the buffer
; The character to be put is in d7.
; If there are any problems, then the horr5or code is set
;
; and the carry bit is set
; If all ok then carry bit is cleared
;
UPUTCHR
        MOVEM.L     D1-D6/A0-A6,-(SP)
        BSR         DISINTS
        LEA         WB_FILLP,A1      ; POINTER TO ADDRESS IN A1
        MOVE.L      (A1),A0         ;A0 NOW POINTS TO THE FILL POSI
ION OF WRITE BUFFER
        MOVE.B      D7,(A0)+        ;Coming into this routine -bunc
a checks made to ensure
;
; at least one character is a
ailable. This then is the
;
; "get" of that character.
        MOVE.L      A0,(A1)         ;BUMP THE FILL POINTER--ADJUST BELO
IFF NECESSARY
;
; Now check for various things such as pointing beyond end of physical
buffer
;
; hi and lo water marks , and consistency of buffer sizes.
;
;
        LEA         WRBUF+WBFLen,A2 ;PHYSICAL ADDRESS OF END OF BU
FER IN A2
        CMPA.L      A0,A2           ;Note ao incremented above to p
int to next logical
;
; character position
; Compare is physical end of b
ffer - next assumed
;
; character address
; HERE + OK --NO WRAP AROUND O
        BGT.S       NOWRAP
ADDRESS
;

```

```

LEA      WRBUF,A0      ;ADDRESS OF TOP OF WRITE BUFFE
MOVE.L   AO,(A1)      ; WB_FILLP NOW RESET
;
;
; From here on out we will be screwing with things that th
interrupt routines    may well fiddle with, hence disable interrupts and hop
;
; for the best
;
NOWRAP
LEA      WB_FREE,A0
SUBQ.W   #1,(A0)      ;SINCE WE WROTE CHAR, ONE LESS
REE SPACE
BEQ.S    FULLUP      ;IF TO FULLUP THEN THE BUFFER I
FULL
BGT.S    WRWAT      ; IF + THEN SEE WHAT WATER MARK
ARE LIKE
;
;
; Here we got severe problems if number of free spaces is
;
;
;
BSR      ENBINTS      ;REENABLE INTERRUPTS
MOVEM.L  (SP)+,D1-D6/A0-A6
MOVE.W   #IOEwszerr,D7      ;SIZING ERROR
MOVE.W   #1,CCR      ;SET ERROR
RTS
;
; HERE THE BUFFER IS FULL SET FLAGS
FULLUP
LEA      WB_FLG2+1,A1
BSET     #FULL_W2,(A1)      ; FULL FLAG
LEA      WB_FLG1+1,A1
ANDI.B   #HILOMSK,(A1)
BSET     #BGHI_W1,(A1)      ;ABOVE HI WATER MARK
BSR      ENBINTS      ;REENABLE INTS
MOVEM.L  (SP)+,D1-D6/A0-A6
MOVE.W   #0,CCR      ;FULL BUFFER IS NOT ERROR
RTS
;
;
; Here check the hi/lo water marks etc set flags user may
omeday want
;
WRWAT
BSR.S    WRTWAT
BSR      ENBINTS
MOVEM.L  (SP)+,D1-D6/A0-A6
MOVE.W   #0,CCR      ; ALL OK
RTS
;
-----
; WRTWAT -checks water marks for WRITING
;
; NOTES: This routine assumes that interrupts are disabled prior
; to its being provoked.
WRTWAT
MOVEM.L  A0-A2/D1/D2,-(SP)
LEA      WB_FLG1+1,A0      ;SETR UP FLAG WORD FOR MANIPS
ANDI.B   #HILOMSK,(A0)
LEA      WB_SIZE,A1      ;ACTUAL SIZE OF BUFFER
LEA      WB_FREE,A2      ; TAKE AWAY FREE SPACE, LEAVES
UMBR CHARS IN BUFFR
MOVE.W   (A1),D1      ; HOW DOES NMBR CHARS COMPARE T
LOW WATER MARK CR-LOWA
SUB.W    (A2),D1      ; =0 THEN AT LOW WATER

```

```

CMP.W      (A1),D1
BEQ.S      ATLOW
BLT.S      BELOLOW

```

```

;
; Here obviously + so compare with hi water marks- current
; do not deal
; with the absurdity of user setting hi<lo etc.
;

```

```

ntually) LEA      WB_SIZE,A1      ; actual buffer size to d2 (ev
;
; MOVE.W      (A1),D2
; LEA      WB_HIWA,A1      ; numbr of chars in hiwater ma
k
; SUB.W      (A1),D2
; CMP.W      D2,D1      ;hiwater mark - actual nmbr ch
rs in byuffer
; BEQ.S      ATHIW
; BLT.S      MORHIW
; BRA      BYW

```

```

ATLOW
; BSET      #ATLO_W1,(AO)
; BRA      BYW

```

```

BELOLOW
; BSET      #LTLO_W1,(AO)
; BRA      BYW

```

```

ATHIW
; BSET      #ATHI_W1,(AO)
; BRA      BYW

```

```

MORHIW
; BSET      #BGHI_W1,(AO)
; BRA      BYW

```

```

BYW
; MOVEM.L    (SP)+,AO-A2/D1/D2
; RTS

```

```

;-----
;

```

```

; ($P
;
; NOTE: it is assumed that these routines are protected from inter
upts
;

```

```

; STRTXMIT - start xmit interrupt process by enabling UART to interrupt
; on transmit buffer empty.
; STOPXMIT - stop xmit interrupt process by disabling UART to interrupt
; on transmit buffer empty.
;

```

```

; STRTXMIT
; MOVEQ      #XMITENB,D1      ;ENABLE XMIT INT
; BRA.S      SXTGETB
; STOPXMIT
; MOVEQ      #XMITDIS,D1     ;DISABLE XMIT INT
;
; SXTGETB
; BSR      GETBASE      ;GET UART BASE ADDRESS
; MOVE.B    CMDREGI(AO),DO  ;GET CURRENT CMD REG
; ANDI.B    #CLR3D2,DO    ;CLEAR BITS D3 & D2
; OR.B     D1,DO      ;DON'T CHANGE OTHER BITS
; MOVE.B    DO,CMDREGI(AO) ;SAVE CHANGED CMD REG
; RTS
; ($P
;
; *****
; *****
;
; DCOMINT - DataCom Interrupt routine for XMIT/RCV interrupts.
;
; NOTE: I f we find some way to use only 1 driver to play with 2 ports

```

```

; CRITICAL: if an interrupt occurs, then both the receive buffer
full and the xmit
; buffer empty could be true simultaneously, so we must
t test both.
; However, only once thru the test then rte
; Currently the priority is reads then writes
; The fact that we have an interrupt for read or write means that
t we are not user
; disabled, so we don't have to check that condition.
;
DCOMINT      MOVEM.L      DO-A6,-(SP)          ;SAVE ALL REGISTERS
,BSR         GETBASE     ;GET UART BASE ADDRESS
;
; If Receive interrupt then see if should process character.
;
REACHK
,MOVE.B      STATRI(A0),DO          ;GET STATUS OF UART
             MOVE.B      DO,D7          ; STORE STATUS FOR TEST XMIT IN
TERRUPT LATER
             BTST        #S_RCVF,DO     ;TEST FOR RECEIVE BUFFER FULL
,BNE.S       DCIRCVC          ;PROCESS RECEIVED CHAR
;
; Not Receive, if Transmit interrupt then see if can send character
; NOTE: THIS TESTS D7 WHICH ALLOWS US TO COME THRU HERE AFTER A READ CHECK
K DONE
WRICKK
             BTST        #S_WRTE,D7     ;XMIT BUFFER EMPTY?
,BEQ.S       DCIEXIT          ;NO, UNKNOWN INTERRUPT - EXIT
DCIPX        BSR          FRXMIT       ;YES, PROCESS XMIT
DCIEXIT      MOVEM.L      (SP)+,DO-A6    ;EXIT-RESTORE REGISTERS
PTRRTE       RTE            ;EXIT INTERRUPT
;-----
; process received character
;
DCIRCVC      MOVE.B      DATAREG(A0),DO   ;GET CHAR/CLEARs INTERRUPT
,BCLR        #BITD7,DO          ;CLEAR D7 OF CHAR JUST IN CASE
             LEA         BF_PROF,A1     ; SEE IF ANY PROTOCOLS AT ALL--
CHECK HI BYTE
             BTST        #PROT_P2,(A1)
             BNE.S       PROTS          ; IF SET THEN A PROTOCOL EXISTS
-FOOEY
;
; HERE just put character into read buffer
and get out since
; no protocols are required.
;
             BSR.S       MPUTBFR
             BRA.S       WRICKK
;-----
; MPUTBFR --PUT A CHARACTER INTO THE READ BUFFER AND RETURN --ADJUST COUNTERS/POIN
TERS AS REQUIRED
; COMING IN D7- CONTAINS STATUS WORD DO CONTAINS CHARACTER
; AO POINTS TO UART
MPUTBFR
;
             LEA         RB_FILLP,A1     ; POINTER TO FILL POINTER IN A
             LEA         RB_FREE,A2
             MOVE.W      (A2),D1        ;MOVE THE FREE CHARACTER COUNT
TO D1
             TST.W       D1             ;SEE IF ANY FREE SPACE IN BUFF
R
             BEQ.S       OVFLOW        ; NO FREE SPACE, ADDING THIS C
ARACTER WUD OVERFLOW BUFFER
;

```



```

;
;           MOVE.L      (A1),A3           ; A3 NOW POINTS TO BUFFER
;           MOVE.B      D0,(A3)+         ; AUTO ADJUST POINTER
;           MOVE.L      A3,(A1)         ; RESET THE FILL POINTER RB_FILL
LP
;
;                                     ;Here check to see if pointer wraps around
; end of buffer
;
;           LEA         RDBUF+RBFLLEN,A5
;           CMPA.L      A3,A5             ;END OF BUFF-CURRENT LOC
;           BGT.S       INORRP           ; IF 0 THENB NO READ WRAP
;           LEA         RDBUF,A5
;           MOVE.L      A5,(A1)         ;ADJUST POINTER
;
; INORRP
;           SUBQ.W      #1,D1             ; DECREMENTR THE FREE COUNT
;           MOVE.W      D1,(A2)         ; ADJUST THE FREE CHARACTER COU
NT
;           LEA         RB_FLG2+1,A2     ;NO LONGER IS BUFFER EMPTY
;           BCLR        #EMPT_R2,(A2)    ;RESET EMPTY FLAG ANYHOOD
;           BSR         REDWAT           ; ADJUST WATER MARKS FOR THE RE
AD BUFFER
;                                     ; REDWATR SCRIBBLES OVER REGS
;                                     ;SEE IF REALLY FULL
;           TST.W       D1
;           BEQ.S       FULLRD
;           MOVE.W      #0,CCR
;           RTS
FULLRD
;           LEA         RB_FLG2+1,A1
;           BSET        #FULL_R2,(A1)
;           MOVE.W      #0,CCR
;           RTS
;
; Here if the character were put in the bu
; fer would overflow
;
; t buffer bounds would
;
; can the data. If
;
; indicator.
OVFLOW
;           LEA         RB_FLG2+1,A1
;           BSET        #LOST_R2,(A1)    ; SET DATA LOST FLAG -THROW BYTE AWAY AN
D RETURN
;           MOVE.W      #1,CCR
;           RTS
;-----
;*****TEMP IGNORE ALL PROTOCOLS*****
*****
PROTS
;           LEA         BF_PROF+1,A1     ; IF LINE TYPE OF HANDSHAKE
*
;           BTST        #LINE,(A1)      ; BETWEEN PRINTER & DRIVER
*
;           BNE.S       DCIEXIT         ; THEN IGNORE CHARACTER
*
;
*
; Here examine xon/xoff and enq/ack type protocols
;
;           BRA.S       DCIEXIT         ;EXIT - STOPPED XMIT
*
;
;

```

```
;$P
; PRXMIT - process transmission interrupt
; Just send the next character if possible
;
; ENTRY : (A0) = UART Base address
PRXMIT
    LEA        BF_PROF,A1                ;FIRST SEE IF ANY PROTOCOLS EN
BLED AT ALL
    BTST       #PROT_P2,(A1)            ; IF SET THEN A PROTOCOL EXIST
    BNE        PROWRT
    BSR        MGETCHR                  ;ATTEMPT TO WRITE A CHAR FROM
OFFER
    RTS
;
; NOTE: no hairy checking of protocols curr
ntly done cuz first test
; is to run sans protocols.
;-----
;MGETCHR - GET A CHARACTR FROM BUFFER TO MACHINE PORT
;
MGETCHR
;
; First see if hve to force a line feed ou
;
; LEA        WB_FLG2+1,A1
; BTST       #AULF_W2,(A1)            ; IS AUTO FEED REQUIRED?
; BEQ.S      NOLF                     ; NO
; Here auto lf is required iff last char out was CR
;
; BCLR       #CRTF_W2,(A1)            ; SEE IF CR WAS LAST CHARACTER
OUT?
; BEQ.S      NOLF                     ;NOPE
;
; HERE ADD THE LINE FEED-DONT ADJUST POINTERS
;
; MOVE.B     #LF,DATAREG(A0)
; MOVE.W     #0,CCR
; RTS
;
; HERE -NORMAL CHAR FROM BUFFER PROCESSING
;
; NOLF
;
; LEA        WB_EMPTY,A1                ; POINTER TO EMPTY POINTER
; LEA        WB_FREE,A2                ;POINTER TO # OF FREE SPACES I
BUFFER
; LEA        WB_SIZE,A4                ; MAX SIZE OF BUFFER POINTER
; MOVE.W     (A4),D1                   ; D1 HAS MAX BUF SIZE
; SUB.W     (A2),D1                    ;SIZE-FREE SPACE =NUMBER CHARS
IN BUFFER (D1)
; BEQ.S      EMPTYB                    ; EMPTY BUFFER
; BLT.S      UNDFLOW                   ; IF < 0 CHARACTERS THEN DATA
NDERFLOW
;
; Here we assume there is a character to se
;
; MOVE.L     (A1),A3                   ;A3 NOW POINTS DIRECTLY AT CHA
ACTER TO MOVE OUT
; CMPI.B    #CR,(A3)                  ; SEE IF THIS IS A CARRIAGE RE
URN
; BNE.S     NOCR
; LEA       WB_FLG2+1,A5              ; SET CR FLAG FOR USE IF AULF
FLAG SET
; BSET      #CRTF_W2,(A5)
NOCR
; MOVE.B    (A3)+,DATAREG(A0)         ; PUSH CHARACTER OUT
```

```

;
;
; Here check to see if pointer wraps around
end of buffer
;
LEA      WRTBUF+WBFLen,A5
CMPA.L   A3,A5          ;END OF BUFF-CURRENT LOC
BGT.S    INOWRP        ; IF + THEN NO WRAP
LEA      WRTBUF,A5
MOVE.L   A5,(A1)       ;ADJUST POINTER
;
INOWRP
; *****Temporary kludge coming up --the full flag
; should really be reset
; on the second interrupt after xmit interrupts enabled, since first i
; nterrupt just primes
; this routine to shove characters out. the very first interrupt only
; means the
; interrupt mechanism is working, not that characters made it to anywh
; ere buit the
; data regiuster.
LEA      WB_FLG2+1,A1
BCLR     #FULL_W2,(A1)  ; OBVIUOSLY ALWAYS TRUE EXCEPTI
NG KLUDGE NOTE ABOVE
ADDQ.W   #1,(A2)       ; ONE MORE FREE CHARACTER
SUBQ.W   #1,D1         ; ONE LESS CHAR IN BUFFER
BEQ.S    EMPTYB
BLT.S    UNDFLOW      ; IF < 0 U NOW HAVE AN EMPTY B
UFFER WHICH MEANS
; THE NEXT INTERRUPT INDICATRES
; AND IF NO MORE CHARS, THEN MU
; OF CHARS (TURN OF XMIT INT EN
; ADJUST WATER MARKS
; ALL IS STILL OK
BSR      WRTWAT
MOVE.W   #0,CCR
RTS
;
EMPTYB   ; THE BUFFER IS EMPTY , RESET ALL POINTERS
, ETC. THIS IS THE
; NORMAL WAY FOR A WRITE TO TERMINATE, IN
; THE UNDFLOW ROUTINE.
; BUFFER FILLUP POINTER POINTER
; BUFFER ADDRESS
; RESET POINTERS
;RESET THE SIZE PARAMETERS
LEA      WB_FILLP,A1
LEA      WRTBUF,A2
MOVE.L   A2,(A1)+
MOVE.L   A2,(A1)+
MOVE.W   #WBFLen,(A1)+
MOVE.W   #WBFLen,(A1)+
LEA      WB_FLG1,A1
CLR.W    (A1)
ADDQ.L   #1,A1         ;POINT TO FLAGS
BSET     #LTLO_W1,(A1)
ADDQ.L   #2,A1         ;POINT TO NEXT FLAG
BSET     #EMPT_W2,(A1) ; EVEN THO EMPTY DO NOT STOPXMI
T UNTIL LAST INTERRUPT
MOVE.W   #0,CCR
RTS
;
; Now handle the underflo which if happens c
; nce is normal
; termination mode for writing
;
UNDFLOW

```

```

FOR A WRITE)
        BSR          STOPXMIT          ; SHUT DOWN WRITE PORT
        MOVE.W      #1,CCR             ; signal any protocol of end o
the line
        RTS
;-----
;
;
; PROWRT
;
; LEA          BF_INTL+1,A1
; BTST        #ENQFLG,(A1)           ;SEE IF SHOULD SEND A ENQ
; BEQ.S       PXTNENQ               ;NO
; BCLR        #ENQFLG,(A1)         ;SEND THE ENQ CHAR
; MOVE.B      #ENQ,DATAREG(A0)      ;CLEARS INTERRUPT
;
; PXTEXIT     RTS
;
; ;($P
; *****
; *****
; DCTLINT - Data Com Control interrupt service routine.
;           Ignores the interrupt if wasn't a DataCom Control interrupt,
;           therefore an Apple slot interrupt, or if NOT Line type
;           handshake method. Always clears the interrupt.
;
; DCTLINT     MOVEM.L    DO-A6,-(SP)          ;SAVE REGISTERS
; ,BSR.S      INITDCC          ;CLEAR INTERRUPT/(DO) = PORT A
;                                     See if any protocols at all and if so if
ny are line prots
;
;           LEA          BF_PROF,A1          ;HI ORDER BYTE OF FLAG
;           BTST        #PROT_P2,(A1)+      ;SET U7P NEXT BYTE OF FLAG IN
ASE WE MOVE THRU
;           BNE.S       DCLEXIT             ; NO PROTOCOLS--GET OUT
;
;           HERE WE HAVE PROTOCOLS
;           If (type of handshake <> Line) then exit
;
; ,BTST       #LINE,(A1)
; ,BEQ.S      DCLEXIT             ;NOT LINE HANDSHAKE, EXIT
;
;           Determine which Line is used as Busy line Port A
;
;           BSR.S       FINDLIN           ;NEEDS A1 = PTR TO BF_PROF+1
;
; ;set or clear Busy depending on state of line and whether it's Busy inverted or
not
;
;           LEA          BF_INTL+1,A2
;           MOVE.B      (A2),D1           ;SAVE BUSY FLAG
;           MOVE.W      #DISINT4,SR      ;DISABLE INTS
;           BSET        #BUSY,(A2)       ;ASSUME LINE IS BUSY = TRUE
;           BSR.S      TSTLINE           ;TEST LINE & INVERTED FLAG
;           BNE.S      DCLEXIT           ;IS BUSY
;           BCLR        #BUSY,(A2)
;
;           if wasn't Busy before then start up transmission process
;
;           BTST        #BUSY,D1         ;TEST SAVED BUSY STATE
;           BEQ.S      DCLEXIT           ;WASN'T BUSY
;           BSR        STRTXMIT         ;START XMIT IF BUFFER NOT EMPT
;
; DCLEXIT     MOVEM.L    (SP)+,DO-A6      ;EXIT-RESTORE REGISTERS
; ,RTE
; ;($P

```

```

; stop interrupt if unknown Apple slot device is interrupting.
; ASSUMES : DDR for Port A is untampered and set at #80
; Exit : (D0) = Port A with IOX toggled
;        (A0) = address of Port A
;
;
INITDCC      LEA          NHIRA.L,A0
,MOVE.B      (A0),D0          ;READ PORTA W/O HANDSHAKE
,BCHG        #7,D0          ;TOGGLE IOX
,MOVE.B      D0,(A0)        ;WRITE OUT CHANGED IOX
,RTS
;
; CALLIDCC - Call INITDCC when driver unmounted and get a DataCom Control
;            interrupt. Toggles IOX to clear level 1 interrupt.
;
CALLIDCC     MOVEM.L      DO/A0,-(SP)          ;SAVE REGS USED BY INITDCC
,BSR.S       INITDCC
,MOVEM.L     (SP)+,DO/A0          ;RESTORE REGS
,RTE
;($P
;
; FINDLIN - Find which Line is used for Handshaking in Port A
;           ENTRY : (A1) = address of PTRFLAGS+1
;           EXIT  : (D3) = Bit # in Port A specifying line used for Busy
;
FINDLIN      MOVEQ       #1,D3          ;BIT NUMBER IN PORT A CORRESPONDING TO
DING TO
,MOVEQ       #CTSLIN,D4          ;FLAG BIT NUMBER
;
; Assumes that it will always find a line flag set
;
FLNLOOK      BTST        D4,(A1)          ;IS BIT SET?
,BNE.S       FLNGOT            ;YES, D3 PORT A BIT FOR DC 0
,ADDQ.B      #2,D3
,ADDQ.B      #1,D4            ;TRY NEXT BIT FLAG
,CMPI.B      #DCDLIN+1,D4      ;DID LAST FLAG
,BNE.S       FLNLOOK          ;NO
;
; if (DataCom flag is set) then bit# := bit# + 1 - DC 1 bits in Port A are next
; bit up
;
FLNGOT       BTST        #DATACOM,(A1)
,BEQ.S       FLNEXIT
,ADDQ.B      #1,D3
FLNEXIT      RTS
;
; TSTLINE - test Port A line used for Busy and the inverted flag to show if
;           Busy or NOT Busy.
;           ENTRY : (A1) = address of PTRFLAGS+1
;                   (D0) = Port A
;                   (D3) = bit number in Port A of Line used by Busy
;           EXIT  : (NE) = Busy
;                   (EQ) = NOT Busy
;
TSTLINE      BTST        D3,D0          ;Create Line Boolean
,SNE        D4
,BTST        #INVBUSY,(A1)        ;Create Inverted Boolean
,SNE        D5
,EOR.B       D4,D5              ;IF RESULT IS #FF THEN BUSY
,RTS
;($P
;*****
;*****
;

```

```

; variables. Initialize UART from Printer Control Table.
;
COMCLR      BSR          DISINTS          ;DISABLE INTERRUPTS
           BSR          INIWRBF          ;INIT BUFFER & CONTROL VARIABLE
S
           BSR          INIRDBF          ;INIT BUFFER & CONTROL VARIABLE
S
BSR          SETUART          ;INIT UART FROM CONSTANTS & TABLE
,BSR        ENBINTS          ;ENABLE INTERRUPTS
,RTS
;*****
;*****
;
; COMBSY - UNITBUSY
;          PASCAL BOOLEAN TRUE RETURNED IN DO IF THERE ARE ANY CHARACTERS IN RE
AD BUFFER
;
COMBSY
           LEA          RB_FLG2+1,A0
           BTST         #EMPT_R2,(A0)
           SEQ          DO          ;IF BIT NOT SET THEN = 0; CHARA
CTRERS EXIST DO =111111
           ANDI.B       #TRUE,DO    ;CONVERT FROM BOOLEAN TO PASCAL
BOOLEAN-
           RTS
; ($P
;*****
;*****
;
; COMUNMT - UNITUNMOUNT
;          Turnoff interrupt capabilities of COMM driver & current DataCom
;
COMUNMT     BSR          DISINTS          ;DISABLE INTERRUPTS
,BSR        GETBASE          ;GET UART BASE
,MOVE.B     #TURNOFF,CMDREGI(A0) ;TURNOFF UART
;
; have vectors point to a RTE instruction
;
,LEA        CALLIDCC,A0          ;HAVE DATA COM CONTROL INT
,MOVE.L     AO,VEC1.W           ;RESET IOX TO CLEAR THE INT
,LEA        VEC4.W,A1          ;ASSUME DCO (VECTOR 4)
           LEA          BF_PROF+1,A2
,BTST       #DATACOM,(A2)       ;IS IT DCO
,BEQ.S      PUNUSEO            ;YES
,LEA        VEC2.W,A1          ;DC1 IS VECTOR 2
PUNUSEO     MOVE.L         AO,(A1) ;PTR TO RTE IN CURRENT DC VECTO
R
;
; Restore Interrupts
;
,BSR        ENBINTS
,RTS
; ($P
;*****
;*****
;
; COMST - UNITSTATUS
; call the Table change or buffer free Functions
;
COMST       CMPI.W         #TBLSTATE,D2 ;VALID FUNCTION CODE
,BHI.S      PSTERR          ;NO
,MOVE.W     (A3),DO         ;GET PARAMETER
,LEA        PSTTBL,A1      ;TURN THE FUNCTION CODE INTO

```

;
; JMP O(A1,D2.W) ; DO FUNCTION

;
; Invalid Function Code Error

;
; PSTERR MOVE.W #INVFNC,D7
; RTS

;
; THE COM DRIVER STATUS JUMP TABLE

;
; PSTTBL DATA.W STWBUF-PSTTBL ; WRITE BUFFER FREE SPACE
; DATA.W STRBUF-PSTTBL ; READ BUFFER FREE SPACE
; DATA.W STBAUD-PSTTBL ; SET BAUD RATE
; DATA.W STPRITY-PSTTBL ; SET PARITY
; DATA.W STDTACOM-PSTTBL ; SET DATA COM
; DATA.W STWRDSZ-PSTTBL ; SET WORD SIZE
; DATA.W STHNSDK-PSTTBL ; SET HANDSHAKE METHOD
; DATA.W STWRHI-PSTTBL ; SET WRITE BUFFER HI WATER MARK
; DATA.W STWRLO-PSTTBL ; SET WRITE BUFFER LOW WATER MARK
K
; DATA.W STRDHI-PSTTBL ; SET READ BUFFER HI WATER MARK
; DATA.W STRDLO-PSTTBL ; SET READ BUFFER LOW WATER MARK
; DATA.W STRDSTS-PSTTBL ; TELL READ STATUS
; DATA.W STWTSTS-PSTTBL ; TELL WRITE STATUS
; DATA.W STALCTL-PSTTBL ; TELL STATE ALL CONTROL BUFFERS
; DATA.W STBFCTL-PSTTBL ; TELL BUFFER CONTROL BUFFER
; DATA.W STWTCTL-PSTTBL ; TELL WRITE CONTROL BUFFER
; DATA.W STRDCTL-PSTTBL ; TELL READ CONTROL BUFFER
; DATA.W STOUTRD-PSTTBL ; TURN OFF OUTBOARD READ
; DATA.W STINRD-PSTTBL ; TURN OFF INBOARD READ
; DATA.W STOUTWT-PSTTBL ; TURN OFF OUTBOARD WRITE
; DATA.W STINWT-PSTTBL ; TURN OFF INBOARD WRITE
; DATA.W BWBCHR-PSTTBL ; TELL #CHARS IN WRITE BUFFER
; DATA.W BRBCHR-PSTTBL ; TELL #CHARS IN READ BUFFER

;
; <#P

;
; STWBUF - Return to the user the Free space in the write buffer

;
; STWBUF
; BSR DISINTS ; DISABLE INTERRUPTS
; LEA WB_FREE,A1
; MOVE.W (A1), (A3) ; WRITE BUFFER FREE SPACE
; BSR ENBINTS ; ENABLE INTERRUPTS
; RTS

;
; STRBUF - Return to the user the Free space in the READ buffer

;
; STRBUF
; BSR DISINTS ; DISABLE INTERRUPTS
; LEA RB_FREE,A1
; MOVE.W (A1), (A3) ; WRITE BUFFER FREE SPACE
; BSR ENBINTS ; ENABLE INTERRUPTS
; RTS

;
; STBAUD - Set the Baud Rate

;
; STBAUD
; CMPI.W #MAXBAUD,DO ; IS IT A VALID PARAMETER
; BHI.S SETERR ; NO
;
; LEA BF_RDBD,A0 ; WHERE TO PUT VALUE
; LEA BAUDCNV,A1 ; CONVERSION ARRAY
; BRA.S SAVPARM ; SAVE CONVERTED PARAMETER
;

```

STPRITY
,CMPI.W      #MAXPRTY,DO      ;IS IT A VALID PARAMETER
,BHI.S       SETERR          ;NO
;
;
; LEA          BF_PART,AO      ;WHERE TO PUT VALUE
,LEA         PRTYCNV,A1       ;CONVERSION ARRAY
,BRA.S       SAVPARM         ;SAVE CONVERTED PARAMETER
;
; STWRDSZ - Set the word size to transmit (7 or 8)
;
STWRDSZ
,CMPI.W      #MAXWRDS,DO     ;IS IT A VALID PARAMETER
,BHI.S       SETERR          ;NO
;
;
; LEA          BF_WRDS,AO      ;WHERE TO PUT VALUE
,MOVE.B      DO,(AO)         ;PUT IN WORD SIZE VALUE
,BRA.S       RSTUART        ;RESET UART FROM TABLE
;
; common code to STBAUDR, STPRITY, STWRDSZ, STDTACOM, & STHNDSK
;
SAVPARM      MOVE.B          O(A1,DO.W),(AO) ;SAVE CONVERTED PARAMETER
;
RSTUART      BSR             DISINTS        ;DISABLE INTERRUPTS
RSTUART1     BSR             SETUART        ;SETUP UART FROM TABLE
,BSR         ENBINTS         ;ENABLE INTERRUPTS
,RTS
;
; Invalid Parameter error
;
SETERR       MOVE.W          #INVFRM,D7
,RTS
; (#P
;
; STDTACOM - Change the DataCom being used. Either DataCom 0 or 1.
;
STDTACOM
,CMPI.W      #MAXDTCM,DO     ;IS IT A VALID PARAMETER
,BHI.S       SETERR          ;NO
;
; change Table Flags
;
; LEA          BF_PROF+1,AO    ;FLAGS
,BSET        #DATACOM,(AO)    ;ASSUME PARAMETER=1
,TST.B       DO
,BNE.S       SDCCNGV          ;IS DC 1, CHANGE VECTORS
,BCLR        #DATACOM,(AO)
;
; Change interrupt vectors. The old vector point at a RTE instruction.
;
SDCCNGV      BSR             DISINTS        ;DISABLE INTERRUPTS
,BSR         SETDCVEC        ;SET VECTORS
,BRA.S       RSTUART1
;
-----
;
; STHNDSK - Set Handshake type. Convert parameter into the flags and put these
; flag values into the Printer Control Table. Don't need to reset
; UART.
;
STHNDSK
,CMPI.W      #MAXHNDS,DO     ;IS IT A VALID PARAMETER
,BHI.S       SETERR          ;NO
;
; LEA          HNDS CNV,A1     ;CONVERSION ARRAY

```



```

,MOVE.B      (A0),D2      ;GET FLAG BYTE
,ANDI.B      #DCMFLGM,D2 ;REMOVE CURRENT HANDSHAKE FLAGS
,OR.B        D1,D2       ;PUT IN NEW FLAGS
,MOVE.B      D2,(A0)     ;RESTORE FLAGS
,RTS
;($P
;
;STWRHI      -SET THE WRITE BUFFER HIGH WATER MARK
STWRHI
                LEA        WB_HIWA,A1
                MOVE.W     (A3),(A1)
                RTS
;
;
;STWRLO      -SET THE WRITE BUFFER LOW WATER MARK
STWRLO
                LEA        WB_LOWA,A1
                MOVE.W     (A3),(A1)
                RTS
;
;
;STRDHI      -SET THE READ BUFFER HIGH WATER MARK
STRDHI
                LEA        RB_HIWA,A1
                MOVE.W     (A3),(A1)
                RTS
;
;
;STRDLO      -SET THE READ BUFFER LOW WATER MARK
STRDLO
                LEA        RB_LOWA,A1
                MOVE.W     (A3),(A1)
                RTS
;
;
;STRDSTS     -GET THE READ BUFFER STATUS
STRDSTS
                RTS
;
;
;STWTSTS     -GET THE WRITE BUFFER STATUS
STWTSTS
                RTS
;
;($P
;
;STALCTL     -RETURN TO USER ALL CONTROL BUFFER VALUES
STALCTL
                BSR        STBFCTL
                BSR        STWTCTL
                BSR        STRDCTL
                RTS
;
;STBFCTL     -RETURN TO USER ALL BUFFER CONTROL BUFFER VALUES
STBFCTL
                BSR        STTBLST
                RTS
;
;STWTCTL     -RETURN TO USER ALL WRITE CONTROL BUFFER VALUES
STWTCTL
                RTS
;

```

RTS
; STTBLST - Return to the user in the parameter block the state of the Buffer Control Table.

; ParameterBlock = record
; BaudRate : integer; ;{range = 0..6}
; Parity : integer; ;{range = 0..4}
; DataCom : integer; ;{range = 0..1}
; WordSize : integer; ;{range = 0..1}
; HandShake : integer; ;{range = 0..7}
; end;

STTBLST CLR.L D1 ; MAKE SURE NO GARBAGE IN REGISTER

; GET BAUD RATE

MOVE.W #MAXBAUD,D0 ; MAX BAUD RATE PARAMETER VALUE
MOVE.B BF_RDBD,D1 ; CURRENT TABLE VALUE
LEA BAUDCNV,A0 ; CONVERT TO INTEGER RANGE
BSR.S GETVAL

; GET PARITY

MOVE.W #MAXPRTY,D0 ; MAX PARITY PARAMETER VALUE
LEA BF_PART,A0
MOVE.B (A0),D1 ; CURRENT TABLE VALUE
LEA PRTYCNV,A0 ; CONVERT TO INTEGER RANGE
BSR.S GETVAL

; GET DATACOM

IN IT MOVE.B BF_PROF+1,D1 ; GET FLAG BYTE WITH DATACOM FLAG
GER LSR.B #7,D1 ; TURN FLAG INTO A 0 OR A 1 INTEGER
MOVE.W D1,(A3)+

; GET WORD SIZE

MOVE.B BF_WRDS,D1
MOVE.W D1,(A3)+

; GET HANDSHAKE

MOVE.W #MAXHNDS,D0 ; MAX HANDSHAKE PARAMETER VALUE
MOVE.B BF_PROF+1,D1 ; CURRENT TABLE VALUE
BCLR #DATACOM,D1 ; REMOVE DATACOM FLAG
LEA HNDSCNV,A0 ; CONVERT TO INTEGER RANGE

; GET PARAMETER VALUE AND PUT IN PARAMETER BLOCK

GETVAL CMP.B 0(A0,D0.W),D1 ; SEE WHICH CONVERSION VALUE = CURRENT VALUE
DBEQ D0,GETVAL ; THE INDEX OF ONE = IS THE PARAMETER VALUE TO
MOVE.W D0,(A3)+ ; RETURN TO USER IN PARAMETER BLOCK

RTS

; (\$P

; STOUTRD -- STOP OUTBOARD READING
STOUTRD

RTS

STINRD

RTS

; STOUTWT -- STOP OUTBOARD WRITING

STOUTWT

RTS

; STINWT -- STOP INBOARD WRITING

STINWT

RTS

; (\$P

BWBCHR

FIND # CHARS IN WRITE BUFFER

LEA WB_SIZE, A1

LEA WB_FREE, A2

MOVE.W (A1), D1 ; SIZE IN D1

SUB.W (A2), D1 ; SIZE -FREE =# CHARS

MOVE.W D1, D0 ; IF 0 THEN 0 ELSE NUMB OF CHA

S

RTS

; BRBCHR

FIND # CHARS IN READ BUFFER

LEA RB_SIZE, A1

LEA RB_FREE, A2

MOVE.W (A1), D1 ; SIZE IN D1

SUB.W (A2), D1 ; SIZE -FREE =# CHARS

MOVE.W D1, D0 ; IF 0 THEN 0 ELSE NUMB OF CHA

S

RTS

; (\$P

; constant data area

; Conversion arrays for Set functions of Unitstatus

BAUDCNV DATA.B 6,7,8,\$A,\$C,\$E,\$F ;BAUD RATE

; 6=300,7=600,8=1200,A=2400,C=4800,E=9600,F=19200

PRTYCNV DATA.B 0,1,3,5,7 ;PARITY

; 0=DISABLED,1=ODD,3=EVEN,5=MARK XMIT/NO RCV,7=SPACE XMIT/NO RCV

HNDSCNV DATA.B \$49 ;LINE/CTS/INV

,DATA.B \$09 ;LINE/CTS/NOT INV

,DATA.B \$51 ;LINE/DSR/INV

,DATA.B \$11 ;LINE/DSR/NOT INV

,DATA.B \$61 ;LINE/DCD/INV

,DATA.B \$21 ;LINE/DCD/NOT INV

,DATA.B \$02 ;XON/XOFF

,DATA.B \$04 ;ENQ/ACK

DATA.B \$00 ;NONE OF THE ABOVE PROTOCOLS

; DEFAULT BUFFER Control Table

,DATA.B 0 ;FILL

DEFBWRT DATA.B \$0E ;WRITE BAUD RATE-9600

DEFBRD DATA.B \$0E ;READ BAUD RATE

DEFPART DATA.B 0 ;PARITY-DISABLED

DEFWRDS DATA.B 0 ;WORD SIZE = 8 BITS (1=7 BITS)

DEFINTRN DATA.W \$1 ;INTERNAL FLAG--SAVED ENTRY SR

EANS

;NOTE BOTH BYTES USED UPPER 9 M

;NO PROTOCOLS, FULL DUPLEX

;(\$P

;
;.....
;.....

; Variable data area

; BUFFER CONTROL TABLE

BFRCTL

BF_WRBD	DATA.B	0	;WRITE BAUD RATE
BF_RDBD	DATA.B	0	;READ BAUD RATE
BF_PART	DATA.B	0	;PARITY
BF_WRDS	DATA.B	0	;WORD SIZE
BF_INTL	DATA.W	0	;INTERNAL FLAGS
BF_PROF	DATA.W	0	;PROTOCOL FLAGS-HANDSHAKE TYPE

& DATACOM

=====

WRITE BUFFER CONTROL TABLE

WRTCTL

WB_FILLP	DATA.L	0	;BUFFER FILL POINTER
WB_EMPTY	DATA.L	0	;BUFFER EMPTY POINTER
WB_SIZE	DATA.W	0	;BUFFER SIZE
WB_FREE	DATA.W	0	;AMOUNT OF BUFFER FREE SPACE
WB_HIWA	DATA.W	0	;NUMBER OF BYTES IN HI WATER MARK
WB_LOWA	DATA.W	0	;NUMBER OF BYTES IN LOW WATER MARK
WB_FLG1	DATA.W	0	;FLAG WORD 1
WB_FLG2	DATA.W	0	;FLAG WORD 2

=====

READ BUFFER CONTROL TABLE

RDCTL

RB_FILLP	DATA.L	0	;BUFFER FILL POINTER
RB_EMPTY	DATA.L	0	;BUFFER EMPTY POINTER
RB_SIZE	DATA.W	0	;BUFFER SIZE
RB_FREE	DATA.W	0	;AMOUNT OF BUFFER FREE SPACE
RB_HIWA	DATA.W	0	;NUMBER OF BYTES IN HI WATER MARK
RB_LOWA	DATA.W	0	;NUMBER OF BYTES IN LOW WATER MARK
RB_BENQ	DATA.W	0	;NUMBER OF BYTES BETWEEN ENQ'S
RB_FLG1	DATA.W	0	;FLAG WORD 1
RB_FLG2	DATA.W	0	;FLAG WORD 2

; save areas for current SR

SAVESR1 DATA.W 0

; The Com Driver Read Buffer - 2k bytes

RDBUF

DATA.L	0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0	;64
DATA.L	0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0	;128

```

RBFLEN      EQU      %-RDBUF      ;READ BUFFER LENGTH
:
:
:-----WRITE BUFFER-----
WRTBUF
DATA.L      0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0      ;64
DATA.L      0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0      ;128
DATA.L      0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0      ;
DATA.L      0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0      ;256
WBFLEN      EQU      %-WRTBUF      ;READ BUFFER LENGTH

END          COMDRV

```